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Fire Alarm System Data Sheet Submittals

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LIFE SAFETY & INCIDENT MANAGEMENT

Auxiliary Power Supplies

APS6A, APS10A



FDNY
COA 6020



Overview

The Auxiliary Power Supply (APS) is a UL 864, 10th Edition listed power supply. It is a 24 Vdc filtered-regulated, and supervised unit that can easily be configured to provide additional notification appliance circuits (NACs) or auxiliary power for Mass Notification/Emergency Communication (MNEC), as well as life safety applications.

The APS contains the circuitry to monitor and charge internal or external batteries. Its steel enclosure has room for up to two 24 ampere-hour batteries. The APS has four Class B (convertible to two Class A) NACs. These can be activated in one or two groups from the APS's unique dual input circuits. The APS has a door-mounted AC power indicator LED.

The APS also has room for and can power a number of different modules. These can be Signature AA-30 or AA-50 dual-channel audio amplifiers, SIGA-UJO modules and/or SIGA-RELS. A MN-BKRT3 can also be installed. This bracket can accommodate an MN-NETSW1 Ethernet network switch, an MN-FVPN VoIP module and a MN-COM1S Communications module

The APS is available in 6.5 or 10 ampere models. Each output circuit is has a capacity of three amperes; total current draw cannot exceed the unit's rating.

Features

- Allows for reliable filtered and regulated power to be installed where needed
- Cost effective system expansion
- Provides for Genesis and Enhanced Integrity notification appliance synchronization

- Supports coded output operation
- Self-restoring overcurrent protection
- Multiple signal rates
- Can be cascaded or controlled independently
- Easy field configuration
- On-board diagnostic LEDs identify wiring or internal faults
- Standard EDWARDS keyed lockable steel cabinet with removable door
- 110 and 230 Vac models available
- Accommodates 18 to 12 AWG wire sizes
- Optional tamper switch
- Dual battery charging rates
- Optional earthquake hardening: OSHPD seismic pre-approval for component Importance Factor 1.5

The APS meets current UL requirements and is listed as under the following standards:

Standard (CCN)	Description
UL864 10th edition (UOXX)	Fire Alarm Systems
UL636 (ANET, UEHX7)	Holdup Alarm Units and Systems
UL609 (AOTX, AOTX7)	Local Burglar Alarm Units and Systems
UL365 (APAW, APAW7)	Police Station Connected Burglar Alarm Units and Systems
UL1076 (APOU, APOU7)	Proprietary Burglar Alarm System Units
UL1610 (AMCX)	Central Station Alarm Unit
ULC-S527 (UOXXC)	Control Units, Fire Alarm (Canada)
ULC-S303 (AOTX7)	Local Burglar Alarm Units and Systems (Canada)
C22.2 No. 205	Signaling Equipment (Canada)

Application

The APS provides additional power and circuits for notification appliances and other 24 Vdc loads. It is listed for indoor dry locations and can easily be installed where needed.

Fault conditions are indicated on the on-board diagnostic LEDs, opening the BPS input sense circuit and the trouble relay (if programmed). While this provides indication to the host system, the APS can still be activated upon command. A separate AC Fail contact is available on the APS circuit board, which can be programmed for trouble or AC Fail. There are seven on-board diagnostic LEDs: one for each NAC fault, one for battery fault, one for ground fault, and one for AC power.

The unique dual-input activation circuits of the APS can be activated by any voltage from 6 to 45 VDC (filtered-regulated) or 11 to 33 Vdc (full-wave rectified, unfiltered). The first input circuit can be configured to activate 1-4 of the four possible outputs. The second input circuit can be configured to control circuits 3 and 4. When outputs are configured for auxiliary operation, these circuits can be configured to stay on or automatically deactivate 30 seconds after AC power is lost. This feature makes these circuits ideal for door holder applications. The APS also has a separate 200 mA 24 Vdc output that can be used to power internal activation modules.

APS NACs can be configured for a 3-3-3 temporal or continuous output. This makes the APS ideal for applications requiring signaling rates that are not available from the main system.

In addition to the internally generated signal rates, the APS can also be configured to follow the coded signal rate of the main system NACs. This allows for the seamless expansion of existing NACs.

At the top of the steel enclosure, the APS has space and mounting bosses for:

- Up to two SIGA-AA30 or SIGA-AA50 dual-channel audio amplifiers

- One MN-BRKT3 with one MN-NETSW1 Ethernet switch, one MN-FVPN VoIP module, and one MN-COM1S communication module
- One SIGA-UIO6 or SIGA-UIO6R module motherboard
- Up to two SIGA-UIO2R module motherboards
- Up to two SIGA-REL releasing modules
- Up to two SIGA MP2L mounting plates modules

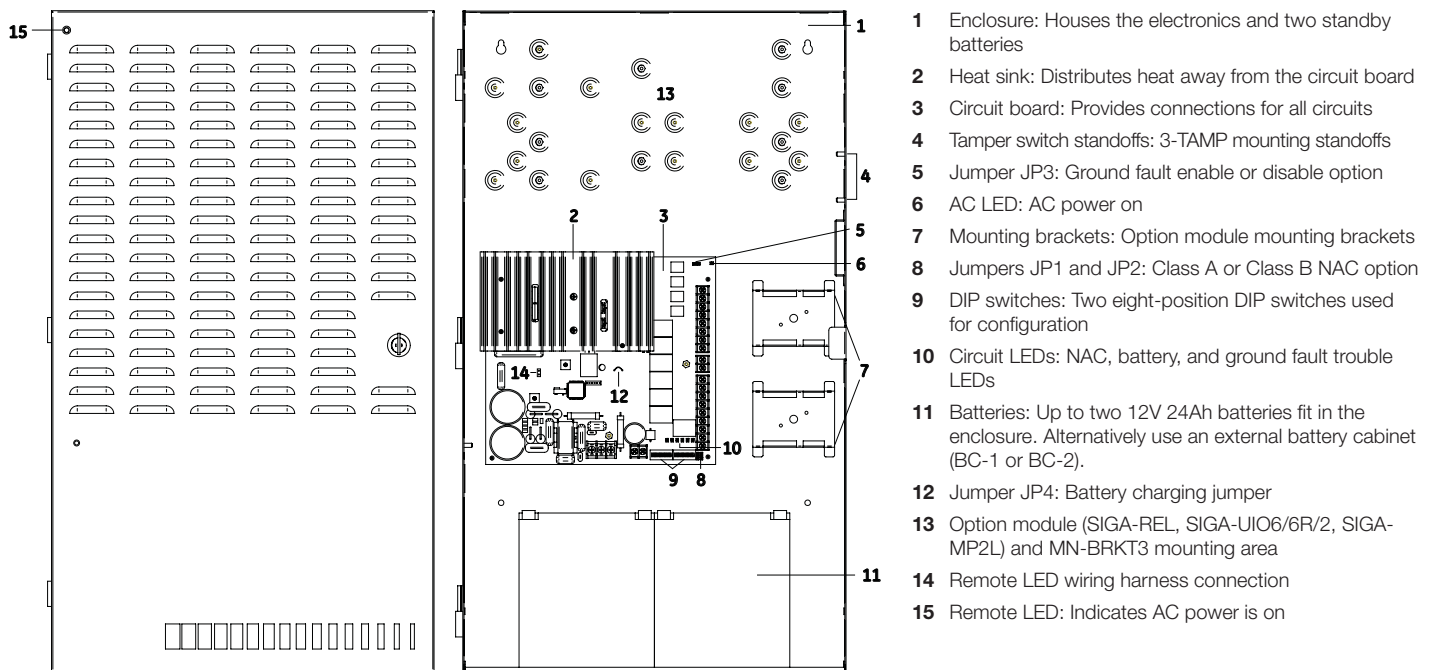
The above devices are in addition to the three factory-installed Signature module mounting brackets to the right of the APS circuit board.

Engineering Specification

Supply, where needed, EDWARDS APS Series Auxiliary Power Supplies (APS) that are interconnected to and supervised by the main system. The APS shall function as a stand-alone auxiliary power supply with its own fully-supervised battery compliment. The APS battery compliment shall be sized to match the requirements of the main system. The APS shall be capable of supervising and charging batteries having the capacity of 24 ampere-hours for Mass Notification/Emergency Communication (MNEC) life safety applications.

<<The APS shall be capable of installation for a seismic component Importance Factor of 1.5.>>The APS shall provide a minimum of four independent, fully supervised Class B circuits that can be field configurable for notification appliance circuits or auxiliary 24 Vdc power circuits. APS NACs shall be convertible to a minimum of two Class A NACs. Each APS output circuit shall be rated at 3 amperes at 24 VDC. Each output circuit shall be provided with automatically restoring overcurrent protection. The APS shall be operable from the main system NAC and/or EDWARDS Signature Series control modules. APS NACs shall be configurable for continuous or 3-3-3 temporal rate. Fault conditions on the APS shall not impede operation of main system NAC. The APS shall be provided with ground fault detection circuitry and a separate AC fail relay.

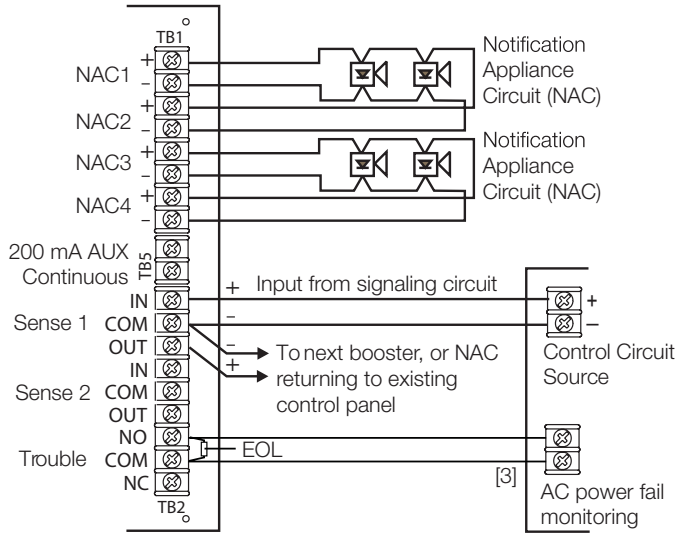
Cabinet Layout



Typical Wiring

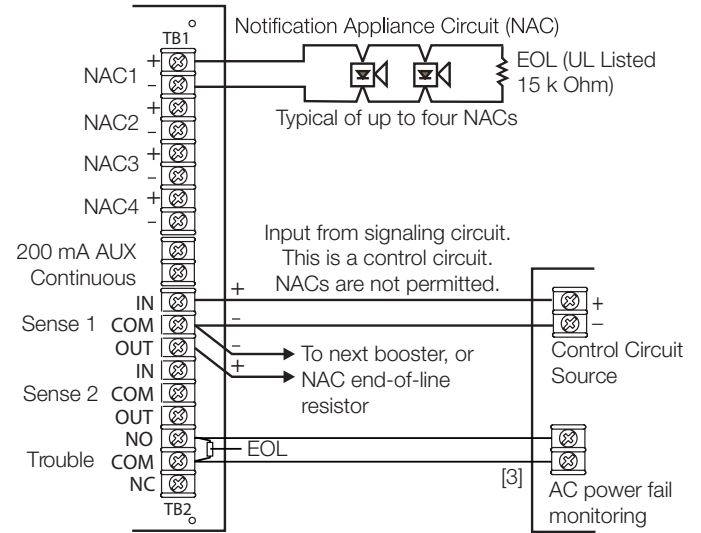
NAC Class A wiring

Connect one NAC circuit to one NAC output, either NAC1 or NAC3. Terminate the circuit at the NAC2 or NAC4 terminal screw, respectively.



NAC Class B wiring

Connect a single NAC circuit to one NAC output. Terminate the circuit with a 15 k Ohm EOL resistor.

