

Michaels, Puyallup WA RTU Replacement Calculation Package

P243900T-R-01 Rev. 0
August 12, 2024



SOCOTEC

PRMH20241300

Prepared for

Calculations required to be provided by
the Permittee on site for all Inspections

City of Puyallup Development & Permitting Services ISSUED PERMIT	
Building	Planning
Engineering	Public Works
Fire	Traffic

Michaels
4621 S. Meridian St. Suite A905
Puyallup, WA 98373
253-864-7600

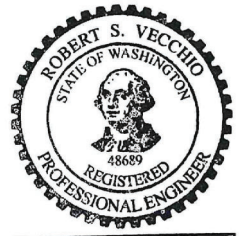
Prepared by

SOCOTEC Engineering, Inc.

Joelle Nelson, PE
Vice President

Digitally signed by Robert S. Vecchio
DN: C=US,
E=rvecchio@piny.com, O="LPI, Inc.", CN=Robert S. Vecchio
Date: 2024.08.13 08:29:48-04'00'

Robert S. Vecchio, Phd, PE
Chief Executive Officer



EXPIRES January 17, 2025

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

SOCOTEC Engineering, Inc. (SEI) performed an engineering assessment of the existing roof located at 4621 S. Meridian St. Puyallup, WA. The roof currently has six rooftop units that are to be replaced with new units. The new units are to be installed on the existing curbs with curb adapters.

RTU Unit	Original Weight (lbs)	New Weight (lbs)	Curb Adapter Weight (lbs)	Total New Weight (lbs)
RTU 1-4	2017	2,622	394	3,016
RTU 5	793	1,852	309	2,161
RTU 6	713	686	144	830

The original structure was constructed in 1998. The current code referenced standard in the State of Washington for loading is ASCE 7-16.

At RTU 1-4, the existing 30" TJS joists spaced at 4'-0" o.c. span 35 ft to 35'-9 1/2". At RTU 5-6, the existing 20" TJJL joists spaced at 4'-0" o.c. span 21-0 1/2". In addition, to the units, the joists support 3/4" plywood sheathing and a waterproofing membrane. ASCE 7-16 does not provide mapped snow data for this area. However, this information has been incorporated into ASCE 7-22. Using ASCE 7-22, snow loads govern over the 20 psf live load requirement. The maximum moments and shears have been calculated under the loads of RTU 1-4, RTU 5, and RTU 6 combined with the balanced snow and snow drift loads calculated per ASCE 7-22. These maximum moments and shears have been compared to the maximum moments and shears produced under the allowable loading. The joists under the new loads are within their allowable loading.

RTU Unit	New Mmax (k-ft)	Allowable Mmax (k-ft)	New Vmax (k)	Allowable Vmax (k)
RTU 1-4	20	32.7	3	3.6
RTU 5	8.7	14.8	2.4	3
RTU 6	11	14.8	1.9	3

The load in the glulam girders increases only slightly with the additional unit weight. They have been evaluated using RedBUILT software for the dead loads, including the unit weight, joist weight, and plywood, conservatively summed to 12 psf, and the 20 psf uniform live load and meet all requirements. The shear connection between girders sees an increase in load of only 3% and has not been evaluated per IEBC.

Seismic loads have been calculated per ASCE 7-16 and equate to 1.016x the weight of the unit. Each unit sits on at least two plywood sheets and thereby engages 8 ft of fasteners at each end. The distributed load is under 200 plf at all units and is well below the LRFD reduced capacity of $0.8 \times 640 \text{ plf} = 512 \text{ plf}$ per ANSI/AWC 2015 Special Design Provisions for Wind and Seismic.

The new connections have been conservatively designed for the live loads in ASCE 7-22 with an importance factor of 1.5.

- > The curb adapter shall be fastened to the existing curb with SDS 25212 0.25 inch x 2.5 inch at 16 inch o.c. or similar. The fasteners shall be installed through the top of the internal flange and into the top of the existing curb.
- > The RTU unit shall be strapped to the curb adapter with a minimum of (5) HRS6 x 12 Ga. Straps w/ (6) 0.25 inch – 14 fasteners.
- > The RTU unit shall be fastened to the curb adapter with ELCO Biflex 0.25 inch – 14 at 16 inch o.c. or similar.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	2
1.	ASCE HAZARD REPORT	4
2.	LOAD DERIVATION.....	7
3.	ROOF FRAMING PLAN	9
4.	SAP2000 MODEL.....	11
5.	CAPACITY OF JOISTS	18
6.	GLULAM GIRDER CALCULATIONS	22
7.	SEISMIC RTU CALCULATION.....	25
	APPENDIX A RTU 1-6 PRODUCT DATA	48
	APPENDIX B RED BUILT OPEN WEB TRUSS DATA.....	80

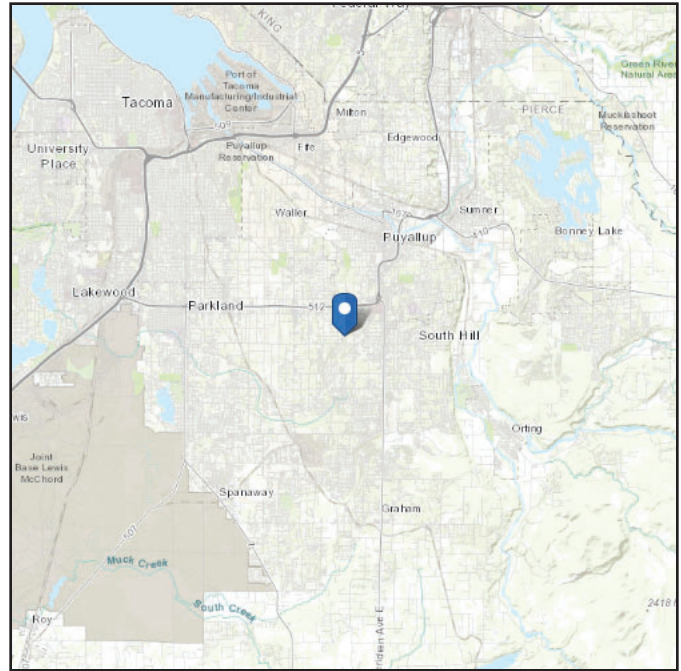
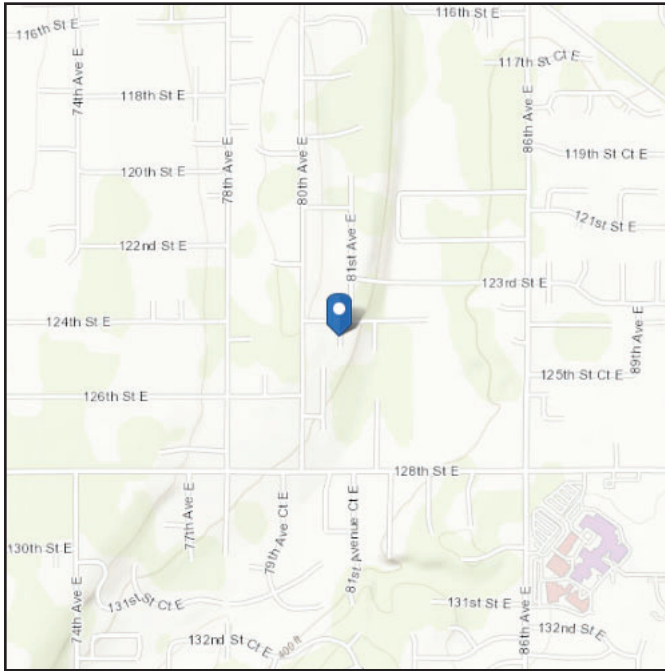
ASCE Hazards Report

ASCE Hazards Report

Address:
98373
Puyallup, Washington

Standard: ASCE/SEI 7-22
Risk Category: II
Soil Class: Default

Latitude: 47.143529
Longitude: -122.321505
Elevation: 406.65302426617717 ft
(NAVD 88)



Snow

Results:

Ground Snow Load, p_g :	43 lb/ft ² ←
20-year MRI Value:	12.93 lb/ft ²
Winter Wind Parameter:	0.35
Mapped Elevation:	430.8 ft
Data Source:	ASCE/SEI 7-22, Figures 7.6-1 and 7.6-2 A-D
Date Accessed:	Mon Aug 05 2024

Values provided are ground snow loads. In areas designated "case study required," extreme local variations in ground snow loads preclude mapping at this scale. Site-specific case studies are required to establish ground snow loads at elevations not covered.

Snow load values are mapped to a 0.5 mile resolution. This resolution can create a mismatch between the mapped elevation and the site-specific elevation in topographically complex areas. Engineers should consult the local authority having jurisdiction in locations where the reported 'elevation' and 'mapped elevation' differ significantly from each other.

Ground Snow Loads for IRC only, $p_{g(asd)}$: 30.1 lb/ft²

The ASCE Hazard Tool is provided for your convenience, for informational purposes only, and is provided "as is" and without warranties of any kind. The location data included herein has been obtained from information developed, produced, and maintained by third party providers; or has been extrapolated from maps incorporated in the ASCE standard. While ASCE has made every effort to use data obtained from reliable sources or methodologies, ASCE does not make any representations or warranties as to the accuracy, completeness, reliability, currency, or quality of any data provided herein. Any third-party links provided by this Tool should not be construed as an endorsement, affiliation, relationship, or sponsorship of such third-party content by or from ASCE.

ASCE does not intend, nor should anyone interpret, the results provided by this Tool to replace the sound judgment of a competent professional, having knowledge and experience in the appropriate field(s) of practice, nor to substitute for the standard of care required of such professionals in interpreting and applying the contents of this Tool or the ASCE standard.

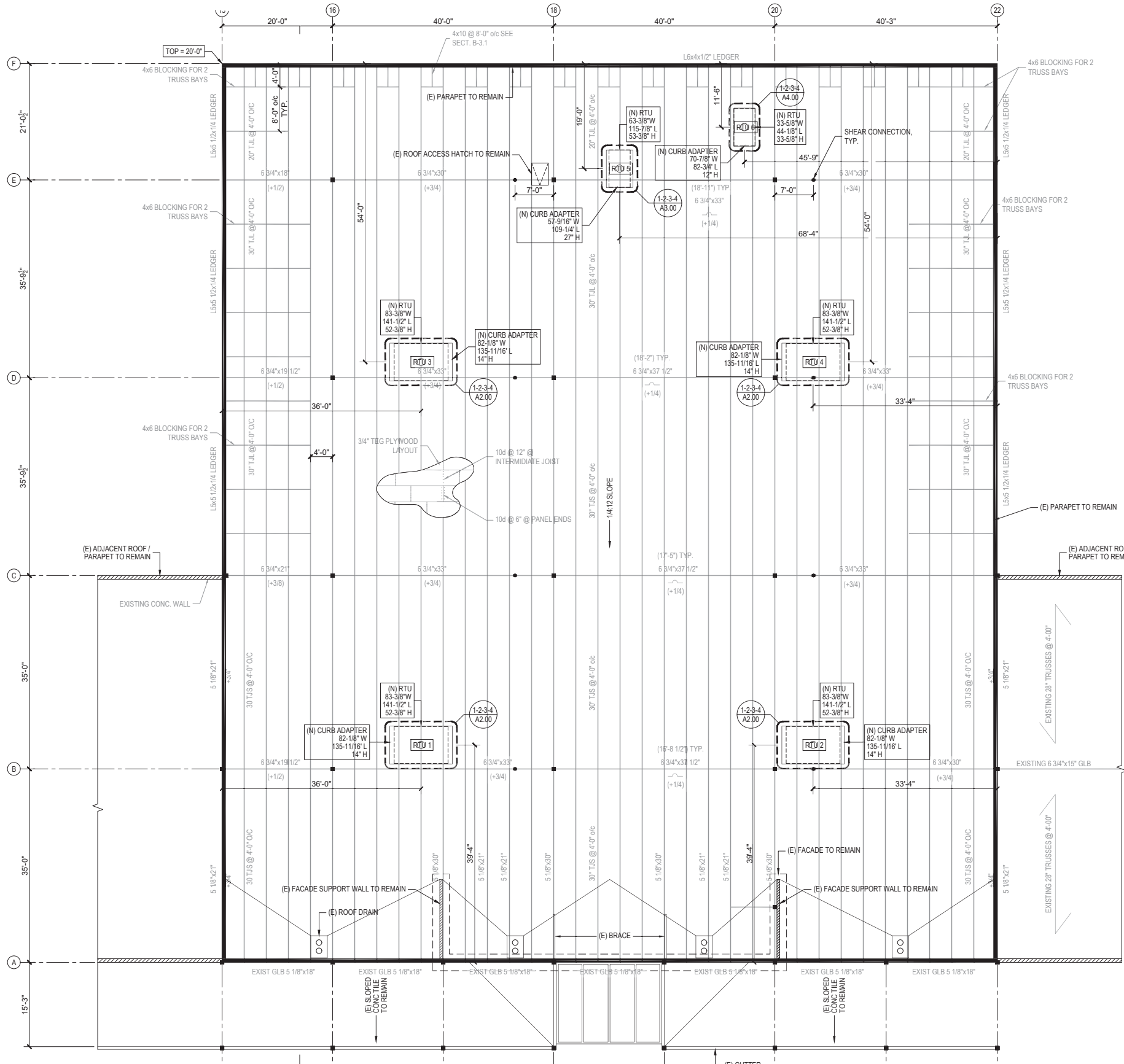
In using this Tool, you expressly assume all risks associated with your use. Under no circumstances shall ASCE or its officers, directors, employees, members, affiliates, or agents be liable to you or any other person for any direct, indirect, special, incidental, or consequential damages arising from or related to your use of, or reliance on, the Tool or any information obtained therein. To the fullest extent permitted by law, you agree to release and hold harmless ASCE from any and all liability of any nature arising out of or resulting from any use of data provided by the ASCE Hazard Tool.

Load Derivation

Spacing of joists	4 ft						
ASCE 7-22 Snow Loads							
Ground Snow Load, P_g	43 psf		mapped				
Winter Wind Parameter, W_2	0.35		mapped				
Exposure Factor, C_e	0.9		Table 7.3-1				
Thermal Factor, C_t	1.2		Table 7.3-2(conservative)				
Flat Roof Snow Load, P_f	32.51		Eq. 7.3-1				
Flat Roof Snow on joist	130 plf		← INPUT TO SAP2000				
Snow Density	19.59 lb/ft ³		Eq. 7.7-1				
Height of Balanced Snow Load, H_b	1.66 ft						
	Unit 1-2 west	Unit 5 west	Unit 5 north	Unit 6 east	Unit 6 west	Unit 6 north	
Height of Unit	4.78	4.78	4.78	3.45	3.45	3.45	ft
Length of Roof Upwind of Drift, L_u	115	15	69	147	9	92	ft
Clear Height to Top of Roof Projection, H_c	3.12	3.12	3.12	1.79	1.79	1.79	ft
Drift Height, H_d	2.94	1.44	2.46	3.20	1.20	2.72	ft Eq. 7.6-1
Windward Drift Height	2.20	1.08	1.84	2.40	0.90	2.04	ft Section 7.8
Drift Width, w	8.82	4.32	7.37	9.61	3.61	8.15	ft
Max Drift Load	43.18	21.17	36.11	47.05	17.70	39.93	psf (on top of P_f)
Drift Load	173	42	83	94	35	93	plf ← INPUT TO SAP2000
	0	0		33	0		plf
Dead Load							
	Unit 1-4		Unit 5	Unit 6			
Unit Weight	3016		2161	1244			
Curb Length	9.79		6.79	6.79			
2 Point Loads	616	Dist.	159	92	← INPUT TO SAP2000		
	lb		plf	plf			

Roof Framing Plan w/RTU Locations

NOTES:
 1. ALL DIMENSIONS MUST BE VERIFIED IN FIELD. LOCATIONS OF UNITS ARE APPROXIMATE. DIMENSIONS OF THE EXISTING ROOF STRUCTURAL ELEMENTS ARE BASED UPON THE ORIGINAL DRAWINGS. ACTUAL CONDITIONS MAY VARY.



SOCOTEC ENGINEERING, INC.
 151 W 42nd St, 24TH FLOOR
 New York, NY 10036
 www.SOCOTEC.us

SOCOTEC

DATE	AUGUST 12, 2024
REVISION	HT DINH / J. NELSON
EC Engineering	FOR REFERENCE

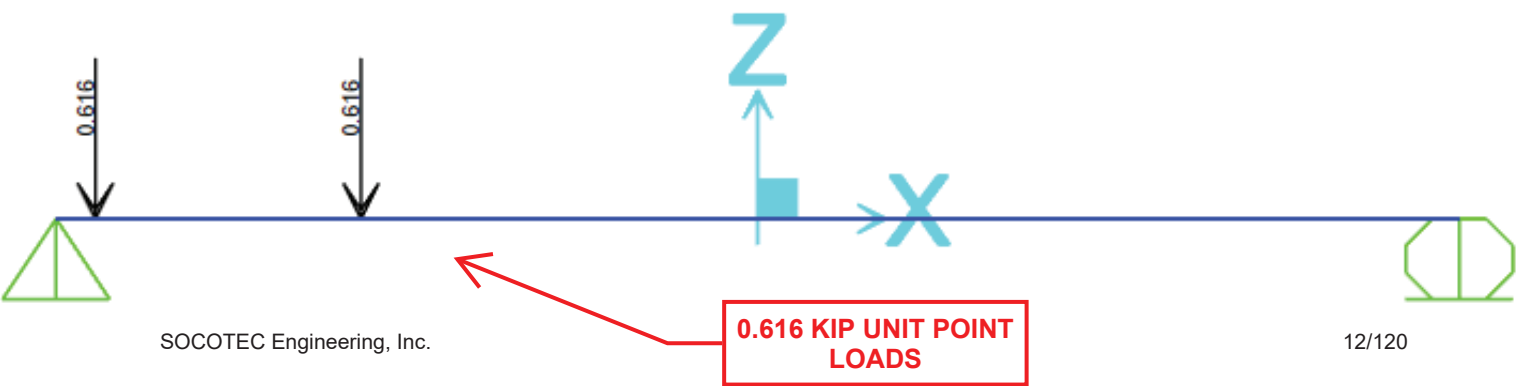
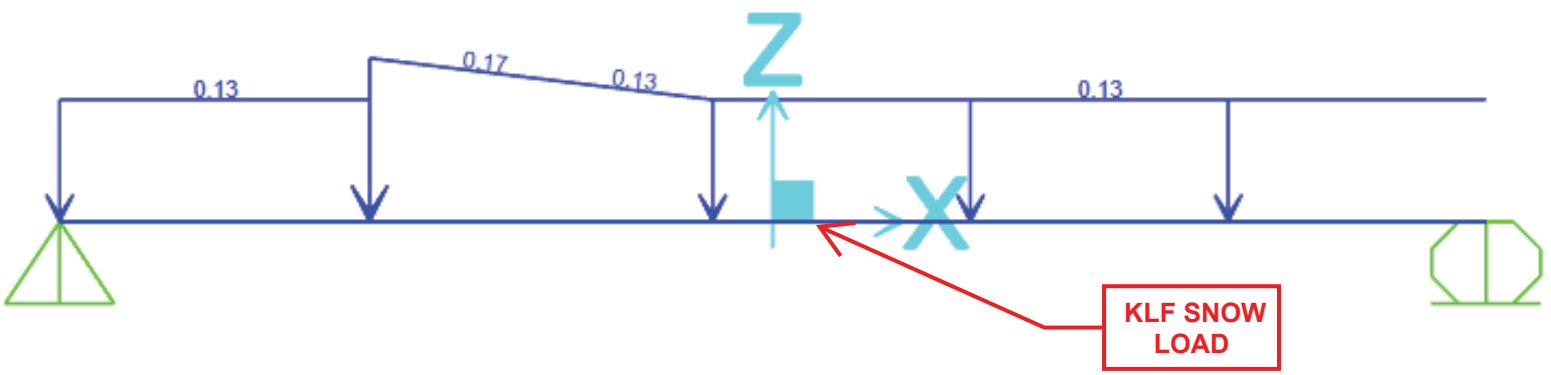
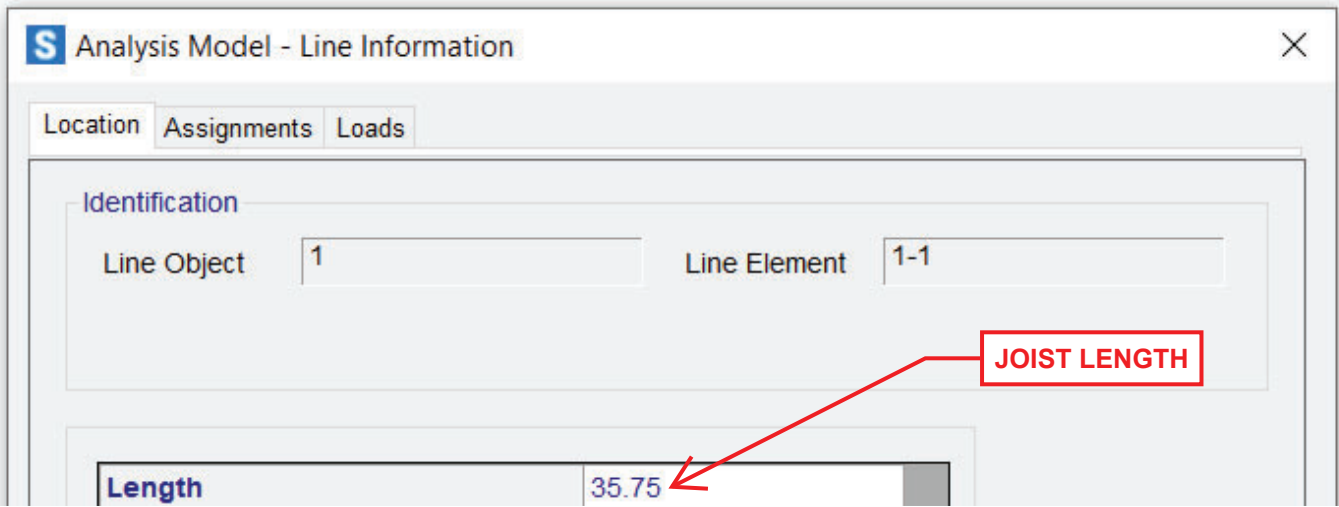
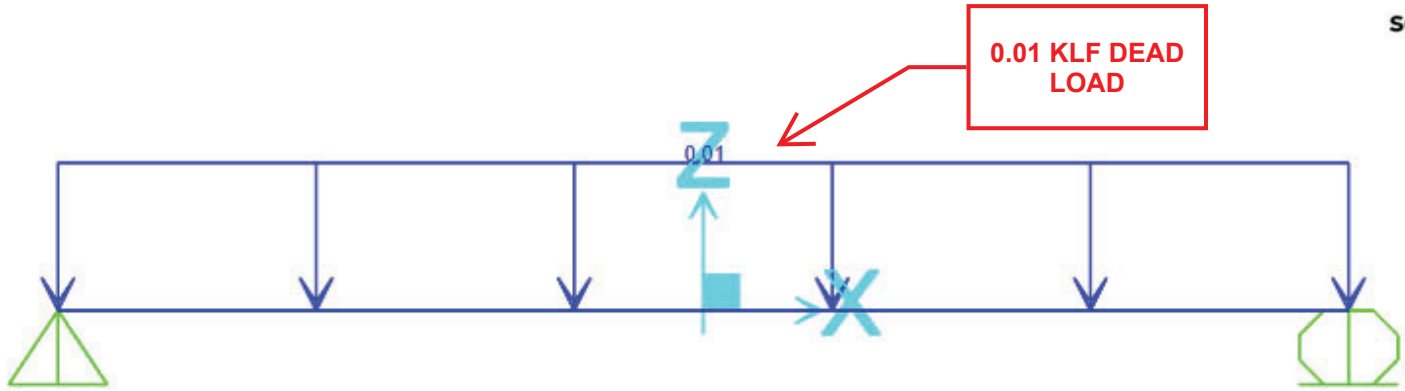
Michael's - 4621 S. Meridian St., Puyallup, WA

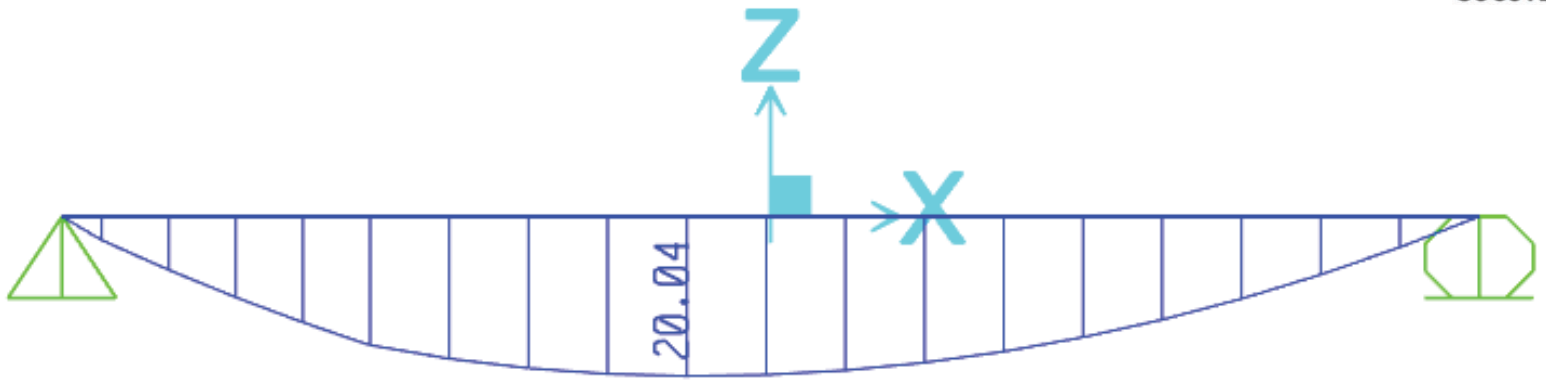
DESCRIPTION

ROOF PLAN

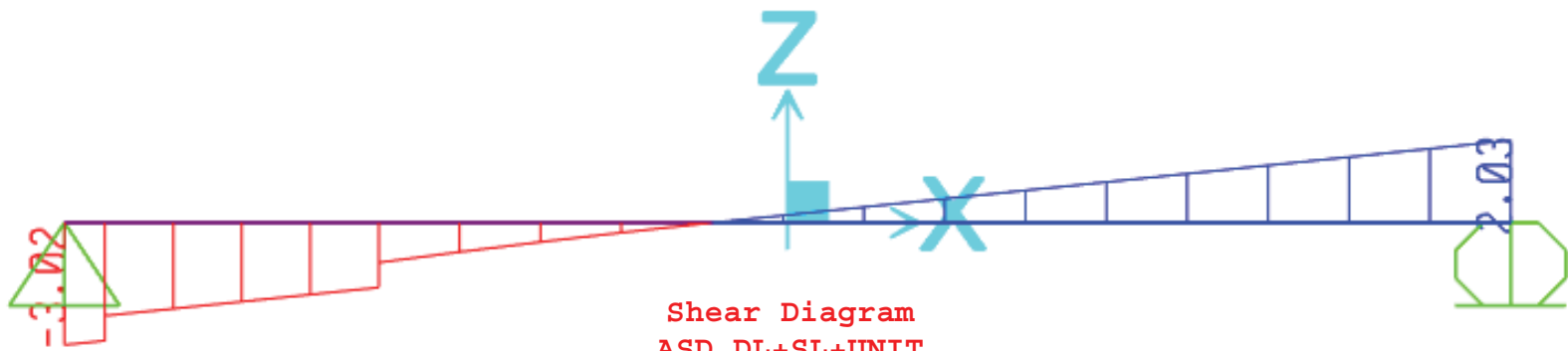
SHEET NO.	SSK-100
PROJECT NO.	10/120 P243900T

SAP2000 MODEL

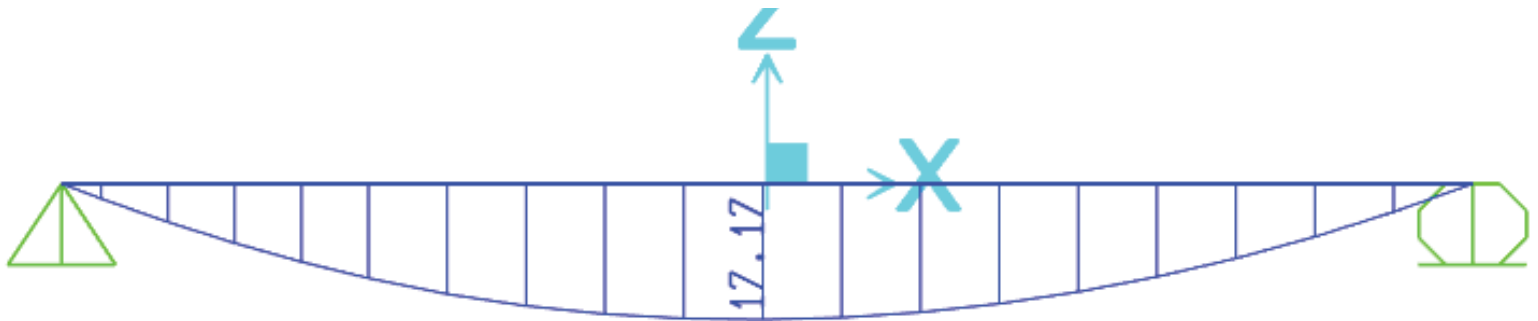




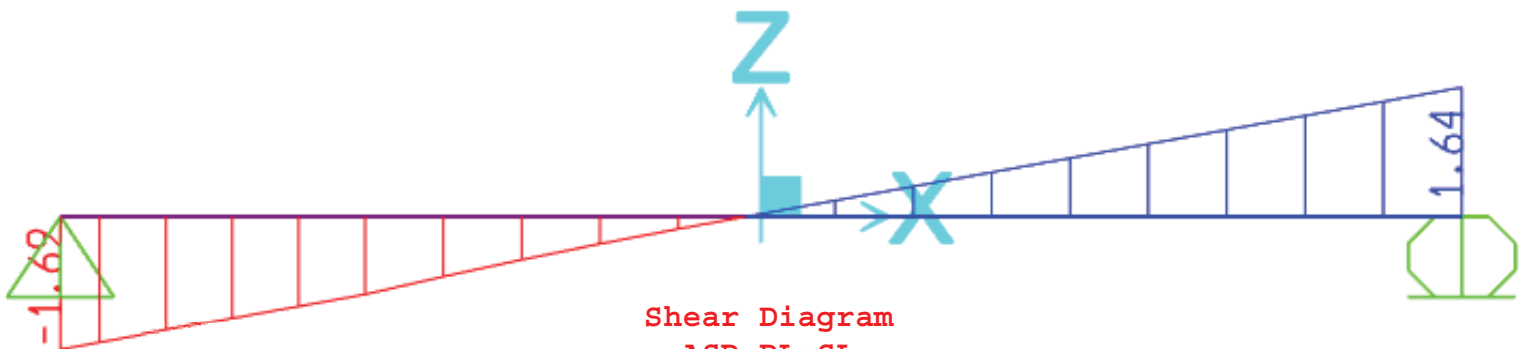
Moment Diagram
ASD DL+SL+UNIT
KIP-FT



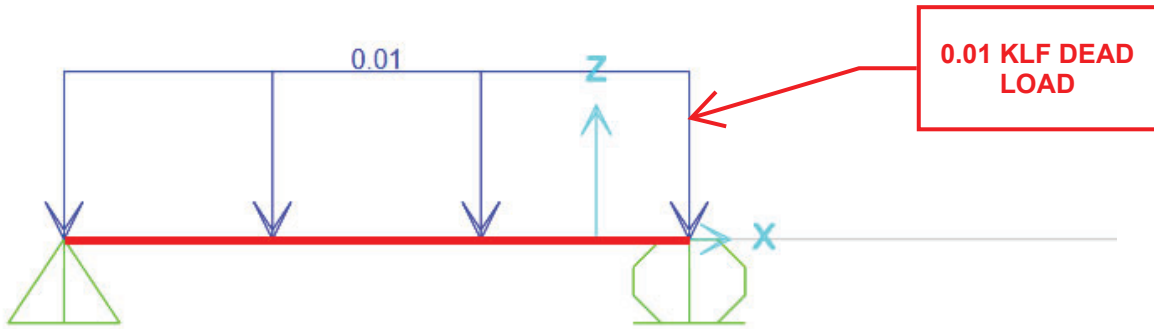
Shear Diagram
ASD DL+SL+UNIT
KIP



Moment Diagram
ASD DL+SL
KIP-FT



Shear Diagram
ASD DL+SL
KIP



0.01 KLF DEAD LOAD

Object Model - Line Information

Location Assignments Loads Design

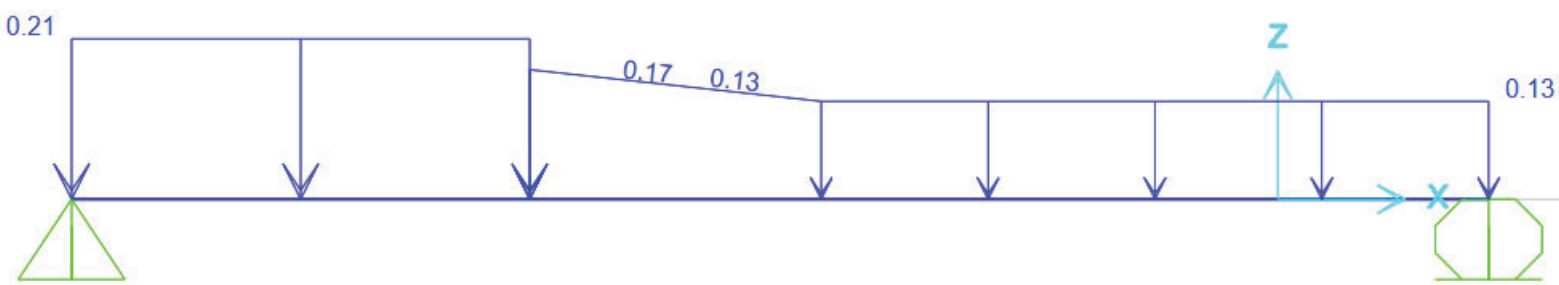
Identification

Label 1 Design Procedure Steel Frame

GUID: b439b28e-02ca-4148-84ee-1c37a24a6f2d

Length 21.

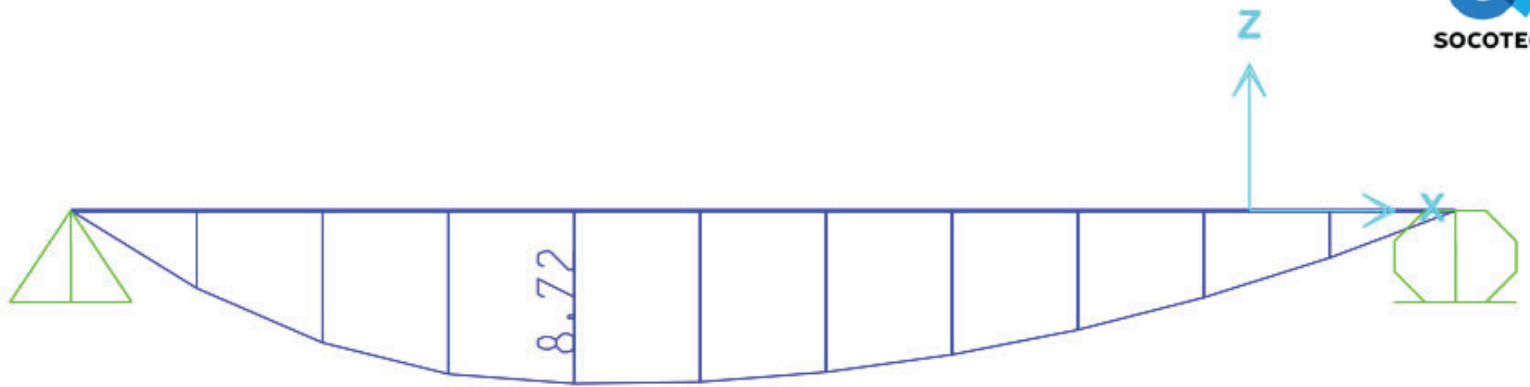
JOIST LENGTH



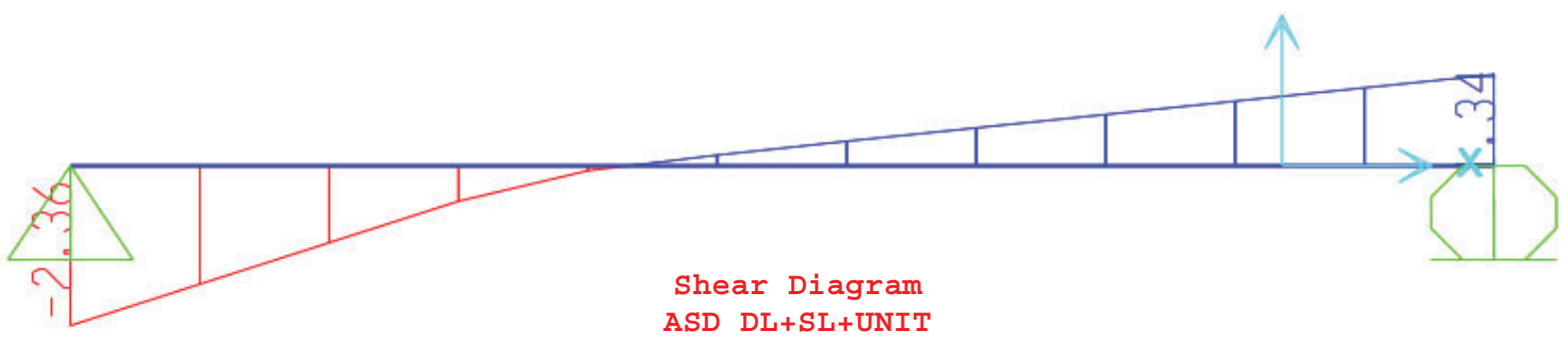
SNOW LOAD
KIP PER LINEAR FOOT



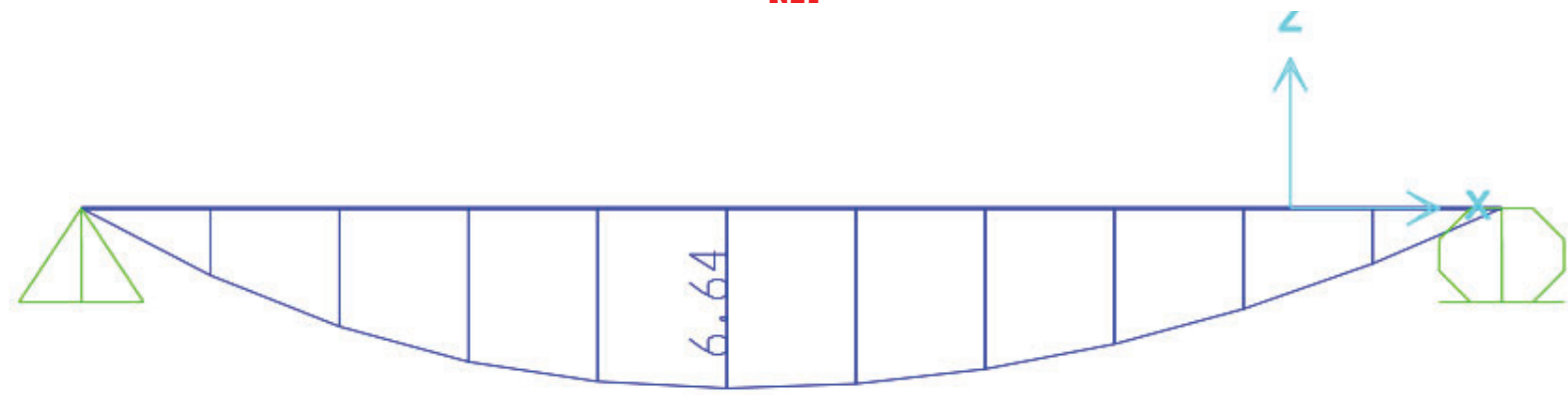
UNIT LOAD
0.16 KIP PER LINEAR FOOT



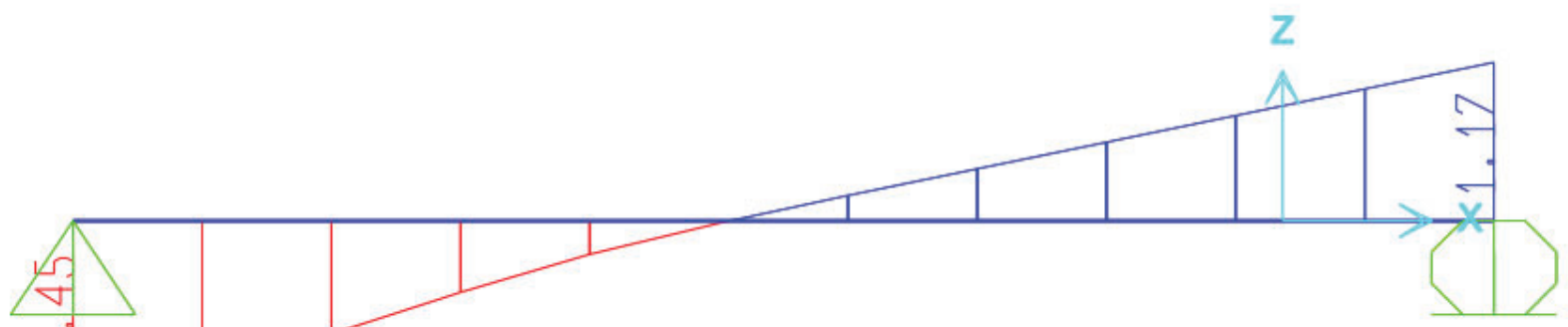
Moment Diagram
ASD DL+SL+UNIT
KIP-FT



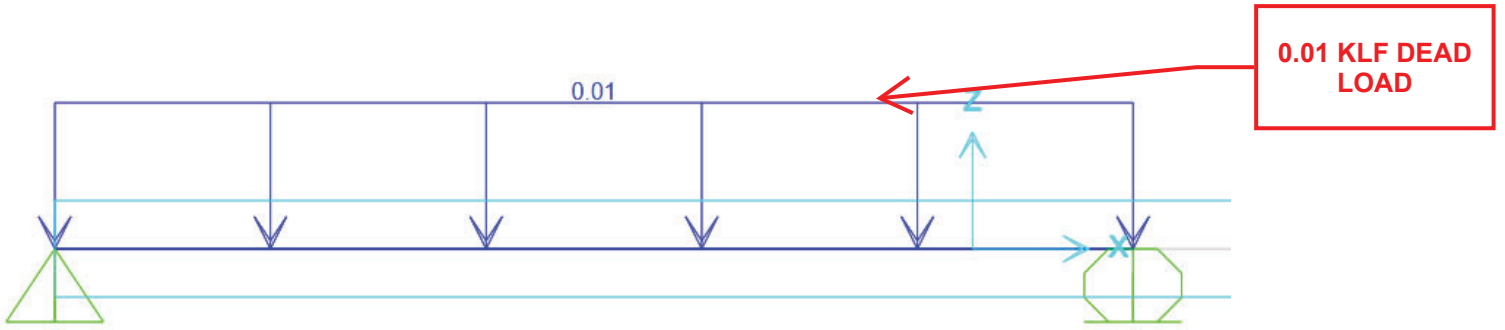
Shear Diagram
ASD DL+SL+UNIT
KIP



Moment Diagram
ASD DL+SL
KIP-FT



Shear Diagram
ASD DL+SL
KIP



S Analysis Model - Line Information

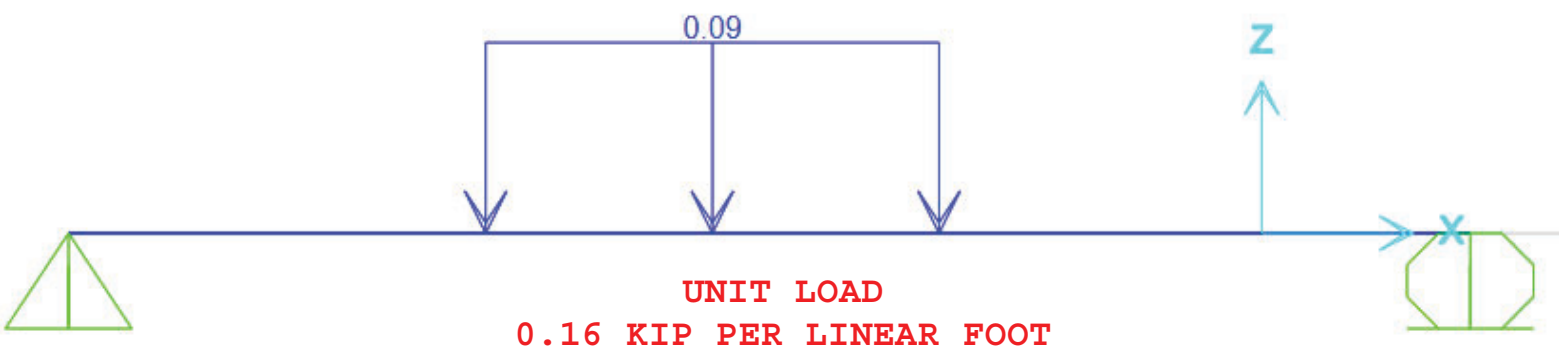
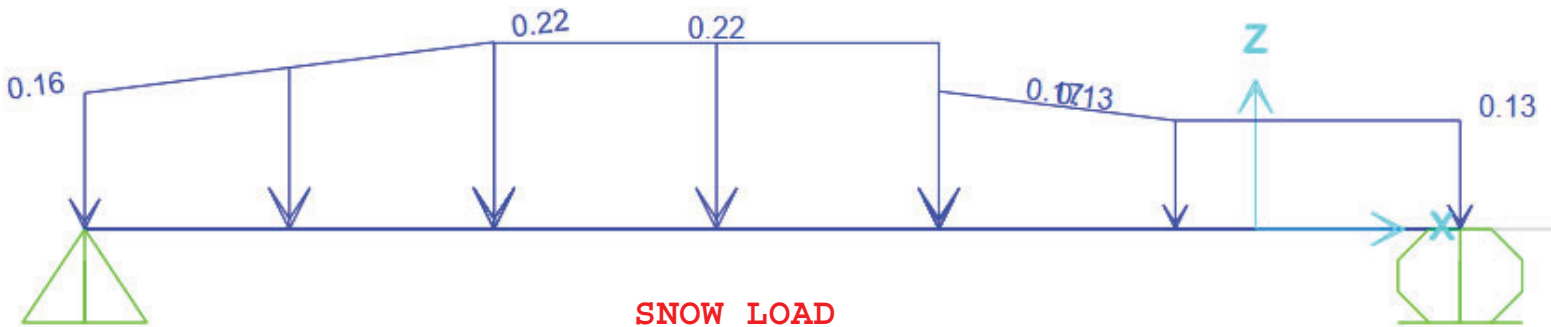
Location Assignments Loads

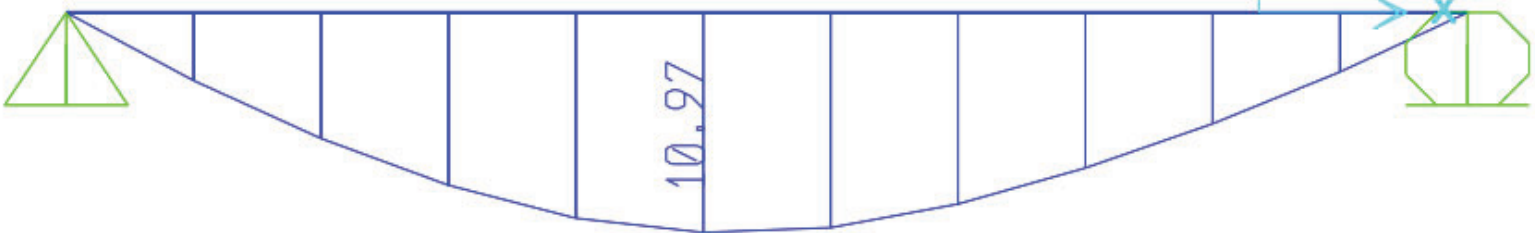
Identification

Line Object Line Element

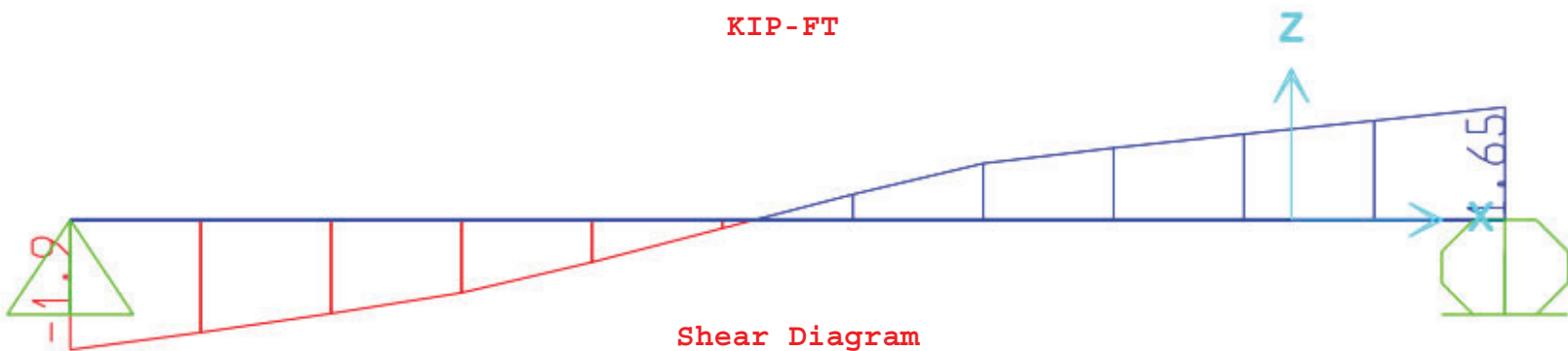
Length

JOIST LENGTH

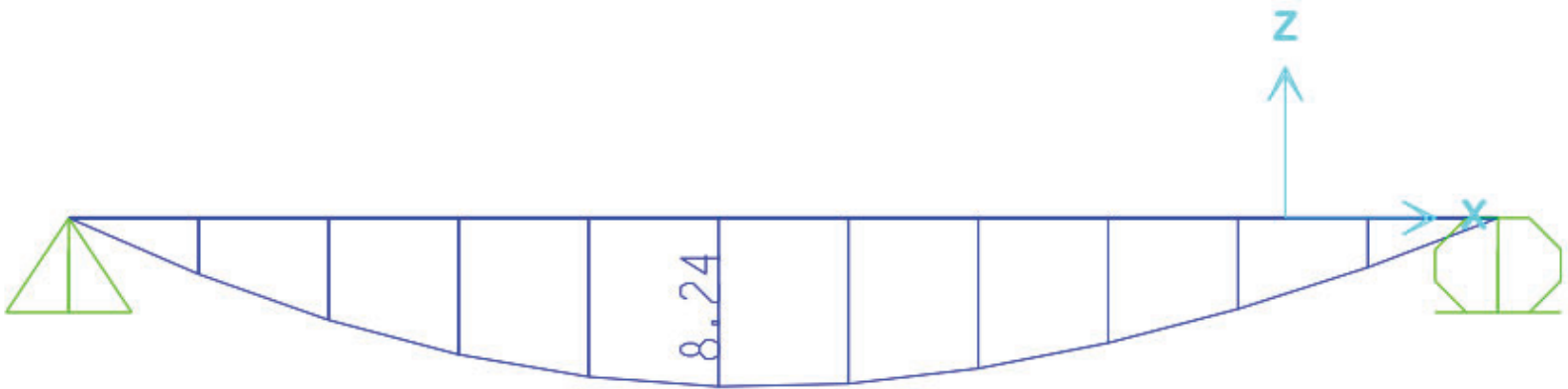




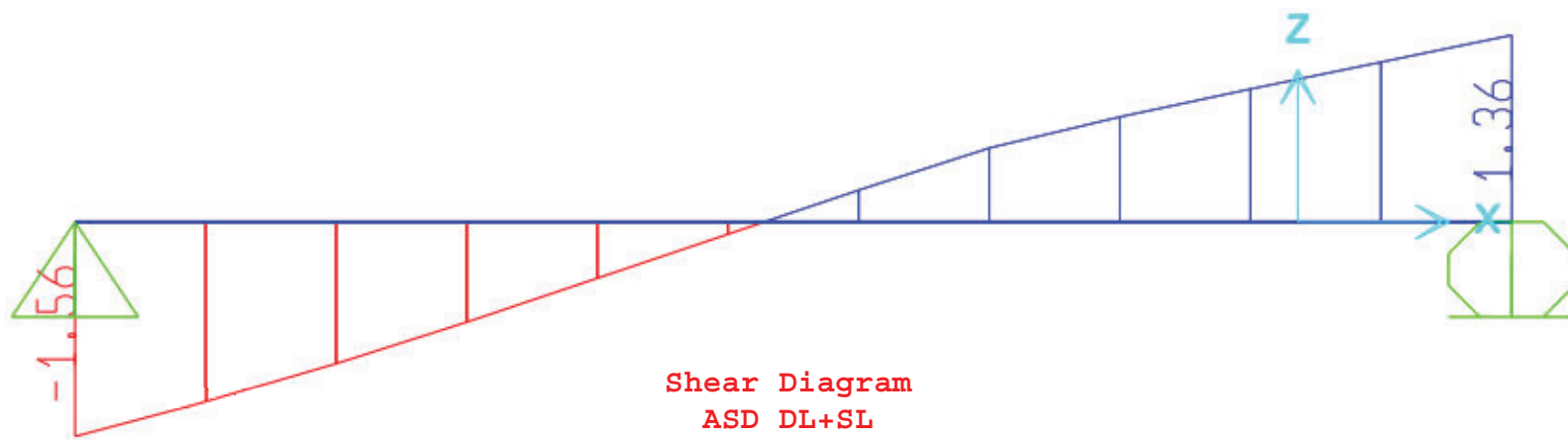
Moment Diagram
ASD DL+SL+UNIT
KIP-FT



Shear Diagram
ASD DL+SL+UNIT
KIP



Moment Diagram
ASD DL+SL
KIP-FT



Shear Diagram
ASD DL+SL
KIP

CAPACITY OF JOISTS



Open-Web Trusses



Including Red-L™, Red-W™, Red-S™, Red-M™ and Red-H™ Trusses



Download your free copy at RedBuilt.com.

Specify Open-Web trusses for your next project using RedSpec™ single-member sizing software.

- Outstanding Strength-to-Weight Performance
- Easy Installation
- Custom Manufacturing
- Design Flexibility
- Economical Truss Solutions
- Limited Product Warranty

RED-S™ TRUSS ALLOWABLE UNIFORM LOAD TABLE (PLF) / PARALLEL CHORD

SEE PAGE 4 FOR ECONOMICAL TRUSS DESIGN

Load Tables

Span	Depth																											
	16"		18"		20"		22"		24"		26"		28"		30"		32"		34"		36"		38"		40"		42"	
	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL
16'	399	459	465	528	487	558	496	570	464	533	467	516	416	478	434	463	403	463	363	417	348	419	347	399	312	359	317	362
18'	325	376	379	436	433	498	453	507	466	553	433	496	406	464	417	449	370	445	390	423	364	417	328	378	311	354	312	380
20'	279	321	320	367	359	413	387	449	416	479	414	501	388	457	373	427	377	423	381	409	358	410	333	384	315	381	287	360
22'	233	266	264	286	278	314	334	380	365	422	376	438	386	443	375	429	371	423	345	397	330	382	315	363	331	350	287	354
24'	196	226	219	253	250	288	279	320	309	351	338	388	355	408	354	407	342	397	339	390	318	368	318	373	296	335	291	335
26'	164	192	190	220	216	247	240	276	264	303	288	331	312	359	329	382	325	375	326	376	321	370	308	355	295	369	363	363
28'	131	166	165	190	184	214	207	238	225	262	249	286	269	310	289	334	311	355	317	358	313	358	303	348	301	349	286	324
30'	107	137	139	166	161	187	179	207	197	227	217	249	235	270	252	291	271	312	287	330	298	345	293	337	298	343	281	324
32'	88	114	115	146	143	164	159	182	175	201	187	219	207	238	223	256	236	274	255	293	271	311	281	324	273	316	274	315
34'	95	124	120	145	141	162	152	178	167	194	180	211	195	227	209	243	221	259	240	276	254	292	267	303	273	302	302	302
36'	80	104	102	129	125	144	137	159	148	173	160	188	176	202	189	217	199	232	214	246	227	261	239	275	251	285	285	285
38'	69	90	87	113	107	129	123	143	132	151	145	164	155	178	168	195	179	208	192	220	200	234	215	247	226	258	258	258
40'	59	77	74	96	92	117	110	129	119	140	129	152	139	164	151	176	160	188	174	200	184	211	193	223	204	233	233	233

Units 1-4

202 PLF Allowable Uniform Load
SEE BELOW for Demand v. Capacity Comparison

		Joist Demand v. Capacity																		
		Demand	Allowable	Demand	Demand	Allowable														
		Units 1-4	Units 1-4	Unit 5	Unit 6	Unit 5 & 6														
Mmax		20.02	32.7	8.72	10.97	14.75	k-ft													
Vmax		3.02	3.6	2.36	1.9	2.95	k													
OK/ NOT OK?		OK		OK		OK														
60'			36	43	51	61	71	74	84	77	89	82	94	86	99	90	105			
			36	44	50	61	70	81	91	31	97	35	102	39	108	43	114			
62'			33	40	44	54	64	70	78		83	77	88	81	93	85	98			
			33	40	47	54	64	74	83		90	32	96	35	101	38	107			

- See page 5 for available depths and profiles. For depths and profiles not shown, contact your RedBuilt technical representative for assistance.
- Red numbers refer to 115% Total Load (TL).

General Notes continued from page 8

To size floor trusses:

Check both total load (100% TL) and live load (100% LL). When live load is not shown, total load will control. Total load values limit deflection to L/240. Live load values are based on the **Commercial Floor Deflection Limit** shown on page 35, and assume a nailed floor system. Live load (100% LL) values may be increased with a glue-nailed floor system; contact your RedBuilt technical representative for assistance.

To size roof trusses:

Check the appropriate snow load area (115% TL) or non-snow load area (125% TL) value to determine the maximum allowable total load. Total load (115% TL and 125% TL) values limit truss deflection to L/180.

Consult local codes to verify deflection limits required for specific applications.

Trusses delivered to the jobsite are custom manufactured to resist only project specific application loads provided by the design professional. Actual trusses may not be able to resist the maximum loads shown in the tables above. For questions regarding actual truss capacity contact your RedBuilt technical representative.

RED-L™ TRUSS ALLOWABLE UNIFORM LOAD TABLE (PLF) / PARALLEL CHORD

SEE PAGE 4 FOR ECONOMICAL TRUSS DESIGN

Span	Depth												Units 5 & 6		
	14"		16"		18"		20"		22"		24"			26"	
	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL		100% LL	125% TL
14'	292	341	329	383	376	400	380	412	340	390	309	360	299	356	
	208	370	254	395	323	412	367	429	422	422	385	385	305	386	
16'	265	306	306	340	341	361	342	366	335	369	338	351	305	350	
	143	311	190	361	232	370	270	376	318	380	375	375	380	380	
18'	215	250	200	286	232	319	309	328	301	332	315	334	301	332	
	110	271	145	306	180	329	215	333	250	340	278	336	339	339	
20'	184	208	171	245	184	275	203	295	227	297	283	299	291	297	
	84	229	109	260	139	292	167	298	197	303	226	305	255	310	
22'	158	177	142	204	160	233	177	260	200	272	220	271	270	275	
	66	192	84	217	110	252	134	269	155	271	184	276	196	280	
24'	133	150	133	174	143	199	157	223	173	239	185	247	202	249	
	52	164	68	189	88	215	106	241	126	251	146	252	167	254	

295 PLF Allowable Uniform Load

SEE below for Demand v. Capacity Comparison

Joist Demand v. Capacity

	Demand	Allowable	Demand	Demand	Allowable	
	Units 1-4	Units 1-4	Unit 5	Unit 6	Unit 5 & 6	
<i>M_{max}</i>	20.02	32.7	8.72	10.97	14.75	k-ft
<i>V_{max}</i>	3.02	3.6	2.36	1.9	2.95	k
OK/ NOT OK?	OK		OK	OK		

48'		32	41	52	62	68	79
50'			36	45	54	62	65
			36	45	56	62	73
52'			32	40	49	57	61
			33	39	50	59	63
54'				35	43	52	55
				36	43	53	62
56'				32	40	48	54
				33	40	47	56
58'					36	43	48
					36	42	49
60'					33	39	46
					33	39	44

- See page 5 for available depths and profiles. For depths and profiles not shown, contact your RedBuilt technical representative for assistance.
- Red numbers refer to 115% Total Load (TL).

General Notes

- Values shown demonstrate maximum allowable load capacities based on the following assumptions:
 - Simple span, uniformly loaded conditions, with provisions for positive drainage (¼:12 slope, minimum) in roof applications.
 - Span indicates distance from inside face to inside face of bearing.
 - Top chord no-notch bearing clips with 1¾" bearing. Higher values may be possible with other types of bearing clips.
- Straight line interpolations may be made between depths and spans.
- Values in shaded areas may be increased 7% for repetitive-member use.
- Bold italic values are controlled by minimum concentrated load analysis of 2,000 lbs. Higher loads are possible where minimum concentrated load analysis is not required by code. Contact your RedBuilt technical representative for assistance.

General Notes continued on page 7

Trusses delivered to the jobsite are custom manufactured to resist only project specific application loads provided by the design professional. Actual trusses may not be able to resist the maximum loads shown in the tables above. For questions regarding actual truss capacity contact your RedBuilt technical representative.

Glulam Girder Calculation



RedSpec™ by RedBuilt™
v7.1.17

Project: Michaels
Location: 6-3/4"x33" with RTU3
Folder: Folder
Date: 8/6/24 9:38 PM
Designer: Joelle Nelson, PE
Comment:

Type: Type

6.75"x33" GLB 24F-V8 DF

This product meets or exceeds the set design controls for the application and loads listed

DESIGN CONTROLS	%	Design	Allow.	DOL	Combination	Pattern	Pass/Fail
Shear (lb)	42%	20472	49191	Roof(125%)	1.0D+1.0Lr	All Spans	PASS
Positive Moment (ft-lb)	90%	228136	254465	Roof(125%)	1.0D+1.0Lr	All Spans	PASS

DEFLECTIONS (in)	%	Design	Allow.	Design	Allow.	Combination	Pattern	Pass/Fail
Span Live	45%	0.830	1.850	L / 535	L / 240	1.0Lr	All Spans	PASS
Span Total	62%	1.526	2.467	L / 291	L / 180	1.0D+1.0Lr	All Spans	PASS

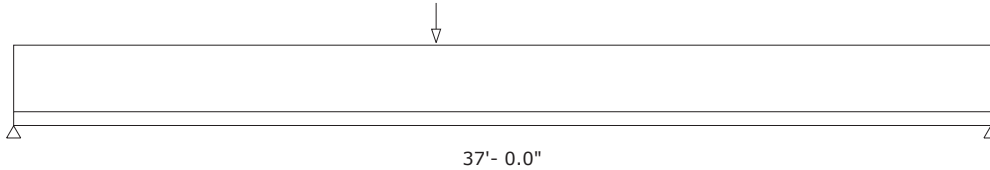
SUPPORTS	Support 1	Support 2
Live Reaction, Critical (lb) (DOL%)	13243 (125)	13243 (125)
Dead Reaction (lb)	10527	10151
Total Reaction (lb) (DOL%)	23770 (125)	23394 (125)
Bearing	Flush	Flush
Support	Beam	Beam
Req'd Bearing (in)	5.42	5.33

HANGERS	Model	Top	Face	Member	Header	Size
Left	None Found					
Right	None Found					

SPANS AND LOADS

Dimensions represent horizontal design spans.

Member Slope: 0/12



APPLICATION LOADS

Type	Units	DOL	Live	Dead	Partition	Tributary	Member Type
Uniform	psf	Roof(125%)	20	12	0	35'-9.5"	Roof Beam

ADDITIONAL LOADS

Type	Units	DOL	Live	Dead	Location from left	Application	Comment
Point	lb	Roof(125%)	0	2784	16'-0.0"	Adds To	

NOTES

- Building code and design methodology: 2021 IBC ASD (US).
- Product Acceptance: ICC-ES ESR-2993 and LABC/LARC Supplement.
- No repetitive member increase applied in design.
- Support bearing length requirements must be checked separately.
- Continuous lateral support required at top edge. Lateral support required at bearings for bottom edge.
- Member weight of 54.1 plf is added to dead load.

C:\Users\jnelson\OneDrive - SOCOTEC\Projects\P243900T - CBRE Michaels WA\CBRE Michaels.red

8/6/2024 9:38:54 PM

Michaels : Folder : Type

Page 1 of 1

The products noted are intended for interior, untreated, non-corrosive applications with normal temperatures and dry conditions of use, and must be installed in accordance with local building code requirements and RedBuilt™ recommendations. The loads, spans, and spacing have been provided by others and must be approved for the specific application by the design professional for the project. Unless otherwise noted, this output has not been reviewed by a RedBuilt™ associate. PRODUCT SUBSTITUTION VOIDS THIS ANALYSIS.

RedBuilt™, RedSpec™, Red-I™, Red-I45™, Red-I45L™, Red-I58™, Red-I65™, Red-I90™, Red-I90H™, Red-I90HS™, Red-L™, Red-W™, Red-S™, Red-M™, Red-H™, Red-Lam™, Red-Lam™, Red-Lam™ are trademarks of RedBuilt LLC, Boise ID, USA. Copyright © 2010-2024 RedBuilt LLC. All rights reserved. 23/120



RedSpec™ by RedBuilt™
v7.1.17

Project: Michaels
Location: 6-3/4x33 with RTU5 & RTU6
Folder: Folder
Date: 8/6/24 9:54 PM
Designer: Joelle Nelson, PE
Comment:

Type: Type

6.75"x33" GLB 24F-V8 DF

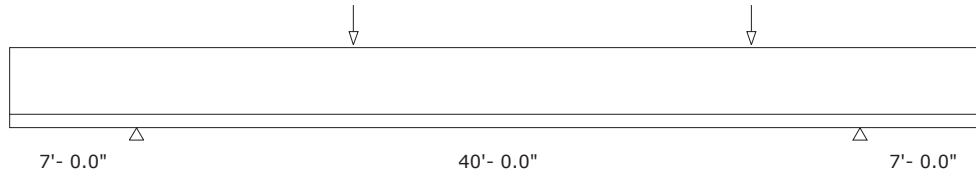
This product meets or exceeds the set design controls for the application and loads listed

DESIGN CONTROLS	%	Design	Allow.	DOL	Combination	Pattern	Pass/Fail
Shear (lb)	38%	18523	49191	Roof(125%)	1.0D+1.0Lr	Adjacent First Support	PASS
Positive Moment (ft-lb)	78%	197011	252489	Roof(125%)	1.0D+1.0Lr	Even Members	PASS
Negative Moment (ft-lb)	16%	-23605	148523	Roof(125%)	1.0D+1.0Lr	All Spans	PASS
DEFLECTIONS (in)							
Span Live	45%	0.900	2.000	L / 534	L / 240	Even Members	PASS
Span Total	58%	1.549	2.667	L / 310	L / 180	Even Members	PASS
Overhang Live (down)	14%	0.101	0.700	2L / 999+	2L / 240	Odd Members	PASS
Overhang Total (down)		0.000	0.933	2L / 999+	2L / 180		PASS
Overhang Live (up)		-0.504		2L / 333			
Overhang Total (up)		-0.856		2L / 196			
SUPPORTS							
Live Reaction, Critical (lb) (DOL%)		15693 (125)		15693 (125)			
Dead Reaction (lb)		12223		11555			
Total Reaction (lb) (DOL%)		27917 (125)		27248 (125)			
Bearing		Bottom		Bottom			
Support		Wall		Wall			
Req'd Bearing (in)		6.36		6.21			

SPANS AND LOADS

Dimensions represent horizontal design spans.

Member Slope: 0/12



APPLICATION LOADS

Type	Units	DOL	Live	Dead	Partition	Tributary	Member Type
Uniform	psf	Roof(125%)	20	12	0	28'-5.0"	Roof Beam

ADDITIONAL LOADS

Type	Units	DOL	Live	Dead	Location from left	Application	Comment
Point	lb	Roof(125%)	0	2161	19'-0.0"	Adds To	
Point	lb	Roof(125%)	0	280	41'-0.0"	Adds To	

NOTES

- Building code and design methodology: 2021 IBC ASD (US).
- Product Acceptance: ICC-ES ESR-2993 and LABC/LARC Supplement.
- No repetitive member increase applied in design.
- Support bearing length requirements must be checked separately.
- Continuous lateral support required at top edge. Lateral support required at bearings for bottom edge.
- Member weight of 54.1 plf is added to dead load.

C:\Users\jnelson\OneDrive - SOCOTEC\Projects\P243900T - CBRE Michaels WA\Analysis\Glulam Girder with RTU5_6.red

8/6/2024 9:54:09 PM

Michaels : Folder : Type

Page 1 of 1

The products noted are intended for interior, untreated, non-corrosive applications with normal temperatures and dry conditions of use, and must be installed in accordance with local building code requirements and RedBuilt™ recommendations. The loads, spans, and spacing have been provided by others and must be approved for the specific application by the design professional for the project. Unless otherwise noted, this output has not been reviewed by a RedBuilt™ associate. PRODUCT SUBSTITUTION VOIDS THIS ANALYSIS.

RedBuilt™, RedSpec™, Red-I™, Red-I45™, Red-I45L™, Red-I58™, Red-I65™, Red-I90™, Red-I90H™, Red-I90HS™, Red-L™, Red-W™, Red-S™, Red-M™, Red-H™, Red-Lam™, Red-Lam™, Red-Lam™ are trademarks of RedBuilt LLC, Boise ID, USA. Copyright © 2010-2024 RedBuilt LLC. All rights reserved. 24/120

SEISMIC RTU Calculation



NAME: Rafal Walus
DATE: 2024.08.08

PROJECT: CBRE Michaels WA
OBJECTIVE: Seismic RTU

ASCE 7-22

13.1 GENERAL

13.1.1 Scope This chapter establishes minimum design criteria for nonstructural components, including their supports and attachments.

Nonstructural components include

1. Components that are in or supported by a structure,
2. Components that are outside of a structure (except for nonbuilding structures within the scope of Chapter 15) and are permanently connected to the mechanical or electrical systems, or
3. Components that are part of the egress system of a structure.

Where the weight of a nonstructural component is greater than or equal to 20% of the combined effective seismic weight, W , of the nonstructural component and the supporting structure as defined in Section 12.7.2, the component shall be designed in accordance with Section 13.2.9.

13.1.2 Seismic Design Category For the purposes of this chapter, nonstructural components shall be assigned to the same seismic design category as

1. The structure that they occupy or are supported by, or
2. The structure to which they are permanently connected by mechanical or electrical systems, or
3. For parts of an egress system, the structure it serves.

If more than one of these criteria is applicable, the highest seismic design category shall be used.

13.1.3 Component Importance Factor All components shall be assigned a component Importance Factor as indicated in this section. The component Importance Factor, I_p , shall be taken as 1.5 if any of the following conditions apply:

1. The component is required to function for life-safety purposes after an earthquake, including fire protection sprinkler systems and egress stairways.
2. The component conveys, supports, or otherwise contains toxic, highly toxic, or explosive substances where the quantity of the material exceeds a threshold quantity established by the Authority Having Jurisdiction and is sufficient to pose a threat to the public if released.
3. The component is in or supported by a Risk Category IV structure or permanently connected by mechanical or electrical systems to a Risk Category IV structure, and the component is required for the continued operation of a structure designated an Essential Facility, or its failure would impair the continued operation of a structure designated an Essential Facility.

4. The component conveys, supports, or otherwise contains hazardous substances and is attached to a structure or portion thereof classified by the Authority Having Jurisdiction as a hazardous occupancy.

All other components shall be assigned a component Importance Factor, I_p , equal to 1.0.

Table 13.1-1. Nonstructural Components Exempt from the Requirements of This Chapter.

Seismic Design Category (SDC)	Nonstructural Components Exempt from the Requirements of this Chapter
All Categories	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Furniture (except storage cabinets, as noted in Table 13.5-1) Temporary components that remain in place for 180 days or less Mobile units and equipment including components that are moved from one point in the structure to another during ordinary use
A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All components
B	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Architectural Components, other than parapets, provided that the component Importance Factor, I_p, is equal to 1.0 Mechanical and Electrical Components
C	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mechanical and Electrical Components, provided that either <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The component Importance Factor, I_p, is equal to 1.0 and the component is positively attached to the structure; or The component weighs 20 lb (89 N) or less
D, E, F	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mechanical and electrical components positively attached to the structure, provided that <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For discrete mechanical and electrical components, the component weighs 400 lb (1,779 N) or less, the center of mass is located 4 ft (1.22 m) or less above the adjacent floor level, flexible connections are provided between the component and associated ductwork, piping, and conduit, and the component Importance Factor, I_p, is equal to 1.0; or For discrete mechanical and electrical components, the component weighs 20 lb (89 N) or less; or For distribution systems, the component Importance Factor, I_p, is equal to 1.0 and the operating weight of the system is 5 lb/ft (73 N/m) or less. Distribution systems included in the exceptions for conduit, cable tray, and raceways in Section 13.6.5, duct systems in 13.6.6, and piping and tubing systems in 13.6.7.3. Where in-line components, such as valves, in-line suspended pumps, and mixing boxes require independent support, they shall be addressed as discrete components and shall be braced considering the tributary contribution of the attached distribution system.

Exemptions do not apply

13.3 SEISMIC DEMANDS ON NONSTRUCTURAL COMPONENTS

13.3.1 Horizontal Seismic Design Forces The horizontal seismic design force, F_p , shall be applied at the component's center of gravity and distributed relative to the component's mass distribution. The redundancy factor, ρ , is permitted to be taken as equal to 1.

The directions of F_p used shall be those that produce the most critical load effects on the component, the component supports, and attachments. Alternatively, it is permitted to use the more severe of the following two load cases:

- Case 1: A combination of 100% of F_p in any one horizontal direction and 30% of F_p in a perpendicular horizontal direction applied simultaneously.
- Case 2: The combination from Case 1 rotated 90 degrees.

$I_p := 1.5$ MEP Component in SDC D, Hazardous Substance (Refrigerant)

The horizontal seismic design force shall be calculated as

$$F_p = 0.4 S_{DS} I_p W_p \left[\frac{H_f}{R_\mu} \right] \left[\frac{C_{AR}}{R_{po}} \right] \quad (13.3-1)$$

F_p is not required to be taken as greater than

$$F_p = 1.6 S_{DS} I_p W_p \quad (13.3-2)$$

and shall not be taken as less than

$$F_p = 0.3 S_{DS} I_p W_p \quad (13.3-3)$$

where

F_p = Seismic design force;

S_{DS} = Spectral acceleration, short period, as determined in accordance with Section 11.4.5;

I_p = Component Importance Factor as determined in accordance with Section 13.1.3;

W_p = Component operating weight;

H_f = Factor for force amplification as a function of height in the structure as determined in Section 13.3.1.1;

R_μ = Structure ductility reduction factor as determined in Section 13.3.1.2;

C_{AR} = Component resonance ductility factor that converts the peak floor or ground acceleration into the peak component acceleration, as determined in Section 13.3.1.3; and

R_{po} = Component strength factor as determined in Section 13.3.1.4.

13.3.1.1 Amplification with Height, H_f For nonstructural components supported at or below grade plane, the factor for force amplification with height H_f is 1.0. For components supported above grade plane by a building or nonbuilding structure, H_f is permitted to be determined by Equation (13.3-4) or Equation (13.3-5). Where the approximate fundamental period of the supporting building or nonbuilding structure is unknown, H_f is permitted to be determined by Equation (13.3-5).

$$H_f = 1 + a_1 \left(\frac{z}{h} \right) + a_2 \left(\frac{z}{h} \right)^{10} \quad (13.3-4)$$

$$H_f = 1 + 2.5 \left(\frac{z}{h} \right) \quad (13.3-5)$$

where

$$a_1 = 1/T_a \leq 2.5;$$

$$a_2 = [1 - (0.4/T_a)^2] \geq 0;$$

z = Height above the base of the structure to the point of attachment of the component. For items at or below the base, z shall be taken as 0. The value of $\frac{z}{h}$ need not exceed 1.0;

h = Average roof height of structure with respect to the base; and

T_a = Lowest approximate fundamental period of the supporting building or nonbuilding structure in either orthogonal direction. For structures with combinations of seismic force-resisting systems (SFRSs), the SFRS that produces the lowest value of T_a shall be used.

For the purposes of computing H_f , T_a is determined using Equation (12.8-8) for buildings. Where the SFRS is unknown, T_a is permitted to be determined by Equation (12.8-8) using the approximate period parameters for "all other structural systems."

$$z := 20 \text{ ft}$$

Ok, to consider $z/h = 1.0$

$$h := 20 \text{ ft}$$

www.mathcad.com for more information.

$$Hf := 1 + 2.5 \cdot \frac{z}{h}$$

Amplification with height factor, 13.3-5

$$Ct := 0.02$$

Table 12.8-2
"All other structural Systems"

$$x := 0.75$$

Table 12.8-2
"All other structural Systems"

$$hn := 20 \text{ ft}$$

Structural Height

$$Ta := \left(\frac{(Ct \cdot hn^x) \cdot \text{ft}^{\frac{1}{4}}}{\text{ft}} \right) \text{sec} = 0.189 \text{ s}$$

Approximate period, Eq. 12.8-8

$$Wp_{1thru4} := 3 \text{ kip}$$

Total Operating Weight of RTU 1 thru 4 includes curb adapter weight

$$Wp_5 := 2.16 \text{ kip}$$

Total Operating Weight of RTU 5 includes curb adapter weight

$$Wp_6 := 1.2 \text{ kip}$$

Total Operating Weight of RTU 6 includes curb adapter weight

$$R\mu := 1.3$$

Structure Ductility Reduction Factor, 13.3.1.2

$$Car := 2.2$$

Component Resonance Ductility Factor, 13.3.1.3

$$Sds := 1.06$$

Spectral Response acceleration at short periods, See ASCE Hazard Tool

$$Rpo := 1.5$$

Rpo, Component Strength Factor, Table 13.6-1

$$\Omega_{op} := 1.75$$

Anchorage overstrength factor, Table 13.6-1

$$Fp_{1thru4} := 0.4 \cdot Sds \cdot Ip \cdot Wp_{1thru4} \cdot \frac{Hf}{R\mu} \cdot \frac{Car}{Rpo} = 7.534 \text{ kip}$$

Horizontal Seismic Design Force,
Unit 1 thru 4

$$Fp_5 := 0.4 \cdot Sds \cdot Ip \cdot Wp_5 \cdot \frac{Hf}{R\mu} \cdot \frac{Car}{Rpo} = 5.425 \text{ kip}$$

Horizontal Seismic Design Force, Unit 5

$$Fp_6 := 0.4 \cdot Sds \cdot Ip \cdot Wp_6 \cdot \frac{Hf}{R\mu} \cdot \frac{Car}{Rpo} = 3.014 \text{ kip}$$

Horizontal Seismic Design Force, Unit 6

$$Fpmin_{1thru4} := 0.3 \cdot Sds \cdot Ip \cdot Wp_{1thru4} = 1.431 \text{ kip}$$

Minimum Seismic Design Force, Unit 1 thru 4

$$Fpmax_{1thru4} := 1.6 \cdot Sds \cdot Ip \cdot Wp_{1thru4} = 7.632 \text{ kip}$$

Maximum Seismic Design Force, Unit 1 thru 4

$$Fpmin_5 := 0.3 \cdot Sds \cdot Ip \cdot Wp_5 = 1.03 \text{ kip}$$

Minimum Seismic Design Force, Unit 5

$$Fpmax_5 := 1.6 \cdot Sds \cdot Ip \cdot Wp_5 = 5.495 \text{ kip}$$

Maximum Seismic Design Force, Unit 5

$$Fpmin_6 := 0.3 \cdot Sds \cdot Ip \cdot Wp_6 = 0.572 \text{ kip}$$

Minimum Seismic Design Force, Unit 6

$$Fpmax_6 := 1.6 \cdot Sds \cdot Ip \cdot Wp_6 = 3.053 \text{ kip}$$

Maximum Seismic Design Force, Unit 6

$$Ev_{1thru4} := 0.2 \cdot Sds \cdot Wp_{1thru4} = 0.636 \text{ kip}$$

Vertical Seismic Load Effect 12.4.2.2 & 13.3.1.6
For Units 1 thru 4

$$Ev_5 := 0.2 \cdot Sds \cdot Wp_5 = 0.458 \text{ kip}$$

Vertical Seismic Load Effect 12.4.2.2 & 13.3.1.6
For Unit 5

$$Ev_6 := 0.2 \cdot Sds \cdot Wp_6 = 0.254 \text{ kip}$$

Vertical Seismic Load Effect 12.4.2.2 & 13.3.1.6
For Unit 6

Overturning to Top of Curb

$$Mu_{1thru4} := Fp_{1thru4} \cdot 19 \text{ in} = 11.929 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

COG of unit 1 thru 4 is 19 inch tall
Curb height is 14 inch

$$Pu_{1thru4} := \frac{Mu_{1thru4}}{86.4 \text{ in}} = 1.657 \text{ kip}$$

Tension/Compression Couple
Assume RTU is stiff enough to
translate overturning moment

$$Uplift_{1thru4} := -0.6 \cdot Wp_{1thru4} + 0.7 \cdot (Pu_{1thru4} + Ev_{1thru4}) \quad \text{Total uplift on units 1-4 (ASD)}$$

$$Uplift_{1thru4} = -195.029 \text{ lbf}$$

$$Mu_5 := Fp_5 \cdot (20.625 \text{ in}) = 9.324 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

COG of unit 5 is 20.625 inch
Curb is 27 inch tall

$$Pu_5 := \frac{Mu_5}{(5 \text{ ft} + 3.375 \text{ in})} = 1.765 \text{ kip}$$

Tension/Compression Couple
Assume RTU is stiff enough to
translate overturning moment

$$Uplift_5 := -0.6 \cdot Wp_5 + 0.7 \cdot (Pu_5 + Ev_5) = 0.26 \text{ kip}$$

Total uplift on unit 5 (ASD)

$$Mu_6 := Fp_6 \cdot (19.375 \text{ in}) = 4.866 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

COG of unit 6 is 19.375 inch
Curb height is 12 inch tall

$$Pu_6 := \frac{Mu_6}{(3 \text{ ft} + 10.625 \text{ in})} = 1.252 \text{ kip}$$

Tension/Compression Couple
Assume RTU is stiff enough to
translate overturning moment

$$Uplift_6 := -0.6 \cdot Wp_6 + 0.7 \cdot (Pu_6 + Ev_6) = 0.335 \text{ kip}$$

Total uplift on unit 6 (ASD)

Screw Attachment to Curb

Consider ELCO Biflex 1/4-14

Curb is 18 ga. G-90 galv steel

$$\phi T1 := 185 \text{ lbf} \cdot 1.15$$

For minimum 45 ksi tensile strength (of steel), consider 52 ksi minimum tensile strength (of steel) --> use factor of 1.15

Pull out capacity, LRFD

$$T1a := 125 \text{ lbf} \cdot 1.15 = 143.75 \text{ lbf}$$

Pull out capacity, ASD

$$\phi T2 := 805 \text{ lbf}$$

LRFD Pull over Capacity

$$T2a := 540 \text{ lbf}$$

ASD Pullover Capacity

$$\phi T3 := 1790 \text{ lbf}$$

LRFD Tension Strength Capacity

$$T3a := 1195 \text{ lbf}$$

ASD Tension Strength Capacity

$$\phi V1 := 995 \text{ lbf}$$

LRFD Shear Bearing Capacity

$$V1a := 330 \text{ lbf}$$

ASD Shear Bearing Capacity

$$\phi V2 := 1300 \text{ lbf}$$

LRFD Tension Shear Capacity

$$V2a := 865 \text{ lbf}$$

ASD Tension Shear Capacity

$$Va := \min(V1a, V2a) = 330 \text{ lbf}$$

Shear Allowable capacity per fastener

$$\phi Vn := \min(\phi V1, \phi V2) = 995 \text{ lbf}$$

$$Ta := \min(T1a, T2a, T3a) = 143.75 \text{ lbf}$$

Tension Allowable capacity per fastener

$$\phi Tn := \min(\phi T1, \phi T2, \phi T3) = 212.75 \text{ lbf}$$

$$T\#Fast_{1thru4} := \frac{Uplift_{1thru4}}{Ta} = -1.357$$

Number of Required Fasteners for Tension Only
No uplift on units 1 thru 4

$$V\#Fast_{1thru4} := \frac{Fp_{1thru4}}{Va} = 22.831$$

Number of Required Fasteners for Shear Only

$$Perimeter_{1thru4} := 136.25 \text{ in} \cdot 2 + 81.125 \text{ in} \cdot 2$$

Inside Dim base rail dimensions of Units 1 thru 4

$$FastSpacing_{1thru4} := \frac{(Perimeter_{1thru4})}{(V\#Fast_{1thru4})} = 19.042 \text{ in}$$

Required Spacing of Fasteners
for Unit 1 thru 4

$$T\#Fast_5 := \frac{Uplift_5}{Ta} = 1.811$$

Number of Required Fasteners for Tension Only

$$V\#Fast_5 := \frac{Fp_5}{Va} = 16.438$$

Number of Required Fasteners for Shear Only

$$Perimeter_5 := (81.25 \text{ in} + 32.75 \text{ in}) \cdot 2 + 63 \text{ in} \cdot 2$$

Inside Dim base rail dimensions of Unit 5

$$FastSpacing_5 := \frac{(Perimeter_5)}{(T\#Fast_5 + V\#Fast_5)} = 19.398 \text{ in}$$

Required Spacing of Fasteners for Unit 5

$$T\#Fast_6 := \frac{Uplift_6}{Ta} = 2.328$$

Number of Required Fasteners for Tension Only

$$V\#Fast_6 := \frac{Fp_6}{Va} = 9.132$$

Number of Required Fasteners for Shear Only

$$Perimeter_6 := 71.125 \text{ in} \cdot 2 + 41.25 \text{ in} \cdot 2$$

Inside Dim base rail dimensions of Unit 6

$$FastSpacing_6 := \frac{(Perimeter_6)}{(T\#Fast_6 + V\#Fast_6)} = 19.61 \text{ in}$$

Required Spacing of Fasteners for Unit 6

Use ELCO Biflex 1/4-14 at 16 inch o.c.

Overturing to Top of Diaphragm

$$Mu_{1thru4Dia} := Fp_{1thru4} \cdot (19 \text{ in} + 14 \text{ in}) = 20.719 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

COG of unit 1 thru 4 is 19 inch tall
Curb height is 14 inch

$$Pu_{1thru4Dia} := \frac{Mu_{1thru4Dia}}{86.4 \text{ in}} = 2.878 \text{ kip}$$

Tension/Compression Couple
Assume RTU is stiff enough to
translate overturning moment

$$Uplift_{1thru4Dia} := -0.6 \cdot Wp_{1thru4} + 0.7 \cdot (Pu_{1thru4Dia} + Ev_{1thru4}) \quad \text{Total uplift on units 1-4 (ASD)}$$

$$Uplift_{1thru4Dia} = 659.54 \text{ lbf}$$

$$Mu_{5Dia} := Fp_5 \cdot (20.625 \text{ in} + 27 \text{ in}) = 21.529 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

COG of unit 5 is 20.625 inch
Curb is 27 inch tall

$$Pu_{5Dia} := \frac{Mu_{5Dia}}{(5 \text{ ft} + 3.375 \text{ in})} = 4.076 \text{ kip}$$

Tension/Compression Couple
Assume RTU is stiff enough to
translate overturning moment

$$Uplift_{5Dia} := -0.6 \cdot Wp_5 + 0.7 \cdot (Pu_{5Dia} + Ev_5) = 1.878 \text{ kip}$$

Total uplift on unit 5 (ASD)

$$Mu_{6Dia} := Fp_6 \cdot (19.375 \text{ in} + 12 \text{ in}) = 7.879 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

COG of unit 6 is 19.375 inch
Curb height is 12 inch tall

$$Pu_{6Dia} := \frac{Mu_{6Dia}}{(3 \text{ ft} + 10.625 \text{ in})} = 2.028 \text{ kip}$$

Tension/Compression Couple
Assume RTU is stiff enough to
translate overturning moment

$$Uplift_{6Dia} := -0.6 \cdot Wp_6 + 0.7 \cdot (Pu_{6Dia} + Ev_6) = 0.878 \text{ kip}$$

Total uplift on unit 6 (ASD)

Conclusion and Summary of Loads

$$Fp_1thru4 = 7.534 \text{ kip}$$

Horizontal Seismic Design Force, Unit 1 thru 4

$$Fp_5 = 5.425 \text{ kip}$$

Horizontal Seismic Design Force, Unit 5

$$Fp_6 = 3.014 \text{ kip}$$

Horizontal Seismic Design Force, Unit 6

$$Uplift_1thru4Dia = 659.54 \text{ lbf}$$

Total Uplift on Units 1 thru 4 to Top of Curb (Bottom of Curb Adapter)

$$Uplift_5Dia = 1.878 \text{ kip}$$

Total Uplift on Unit 5 to Top of Curb (Bottom of Curb Adapter)

$$Uplift_6Dia = 877.652 \text{ lbf}$$

Total Uplift on Unit 6 to Top of Curb (Bottom of Curb Adapter)

Ok to Use minimum of (5) HRS6 x 12 Ga. Straps w/ (6)- 0.148 x 2.5 Fasteners (per strap)

Provide Connection from Bottom of Curb Adapter to Curb/Diaphragm

Use SDS25212 0.25 inch x 2.5 inch @ 16 inch o.c. or similar

$$FastSpacing_1thru4 = 19.042 \text{ in}$$

Required Spacing of Fasteners for Unit 1 thru 4

$$FastSpacing_5 = 19.398 \text{ in}$$

Required Spacing of Fasteners for Unit 5

$$FastSpacing_6 = 19.61 \text{ in}$$

Required Spacing of Fasteners for Unit 6

Use ELCO Biflex 1/4-14 at 16 inch o.c. from RTU to top of curb adapter

$$Uplift_1thru4 = -195.029 \text{ lbf}$$

Total Uplift on Units 1 thru 4 to Top of Curb Adapter (Bottom of RTU)
No Uplift

$$Uplift_5 = 260.324 \text{ lbf}$$

Total Uplift on Unit 5 to Top of Curb Adapter (Bottom of RTU)

$$Uplift_6 = 334.708 \text{ lbf}$$

Total Uplift on Unit 6 to Top of Curb Adapter (Bottom of RTU)

13.3.1.2 Structure Ductility Reduction Factor, R_{μ} For components supported by a building or nonbuilding structure, the reduction factor for ductility of the supporting structure, R_{μ} , is calculated as

$$R_{\mu} = [1.1R/(I_e\Omega_0)]^{1/2} \geq 1.3 \quad (13.3-6)$$

where

I_e = Importance Factor as prescribed in Section 11.5.1 for the building or nonbuilding structure supporting the component;

R = Response modification factor for the building or nonbuilding structure supporting the component, from Table 12.2-1, 15.4-1, or 15.4-2; and

Ω_0 = Overstrength factor for the building or nonbuilding structure supporting the component, from Table 12.2-1, 15.4-1, or 15.4-2.

For components supported at or below grade plane, R_{μ} shall be taken as 1.0. When the SFRS of the building or nonbuilding structure is not specified, R_{μ} shall be taken as 1.3 for components above grade plane. When the SFRS of the building or nonbuilding structure is not listed in Table 12.2-1, 15.4-1, or 15.4-2, R_{μ} shall be taken as 1.3 for components above grade plane, unless seismic design parameters for the SFRS have been approved by the Authority Having Jurisdiction.

If the building or nonbuilding structure supporting the component contains combinations of SFRSs in different directions, or vertical combinations of SFRSs, the structure ductility reduction factor for the entire structure shall be based on the SFRS that produces the lowest value of R_{μ} . Where a nonbuilding structure type listed in Table 15.4-1 has multiple entries based on permissible height increases, the value of R_{μ} is permitted to be determined using values of R and Ω_0 for the "with permitted height increase" entry.

13.3.1.3 Component Resonance Ductility Factor, C_{AR}

Components shall be assigned a component resonance ductility factor, C_{AR} , based on whether the component is supported at or below grade plane, or is supported above grade plane by a building or nonbuilding structure. Components that are in or supported by a building or nonbuilding structure and are at or below grade plane are considered supported at or below grade. All other components in or supported by a building or nonbuilding structure are considered supported above grade.

Architectural components shall be assigned a component resonance ductility factor in Table 13.5-1.

Mechanical and electrical equipment shall be assigned a component resonance ductility factor in Table 13.6-1. The component resonance ductility factor for mechanical and electrical equipment mounted on the equipment support structures or platforms shall not be less than the component resonance ductility factor used for the equipment support structure or platform itself.

The component resonance ductility factor for equipment support structures or platforms shall be determined in accordance with Section 13.6.4.6. The weight of supported mechanical and electrical components shall be included when calculating the component operating weight, W_p , of equipment support structures or platforms.

Distribution systems shall be assigned component resonance ductility factors in Table 13.6-1, to be used for the design of the distribution system itself (e.g., the piping, ducts, and raceways). The component resonance ductility factor for distribution system supports shall be determined in accordance with Section 13.6.4.7

STANDARD ASCE/SEI 7-22

For more information.

Table 13.6-1. Seismic Coefficients for Mechanical and Electrical Components.

MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS	C_{AR}		R_{po}	Ω_{ap}^b
	Supported at or below grade plane	Supported above grade plane by a structure		
Air-side HVACR, fans, air handlers, air conditioning units, cabinet heaters, air distribution boxes, and other mechanical components constructed of sheet metal framing	1.4	1.4	2	2
Wet-side HVACR, boilers, furnaces, atmospheric tanks and bins, chillers, water heaters, heat exchangers, evaporators, air separators, manufacturing or process equipment, and other mechanical components constructed of high-deformability materials	1	1	1.5	2
Air coolers (fin fans), air-cooled heat exchangers, condensing units, dry coolers, remote radiators, and other mechanical components elevated on integral structural steel or sheet metal supports	1.8	2.2	1.5	1.75
Engines, turbines, pumps, compressors, and pressure vessels not supported on skirts and not within the scope of Chapter 15	1	1	1.5	2
Skirt-supported pressure vessels not within the scope of Chapter 15	1.8	2.2	1.5	1.75
Elevator and escalator components	1	1	1.5	2
Generators, batteries, inverters, motors, transformers, and other electrical components constructed of high-deformability materials	1	1	1.5	2
Motor control centers, panel boards, switch gear, instrumentation cabinets, and other components constructed of sheet metal framing	1.4	1.4	2	2
Communication equipment, computers, instrumentation, and controls	1	1	1.5	2
Roof-mounted stacks, cooling and electrical towers laterally braced below their center of mass	1.8	2.2	1.5	1.75
Roof-mounted stacks, cooling and electrical towers laterally braced above their center of mass	1	1	1.5	2
Lighting fixtures	1	1	1.5	2
Other mechanical or electrical components	1	1	1.5	2
Manufacturing or process conveyors (nonpersonnel)	1.8	2.2	1.5	1.75
VIBRATION-ISOLATED COMPONENTS AND SYSTEMS^a				
Components and systems isolated using neoprene elements and neoprene isolated floors with built-in or separate elastomeric snubbing devices or resilient perimeter stops	1.8	2.2	1.3	1.75
Spring-isolated components and systems and vibration-isolated floors closely restrained using built-in or separate elastomeric snubbing devices or resilient perimeter stops	1.8	2.2	1.3	1.75
Internally isolated components and systems	1.8	2.2	1.3	1.75
Suspended vibration-isolated equipment, including in-line duct devices and suspended internally isolated components	1.8	2.2	1.3	1.75

13.3.1.6 Vertical Seismic Force The component, including its supports and attachments, shall be designed for a concurrent vertical seismic design force equal to E_v per Section 12.4.2.2.

EXCEPTION: The concurrent vertical seismic force need not be considered for lay-in access floor panels and lay-in ceiling panels.

12.4.2.2 Vertical Seismic Load Effect The vertical seismic load effect, E_v , shall be determined in accordance with Equation (12.4-4a) as follows:

$$E_v = 0.2S_{DS}D \quad (12.4-4a)$$

where S_{DS} is the design spectral response acceleration parameter at short periods obtained from Section 11.4.5, and D is the effect of dead load.