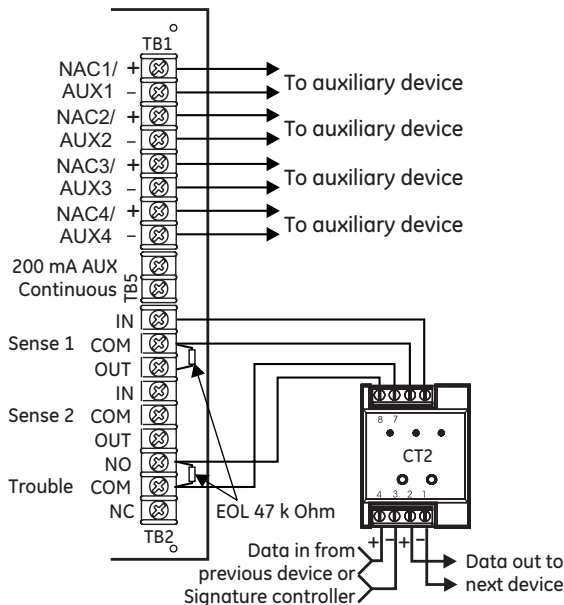


NAC wiring notes:

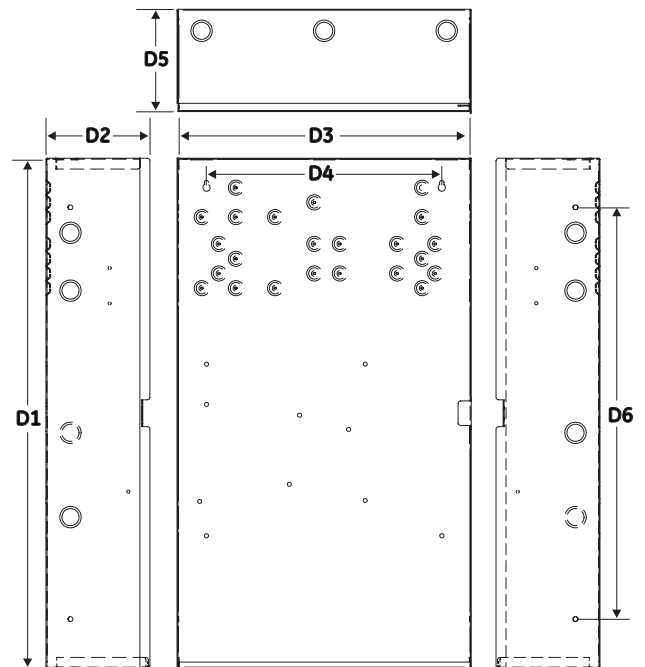
1. A trouble on the APS is sensed on the existing control panel's NAC circuit causing a NAC trouble on that panel. This removes the need to separately monitor the trouble contact except for AC power failure (see [3] below).
In an alarm condition, the APS allows NAC current to move downstream to devices connected to the existing control panel's NAC circuit.
 2. Refer to the connected control panel's documentation for more details on NAC wiring.
- [3] The AC power failure panel connection annunciates at the panel but does not report off premises for a predetermined time period in U.S. fire applications.

Trouble relay wiring with four AUX circuits

When all four NAC/AUX circuits are configured as AUX circuits and DIP switch SW2-6 is ON, a SIGA-CT2 module must be used to monitor the sense 1 trouble contacts and the trouble relay.



Dimensions



D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6
26.0 in (66 cm)	5.3 in (13.5 cm)	15.0 in (38 cm)	12 in (30.5 cm)	5.3 in (13.5 cm)	21.0 in (53.3 cm)



LIFE SAFETY & INCIDENT MANAGEMENT

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Specifications

Model	6.5 amp APS	10 amp APS
AC Line Voltage	120VAC or 220-240VAC 50/60Hz 390 watts	120VAC or 220-240VAC 50/60Hz 580 watts
Sense voltage (input)	6 to 45 Vdc, 11 to 33 Vrms (FWR and unfiltered DC)	
Sense current (input)	6 mA @ 24 Vdc, 3 mA @ 12 Vdc, 12 mA @ 45 Vdc	
Input Current (from an existing NAC)	3mA @ 12Vdc, 6mA @ 24Vdc	
Booster Internal Supervisory Current	70mA + 35 mA for each circuit set to AUX	
Booster Internal Alarm Current	270mA	
NAC/AUX output voltage	19.1 to 26.85 Vdc	
NAC/AUX output current	3.0 A max. per circuit (10 A or 6.5 A max. total for all NACs) (10 A or 6.5 A max. total for all AUXs) [2]	
NAC/AUX class	Class B or Class A	
Wire size	18 to 12 AWG (0.75 to 2.5 sq mm)	
NAC EOL	UL: 15 k Ohm (P/N EOL-15) ULC: Use P/N EOL-P1 and select the 15 k Ohm resistor	
Auxiliary output (continuous)	1 dedicated 200 mA auxiliary output, not supervised by APS, included in total current	
Common trouble relay	Form C, 1 A, 30 Vdc (resistive)	
Battery requirements [1]	6.5 to 24 Ah for fire applications Under 10 Ah, cut JP4. 10 Ah or above, do not cut JP4.	
Battery charger current limit	1.2 A when the battery jumper wire is cut 2.1 A when the battery jumper wire is not cut	
Operating environment		
Temperature	32 to 120 °F (0 to 49 °C)	
Humidity	0 to 93% RH, noncondensing	
Ground fault impedance	10 k Ohm	
Intended installation environment	Indoor-dry	

[1] The maximum battery size the panel can charge is 24 Ah (12V24A or equivalent).

[2] The maximum current is 8 amps for auxiliary circuits that operate when the panel is in standby.

Ordering Information

Catalog Number	Description	Shipping Wt. lb (kg)
APS6A	6.5 Amp Auxiliary Power Supply	
APS6A/230	6.5 Amp Auxiliary Power Supply (220V)	
→ APS10A	10 Amp Auxiliary Power Supply	26 (11.8)
APS10A/230	10 Amp Auxiliary Power Supply (220V)	

Notes

- Requires installation of separate battery cabinet.
- For earthquake anchorage, including detailed mounting weights and center of gravity detail, refer to Seismic Application Guide 3101676. Approval of panel anchorage to site structure may require local AHJ, structural or civil engineer review.

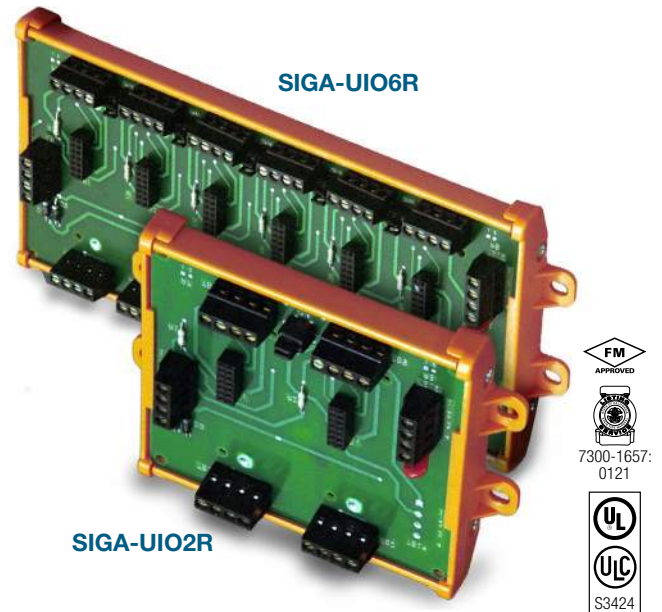
Related Equipment

MN-BRKT3	MN-FVP series mounting bracket for APS-(6)(10)A power supplies	
BC-1EQ	Seismic Kit for BC-1. Order BC-1 separately. See note 2	
BPS-CVR	Electronics Protective Cover	
APSEQ	Seismic kit for APS6A or APS10 Auxiliary Power Supplies. See note 2	
12V6A5	12 V, 7.2 Amp Hour Battery, two required	3.4 (1.6)
12V10A	12 V, 10 Amp Hour Battery, two required	9.5 (4.3)
12V17A	12 V, 18 Amp Hour Battery, two required	13 (5.9)
12V24A	12 V, 24 Amp Hour Battery, two required	20 (9.07)
3-TAMP	Tamper switch	1.0 (0.6)
BC-1	Battery Cabinet (up to 2 - 40 Amp Hour Batteries)	58 (26.4)

LIFE SAFETY & INCIDENT MANAGEMENT

Universal Input/ Output Module Motherboards

SIGA-UIO2R, SIGA-UIO6R,



Overview

Signature Series Universal Input-Output Module Motherboards provide mounting and wiring terminations for up to six Signature Series plug-in UIO (SIGA-“M” series) modules. UIO motherboards slide into a rigid extruded track (included) with mounting pads for convenient mounting into a variety of equipment enclosures. UIO modules plug into the board and are held securely in place with captive machine screws. All field wiring connects to terminal blocks on the motherboard, which permits rapid removal and replacement of modules for troubleshooting.

The **SIGA-UIO2R** provides mounting and wiring terminations for up to two UIO modules, and the **SIGA-UIO6R** provides mounting and wiring terminations for up to six UIO modules. Both motherboards feature a riser #1 input and a riser #2 input bus. Jumpers on riser #1 input, between modules, facilitate sharing a single riser among more than one module. This significantly reduces wiring requirements. Removing the jumpers provide separate riser inputs to each adjacent module. Riser #2 input is fixed to each module position and cannot be split.

The **SIGA-UIO6** provides mounting and wiring terminations for up to six UIO modules. This motherboard provides two riser inputs that are common to all modules.

Standard Features

- Modular flexibility**
 Wide assortment of multi-function plug-in modules provides total flexibility.
- Minimum wiring requirements**
 Integral jumpers between modules allow sharing of risers to reduce installation wiring.
- Easy installation**
 #12 AWG (2.5 mm2) terminal blocks and sturdy mounting pads ensure quick installation into EDWARDS enclosures.
- Supports automatic device mapping**
 All compatible UIO modules transmit information to the loop controller regarding their circuit locations with respect to other Signature devices on the wire loop.
- Supports intelligent devices**
 On-board modules make decisions and input an alarm from initiating devices connected to them even if the loop controller's polling interrogation stops.
- Twisted or shielded wire not required**
 Because all decisions are made at the on-board modules, lower communication speeds are possible. This results in substantially improved control panel response time and less sensitivity to line noise and loop wiring properties.
- Supports electronic addressing**
 Programmable addresses are downloaded to compatible UIO modules from the loop controller, a PC, or the SIGA-PRO Signature Program/Service Tool. There are no switches or dials to set.

Mounting and Installation

Mount the UIO motherboard inside a EDWARDS MFC-A cabinet or other suitable electrical enclosure with screws and washers provided. Each MFC-A will hold one UIO2R motherboard or one UIO6 or UIO6R motherboard complete with their full complement of modules.

Plug a Signature Series UIO module into any available position on the motherboard and secure the module to the motherboard with the captive screws. Wiring connections are made to the terminals on the motherboard (see wiring diagram). UIO motherboard terminals are suited for #12 to #18 AWG (2.5 mm² to 0.75 mm²) wire size.

EDWARDS recommends that all boards and modules be installed according to latest recognized edition of national and local fire alarm codes.

Testing & Maintenance

The module's automatic self-diagnosis identifies when it is defective and causes a trouble message. The user-friendly maintenance program shows the current state of each module and other pertinent messages. Single modules may be turned off (de-activated) temporarily, from the control panel.

Scheduled maintenance (Regular or Selected) for proper system operation should be planned to meet the requirements of the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ). Refer to current NFPA 72 and ULC CAN/ULC 536 standards.

Compatibility

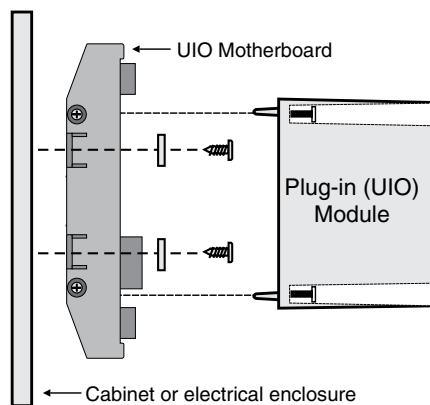
Signature Series Universal Input/Output Module Boards are compatible only with SIGA-“M” Series I/O Modules, which require a Signature Data Controller. They are compatible with EST3, EST3X and iO Series control panels.

Warnings & Cautions

Signature devices will not operate without electrical power. As fires frequently cause power interruption, we suggest you discuss further safeguards with your fire protection specialist.



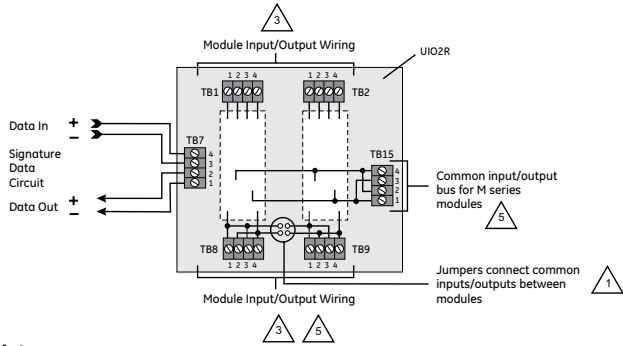
The MFC-A cabinet is UL listed for use with UIO motherboards and meets requirements for spacing and clearance around the components.



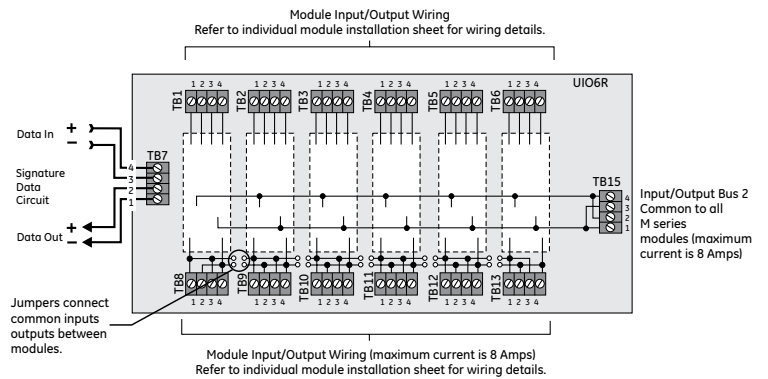
Typical Wiring

Signature Series Universal Input/Output Motherboards have terminal blocks to accept #18 AWG (0.75mm²), #16 AWG (1.0mm²), #14 AWG (1.5mm²), and #12 AWG (2.5mm²) wire sizes. See Signature Data Controller catalog sheets for detailed wiring requirements and specifications.

SIGA-UIO2R



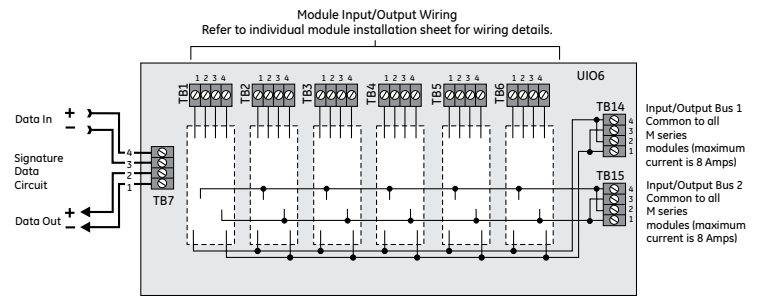
SIGA-UIO6R



Notes

- 1) Jumpers may be used to make the inputs/outputs between modules common.
- 2) Not all modules use the SIGA-UIO2R terminals for the same functions.
- 3) Refer to individual SIGA-M series installation sheets for jumper settings and wiring information. Installations with multiple SIGA-UIO motherboards or enclosures (which include other wiring) require FPL, FPLR, FPLP, or equivalent NEC-approved wire for all power limited wiring. Observe the details of supervision and power limited versus non-power limited circuits. Refer to the SIGA-M series installation sheets.
- 4) Do not mix incompatible signals.
- 5) Maximum current is 8 Amps.
- 7) Refer to Signature Data Controller Installation Sheets for wiring specifications.

SIGA-UIO6





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Specifications

Catalog Number	SIGA-UIO2R	SIGA-UIO6R	SIGA-UIO6
Module Capacity	Two	Six	Six
Dimensions (with module installed)	5.4 inch L (across mounting feet) x 4.3 inch W x 3.2 inch H	9.56 inch L (across mounting feet) x 4.3 inch W x 3.2 inch H	
Address Requirements	no address required		
Type Code	none		
Compatible Modules	All SIGA-Mxxx Signature Series		
Operating Voltage	15.2 to 19.95 Vdc (19 Vdc nominal)		
Mounting (cabinets)	Directly into suitable enclosures (e.g.: MFC-A) - Notes 1, 2, 3.		
Wiring Terminals	#12 AWG (2.5mm ²) to #18 AWG (0.75mm ²)		
Storage and Operating Environment	Operating Temperature: 32°F to 120°F (0°C to 49°C) Storage Temperature: -4°F to 140°F (-20°C to 60°C) Operating and Storage Humidity: 0 to 93% RH		
Agency Listing	UL, ULC, MEA, CSFM		

Notes:

1. Allow a minimum clearance of one inch around all sides of the UIO motherboard.
2. On-site drilling of mounting holes may be required. Self-tapping mounting screws are provided.
3. Suitable cabinets: MFC-A, CAB2, 3-CAB5, 3-CAB7, 3-CAB14, 3-CAB21, 3-RCC series, RACC series.

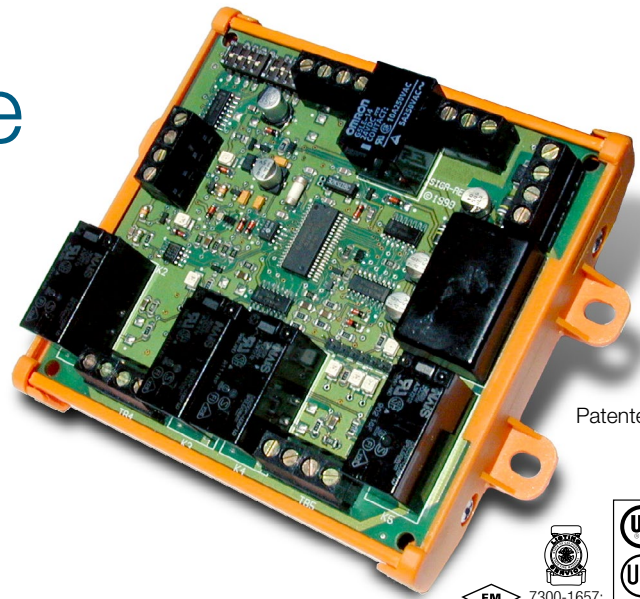
Ordering Information

Catalog Number	Description	Ship Wt. - lb (kg)
SIGA-UIO2R	Universal Input-Output Module Board w/Riser Inputs - Two Module Positions	0.32 (0.15)
→ SIGA-UIO6R	Universal Input-Output Module Board w/Riser Inputs - Six Module Positions	0.62 (0.28)
SIGA-UIO6	Universal Input-Output Module Board - Six Module Positions	0.56 (0.25)
MFC-A	UL listed cabinet for mounting UIO motherboards, red with white "FIRE" 8 inch H X 14 inch W X 3.5 inch D (203 mmH X 356 mm W X 89 mm D)	7.0 (3.1)

LIFE SAFETY & INCIDENT MANAGEMENT

Releasing Module

SIGA-REL



Patented



Overview

The SIGA-REL is an analog addressable module that communicates directly with the fire alarm panel Signature loop controller. The SIGA-REL controls sprinkler, pre-action and deluge systems, and may also be used to release extinguishing agents such as CO₂, Halon, or foam. The module is easily configured in the field and offers a wide range of options that ensure dependable service, while preventing the unnecessary release of extinguishing agent.

In addition to being an intelligent network component, the SIGA-REL interfaces with a number of conventional devices. These provide manual actuation of abort, release, and service disconnect functions. Together with the SIGA-REL, they comprise a complete fire suppression package. There is no need for a separate releasing panel because the SIGA-REL takes full advantage of the existing control panel communications infrastructure. This ensures low-cost installations with all the benefits of Signature Series analog initiation and control.

Seven on-board circuits provide added flexibility. Each SIGA-REL hosts:

- Two supervised Class B release circuits
- Two supervised Class B pre-release NACs
- One supervised Class B manual release input circuit (latching)
- One supervised Class B abort circuit for normally-open abort switch (non-latching)
- One first alarm output relay (Form C contact)

The SIGA-REL also includes a series of built-in timers that determine the duration of abort routines and release sequences. These timers are easily configured in the field and provide a highly flexible range of options.

Standard Features

- **Ideal for sprinkler, pre-action and deluge systems**
Suitable a wide range of sprinkler applications and extinguishing agents such as CO₂ and Halon.
- **Built-in timers**
Selectable durations for abort, manual, and automatic delays.
- **Four abort modes**
Field-configurable abort routines determine how the timers operate when the abort function is initiated.
- **Supervised circuitry you can rely on**
Two Class B release circuits and two pre-release circuits provided.
- **Manual operation keeps ultimate control in plain view**
The SIGA-REL features a manual release input circuit as well as a manual abort input circuit.
- **Fully automated response leaves nothing to chance**
This module's Form C relay is ideal for room preparation routines.
- **Automatic device mapping simplifies installation**
Signature modules transmit directly to the loop controller their circuit locations with respect to other Signature devices on the wire loop.

Application

Understanding fire suppression

Fire suppression today is an important part of a growing number of life safety installations. With an ever-increasing reliance on mission-critical computer systems and record high capital investment in high-tech production facilities, businesses large and small are looking for a means of protecting their investments and ensuring a fire won't cripple their operations.

While fire detection remains the first line of defense against the risks of fire to people, building owners are looking to fire suppression as a means of protecting their property and assets.

But it's a well known fact that fire suppression is a double-edged sword: water can snuff out a mission-critical computer system as easily as it can a fire. Alternatives to water, including carbon dioxide and other extinguishing agents can endanger lives, while the release of even the most inert extinguishing agents can disrupt operations and cost millions of dollars in down-time and lost production.

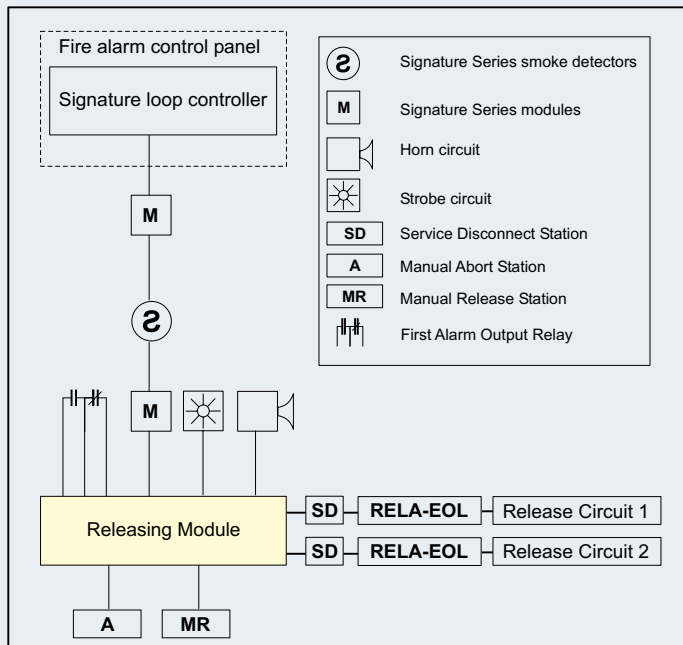
A primary goal of any fire suppression system is to prevent the release of extinguishing agent unless it is absolutely necessary. There is no margin for error. But no matter what measures are taken to prevent the unwanted release of extinguishing agent, the fact remains that no suppression system is any better than the detectors it relies on for input. The foundation of an effective suppression system, therefore, rests firmly on the quality and reliability of its smoke detectors.

Signature Series detectors form an integral part of the suppression system built around the SIGA-REL releasing module. These detectors provide unsurpassed reliability and immunity from false alarms. The SIGA-REL is engineered to the same exacting standards of quality and performance. With a robust set of features designed to eliminate any unwanted release of extinguishing agent, the SIGA-REL provides all the benefits of a dedicated releasing panel without the extra expense, and equally important, all the proven advantages of the Signature Series family of products.

Understanding the SIGA-REL

The SIGA-REL Releasing Module is a network component that provides control for fire suppression routines. It fulfills much the same purpose as a standalone releasing panel, but supports Signature Series detectors as an integral part of the suppression system. The SIGA-REL is easy to set up and accepts programming via the control panel's SDU Rules Editor.

The diagram below represents typical application of the SIGA-REL. The explanations that follow summarize each element of the module.



Release Circuit 1
Release Circuit 2
Release Circuits. The SIGA-REL includes two supervised release circuits, each of which provides fire suppression control to different areas of a protected space. The releasing circuits actuate solenoids on the suppression agent tanks according to pre-defined release routines. These solenoids release the agent into the protected area. Both circuits operate together.

First Alarm Relay. This on-board relay provides a Form C contact that activates at the first alarm input or manual release. The relay is typically used for room preparation such as controlling fans and dampers in advance of the release of suppression agent.

Pre-release. Pre-release circuits are used to provide power to notification appliances located within the protected area. Two supervised pre-release circuits are provided: one (steady) for visual notification appliances, and one (pulsed) for audible notification appliances. The pre-release circuits activate with the start of the automatic delay timer.

MR Manual Release. The manual release circuit is used to activate the suppression system by means of a connected normally-open release station. This initiates the manual release sequence according to a pre-defined routine. The manual release circuit is supervised and latching. Input from this circuit is processed at the module – communication with the control panel is not necessary.

A Abort. The abort circuit is used to prevent the release of agent into the protected area after the release sequence has begun, but before the automatic delay timer expires. A connected normally-open release station provides manual control over this circuit. The abort circuit is supervised and non-latching.

SD Service Disconnect. The service disconnect switch is used to temporarily disable the fire suppression system. There is no dedicated circuit for this switch. Instead, it is installed on both release circuits between the SIGA-REL and the RELA-EOL end-of-line relay. Opening the Service Disconnect Switch allows the fire alarm system to be tested without activating the fire suppression system. The operation of this switch causes a trouble signal at the control panel.

Data. The Signature data circuit provides an input and an output to the data loop that communicates with the Signature loop controller at the control panel. The SIGA-REL resides on the same data loop as the Signature Series detectors that initiate the automatic release sequence. This close association offers the most reliable performance and ensures compliance with prevailing life safety codes.

Power. The SIGA-REL requires 24 Vdc (power limited). See the specification table for details.

Operation

The SIGA-REL has several built-in safeguards to prevent the unwanted release of extinguishing agent. All release sequences are subject to configurable delay timers that provide the opportunity for an occupant of the area to manually abort the release sequence. If no abort signal is received before the delay timer expires, the suppression agent is released.

The SIGA-REL includes three delay timers: one for manual release sequences (up to 30 seconds); one for automatic release sequences (up to 50 seconds); and one for abort sequences (10 seconds).