EXCEPTIONS:

1. Where the option to incorporate the effects of vertical seismic ground motions using the provisions of Section 11.9 is required elsewhere in this standard, the vertical seismic load effect, E_v , shall be determined in accordance with Equation (12.4-4b) as follows:

$$E_v = 0.3S_{ov}D \quad (12.4-4b)$$

where S_{ov} is the design vertical response spectral acceleration obtained from Section 11.9.3, and D is the effect of dead load.

2. The vertical seismic load effect, E_v , is permitted to be taken as zero for either of the following conditions:
 - (a) In Equations (12.4-1), (12.4-2), (12.4-5), and (12.4-6) for structures assigned to Seismic Design Category B, and
 - (b) In Equation (12.4-2) where determining demands on the soil-structure interface of foundations.

2.4.5 Basic Combinations with Seismic Load Effects When a structure is subject to seismic load effects, the following load combinations shall be considered in addition to the basic combinations and associated exceptions detailed in Section 2.4.1.

Where the prescribed seismic load effect, $E = f(E_v, E_h)$, defined in Section 12.4.2 or 12.14.3.1, is combined with the effects of other loads, the following seismic load combinations shall be used:

- 8. $1.0D + 0.7E_v + 0.7E_h$
- 9. $1.0D + 0.525E_v + 0.525E_h + 0.75L + 0.1S$
- 10. $0.6D - 0.7E_v + 0.7E_h$

Where the seismic load effect with overstrength, $E_m = f(E_v, E_{mh})$, defined in Section 12.4.3 or 12.14.3.2, is combined with the effects of other loads, the following seismic load combinations for structures not subject to flood or atmospheric ice loads shall be used:

- 8. $1.0D + 0.7E_v + 0.7E_{mh}$
- 9. $1.0D + 0.525E_v + 0.525E_{mh} + 0.75L + 0.1S$
- 10. $0.6D - 0.7E_v + 0.7E_{mh}$

Where allowable stress design methodologies are used with the seismic load effect defined in Section 12.4.3 or 12.14.3.2 and applied in load combinations 8, 9, or 10, allowable stresses are permitted to be determined using an allowable stress increase factor of 1.2. This increase shall not be combined with increases in allowable stresses or load combination reductions otherwise permitted by this standard, or the material reference document, except for increases caused by adjustment factors, in accordance with AWC NDS.

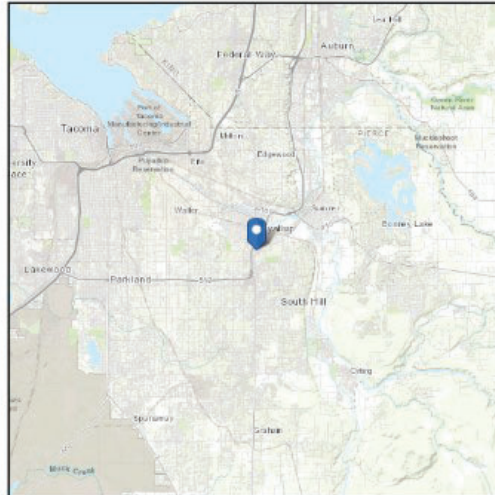
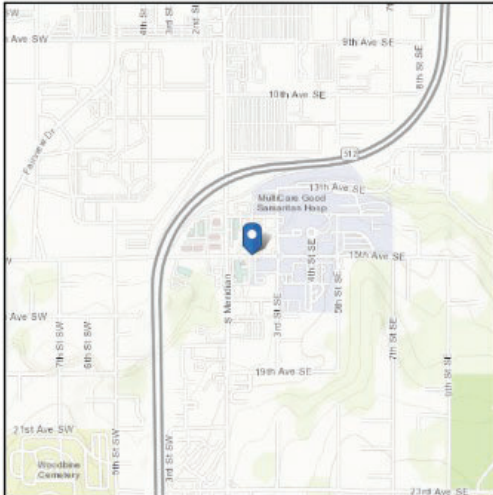


ASCE Hazards Report

Address:
Puyallup
Washington,

Standard: ASCE/SEI 7-22
Risk Category: II
Soil Class: Default

Latitude: 47.177438
Longitude: -122.292318
Elevation: 114.73208016092777 ft
(NAVD 88)



Seismic

Site Soil Class: Default

Results:

PGA _M :	0.56	T _L :	6
S _{MS} :	1.59	S _s :	1.44
S _{M1} :	0.9	S ₁ :	0.42
S _{DS} :	1.06	V _{S30} :	260
S _{D1} :	0.6		

Seismic Design Category: D

Information.

Performance Summary For RTU-1-4

Project: CBRE Michaels MIK-2018 Puyallup, WA_R1
Prepared By:

10-13-2023
05.49PM

Part Number:48LCE017A3M5-4R4C0

ARI EER: 12.50
IEER: 18.4

Base Unit Dimensions

Unit Length: 141.5 in
Unit Width: 86.4 in
Unit Height: 58.5 in

Operating Weight

Base Unit Weight: 2095 lb
Medium Gas Heat: 90 lb
High Static Option - Vertical Models with VFD controller: 16 lb
Al/Cu - Al/Cu - Louvered Hail Guards: 150 lb
Enthy. Ultra Low Leak EconoMi\$er w/ Baro relief: 246 lb
Hinged Access Panels and Unpowered Convenience Outlet: 10 lb
Non-Fused Disconnect: 15 lb

Total Operating Weight: 2622 lb

See www.

Performance Summary For RTU-5

Project: CBRE Michaels MIK-2018 Puyallup, WA_R1
Prepared By:

10-13-2023
05.49PM

Part Number:48LCE008A3M5-4R4C0

ARI EER: 12.80
IEER: 19.4

Base Unit Dimensions

Unit Length: 115.9 in
Unit Width: 63.4 in
Unit Height: 58.8 in

Operating Weight

Base Unit Weight: 1606 lb
Medium Gas Heat: 28 lb
High Static Belt Drive with VFD Controller: 45 lb
Al/Cu - Al/Cu - Louvered Hail Guards: 45 lb
Ultra LOW LEAK Enthalpy EconoMi\$er with barometric relief: 103 lb
Hinged Access Panels and Unpowered Convenience Outlet: 10 lb
Non-Fused Disconnect: 15 lb

Total Operating Weight: 1852 lb

tion.

Performance Summary For RTU-6

Project: CBRE Michaels MIK-2018 Puyallup, WA_R1
Prepared By:

10-13-2023
05.49PM

Part Number:48GCEJ06A3M5-3W4Q0

ARI SEER:..... 17.40
ARI SEER2:..... 16.50

Base Unit Dimensions

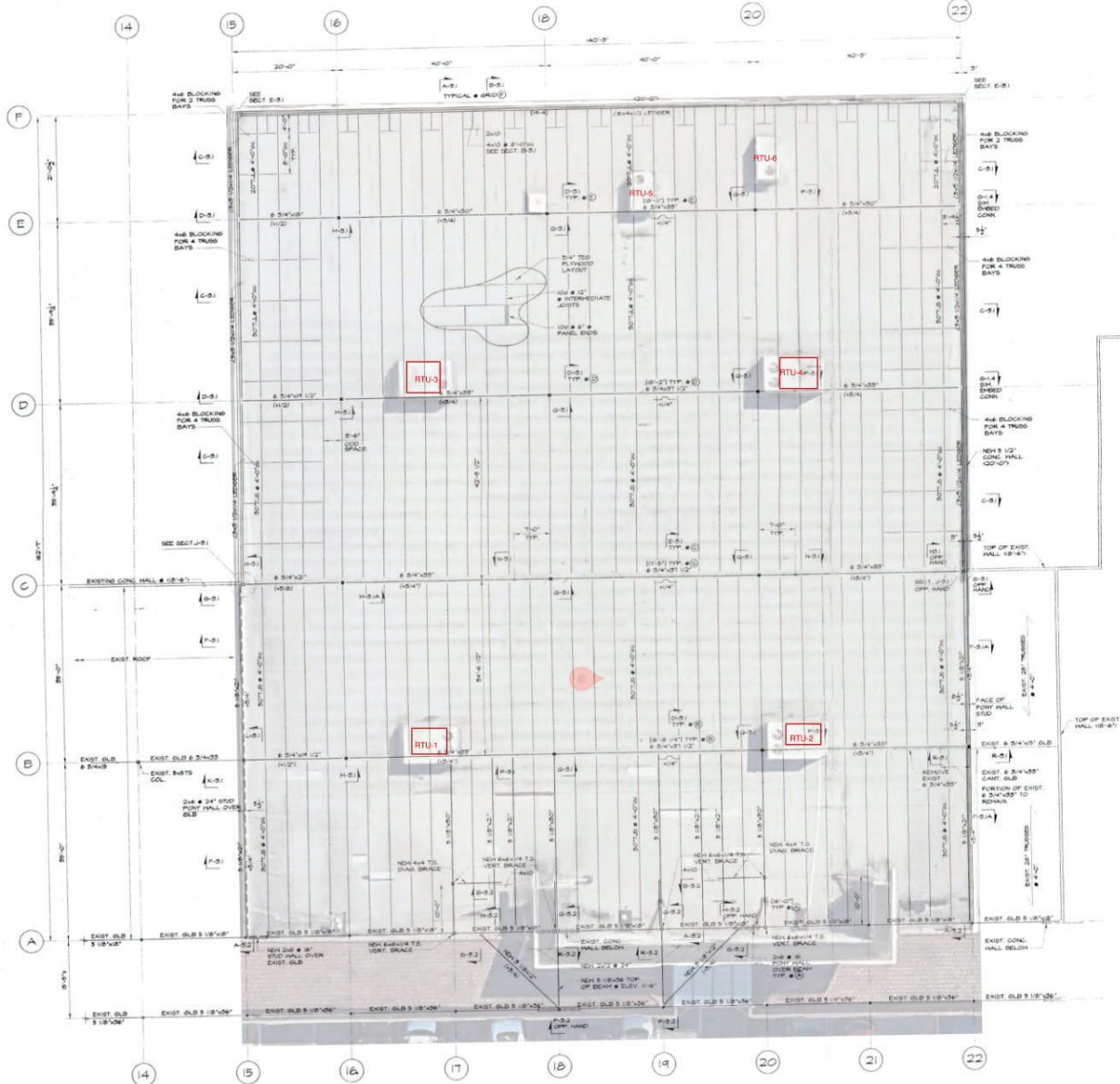
Unit Length:..... 74.4 in
Unit Width: 46.6 in
Unit Height: 41.4 in

Operating Weight

Base Unit Weight: 555 lb
Medium Gas Heat: 63 lb
Direct Drive - EcoBlue - High Static: 5 lb
Al/Cu - Al/Cu - Louvered Hail Guards: 17 lb
SystemVu Controls: 2 lb
Enthalpy Ultra Low Leak Econo w/Baro Relief: 35 lb
Hinged Panels, Unpowered Convenience Outlet: 4 lb
Phase Monitor & Non-Fused: 5 lb

Total Operating Weight: 686 lb

See www.mathcad.com for more information.



ROOF FRAMING PLAN
 1/8" = 1'-0"
 10'-0" INDICATES ELEV. TOP OF HALL
 2'-0" INDICATES ELEV. BOTTOM OF 5/4" PLYWOOD SHEATHING

or more information.

HRS/HTP/LSTA/LSTI/MST/MSTA/MSTC/MSTI/ST

Strap Ties (cont.)

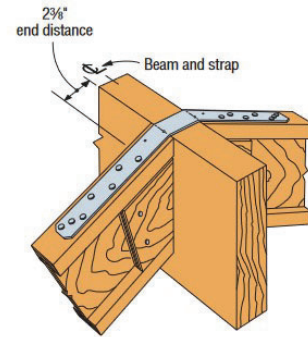
Codes: See p. 13 for Code Reference Key Chart

These products are available with additional corrosion protection. For more information, see p. 16.

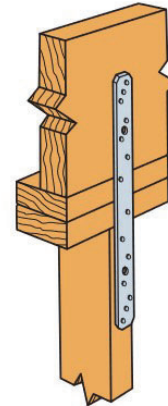
SS For stainless-steel fasteners, see p. 23.

SD Many of these products are approved for installation with Strong-Drive® SD Connector screws. See pp. 362–366 for more information.

Model No.	Ga.	Dimensions (in.)		Fasteners (Total) (in.)	DF/SP Allowable Tension Loads	SPF/HF Allowable Tension Loads	Code Ref.
		W	L		(160)	(160)	
ST2115	20	¾	16⅞	(10) 0.162 x 2½	660	660	IBC®, FL, LA
LSTA9		1¼	9	(8) 0.148 x 2½	740	635	
LSTA12		1¼	12	(10) 0.148 x 2½	925	795	
LSTA15		1¼	15	(12) 0.148 x 2½	1,110	955	
LSTA18		1¼	18	(14) 0.148 x 2½	1,235	1,115	
LSTA21		1¼	21	(16) 0.148 x 2½	1,235	1,235	
LSTA24		1¼	24	(18) 0.148 x 2½	1,235	1,235	
LSTA30		1¼	30	(22) 0.148 x 2½	1,640	1,640	
LSTA36	1¼	36	(24) 0.148 x 2½	1,640	1,640		
MSTA9	18	1¼	9	(8) 0.148 x 2½	750	650	
SS MSTA12		1¼	12	(10) 0.148 x 2½	940	810	
MSTA15		1¼	15	(12) 0.148 x 2½	1,130	970	
SS MSTA18		1¼	18	(14) 0.148 x 2½	1,315	1,135	
MSTA21		1¼	21	(16) 0.148 x 2½	1,505	1,295	
SS MSTA24		1¼	24	(18) 0.148 x 2½	1,640	1,460	
MSTA30		1¼	30	(22) 0.148 x 2½	2,050	1,825	
SS MSTA36		1¼	36	(26) 0.148 x 2½	2,050	2,050	
MSTA49	1¼	49	(26) 0.148 x 2½	2,020	2,020		
ST9	16	1¼	9	(8) 0.162 x 2½	885	765	
ST12		1¼	11⅞	(10) 0.162 x 2½	1,105	955	
ST18		1¼	17¾	(14) 0.162 x 2½	1,420	1,335	
ST22		1¼	21⅞	(18) 0.162 x 2½	1,420	1,420	
HRS6		12	1⅝	6	(6) 0.148 x 2½	605	
HRS8	1⅝		8	(10) 0.148 x 2½	1,010	880	
HRS12	1⅝		12	(14) 0.148 x 2½	1,415	1,230	
ST292	20	2⅞	9⅞	(12) 0.162 x 2½	1,260	1,120	
ST2122		2⅞	12⅞	(16) 0.162 x 2½	1,530	1,510	
ST2215		2⅞	16⅞	(20) 0.162 x 2½	1,875	1,875	
ST6215	16	2⅞	16⅞	(20) 0.162 x 2½	2,090	1,910	
ST6224		2⅞	23⅞	(28) 0.162 x 2½	2,535	2,535	
ST6236		2⅞	33⅞	(40) 0.162 x 2½	3,845	3,845	
MSTI26	14	2⅞	26	(26) 0.148 x 1½	2,745	2,380	
MSTI36		2⅞	36	(36) 0.148 x 1½	3,800	3,295	



Typical LSTA Installation (hanger not shown)
Bend strap one time only, max. 12/12 joist pitch.



Typical LSTA18 Installation

Straps and Ties

224 SIMPSON STRONG-TIE COMPANY INC.

HRS6 or HRS12, 12 Ga., Note values listed are allowable capacities

For more information.



Design Tension Pull-Out Capacity of Screw Connections in Steel, lbf ^{1,2,3,4,5}

Screw Size	Point Type	Steel Thickness							
		18 Ga.	16 Ga.	14 Ga.	12 Ga.	1/8"	3/16"	1/4"	5/16"
#8-18	#2	150	165	265	430	-	-	-	-
#10-16	#2	135	205	240	420	-	-	-	-
#10-16 W/W	#3	-	175	-	-	800 ¹	-	-	-
#12-14	#2	160	225	270	460	-	-	-	-
#12-14	#3	125	205	240	410	620 ¹	835	-	-
#12-24	#5	-	-	-	-	625 ¹	645	960	1,045
#12-24 W/W	#5	-	140	-	-	605 ¹	-	900	-
1/4"-14	#2	185	265	325	550	-	-	-	-
#1/4"-20	#3	-	205	235	435	850 ¹	930	-	-
1/4"-20 W/W	#5	-	90	-	-	615 ¹	-	1,245	-
1/4"-20	#5	-	-	-	-	725 ¹	930	1,065	1,460

1. Design (LRFD) strengths are based on a resistance factor, ϕ , determined in accordance with AISI S100-16.
2. Values are based on steel members with a minimum tensile strength of $F_u = 45$ ksi.
3. Design (LRFD) pull-out capacities for other member thicknesses may be determined by interpolating within the table.
4. For LRFD tension connections, the lower of the LRFD tension strength, LRFD pull-out strength and LRFD pull-over strength must be used for design.
5. Unless otherwise noted, for steel with a minimum tensile strength $F_u \geq 52$ ksi, multiply tabulated values by 1.15; when $F_u \geq 58$ ksi, multiply tabulated values by 1.29; when $F_u \geq 65$ ksi, multiply tabulated values by 1.44.
6. For steel with a minimum tensile strength $F_u \geq 52$ ksi, multiply tabulated values by 1.15.

Ultimate, Allowable (ASD), and Design (LRFD) Pull-Over Capacity of Screw Connections in Steel, lbf ^{1,2,3,4,5,6}

Diameter	Head Styles	Minimum Thickness of Steel or Framing Member in Contact with Screw Head														
		25 Gauge			22 Gauge			20 Gauge			18 Gauge			16 Gauge		
		Ult.	ASD	LRFD	Ult.	ASD	LRFD	Ult.	ASD	LRFD	Ult.	ASD	LRFD	Ult.	ASD	LRFD
#8-18	HWH	475	160	235	675	225	340	810	270	405	1,080	360	540	1,350	450	675
#8-18	PPH	445	150	220	635	210	315	760	255	380	1,015	340	505	1,265	420	635
#10-16	HWH	565	190	280	805	270	405	965	320	485	1,285	430	645	1,610	535	805
#10-16	PPCKH	615	205	310	880	295	440	1,060	355	530	1,410	470	705	1,765	590	880
#10-16	PPH	515	170	255	735	245	370	885	295	440	1,180	395	590	1,475	490	735
#12-14	HWH	585	195	295	840	280	420	1,005	335	505	1,340	445	670	1,675	560	840
#12-24	HWH	585	195	295	840	280	420	1,005	335	505	1,340	445	670	1,675	560	840
#12-14	PPCKH	615	205	310	880	295	440	1,060	355	530	1,410	470	705	1,765	590	880
1/4"-14	HWH	705	235	355	1,010	335	505	1,210	405	605	1,615	540	805	2,020	675	1,010
1/4"-20	HWH	705	235	355	1,010	335	505	1,210	405	605	1,615	540	805	2,020	675	1,010

1. Tabulated pull-over strengths were calculated in accordance with AISI S100-16. Allowable (ASD) and Design (LRFD) strengths are based on a safety factor, Ω , and resistance factor, ϕ , of 3.00 and 0.50 respectively, in accordance with AISI S100-16.
2. Pan head and pancake head fasteners do not meet the requirements of AISI S100-16. However, laboratory testing showed calculated pull-over capacities to be conservative, and thus, these capacities are reported in the table.
3. Values are based on steel with a minimum tensile strength of $F_u = 45$ ksi.
4. For steel with a minimum tensile strength $F_u \geq 52$ ksi, multiply tabulated values by 1.15; when $F_u \geq 58$ ksi, multiply tabulated values by 1.29; when $F_u \geq 65$ ksi, multiply tabulated values by 1.44.
5. For ASD tension connections, the lower of the ASD tension strength, ASD pull-out strength and ASD pull-over strength must be used for design.
6. For LRFD tension connections, the lower of the LRFD tension strength, LRFD pull-out strength and LRFD pull-over strength must be used for design.

For more information.

Allowable Tension Pull-Out Capacity of Screw Connections in Steel, lbf^{1,2,3,4,5}

Screw Size	Point Type	Steel Thickness							
		18 Ga.	16 Ga.	14 Ga.	12 Ga.	1/8"	3/16"	1/4"	5/16"
#8-18	#2	100	110	175	285	-	-	-	-
#10-16	#2	90	135	160	280	-	-	-	-
#10-16 W/W	#3	-	110	-	-	500 ^M	-	-	-
#12-14	#2	105	150	180	305	-	-	-	-
#12-14	#3	85	135	160	275	385 ^M	525	-	-
#12-24	#5	-	-	-	-	390 ^M	430	600	650
#12-24 W/W	#5	-	90	-	-	380 ^M	-	565	-
1/4"-14	#2	125	175	215	365	-	-	-	-
#1/4"-20	#3	-	135	155	290	535 ^M	620	-	-
1/4"-20 W/W	#5	-	55	-	-	385 ^M	-	780	-
1/4"-20	#5	-	-	-	-	455 ^M	580	665	910

1. Allowable (ASD) strengths are based on a safety factor, Ω , determined in accordance with AISI S100-16.
2. Values are based on steel members with a minimum tensile strength of $F_u = 45$ ksi.
3. Allowable (ASD) pull-out capacities for other member thicknesses may be determined by interpolating within the table.
4. For ASD tension connections, the lower of the ASD tension strength, ASD pull-out strength and ASD pull-over strength must be used for design.
5. Unless otherwise noted, for steel with a minimum tensile strength $F_u \geq 52$ ksi, multiply tabulated values by 1.15; when $F_u \geq 58$ ksi, multiply tabulated values by 1.20; when $F_u \geq 66$ ksi, multiply tabulated values by 1.44.
6. For steel with a minimum tensile strength $F_u \geq 52$ ksi, multiply tabulated values by 1.15.



PERFORMANCE DATA

PERFORMANCE DATA

Fastener Strengths^{1,2,3,4,5,6,7}

Description	Head Styles	Tension (lbf)			Shear (lbf)			Minimum Torsional Strength (in-lbs)
		Ultimate	ASD	LRFD	Ultimate	ASD	LRFD	
#8-18	HWH	1,510	505	755	1,195	400	600	45
#8-18	PPH	1,435	480	720	1,065	355	535	32
#10-16	HWH	2,040	680	1,020	1,505	500	755	48
#10-16	PPH, PPCKH	1,715	570	855	1,250	415	625	43
#10-16	PFH	1,760	585	880	1,410	470	705	43
#12-14	HWH	2,790	930	1,395	2,085	695	1,040	95
#12-14	PUFH, PPCKH	2,330	775	1,165	1,615	540	810	73
#12-24	HWH	2,940	980	1,470	2,145	715	1,075	95
#12-24	PFH	2,395	800	1,195	1,840	615	920	73
1/4"-14	HWH	3,580	1,195	1,790	2,600	865	1,300	135
1/4"-20	HWH	3,835	1,280	1,915	3,045	1,015	1,520	135
1/4"-20	PUFH	3,040	1,015	1,520	2,355	785	1,180	108
1/4"-20	PFH	3,410	1,135	1,705	2,555	850	1,275	108

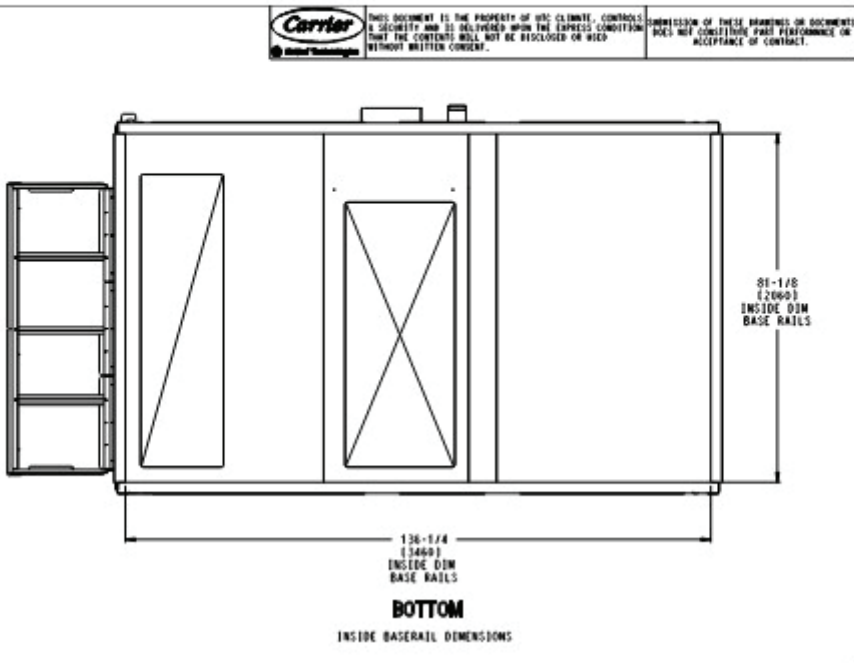
1. Ultimate strengths are based on laboratory tests.
2. Allowable (ASD) strengths are based on a safety factor, Ω , of 3.00 in accordance with ICC-ES AC118 and AISI S100-16.
3. Design (LRFD) strengths are based on a resistance factor, ϕ , of 0.50 in accordance with ICC-ES AC118 and AISI S100-16.
4. For ASD tension connections, the lower of the ASD tension strength, ASD pull-out strength and ASD pull-over strength must be used for design.
5. For LRFD tension connections, the lower of the LRFD tension strength, LRFD pull-out strength and LRFD pull-over strength must be used for design.
6. For ASD shear connections, the lower of the ASD Shear (Bearing) Capacity and the ASD Fastener Shear Strength must be used for design.
7. For LRFD shear connections, the lower of the LRFD Shear (Bearing) Capacity and the LRFD Fastener Shear Strength must be used for design.

BI-FLEX®

information.

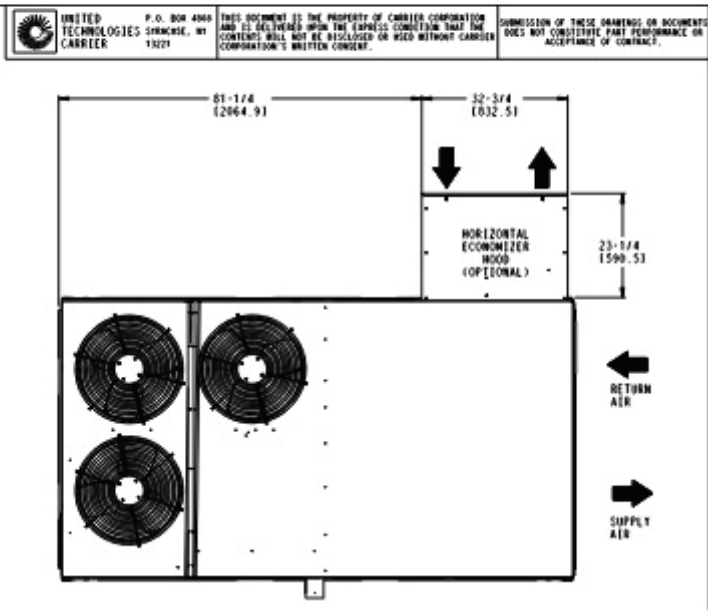
ing for RTU-1-4

10-13-2023
05.49PM



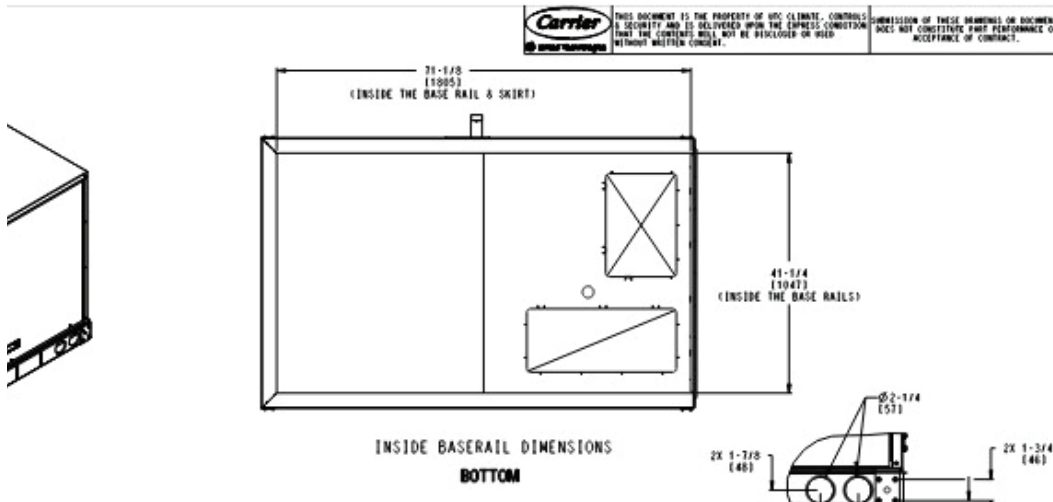
r RTU-5

10-13-20
05.49



Certified Drawing for RTU-6

10-13-2023
05.49PM



SDS — Allowable Shear Loads — Steel Side-Plate Applications



Length (in.)	Model No.	Thread Length (in.)	Fasteners per Carton	DF/SP Allowable Loads ³							SPF/HF Allowable Loads ³						
				Shear (100)					Withdrawal ¹ (100)		Shear (100)					Withdrawal ¹ (100)	
				Wood Side Plate ²		Steel Side Plate					Wood Side Plate ²		Steel Side Plate				
				1 1/2"	1 3/4" SCL	16 ga.	14 ga. and 12 ga.	10 ga. or Greater	Wood Side Plate	Steel Side Plate	1 1/2"	1 3/4" SPF LVL	16 ga.	14 ga. and 12 ga.	10 ga. or Greater	Wood Side Plate	Steel Side Plate
1 1/2	SDS25112	1	1,500	—	—	250	250	250	170	170	—	—	180	180	180	120	120
2	SDS25200	1 1/4	1,300	—	—	250	290	290	215	215	—	—	180	210	210	150	150
2 1/2	SDS25212	1 1/2	1,100	190	—	250	390	420	255	255	135	—	180	280	300	180	180
3	SDS25300	2	950	280	—	250	420	420	345	345	200	—	180	300	300	240	240
3 1/2	SDS25312	2 1/4	900	340	340	250	420	420	345	385	245	245	180	300	300	240	270
4 1/2	SDS25412	2 3/4	800	350	340	250	420	420	345	475	250	245	180	300	300	240	330
5	SDS25500	2 3/4	500	350	340	250	420	420	345	475	250	245	180	300	300	240	330
6	SDS25600	3 1/4	600	350	340	250	420	420	345	560	250	245	180	300	300	240	395
8	SDS25800	3 1/4	400	350	340	250	420	420	345	560	250	245	180	300	300	240	395

- Allowable loads are shown at the wood load duration factor of $C_D = 1.00$. Loads may be increased for load duration up to a $C_D = 1.60$.
- Withdrawal loads shown are in pounds (lb.) and are based on the lesser value of either head pull-through for a 1.5"-thick wood side member or withdrawal from the main member. If entire thread length is not installed into the main member, calculate withdrawal based on 172 lb./in. of thread penetration for DF/SP wood and 121 lb./in. for SPF/HF wood. Maximum withdrawal values with a steel side plate are 635 lb. for 16 ga. and 800 lb. for 14 ga. due to head pull-through.
- LSL wood-to-wood applications that require 4 1/2", 5", 6" and 8" SDS screws are limited to interior-dry use only.
- Minimum spacing requirements are listed in ICC-ES ESR-2236.

Company Inc.

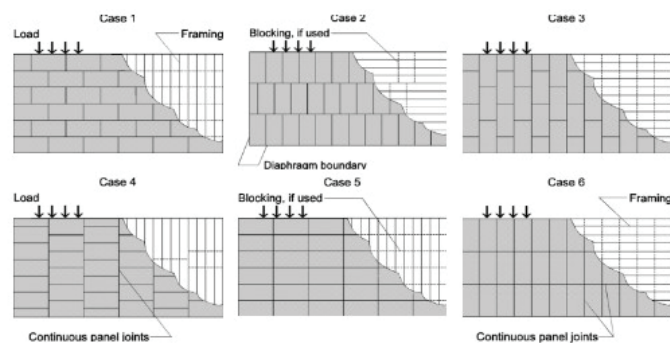
information.

Table 4.2A Nominal Unit Shear Capacities for Wood-Frame Diaphragms

Blocked Wood Structural Panel Diaphragms^{1,2,3,4}

Sheathing Grade	Common Nail Size	Minimum Fastener Penetration in Framing Member or Blocking (in.)	Minimum Nominal Panel Thickness (in.)	Minimum Nominal Width of Nailed Face at Adjoining Panel Edges and Boundaries (in.)	A SEISMIC								B WIND							
					Nail Spacing (in.) at diaphragm boundaries (all cases), at continuous panel edges parallel to load (Cases 3 & 4), and at all panel edges (Cases 5 & 6)								Nail Spacing (in.) at diaphragm boundaries (all cases), at continuous panel edges parallel to load (Cases 3 & 4), and at all panel edges (Cases 5 & 6)							
					6		4		2-1/2		2		6		4		2-1/2		2	
					Nail Spacing (in.) at other panel edges (Cases 1, 2, 3, & 4)								Nail Spacing (in.) at other panel edges (Cases 1, 2, 3, & 4)							
					V_n (plf)	G_n (kips/in.)	V_n (plf)	G_n (kips/in.)	V_n (plf)	G_n (kips/in.)	V_n (plf)	G_n (kips/in.)	V_n (plf)	G_n (kips/in.)	V_n (plf)	G_n (kips/in.)				
					OSB	PLY	OSB	PLY	OSB	PLY	OSB	PLY	OSB	PLY	OSB	PLY				
Structural I	6d	1-1/4	5/16	2	370	15	12	500	8.5	7.5	750	12	10	840	20	15				
					420	12	9.5	560	7.0	6.0	840	9.5	8.5	950	17	13				
	8d	1-3/8	3/8	2	540	14	11	720	9.0	7.5	1060	13	10	1200	21	15				
					600	12	10	800	7.5	6.5	1200	10	9.0	1350	18	13				
	10d	1-1/2	15/32	2	640	24	17	850	15	12	1280	20	15	1460	31	21				
					720	20	15	960	12	9.5	1440	16	13	1640	26	18				
Sheathing and Single-Floor	6d	1-1/4	5/16	2	340	15	10	450	9.0	7.0	670	13	9.5	760	21	13				
					380	12	9.0	500	7.0	6.0	760	10	8.0	860	17	12				
					370	13	9.5	500	7.0	6.0	750	10	8.0	840	18	12				
			3/8	2	420	10	8.0	560	5.5	5.0	840	8.5	7.0	950	14	10				
					480	15	11	640	9.5	7.5	960	13	9.5	1090	21	13				
					540	12	9.5	720	7.5	6.0	1080	11	8.5	1220	18	12				
	8d	1-3/8	7/16	2	510	14	10	680	8.5	7.0	1010	12	9.5	1150	20	13				
					570	11	9.0	760	7.0	6.0	1140	10	8.0	1290	17	12				
					540	13	9.5	720	7.5	6.5	1060	11	8.5	1200	19	13				
			15/32	2	600	10	8.5	800	6.0	5.5	1200	9.0	7.5	1350	15	11				
					580	25	15	770	15	11	1150	21	14	1310	33	18				
					650	21	14	860	12	9.5	1300	17	12	1470	28	16				
10d	1-1/2	15/32	2	640	21	14	850	13	9.5	1280	18	12	1460	28	17					
				720	17	12	960	10	8.0	1440	14	11	1640	24	15					

1. Nominal unit shear capacities shall be adjusted in accordance with 4.2.3 to determine ASD allowable unit shear capacity and LRFD factored unit resistance. For general construction requirements see 4.2.6. For specific requirements, see 4.2.7.1 for wood structural panel diaphragms. See Appendix A for common nail dimensions.
 2. For species and grades of framing other than Douglas-Fir-Larch or Southern Pine, reduced nominal unit shear capacities shall be determined by multiplying the tabulated nominal unit shear capacity by the Specific Gravity Adjustment Factor = $[1 - (0.5 - G)]$, where G = Specific Gravity of the framing lumber from the *NDS* (Table 11.3.2A). The Specific Gravity Adjustment Factor shall not be greater than 1.
 3. Apparent shear stiffness values, G_n , are based on nail slip in framing with moisture content less than or equal to 19% at time of fabrication and panel stiffness values for diaphragms constructed with either OSB or 3-ply plywood panels. When 4-ply or 5-ply plywood panels or composite panels are used, G_n values shall be permitted to be increased by 1.2.
 4. Where moisture content of the framing is greater than 19% at time of fabrication, G_n values shall be multiplied by 0.5.



4.2.3 Unit Shear Capacities

Tabulated nominal unit shear capacities for seismic design are provided in Column A of Tables 4.2A, 4.2B, 4.2C, and 4.2D; and for wind design in Column B of Tables 4.2A, 4.2B, 4.2C, and 4.2D. The ASD allowable unit shear capacity shall be determined by dividing the tabulated nominal unit shear capacity, modified by applicable footnotes, by the ASD reduction factor of 2.0. The LRFD factored unit resistance shall be determined by multiplying the tabulated nominal unit shear capacity, modified by applicable footnotes, by a resistance

4.1.7 Toe-Nailed Connections

In seismic design categories D, E, and F, the capacity of toe-nailed connections shall not be used when calculating lateral load resistance to transfer seismic lateral forces greater than 150 pounds per lineal foot for ASD and 205 pounds per lineal foot for LRFD from diaphragms to shear walls, collectors, or other elements, or from shear walls to other elements.

information.

Appendix A

RTU 1 Thru 6 Product Data



**SUBMITTAL
REV 01**

Project

CBRE Michaels MIK-2018 Puyallup, WA_R1

Date

13 October 2023

Notes:

- Field supplied drive may be required for RTU-1-5.
- Curb adapters are included for all RTUs, please verify the existing dimensions.

Table Of Contents

Project: CBRE Michaels MIK-2018 Puyallup, WA_R1
Prepared By:

10-13-2023
05.49PM

RTU-1-4.....	3
Unit Report	4
Certified Drawing.....	5
Performance Summary.....	9
RTU-5.....	12
Unit Report	13
Certified Drawing.....	14
Performance Summary.....	17
RTU-6.....	20
Unit Report	21
Certified Drawing.....	22
Performance Summary.....	25

RTU-1-4

Tag Cover Sheet Unit Report Certified Drawing Performance Report

Unit Report For RTU-1-4

Project: CBRE Michaels MIK-2018 Puyallup, WA_R1
 Prepared By:

10-13-2023
 05.49PM

Unit Parameters

Unit Model:..... **48LCE017A3M5-4R4C0**
 Unit Size:..... **17 (15 Tons)**
 Volts-Phase-Hertz:..... **208-3-60**
 Heating Type:..... **Gas**
 Heat Control:..... **Medium Gas Heat**
 Duct Cfg:..... **Vertical Supply / Vertical Return**
 DX Options:**Three stage cooling capacity control with TXV**

Dimensions (ft. in.) & Weight (lb.) ***

Unit Length:..... **11' 9.5"**
 Unit Width:..... **7' 2.375"**
 Unit Height:..... **4' 10.5"**
Total Operating Weight:..... 2622 lb

*** Weights and Dimensions are approximate. Weight does not include unit packaging. Approximate dimensions are provided primarily for shipping purposes. For exact dimensions and weights, refer to appropriate product data catalog.

Unit Configuration

High Static Option - Vertical Models with VFD controller
 Al/Cu - Al/Cu - Louvered Hail Guards
 SystemVu Controller and system building automation
 Enty. Ultra Low Leak EconoMi\$er w/ Baro relief
 Hinged Access Panels and Unpowered Convenience Outlet
 Non-Fused Disconnect
 Standard Packaging

Warranty Information

1-Year parts
 5-Year compressor parts
 10-Year heat exchanger - Aluminized

No optional warranties were selected.

NOTE: Please see Warranty Catalog 500-089 for explanation of policies and ordering methods.

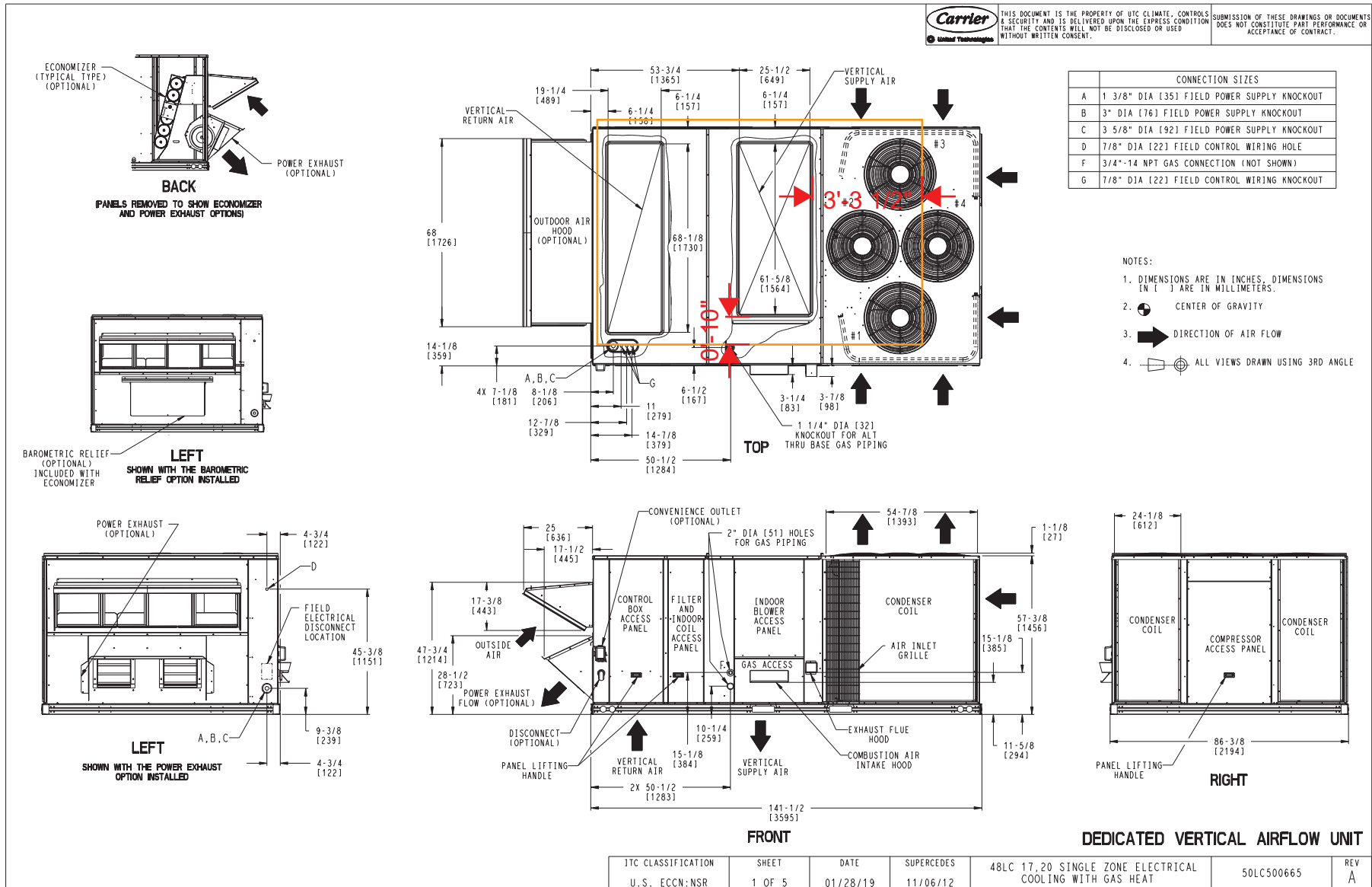
Ordering Information

Part Number	Description	Quantity
48LCE017A3M5-4R4C0	Rooftop Unit	4
	Base Unit	
	High Static Option - Vertical Models with VFD controller	
	Al/Cu - Al/Cu - Louvered Hail Guards	
	Hinged Access Panels and Unpowered Convenience Outlet	
	Non-Fused Disconnect	
	SystemVu, Ultra Low Leak Enty EconoMi\$er2 with baro relief. Meets Calif. Title 24 FDD & Leak Rates	
Field Installed Accessories		
ZS2-C-BNK	ZS Standard	4
CRSTATUS005A00	Fan/Filter Status Switch	4
CRPHASE3001A02	Phase Monitor Control	4

Certified Drawing for RTU-1-4

Project: CBRE Michaels MIK-2018 Puyallup, WA_R1
 Prepared By:

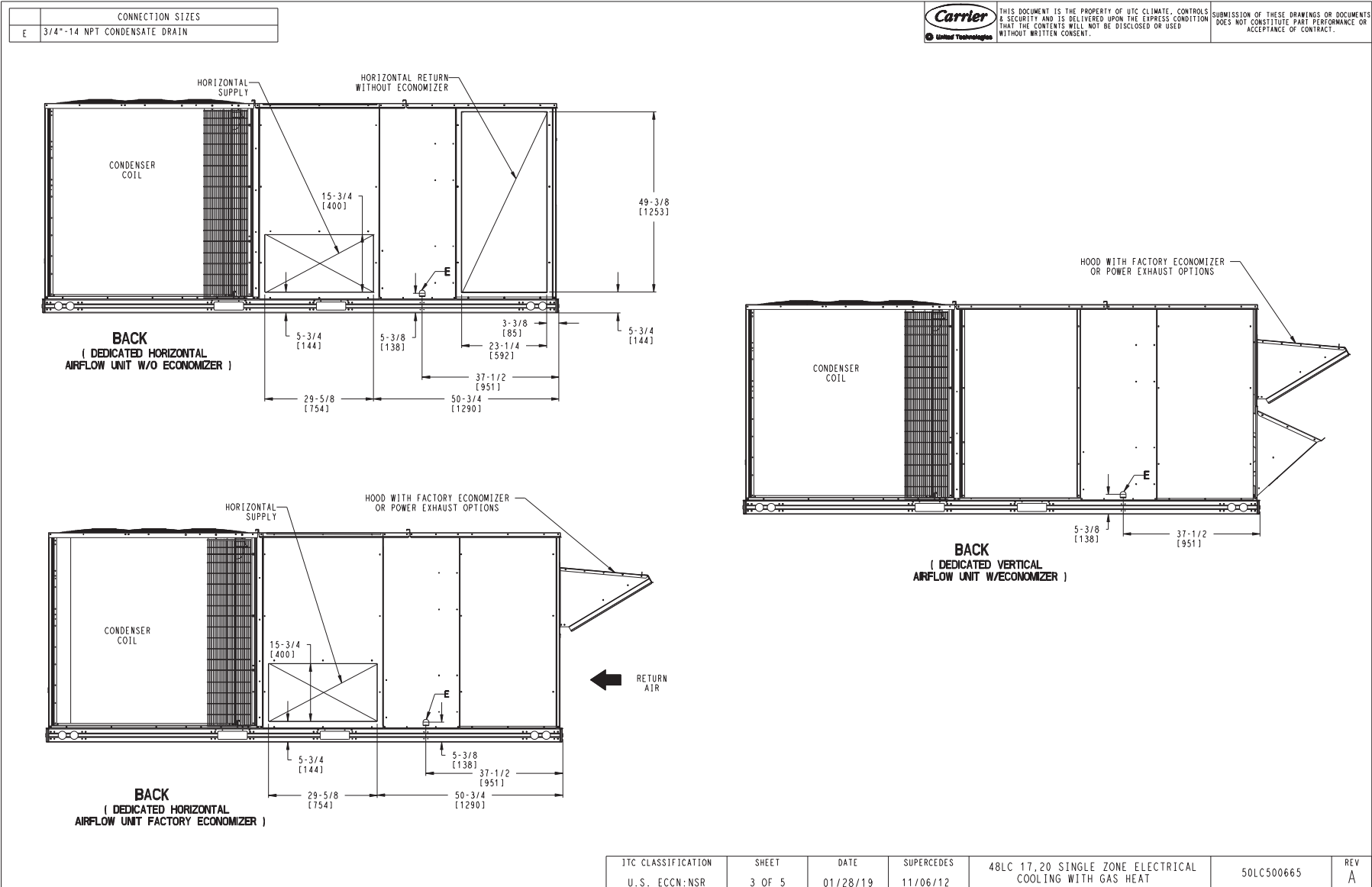
10-13-2023
 05.49PM



Certified Drawing for RTU-1-4

Project: CBRE Michaels MIK-2018 Puyallup, WA_R1
 Prepared By:

10-13-2023
 05.49PM



Certified Drawing for RTU-1-4

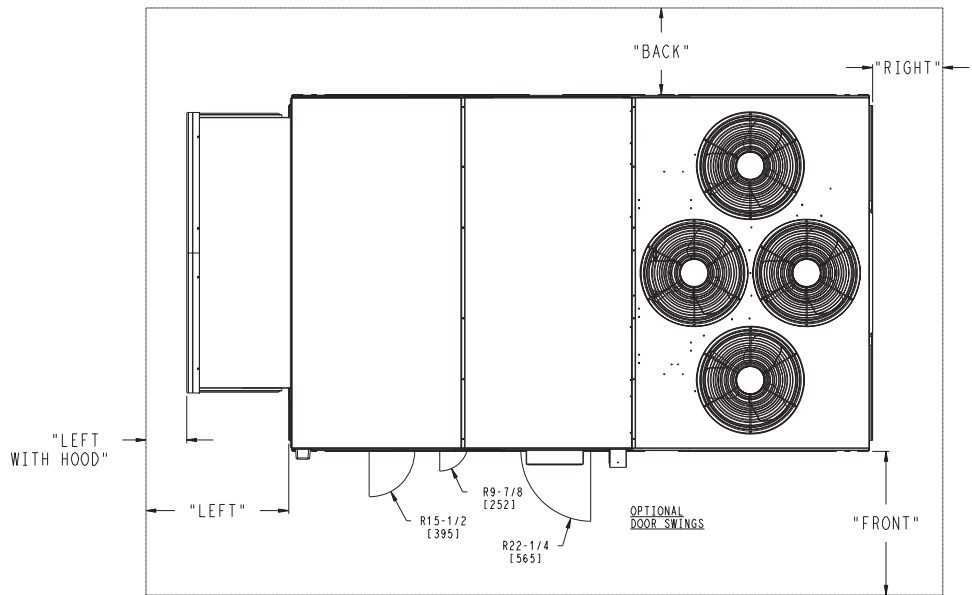
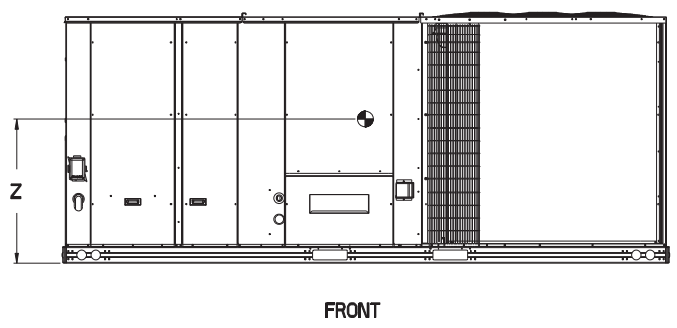
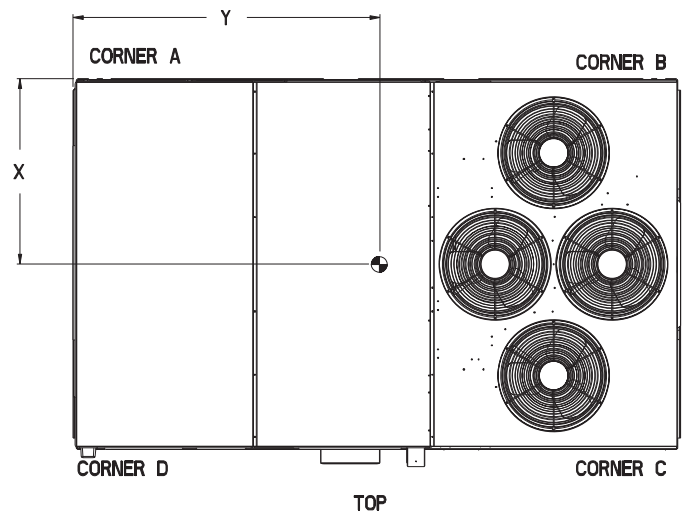
Project: CBRE Michaels MIK-2018 Puyallup, WA_R1
 Prepared By:

10-13-2023
 05.49PM

UNIT	STD UNIT WEIGHT *		CORNER WEIGHT (A)		CORNER WEIGHT (B)		CORNER WEIGHT (C)		CORNER WEIGHT (D)		C.G.		
	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	X	Y	Z
48LC17	2095	952	543	247	519	236	511	232	439	199	38 1/2 [977]	76 [1930]	19 [482]
48LC20	2201	1000	570	259	664	302	536	244	461	209	38 1/2 [977]	76 [1930]	19 [482]

Carrier United Technologies
 THIS DOCUMENT IS THE PROPERTY OF UTC CLIMATE CONTROLS & SECURITY AND IS DELIVERED UPON THE EXPRESS CONDITION THAT THE CONTENTS WILL NOT BE DISCLOSED OR USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT.
 SUBMISSION OF THESE DRAWINGS OR DOCUMENTS DOES NOT CONSTITUTE PART PERFORMANCE OR ACCEPTANCE OF CONTRACT.

* STANDARD UNIT WEIGHT IS WITH LOW GAS HEAT AND WITHOUT PACKAGING.
 FOR OTHER OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES REFER TO THE PRODUCT DATA CATALOG.



- NOTES:
- CLEARANCE ABOVE THE UNIT TO BE 72"
 - FOR ALL MINIMUM CLEARANCES LOCAL CODES OR JURISDICTIONS MAY PREVAIL.

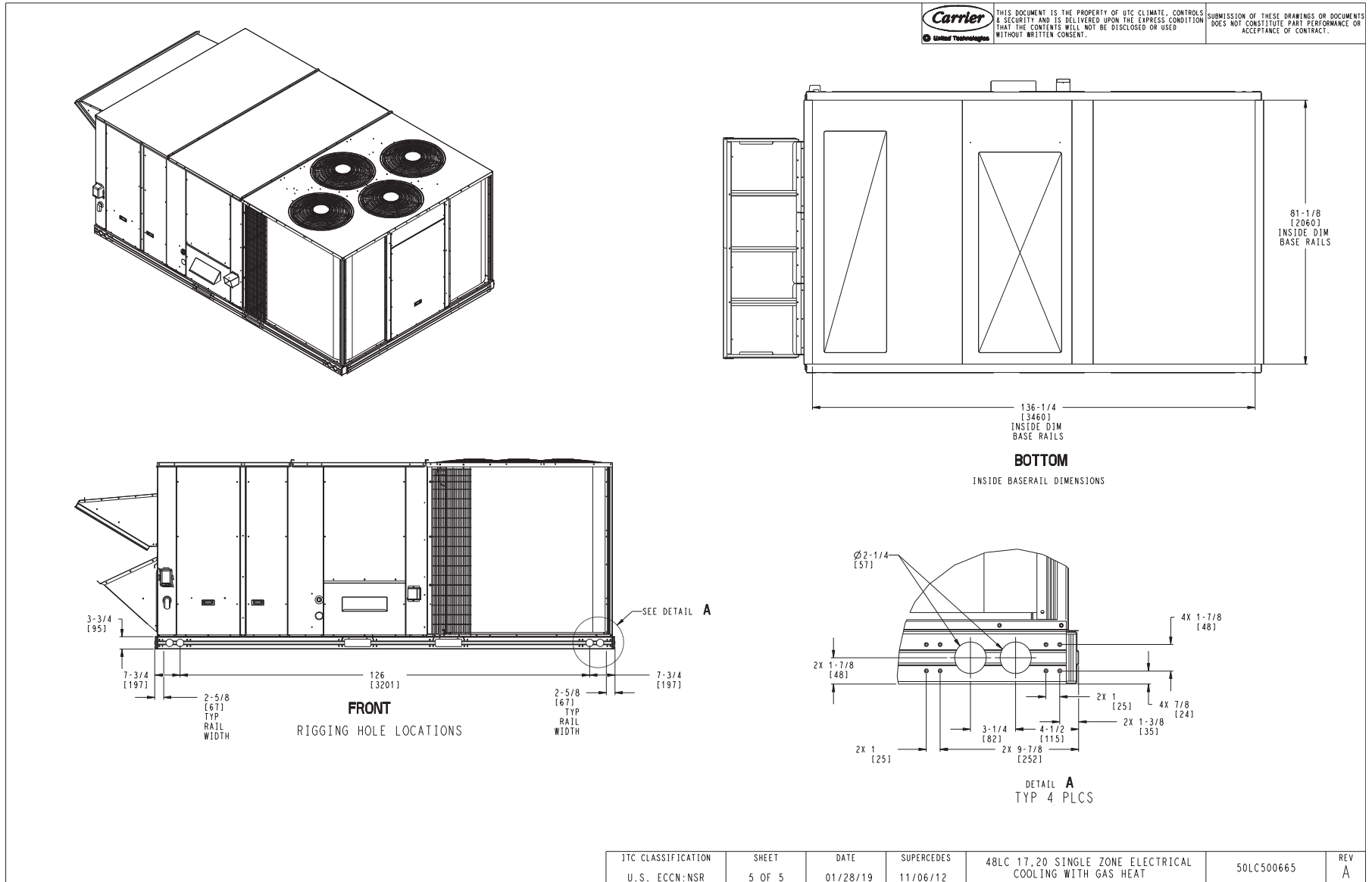
SURFACE	SERVICE WITH:		OPERATING CLEARANCE
	CONDUCTIVE BARRIER	NONCONDUCTIVE BARRIER	
FRONT	48 [1219mm]	36 [914mm]	18 [457mm]
LEFT	48 [1219mm]	42 [1067mm]	18 [457mm]
BACK	42 [1067mm]	36 [914mm]	18 [457mm]
LEFT WITH HOOD	36 [914mm]	36 [914mm]	18 [457mm]
RIGHT	36 [914mm]	36 [914mm]	18 [457mm]
TOP	72 [1829mm]	72 [1829mm]	72 [1829mm]

ITC CLASSIFICATION	SHEET	DATE	SUPERCEDES	48LC 17, 20 SINGLE ZONE ELECTRICAL COOLING WITH GAS HEAT	50LC500665	REV
U.S. ECCN:NSR	4 OF 5	01/28/19	11/06/12			A

Certified Drawing for RTU-1-4

Project: CBRE Michaels MIK-2018 Puyallup, WA_R1
 Prepared By:

10-13-2023
 05.49PM



Performance Summary For RTU-1-4

Project: CBRE Michaels MIK-2018 Puyallup, WA_R1
 Prepared By:

10-13-2023
 05.49PM

Part Number:48LCE017A3M5-4R4C0

ARI EER: **12.50**
 IEER: **18.4**

Base Unit Dimensions

Unit Length: **141.5** in
 Unit Width: **86.4** in
 Unit Height: **58.5** in

Operating Weight

Base Unit Weight: **2095** lb
 Medium Gas Heat: **90** lb
 High Static Option - Vertical Models with VFD controller: **16** lb
 Al/Cu - Al/Cu - Louvered Hail Guards: **150** lb
 Enth. Ultra Low Leak EconoMi\$er w/ Baro relief: **246** lb
 Hinged Access Panels and Unpowered Convenience Outlet: **10** lb
 Non-Fused Disconnect: **15** lb

 Total Operating Weight: **2622** lb

Unit

Unit Voltage-Phase-Hertz: **208-3-60**
 Air Discharge: **Vertical**
 Fan Drive Type: **Direct Drive**
 Actual Airflow: **6000** CFM
 Site Altitude: **0** ft

Cooling Performance

Condenser Entering Air DB: **95.0** F
 Evaporator Entering Air DB: **80.0** F
 Evaporator Entering Air WB: **67.0** F
 Entering Air Enthalpy: **31.44** BTU/lb
 Evaporator Leaving Air DB: **58.0** F
 Evaporator Leaving Air WB: **57.2** F
 Evaporator Leaving Air Enthalpy: **24.55** BTU/lb
 Gross Cooling Capacity: **185.86** MBH
 Gross Sensible Capacity: **142.55** MBH
 Compressor Power Input: **12.29** kW
 Coil Bypass Factor: **0.037**

Heating Performance

Heating Airflow: **6000** CFM
 Entering Air Temp: **70.0** F
 Leaving Air Temp: **108.7** F
 Gas Heating Input Capacity: **248.0 / 310.0** MBH
 Gas Heating Output Capacity: **200.0 / 251.0** MBH
 Temperature Rise: **38.7** F
 Thermal Efficiency (%): **81.0**

Supply Fan

External Static Pressure: **0.50** in wg
 Options / Accessories Static Pressure
 Economizer: **0.06** in wg
 Application External Static (ESP + Unit Opts/Acc.): **0.56** in wg
 Fan RPM: **756**
 Fan Power: **2.34** BHP
 NOTE: **The Selected Indoor Fan Motor requires a Field-Supplied Drive (RPM Range: 872 - 1053).**

Selection includes construction throwaway filter into the base fan curve. This filter is not MERV Rated.

Performance Summary For RTU-1-4

Project: CBRE Michaels MIK-2018 Puyallup, WA_R1
 Prepared By:

10-13-2023
 05.49PM

Electrical Data

Voltage Range:	187 - 253
Compressor #1 RLA:.....	19.1
Compressor #1 LRA:.....	123
Compressor #2 RLA:.....	27.6
Compressor #2 LRA:.....	191
Indoor Fan Motor Type:.....	HIGH
Indoor Fan Motor FLA (Total):.....	28
Combustion Fan Motor FLA (ea):.....	0.52
Power Supply MCA:.....	86.9
Power Supply MOCP (Fuse or HACR):.....	100
Disconnect Size FLA:.....	92
Disconnect Size LRA:	484
Electrical Convenience Outlet:.....	None
Outdoor Fan [Qty / FLA (ea)]:	4 / 1.3

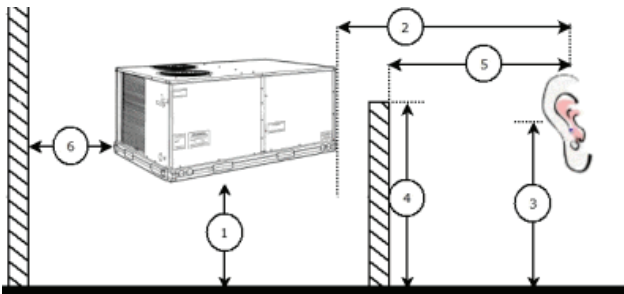
Control Panel SCCR: 5kA RMS at Rated Symmetrical Voltage

Acoustics

Sound Power Levels, db re 10E-12 Watts

	Discharge	Inlet	Outdoor
63 Hz	88.5	87.8	97.1
125 Hz	81.3	72.5	88.3
250 Hz	74.0	67.6	84.4
500 Hz	73.6	60.9	83.3
1000 Hz	67.2	54.4	80.7
2000 Hz	66.0	49.4	77.4
4000 Hz	66.5	44.5	73.4
8000 Hz	56.4	33.3	67.3
A-Weighted	75.6	65.7	86.0

Advanced Acoustics



Advanced Acoustics Parameters

1. Unit height above ground:	30.0 ft
2. Horizontal distance from unit to receiver:	50.0 ft
3. Receiver height above ground:	5.7 ft
4. Height of obstruction:	0.0 ft
5. Horizontal distance from obstruction to receiver:	0.0 ft
6. Horizontal distance from unit to obstruction:	0.0 ft

Detailed Acoustics Information

Performance Summary For RTU-1-4

Project: CBRE Michaels MIK-2018 Puyallup, WA_R1
 Prepared By:

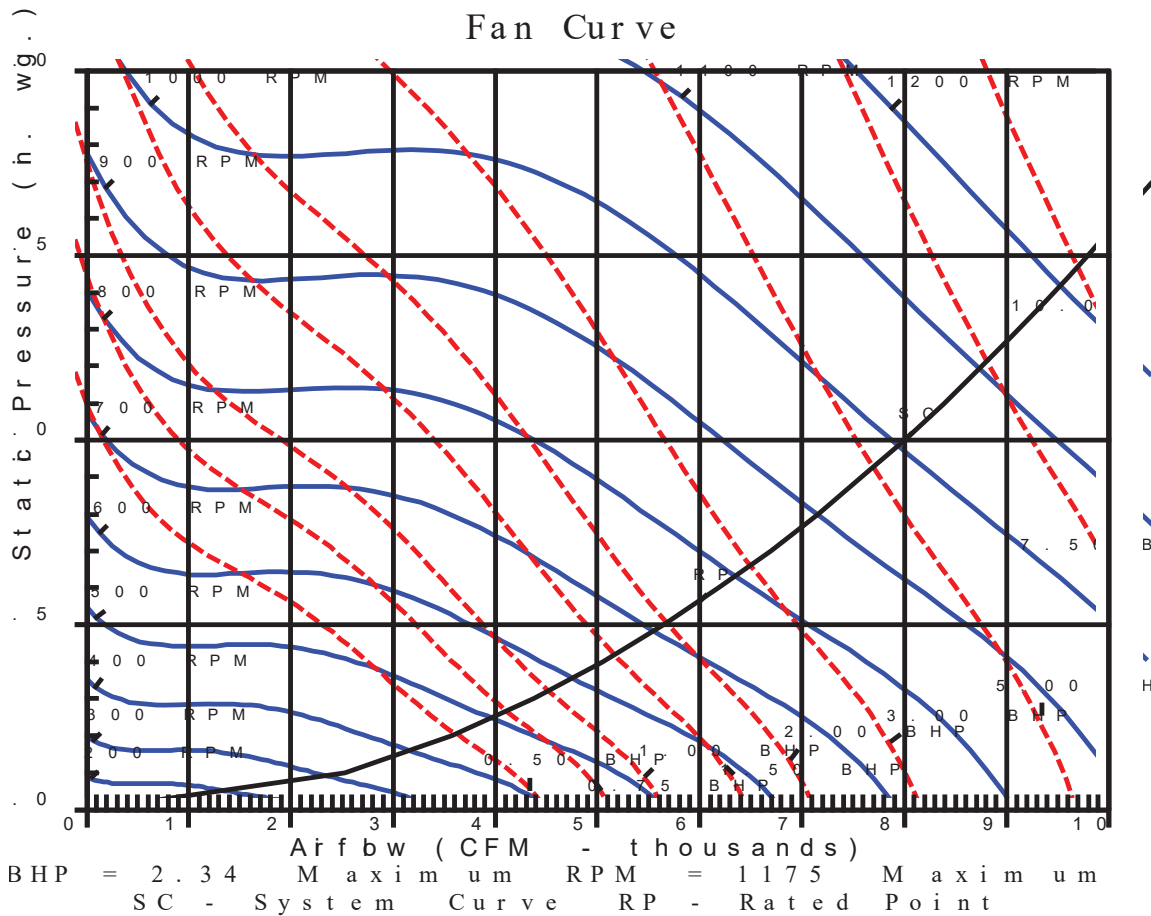
10-13-2023
 05.49PM

Octave Band Center Freq. Hz	63	125	250	500	1k	2k	4k	8k	Overall
A	97.1	88.3	84.4	83.3	80.7	77.4	73.4	67.3	98.1 Lw
B	70.9	72.2	75.8	80.1	80.7	78.6	74.4	66.2	85.9 LwA
C	64.7	55.9	52.0	50.9	48.3	45.0	41.0	34.9	65.7 Lp
D	38.5	39.8	43.4	47.7	48.3	46.2	42.0	33.8	53.5 LpA

Legend

- A Sound Power Levels at Unit's Acoustic Center, Lw
- B A-Weighted Sound Power Levels at Unit's Acoustic Center, LwA
- C Sound Pressure Levels at Specific Distance from Unit, Lp
- D A-Weighted Sound Pressure Levels at Specific Distance from Unit, LpA

Calculation methods used in this program are patterned after the ASHRAE Guide; other ASHRAE Publications and the AHRI Acoustical Standards. While a very significant effort has been made to insure the technical accuracy of this program, it is assumed that the user is knowledgeable in the art of system sound estimation and is aware of the tolerances involved in real world acoustical estimation. This program makes certain assumptions as to the dominant sound sources and sound paths which may not always be appropriate to the real system being estimated. Because of this, no assurances can be offered that this software will always generate an accurate sound prediction from user supplied input data. If in doubt about the estimation of expected sound levels in a space, an Acoustical Engineer or a person with sound prediction expertise should be consulted.



RTU-5

**Tag Cover Sheet
Unit Report
Certified Drawing
Performance Report**

Unit Report For RTU-5

Project: CBRE Michaels MIK-2018 Puyallup, WA_R1
 Prepared By:

10-13-2023
 05.49PM

Unit Parameters

Unit Model:..... **48LCE008A3M5-4R4C0**
 Unit Size:.....**08 (7.5 Tons)**
 Volts-Phase-Hertz:..... **208-3-60**
 Heating Type:.....**Gas**
 Heat Control:..... **Medium Gas Heat**
 Duct Cfg:..... **Vertical Supply / Vertical Return**
 DX Options:**Three stage cooling capacity control with TXV**

Dimensions (ft. in.) & Weight (lb.) ***

Unit Length:.....**9' 7.875"**
 Unit Width:.....**5' 3.375"**
 Unit Height:.....**4' 10.75"**
Total Operating Weight:..... 1852 lb

*** Weights and Dimensions are approximate. Weight does not include unit packaging. Approximate dimensions are provided primarily for shipping purposes. For exact dimensions and weights, refer to appropriate product data catalog.

Unit Configuration

High Static Belt Drive with VFD Controller
 Al/Cu - Al/Cu - Louvered Hail Guards
 SystemVu Unit Controller and system building automation
 Ultra LOW LEAK Enthalpy EconoMi\$er with barometric relief
 Hinged Access Panels and Unpowered Convenience Outlet
 Non-Fused Disconnect
 Standard Packaging

Warranty Information

1-Year parts
 5-Year compressor parts
 10-Year heat exchanger - Aluminized

No optional warranties were selected.

NOTE: Please see Warranty Catalog 500-089 for explanation of policies and ordering methods.

Ordering Information

Part Number	Description	Quantity
48LCE008A3M5-4R4C0	Rooftop Unit	1
	Base Unit	
	High Static Belt Drive with VFD Controller	
	Al/Cu - Al/Cu - Louvered Hail Guards	
	Hinged Access Panels and Unpowered Convenience Outlet	
	Non-Fused Disconnect	
	SystemVu, Ultra Low Leak Enty EconoMi\$er2 with baro relief. Meets Calif. Title 24 FDD & Leak Rates	
Field Installed Accessories		
ZS2-C-BNK	ZS Standard	1
CRSTATUS001A00	Fan/Filter Status Switch	1
CRPHASE3001A02	Phase Monitor Control	1

Certified Drawing for RTU-5

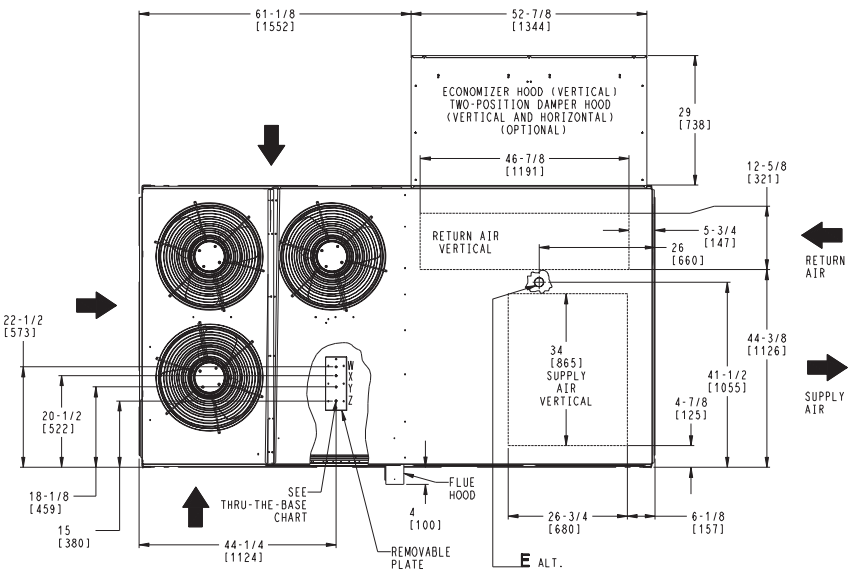
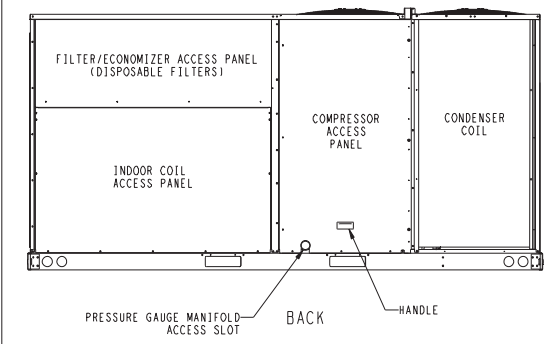
Project: CBRE Michaels MIK-2018 Puyallup, WA_R1
 Prepared By:

10-13-2023
 05.49PM

NOTES:

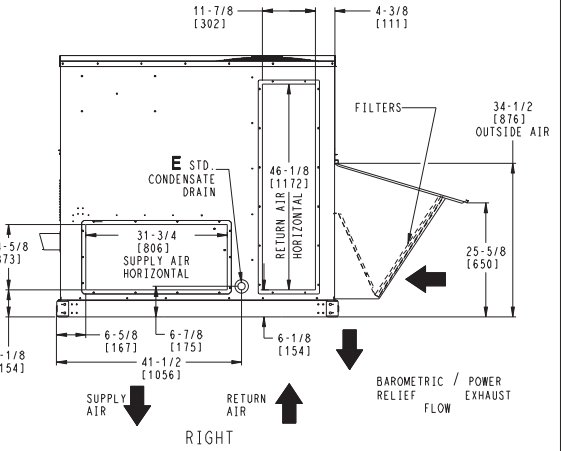
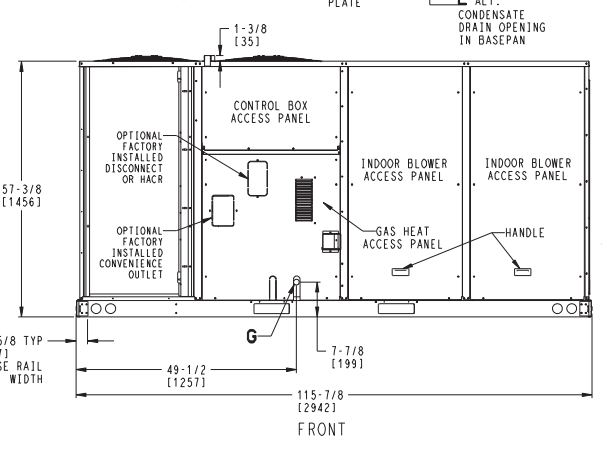
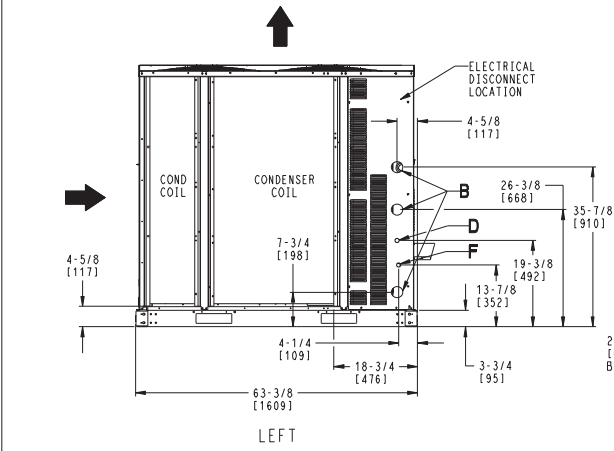
1. DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES, DIMENSIONS IN [] ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
2. CENTER OF GRAVITY
3. DIRECTION OF AIR FLOW

UNITED TECHNOLOGIES CARRIER	P.O. BOX 4808 SYRACUSE, NY 13221	THIS DOCUMENT IS THE PROPERTY OF CARRIER CORPORATION AND IS DELIVERED UPON THE EXPRESS CONDITION THAT THE CONTENTS WILL NOT BE DISCLOSED OR USED WITHOUT CARRIER CORPORATION'S WRITTEN CONSENT.	SUBMISSION OF THESE DRAWINGS OR DOCUMENTS DOES NOT CONSTITUTE PART PERFORMANCE OR ACCEPTANCE OF CONTRACT.
-----------------------------	----------------------------------	---	---



CONNECTION SIZES	
B	2 1/2" [64] DIA POWER SUPPLY HOLE
D	7/8" [22] DIA FIELD CONTROL WIRING HOLE
E	3/4"-14 NPT CONDENSATE DRAIN
F	7/8" [22] DIA FIELD CONVENIENCE OUTLET HOLE
G	3/4"-14 NPT GAS CONNECTION

THRU-THE-BASE CHART THESE HOLES REQUIRED FOR USE CRBTMPWR005A00, 006A00, 007A00				
ACCESSORY NO.	THREADED CONDUIT SIZE	WIRE USE	REQ'D HOLE SIZES (MAX.)	
005	W	1/2" ACC.	7/8" [22.2]	
	X	1/2" 24V	7/8" [22.2]	
	Y	1 1/4" POWER	1 1/2" [38.1]	
	Z	3/4" PIPE GAS	1 3/4" [44.5]	
006	W	1/2" ACC.	7/8" [22.2]	
	X	1/2" 24V	7/8" [22.2]	
	Y	1 1/2" POWER	2" [50.8]	
	Z	3/4" PIPE GAS	1 3/4" [44.5]	
007	W	1/2" ACC.	7/8" [22.2]	
	X	1/2" 24V	7/8" [22.2]	
	Y	2" POWER	2 1/2" [63.5]	
	Z	3/4" PIPE GAS	1 3/4" [44.5]	
FOR "THRU-THE-BASEPAN" FACTORY OPTION, FITTINGS FOR X & Y ARE PROVIDED AS SPECIFIED ON "006".				



DATE 11/15/12	SUPERCEDES -	48LC 08 SINGLE ZONE ELECTRIC COOLING WITH GAS HEAT	48LC500408	REV -
------------------	-----------------	--	------------	----------

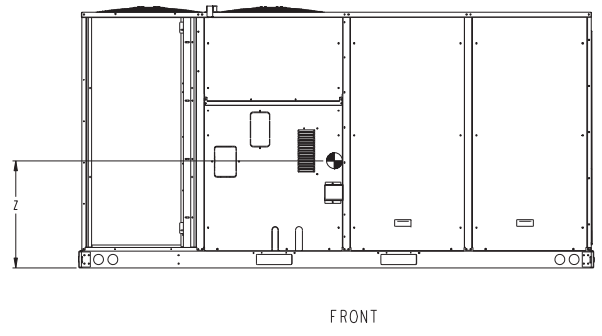
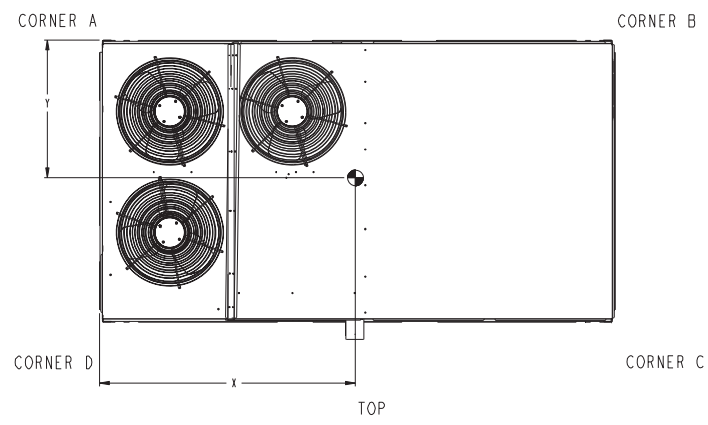
Certified Drawing for RTU-5

Project: CBRE Michaels MIK-2018 Puyallup, WA_R1
 Prepared By:

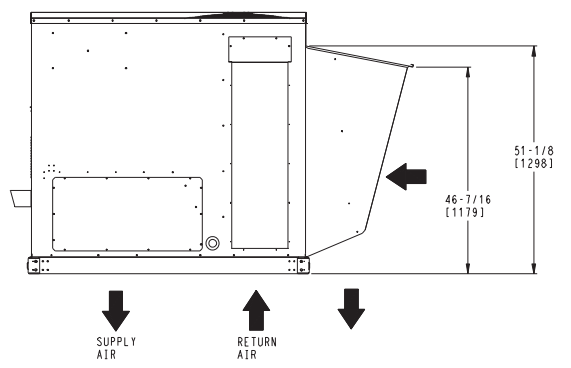
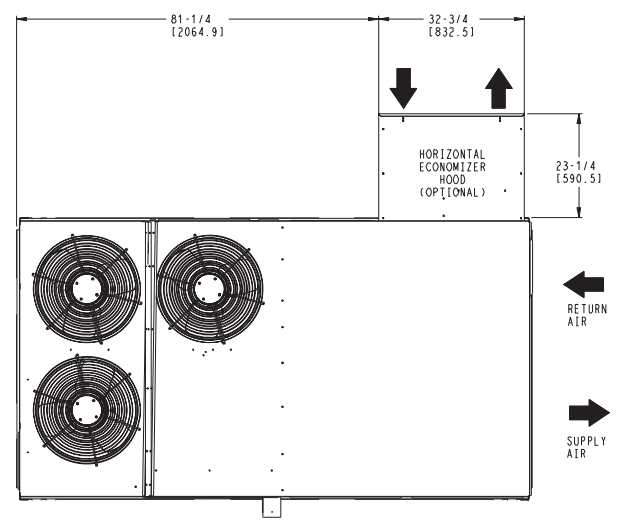
10-13-2023
 05.49PM

UNIT	STD UNIT WEIGHT		CORNER WEIGHT (A)		CORNER WEIGHT (B)		CORNER WEIGHT (C)		CORNER WEIGHT (D)		C.G.					
	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	X	Y	Z			
48LC 08	1606	728	426	193	415	188	377	171	387	176	57	11448	33	838	20 5/8	15251

STANDARD UNIT WEIGHT IS WITH LOW GAS HEAT & WITHOUT PACKAGING.
 FOR OPTIONS & ACCESSORIES, REFER TO THE PRODUCT DATA CATALOG.



UNITED TECHNOLOGIES CARRIER P.O. BOX 4808 SYRACUSE, NY 13221
 THIS DOCUMENT IS THE PROPERTY OF CARRIER CORPORATION AND IS DELIVERED UPON THE EXPRESS CONDITION THAT THE CONTENTS WILL NOT BE DISCLOSED OR USED WITHOUT CARRIER CORPORATION'S WRITTEN CONSENT.
 SUBMISSION OF THESE DRAWINGS OR DOCUMENTS DOES NOT CONSTITUTE PART PERFORMANCE OR ACCEPTANCE OF CONTRACT.



HORIZONTAL ECONOMIZER

DATE 11/15/12	SUPERCEDES -	48LC 08 SINGLE ZONE ELECTRIC COOLING WITH GAS HEAT	48LC500408	REV -
------------------	-----------------	--	------------	----------

Certified Drawing for RTU-5

Project: CBRE Michaels MIK-2018 Puyallup, WA_R1
 Prepared By:

10-13-2023
 05.49PM

Service Clearance

C1057B

LOCATION	DIMENSION	CONDITION
A	48-in (1219 mm)	• Unit disconnect is mounted on panel
	18-in (457 mm)	• No disconnect, convenience outlet option • Recommended service clearance
	12-in (305 mm)	• Minimum clearance
B	42-in (1067 mm)	• Surface behind servicer is grounded (e.g., metal, masonry wall)
	36-in (914 mm)	• Surface behind servicer is electrically non-conductive (e.g., wood, fiberglass)
	Special	• Check for sources of flue products within 10-ft of unit fresh air intake hood
C	36-in (914 mm)	• Side condensate drain is used
	18-in (457 mm)	• Minimum clearance
D	48-in (1219 mm)	• No flue discharge accessory installed, surface is combustible material
	42-in (1067 mm)	• Surface behind servicer is grounded (e.g., metal, masonry wall, another unit)
	36-in (914 mm)	• Surface behind servicer is electrically non-conductive (e.g., wood, fiberglass)
	Special	• Check for adjacent units or building fresh air intakes within 10-ft of this unit's flue outlet

NOTE: Unit not designed to have overhead obstruction. Contact Application Engineering for guidance on any application planning overhead obstruction or vertical clearances.

Chassis 5

Performance Summary For RTU-5

Project: CBRE Michaels MIK-2018 Puyallup, WA_R1
Prepared By:

10-13-2023
05.49PM

Part Number:48LCE008A3M5-4R4C0

ARI EER: 12.80
IEER: 19.4

Base Unit Dimensions

Unit Length: 115.9 in
Unit Width: 63.4 in
Unit Height: 58.8 in

Operating Weight

Base Unit Weight: 1606 lb
Medium Gas Heat: 28 lb
High Static Belt Drive with VFD Controller: 45 lb
Al/Cu - Al/Cu - Louvered Hail Guards: 45 lb
Ultra LOW LEAK Enthalpy EconoMi\$er with barometric relief: 103 lb
Hinged Access Panels and Unpowered Convenience Outlet: 10 lb
Non-Fused Disconnect: 15 lb

Total Operating Weight: 1852 lb

Unit

Unit Voltage-Phase-Hertz: 208-3-60
Air Discharge: Vertical
Fan Drive Type: Direct Drive
Actual Airflow: 3000 CFM
Site Altitude: 0 ft

Cooling Performance

Condenser Entering Air DB: 95.0 F
Evaporator Entering Air DB: 80.0 F
Evaporator Entering Air WB: 67.0 F
Entering Air Enthalpy: 31.44 BTU/lb
Evaporator Leaving Air DB: 58.3 F
Evaporator Leaving Air WB: 57.2 F
Evaporator Leaving Air Enthalpy: 24.53 BTU/lb
Gross Cooling Capacity: 93.32 MBH
Gross Sensible Capacity: 70.26 MBH
Compressor Power Input: 5.79 kW
Coil Bypass Factor: 0.012

Heating Performance

Heating Airflow: 3000 CFM
Entering Air Temp: 70.0 F
Leaving Air Temp: 115.1 F
Gas Heating Input Capacity: 144.0 / 180.0 MBH
Gas Heating Output Capacity: 118.0 / 146.0 MBH
Temperature Rise: 45.1 F
Thermal Efficiency (%): 81.0

Supply Fan

External Static Pressure: 0.50 in wg
Options / Accessories Static Pressure
Economizer: 0.01 in wg
Application External Static (ESP + Unit Opts/Acc.): 0.51 in wg
Fan RPM: 551
Fan Power: 0.91 BHP
NOTE: The Selected Indoor Fan Motor requires a Field-Supplied Drive (RPM Range: 710 - 879).

Selection includes construction throwaway filter into the base fan curve. This filter is not MERV Rated.

Performance Summary For RTU-5

Project: CBRE Michaels MIK-2018 Puyallup, WA_R1
 Prepared By:

10-13-2023
 05.49PM

Electrical Data

Voltage Range:	187 - 253
Compressor #1 RLA:.....	13.2
Compressor #1 LRA:.....	88
Compressor #2 RLA:.....	13.7
Compressor #2 LRA:.....	83
Indoor Fan Motor Type:.....	HIGH
Indoor Fan Motor FLA (Total):.....	10.8
Combustion Fan Motor FLA (ea):.....	0.48
Power Supply MCA:.....	47
Power Supply MOCP (Fuse or HACR):.....	60
Disconnect Size FLA:.....	50
Disconnect Size LRA:	254
Electrical Convenience Outlet:.....	None
Outdoor Fan [Qty / FLA (ea)]:	3 / 1.8

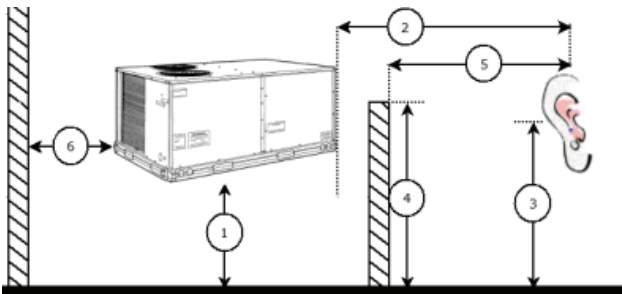
Control Panel SCCR: 5kA RMS at Rated Symmetrical Voltage

Acoustics

Sound Power Levels, db re 10E-12 Watts

	Discharge	Inlet	Outdoor
63 Hz	95.6	93.0	89.3
125 Hz	90.1	82.6	86.0
250 Hz	73.4	64.6	82.9
500 Hz	67.7	62.6	80.7
1000 Hz	62.1	60.1	78.5
2000 Hz	59.8	55.1	73.6
4000 Hz	63.1	54.1	69.6
8000 Hz	62.2	53.4	64.5
A-Weighted	76.7	70.9	83.0

Advanced Acoustics



Advanced Acoustics Parameters

1. Unit height above ground:	30.0 ft
2. Horizontal distance from unit to receiver:	50.0 ft
3. Receiver height above ground:	5.7 ft
4. Height of obstruction:	0.0 ft
5. Horizontal distance from obstruction to receiver:	0.0 ft
6. Horizontal distance from unit to obstruction:	0.0 ft

Detailed Acoustics Information

Performance Summary For RTU-5

Project: CBRE Michaels MIK-2018 Puyallup, WA_R1
 Prepared By:

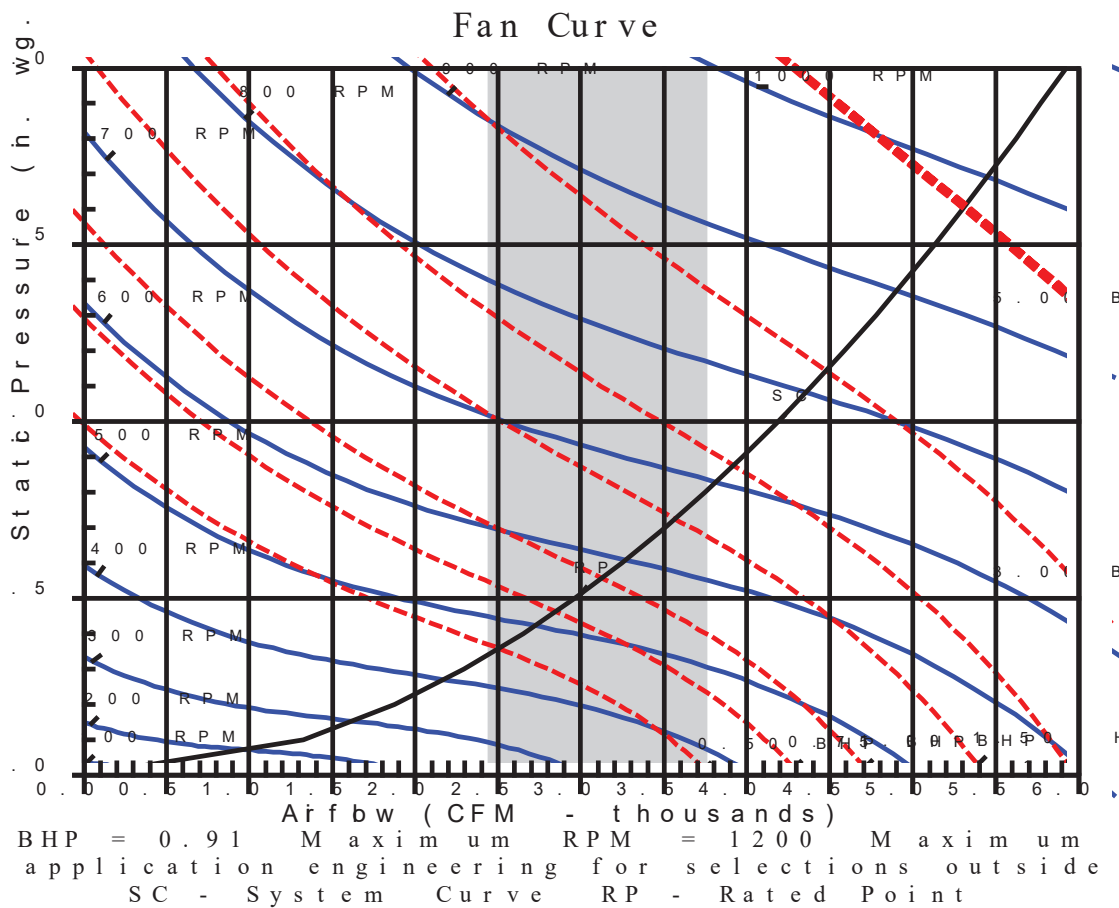
10-13-2023
 05.49PM

Octave Band Center Freq. Hz	63	125	250	500	1k	2k	4k	8k	Overall
A	89.3	86.0	82.9	80.7	78.5	73.6	69.6	64.5	92.2 Lw
B	63.1	69.9	74.3	77.5	78.5	74.8	70.6	63.4	83.2 LwA
C	56.9	53.6	50.5	48.3	46.1	41.2	37.2	32.1	59.8 Lp
D	30.7	37.5	41.9	45.1	46.1	42.4	38.2	31.0	50.8 LpA

Legend

- A Sound Power Levels at Unit's Acoustic Center, Lw
- B A-Weighted Sound Power Levels at Unit's Acoustic Center, LwA
- C Sound Pressure Levels at Specific Distance from Unit, Lp
- D A-Weighted Sound Pressure Levels at Specific Distance from Unit, LpA

Calculation methods used in this program are patterned after the ASHRAE Guide; other ASHRAE Publications and the AHRI Acoustical Standards. While a very significant effort has been made to insure the technical accuracy of this program, it is assumed that the user is knowledgeable in the art of system sound estimation and is aware of the tolerances involved in real world acoustical estimation. This program makes certain assumptions as to the dominant sound sources and sound paths which may not always be appropriate to the real system being estimated. Because of this, no assurances can be offered that this software will always generate an accurate sound prediction from user supplied input data. If in doubt about the estimation of expected sound levels in a space, an Acoustical Engineer or a person with sound prediction expertise should be consulted.



RTU-6

**Tag Cover Sheet
Unit Report
Certified Drawing
Performance Report**

Unit Report For RTU-6

Project: CBRE Michaels MIK-2018 Puyallup, WA_R1
 Prepared By:

10-13-2023
 05.49PM

Unit Parameters

Unit Model:.....**48GCEJ06A3M5-3W4Q0**
 Unit Size:.....**06 (5 Tons)**
 Volts-Phase-Hertz:.....**208-3-60**
 Heating Type:.....**Gas**
 Heat Control:.....**Medium Gas Heat**
 Duct Cfg:.....**Vertical Supply / Vertical Return**
 DX Options:.....**Two Stage Cooling Models**

Dimensions (ft. in.) & Weight (lb.) ***

Unit Length:.....**6' 2.375"**
 Unit Width:.....**3' 10.625"**
 Unit Height:.....**3' 5.375"**
Total Operating Weight:..... 686 lb

*** Weights and Dimensions are approximate. Weight does not include unit packaging. Approximate dimensions are provided primarily for shipping purposes. For exact dimensions and weights, refer to appropriate product data catalog.

Lines and Filters

Gas Line Size: **1/2**
 Condensate Drain Line Size: **3/4**
 Return Air Filter Type: **Throwaway**
 Return Air Filter Quantity: **4**
 Return Air Filter Size: **16 x 16 x 2**

Selection includes construction throwaway filter into the base fan curve.

Unit Configuration

Direct Drive - EcoBlue - High Static
 Al/Cu - Al/Cu - Louvered Hail Guards
 SystemVu Controls
 Enthalpy Ultra Low Leak Econo w/Baro Relief
 Hinged Panels, Unpowered Convenience Outlet
 Phase Monitor & Non-Fused
 Standard Packaging

Warranty Information

1-Year parts(std.)
 5-Year compressor parts(std.)
 10-Year heat exchanger - Aluminized(std.)
 3-Year SystemVu

No optional warranties were selected.

NOTE: Please see Warranty Catalog 500-089 for explanation of policies and ordering methods.