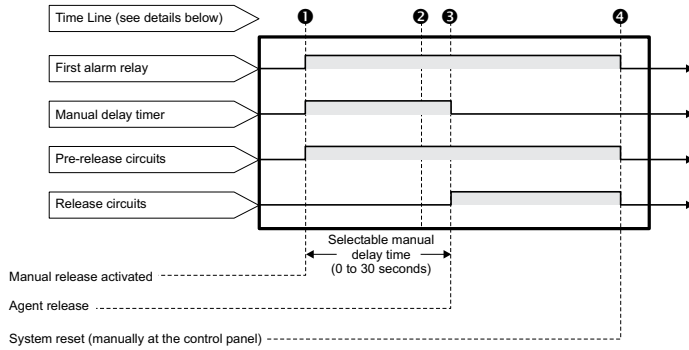
Normal State

In its normal operating state the SIGA-REL supervises both of its release circuits and both of its pre-release NAC circuits for faults. Should a short or open occur on any of these circuits, a Trouble condition is reported to the control panel.

A trouble condition on any of these circuits may prevent the operation of that circuit, but it won't inhibit the operation of any other fault-free circuit.

Manual Release Sequence

The operation of a manual release station initiates the manual release sequence. The diagram below outlines the manual release sequence.



Note: A manual release sequence cannot be aborted.

Manual Release Time Line

- 1 An active manual release station disables automatic operation and the abort function and simultaneously activates the:
 - Manual delay timer
 - Pre-release circuit
 - Pre-release strobe circuit (steady On)
 - Pre-release horn circuit (60 pulses per minute)
- 2 Ten seconds before the expiration of the manual delay timer, the pre-release horn changes from 60 pulses per minute to steady On.
- 3 The manual delay timer expires and the release circuits activate.
- 4 A manual reset at the fire alarm control panel deactivates the release solenoids and the Releasing Module returns to the normal state.

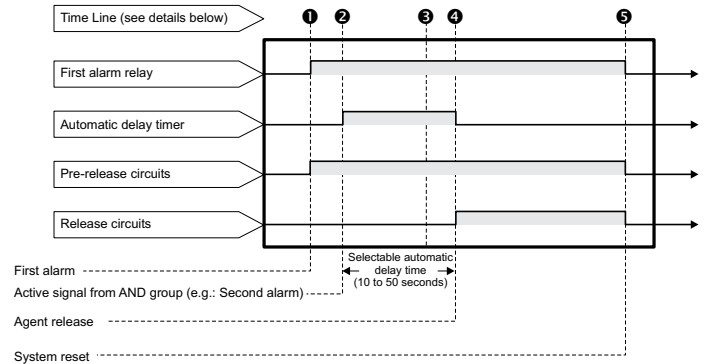
Note: Misapplication of the SIGA-REL can have serious consequences. Descriptions provided here are for information only, are subject to change, and should not be used as a guide to field installation of equipment. Always consult the SIGA-REL installation manual when setting up or configuring this component.

Automatic Release Sequence

The automatic release sequence requires an AND group (cross zone) or a matrix group (counting zone). AND groups and matrix groups require fire alarm signals from designated Signature Series devices. These logic groups are programmable through a laptop computer and the System Definition Utility (SDU).

Note: EST2 systems do not support matrix groups. See *Programming the SIGA-REL* for AND group rules. To create AND groups and matrix groups, see the *System Programming Manual* and the *SDU Online Help* for your system.

The diagram below outlines the automatic release sequence.



Automatic Release Time Line

- 1 A detector signals the first alarm. This event simultaneously activates the:
 - First alarm relay
 - Pre-release strobe circuit (steady On)
 - Pre-release horn circuit (15 pulses per minute)
- 2 A detector in the protected area signals a second alarm and meets the AND group conditions.* The automatic delay timer then starts its countdown and the pre-release horn circuit changes to 60 pulses per minute.
 - * AND group and matrix group conditions depend on programming.
- 3 10 seconds before the automatic delay timer expires, the pre-release (horn) circuit changes to steady On.
- 4 The automatic delay timer expires and the release circuits activate.
- 5 A manual reset at the fire alarm control panel deactivates the release solenoids and the Releasing Module returns to the normal state.

Abort Sequences

The SIGA-REL provides four abort modes. Aborts do not terminate the release of fire suppression agents. They merely offer a limited extension of the automatic timer delay period.

Abort Mode 1 (factory default)

If the abort is initiated before the automatic time delay expires, it will prevent the releasing action. The automatic delay timer will continue to run while the abort is active. When the abort switch is restored, the release will occur with the expiration of the automatic delay timer or the abort delay timer, whichever occurs last.

Abort Mode 2

If the abort is initiated before the automatic time delay expires, it will prevent the releasing action. The automatic delay timer will stop running. When the abort switch is restored, the automatic delay timer will continue from the stop point and the release will occur with the expiration of the timer.

Abort Mode 3

Industrial Risk Insurers (IRI) Mode: To be recognized as valid, the abort must be active when the second alarm is received. When the abort switch is restored, the release will occur with the expiration of the abort delay timer (set for 10 sec).

Abort Mode 4

International applications: If the abort is initiated before the automatic time delay expires, it will prevent the releasing action. The automatic delay timer will stop running. When the abort switch is restored, the automatic delay timer will reset and commence time from $t = 0$. The release will occur with the expiration of the timer setting minus 10 seconds.

Compatibility

Sprinkler systems

The SIGA-REL works with two types of sprinkler systems: deluge and pre-action. The primary difference between both systems is the type of sprinkler head (or nozzle) that terminates the pipes. Table 1-1 outlines the Factory Mutual Research Corporation (FMRC) requirements for deluge and pre-action systems.

FM approval requirements for deluge and pre-action sprinkler systems

Standby operation	90 hours
Alarm operation	10 minutes
NFPA style	Class A (Style D or E) or Class A (Style 2, 5, 6, or 7)
FMRC documentation	FMRC Approval Guide (Volume 1)

Deluge sprinkler systems

In Deluge sprinkler systems, open-valve sprinkler heads terminate pipes connected to a water supply controlled by a single valve. When the system detects a fire it automatically opens the valve to allow the waterflow through all of the sprinkler heads. Deluge sprinklers are useful for applications that require the simultaneous discharge of water through every sprinkler.

The following fire detection systems meet FMRC requirements for deluge systems:

- Wet pilot sprinkler line
- Dry pilot sprinkler line
- Hydraulic rate-of-rise
- Pneumatic rate-of-rise
- Electric

Pre-action sprinkler systems

In Pre-action sprinkler systems, closed-valve sprinkler heads terminate pipes connected directly to a water supply. The water supply is usually in the same area as the sprinklers and the pipes are supervised for air pressure. Pre-action sprinklers are useful where it is important to prevent the accidental discharge of water.

The following fire detection systems meet FMRC requirements for pre-action systems:

- Hydraulic rate-of-rise
- Pneumatic rate-of-rise
- Electric

Automatic fire extinguishing systems

Automatic fire extinguishing systems automatically detect and extinguish fires. They require no manual input because detectors automatically activate releasing solenoids or sprinkler valves. The table below provides a list of the fire suppression agents and the applicable NFPA documents.

Fire suppression agents and NFPA documentation

Agent	NFPA documentation
Low-expansion foam	NFPA 11
Medium- and high-expansion foam	NFPA 11A
CO ₂	NFPA 12
Sprinklers	NFPA 13
Water spray	NFPA 15
Foam-water	NFPA 16
Dry chemicals	NFPA 17

The table below outlines the FMRC requirements for automatic fire extinguishing systems.

FM approval requirements for automatic fire extinguishing systems

Standby operation	24 hours
Alarm operation	10 minutes
NFPA style	B or D
FMRC documentation	FMRC Approval Guide (Volume 1)

Warning! Improper applications of fire suppression agents can lead to property damage, injury, or loss of life. Consult the applicable NFPA documents and the authority having jurisdiction (AHJ) for more information.

Compatible panels. The SIGA-REL is compatible with iO Series, EST3 and EST3X fire alarm control panels. You may install the SIGA-REL in any of the following enclosures:

- 2-WB(X) series
- 2-CAB series
- 3-CAB series
- RACCR series
- MFC-A
- APS6A/APS10A

Note: Maintain a 1-inch (25.4 mm) minimum clearance all around the SIGA-REL. The clearance space must also comply with the National Electrical Code.

Power supplies. The SIGA-REL is compatible with the following power supplies:

- 2-PPS(-220)
- 2-PPS/6A(-220)
- SIGA-APS(-220)
- 3-BPS/M
- 3-PPS/M
- BPS6*, BPS10*, APSxA

*Not compatible with FMRC sprinkler applications that require 90 hours of standby.

Solenoid polarizing relays. Use the RELA-EOL with the SIGA-REL. For more information, see the RELA-EOL installation sheet.

Abort stations. The SIGA-REL is only compatible with normally-open, momentary-action abort stations. Abort stations must be listed with the appropriate agencies in your area. See *Listing agencies*.

Service disconnect stations. The SIGA-REL is only compatible with service disconnect stations that are normally-closed (minimum 2.0 Amps). Service disconnect stations must be listed with the appropriate agencies in your area. See *Listing agencies*.

Releasing solenoid valves. Releasing solenoid valves must be listed with the appropriate agencies in your area. See *Listing agencies*.

Listing agencies. Listing agencies include:

- Factory Mutual Research Corporation (FMRC)
- Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (UL)
- Underwriters Laboratories Canada (ULC)

Switch Settings

Abort mode and time delay settings are configured by means of dip switches on the module.

Abort mode

Mode	SW1	SW2	
1	0	0	Routines that determine how the abort function interacts with the timers.
2	0	1	
3	1	0	
4	1	1	

Manual time delay (seconds)

Delay	SW3	SW4	
0	0	0	The length of time that the deluge is inhibited when the releasing function is manually initiated.
10	0	1	
20	1	0	
30	1	1	

Automatic time delay (seconds)

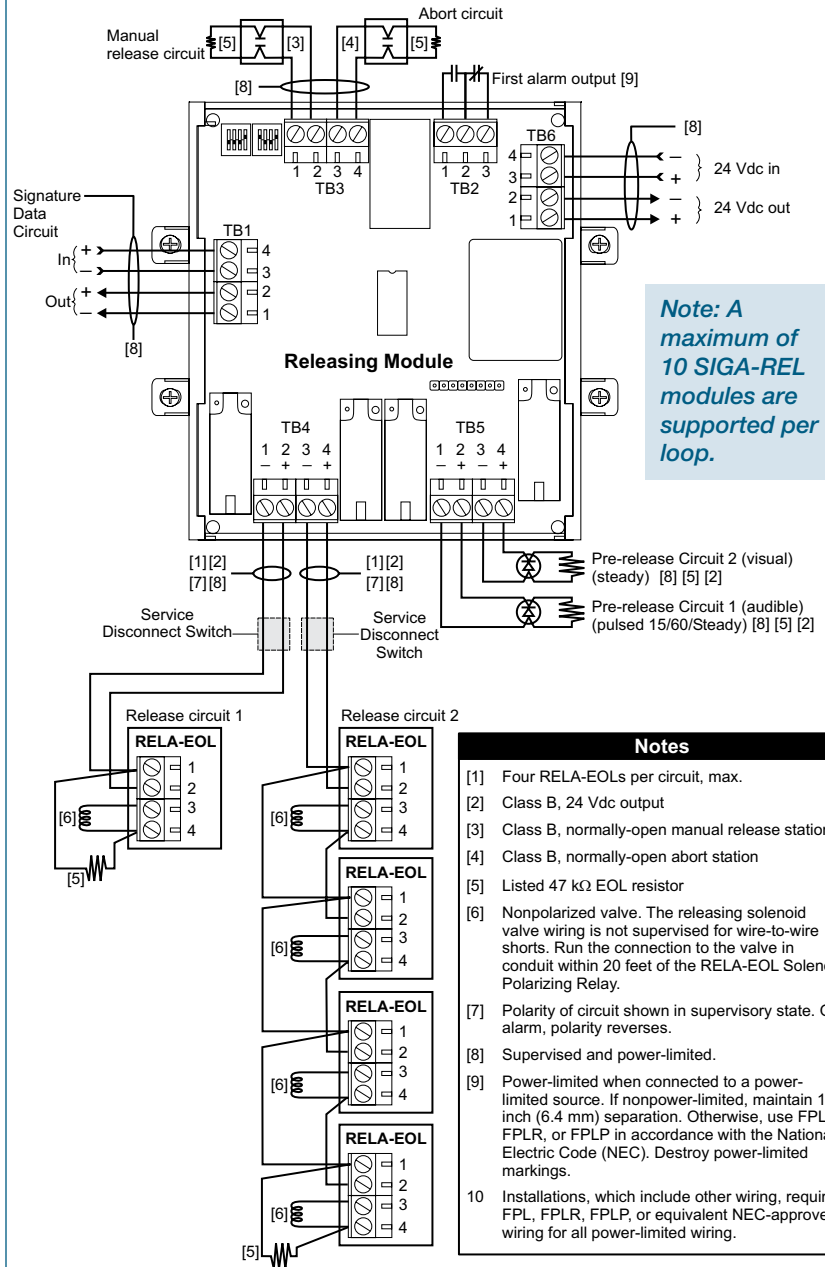
Delay	SW5	SW6	SW7	
10	0	0	0	The length of time that the deluge is inhibited when the releasing function is initiated by the control panel (i.e.: after receiving an alarm).
20	0	0	1	
30	0	1	0	
40	0	1	1	
50	1	0	0	

Abort time delay (seconds)

Delay	SW8	
0	0	The length of time that the deluge is inhibited when the abort function is restored (i.e.: cancelled).
10	1	

Denotes default settings.