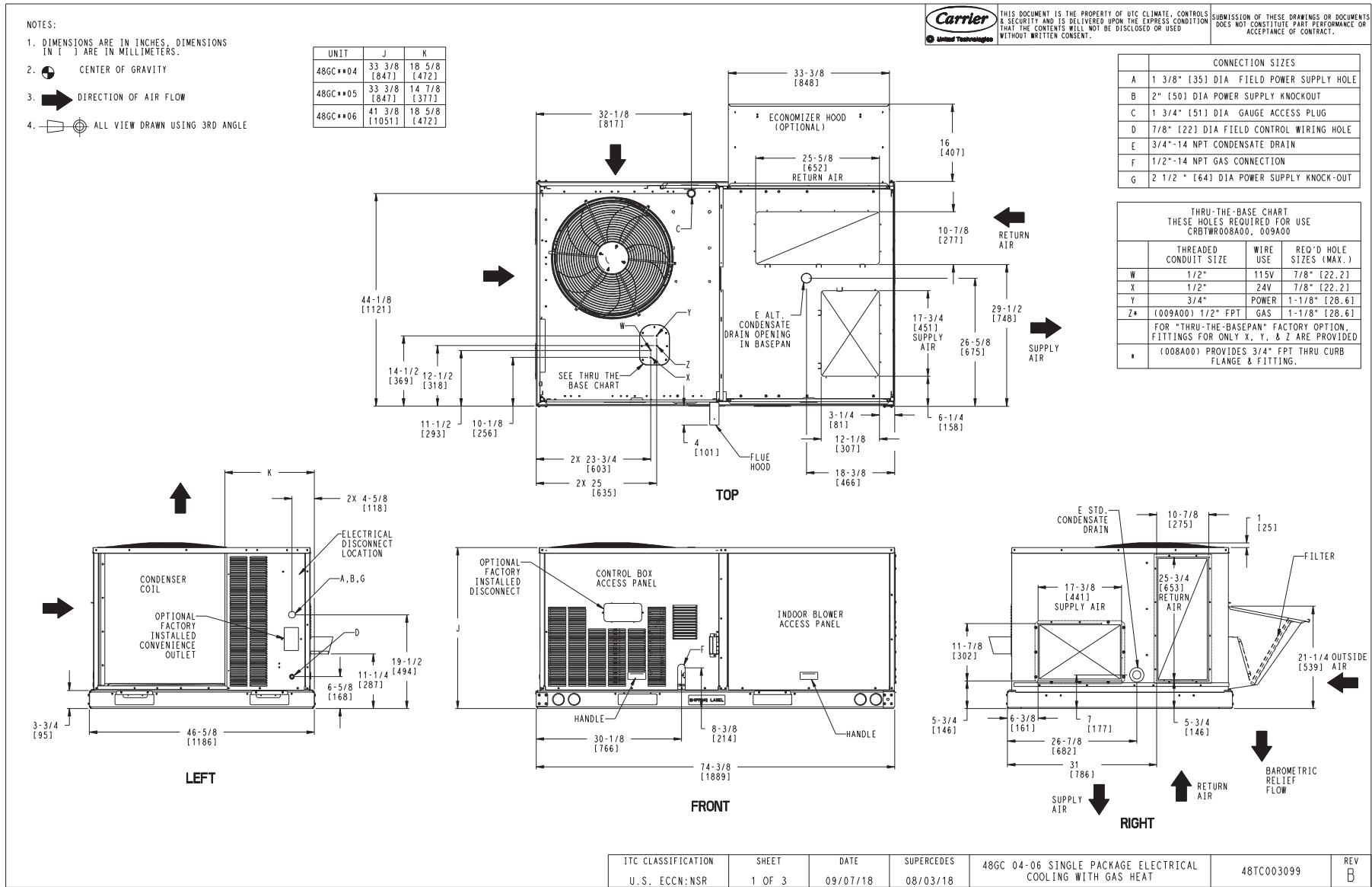
Ordering Information

Part Number	Description	Quantity
48GCEJ06A3M5-3W4Q0	Rooftop Unit	1
	Base Unit	
	Direct Drive - EcoBlue - High Static	
	Al/Cu - Al/Cu - Louvered Hail Guards	
	Hinged Panels, Unpowered Convenience Outlet	
	Phase Monitor & Non-Fused	
	SystemVu controller, Ultra LOW LEAK EconoMi\$er2 enthalpy economizer with barometric relief. SystemV	
Field Installed Accessories		
ZS2-C-BNK	ZS Standard	1
CRSTATUS001A00	Fan/Filter Status Switch	1

Certified Drawing for RTU-6

Project: CBRE Michaels MIK-2018 Puyallup, WA_R1
 Prepared By:

10-13-2023
 05.49PM



Certified Drawing for RTU-6

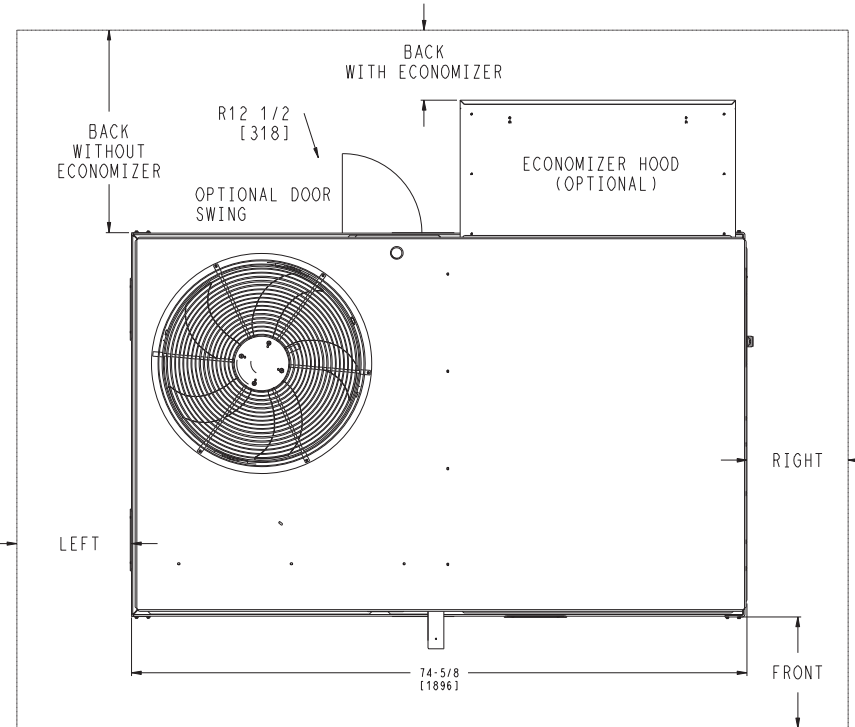
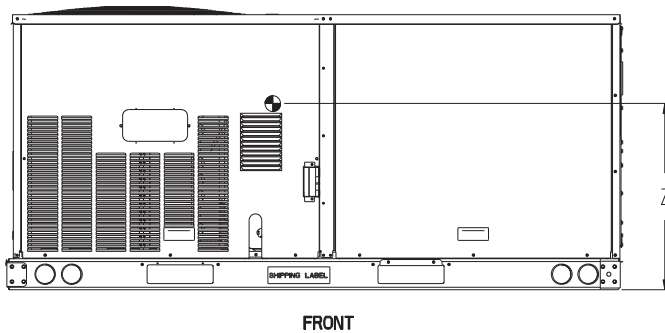
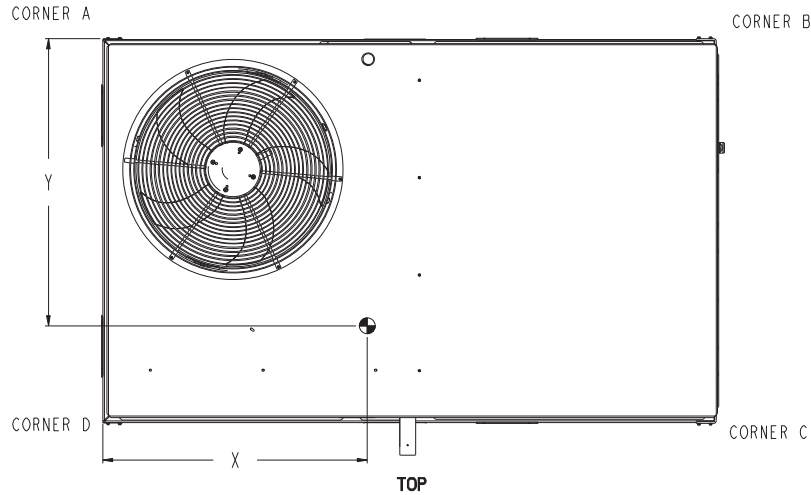
Project: CBRE Michaels MIK-2018 Puyallup, WA_R1
 Prepared By:

10-13-2023
 05.49PM

UNIT	STD. UNIT WEIGHT *		CORNER WEIGHT (A)		CORNER WEIGHT (B)		CORNER WEIGHT (C)		CORNER WEIGHT (D)		C.G.			HEIGHT
	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	X	Y	Z	
48GC**04	513	233	131	59	127	58	125	57	130	59	36 1/2 [927]	23 1/4 [591]	18 1/4 [464]	
48GC**05	555	252	142	64	137	62	135	61	141	64	36 1/2 [927]	23 1/4 [591]	18 [457]	
48GC**06	600	272	161	73	151	68	140	64	149	68	36 [914]	22 1/2 [572]	19 3/8 [492]	

* - STANDARD UNIT WEIGHT IS WITH LOW GAS HEAT AND WITHOUT PACKAGING.
 FOR OTHER OPTINS AND ACCESSORIES REFER TO THE PRODUCT DATA CATALOG.

THIS DOCUMENT IS THE PROPERTY OF UTC CLIMATE, CONTROLS & SECURITY AND IS DELIVERED UPON THE EXPRESS CONDITION THAT THE CONTENTS WILL NOT BE DISCLOSED OR USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT.
 SUBMISSION OF THESE DRAWINGS OR DOCUMENTS DOES NOT CONSTITUTE PART PERFORMANCE OR ACCEPTANCE OF CONTRACT.



NOTES:

- FOR ALL MINIMUM CLEARANCES LOCAL CODES OR JURISDICTIONS MAY PREVAIL.

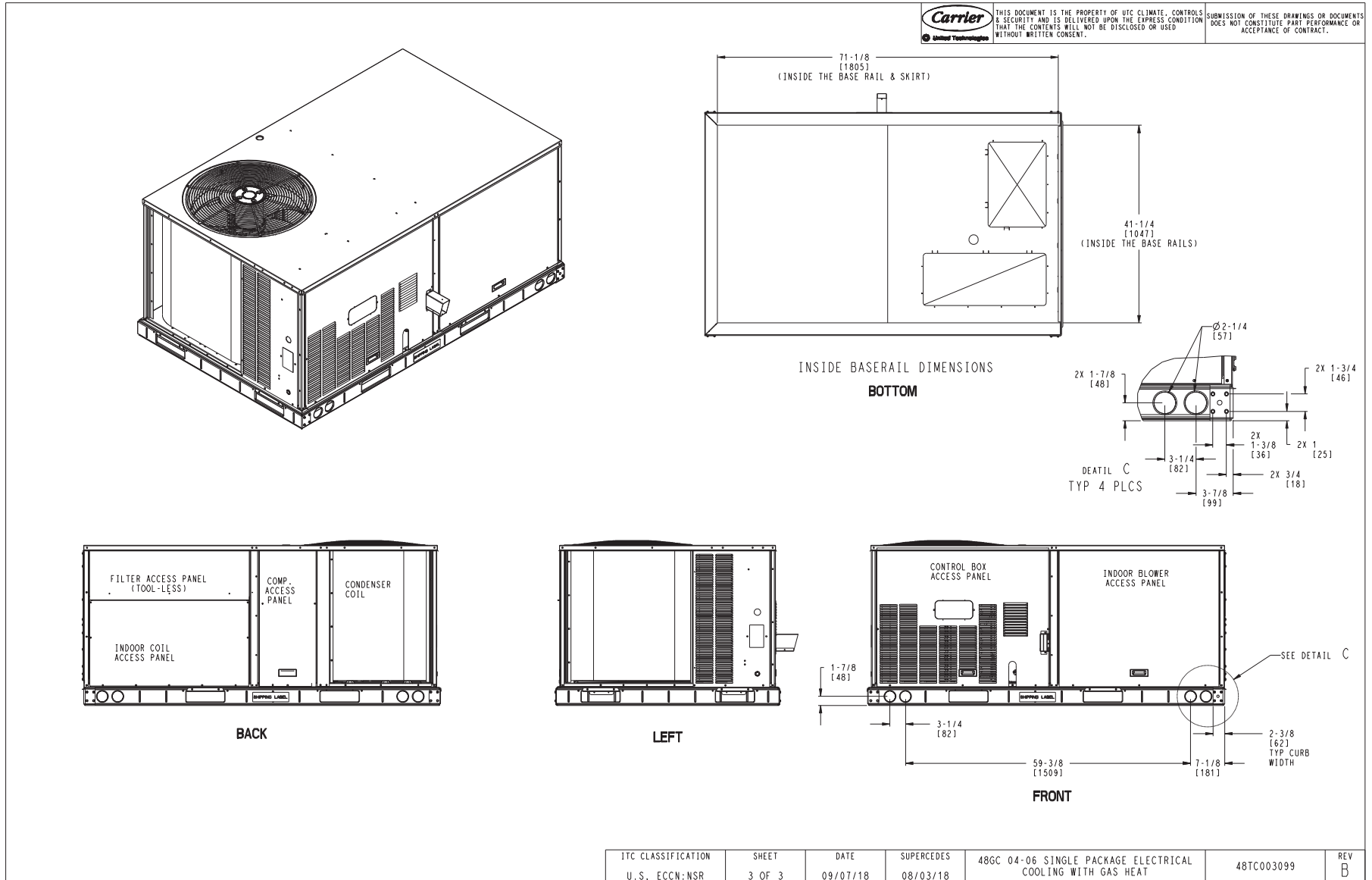
SURFACE	CLEARANCE		OPERATING CLEARANCE
	SERVICE WITH: CONDUCTIVE BARRIER	SERVICE WITH: NONCONDUCTIVE BARRIER	
FRONT	48 [1219mm]	36 [914mm]	18 [457mm]
LEFT	48 [1219mm]	42 [1067mm]	18 [457mm]
BACK	48 [1219mm]	42 [1067mm]	18 [457mm]
BACK W/HOOD	36 [914mm]	36 [914mm]	18 [457mm]
RIGHT	36 [914mm]	36 [914mm]	18 [457mm]
TOP	72 [1829mm]	72 [1829mm]	72 [1829mm]

ITC CLASSIFICATION	SHEET	DATE	SUPERCEDES	48GC 04-06 SINGLE PACKAGE ELECTRICAL COOLING WITH GAS HEAT	48TC003099	REV
U.S. ECCN:NSR	2 OF 3	09/07/18	08/03/18			B

Certified Drawing for RTU-6

Project: CBRE Michaels MIK-2018 Puyallup, WA_R1
 Prepared By:

10-13-2023
 05.49PM



Performance Summary For RTU-6

Project: CBRE Michaels MIK-2018 Puyallup, WA_R1
Prepared By:

10-13-2023
05.49PM

Part Number:48GCEJ06A3M5-3W4Q0

ARI SEER:..... 17.40
ARI SEER2:..... 16.50

Base Unit Dimensions

Unit Length:..... 74.4 in
Unit Width: 46.6 in
Unit Height: 41.4 in

Operating Weight

Base Unit Weight: 555 lb
Medium Gas Heat: 63 lb
Direct Drive - EcoBlue - High Static: 5 lb
Al/Cu - Al/Cu - Louvered Hail Guards: 17 lb
SystemVu Controls: 2 lb
Enthalpy Ultra Low Leak Econo w/Baro Relief: 35 lb
Hinged Panels, Unpowered Convenience Outlet: 4 lb
Phase Monitor & Non-Fused: 5 lb

Total Operating Weight: 686 lb

Unit

Unit Voltage-Phase-Hertz: 208-3-60
Air Discharge: Vertical
Fan Drive Type:..... Vane Axial
Actual Airflow: 2000 CFM
Site Altitude: 0 ft

Cooling Performance

Condenser Entering Air DB: 95.0 F
Evaporator Entering Air DB: 80.0 F
Evaporator Entering Air WB: 67.0 F
Entering Air Enthalpy: 31.44 BTU/lb
Evaporator Leaving Air DB: 58.3 F
Evaporator Leaving Air WB: 57.3 F
Evaporator Leaving Air Enthalpy: 24.57 BTU/lb
Gross Cooling Capacity: 61.81 MBH
Gross Sensible Capacity: 46.82 MBH
Compressor Power Input: 4.05 kW
Coil Bypass Factor: 0.083

Heating Performance

Heating Airflow: 2000 CFM
Entering Air Temp: 70.0 F
Leaving Air Temp: 110.7 F
Gas Heating Input Capacity: 82.0 / 110.0 MBH
Gas Heating Output Capacity: 65.0 / 88.0 MBH
Temperature Rise: 40.7 F
Thermal Efficiency (%): 80.0

Supply Fan

External Static Pressure:..... 0.50 in wg
Options / Accessories Static Pressure
Economizer:..... 0.12 in wg
Application External Static (ESP + Unit Opts/Acc.): 0.62 in wg
Fan RPM: 2024
Fan Power: 0.88 BHP
NOTE: Selected IFM RPM Range: 1387 - 2836

Selection includes construction throwaway filter into the base fan curve. This filter is not MERV Rated.

Performance Summary For RTU-6

Project: CBRE Michaels MIK-2018 Puyallup, WA_R1
 Prepared By:

10-13-2023
 05.49PM

Electrical Data

Voltage Range:	187 - 253
Compressor #1 RLA:.....	16.4
Compressor #1 LRA:.....	110
Indoor Fan Motor Type:.....	HIGH
Indoor Fan Motor FLA (Total):.....	6.4
Combustion Fan Motor FLA (ea):.....	0.48
Power Supply MCA:.....	30
Power Supply MOCP (Fuse or HACR):.....	45
Disconnect Size FLA:.....	29
Disconnect Size LRA:	123
Electrical Convenience Outlet:	None
Outdoor Fan [Qty / FLA (ea)]:	1 / 2.6

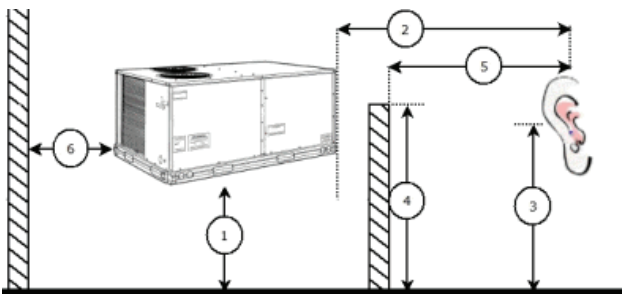
Control Panel SCCR: 5kA RMS at Rated Symmetrical Voltage

Acoustics

Sound Power Levels, db re 10E-12 Watts

	Discharge	Inlet	Outdoor
63 Hz	92.9	92.8	85.6
125 Hz	84.0	80.5	84.7
250 Hz	78.2	73.3	80.5
500 Hz	74.2	67.3	76.0
1000 Hz	71.0	69.1	72.4
2000 Hz	67.6	59.4	68.0
4000 Hz	64.7	53.9	62.8
8000 Hz	60.9	46.8	59.3
A-Weighted	77.6	73.5	79.0

Advanced Acoustics



Advanced Acoustics Parameters

- 1. Unit height above ground: **30.0** ft
- 2. Horizontal distance from unit to receiver: **50.0** ft
- 3. Receiver height above ground: **5.7** ft
- 4. Height of obstruction: **0.0** ft
- 5. Horizontal distance from obstruction to receiver: . **0.0** ft
- 6. Horizontal distance from unit to obstruction: **0.0** ft

Detailed Acoustics Information

Octave Band Center Freq. Hz	63	125	250	500	1k	2k	4k	8k	Overall
-----------------------------	----	-----	-----	-----	----	----	----	----	---------

Performance Summary For RTU-6

Project: CBRE Michaels MIK-2018 Puyallup, WA_R1
 Prepared By:

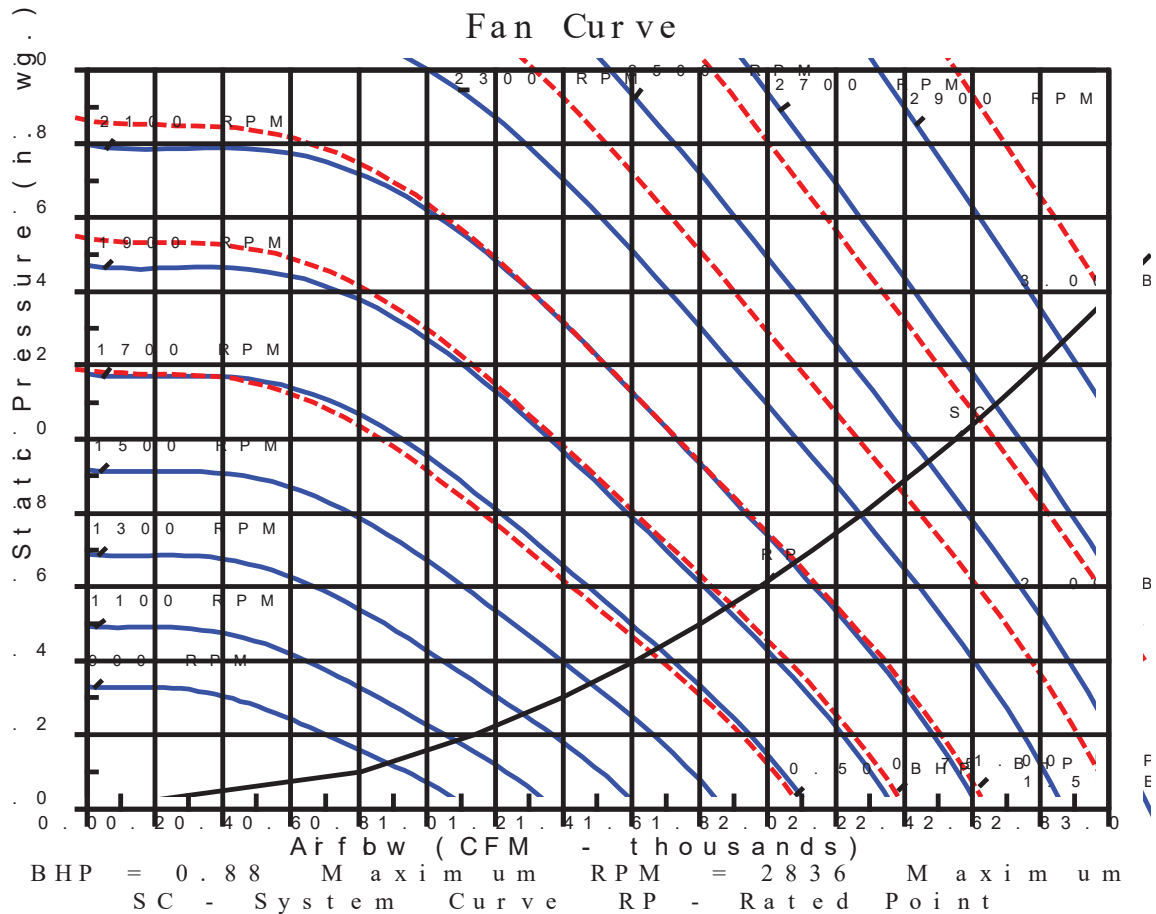
10-13-2023
 05.49PM

A	85.6	84.7	80.5	76.0	72.4	68.0	62.8	59.3	89.2	Lw
B	59.4	68.6	71.9	72.8	72.4	69.2	63.8	58.2	78.5	LwA
C	53.2	52.3	48.1	43.6	40.0	35.6	30.4	26.9	56.8	Lp
D	27.0	36.2	39.5	40.4	40.0	36.8	31.4	25.8	46.1	LpA

Legend

- A Sound Power Levels at Unit's Acoustic Center, Lw
- B A-Weighted Sound Power Levels at Unit's Acoustic Center, LwA
- C Sound Pressure Levels at Specific Distance from Unit, Lp
- D A-Weighted Sound Pressure Levels at Specific Distance from Unit, LpA

Calculation methods used in this program are patterned after the ASHRAE Guide; other ASHRAE Publications and the AHRI Acoustical Standards. While a very significant effort has been made to insure the technical accuracy of this program, it is assumed that the user is knowledgeable in the art of system sound estimation and is aware of the tolerances involved in real world acoustical estimation. This program makes certain assumptions as to the dominant sound sources and sound paths which may not always be appropriate to the real system being estimated. Because of this, no assurances can be offered that this software will always generate an accurate sound prediction from user supplied input data. If in doubt about the estimation of expected sound levels in a space, an Acoustical Engineer or a person with sound prediction expertise should be consulted.





Crystal Distribution, Inc.
 17560 Tyler Street NW
 Elk River, MN 55330
 Phone: 763.391.7790
 Toll Free: 1.888.234.7001

CDI QUOTE #2366168

Date: 10/13/2023

Customer: Md Arif (CARRIER CORP)

Job Tag: CBRE Michaels MIK-2018 Puyallup, WA

Purchase Order #

CURBS

Line	Quantity	CDI Part #	Description	Tag
A	4	1-3020-4158	Curb Adapter <i>Old Model:</i> YCD181C <i>New Model:</i> 48LCE017 This unit is designated by the OEM as a direct replacement but there will be approximately 25" of overhang & the R/S openings will not be exactly the same. Top Brace; Insulated Condenser Panel (where required); Fully Insulated (1" Duct Liner R Value 3.85)	RTU-1-4
B	1	1-3005-4008	Curb Adapter <i>Old Model:</i> YCD090C (OLD UNIT ONLY) <i>New Model:</i> 48LC08 Top Brace; Insulated Condenser Panel (where required); Fully Insulated (1" Duct Liner R Value 3.85)	RTU-5
C	1	1-3005-4000	Curb Adapter <i>Old Model:</i> YCD061C (OLD UNIT ONLY) <i>New Model:</i> 48GCEJ06 Top Brace; Insulated Condenser Panel (where required); Fully Insulated (1" Duct Liner R Value 3.85)	RTU-6

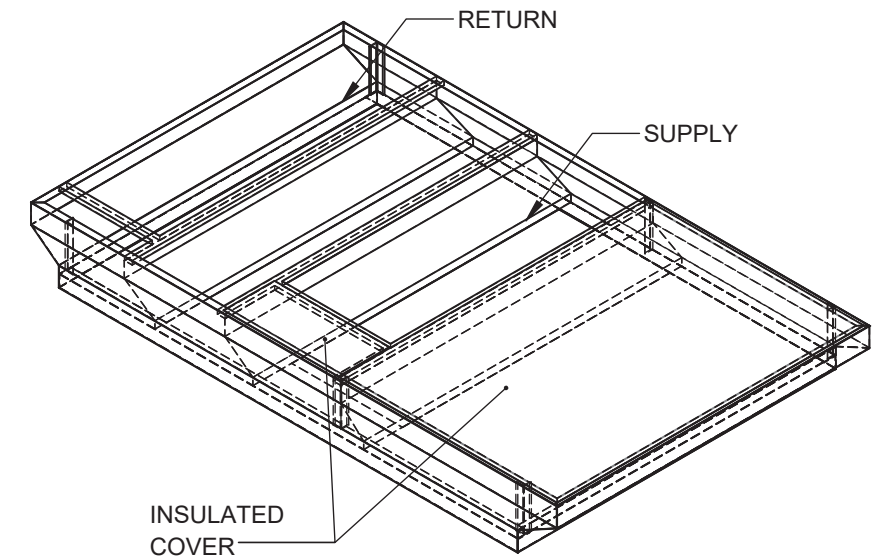
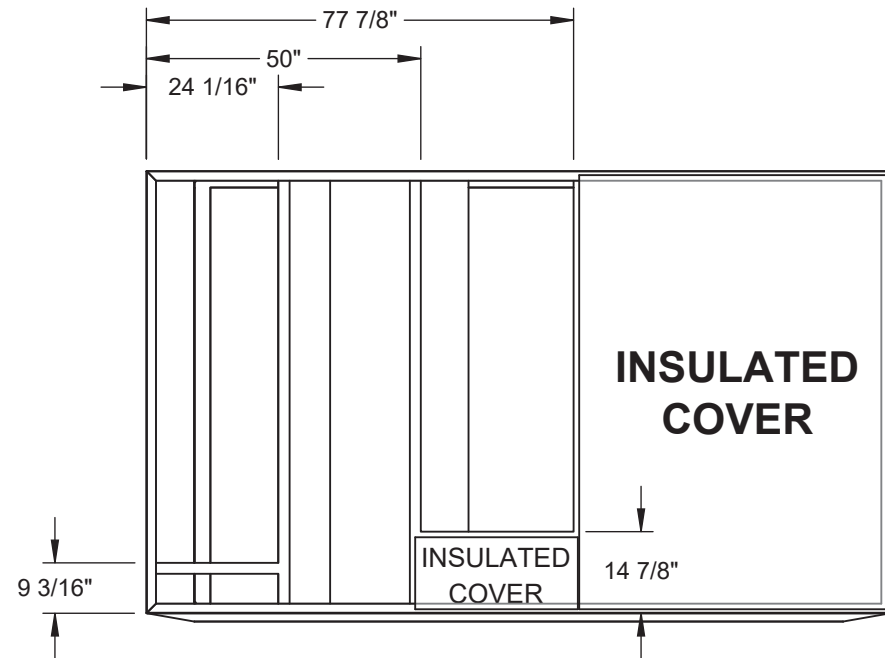
*Thank you for choosing CDI,
 Josh Eastman*

OPTIONS:
MATERIAL: 16ga. GALV STEEL
INSULATED PANELS (WHERE REQUIRED)
1" 1-1/2LB DUCT INSULATION (R VALUE 3.85)
GASKET PROVIDED WITH CURB
1 1/2" ADDED TO EXISTING CURB O.D.

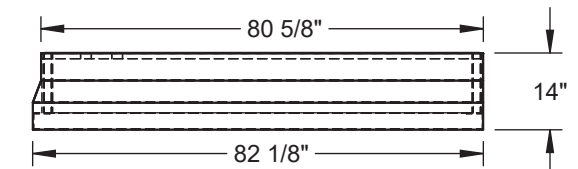
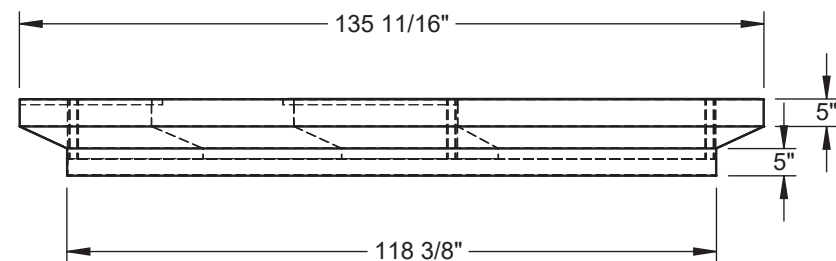
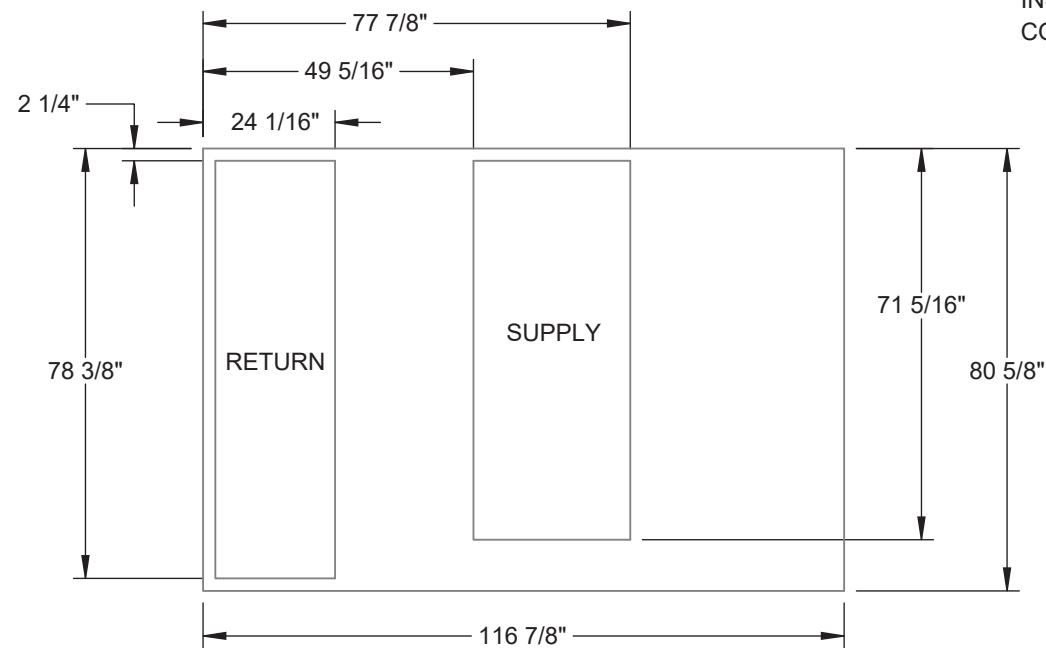
DIMENSIONED AND TOLERENCED PER ANSI Y14.5M-1982

REVISIONS				
REV.	ECO#	DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED
1		INITIAL DRAWING	11/02/2015	BDR
2		UPDATED TO HEM CURB	4/1/2021	NMN

Attn: _____
 Tag: _____
 Approval: _____



EXISTING CURB LAYOUT



CURB SHOWN IS CDI STANDARD CONFIGURATION CDI RESERVES THE RIGHT TO CHANGE LAYOUT WITHOUT NOTIFICATION. IF CURB IS NEEDED IN A DIFFERENT CONFIGURATION CDI MUST BE NOTIFIED PRIOR TO PLACING AN ORDER.

OPERATIONAL HEIGHT OF CDI ADAPTER IS 3" LESS THAN OVERALL CURB HEIGHT SHOWN.

SOCOTEC Engineering, Inc.

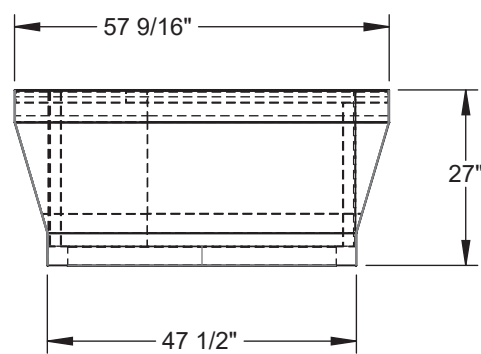
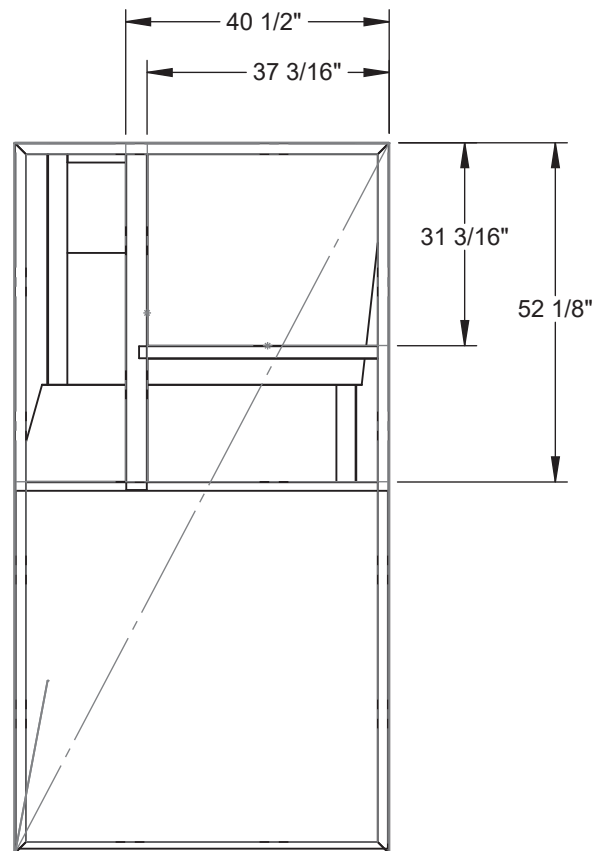
THIS DRAWING & THE INFORMATION CONTAINED THEREIN IS THE CONFIDENTIAL, PROPRIETARY INFORMATION OF CRYSTAL DISTRIBUTION INC., & MAY NOT BE USED OR REPRODUCED WITHOUT THE APPROVAL OF CRYSTAL DISTRIBUTION, INC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.	APPROVALS		DATE	TITLE/FILE NAME:	
	DRAWN: nnelms		4/1/2021	1-3020-4158	
	CHECKED:			APPROXIMATE CURB WEIGHT (LBS.):	
DIMENSIONS ARE AS FOLLOWS: 1.00 in [25.40 mm]				393.52	ECO #:
*VERIFY EXISTING CURB OD *VERIFY SUPPLY AND RETURN OPENINGS *NOTE ANY CHANGES *CALL WITH ANY QUESTIONS *FAX BACK IF DRAWING IS OK AS IS		3RD ANGLE PROJECTION	Contact us @ www.cdicurbs.com or 1-888-234-7001	SCALE: 1:35	REV: 2
				SHEET: 17/20	4

OPTIONS:
INSULATED PANELS (WHERE REQUIRED)
1" 1-1/2LB DUCT INSULATION (R VALUE 3.85)
GASKET PROVIDED WITH CURB

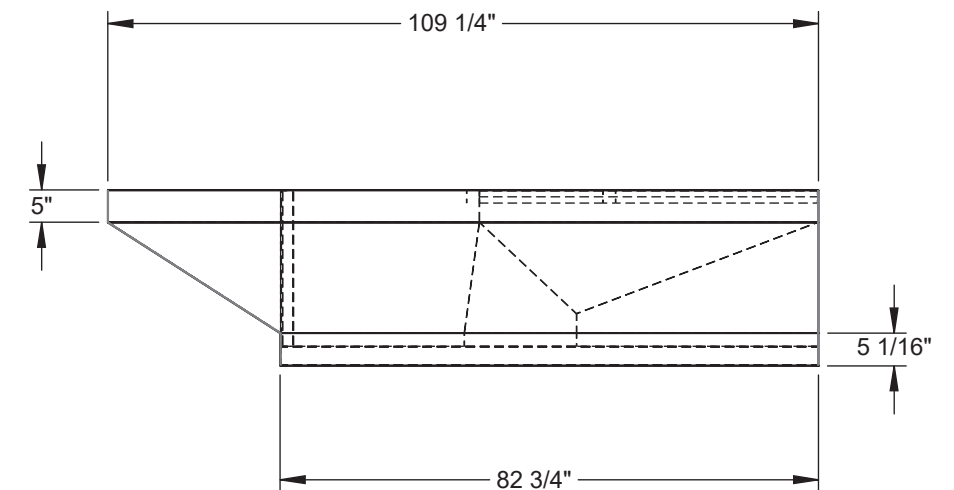
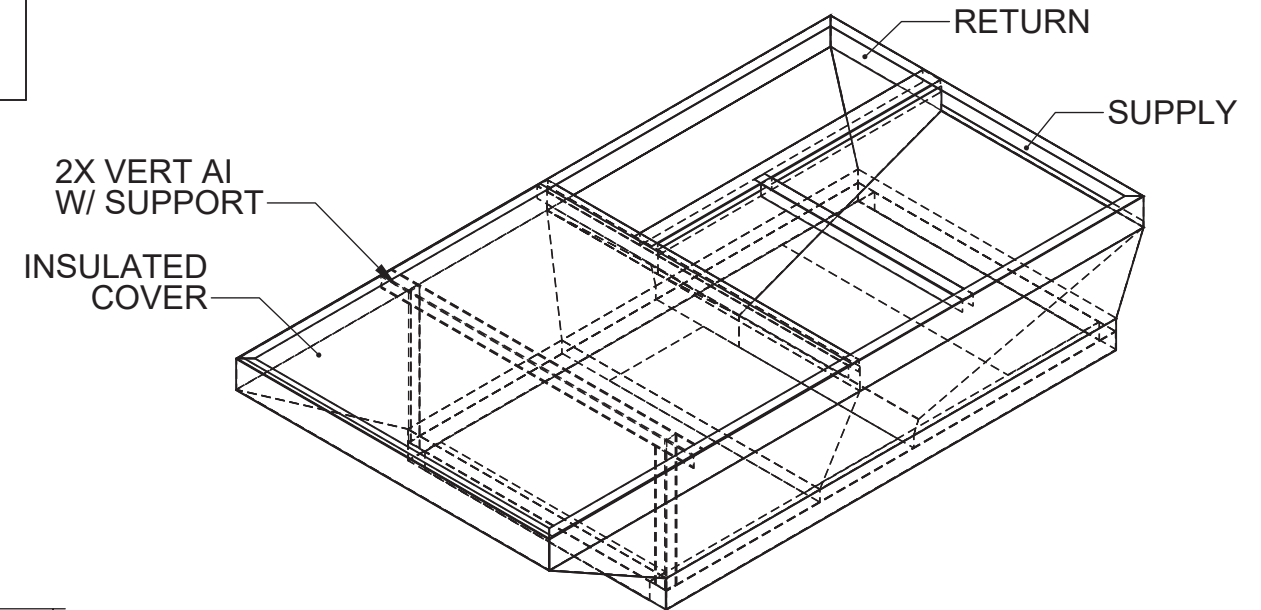
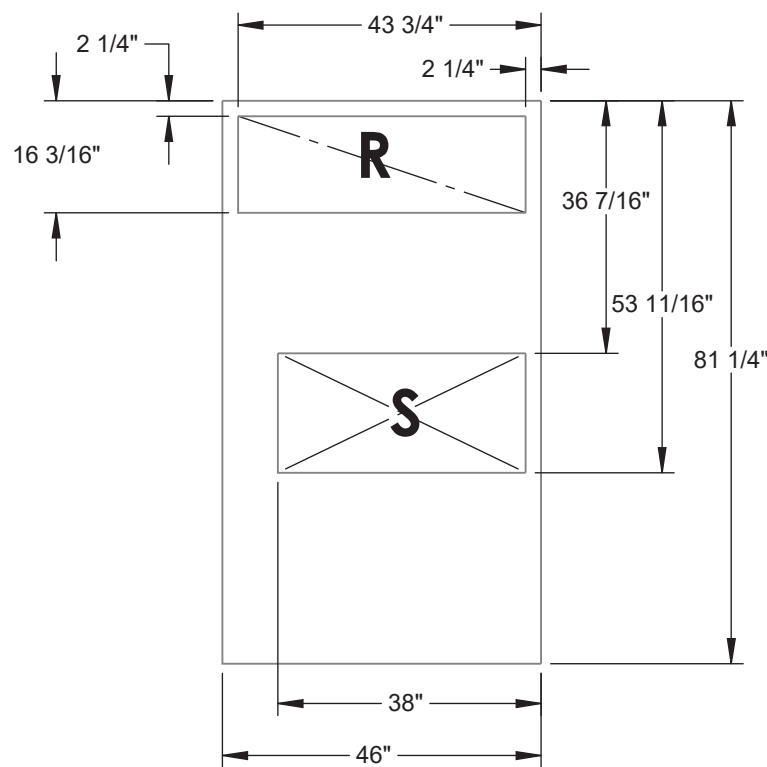
DIMENSIONED AND TOLERENCED PER ANSI Y14.5M-1982

REVISIONS			
REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED
1	INITIAL DRAWING	6/9/23	BK

Attn: _____
 Approval: _____
 RTU TAG(S): _____



EXISTING CURB



Material: 18 ga. G-90 Galv Steel
Existing Curb Oversized by: 1.5 Inches
Operational Height(Raise unit by):24 Inches
 SOCOTEC Engineering, Inc.

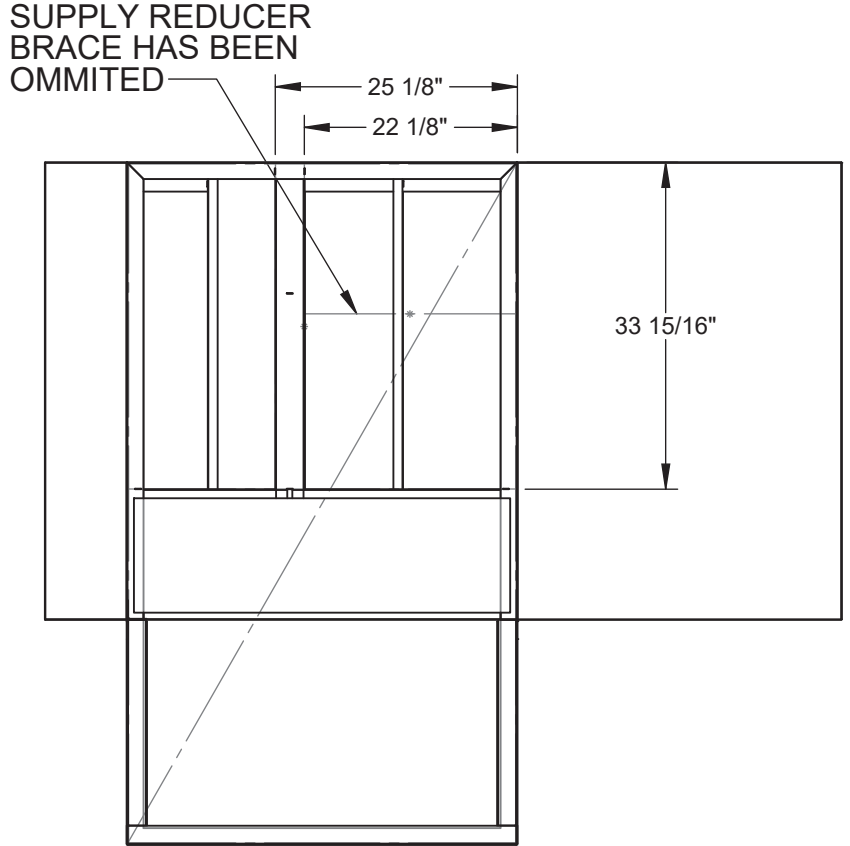
THIS DRAWING & THE INFORMATION CONTAINED THEREIN IS THE CONFIDENTIAL, PROPRIETARY INFORMATION OF CRYSTAL DISTRIBUTION INC., & MAY NOT BE USED OR REPRODUCED WITHOUT THE APPROVAL OF CRYSTAL DISTRIBUTION, INC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.	APPROVALS DRAWN: zschellenberger CHECKED:	DATE 8/8/2023	TITLE/FILE NAME: 1-3005-4008-TUNNEL		
	DIMENSIONS ARE AS FOLLOWS: 1.00 in [25.40 mm]		APPROXIMATE CURB WEIGHT (LBS.) 309	ECO #:	REV: 1
	*VERIFY EXISTING CURB OD *VERIFY SUPPLY AND RETURN OPENINGS *NOTE ANY CHANGES *CALL WITH ANY QUESTIONS *FAX BACK IF DRAWING IS OK AS IS	Contact us @ www.cdicurbs.com or 1-888-234-7001	SCALE: 1:16	SHEET: 18/120	5

OPTIONS:
INSULATED PANELS (WHERE REQUIRED)
1" 1-1/2LB DUCT INSULATION (R VALUE 3.85)
GASKET PROVIDED WITH CURB

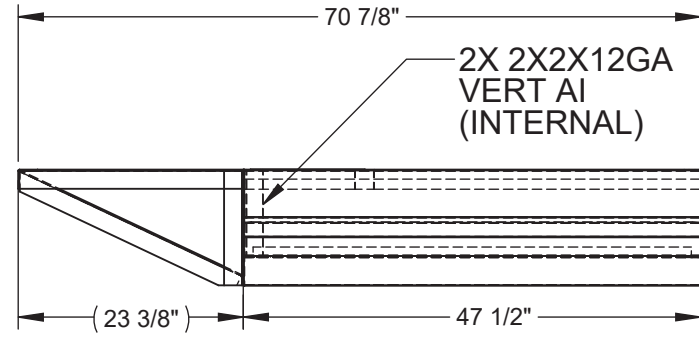
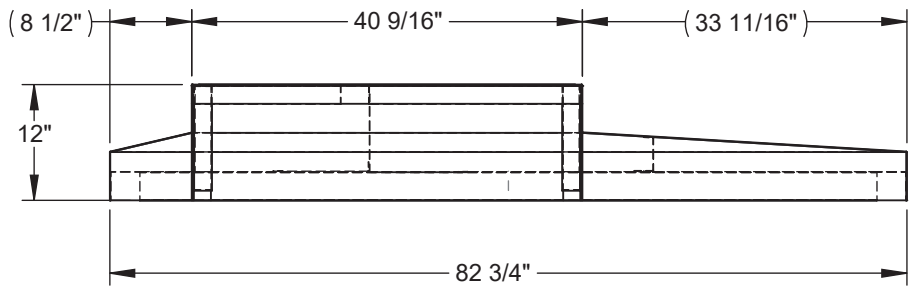
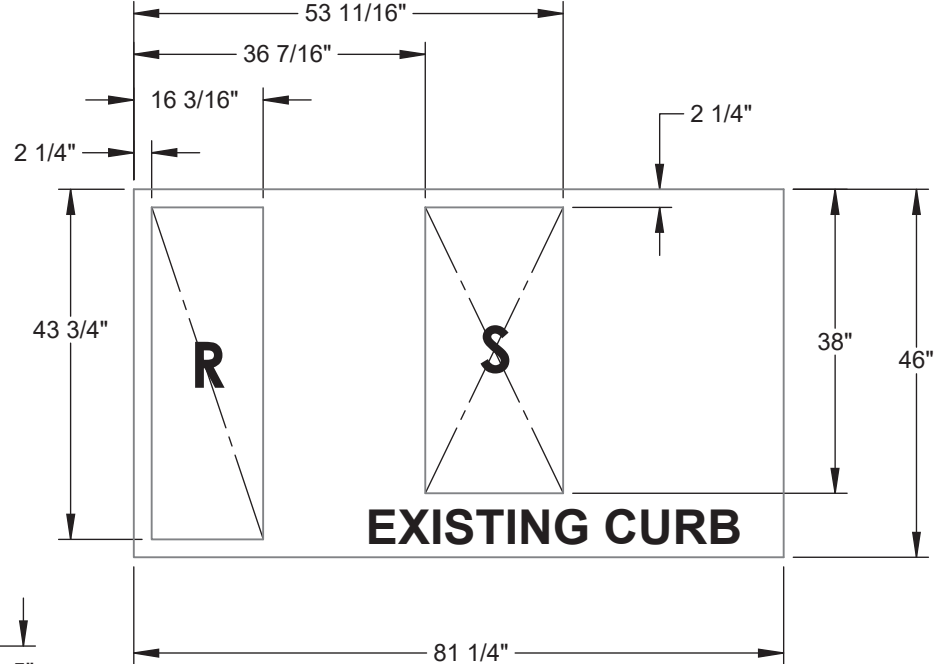
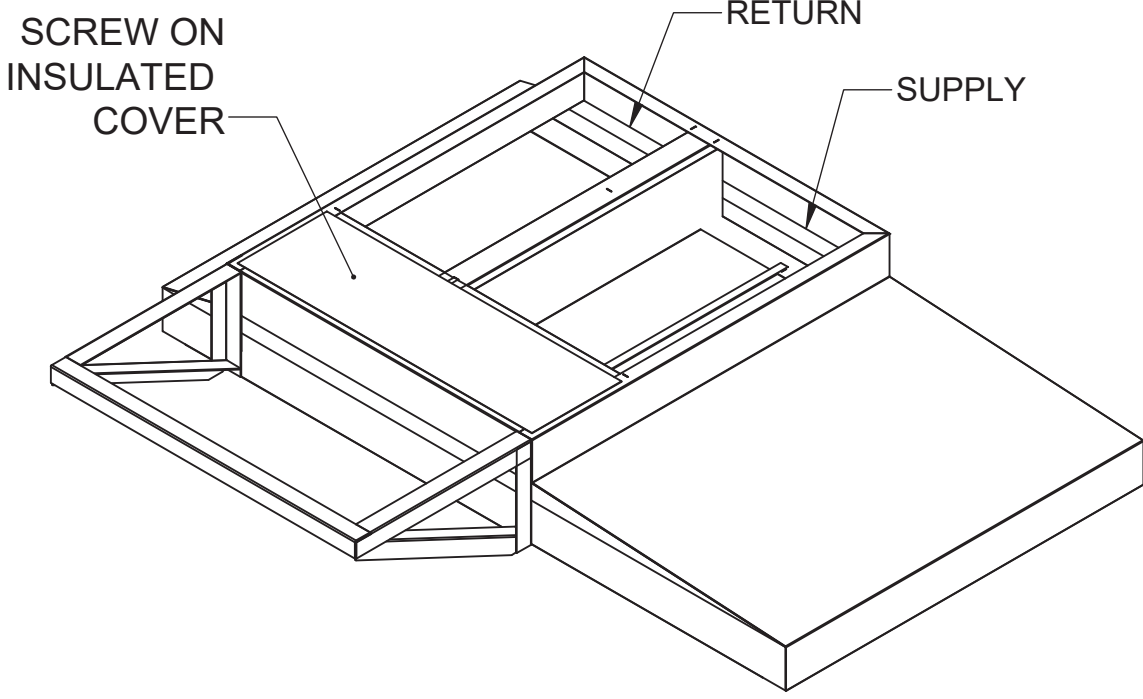
DIMENSIONED AND TOLERENCED PER ANSI Y14.5M-1982

REVISIONS			
REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED
1	INITIAL DRAWING	4/21/04	mwg
2	UPDATED TO NEW 3X3 DESIGN	1/8/19	HMH
3	CHANGED HEIGHT TO 12" TALL	9/12/22	KJ

Attn: _____
 Approval: _____
 RTU TAG(S): _____



CDI RECOMMENDS THAT THE ADAPTER BE ATTACHED TO THE EXISTING CURB BY SCREWING DOWN THROUGH THE TOP OF THE INTERNAL FLANGE & INTO THE TOP OF THE EXISTING CURB (MIN OF 3 #12 SCREWS, FIELD SUPPLIED, ON ALL SIDES ACCESSIBLE) (NOT A CALCULATED ATTACHMENT)



Material: 18 ga. G-90 Galv Steel
Existing Curb Oversized by: 1.5 Inches
Operational Height (Raise unit by): 9 Inches
 SOCOTEC Engineering, Inc.