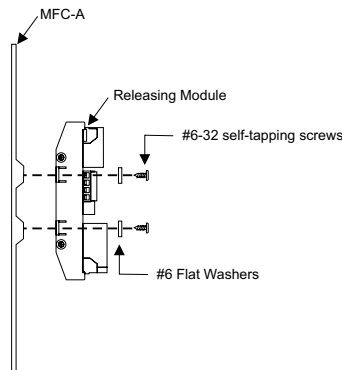
Wiring



Note: A maximum of 10 SIGA-REL modules are supported per loop.

Notes	
[1]	Four RELA-EOLs per circuit, max.
[2]	Class B, 24 Vdc output
[3]	Class B, normally-open manual release station
[4]	Class B, normally-open abort station
[5]	Listed 47 kΩ EOL resistor
[6]	Nonpolarized valve. The releasing solenoid valve wiring is not supervised for wire-to-wire shorts. Run the connection to the valve in conduit within 20 feet of the RELA-EOL Solenoid Polarizing Relay.
[7]	Polarity of circuit shown in supervisory state. On alarm, polarity reverses.
[8]	Supervised and power-limited.
[9]	Power-limited when connected to a power-limited source. If nonpower-limited, maintain 1/4 inch (6.4 mm) separation. Otherwise, use FPL, FPLR, or FPLP in accordance with the National Electric Code (NEC). Destroy power-limited markings.
[10]	Installations, which include other wiring, require FPL, FPLR, FPLP, or equivalent NEC-approved wiring for all power-limited wiring.

Mounting



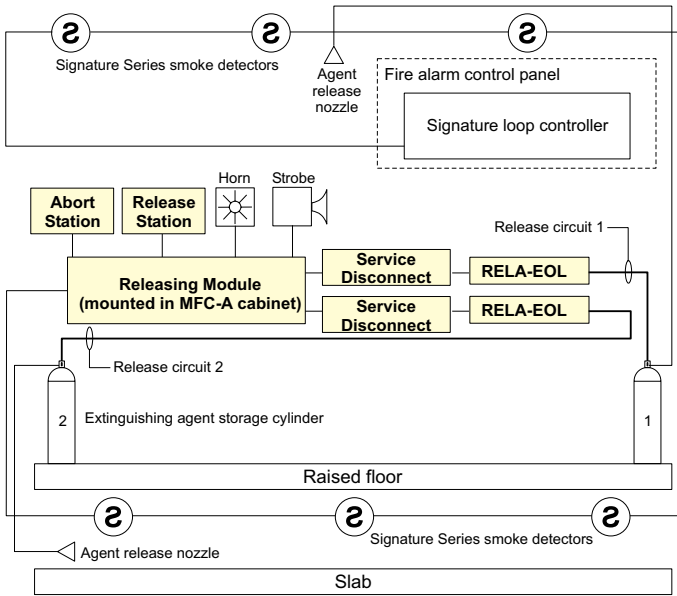
LED Operation

LED	Color	Pattern	Function
DS1	Red	Flashing	Data (alarm conditions)*
DS2	Green	Flashing	Data (normal conditions)*
DS3	Red	Steady	Alarm
DS4	Green	Steady	Power
DS5	Yellow	Steady	Abort
DS6	Yellow	Steady	Trouble
DS7	Red	Steady	Release Active

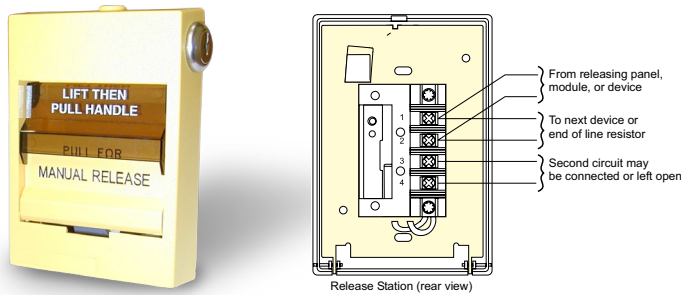
*Note: During a loss of communications, the Releasing Module will go into a standby condition, which will cause DS1 and DS2 to change to a steady pattern during an alarm condition.

Accessories

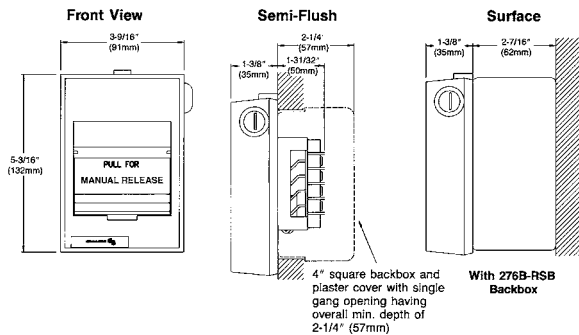
Typical application of SIGA-REL accessories (computer room)



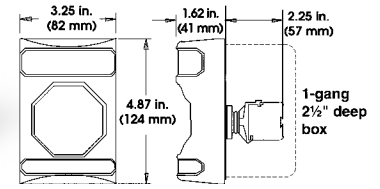
Manual Release Station



The manual release station is a normally-open, dry contact signal initiating device. The 276A-REL is a single-action station that requires the user to pull the release handle to initiate the release of a fire suppression agent. The 278A-REL (shown) is a double-action station that requires the user to raise the upper door, then pull the release handle to initiate the release.

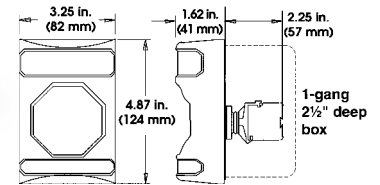


Abort Station



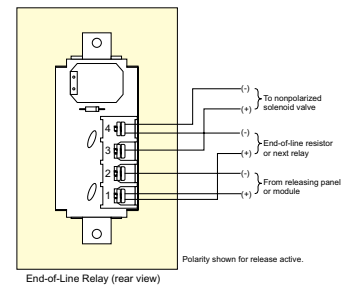
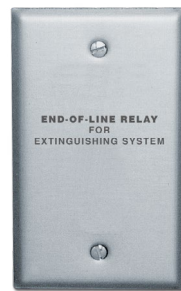
The abort station is a normally-open, non-latching device. It is used to prevent the release of agent into the protected area after the release sequence has begun.

Service Disconnect Switch



The service disconnect switch is used to temporarily disable the fire suppression system. One switch is installed on each of the two release circuits between the SIGA-REL and the RELA-EOL end-of-line relay. Opening the Service Disconnect Switch allows the fire alarm system to be tested without activating the fire suppression system. The operation of this switch causes a trouble signal at the control panel.

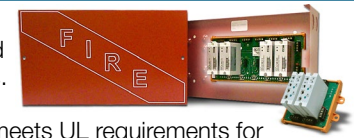
End-of-Line Relay



The End-of-Line Relay facilitates the connection of a non-polarized releasing solenoid to a supervised, polarized releasing circuit. One relay is required per release solenoid.

Module Enclosure

The MFC-A cabinet is UL-listed for use with Signature modules. Shown here with plug-in style I/O modules, the MFC-A also meets UL requirements for spacing and clearance around the SIGA-REL Releasing Module. The cabinet features red epoxy finish with white "FIRE" markings.



Specifications

Power riser	Input voltage	24 Vdc (power limited)
	Supervisory current	25 mA, max.
	Riser input current	4 amps maximum
	Alarm	170 mA min.; 4 A max.
Release circuits	Output rating	2 A @ 24 Vdc (for each circuit)
	Valves per circuit	4 valves, max.
	Max. supervisory current	0.4 mA (short circuit)
	Nominal supervisory current	0.18 mA
	Supervisory voltage	26 Vdc, max. (open circuit)
	End of line device	47k Ohm EOL
Pre-release alarm circuits	Output rating	2 A @ 24 Vdc (for each circuit)
	Max. supervisory current	0.4 mA (short circuit)
	Nominal supervisory current	0.18 mA
	Supervisory voltage	26 Vdc, max. (open circuit)
	End of line device	47k Ohm resistor
Manual release input circuit	Max. supervisory current	0.4 mA (short circuit)
	Nominal supervisory current	0.18 mA
	Supervisory voltage	26 Vdc, max. (open circuit)
	End of line device	47k Ohm resistor
	Circuit type	Class B N.O. latching
	Circuit capacitance	0.1 µF, max
Abort circuit	Max. supervisory current	0.4 mA (short circuit)
	Nominal supervisory current	0.18 mA
	Supervisory voltage	26 Vdc, max. (open circuit)
	End of line device	47k Ohm resistor
	Circuit type	Class B N.O. non- latching
	Circuit capacitance	0.1 µF, max
First alarm output relay	Contact rating	3 A @ 24 Vdc (0.6 power factor) Form C
Signature Data line	Operating voltage	5.2 to 19.95 Vdc
	Supervisory current	1000 µA
	Alarm current	1000 µA
Environmental conditions	Operating temperature	32° F to 120° F (0° C to 49° C)
	Storage temperature	-4° F to 140° F (-20° C to 60° C)
	Humidity	0 to 93% Non-condensing
Wiring Terminals	Suitable for #18 to #12 AWG (2.5 mm ² to .75 mm ²)	
Type Code	Factory Set	
Addressing Requirements	Uses six module addresses	
Agency Listings	UL, ULC, and FM	
Compatible Solenoids	Must be both UL/ULC-listed and FM-approved	

Note: Output circuits are power-limited when the riser circuit is power-limited.

Line Resistance

Power riser

Total riser current (Amps)	Distance from SIGA-REL to power supply			Wire resistance (Ohms per wire)	
	#12 AWG	2.5 mm ²	#14 AWG		
4.0	29 ft	8.84 m	20 ft	6.10 m	0.050
3.5	34 ft	10.36 m	23 ft	7.01 m	0.057
3.0	39 ft	11.89 m	27 ft	8.23 m	0.067
2.5	47 ft	14.33 m	32 ft	9.75 m	0.080
2.0	59 ft	17.98 m	40 ft	12.19 m	0.100
1.5	78 ft	23.77 m	53 ft	16.15 m	0.133
1.0	118 ft	35.97 m	80 ft	24.38 m	0.200

Pre-release and release circuits (per circuit)

Total riser current (Amps)	Distance from SIGA-REL to power supply			Wire resistance (Ohms per wire)	
	#12 AWG	2.5 mm ²	#14 AWG		
2.00	176 ft	53.64 m	120 ft	36.58 m	0.300
1.75	202 ft	61.57 m	137 ft	41.76 m	0.343
1.50	235 ft	71.63 m	160 ft	48.77 m	0.400
1.25	282 ft	85.95 m	192 ft	58.52 m	0.480
1.0	353 ft	107.59 m	240 ft	73.15 m	0.600
0.50	706 ft	215.19 m	480 ft	146.30 m	1.200

Ordering Information

Model	Description	Ship Wt. lb (kg)
SIGA-REL	Analog addressable releasing module	0.52 (0.23)
276A-REL	Manual releasing station (single-action). English markings, black text on yellow polycarbonate body.	1.0 (0.45)
278A-REL	Manual releasing station (double-action). English markings, black text on yellow polycarbonate body.	1.0 (0.45)
RELA-ABT	Manual Abort Station. English markings, black text on yellow polycarbonate body.	1.0 (0.45)
RELA-SRV-1	Service Disconnect Switch. One n/c contact and one n/o contact. English markings, white text on blue polycarbonate body.	1.0 (0.45)
RELA-EOL	Polarized end-of-line relay. English markings on stainless steel cover.	0.2 (0.1)
MFC-A	UL listed cabinet for mounting releasing modules, red with white "FIRE". HWD: 8" x 14" x 3 1/2" (203mm x 356mm x 89mm)	7.0 (3.1)



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LIFE SAFETY & INCIDENT MANAGEMENT

High Power Control Relay Module

SIGA-CRH



Description

The SIGA-CRH High Power Control Relay Module is an addressable device designed for interface applications that require a high voltage, high current relay. Two identical sets of relay terminals are provided. Both sets of relay contacts transfer when the module is activated or restored. The state of the output terminals is not supervised.

The module requires one address on the signaling line circuit (SLC). The address is assigned electronically. There are no address switches to set.

Standard Features

- High Power Rating**
 120/240 VAC or 24 VDC rated contact can be used to control external appliances such as door closers, fans, dampers etc.
- Provides one relay with two Form C contacts**
 Relay accepts 12 to 18 AWG (1.0 to 4.0 mm²) wiring from two sources
- Automatic device mapping**
 Signature modules transmit information to the loop controller regarding their circuit locations with respect to other Signature devices on the wire loop.
- Removable terminal blocks**
 Easy wiring and module replacement.
- Electronic addressing**
 Programmable addresses are downloaded from the loop controller or PC; there are no switches or dials to set.
- Intelligent device**
 Distributed intelligence allows lower communication speed with substantially improved control panel response time and less sensitivity to line noise and loop wiring properties; twisted or shielded wire is not required.

Application

Personality code

Use *Personality Code 8* to configure the SIGA-CRH module:

Personality code 8: Signal - dry contact output. Configures the module as a dry relay contact to control external appliances (door closers, fan controllers, dampers) or equipment shutdown.

Indication

The status LED shows the state of the module through the cover plate:

- Normal: Green LED flashes
- Alarm/active: Red LED flashes

Compatibility

The SIGA-CRH is part of the Signature Series intelligent processing and control platform. It is compatible with EST3, EST3X, and IO Series control panels.

Warnings & Cautions

The SIGA-CRH will not operate without electrical power. As fires frequently cause power interruption, we suggest you discuss further safeguards with your local fire protection specialist.

EDWARDS recommends that this module be installed according to latest recognized edition of national and local fire alarm codes.

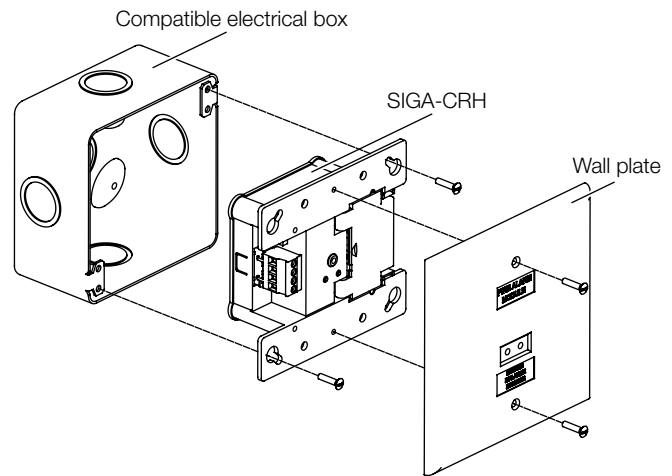
Testing & Maintenance

SIGA-CRH automatic self-diagnosis identifies when it is defective and causes a trouble message. The user-friendly maintenance program shows the current state of each module and other pertinent messages. Single modules may be turned off (deactivated) temporarily, from the control panel. Availability of maintenance features is dependent on the fire alarm system used. Scheduled maintenance (Regular or Selected) for proper system operation should be planned to meet the requirements of the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ). Refer to current NFPA 72 and ULC CAN/ULC 536 standards.

Electronic Addressing

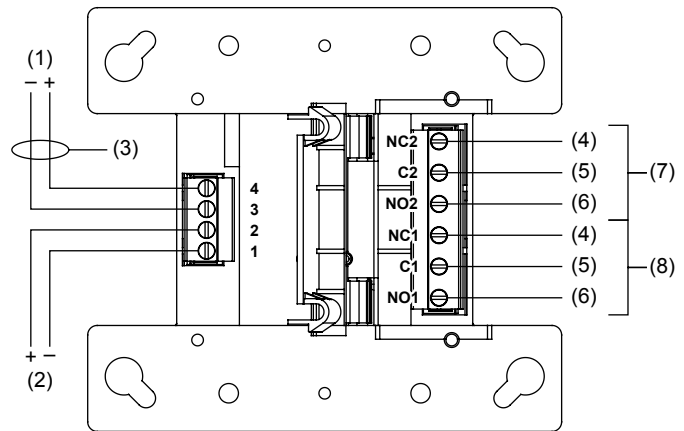
The loop controller electronically addresses the SIGA-CRH, saving valuable time during system commissioning. Setting complicated switches or dials is not required. The module has its own unique serial number stored in its on-board memory.

Installation



Consult the SIGA-CRH High Power Control Relay Module Installation Sheet for details.

Wiring



- (1) Signaling line circuit (SLC) from previous device
- (2) Signaling line circuit (SLC) to next device
- (3) Power-limited and supervised
- (4) Normally closed contact (NC)
- (5) Common contact (C)
- (6) Normally open contact (NO)
- (7) Relay terminal set 2.
Not supervised. Power-limited unless connected to a nonpowerlimited source. If the source is nonpower-limited, eliminate the power-limited mark and maintain a minimum of 0.25 in. (6.4 mm) space from power-limited wiring. For other mounting methods, see enclosure and bracket installation sheets to maintain separation of power-limited and nonpower-limited wiring. The wire size must be capable of handling fault current from a nonpower-limited source.
— or —
Use type FPL, FPLR, FPLP, or permitted substitute cables, provided these power-limited cable conductors extending beyond the jacket are separated by a minimum of 0.25 in. (6.4 mm) space or by a nonconductive sleeve or nonconductive barrier from all other conductors. Refer to the NFPA 70 National Electrical Code for more details.
- (8) Relay terminal set 1. Identical to (7).

Specifications

SLC operating voltage	15.20 to 19.95 VDC
SLC current	Standby 75 μ A max. Activated 75 μ A max.
Contact ratings [1][2]	240 V 50/60 Hz 7 A (PF 0.75), 1.5 A (PF 0.35) 120 V 50/60 Hz 7 A (PF 0.75), 3.0 A (PF 0.35) 24 VDC 6 A resistive Audio switching 0 to 20 kHz [3]
Relay type	2 Form C, programmable
Relay ready delay	30 s max. (includes initial state set)
From power up	5 s max. (one activation)
From previous activation	8 s max. (two activations, 1 s apart)
Circuit designation	
Signaling line circuits	Class A, Style 6 or Class B, Style 4. Refer to the control panel technical publications for SLC wiring details.
Relay circuits	Class E
Number of SIGA-CRH per SLC	60 max.
Wire size	12 to 18 AWG (1.0 to 4.0 mm ²)
Compatible electrical boxes	North American double-gang \times 2-1/8 in. (54 mm) deep box North American standard 4 in. square \times 2-1/8 in. (54 mm) deep box
Agency Listings	CAN/ULC-S527, UL 864
Operating environment	
Temperature	32 to 120°F (0 to 49°C)
Relative humidity	0 to 93%, noncondensing
Storage temperature	-4 to 140°F (-20 to 60°C)

- [1] Provide external fusing and back-EMF mitigation as required by your application. Do not use the SIGA-CRH in a mixed application, where one set of relay terminals has high-power requirements and the other set carries a low-power signal, as this may result in physical contamination of the low-power signal contacts.
- [2] The minimum load required in order to avoid long-term contact oxidation is 100 mA and 12 V.
- [3] Power must not exceed the contact ratings shown for a given PF (power factor).

Ordering Information

Catalog Number	Description	Ship Weight lbs (kg)
SIGA-CRH	High Power Control Relay Module	0.4 (0.15)



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Input Modules

SIGA-CT1, SIGA-CT1HT,
SIGA-CT2, SIGA-MCT2



Overview

The SIGA-CT1 Single Input Module, SIGA-CT1HT High Temperature Single Input Module and SIGA-CT2/SIGA-MCT2 Dual Input Modules are intelligent analog addressable devices used to connect one or two Class B normally-open Alarm, Supervisory, or Monitor type dry contact Initiating Device Circuits (IDC).

The actual function of these modules is determined by the “personality code” selected by the installer. This code is downloaded to the module from the Signature loop controller during system configuration.

The input modules gather analog information from the initiating devices connected to them and convert it into digital signals. The module’s on-board microprocessor analyzes the signal and decides whether or not to input an alarm.

The SIGA-CT1, SIGA-CT1HT and SIGA-CT2 mount to standard North American 1-gang electrical boxes, making them ideal for locations where only one module is required. Separate I/O and data loop connections are made to each module.

The SIGA-CT1HT module operates at an expanded temperature range of 32 °F to 158 °F (0 °C to 70 °C) for those applications requiring more extreme environmental temperature variation.

The SIGA-MCT2 is part of the UIO family of plug-in Signature Series modules. It functions identically to the SIGA-CT2, but takes advantage of the modular flexibility and easy installation that characterizes all UIO modules. Two- and six-module UIO motherboards are available. All wiring connections are made to terminal blocks on the motherboard. UIO assemblies may be mounted in EDWARDS enclosures.

Standard Features

- Multiple applications**
 Including Alarm, Alarm with delayed latching (retard) for waterflow applications, Supervisory, and Monitor. The installer selects one of four “personality codes” to be downloaded to the module through the loop controller.
- SIGA-CT1HT rated for high temperature environments**
 Suitable for attic installation and monitoring high temperature heat detectors.
- Plug-in (UIO) or standard 1-gang mount**
 UIO versions allow quick installation where multiple modules are required. The 1-gang mount version is ideal for remote locations that require a single module.
- Automatic device mapping**
 Signature modules transmit information to the loop controller regarding their circuit locations with respect to other Signature devices on the wire loop.
- Electronic addressing**
 Programmable addresses are downloaded from the loop controller, a PC, or the SIGA-PRO Signature Program/Service Tool. There are no switches or dials to set.
- Ground fault detection by address**
 Detects ground faults right down to the device level.

Signature Series Overview

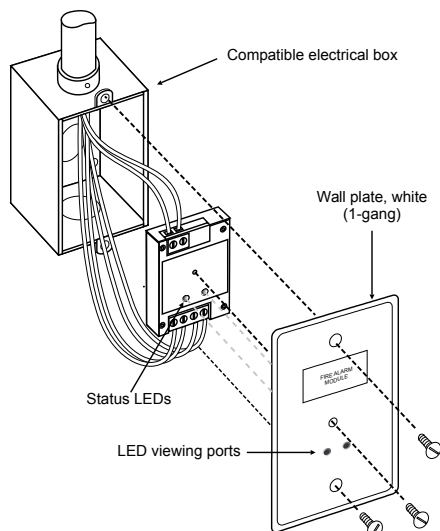
The Signature Series intelligent analog-addressable system from EDWARDS Security is an entire family of multi-sensor detectors and mounting bases, multiple-function input and output modules, network and non-network control panels, and user-friendly maintenance and service tools. Analog information from equipment connected to Signature devices is gathered and converted into digital signals. An onboard microprocessor in each Signature device measures and analyzes the signal and decides whether or not to input an alarm. The microprocessor in each Signature device provides four additional benefits – Self-diagnostics and History Log, Automatic Device Mapping, and Fast, Stable Communication.

Self-diagnostics and History Log – Each Signature Series device constantly runs self-checks to provide important maintenance information. The results of the self-check are automatically updated and permanently stored in its non-volatile memory. This information is accessible for review any time at the control panel, PC, or using the SIGA-PRO Signature Program/Service Tool.

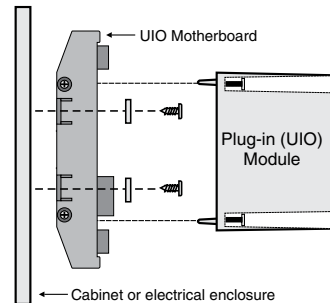
Automatic Device Mapping – The Signature Data Controller (SDC) learns where each device's serial number address is installed relative to other devices on the circuit. The SDC keeps a map of all Signature Series devices connected to it. The Signature Series Data Entry Program also uses the mapping feature. With interactive menus and graphic support, the wired circuits between each device can be examined. Layout or "as-built" drawing information showing branch wiring (T-taps), device types and their address are stored on disk for printing hard copy.

Installation

SIGA-CT1, SIGA-CT1HT and SIGA-CT2: modules mount to North American 2½ inch (64 mm) deep 1-gang boxes and 1½ inch (38 mm) deep 4 inch square boxes with 1-gang covers and SIGA-MP mounting plates. The terminals are suited for #12 to #18 AWG (2.5 mm² to 0.75 mm²) wire size.



SIGA-MCT2: mount the UIO motherboard inside a suitable EDWARDS enclosure with screws and washers provided. Plug the SIGA-MCT2 into any available position on the motherboard and secure the module to the motherboard with the captive screws. Wiring connections are made to the terminals on the motherboard (see wiring diagram). UIO motherboard terminals are suited for #12 to #18 AWG (2.5 mm² to 0.75 mm²) wire size.



Electronic Addressing - The loop controller electronically addresses each module, saving valuable time during system commissioning. Setting complicated switches or dials is not required. Each module has its own unique serial number stored in its on-board memory. The loop controller identifies each device on the loop and assigns a "soft" address to each serial number. If desired, the modules can be addressed using the SIGA-PRO Signature Program/Service Tool.

EDWARDS recommends that this module be installed according to latest recognized edition of national and local fire alarm codes.

Application

The duty performed by the SIGA-CT1 and SIGA-CT2/MCT2 is determined by their sub-type code or "Personality Code". The code is selected by the installer depending upon the desired application and is downloaded from the loop controller.

One personality code can be assigned to the SIGA-CT1. Two personality codes can be assigned to the SIGA-CT2/MCT2. Codes 1, 2, 3 and 4 can be mixed on SIGA-CT2/MCT2 modules only. For example, personality code 1 can be assigned to the first address (circuit A) and code 4 can be assigned to the second address (circuit B).

NORMALLY-OPEN ALARM - LATCHING (Personality Code 1)

- Assign to one or both circuits. Configures either circuit A or B or both for Class B normally open dry contact initiating devices such as Pull Stations, Heat Detectors, etc. An ALARM signal is sent to the loop controller when the input contact is closed. The alarm condition is latched at the module.

NORMALLY-OPEN ALARM - DELAYED LATCHING (Personality Code 2)

- Assign to one or both circuits. Configures either circuit A or B or both for Class B normally-open dry contact initiating devices such as Waterflow Alarm Switches. An ALARM signal is sent to the loop controller when the input contact is closed for approximately 16 seconds. The alarm condition is latched at the module.