THIS DRAWING & THE INFORMATION CONTAINED THEREIN IS THE CONFIDENTIAL, PROPRIETARY INFORMATION OF CRYSTAL DISTRIBUTION INC., & MAY NOT BE USED OR REPRODUCED WITHOUT THE APPROVAL OF CRYSTAL DISTRIBUTION, INC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. *VERIFY EXISTING CURB OD *VERIFY SUPPLY AND RETURN OPENINGS *NOTE ANY CHANGES *CALL WITH ANY QUESTIONS *FAX BACK IF DRAWING IS OK AS IS	APPROVALS DRAWN: kjones CHECKED:	DATE 9/12/2022	TITLE/FILE NAME: 1-3005-4000		
	DIMENSIONS ARE AS FOLLOWS: 1.00 in [25.40 mm]		APPROXIMATE CURB WEIGHT (LBS.) 143.76	ECO #:	REV: 3
	3RD ANGLE PROJECTION		Contact us @ www.cdicurbs.com or 1-888-234-7001	SCALE: 1:16	SHEET: 29/120

Appendix B

RED Joist Product Data



Open-Web Trusses



Including Red-L™, Red-W™, Red-S™, Red-M™ and Red-H™ Trusses



Download your free copy at RedBuilt.com.

Specify Open-Web trusses for your next project using RedSpec™ single-member sizing software.

- Outstanding Strength-to-Weight Performance
- Easy Installation
- Custom Manufacturing
- Design Flexibility
- Economical Truss Solutions
- Limited Product Warranty



Welcome to RedBuilt

RedBuilt is an exciting business offering building solutions for a broad range of commercial and custom residential applications. In addition to pioneering unique manufacturing technologies, RedBuilt provides world-class service and technical support for architects, specifiers and builders.

RedBuilt gives you access to reliable, innovative products, including RedBuilt™ open-web trusses, Red-I™ joists, and RedLam™ LVL beams and headers. And we keep things simple: You'll work with just one service-oriented supplier to get all these products—plus the support you need to build smarter.

RedBuilt: A family of brand-name building products... a source for innovative ideas and solutions... a supplier that's simpler to do business with.



TABLE OF CONTENTS

Features and Benefits	3
Design Center Services	4
Specifying Economical Trusses	4
Open-Web Truss Descriptions	5
Load Tables	6-11
Truss Details	12-23
Wind or Seismic Connections	24-26
Red-S™, Red-M™ and Red-H™ Truss	
Cap Plate Applications	27
Bridging	28
Allowable Duct Sizes	29
Installation Bracing	30-31
Long Span Installation	32
Material Weights	33
Snowdrift Loading	34
Tech Support and Analysis	34
Deflection and Camber Criteria	35
Nailing Information	36
Sound Details	36-37
Q&A	38
Specifications	39

ABOUT THIS GUIDE

The RedBuilt™ Open-Web Truss Specifier's Guide is one of several guides that offer technical information and design recommendations for RedBuilt™ products. This guide provides architects, designers, and engineers with information regarding open-web trusses for commercial and custom residential applications.

Product Selection

This guide provides specifiers with technical information about the RedBuilt™ open-web truss product line. However, complex or custom applications can often make specifying the right products in the right places a challenge — especially when you have factors such as span, wind or load-carrying capacity and other design constraints to consider. But whatever your project entails, RedBuilt is here to help. Your local RedBuilt technical representative, along with our Design Center teams, can assist you in choosing the best products and designing the best system for your specific application.

Contact us for help with any of the following:

- Product selection
- Building department calculations
- Complete cost analysis
- System selection (system packages can include horizontal framing, main carrying beams, headers, wall framing, mansard framing, and accessories)

Products for Every Application

In addition to open-web trusses, RedBuilt offers a variety of other engineered lumber products that are ideal for use in commercial and custom residential projects. For more information, contact your RedBuilt technical representative or visit redbuilt.com to download literature for products such as Red-I™ joists and RedLam™ LVL.

Unsurpassed Technical Support

RedBuilt has one of the largest networks of technical representatives in the business. Their services include consultation, computer-assisted design and layout, delivery coordination, and installation review. They can suggest cost-reduction techniques and check special application requirements. In addition, they're backed by a staff of professional engineers who provide comprehensive technical support when needed. Special requests are accommodated wherever practical, and they offer cost analysis, engineering analysis, assistance with building code approvals — even the creation of special product applications for more creative designs. The goal of RedBuilt technical support is to help architects and engineers achieve quality design applications with the most cost-efficient product selection possible.



Our network of technical representatives offers a wide range of services to help guide your projects through planning and construction.

Resource Efficiency

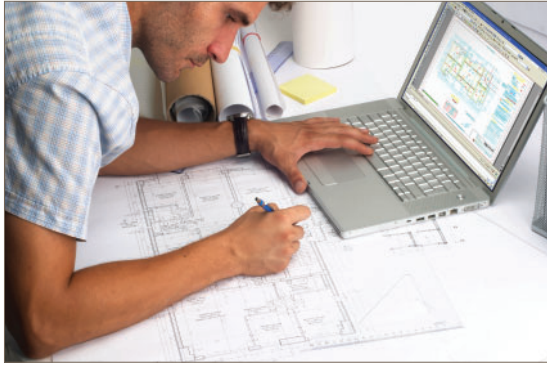
Consider all of the positive attributes of wood when selecting your building material of choice. In addition to its structural properties, high strength-to-weight ratio, and ease of construction, wood is a naturally occurring, renewable resource that requires less energy to produce than steel or concrete. And it sequesters carbon — whether on the stump or in your structure.

Our RedBuilt™ open-web trusses with RedLam™ LVL chords, as well as other RedBuilt™ products, are made with responsibly sourced fiber. Whether you're looking for LEED® certification or simply want to ensure efficient use of raw materials, we can help. By making better use of every tree, RedBuilt produces cost-effective, consistently available engineered wood products that reduce environmental impact. The result is a quality wood product that offers superior strength and reliable performance.

DESIGN CENTER SERVICES

Upon request, RedBuilt can provide the following services for the products described in this Open-Web Truss Specifier's Guide:

- A complete design package including layout drawings (placement diagrams) and detailed design calculations.
- Review and analysis of the application.
- Drawings or calculations sealed by a professional engineer.



Our technical support team offers professional capabilities in the design and application of all RedBuilt™ products.

Installation Review

Although responsibility for proper installation lies with the contractor-builder, RedBuilt provides detailed suggestions and guidelines for installation. If requested, a RedBuilt representative will visit the site to verify the contractor's understanding of proper installation. RedBuilt professional engineers also are available to help solve jobsite application problems.

Engineering Responsibility Position Statement

RedBuilt is a manufacturer of proprietary structural components.

It employs a staff of professional engineers to aid in the development, manufacture, and marketing of its products. RedBuilt does not replace or accept the responsibility of the design professional of record for any structure.

RedBuilt accepts the delegation of engineering responsibility only for the products it manufactures, provided that the application conditions are specified by the design professional of record, or other responsible party when a design professional is not engaged. RedBuilt provides engineering in the design of its products and does not displace the need on any project for a design professional of record.

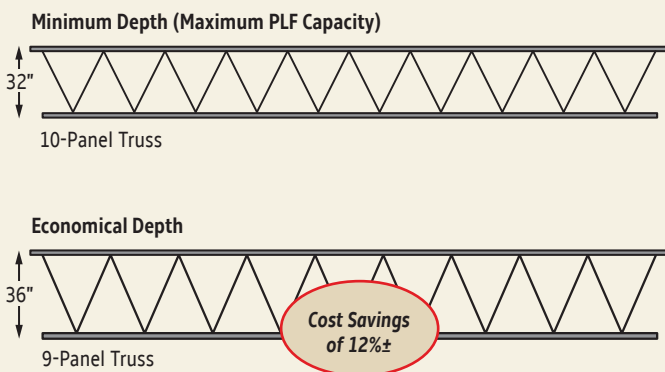
HOW TO SPECIFY TRUSSES FOR MAXIMUM ECONOMY

It is in the designer's best interest to specify the most economically efficient materials and ensure that their customers are not paying extra for structural components that are oversized for the given loads. However, specifying a minimum depth truss with the maximum plf loading (as shown in the load tables on pages 6–11) may not be the most economical solution.

Designing to the maximum depth allowed for the application, and not maximizing loads in tables, will produce the most economical solution. Keep this and the following two examples in mind when consulting the load tables in this guide:

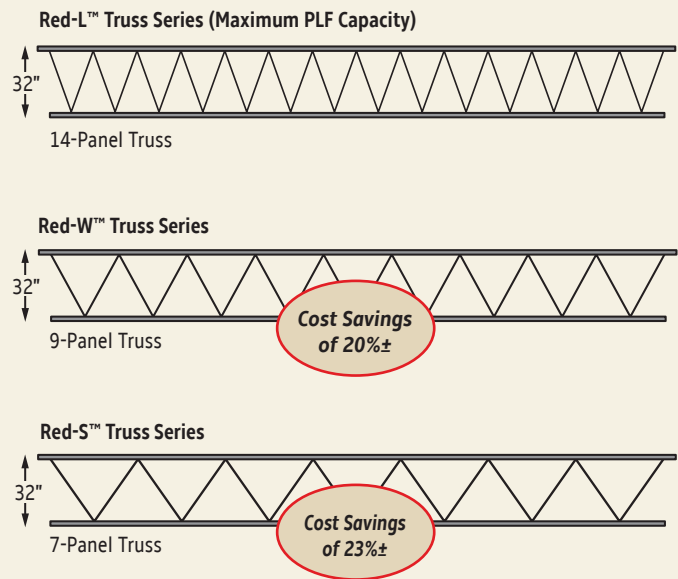
Deeper Can Be More Economical

Example:

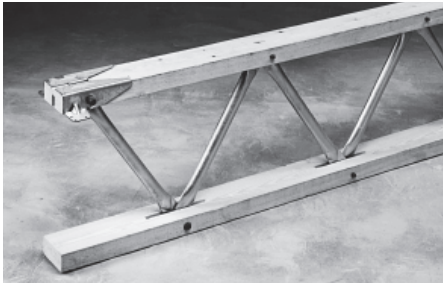


Consider An Alternative Truss Series

Example:



Top chord bearing at each end provides the easiest installation and the most cost-effective truss system. Note that these are general guidelines only and they are not reflective of all applications. Consult your local RedBuilt technical representative to assist you in specifying the most economical truss solutions for your particular applications.



Red-L™ and Red-W™ Trusses

Chords:

- Red-L™ trusses: 1½" x 3½" MSR lumber*
- Red-W™ trusses: 1½" x 4¾" MSR lumber

Webs:

1" and 1½" diameter tubular steel members varying in gauge and diameter according to requirements.

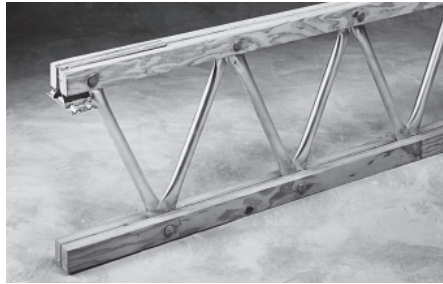
Weight:

- Red-L™ trusses: 3.75 to 4.25 lbs/ft
- Red-W™ trusses: 4.5 to 5.25 lbs/ft

Depths:

Minimum depth at wall14"
 Maximum depth at wall50"
 Maximum pitched ridge depth50"

Any depth between minimum and maximum is available.



Red-S™ Trusses

Chords:

Double 1½" x 2.3" RedLam™ LVL

Webs:

1", 1¼", and 1½" diameter tubular steel members varying in gauge and diameter according to requirements.

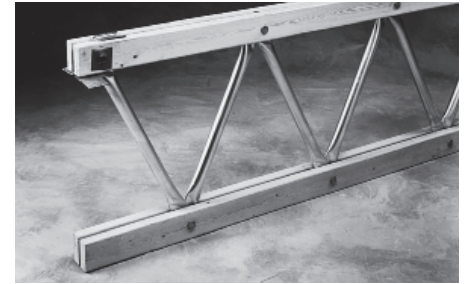
Weight:

4.75 to 5.75 lbs/ft

Depths:

Minimum depth at wall16"
 Maximum depth at wall60"
 Maximum pitched ridge depth84"

Any depth between minimum and maximum is available.



Red-M™ and Red-H™ Trusses

Chords:

- Red-M™ trusses: Double 1½" x 3½" MSR lumber*
- Red-H™ trusses: Double 1½" x 5½" MSR lumber*

Webs:

Up to 2" diameter tubular steel members varying in gauge and diameter according to requirements.

Weight:

- Red-M™ trusses: 8 to 9 lbs/ft
- Red-H™ trusses: 10 to 12 lbs/ft

Depths:

	Red-M™	Red-H™
Minimum depth at wall	20"	24"
Maximum depth at wall	60"	72"
Maximum pitched ridge depth	72"	114"

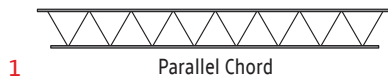
Any depth between minimum and maximum is available.

Open-web trusses are intended for dry use, untreated applications.

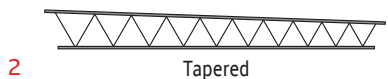
* RedLam™ LVL chords may be available for Red-L™, Red-M™, and Red-H™ truss series. Consult your technical representative for availability and limitations.

Building Codes and Product Acceptance: See ICC-ES ESR-1774, L.A. City RR #22614

Truss Profiles



1 Parallel Chord



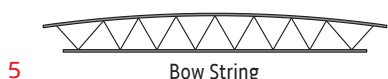
2 Tapered



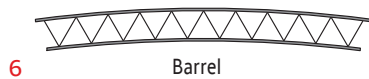
3 Pitched



4 Radius Pitched



5 Bow String



6 Barrel



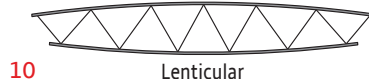
7 Pitched Top Chord/Radius Bottom Chord



8 Scissor



9 Compound Barrel



10 Lenticular

Tightest Curvature Available:

Red-L™ and Red-W™ trusses 52' radius
 Red-S™ trusses 200' radius
 Red-M™ trusses Camber only
 Red-H™ trusses Camber only

Truss Series	Profiles Available									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Red-L™	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Red-W™	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Red-S™	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Red-M™	☐	☐	☐					☐		
Red-H™	☐	☐	☐					☐		

☐ Indicates that the profile is available.

In radius truss applications (Profiles 5, 6, 7, 9, and 10), allowable loads are reduced due to radial stresses. Contact your RedBuilt technical representative for job-specific possibilities.

Maximum top chord slope for Profile 4 (Radius Pitched) is ½:12 for Red-L™ and Red-W™ truss series, and ⅜:12 for Red-S™ truss series.

RED-L™ TRUSS ALLOWABLE UNIFORM LOAD TABLE (PLF) / PARALLEL CHORD

SEE PAGE 4 FOR ECONOMICAL TRUSS DESIGN

Load Tables

Span	Depth													
	14"		16"		18"		20"		22"		24"		26"	
	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL
	100% LL	125% TL	100% LL	125% TL	100% LL	125% TL	100% LL	125% TL	100% LL	125% TL	100% LL	125% TL	100% LL	125% TL
14'	292	341	329	383	376	400	380	412	340	390	309	360	299	356
	208	370	254	395	323	412	367	429		422		385		386
16'	265	306	306	340	341	361	342	366	335	369	338	351	305	350
	143	311	190	361	232	370	270	376	318	380		375		380
18'	215	250	200	286	232	319	309	328	301	332	315	334	301	332
	110	271	145	306	180	329	215	333	250	340	278	336		339
20'	184	208	171	245	184	275	203	295	227	297	283	299	291	297
	84	229	109	260	139	292	167	298	197	303	226	305	255	310
22'	158	177	142	204	160	233	177	260	200	272	220	271	270	275
	66	192	84	217	110	252	134	269	155	271	184	276	196	280
24'	133	150	133	174	143	199	157	223	173	239	185	247	202	249
	52	164	68	189	88	215	106	241	126	251	146	252	167	254
26'	106	131	113	152	129	173	136	189	151	213	166	225	176	230
	43	137	55	160	70	188	86	210	103	222	123	231	140	236
28'	86	111	109	129	118	148	125	163	136	181	151	199	163	212
	34	111	45	142	57	158	69	181	86	200	102	214	117	213
30'		91	93	114	108	128	121	145	127	158	140	173	150	192
		91	37	121	47	140	58	155	69	175	81	192	93	202
32'		76	76	100	95	113	107	125	118	142	127	155	136	169
		76	31	102	39	124	48	140	58	155	68	170	78	184
34'		63		85	83	101	99	114	105	126	120	138	127	151
		64		85	33	110	41	124	49	136	58	150	67	164
36'		55		73		87	86	98	97	108	107	117	114	129
		55		73		94	35	102	42	117	50	128	58	140
38'		47		62		78	75	86	85	97	92	105	97	116
		47		62		80	30	91	36	104	43	115	50	126
40'		40		53		69		79	79	87	81	96	94	103
		41		53		69		86	31	94	37	100	43	114
42'		35		46		60		72		78	79	87	85	95
		35		47		60		73		82	32	92	38	103
44'		31		40		50		65		70		80	77	82
		31		39		52		66		74		85	33	94
46'				36		45		58		66		73		79
				36		45		58		69		79		86
48'				32		40		52		61		67		73
				32		41		52		62		68		79
50'						36		45		54		62		65
						36		45		56		62		73
52'						32		40		49		57		61
						33		39		50		59		63
54'								35		43		52		55
								36		43		53		62
56'								32		40		48		54
								33		40		47		56
58'										36		43		48
										36		42		49
60'												33		46
												39		44

- See page 5 for available depths and profiles. For depths and profiles not shown, contact your RedBuilt technical representative for assistance.
- Red numbers refer to 115% Total Load (TL).

General Notes

- Values shown demonstrate maximum allowable load capacities based on the following assumptions:
 - Simple span, uniformly loaded conditions, with provisions for positive drainage (¼:12 slope, minimum) in roof applications.
 - Span indicates distance from inside face to inside face of bearing.
 - Top chord no-notch bearing clips with 1¾" bearing. Higher values may be possible with other types of bearing clips.
- Straight line interpolations may be made between depths and spans.
- Values in shaded areas may be increased 7% for repetitive-member use.
- Bold italic values are controlled by minimum concentrated load analysis of 2,000 lbs. Higher loads are possible where minimum concentrated load analysis is not required by code. Contact your RedBuilt technical representative for assistance.

General Notes continued on page 7

Trusses delivered to the jobsite are custom manufactured to resist only project specific application loads provided by the design professional. Actual trusses may not be able to resist the maximum loads shown in the tables above. For questions regarding actual truss capacity contact your RedBuilt technical representative.

RED-L™ TRUSS ALLOWABLE UNIFORM LOAD TABLE (PLF) / PARALLEL CHORD

Continued from page 6

SEE PAGE 4 FOR ECONOMICAL TRUSS DESIGN

Span	Depth													
	28"		30"		32"		34"		36"		38"		40"	
	100% TL 100% LL	115% TL 125% TL	100% TL 100% LL	115% TL 125% TL	100% TL 100% LL	115% TL 125% TL	100% TL 100% LL	115% TL 125% TL	100% TL 100% LL	115% TL 125% TL	100% TL 100% LL	115% TL 125% TL	100% TL 100% LL	115% TL 125% TL
14'	295	353	294	324	290	308	277	309	262	300	264	304	243	280
16'	303	347	266	306	264	288	265	305	255	271	256	273	240	275
18'	263	341	266	317	261	279	261	287	237	271	239	250	231	263
20'	270	303	285	298	239	287	242	281	221	259	219	264	221	250
22'	259	279	257	279	241	266	233	259	228	258	224	253	223	236
24'	219	255	252	255	242	259	237	258	227	259	218	246	213	246
26'	195	231	205	233	233	238	227	237	221	238	232	228	212	230
28'	175	216	214	215	216	220	216	218	218	222	198	222	210	215
30'	159	201	167	204	200	205	194	208	204	208	201	208	204	205
32'	149	184	158	191	170	191	181	191	190	195	192	192	189	191
34'	138	162	147	174	157	181	165	189	169	182	179	179	180	179
36'	123	138	132	146	140	160	151	166	161	170	169	170	170	166
38'	113	116	115	134	127	144	136	152	144	161	152	161	159	157
40'	102	110	110	122	117	130	125	139	129	147	140	153	148	151
42'	92	102	99	108	107	114	114	125	121	129	128	141	133	142
44'	78	92	91	96	96	107	103	114	109	121	116	129	121	131
46'	77	84	82	92	89	98	95	105	101	112	105	118	112	120
48'	70	79	73	85	82	91	87	97	91	102	98	108	103	113
50'	72	79	69	78	71	83	80	89	85	94	90	100	95	105
52'	66	73	72	77	70	77	74	82	79	87	83	92	88	97
54'	62	68	65	67	67	67	69	76	73	81	77	86	82	90
56'	57	65	62	68	69	69	72	78	68	78	72	81	76	86
58'	55	58	57	62	62	68	68	75	73	77	67	77	71	82
60'	52	50	55	61	60	65	64	70	68	74	71	78	66	75

- See page 5 for available depths and profiles. For depths and profiles not shown, contact your RedBuilt technical representative for assistance.
- Red numbers refer to 115% Total Load (TL).

General Notes continued from page 6

To size floor trusses:

Check both total load (100% TL) and live load (100% LL). When live load is not shown, total load will control. Total load values limit deflection to L/240. Live load values are based on the **Commercial Floor Deflection Limit** shown on page 35, and assume a nailed floor system. Live load (100% LL) values may be increased with a glue-nailed floor system; contact your RedBuilt technical representative for assistance.

To size roof trusses:

Check the appropriate snow load area (115% TL) or non-snow load area (125% TL) value to determine the maximum allowable total load. Total load (115% TL and 125% TL) values limit truss deflection to L/180.

Consult local codes to verify deflection limits required for specific applications.

Trusses delivered to the jobsite are custom manufactured to resist only project specific application loads provided by the design professional. Actual trusses may not be able to resist the maximum loads shown in the tables above. For questions regarding actual truss capacity contact your RedBuilt technical representative.

RED-W™ TRUSS ALLOWABLE UNIFORM LOAD TABLE (PLF) / PARALLEL CHORD

SEE PAGE 4 FOR ECONOMICAL TRUSS DESIGN

Load Tables

Span	Depth																											
	14"		16"		18"		20"		22"		24"		26"		28"		30"		32"		34"		36"		38"		40"	
	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL
14'	380	416	402	427	407	442	414	440	422	445	389	442	383	445	375	432	367	411	337	370	335	362	324	326	318	325	304	342
16'	322	359	363	374	373	385	380	387	374	388	385	388	380	397	369	390	359	385	338	383	314	383	302	331	299	324	299	325
18'	270	292	307	329	334	336	334	339	340	348	339	350	346	355	353	351	334	354	306	354	301	352	296	344	282	316	269	331
20'	220	236	258	289	288	299	303	308	305	314	308	316	309	322	315	321	311	321	325	318	303	322	283	325	288	319	276	315
22'	185	208	215	242	243	272	271	273	275	280	280	285	284	289	283	291	283	288	281	295	289	292	287	291	276	293	259	291
24'	156	180	177	208	206	234	227	251	251	252	253	260	259	257	259	261	265	262	261	267	263	266	262	264	266	265	263	259
26'	127	153	146	177	166	201	191	226	212	236	231	237	237	238	240	240	242	242	245	242	248	241	242	245	244	243	240	238
28'	107	132	125	153	146	174	162	194	179	216	199	219	217	219	219	218	224	220	224	225	231	225	224	226	225	220	222	217
30'	88	115	112	133	127	152	141	170	157	188	172	206	189	204	203	204	206	206	209	209	209	206	208	208	209	207	204	202
32'	74	98	98	116	112	133	122	149	136	164	153	181	166	190	181	191	193	193	192	193	201	193	195	193	195	194	189	191
34'	81	82	104	101	118	115	132	127	147	140	161	150	174	165	180	172	177	183	179	189	182	182	183	181	182	180	180	180
36'	70	90	90	102	100	114	114	127	125	135	134	151	145	163	158	167	167	170	169	170	170	170	170	170	170	170	170	166
38'	59	80	74	92	90	103	102	114	112	125	122	136	130	146	142	158	152	162	160	159	162	160	162	160	162	160	159	157
40'	50	68	83	82	93	90	103	101	113	110	123	117	133	128	143	137	148	145	149	153	151	151	151	151	151	151	151	151
42'	45	59	75	84	82	93	91	102	96	112	108	116	116	129	124	138	132	143	139	143	146	145	146	145	143	143	143	143
44'	39	52	67	77	73	84	83	93	91	100	97	110	105	118	113	126	121	135	128	139	135	138	137	136	137	136	136	
46'	35	46	59	70	78	76	86	83	93	89	99	97	108	104	116	110	123	117	130	124	130	130	130	130	130	130	128	128
48'	31	40	52	64	67	74	76	83	83	91	89	99	95	106	101	113	108	120	114	126	120	126	120	125	120	125	125	
50'	36	46	58	65	71	79	76	85	82	92	87	98	94	105	99	108	105	117	110	119	110	119	110	119	110	119	119	119
52'	33	42	49	59	67	73	70	79	76	85	81	91	86	96	92	102	97	108	102	113	102	113	102	113	102	113	113	113
54'	37	44	55	60	68	73	69	78	75	84	80	89	85	95	90	99	95	106	100	111	100	111	100	111	100	111	111	111
56'	34	42	50	57	64	68	75	70	80	75	86	79	91	83	96	88	101	94	102	94	102	94	102	94	102	94	102	102
58'	30	37	47	53	60	65	69	75	75	80	87	74	85	78	90	82	95	87	92	80	92	80	92	80	92	80	92	92
60'	33	42	50	52	58	65	70	75	75	80	87	74	85	78	90	82	95	87	92	80	92	80	92	80	92	80	92	92

- See page 5 for available depths and profiles. For depths and profiles not shown, contact your RedBuilt technical representative for assistance.
- Red numbers refer to 115% Total Load (TL).

General Notes

- Values shown demonstrate maximum allowable load capacities based on the following assumptions:
 - Simple span, uniformly loaded conditions, with provisions for positive drainage (¼:12 slope, minimum) in roof applications.
 - Span indicates distance from inside face to inside face of bearing.
 - Top chord no-notch bearing clips with 2¾" bearing for Red-W™ trusses and standard bearing clips for Red-S™ trusses. Higher values may be possible with other types of bearing clips.

- Straight line interpolations may be made between depths and spans.
- Values in shaded areas may be increased for repetitive-member use as follows: 7% for Red-W™ trusses and 4% for Red-S™ trusses.
- Bold italic values are controlled by minimum concentrated load analysis of 2,000 lbs. Higher loads are possible where minimum concentrated load analysis is not required by code. Contact your RedBuilt technical representative for assistance.

General Notes continued on page 9

Trusses delivered to the jobsite are custom manufactured to resist only project specific application loads provided by the design professional. Actual trusses may not be able to resist the maximum loads shown in the tables above. For questions regarding actual truss capacity contact your RedBuilt technical representative.

RED-S™ TRUSS ALLOWABLE UNIFORM LOAD TABLE (PLF) / PARALLEL CHORD

SEE PAGE 4 FOR ECONOMICAL TRUSS DESIGN

Load Tables

Span	Depth																											
	16"		18"		20"		22"		24"		26"		28"		30"		32"		34"		36"		38"		40"		42"	
	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL
16'	399	459	465	528	487	558	496	570	464	533	467	516	416	478	434	463	403	463	363	417	348	419	347	399	312	359	317	362
	262	499	334	572	410	564	488	566		590		565		531		502		501		432		458		433		387		393
18'	325	376	379	436	433	498	453	507	466	553	433	496	406	464	417	449	370	445	390	423	364	417	328	378	311	354	312	380
	189	411	243	474	300	531	357	541	425	567		520		511		495		462		460		453		394		386		413
20'	279	321	320	367	359	413	387	449	416	479	414	501	388	457	373	427	377	423	381	409	358	410	333	384	315	381	287	360
	140	349	178	399	221	449	273	488	318	509	375	514	382	484		464		467		444		425		417		393		391
22'	233	266	264	286	278	314	334	380	365	422	376	438	386	443	375	429	371	423	345	397	330	382	315	363	331	350	287	354
	107	289	137	333	170	375	207	417	249	456	287	466	330	467	374	467	464	464	426	426	438	438	395	395	385	385		385
24'	196	226	219	253	250	288	279	320	309	351	338	388	355	408	354	406	342	397	339	390	318	368	318	373	296	338	291	335
	84	246	106	281	133	313	162	346	194	383	228	422	261	430	297	431	332	429	338	422	399	399	393	393	371	371		363
26'	164	192	190	220	216	247	240	276	264	303	288	331	312	359	329	382	325	375	326	376	321	370	308	355	295	341	294	331
	66	208	85	237	105	269	129	297	154	326	182	360	211	390	240	397	268	399	283	403	305	402		385		369		363
28'	131	166	165	190	184	214	207	238	225	262	249	286	269	310	289	334	311	355	317	358	313	358	303	348	301	349	286	324
	52	169	68	207	85	233	105	259	126	285	146	311	174	337	197	363	222	373	246	377	261	377	281	374		377		361
30'	107	137	139	166	161	187	179	207	197	227	217	249	235	270	252	291	271	312	287	330	298	345	293	337	298	343	281	324
	43	137	56	179	70	203	86	223	102	248	121	268	139	291	162	316	183	339	205	347	230	347	241	352	261	352		344
32'	88	114	115	146	143	164	159	182	175	201	187	219	207	238	223	256	236	274	255	293	271	311	281	324	273	316	274	315
	35	114	46	149	58	178	71	198	84	218	101	238	117	256	134	278	152	298	172	318	187	331	204	330	224	330	241	323
34'	95	96	124	120	145	141	162	152	178	167	194	180	211	195	227	209	243	221	259	240	276	254	292	267	303	273	302	273
	91	38	124	48	157	59	176	71	193	84	211	98	229	113	247	128	264	143	282	163	299	176	309	191	307	206	301	
36'	80	80	104	102	129	125	144	137	159	148	173	160	188	176	202	189	217	199	232	214	246	227	261	239	275	251	285	251
	80	32	104	41	133	50	157	60	173	71	188	83	204	96	220	108	236	123	250	137	266	149	283	162	290	179	286	
38'	69	69	90	87	113	107	129	123	143	132	151	145	164	155	178	168	195	179	208	192	220	200	234	215	247	226	258	226
	67	89	35	113	43	139	51	155	61	169	71	183	82	197	93	210	106	224	118	240	132	253	142	264	154	268		
40'	59	77	74	96	92	117	110	129	119	140	129	152	139	164	151	176	160	188	188	174	200	184	211	193	223	204	233	204
	59	76	30	97	37	120	44	139	52	152	61	164	71	177	80	190	91	200	102	215	114	228	126	241	136	254		
42'	51	66	84	79	104	96	116	110	127	120	138	126	149	138	156	148	169	157	177	167	192	176	201	185	213	185	213	185
	51	66	84	32	104	38	125	45	137	53	149	61	160	70	172	79	184	88	195	97	206	108	218	118	230			
44'	45	58	73	90	83	106	98	115	105	126	117	134	123	145	135	154	144	165	148	174	160	184	168	193	168	193	168	193
	45	57	73	90	33	109	39	125	46	137	53	147	61	158	69	168	77	179	86	188	95	200	105	211				
46'	39	51	64	79	96	87	106	100	114	108	123	116	133	124	142	130	151	135	160	147	169	155	178	147	169	155	178	147
	39	51	64	79	96	35	114	40	124	47	135	53	143	60	154	67	164	75	174	83	184	91	192					
48'	35	45	57	68	84	76	98	89	106	99	114	105	121	113	130	121	139	128	147	135	155	140	163	140	163	140	163	140
	35	45	57	70	84	31	101	36	115	41	124	47	133	53	142	59	151	66	160	73	169	80	177					
50'	31	40	50	62	74	88	98	91	105	98	113	105	120	110	128	118	135	123	143	130	151	130	151	130	151	130	151	130
	31	40	50	60	74	88	32	104	37	114	42	123	47	131	53	139	58	147	65	154	71	162						
52'		35	45	55	67	79	90	81	97	91	104	97	111	103	118	109	125	115	132	120	139	120	139	120	139	120	139	120
		35	45	55	67	79	93	33	106	37	113	42	121	47	128	52	136	58	143	64	151							
54'		32	40	49	58	71	83	86	83	97	90	103	95	110	101	116	107	122	112	129	112	129						
		32	40	48	60	70	83	96	33	105	38	112	42	119	47	124	52	133	57	140								
56'			36	44	53	64	74	84	75	90	83	96	89	102	94	108	99	113	104	119								
			36	44	53	64	74	86	30	98	34	104	38	111	42	117	47	123	51	130								
58'			32	40	48	56	66	78	83	77	89	83	95	88	101	92	106	97	111									
			32	40	48	57	67	77	90	31	97	34	103	38	109	42	116	47	122									
60'				36	43	51	61	71	74	77	89	82	94	86	99	90	105											
				36	44	50	61	70	81	91	31	97	35	102	39	108	43	114										
62'				33	40	44	54	64	70	78	83	77	88	81	93	85	98											
				33	40	47	54	64	74	83	90	32	96	35	101	38	107											

• See page 5 for available depths and profiles. For depths and profiles not shown, contact your RedBuilt technical representative for assistance.

• Red numbers refer to 115% Total Load (TL).

General Notes continued from page 8

To size floor trusses:

Check both total load (100% TL) and live load (100% LL). When live load is not shown, total load will control. Total load values limit deflection to L/240. Live load values are based on the **Commercial Floor Deflection Limit** shown on page 35, and assume a nailed floor system. Live load (100% LL) values may be increased with a glue-nailed floor system; contact your RedBuilt technical representative for assistance.

To size roof trusses:

Check the appropriate snow load area (115% TL) or non-snow load area (125% TL) value to determine the maximum allowable total load. Total load (115% TL and 125% TL) values limit truss deflection to L/180.

Consult local codes to verify deflection limits required for specific applications.

Trusses delivered to the jobsite are custom manufactured to resist only project specific application loads provided by the design professional. Actual trusses may not be able to resist the maximum loads shown in the tables above. For questions regarding actual truss capacity contact your RedBuilt technical representative.

RED-M™ TRUSS ALLOWABLE UNIFORM LOAD TABLE (PLF) / PARALLEL CHORD

SEE PAGE 4 FOR ECONOMICAL TRUSS DESIGN

Span	Depth																											
	20"		22"		24"		26"		28"		30"		32"		34"		36"		38"		40"		42"		44"		46"	
	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL
24'	292	327	330	369	368	406	393	449	412	449	409	457	401	455	406	455	370	455	386	456	366	434	367	456	347	437	356	436
26'	251	278	277	313	315	345	347	383	366	419	386	424	388	433	384	431	377	424	384	423	368	417	347	432	340	417	332	414
28'	215	235	239	271	269	301	299	330	322	362	351	391	369	402	368	412	365	404	352	400	349	400	363	391	339	391	363	392
30'	186	206	208	231	235	260	261	285	283	312	303	341	331	367	349	381	348	381	348	380	346	379	336	377	330	374	309	372
32'	166	184	185	206	203	229	226	251	250	274	271	299	290	319	311	344	329	355	335	356	331	364	329	364	324	360	313	348
34'	148	164	164	181	183	202	200	223	218	247	240	263	253	281	270	305	295	324	314	331	303	340	319	344	314	334	303	329
36'	133	146	148	162	160	178	176	199	196	216	211	233	226	255	244	272	261	290	277	304	291	316	305	322	311	319	310	313
38'	118	131	133	148	147	161	162	176	178	190	188	210	199	226	220	242	234	257	249	277	259	289	278	305	293	296	298	293
40'	105	119	118	133	131	147	144	159	158	173	167	193	183	201	196	215	209	235	224	249	237	264	249	278	262	284	275	277
42'	91	110	109	121	121	135	132	145	143	159	155	170	167	183	180	202	189	209	200	226	215	239	229	249	239	261	253	267
44'	79	99	99	110	110	122	122	135	130	144	141	158	153	170	162	179	174	190	181	204	196	218	206	230	216	241	227	247
46'	90	86	86	101	101	111	110	122	121	133	129	140	140	153	148	161	161	171	170	188	180	199	189	210	198	221	208	231
48'	80	76	76	93	93	102	102	111	111	122	121	132	127	141	136	153	146	163	157	173	166	183	176	192	183	199	191	213
50'	70	86	86	86	82	95	94	104	102	112	111	123	119	130	129	139	137	150	144	159	154	169	160	179	170	186	180	196
52'	63	78	78	78	89	87	96	95	104	102	111	111	120	118	132	125	138	135	141	140	158	149	164	156	174	165	181	
54'	56	70	70	70	82	78	89	88	96	95	103	101	115	109	119	118	130	125	138	132	145	138	152	148	161	153	167	
56'	51	63	63	63	76	83	82	90	89	94	96	103	102	114	109	117	116	129	122	136	129	141	135	148	143	158		
58'	46	57	57	57	69	75	85	83	91	90	98	95	106	102	113	108	118	114	126	121	133	126	139	126	139	133	146	
60'	41	52	52	52	63	73	79	77	85	83	90	90	99	95	102	101	111	107	118	113	125	119	129	124	138			
62'	37	47	47	47	57	68	75	80	87	85	92	89	97	94	106	100	110	106	116	111	122	111	122	117	127			
64'	34	43	43	43	52	62	67	75	74	81	79	88	83	92	89	99	94	105	98	110	104	116	110	122				
66'	31	39	39	39	47	57	65	70	77	81	83	83	91	89	97	84	93	89	96	94	103	99	109	104	113			
68'	36	43	43	43	50	61	67	73	77	83	79	87	84	93	89	97	84	93	89	97	93	102	97	108				
70'	33	40	40	40	45	56	64	67	72	76	83	88	83	92	88	93	86	93	40	94	84	99	48	109	92	113		

- See page 5 for available depths and profiles. For depths and profiles not shown, contact your RedBuilt technical representative for assistance.
- For spans over 70 feet, see page 32 or contact your RedBuilt technical representative.
- Red numbers refer to 115% Total Load (TL).

General Notes

- Values shown demonstrate maximum allowable load capacities based on the following assumptions:
 - Simple span, uniformly loaded conditions, with provisions for positive drainage (¼:12 slope, minimum) in roof applications.
 - Span indicates distance from inside face to inside face of bearing.
 - Top chord Z bearing clips for Red-M™ and Red-H™ trusses. Higher values may be possible with other types of bearing clips.
- Straight line interpolations may be made between depths and spans.
- **Bold italic** values are controlled by minimum concentrated load analysis of 2,000 lbs. Higher loads are possible where minimum concentrated load analysis is not required by code. Contact your RedBuilt technical representative for assistance.

General Notes continued on page 11

Trusses delivered to the jobsite are custom manufactured to resist only project specific application loads provided by the design professional. Actual trusses may not be able to resist the maximum loads shown in the tables above. For questions regarding actual truss capacity contact your RedBuilt technical representative.

RED-H™ TRUSS ALLOWABLE UNIFORM LOAD TABLE (PLF) / PARALLEL CHORD

SEE PAGE 4 FOR ECONOMICAL TRUSS DESIGN

Span	Depth																											
	24"		27"		30"		33"		36"		39"		42"		45"		48"		51"		54"		57"		60"		63"	
	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL
30'	327	365	384	423	436	462	448	470	439	471	426	468	420	470	411	480	393	442	384	440	370	415	349	398	331	392	329	375
	187	388	244	452	308	464	372	470	436	481		495		479		484		487		484		451		442		422		416
32'	290	322	336	376	384	427	428	439	424	446	421	444	422	445	400	430	395	453	375	420	367	429	354	392	334	388	325	364
	156	341	204	395	259	434	314	440	370	448		444		454		453		453		448		457		430		435		395
34'	256	284	299	332	342	381	383	412	397	415	396	420	404	422	401	424	379	420	388	428	360	398	350	406	335	389	329	367
	132	303	173	349	219	401	268	414	317	423	368	427		429		431		429		432		431		434		408		410
36'	228	254	267	297	306	339	341	381	380	394	383	397	387	399	396	398	386	401	366	401	362	406	342	383	325	386	325	369
	112	267	147	314	187	359	230	394	272	399	317	401	365	404		406		409		403		411		407		406		394
38'	206	229	240	266	275	305	302	342	344	370	363	374	373	376	375	379	363	385	366	382	347	387	349	382	340	380	304	362
	96	243	126	282	160	324	197	364	236	373	276	379	317	391	357	389		388		390		391		391		386		384
40'	186	207	217	238	245	275	276	311	298	339	341	356	350	358	356	361	356	362	352	364	356	366	332	362	337	363	313	351
	83	222	109	254	138	291	171	328	206	357	239	360	276	364	314	366	354	367		371		373		373		370		367
42'	169	187	197	216	224	250	250	278	281	313	311	339	327	338	332	343	337	346	342	343	339	349	316	350	313	350	326	348
	72	196	95	228	121	265	149	298	179	332	209	342	240	344	277	350	310	351		352		351		351		355		358
44'	151	169	178	195	204	225	223	258	257	286	284	315	308	324	321	327	327	321	326	331	329	335	328	333	313	337	300	330
	62	182	83	209	106	239	130	273	158	303	185	325	212	328	243	331	275	333	309	338		338		338		336		340
46'	137	157	164	182	188	208	211	232	237	262	258	288	282	308	304	314	309	315	313	317	300	318	311	320	314	322	300	324
	55	166	73	191	93	219	115	249	139	277	164	305	190	313	215	318	243	319	274	320		319		324		327		326
48'	121	144	151	168	173	192	194	213	215	237	238	264	260	288	281	298	295	300	299	304	300	304	295	305	301	306	298	309
	48	153	64	177	82	201	102	226	123	250	145	276	168	298	191	302	213	304	247	308	271	307		309		312		310
50'	107	132	139	155	158	176	178	191	198	220	216	244	234	263	259	284	278	290	287	289	289	289	290	306	291	293	284	295
	43	140	57	164	73	185	91	211	110	230	130	258	150	282	172	290	193	293	214	295	244	295	265	304	286	298		296
52'	95	123	126	142	146	163	165	183	183	202	203	225	221	247	240	264	258	278	274	281	276	291	279	290	278	282	280	284
	38	124	51	151	65	170	81	192	98	216	116	237	135	259	154	277	174	280	194	281	214	284	239	286	260	284	262	283
54'	85	112	114	130	136	152	153	166	170	186	187	210	205	226	222	245	238	267	255	269	267	276	266	268	270	272	267	272
	34	112	45	141	58	158	72	180	88	200	104	218	122	241	140	261	157	270	175	272	194	273	220	273	236	276	257	274
56'	76	100	102	124	126	137	139	158	160	173	175	193	190	209	207	229	223	244	241	256	254	260	259	271	259	261	261	264
	30	99	41	131	52	148	65	168	79	184	94	204	110	224	126	242	143	259	160	261	176	261	194	265	217	265	234	262
58'	90	116	91	116	117	129	133	148	139	164	162	174	179	198	189	211	208	230	223	245	239	246	249	253	251	255	251	254
	90	120	37	120	47	139	59	156	71	173	85	191	99	208	115	228	129	243	145	252	161	254	178	254	194	254	215	252
60'	82	108	83	108	105	121	124	138	137	153	151	168	167	185	181	201	190	214	208	228	222	245	237	244	243	243	241	246
	82	109	33	109	42	131	53	143	65	162	77	176	90	191	104	211	118	227	133	244	147	244	163	246	178	247	194	240
62'	74	99	71	99	97	117	117	130	129	144	142	157	156	174	168	185	181	198	191	216	208	228	221	232	233	234	234	237
	74	109	30	99	39	122	48	137	59	150	70	166	82	179	94	194	108	210	121	228	135	237	148	238	163	238	176	234
64'	66	90	84	108	108	122	121	135	132	148	146	161	159	175	171	189	179	203	195	215	207	226	219	218	225	228	225	228
	68	108	35	115	44	128	54	139	64	155	75	171	86	185	98	196	110	213	124	224	135	228	148	229	164	224		
66'	62	82	80	102	97	114	115	127	127	137	136	151	148	164	160	174	170	187	184	203	196	214	206	221	216	221	216	221
	62	105	32	105	40	121	49	131	58	145	68	158	79	172	90	184	102	200	113	216	125	223	136	220	149	218		
68'	57	75	97	97	91	106	108	117	118	131	129	143	140	148	152	164	162	179	172	191	184	202	195	213	205	215	205	215
	57	106	37	114	45	125	53	136	63	149	72	164	82	177	93	188	104	204	115	215	125	216	137	210				
70'	52	69	86	86	84	103	95	112	112	121	122	133	131	148	143	157	151	168	162	181	173	190	183	201	193	205	193	205
	52	106	34	106	41	119	49	130	67	153	86	175	96	185	106	203	117	207	127	206								

- See page 5 for available depths and profiles. For depths and profiles not shown, contact your RedBuilt technical representative for assistance.
- For spans over 70 feet, see page 32 or contact your RedBuilt technical representative.
- Red numbers refer to 115% Total Load (TL).