NORMALLY-OPEN ACTIVE - NON-LATCHING (Personality Code 3)

- Assign to one or both circuits. Configures either circuit A or B or both for Class B normally-open dry contact monitoring input such as Fans, Dampers, Doors, etc. An ACTIVE signal is sent to the loop controller when the input contact is closed. The active condition is not latched at the module.

NORMALLY-OPEN ACTIVE - LATCHING (Personality Code 4)

- Assign to one or both circuits. Configures either circuit A or B or both for Class B normally open dry contact monitoring input such as Supervisory and Tamper Switches. An ACTIVE signal is sent to the loop controller when the input contact is closed. The active condition is latched at the module.

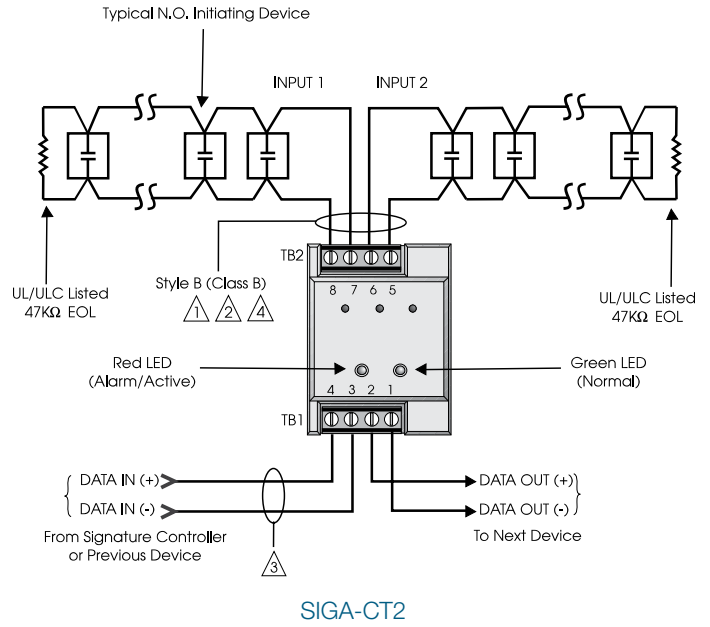
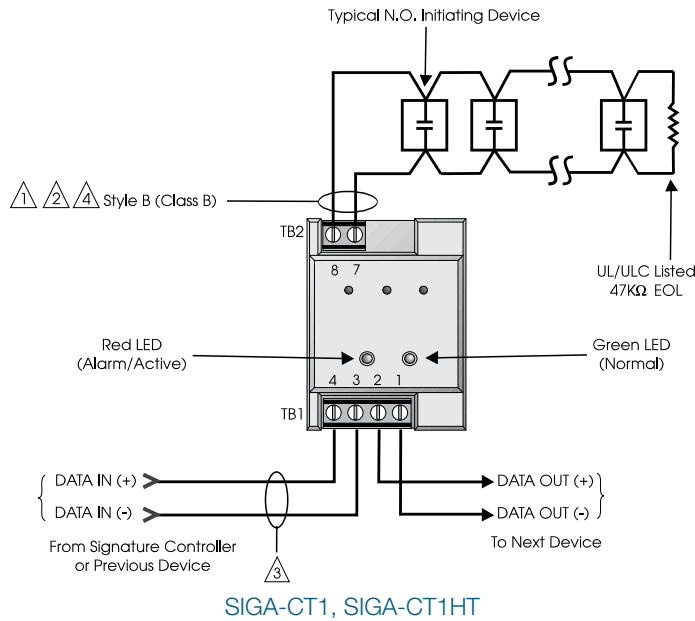
Typical Wiring

Modules will accept #18 AWG (0.75mm²), #16 (1.0mm²), and #14AWG (1.50mm²), and #12 AWG (2.50mm²) wire sizes.

Note: Sizes #16 AWG (1.0mm²) and #18 AWG (0.75mm²) are preferred for ease of installation. See Signature Loop Controller catalog sheet for detailed wiring requirement specifications.

Initiating (Slave) Device Circuit Wire Specifications

Maximum Allowable Wire Resistance	50 ohms (25 ohms per wire) per Circuit	
Maximum Allowable Wire Capacitance	0.1µF per Circuit	
For Design Reference:	Wire Size	Maximum Distance to EOLR
	#18 AWG (0.75 mm ²)	4,000 ft (1,219 m)
	#16 AWG (1.00 mm ²)	
	#14 AWG (1.50 mm ²)	
	#12 AWG (1.50 mm ²)	



NOTES

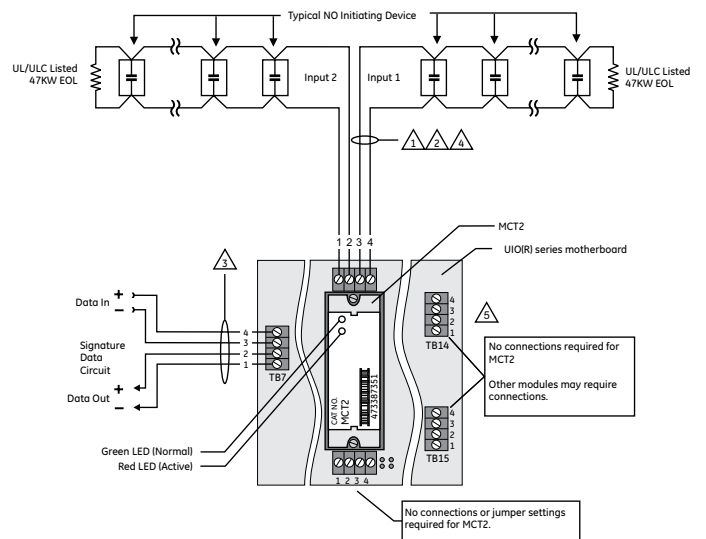
- 1 Maximum 25 Ohm resistance per wire.
- 2 Maximum #12 AWG (2.5 mm²) wire; Minimum #18 AWG (0.75 mm²).
- 3 Refer to Signature controller installation sheet for wiring specifications.
- 4 Maximum 10 Vdc @ 350 µA
- 5 The SIGA-UIO6R and the SIGA-UIO2R do not come with TB14.
- 6 All wiring is supervised and power-limited.
- 7 These modules will not support 2-wire smoke detectors.

Warnings & Cautions

This module will not operate without electrical power. As fires frequently cause power interruption, we suggest you discuss further safeguards with your local fire protection specialist.

Compatibility

These modules are part of EDWARDS's Signature Series intelligent processing and control platform. They are compatible with EST3, EST3X and iO Series control panels.





LIFE SAFETY & INCIDENT MANAGEMENT

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Specifications

Catalog Number	SIGA-CT1HT	SIGA-CT1	SIGA-CT2	SIGA-MCT2
Description	Single Input Module		Dual Input Module	
Type Code	48 (factory set) Four sub-types (personality codes) are available		49 (factory set) Four sub-types (personality codes) are available	
Address Requirements	Uses One Module Address		Uses Two Module Addresses	
Operating Current	Standby = 250µA; Activated = 400µA		Standby = 396µA; Activated = 680µA	
Operating Voltage	15.2 to 19.95 Vdc (19 Vdc nominal)			
Construction	High Impact Engineering Polymer			
Mounting	North American 2½ inch (64 mm) deep one-gang boxes and 1½ inch (38 mm) deep 4 inch square boxes with one-gang covers and SIGA-MP mounting plates			UIO2R/6R/6 Motherboard
Operating Environment	32°F to 158°F (0°C to 70°C)	32°F to 120°F (0°C to 49°C)		
Storage Environment	-4°F to 140°F (-20°C to 60°C); Humidity: 0 to 93% RH			
LED Operation	On-board Green LED - Flashes when polled; On-board Red LED - Flashes when in alarm/active.			
Compatibility	Use with Signature Loop Controller			
Agency Listings	UL, ULC, MEA, CSFM			

Ordering Information

Catalog Number	Description	Ship Wt. lbs (kg)
→ SIGA-CT1	Single Input Module — UL/ULC Listed	0.4 (0.15)
→ SIGA-CT1HT	Single Input Module High Temperature Operation UL/ULC Listed	0.4 (0.15)
→ SIGA-CT2	Dual Input Module — UL/ULC Listed	0.4 (0.15)
→ SIGA-MCT2	Dual Input Plug-in (UIO) Module — UL, ULC Listed	0.1 (0.05)

Related Equipment		
27193-11	Surface Mount Box - Red, 1-gang	1.0 (0.6)
27193-16	Surface Mount Box - White, 1-gang	1.0 (0.6)
SIGA-UIO2R	Universal Input-Output Module Board w/Riser Inputs — Two Module Positions	0.32 (0.15)
SIGA-UIO6R	Universal Input-Output Module Board w/Riser Inputs — Six Module Positions	0.62 (0.28)
SIGA-UIO6	Universal Input-Output Module Board — Six Module Positions	0.56 (0.25)
MFC-A	Multifunction Fire Cabinet — Red, supports Signature Module Mounting Plates	7.0 (3.1)
SIGA-MB4	Transponder Mounting Bracket (allows for mounting two 1-gang modules in a 2-gang box)	0.4 (0.15)
SIGA-MP1	Signature Module Mounting Plate, 1 footprint	1.5 (0.70)
SIGA-MP2	Signature Module Mounting Plate, 1/2 footprint	0.5 (0.23)
SIGA-MP2L	Signature Module Mounting Plate, 1/2 extended footprint	1.02 (0.46)

VESDA-E VEP

VEP-A00-1P, VEP-A00-P, VEP-A10-P



The VESDA-E VEP series of smoke detectors bring the latest and most advanced detection technology to provide very early warning and the best nuisance alarm rejection to a wide range of applications. Built on the Flair detection technology and years of application experience, VEP detectors achieve consistent performance over their lifetime via absolute calibration. In addition, the VEP delivers a range of revolutionary features that provide user value.



Flair Detection Technology

Flair is the revolutionary detection chamber that forms the core of the VESDA-E VEP, providing higher stability and increased longevity. Direct imaging of the sampled particles using a CMOS imager combined with multiple photo-diodes allows better detection and fewer nuisance alarms.

Installation, Commissioning and Operation

VESDA-E VEP is equipped with a powerful aspirator that enables use of a total of 130m (427ft) of sampling pipe in the one pipe model and 560m (1,837ft) of pipe in the four pipe model. Out of box operation is made possible with AutoConfig which allows airflow normalisation and AutoLearn Smoke and Flow to be initiated from within the detector. VEP is fully supported by the ASPIRE and Xtralis VSC software applications which facilitate ease of pipe network design, system commissioning and maintenance.

VESDAnet™

VESDA devices communicate on VESDAnet which provides a robust bi-directional communication network allowing continued redundant operation even during single point wiring failures. VESDAnet enables primary reporting, centralized configuration, control, maintenance and monitoring.

Ethernet connectivity

VESDA-E detectors offer connectivity to corporate networks via Ethernet, allowing for devices installed with Xtralis monitoring and configuration software to connect to the detector.

Backward Compatibility

VESDA-E VEP is compatible with existing VESDA installations. The detector occupies the same mounting footprint, pipe, conduit and electrical connector positioning as VESDA VLP. VEP is also compatible with existing VESDAnet installations allowing monitoring of both VESDA-E and legacy detectors via the latest iVESDA application.

Features

- Suitable for Class 1 Division 2 applications - Groups A,B,C & D
- One and four pipe models for different applications
- Flair detection technology delivers reliable very early warning in a wide range of environments with minimal nuisance alarms
- Multi stage filtration and optical protection with clean air barriers ensures lifetime detection performance
- Four alarm levels and a wide sensitivity range deliver optimum protection for the widest range of applications
- Intuitive LCD icon display provides instant status information for immediate response
- Flow fault thresholds per port accommodate varying airflow conditions
- Smart on-board filter retains dust count and remaining filter life for predictable maintenance
- Extensive event log (20,000 events) for event analysis and system diagnostics
- AutoLearn™ smoke and flow for reliable and rapid commissioning
- Referencing to accommodate external environmental conditions to minimise nuisance alarms
- Backward compatible with VLP and VESDAnet
- Remote monitoring with iVESDA for system review and proactive maintenance
- Ethernet for connectivity with Xtralis software for configuration, secondary monitoring and maintenance
- USB for PC configuration, and firmware upgrade using a memory

stick

- Two programmable GPIs (1 monitored) for flexible remote control
- Field replaceable sub-assemblies enable faster service and maximum uptime

Listings / Approvals

- UL
- ULC
- CSFM
- FM
- VdS
- NF-SSI (www.marque-nf.com)
- VNIPO
- CE
- ActivFire
- CCC
- EN 54-20, ISO 7240-20
Four Pipe VEP
- EN 54-20, ISO 7240-20
 - Class A (40 holes / Fire 1 = 0.028% obs/m)
 - Class B (80 holes / Fire 1 = 0.027% obs/m)
 - Class C (100 holes / Fire 1 = 0.056% obs/m)

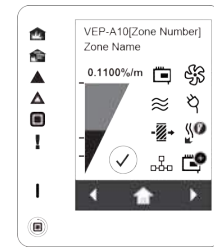
Classification of any configuration is determined using ASPIRE.