General Notes continued from page 10

To size floor trusses:

Check both total load (100% TL) and live load (100% LL). When live load is not shown, total load will control. Total load values limit deflection to L/240. Live load values are based on the Commercial Floor Deflection Limit shown on page 35, and assume a nailed floor system. Live load (100% LL) values may be increased with a glue-nailed floor system; contact your RedBuilt technical representative for assistance.

To size roof trusses:

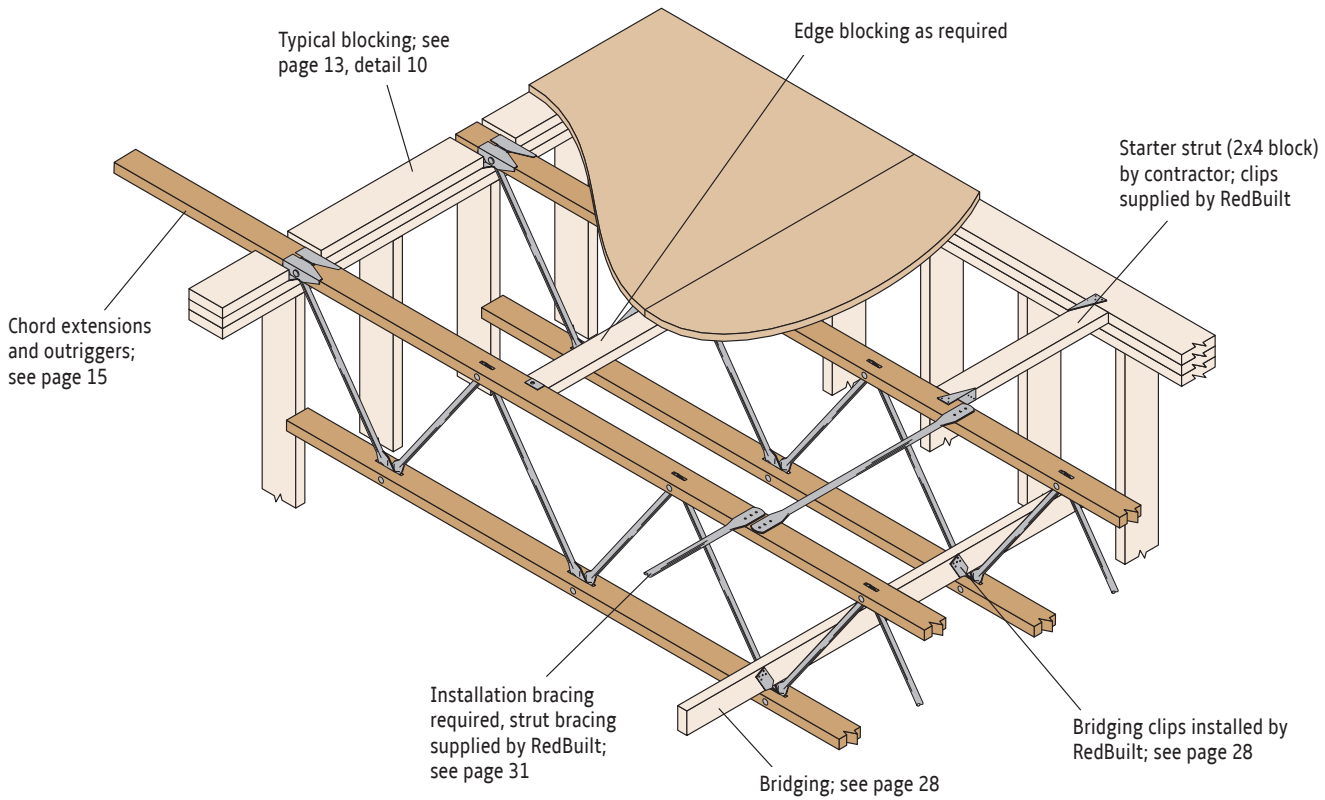
Check the appropriate snow load area (115% TL) or non-snow load area (125% TL) value to determine the maximum allowable total load. Total load (115% TL and 125% TL) values limit truss deflection to L/180.

Consult local codes to verify deflection limits required for specific applications.

Trusses delivered to the jobsite are custom manufactured to resist only project specific application loads provided by the design professional. Actual trusses may not be able to resist the maximum loads shown in the tables above. For questions regarding actual truss capacity contact your RedBuilt technical representative.

RED-L™ AND RED-W™ TRUSS DETAILS

Single Chord Trusses

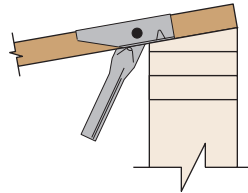


1 Beveled Plate Requirements

Beveled bearing plates are required for trusses with sloped top chords.

Beveled plates serve two functions:

1. Provide proper bearing for the bearing clip.
2. Avoid interference between the top chord and the bearing plate.



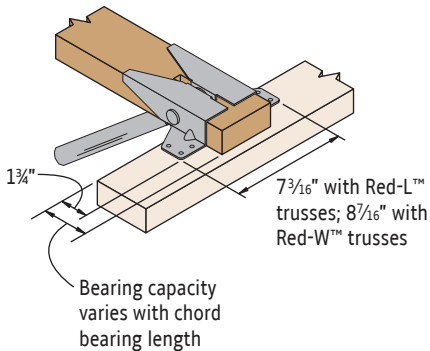
A beveled plate, to suit roof slope, is required at all common bearings and cantilevered bearings.

Slopes Requiring a Beveled Plate

Bearing Condition	No-Notch, U-Clip		
	2x8	2x6	2x4
Low end	$> \frac{1}{4} : 12$	$> \frac{3}{8} : 12$	$> \frac{1}{2} : 12$
High end	$> \frac{3}{8} : 12$	$> \frac{3}{8} : 12$	$> \frac{1}{2} : 12$
Cantilever	Beveled plate required at all slopes		
Common	Beveled plate required at all slopes		

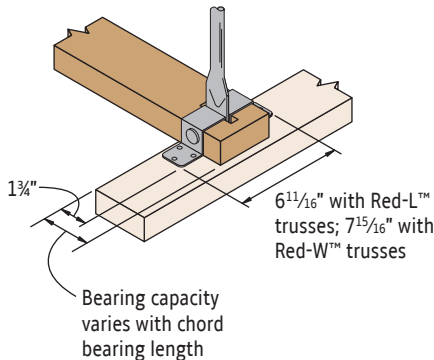
• See detail 4 for flush mount bearing clip requirements.

2 Top Bearing No-Notch Clip



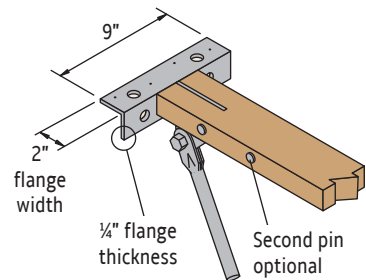
Pre-notched plate not required

3 Bottom Bearing U-Clip



4 Top Bearing Flush-Mount Clip (Heavy Duty)

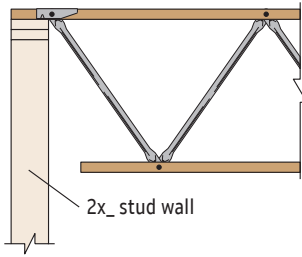
Specify for high axial load applications



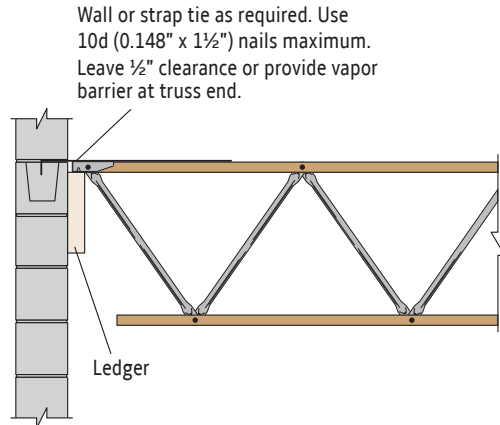
Maximum slope is 1/2:12. Contact your RedBuilt technical representative for truss depths less than 21". See pages 24–26 for additional information on Wind or Seismic Connections.

See page 22 for bearing reaction capacities

**5 Top Chord Bearing
No-Notch Clip**

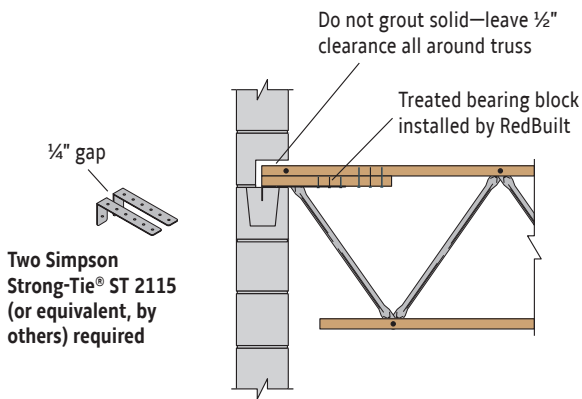


**6 Top Chord Bearing on Ledger
No-Notch Clip**



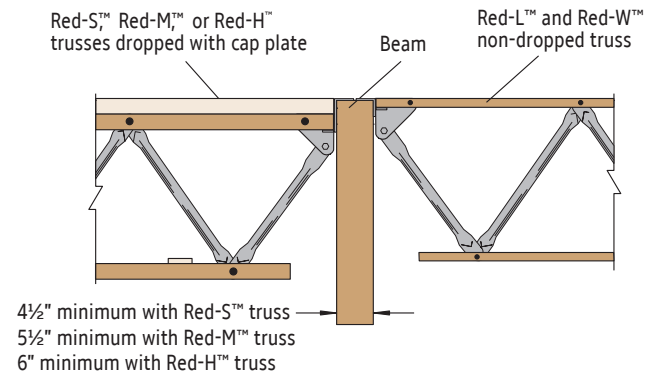
See page 24 for compatible strap ties

7 Bearing Block at Masonry Wall



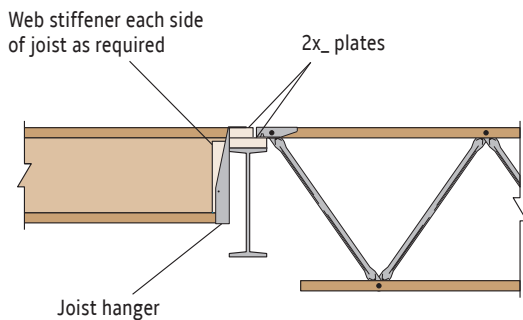
Blocking not shown for clarity

**8 Top Chord Bearing
Flush-Mount Bearing Clip (Dropped and Non-Dropped)**



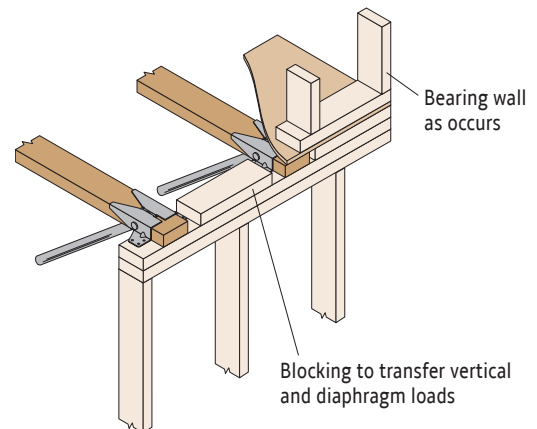
See page 25 for axial tension or compression capacity information

9 Red-I™ Joist Butting with Top Chord Bearing Truss

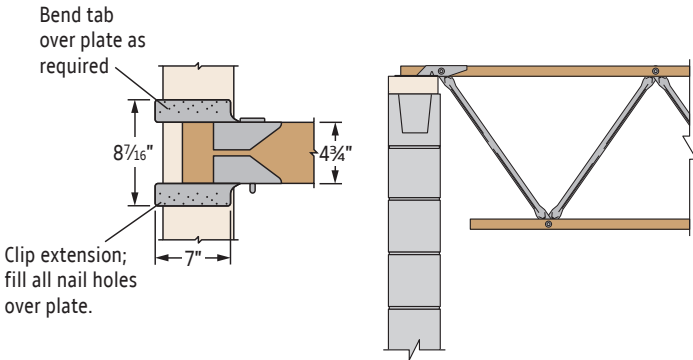


Option: Bearing clips may also be welded directly to steel beam

**10 Typical Top Chord Bearing and Blocking
No-Notch Clip**

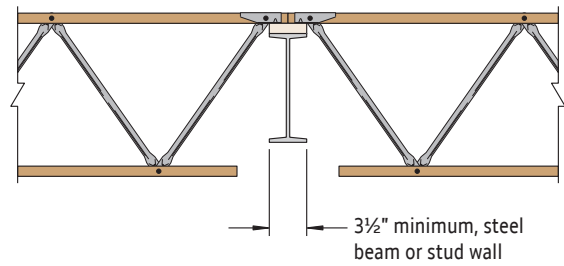


11 Red-W™ Truss Top Chord Bearing Lateral No-Notch Clip



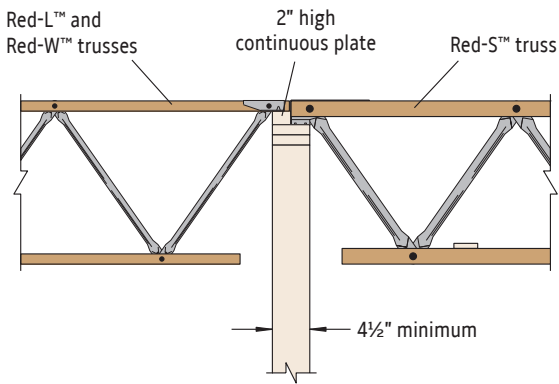
See page 26 for lateral load capacity and for Red-L™ and Red-W™ alternate detail

12 Top Chord Bearing on Steel Beam No-Notch Clip



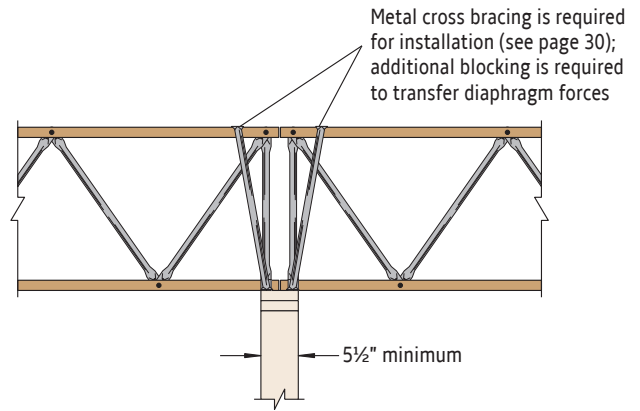
2,860 lbs reaction capacity at 100% duration of load; higher reactions require more bearing length
Option: Bearing clips may also be welded directly to steel beam

13 Top Chord Bearing Truss Butting with Red-S™ Truss

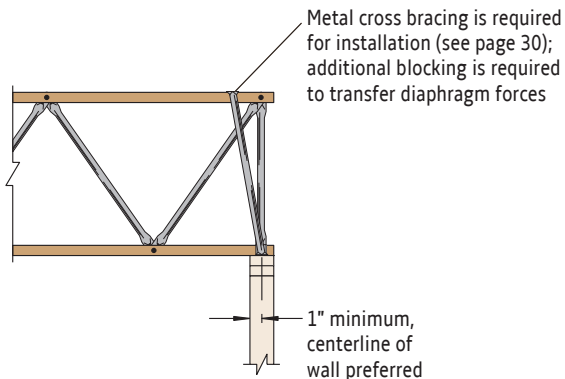


2,860 lbs reaction capacity at 100% duration of load for Red-L™ and Red-W™ trusses; higher reactions require more bearing length

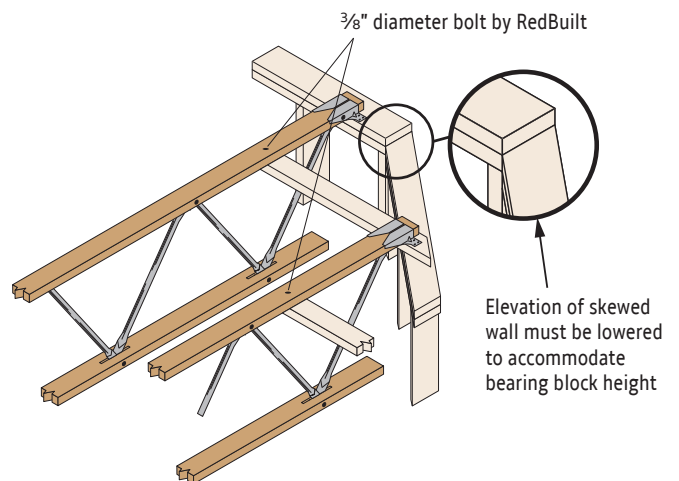
14 Bottom Chord Bearing with Butting Trusses U-Clip



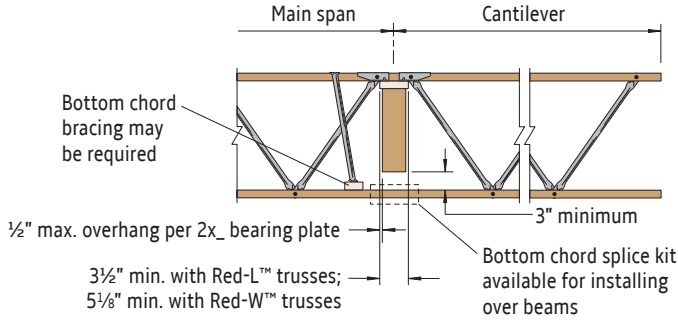
15 Bottom Chord Bearing with Cross Bracing U-Clip



16 Top Chord Bearing at Skewed Wall No-Notch Clip

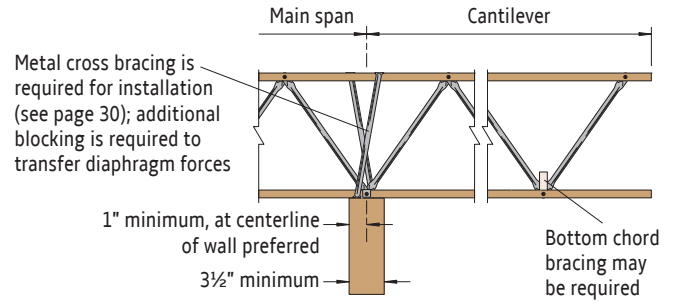


17 Top Chord Bearing Cantilever No-Notch Clip



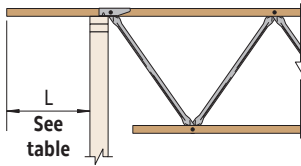
Contact your RedBuilt technical representative if cantilever exceeds 1/3 of main span

18 Bottom Chord Bearing Cantilever U-Clip



Contact your RedBuilt technical representative if cantilever exceeds 1/3 of main span

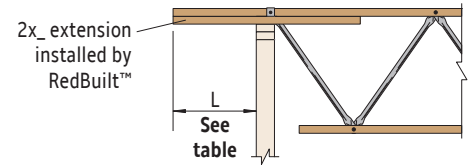
19 Top Chord Extension



Length L	Allowable Uniform Load Capacity (plf)					
	Red-L™ Trusses			Red-W™ Trusses		
	Floor (100%)	Snow Roof (115%)	Non-Snow Roof (125%)	Floor (100%)	Snow Roof (115%)	Non-Snow Roof (125%)
10"	375	425	460	455	500	515
12"	375	425	460	455	500	515
14"				455	500	515
16"				390	465	470
18"				275	330	330

- Values are limited by the published backspan capacity (plf).
- Members evaluated for 300 lb. point load.

20 Double Top Chord Extension



Design criteria for details 19 and 20:

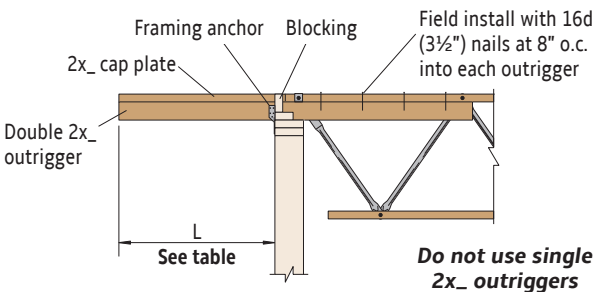
$F_v = 175 \text{ psi}$
 $F_b = 2,100 \text{ psi}$
 $E = 1.8 \times 10^6 \text{ psi}$

- Deflection:**
- 2L/360 at LL for floors (live load = 0.80 x total load)
 - 2L/240 at TL for roofs

Length L	Allowable Uniform Load Capacity (plf)					
	Red-L™ Trusses			Red-W™ Trusses		
	Floor (100%)	Snow Roof (115%)	Non-Snow Roof (125%)	Floor (100%)	Snow Roof (115%)	Non-Snow Roof (125%)
18"	375	425	460	455	500	515
20"	295	355	355	400	480	480
22"	220	265	265	300	360	360
24"	170	205	205	230	280	280
26"	135	160	160	180	220	220
28"				145	175	175
30"				120	145	145
32"				100	115	115

- Values are limited by the published backspan capacity (plf).
- Members evaluated for 300 lb. point load.

21 Double 2x_ Outrigger



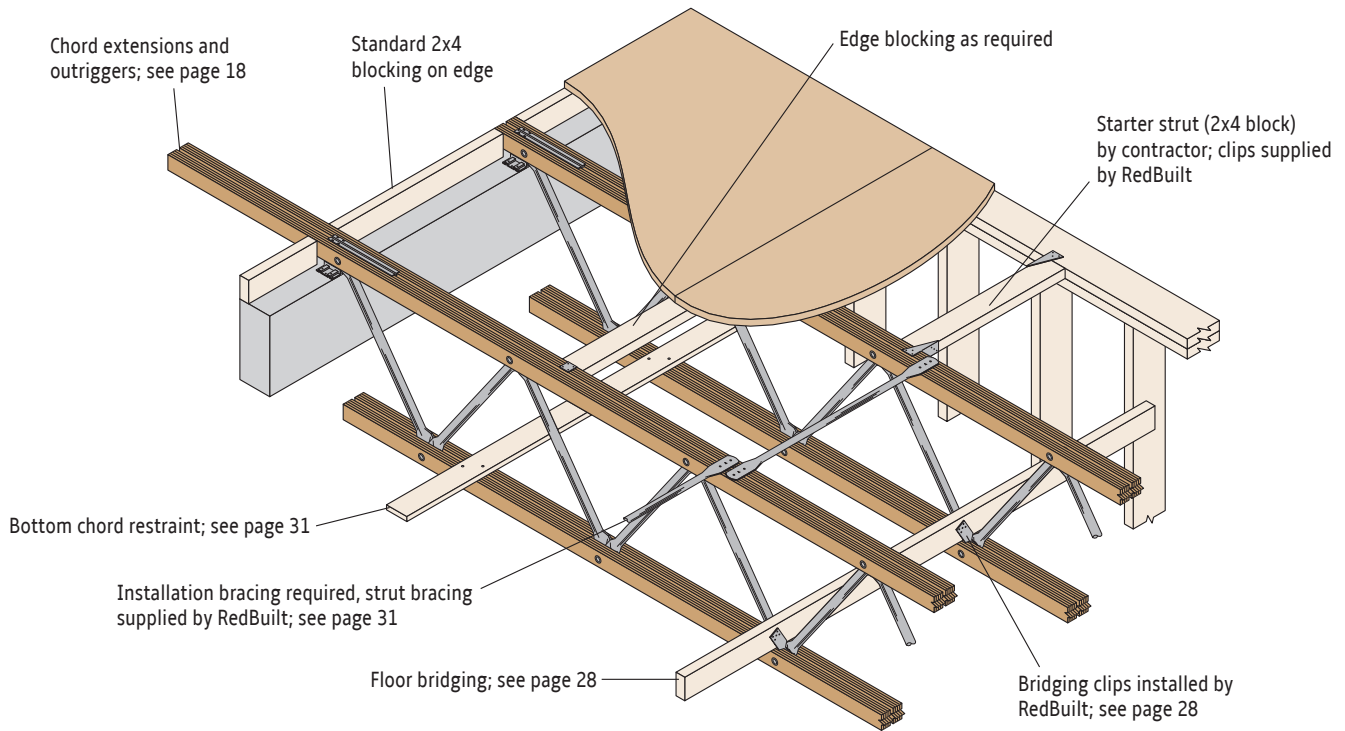
The following minimum criteria were used to develop the values:

- 2x4 and 2x6:** $F_v = 175 \text{ psi}$, $F_b = 2,100 \text{ psi}$, $E = 1.8 \times 10^6 \text{ psi}$
- 2x8:** $F_v = 175 \text{ psi}$, $F_b = 900 \text{ psi}^{(1)}$, $E = 1.6 \times 10^6 \text{ psi}$
- Outrigger deflection:**
- 2L/360 at LL for floors (live load = 0.80 x total load)
 - 2L/240 at TL for roofs
 - Outrigger deflection = $\frac{WL^4}{8EI}$

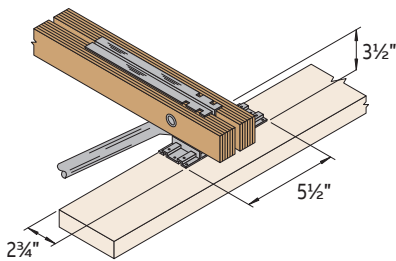
(1) Multiply by $C_F = 1.2$

Outrigger Length L	Allowable Uniform Load Capacity (plf)								
	Double 2x4 Outrigger			Double 2x6 Outrigger			Double 2x8 Outrigger		
	Floor (100%)	Snow Roof (115%)	Non-Snow Roof (125%)	Floor (100%)	Snow Roof (115%)	Non-Snow Roof (125%)	Floor (100%)	Snow Roof (115%)	Non-Snow Roof (125%)
24"	375	425	460	375	425	460	375	425	460
30"	345	395	430	375	425	460	375	425	460
36"	240	275	300	375	425	460	375	425	460
42"	175	200	210	375	425	460	375	425	460
48"	115	140	140	330	380	415	295	340	370
54"				260	300	325	235	270	290
60"				210	245	265	190	220	235
66"				175	200	210	155	180	195
72"				135	160	160	130	150	165
78"				105	125	125	110	130	140
84"				85	100	100	95	110	120
90"				70	80	80	85	95	105
96"				55	70	70	75	85	90

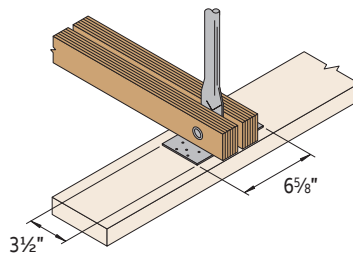
- Values are limited by the published backspan capacity (plf).
- Members evaluated for 300 lb. point load.



22 Top Chord Bearing S-Clip

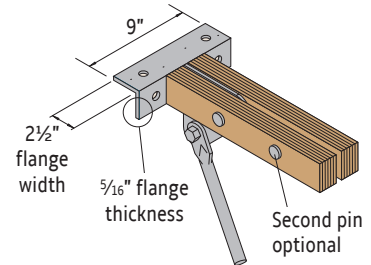


23 Bottom Chord Bearing Angle Clip



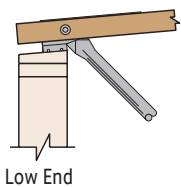
24 Top Bearing Flush-Mount Clip (Heavy Duty)

Specify for high axial load applications

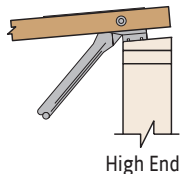


Maximum slope is 1/2:12. Contact your RedBuilt technical representative for truss depths less than 22". See pages 24–26 for additional information on Wind or Seismic Connections.

25 Beveled Plate Requirements—Top Chord Bearing



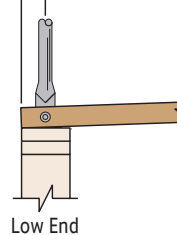
Beveled plate is required for all slopes greater than 1/4:12



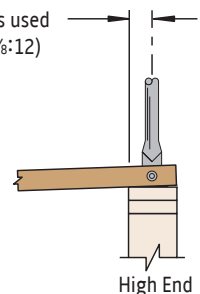
Beveled plate is required for all slopes when trusses are cantilevered

26 Beveled Plate Requirements—Bottom Chord Bearing

5" max. when no beveled plate is used (slope is less than or equal to 1/8:12)



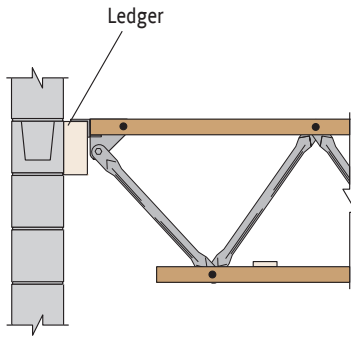
Beveled plate is required for all slopes greater than 1/8:12



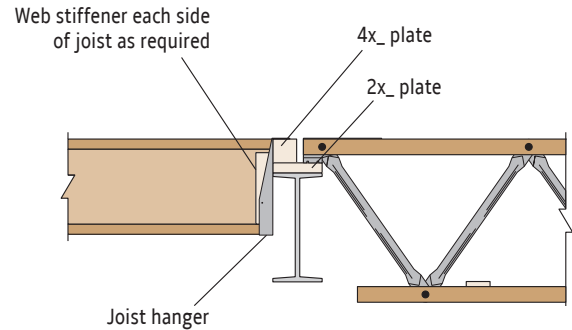
Beveled plate is required for all slopes when trusses are cantilevered

See page 22 for bearing reaction capacities

27 Top Chord Bearing on Ledger Flush-Mount Bearing Clip

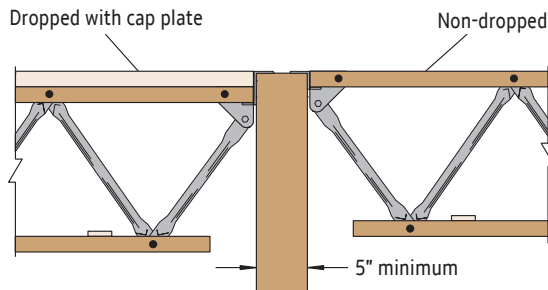


28 Red-I™ Joist Butting with Red-S™ Truss S-Clip



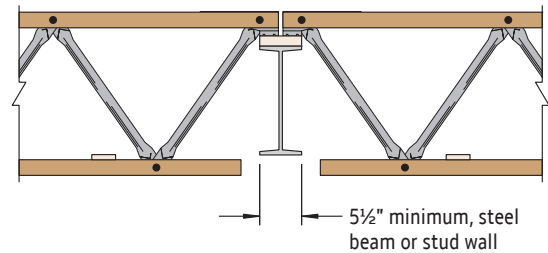
Option: Bearing clips may also be welded directly to steel beam

29 Top Chord Bearing Flush-Mount Bearing Clip (Dropped and Non-Dropped)



See page 25 for axial tension or compression capacity information

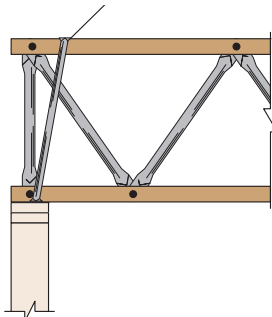
30 Top Chord Bearing with Butting Trusses S-Clip



Option: Bearing clips may also be welded directly to steel beam

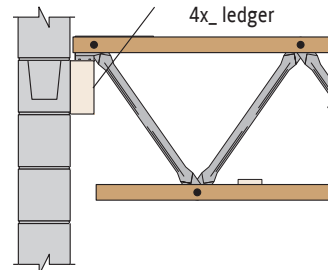
31 Bottom Chord Bearing with Cross Bracing Angle Clip

Metal cross bracing is required for installation (see page 30); additional blocking is required to transfer diaphragm forces

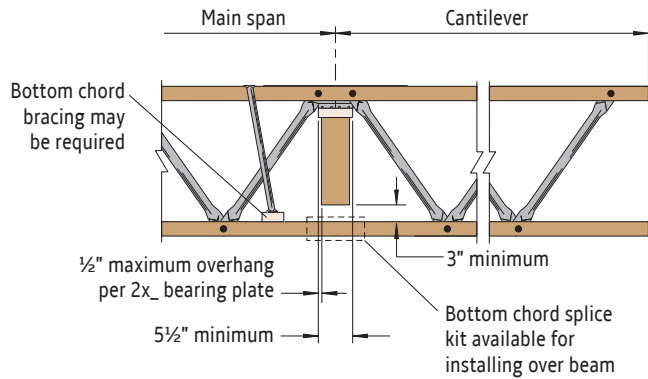


32 Top Chord Bearing on Ledger S-Clip

Leave 1/2" clearance or provide vapor barrier at truss end.

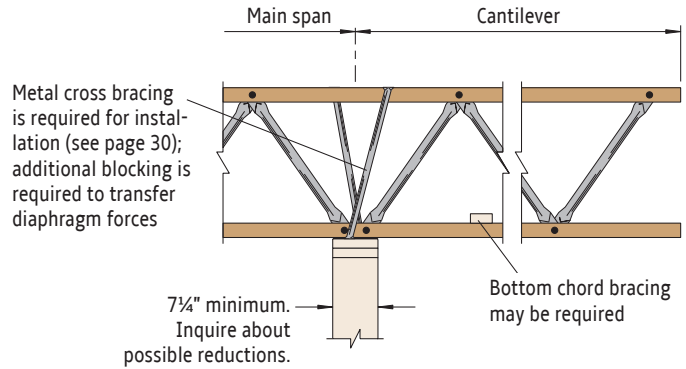


33 Top Chord Bearing Cantilever



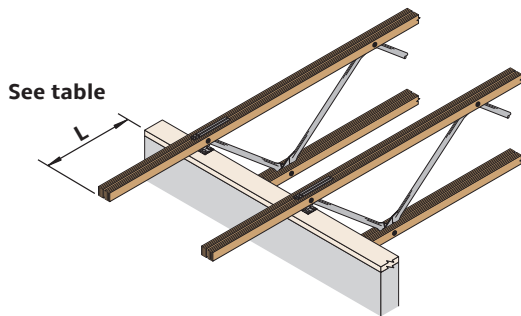
To check cantilever capacity, contact your RedBuilt technical representative

34 Bottom Chord Bearing Cantilever



To check cantilever capacity, contact your RedBuilt technical representative

35 Top Chord Extension



Length L	Chord Extension Capacity (plf)		
	Floor (100%)	Snow Roof (115%)	Non-Snow Roof (125%)
18"	290	330	360
20"	245	295	295
22"	195	235	235
24"	160	190	190
30"	90	110	110

- Values are limited by the published backspan capacity (plf).
- Members evaluated for 300 lb. point load.

The following criteria were used to develop the values:

$$F_v = 285 \text{ psi}$$

$$F_b = 3,000 \text{ psi}^{(1)}$$

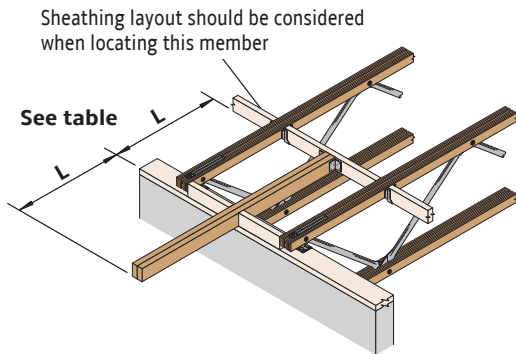
$$E = 2.0 \times 10^6 \text{ psi}$$

(1) Multiply by size factor = 1.18

Deflection:

- 2L/360 at LL for floors (live load = 0.80 x total load)
- 2L/240 at TL for roofs

36 Double 2x Outrigger



Outriggers deeper than 2x4s require that spacer blocks be placed under the truss bearings

Outrigger Length L	Allowable Uniform Load Capacity (plf)								
	Double 2x4 Outrigger			Double 2x6 Outrigger			Double 2x8 Outrigger		
	Floor (100%)	Snow Roof (115%)	Non-Snow Roof (125%)	Floor (100%)	Snow Roof (115%)	Non-Snow Roof (125%)	Floor (100%)	Snow Roof (115%)	Non-Snow Roof (125%)
24"	255	305	305	490	545	570	490	545	570
30"	160	190	190	490	545	570	490	545	570
36"	100	120	120	390	470	470	455	520	555
42"	65	80	80	260	315	315	385	445	475
48"	45	55	55	180	215	215	295	340	370
54"				130	155	155	235	270	290
60"				95	115	115	190	220	235
66"				70	85	85	145	175	175
72"				55	65	65	115	135	135
78"				45	55	55	90	110	110
84"				35	45	45	75	85	85
90"				30	35	35	60	70	70
96"					30	30		60	60

- Values are limited by the published backspan capacity (plf).
- All calculations assume a single 2x header of equal depth to the outriggers, with the trusses at 48" on-center.
- For single 2x outriggers, use half of allowable load shown for double outriggers.
- Members evaluated for 300 lb. point load.

The following criteria were used to develop the values:

2x4 and 2x6: $F_v = 175 \text{ psi}$
 $F_b = 2,100 \text{ psi}$
 $E = 1.8 \times 10^6 \text{ psi}$

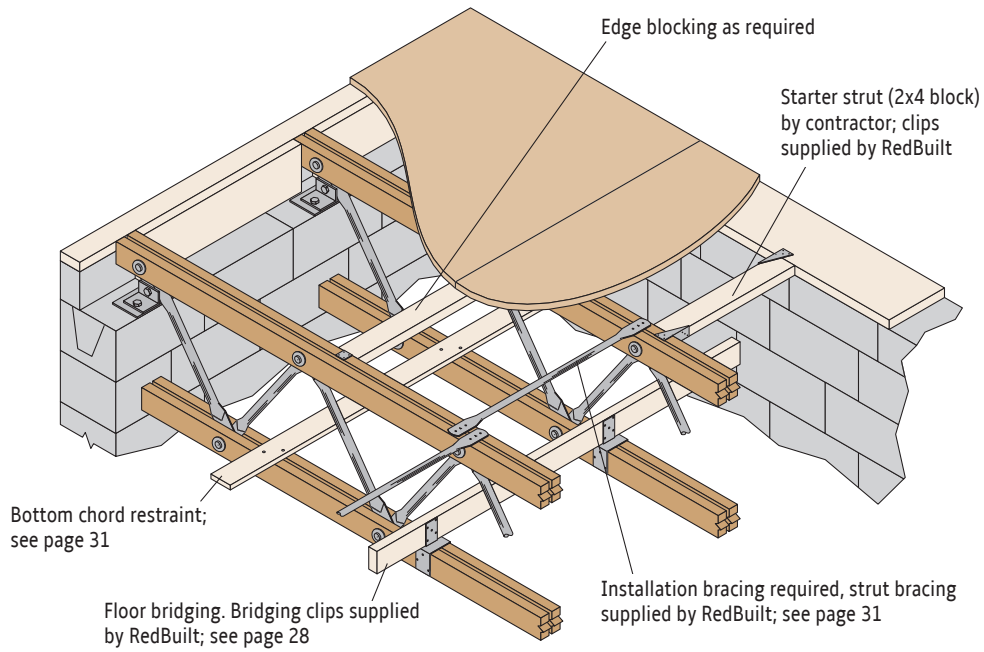
2x8: $F_v = 175 \text{ psi}$
 $F_b = 900 \text{ psi}^{(1)}$
 $E = 1.6 \times 10^6 \text{ psi}$

(1) Multiply by $C_F=1.2$

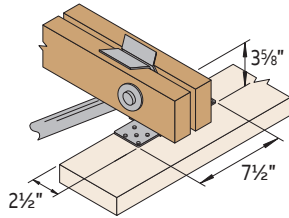
Outrigger deflection:

- 2L/360 at LL for floors (live load = 0.80 x total load)
- 2L/240 at TL for roofs

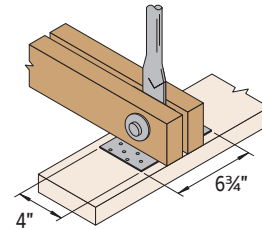
$$\text{Outrigger deflection} = \frac{7WL^4}{24EI} + \frac{48^2WL}{EI}$$



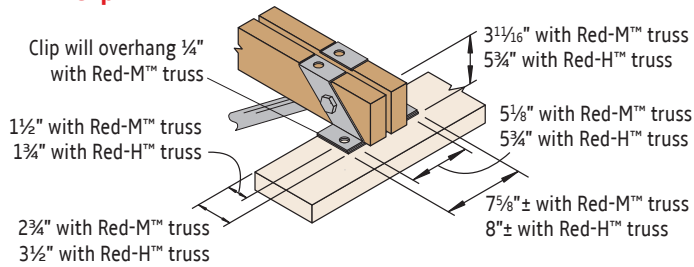
37 Red-M™ Truss Top Chord Bearing S-Clip



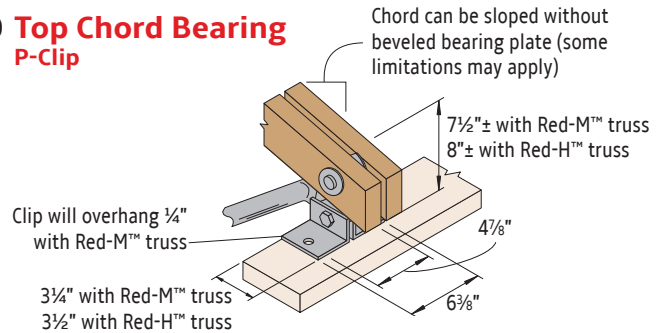
38 Red-M™ Truss Bottom Chord Bearing Angle Clip



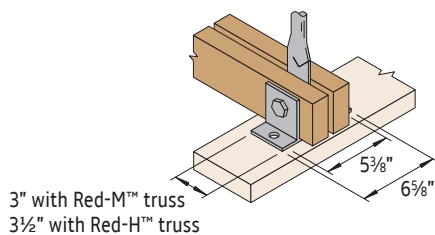
39 Top Chord Bearing Z-Clip



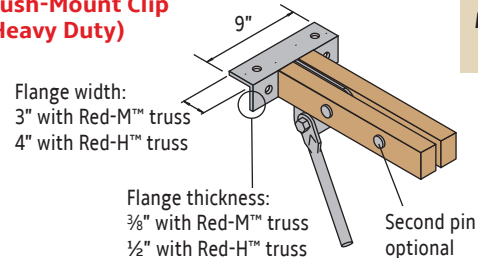
40 Top Chord Bearing P-Clip



41 Bottom Chord Bearing T-Clip



42 Top Bearing Flush-Mount Clip (Heavy Duty)



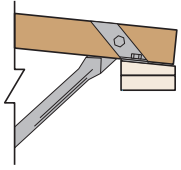
Specify for high axial load applications

Maximum slope is 1/2:12. Contact your RedBuilt technical representative for truss depths less than 31". See pages 24-26 for additional information on Wind or Seismic Connections.

See page 22 for bearing reaction capacities

RED-M™ AND RED-H™ TRUSS DETAILS

43 Beveled Plate Requirements

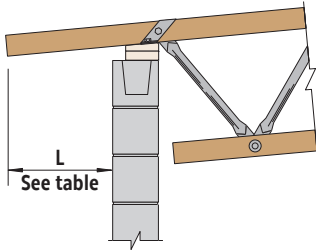


Beveled plates serve two functions:
 1. Provide proper bearing for bearing clips.
 2. Avoid interference between top chords and bearing plate.

Slopes Requiring a Beveled Plate

Bearing Condition	S-Clip Z-Clip	Angle Clip T-Clip	P-Clip	Flush Mount	
Low End	2x8	>¼:12	>¼:12	N.A.	See detail 42
	2x6	>¾:12	>¼:12	N.A.	
	2x4	>¼:12	>¼:12	N.A.	
High End	>¼:12	>¼:12	N.A.		
Cantilevers	All slopes			N.A.	

44 Typical Top Chord Extension



The following criteria were used to develop the values:

$F_v = 175$ psi
 $F_b = 2,100$ psi
 $E = 1.8 \times 10^6$ psi

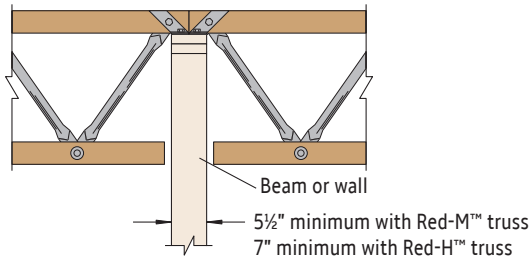
Deflection:
 2L/360 at LL for floors (live load = 0.80 x total load)
 2L/240 at TL for roofs

Allowable Uniform Load Capacity (plf)

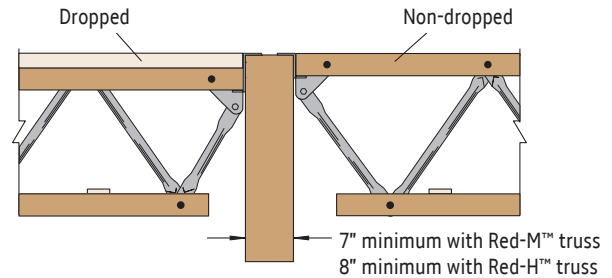
Length	Red-M™			Red-H™		
	Floor (100%)	Snow Roof (115%)	Non-Snow Roof (125%)	Floor (100%)	Snow Roof (115%)	Non-Snow Roof (125%)
24"	290	330	360	375	430	465
30"	235	270	295	305	350	380
36"	200	230	250	255	295	320
42"	140	170	170	220	255	275
48"	95	115	115	195	225	245
54"				175	200	215
60"				155	180	195
66"				145	165	180
72"				125	150	150

- Values are limited by the published backspan capacity (plf).
- Members evaluated for 300 lb. point load.