Regional approvals listings and regulatory compliance vary between product models. Refer to www.xtralis.com for the latest product approvals matrix.

Specifications

	One Pipe VEP			Four Pipe VEP	
Supply Voltage	18-30 VDC (24 V Nominal)				
Power Consumption @ 24VDC	VEP-A00-1P	VEP-A00-P		VEP-A10-P	
Aspirator Setting	Fixed	1	5	1	5
Power (Quiescent)	8.8 W	7.0 W	8.8 W	8.2 W	10.0 W
Power (In Alarm)	9.6 W	7.8 W	9.6 W	10.4 W	11.6 W
Dimensions (WHD)	350 mm x 225 mm x 135 mm (13.8 in x 8.9 in x 5.3 in)				
Weight	4.4 kg (9.7 lbs)	4.4 kg (9.7 lbs)		4.5 kg (9.9 lbs)	
Operating Conditions	Ambient: 0°C to 39°C (32°F to 102°F) Sampled Air: -20°C to 60°C (-4°F to 140°F) Tested to: -20°C to 55°C (-4°F to 131°F) UL: -20°C to 50°C (-4°F to 122°F) Humidity: 5% to 95% RH, non-condensing				
Area Coverage	1,000 m ² (10,760 sq. ft.)	2,000 m ² (21,520 sq. ft.)			
Min. airflow per pipe	15 l/m				
Pipe Length (Linear)	100 m (328 ft)	280 m (919 ft)			
Pipe Length (Branched)	130 m (427 ft)	560 m (1,837 ft)			
Pipe lengths depending on number of pipes in use	1 Pipe	1 Pipe	2 Pipe	3 Pipe	4 Pipe
	100 m (328 ft)	110 m (361 ft)	100 m (328 ft)	80 m (262 ft)	70 m (230 ft)
StaX	PSU	PSU, Auto Pipe Clean			
No. of holes (A/B/C)	30/40/45	40/80/100			
Computer design tool	ASPIRE				
Pipe	Inlet: External diameter 25 mm or 1.05 in (3/4 in IPS) Exhaust: External diameter 25 mm or 1.05 in (3/4 in IPS) via adaptor				
Relays	7 programmable relays (latching or non-latching states) Contacts rated 2 A @ 30 VDC (Resistive)				
IP rating	IP40				
Cable access	4 x 26 mm (1.02 in) cable entries				
Cable termination	Screw Terminal blocks 0.2–2.5 sq mm (24–14 AWG)				
Dynamic Range	0.000%/m to 32%/m (0.0000%/ft to 10%/ft)				
Sensitivity Range	0.005 to 20% obs/m (0.0016% to 6.25% obs/ft)				
Threshold setting range	Alert: 0.005% to 2.0% obs/m (0.0016% to 0.625% obs/ft) Action: 0.005% to 2.0% obs/m (0.0016% to 0.625% obs/ft) Fire1: 0.010% to 2.0% obs/m (0.0031% to 0.625% obs/ft) Fire2: 0.020% to 20.0% obs/m (0.0063% to 6.25% obs/ft)				
Software features	Event log: Up to 20,000 events Smoke level, user actions, alarms and faults with time and date stamp AutoLearn: Detector learns Alarm Thresholds and Flow Fault thresholds by monitoring the environment.				

3.5" Display



LED	Description
	Fire 2
	Fire 1
	Action
	Alert
	Disabled
	Fault
	Power

Home Page

Icon on Display	Description
	Smoke and Alarm Threshold Levels
	Detector OK
	Detector Fault
	Aspirator Fault
	Airflow Fault
	Power Fault
	Filter Fault
	Smoke Chamber Fault
	VESDAnet Fault
	StaX Module Fault

Ordering Information

Ordering Code	Description
VEP-A00-1P	VESDA-E VEP with LEDs, 1 pipe, Plastic Enclosure
VEP-A00-P	VESDA-E VEP with LEDs, 4 pipe, Plastic Enclosure
VEP-A10-P	VESDA-E VEP with 3.5" Display, 4 pipe, Plastic Enclosure

Spare Parts

VSP-960	VESDA-E Mounting Bracket	VSP-964-03	VESDA-E Smoke Detection Chamber – MK3
VSP-961	VESDA-E Exhaust adaptor US	VSP-965	VESDA-E Sampling Module
VSP-962	VESDA-E Filter	VSP-968	VESDA-E VEP-A00-P/1P Front Cover Plastic (LEDs)
VSP-962-20	VESDA-E Filter - 20 Pieces	VSP-969	VESDA-E VEP-A10-P Front Cover Plastic (3.5" Display)
VSP-963	VESDA-E Aspirator	VKT-850	VESDA-E VEP Demo Kit
VSP-964	VESDA-E Smoke Detection Chamber		

Approvals Compliance

Please refer to the Product Guide for details regarding compliant design, installation and commissioning.

VESDA-E VEU

VEU-A00, VEU-A10



The VEU series of aspirating smoke detectors are the premium detector of the VESDA-E range. An Ultra-wide sensitivity range; 15 times greater than VESDA VLP, and provision for more sampling holes provide an increased coverage in high airflow applications by at least 40%. Considerably longer linear pipe runs and extended branched pipe network configurations cater perfectly to applications with higher ceilings providing an increased coverage by up to 80% whilst allowing convenient detector mounting for ease of service and maintenance. A range of revolutionary new features provide unsurpassed detection performance, flexibility, field programmability, connectivity and reduced total cost of ownership.



Flair Detection Technology

Flair is the revolutionary detection chamber that forms the core of the VESDA-E VEU, providing higher stability and increased longevity. Direct imaging of the sampled particles using a CMOS imager combined with multiple photodiodes allows better detection and fewer nuisance alarms.

Installation, Commissioning and Operation

VESDA-E VEU features a robust IP40-rated enclosure and is equipped with a powerful aspirator that provides a total pipe length of 800 m (2,625 ft). Out of box operation is made possible with AutoConfig which allows airflow normalisation and AutoLearn Smoke and Flow to be initiated from within the detector. VEU is fully supported by the ASPIRE and Xtralis VSC software applications which facilitate ease of pipe network design, system commissioning and maintenance.

VESDAnet™

VESDA devices communicate on VESDAnet which provides a robust bi-directional communication network allowing continued redundant operation even during single point wiring failures. VESDAnet enables primary reporting, centralized configuration, control, maintenance and monitoring.

Ethernet Connectivity

VESDA-E detectors offer connectivity to corporate networks via Ethernet, allowing for devices installed with Xtralis monitoring and configuration software to connect to the detector.

Backward Compatibility

VESDA-E VEU is fully compatible with existing VESDA installations. The detector occupies the same mounting footprint, pipe, conduit and electrical connector positioning as VESDA VLP. VEU is also compatible with existing VESDAnet installations allowing monitoring of both VESDA-E and legacy detectors via the latest iVESDA application.

Features

- Flair detection technology delivers reliable very early warning in a wide range of environments with minimal nuisance alarms
- Short wavelength laser-based detection:
 - High sensitivity from small particle light scattering
 - No drift compensation required since focused light directed at target gives low backgrounds
 - High stability with temperature and time
- Multi stage filtration and optical protection with clean air barriers ensures lifetime detection performance
- Four alarm levels and an ultra wide sensitivity range deliver optimum protection for the widest range of applications
- Intuitive LCD icon display provides instant status information for immediate response
- Flow fault thresholds per port accommodate varying airflow conditions
- Smart on-board filter retains dust count and remaining filter life for predictable maintenance
- Extensive event log (20,000 events) for event analysis and system diagnostics
- AutoLearn™ smoke and flow for reliable and rapid commissioning
- Referencing to accommodate external environmental conditions to minimise nuisance alarms
- Backward compatible with VLP and VESDAnet
- Remote monitoring with iVESDA for system review and proactive maintenance
- Ethernet for connectivity with Xtralis software for configuration, secondary monitoring and maintenance

- USB for PC configuration, and firmware upgrade using a memory stick
- Two programmable GPIs (1 monitored) for flexible remote control
- Field replaceable sub-assemblies enable faster service and maximum uptime

Listings / Approvals

- UL
 - ULC
 - CSFM
 - FM
 - VdS
 - NF-SSI (www.marque-nf.com)
 - CE
 - UKCA
 - ActivFire
 - CCC
 - EN 54-20, ISO 7240-20
 - Class A (80 holes / Fire 1 = 0.015% obs/m)
 - Class B (80 holes / Fire 1 = 0.026% obs/m)
 - Class C (100 holes / Fire 1 = 0.062% obs/m)
- Classification of any configuration is determined using ASPIRE.*

Regional approvals listings and regulatory compliance vary between product models. Refer to www.xtralis.com for the latest product approvals matrix.

VESDA-E VEU

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS



Specifications

Supply Voltage	18-30 VDC (24 V Nominal)					
Power Consumption @ 24VDC	VEU-A00			VEU-A10		
Aspirator Setting	1	5	10	1	5	10
Power (Quiescent)	7.0 W	9.0W	14.7 W	8.0 W	10.0 W	15.5 W
Power (In Alarm)	7.8 W	9.8 W	15.5 W	8.8 W	10.8 W	16.3 W
Dimensions (WHD)	350 mm x 225 mm x 135 mm (13.8 in x 8.9 in x 5.3 in)					
Weight	5.3 kg (11.7 lbs)			5.3 kg (11.7 lbs)		
Operating Conditions	Ambient: 0°C to 38°C (32°F to 100°F) Sampled Air: -20°C to 60°C (-4°F to 140°F) * Tested to: (EN54-20) -10°C to 55°C (14°F to 131°F) Humidity: 5% to 95% RH, non-condensing					
Maximum area of coverage	6,500 m ² (69,965 sq.ft)**					
Minimum airflow per pipe	15 l/m					
Pipe lengths depending on number of pipes in use	1 Pipe	2 Pipes	3 Pipes	4 Pipes		
	160 m (524 ft)	150 m (492 ft)	130 m (426 ft)	100 m (328 ft)		
Maximum pipe lengths	Total Pipe Length (with branches): 800 m (2625 ft)					
StaX	PSU, Auto Pipe Clean					
No. of holes (A/B/C)	80/80/100					
Computer design tool	ASPIRE					
Pipe	Inlet: External diameter 25 mm or 1.05 in (3/4 in IPS) Exhaust: External diameter 25mm or 1.05 in (3/4 in IPS) via adaptor					
Relays	7 programmable relays (latch or non-latch states) Contacts rated 2 A @ 30 VDC (Resistive)					
IP rating	IP40					
Cable access	4 x 26 mm (1.02 in) cable entries					
Cable termination	Screw Terminal blocks 0.2–2.5 sq mm (24–14 AWG)					
Measurement Range	0.0000% to 32% obs/m (0.0000 to 10% obs/ft)					
Sensitivity Range	0.001% - 20.0% obs/m (0.0003 to 6.25% obs/ft)					
Threshold setting range	Alert: 0.001%-2.0% obs/m (0.0003%-0.625% obs/ft) Action: 0.001%-2.0% obs/m (0.0003%-0.625% obs/ft) Fire1: 0.001%-2.0% obs/m (0.0003%-0.625% obs/ft) Fire2: 0.001%-20.0% obs/m (0.0003%-6.25% obs/ft)					
Software features	Event log: Up to 20,000 events Smoke level, user actions, alarms and faults with time and date stamp AutoLearn: Detector learns Alarm Thresholds and Flow Fault thresholds by monitoring the environment.					

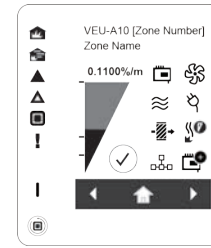
* Sampled Air temperature shall reach Ambient Detector temperature upon entry into Detector. Refer to Xtralis Design Guides & Application Notes for sampled air pre-conditioning.

** System design and regulatory requirements may restrict the monitoring area to a lesser amount.

Spare Parts

VSP-956	VESDA-E Flow Sensor Manifold	VSP-963	VESDA-E Aspirator
VSP-960	VESDA-E Mounting Bracket	VSP-964-03	VESDA-E Smoke Detection Chamber – MK3
VSP-961	VESDA-E Exhaust adaptor US	VSP-965	VESDA-E Sampling Module
VSP-962	VESDA-E Filter	VSP-966	VESDA-E VEU-A00 Front Cover - Aluminium - LEDs
VSP-962-20	VESDA-E Filter - 20 Pieces	VSP-967	VESDA-E VEU-A10 Front Cover - Aluminum - LCD - 3.5" Display

3.5" Display



LED	Description
	Fire 2
	Fire 1
	Action
	Alert
	Disabled
	Fault
	Power

Home Page

Icon on Display	Description
	Smoke and Alarm Threshold Levels
	Detector OK
	Detector Fault
	Aspirator Fault
	Airflow Fault
	Power Fault
	Filter Fault
	Smoke Chamber Fault
	VESDAnet Fault
	StaX Module Fault

Ordering Information

Ordering Code	Description
VEU-A00	VESDA-E VEU with LED's, Aluminium Enclosure
VEU-A10	VESDA-E VEU with 3.5" Display, Aluminium Enclosure

Approvals Compliance

Please refer to the Product Guide for details regarding compliant design, installation and commissioning.