45 Top Chord Bearing with Butting Trusses Z-Clip

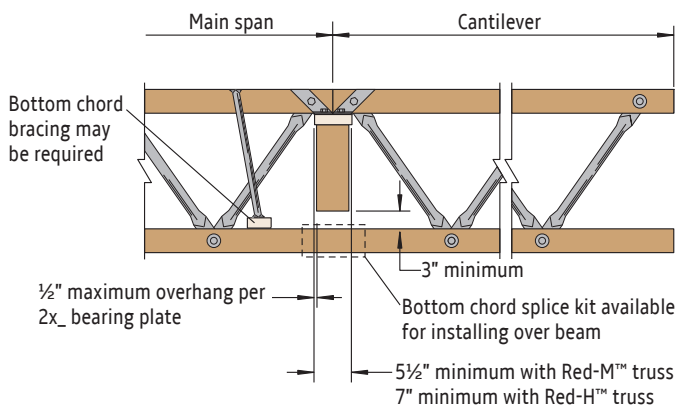


46 Top Chord Bearing Flush-Mount Bearing Clip (Dropped and Non-Dropped)



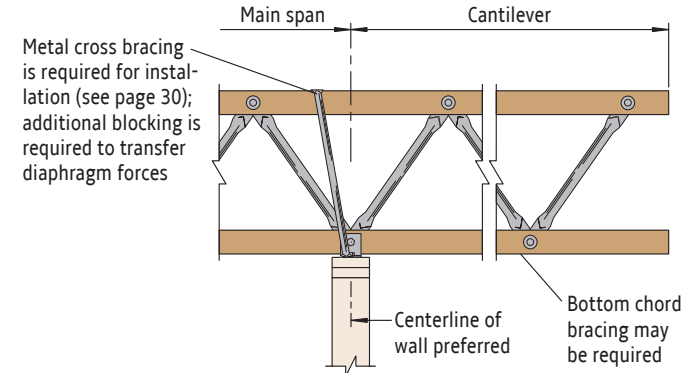
See page 25 for axial tension or compression capacity information

47 Top Chord Bearing Cantilever Z-Clip



Contact your RedBuilt technical representative if cantilever exceeds 1/3 of the truss span

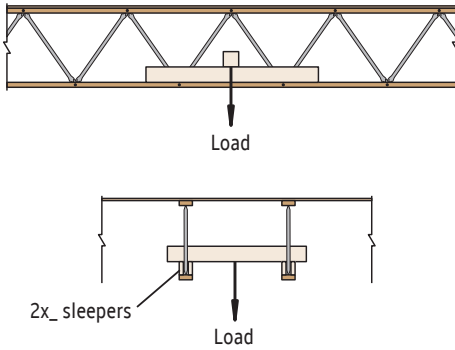
48 Bottom Chord Bearing Cantilever T-Clip



Contact your RedBuilt technical representative if cantilever exceeds 1/3 of the truss span

Double Chord Trusses

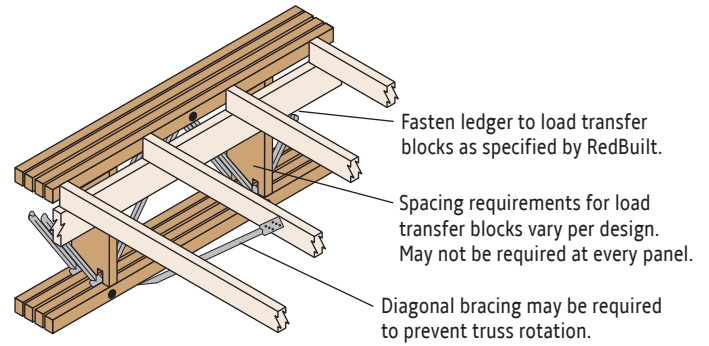
49 Concentrated Loads



Concentrated and Non-Uniform Loads

For the most efficient use of RedBuilt™ products carrying concentrated loads or non-uniform loads, and/or used in conditions other than simple spans, consult your RedBuilt technical representative for precise sizing. As a general rule, extra members should be added to the system to carry concentrated loads such as bearing partitions, air-conditioners, and other mechanical equipment. Handling concentrated loads in this manner usually provides the most economical system and also helps ensure more uniform deflection.

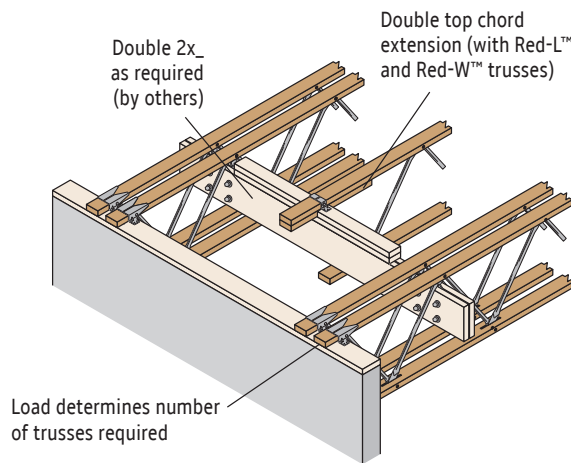
50 Side-Loaded Double Truss Assembly



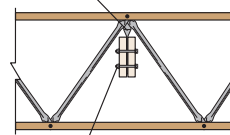
Load transfer blocks are required only when the load is imposed from the side

Truss Series	Maximum Load Per Transfer Block
Red-L™, Red-W™	700 lbs
Red-S™, Red-M™	1,200 lbs
Red-H™	1,300 lbs

51 Header Detail



Header hanger by RedBuilt



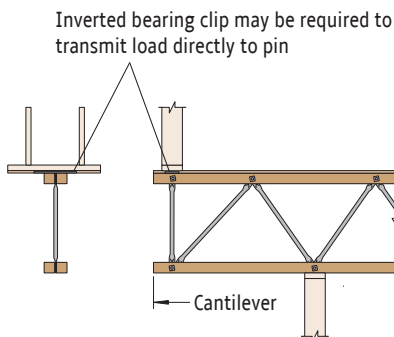
Use 5/8" bolts for single chord trusses, 3/4" bolts for double chord trusses

Truss Series	Maximum Allowable Header Clip Load Per Truss			
	Single Truss		Double Truss	
	Reaction	Header Bolts Required	Reaction	Header Bolts Required
Red-L™ and Red-W™	2,190 lbs	2	2,740 lbs	4
Red-S™	4,170 lbs	4		
Red-M™	3,540 lbs	4		
Red-H™	9,640 lbs	4		

Truss depth, design load, and web angle may limit header size. Check feasibility with your local RedBuilt technical representative.

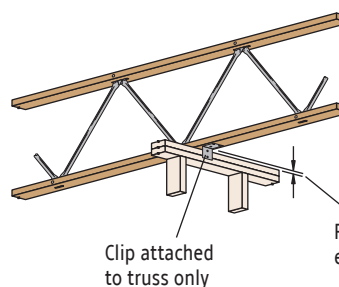
- Table values do not consider header or header connection designs.
- Table values are based on large truss pins. Contact your local RedBuilt technical representative to ensure that the truss application works with the corresponding header reaction.

52 Loads on Cantilever

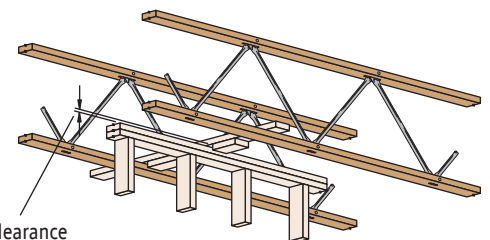


53 Non-Bearing Partitions

Perpendicular to Truss



Parallel to Truss



OPEN-WEB TRUSS BEARING CLIP CAPACITIES

Single- and Double-Chord Bearing Clip Capacities

Truss Series	Clip Type	Detail Number	Bearing (Top or Bottom)	Bearing ⁽²⁾ Length (min.)	Reaction Capacity (lbs)		
					Duration of Load		
					100%	115%	125%
Red-L™	6" No-Notch	2	T	1¾"	2,860	3,290	3,290
	6" No-Notch	2	T	2½"	3,025	3,480	3,780
	6" No-Notch	2	T	3½"	3,150	3,620	3,925
	U-Clip	3	B	2¾"	4,400 ⁽³⁾	4,845 ⁽³⁾	4,845 ⁽³⁾
Red-W™	6" No-Notch	2	T	1¾"	2,860	3,290	3,290
	6" No-Notch	2	T	2⅝"	3,500	4,025	4,300
	U-Clip	3	B	2¾"	4,850	5,580	5,880
Red-S™	S-Clip	22	T	2¾"	5,390	5,390	5,390
	Angle Clip	23	B	3½"	5,325	6,125	6,655
Red-M™	S-Clip	37	T	2½"	3,990 ⁽³⁾	4,330 ⁽³⁾	4,330 ⁽³⁾
	Z-Clip ⁽¹⁾	39	T	2¾"	7,390	7,390	7,390
	P-Clip	40	T	3¼"	8,310	8,310	8,310
	Angle Clip	38	B	4"	6,085	7,000 ⁽³⁾	7,610 ⁽³⁾
	T-Clip	41	B	3"	6,500	6,500	6,500
Red-H™	Z-Clip ⁽¹⁾	39	T	3½"	9,200	9,200	9,200
	P-Clip	40	T	3½"	9,100	9,200	9,200
	T-Clip	41	B	3½"	9,260 ⁽³⁾	10,650 ⁽³⁾	11,575 ⁽³⁾

- (1) Increased bearing length is required when truss slope meets or exceeds ¼:12.
 (2) Sloped applications may require longer bearing lengths.
 (3) Use a Douglas fir bearing plate (or equivalent).
 • Values are based on bearing plate material (with $F_{cb} = 405$ psi, $SG = 0.42$) unless noted with (3).

Single- and Double-Chord Flush-Mount Bearing Clip Capacities

Truss Series	Detail Number	Bearing (Top or Bottom)	Bearing Length (min.)	Reaction Capacity (lbs)				
				Allowable Bearing Plate Stress				
				405 psi	555 psi	600 psi	Steel (max.)	45° Skew (max.)
Red-L™ and Red-W™	4	T	1¾"	3,125	3,745	4,015	5,210	3,125
Red-S™	24	T	2⅜"	3,995	4,835	5,220	7,310	3,995
Red-M™	42	T	2⅝"	5,240	6,230	6,415	11,505	4,870
Red-H™	42	T	3½"	6,620	8,115	8,775	12,055	6,620

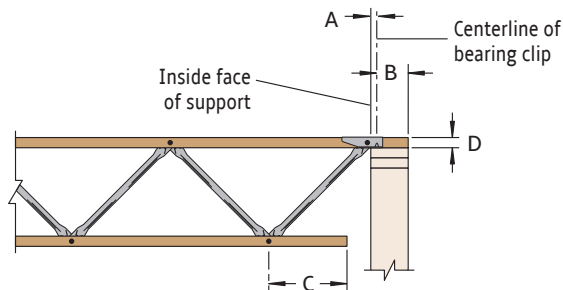
- A maximum overhang of ¼" is allowed for all flush-mount bearing clips for published design loads.

Single- and Double-Chord Bearing Clip—Wind Uplift Capacities

Truss Series	Clip Type	Detail Number	Bearing Location	Bearing Length ⁽²⁾ (min.)	Fastener Quantity	Capacities (lbs) at 160%						
						10d x 1½" (Common)	10d x 3" (Common)	16d x 2½" (Common)	16d x 3½" (Common)	SD9 x 1½" ⁽³⁾	⅝" x 2" Lag	⅝" x 4" Lag
Red-L™	No-Notch ⁽¹⁾	2	Top	1¾"	6	315	655	595	835	1,120		
	Flush-Mount	4	Top	1¾"	2						1,570	3,000
	U-Clip	3	Bottom	2¾"	6	315	655	595	835	1,170		
Red-W™	No-Notch ⁽¹⁾	2	Top	1¾"	6	310	650	585	835	1,020		
	Flush-Mount	4	Top	1¾"	2						1,570	3,000
	U-Clip	3	Bottom	2¾"	6	310	650	585	835	1,170		
Red-S™	S-Clip ⁽¹⁾	22	Top	2¾"	10	480	610	610	610	610		
	Flush-Mount	24	Top	2⅜"	2						1,570	3,000
	Angle Clip	23	Bottom	3½"	10	515	990	975	990	990		
Red-M™	S-Clip	37	Top	2½"	10	430	430	430	430	430		
	Z-Clip	39	Top	2¾"	2						1,200	2,090
	P-Clip	40	Top	4½"	2						1,200	2,310
	Flush-Mount	42	Top	2⅝"	2						1,570	3,000
	Angle Clip	38	Bottom	4" Overhang 5¼" End	12	625	1,090	1,090	1,090	1,090		
	T-Clip	41	Bottom	3" Overhang 4¾" End	2						1,200	2,310
Red-H™	Z-Clip	39	Top	3½"	2						1,200	2,310
	P-Clip	40	Top	4¾"	2						1,200	2,310
	Flush-Mount	42	Top	3½"	2						1,570	3,000
	T-Clip	41	Bottom	3½" Overhang 5½" End	2						1,200	2,310

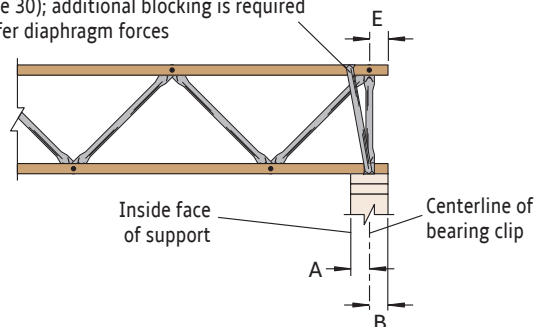
- (1) Increased uplift capacities are available with clip modifications. Please contact your RedBuilt™ representative.
 (2) Sloped applications may require longer bearing lengths.
 (3) SD9112 Strong-Drive® wood screw by Simpson Strong-Tie.
 • Capacity is based on load duration factor = 160%.
 • Capacity is based on spruce-pine-fir bearing plate material ($SG = 0.42$).
 • Please contact your RedBuilt representative for other bearing plate material or for capacity at other load durations.

54 Top Chord Bearing

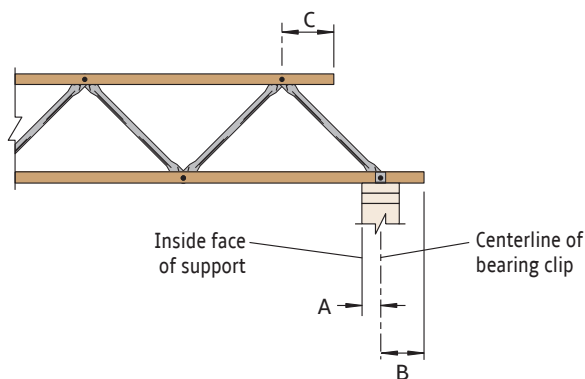


55 Bottom Chord Bearing

Metal cross bracing is required for installation (see page 30); additional blocking is required to transfer diaphragm forces

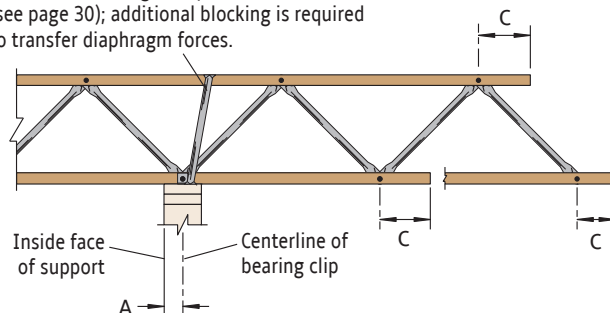


56 Bottom Chord Bearing without Vertical Web



57 Bottom Chord Cantilever

Metal cross bracing is required for installation (see page 30); additional blocking is required to transfer diaphragm forces.



When possible, locate bottom chord bearing clip at centerline of support

Dimensions for Detailing

Truss Series	Bearing Clip	Top Chord Bearing ⁽¹⁾					Bottom Chord Bearing ⁽¹⁾				
		A	B	C		D	A	B	C		E
				Minimum ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	Minimum Required at Maximum Load				Minimum ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	Minimum Required at Maximum Load	
Red-L™ and Red-W™	No-Notch Clip	7/8"	7/8"	2 3/16"	9"	1 1/2"	7/8"	7/8"	2 3/16"	9"	2 1/4"
	U-Clip	1"	1 3/4"	2 3/16"	9"	1 1/2"	1"	1 3/4"	2 3/16"	9"	1 1/4"
Red-S™	S-Clip	1 3/8"	1 3/8"	2 5/8"	9"	3 1/2"	-	-	-	-	-
	Angle Clip	-	-	-	-	-	1 3/4"	1 3/4"	2 5/8"	9"	1 3/4"
Red-M™	S-Clip	1 3/16"	1 15/16"	3 1/2"	12"	3 5/8"	1 3/16"	1 15/16"	3 1/2"	12"	3 1/2"
	Angle Clip	-	-	-	-	-	2"	3 3/4"	3 1/2"	12"	2"
	P-Clip	1 3/4"	Varies ⁽⁴⁾	3 1/2"	12"	Varies ⁽⁴⁾	-	-	-	-	-
	Z-Clip	1 3/8"	1 5/8"	3 1/2"	12"	3 11/16"	1 3/8"	1 5/8"	3 1/2"	12"	3 1/2"
Red-H™	T-Clip	-	-	-	-	-	1 1/2"	3"	3 1/2"	12"	2"
	P-Clip	1 3/4"	Varies ⁽⁴⁾	4 3/8"	15"	Varies ⁽⁴⁾	-	-	-	-	-
	Z-Clip	1 3/4"	2 7/16"	4 3/8"	15"	5 3/4"	1 3/4"	2 7/16"	4 3/8"	15"	4 3/8"
	T-Clip	-	-	-	-	-	1 3/4"	3 3/4"	4 3/8"	15"	2 5/8"

(1) Minimum support width equals A + B (2 x A at bottom chord cantilever).

(2) Actual pin to end distance is based on forces in truss chord. Minimum cut-off may not be acceptable.

(3) Based on 2012 NDS[®] minimum end distance of 3.5D.

(4) P-Clip geometry is dependent on the starter web angle and top chord slope.

Legend
A = Face of support to centerline of bearing clip
B = Centerline of bearing clip to end of chord
C = Pin to end of chord
D = Bearing clip height
E = Pin to end of chord with vertical web

WIND OR SEISMIC CONNECTIONS

Wall and Strap Ties for Open-Web Trusses

Listed below is a small sample of the various nail-based straps and ties offered by Simpson Strong-Tie® Company Inc. Please consult their catalog or the USP Structural Connectors® catalog for additional options.

Strap Tension Tie Nailing and Allowable Tension Loads

Design Category	Maximum Ledger Size	Model No.	Non-Cracked Concrete			Cracked Concrete			CMU Wall		
			Nail Qty.	Nail Size	Tension (lbs)	Nail Qty.	Nail Size	Tension (lbs)	Nail Qty.	Nail Size	Tension (lbs)
Wind and SDC A-B	4x	PAI18 ⁽¹⁾	9	10d x 1½"	1,820	9	10d x 1½"	1,820	9	10d x 1½"	1,055
		PAI23 ⁽¹⁾	14	10d x 1½"	2,835	14	10d x 1½"	2,360	14	10d x 1½"	1,805
		PAI28 ⁽¹⁾	16	10d x 1½"	3,370	16	10d x 1½"	2,360	16	10d x 1½"	2,705
		PAI35 ⁽¹⁾	18	10d x 1½"	3,370	18	10d x 1½"	2,360	18	10d x 1½"	2,815
		MPAI32	16	10d x 1½"	2,335	-	-	-	16	10d x 1½"	2,355
		MPAI44	24	10d x 1½"	2,865	-	-	-	24	10d x 1½"	2,865
SDC C-F	4x	PAI18 ⁽¹⁾	9	10d x 1½"	1,820	9	10d x 1½"	1,820	9	10d x 1½"	1,055
		PAI23 ⁽¹⁾	14	10d x 1½"	2,830	14	10d x 1½"	1,980	14	10d x 1½"	1,805
		PAI28 ⁽¹⁾	20	10d x 1½"	2,830	16	10d x 1½"	1,980	16	10d x 1½"	2,705
		PAI35 ⁽¹⁾	20	10d x 1½"	2,830	18	10d x 1½"	1,980	18	10d x 1½"	2,815
		MPAI32	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	10d x 1½"	2,355
		MPAI44	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	10d x 1½"	2,865

(1) LSL cap plate required for strap nailing.

- Table information adapted from Simpson Strong-Tie® catalog *Wood Construction Connectors* 2017–2018, page 89.
- For applicable notes and additional information, see the Simpson Strong-Tie catalog.

Strap Ties

Simpson Tie	Required Nails	Nail Size	Allowable Load (lbs) at 160%
MST37 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	42	16d x 2½"	5,080
MST48 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	50	16d x 2½"	5,310
MSTI48 ⁽¹⁾	48	10d x 1½"	5,065
MSTI60 ⁽¹⁾	60	10d x 1½"	5,080
MSTI72 ⁽¹⁾	72	10d x 1½"	5,080
LSTI49	32	10d x 1½"	2,975
LSTI73	48	10d x 1½"	4,205
LSTA36 ⁽¹⁾	24	10d x 3"	1,640
MSTA36 ⁽¹⁾	26	10d x 3"	2,050

(1) LSL cap plate required for strap nailing.

(2) Not suitable for Red-S™ trusses.

- Values consider full strap nailing.
- Table information adapted from Simpson Strong-Tie® catalog *Wood Construction Connectors* 2017–2018, pages 301–304.

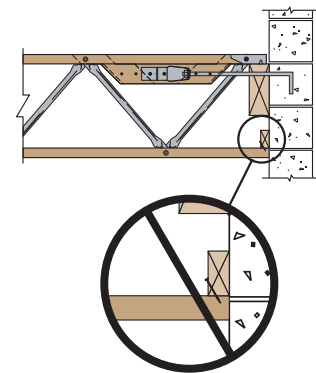
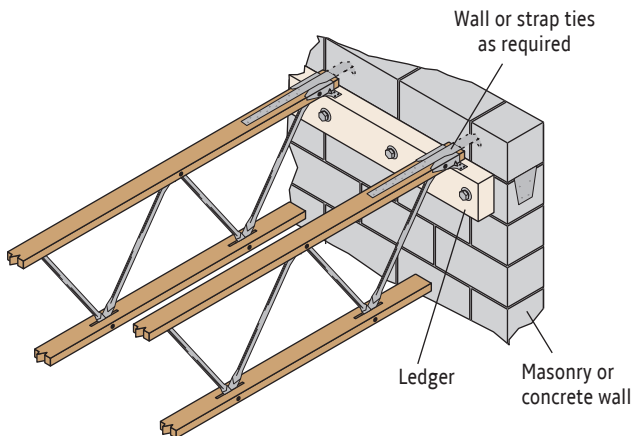
Bolted Wall Ties

Simpson Tie	Required Fasteners	Allowable Tension Load (lbs) at 160%		
		10d x 1½" Nails	16d x 2½" Nails	SD #10 x 1½" Screws
LTT19	8	1,310		
LTT20B ⁽¹⁾	10	1,355		
LTTI31	18	1,350		
HTT4 ⁽¹⁾	18	3,610	4,235	4,455
HTT5 ⁽¹⁾	26	4,350	5,090	4,555
HTT5KT ⁽¹⁾	26			5,445
HTT5-¾ ⁽¹⁾	26	4,065	5,090	4,830

(1) LSL cap plate required for strap nailing.

- Information adapted from Simpson Strong-Tie® catalog *Wood Construction Connectors* 2017–2018, pages 80–81.
- For applicable notes and additional information, see the Simpson Strong-Tie catalog.

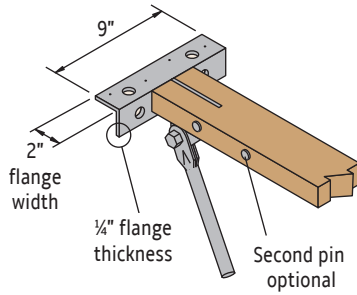
58 Wall and Strap Ties for Red-L™, Red-W™, Red-S™, Red-M™ and Red-H™ Trusses



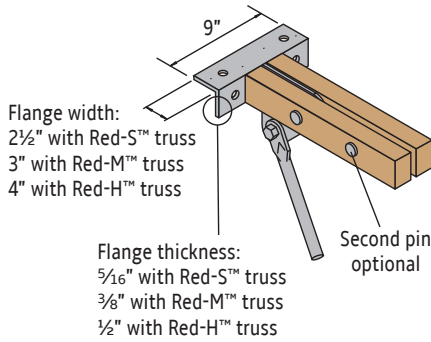
Also see detail 6 on page 13 for more information.

DO NOT attach bottom chord to wall when using any top chord bearing truss

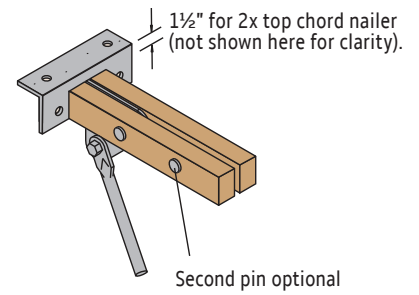
62 Single Chord Flush-Mount Bearing Clip



63 Double Chord Flush-Mount Bearing Clip



64 Double Chord Flush-Mount Bearing Clip with Nail



Axial Tension or Compression Capacity

Truss Series	Capacity at 133% or 160% (lbs)	
	1 Pin	2 Pin
Red-L™	2,705	4,450
Red-W™	3,700	6,115
Red-S™(1)	4,320	8,125
Red-M™(1)	5,115	10,235
Red-H™(1)	6,325	12,220

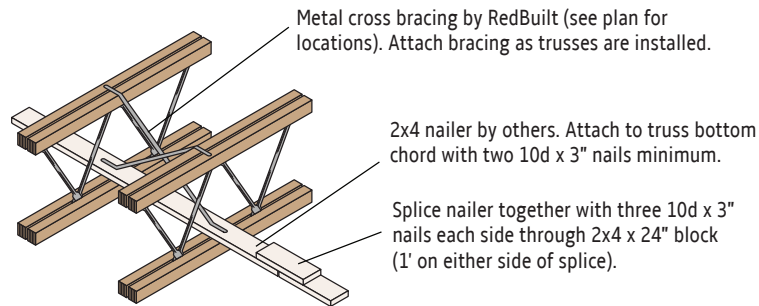
(1) With or without top chord nailer.

- Design professional of record shall provide attachment for clip to bearing.

WIND BRACING

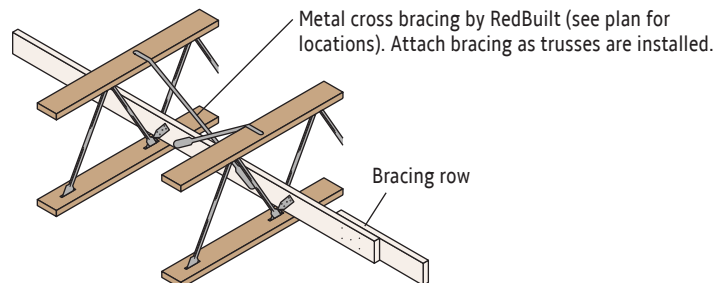
Truss bottom chord bracing may be required by building code provisions for wind uplift design when roof trusses do not have directly applied ceilings. Project engineer shall specify wind load; contact your RedBuilt representative for specific wind bracing stability requirements.

60 Cross Bracing with 2x4 Nailer



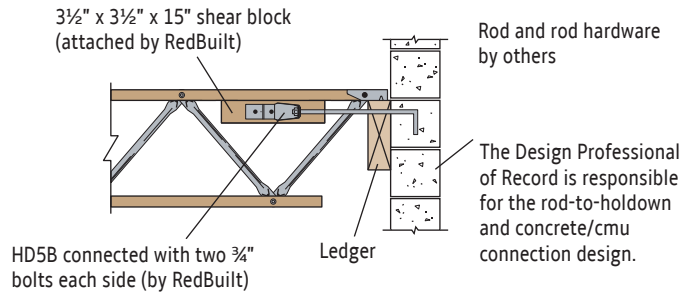
For wind bracing on Red-S™, Red-M™ and Red-H™ trusses. Cross bracing may not actually cross.

61 Cross Bracing with Bridging Row



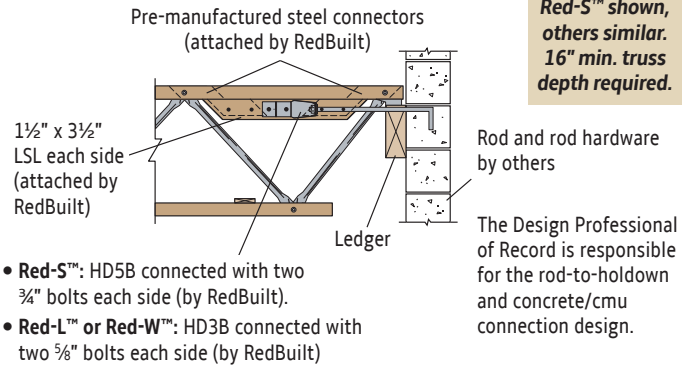
For wind bracing on Red-L™ and Red-W™ trusses. Cross bracing may not actually cross.

65 Red-L™ and Red-W™ Trusses with Shear Block



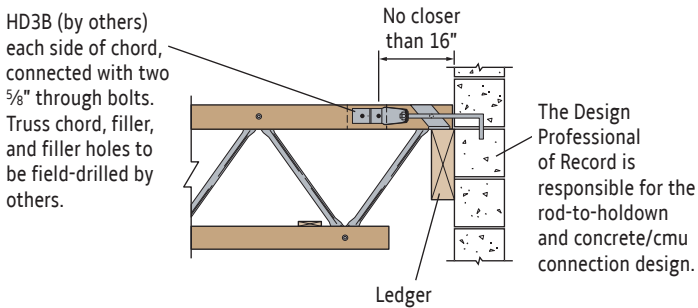
Maximum truss assembly tension capacity is 3,500 lbs at 160%. Truss geometry, especially at shallow depths, may limit capacity. Contact your RedBuilt technical representative for more information.

66 Red-L™, Red-W™, and Red-S™ Trusses with Steel Connector



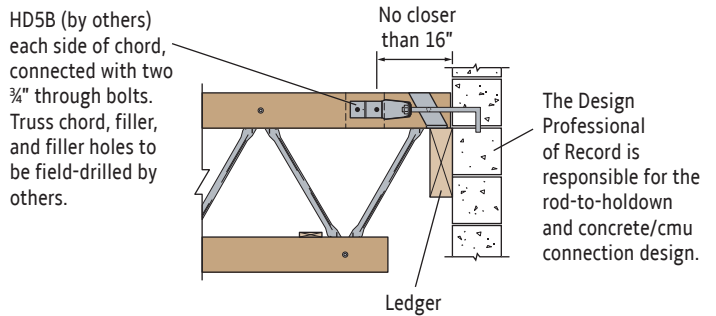
Maximum truss assembly tension capacity is 4,770 lbs for Red-L™ and Red-W™ trusses; and 7,120 lbs for Red-S™ trusses at 160%. Truss geometry may limit capacity. Contact your RedBuilt technical representative for more information.

67 Red-M™ Truss with Wall Tie



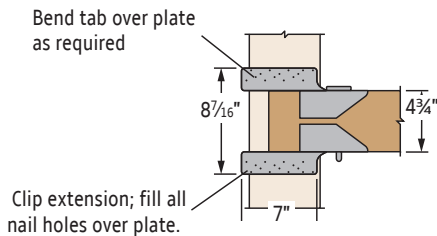
Maximum truss assembly tension capacity is 4,320 lbs with MSR chords and 4,770 lbs with RedLam™ LVL chords at 160%. Truss geometry may limit capacity. Contact your RedBuilt technical representative for more information.

68 Red-H™ Truss with Wall Tie

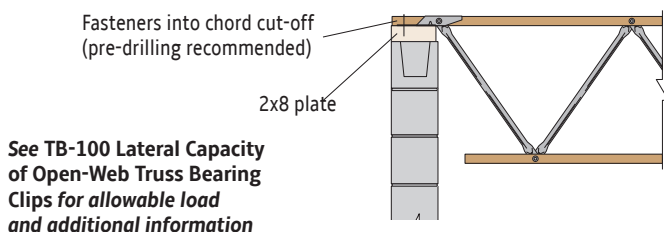


Maximum truss assembly tension capacity is 5,180 lbs with MSR chords and 7,120 lbs with RedLam™ LVL chords at 160%. Truss geometry may limit capacity. Contact your RedBuilt technical representative for more information.

69 Red-W™ Truss Top Chord Bearing Lateral No-Notch Clip



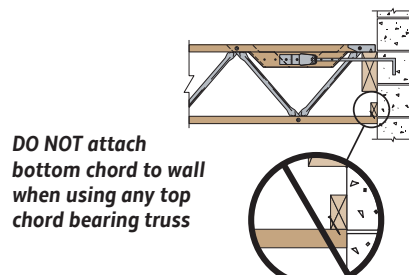
69A Red-L™ and Red-W™ Truss Standard No-Notch Clip (Alternate)



Lateral No-Notch Clip Allowable Loads (lbs)

Bearing Plate	Thickness (min.)	Nail Size (min.)	Red-W™ Trusses		
			Lateral Load (160%)		
			Seismic Load	Wind Load	
Net Uplift = 0 PSF	Net Uplift = 5 PSF				
3 1/2"	1 1/2"	0.148" x 1 1/2"	1,970	1,970	1,410
3 1/2"	2 1/2"	0.162" x 2 1/2"	2,320	2,320	1,410
5 1/2"	1 1/2"	0.148" x 1 1/2"	2,905	2,905	2,090
5 1/2"	2 1/2"	0.162" x 2 1/2"	2,905	2,905	2,090
7 1/4"	1 1/2"	0.148" x 1 1/2"	2,905	2,905	2,625
7 1/4"	2 1/2"	0.162" x 2 1/2"	2,905	2,905	2,625

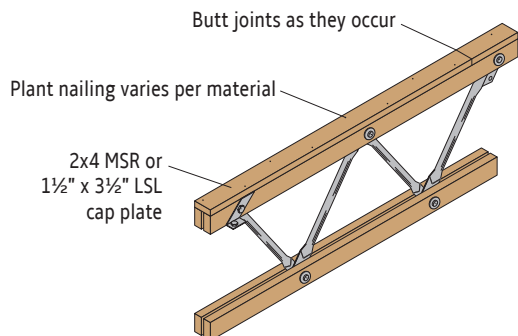
• Values are based on bearing plate width SG = 0.50. For SG = 0.42, multiply table values by 0.86.
• For other uplift loads, interpolation is permitted.



70 RedBuilt™ Open-Web Truss with Cap Plate

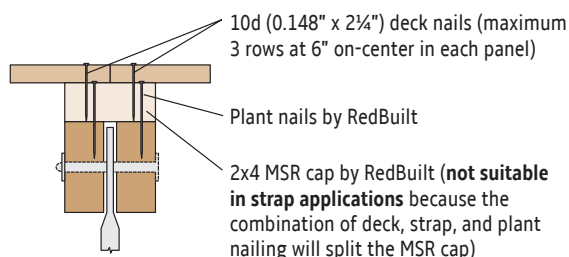
Cap plates provide the following functions:

- Transfer seismic/wind strap loads (LSL cap plate only).
- Enhance diaphragm nailing capabilities.
- Provide diaphragm shear transfer at continuous panel joints (required at all high shear diaphragms).
- Eliminate interference between subpurlins and truss pins in panelized roof systems.
- Required to provide adequate attachment base for structural insulated panels (SIPs) or Tectum deck applications.



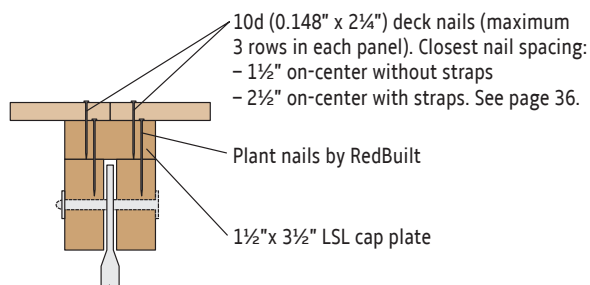
When uplift on cap plate-to-truss connection exceeds 104 plf, contact your RedBuilt representative

Sawn Lumber Cap Plate

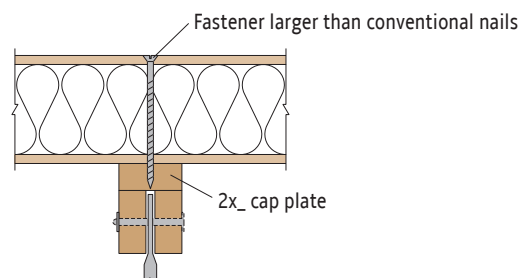


For diaphragm nails, use 2¼" maximum length deck nails to eliminate nail-spacing limitations with truss chords

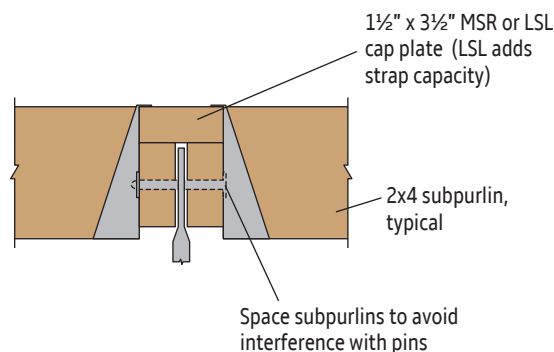
LSL Cap Plate (suitable for straps; see page 24)



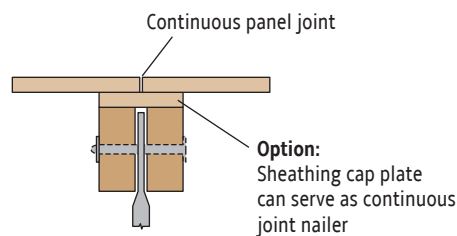
71 Double Chord Open-Web Truss with SIP or Tectum Panels



72 Typical Double Chord Open-Web Truss with 2x_ Subpurlin



73 Double Chord Open-Web Truss with Continuous Panel Joint



Nail spacing is limited by truss chords. See page 36.

BRIDGING

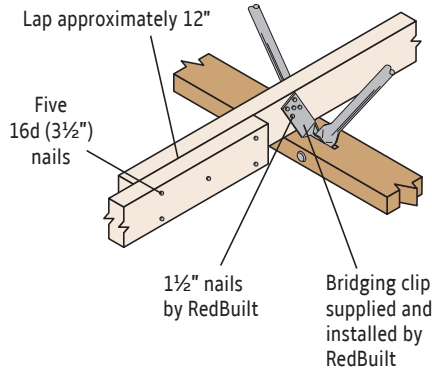
Bridging is used to make each truss act with those next to it (load sharing) and minimize or equalize deflections from non-uniform loads. Bridging should not be confused with bracing, which has a different purpose.

Roof Systems usually do not require bridging because differential deflections, vibrations, etc. are typically not a problem with roof systems. However, **bridging is required for load sharing with Red-L™ and Red-W™ trusses** because they have single-member chords and are commonly used in relatively long spans with wide on-center spacing.

Floor Systems perform better under typical loads—particularly with regard to deflection and vibration—if they have an effective bridging system.

Red-L™ and Red-W™ Trusses

Bridging is required for all floor and roof applications.



2x₄ bridging is designed to transfer a 500 lb load. Field bend bridging clip approximately 30 degrees before nailing to bridging row.

Bridging must be attached to a minimum of three trusses

Bridging Rows

Truss Bridging	Span	No. of Rows
Roof Truss Bridging ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	≤ 16'	1
	> 16' to 35'	2
	> 35' to 55'	3
	> 55'	4
Floor Truss Bridging ⁽²⁾ Without a Directly Applied Ceiling	≤ 10'	1
	> 10' to 24'	2
	> 24' to 32'	3
	> 32'	4
Floor Truss Bridging ⁽²⁾ With a Directly Applied Ceiling	≤ 22'	1
	> 22' to 32'	2
	> 32' to 42'	3
	> 42'	4

- (1) Additional bracing may be required when trusses are to be installed out of plumb greater than ¼:12. Contact your RedBuilt representative.
 (2) Bridging is required in cantilevers when the length of cantilever exceeds three times the truss depth.

Sawn Lumber Bridging Floor or Roof

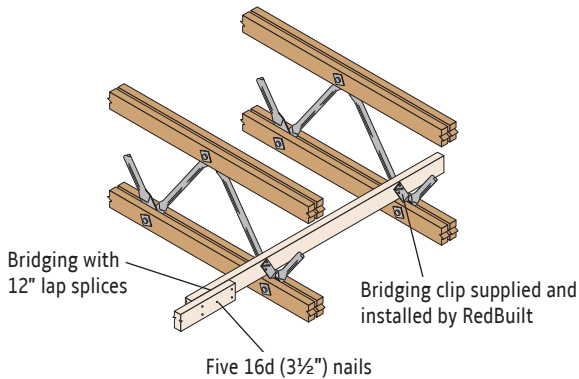
Maximum On-Center Truss Spacing	Minimum Size of Continuous Bridging Member		
	Doug Fir #2	MSR 1650f-1.3E	MSR 2100f-1.8E
16"	2x4	2x4	2x4
19.2"	2x6	2x4	2x4
24"	2x6	2x6	2x4
32"	2x6	2x6	2x6
48" (Floor/Roof)	2x8/2x8	NA/2x6	2x8/2x6

Red-S™, Red-M™ and Red-H™ Trusses

Roof: Bridging not required, except for long-span modular-installation applications. See page 32.

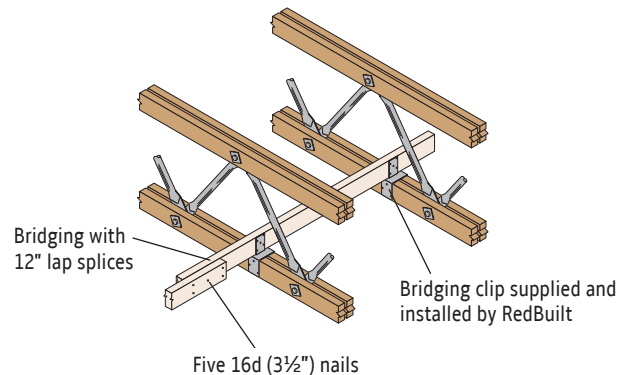
Floor: Bridging required at 12' on-center maximum. See **Sawn Lumber Bridging** table above for bridging sizes.

74 Red-S™ Trusses

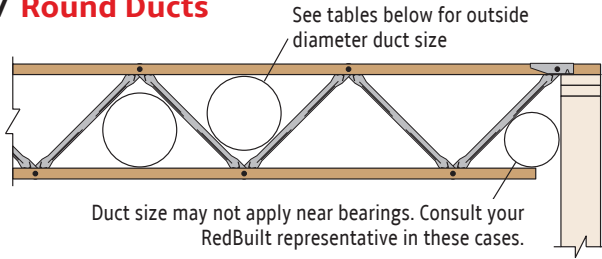


Field bend the bridging clip approximately 30 degrees before nailing to the bridging row

75 Red-M™ and Red-H™ Trusses

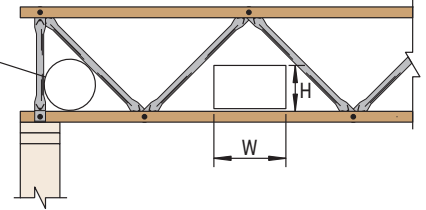


77 Round Ducts



78 Rectangular Ducts

Duct size may not apply near bearings. Consult your RedBuilt representative in these cases.



Red-L™ and Red-W™ Trusses

Truss Depth	Round Duct Size	Rectangular Duct Height			
		4"	6"	8"	10"
14"	8"	9"	7"	4"	–
16"	8"	10"	8"	5"	3"
18"	9"	11"	9"	7"	5"
20"	10"	12"	10"	8"	6"
22"	10"	12"	10"	9"	7"
24"	10"	12"	11"	9"	8"
26"	11"	13"	11"	10"	8"
28"	12"	14"	12"	11"	9"
30"	13"	15"	14"	12"	11"
32"	14"	17"	15"	14"	12"
34"	15"	18"	17"	15"	14"
36"	16"	19"	18"	17"	15"
38"	17"	21"	19"	18"	17"
40"	18"	22"	21"	19"	18"

Red-M™ Trusses

Truss Depth	Round Duct Size	Rectangular Duct Height			
		4"	6"	8"	10"
20"	7"	8"	6"	5"	3"
22"	8"	8"	7"	5"	4"
24"	8"	8"	7"	6"	5"
26"	8"	9"	8"	6"	5"
28"	9"	9"	8"	7"	6"
30"	9"	10"	9"	8"	7"
32"	10"	11"	10"	9"	8"
34"	11"	12"	11"	10"	9"
36"	12"	13"	12"	11"	10"
38"	13"	14"	13"	12"	11"
40"	13"	16"	14"	13"	12"
42"	14"	17"	16"	14"	13"
44"	15"	18"	17"	16"	14"
46"	16"	19"	18"	17"	16"
48"	17"	20"	19"	18"	17"
50"	18"	21"	20"	19"	18"
52"	18"	22"	21"	20"	19"

Red-S™ Trusses

Truss Depth	Round Duct Size	Rectangular Duct Height			
		4"	6"	8"	10"
16"	7"	7"	5"	3"	2"
18"	7"	8"	6"	4"	3"
20"	8"	8"	7"	5"	4"
22"	8"	9"	7"	6"	5"
24"	9"	10"	9"	7"	6"
26"	10"	12"	10"	9"	7"
28"	11"	13"	12"	10"	9"
30"	12"	14"	13"	12"	10"
32"	13"	16"	14"	13"	12"
34"	14"	17"	16"	14"	13"
36"	15"	18"	17"	16"	14"
38"	16"	20"	18"	17"	16"
40"	17"	21"	20"	18"	17"
42"	18"	23"	21"	20"	18"
44"	19"	24"	23"	21"	20"
46"	20"	25"	24"	23"	21"
48"	21"	27"	25"	24"	23"

Red-H™ Trusses

Truss Depth	Round Duct Size	Rectangular Duct Height			
		4"	6"	8"	10"
24"	7"	7"	6"	5"	4"
26"	7"	8"	7"	5"	4"
28"	8"	8"	7"	6"	5"
30"	9"	9"	8"	7"	6"
32"	9"	10"	9"	8"	7"
34"	10"	11"	10"	9"	8"
36"	11"	12"	11"	10"	9"
38"	12"	14"	12"	11"	10"
40"	13"	15"	14"	12"	11"
42"	14"	16"	15"	14"	12"
44"	14"	17"	16"	15"	14"
46"	15"	18"	17"	16"	15"
48"	16"	19"	18"	17"	16"
50"	17"	20"	19"	18"	17"
52"	18"	21"	20"	19"	18"
54"	18"	22"	21"	20"	19"
56"	19"	23"	22"	21"	20"
58"	20"	24"	23"	22"	21"
60"	21"	25"	24"	23"	22"
62"	22"	26"	25"	24"	23"
64"	23"	27"	26"	25"	24"
66"	23"	29"	27"	26"	25"
68"	24"	30"	29"	27"	26"
70"	25"	31"	30"	29"	27"
72"	26"	32"	31"	30"	29"

General Notes

- Widths shown are the **minimum allowable openings based on heaviest loads (shortest panels)**. Check with your RedBuilt representative for more precise sizing, including larger openings.
- Tables are applicable **only for uniform loads**.

For trusses designed for office floor conditions requiring concentrated loads, or for any other non-uniform loads, contact your RedBuilt representative.

INSTALLATION BRACING

Open-web trusses require installation bracing to prevent lateral buckling of the chord members until they are stabilized by connection to the sheathing and by permanent bracing of the completed structure (as designed). Installation bracing includes strut bracing rows, cross bracing at bottom chord bearing conditions, bottom chord restraint, and braced end wall or diaphragm restraint adequate to support the strut bracing rows. The criteria used for this installation bracing assume **either** of the following conditions:

- The truss carries its own weight plus the weight of applied sheathing and two 250-pound workers concentrated at $\frac{1}{3}$ points of the span;
- OR
- An unloaded truss with a 30 mph wind

Bracing for construction loads equivalent to or beyond these loads is the responsibility of the installer. **Bracing must be installed as each truss is put in position.**

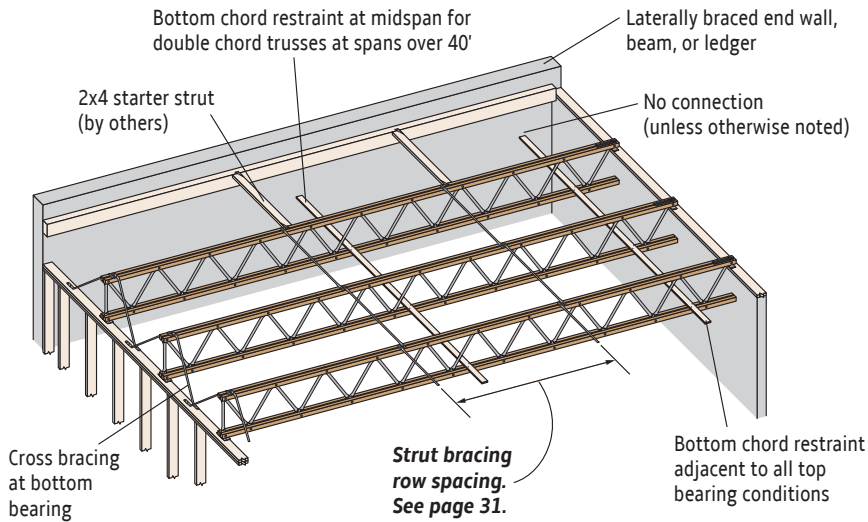
All trusses are laterally unstable until properly braced. The longer the span, the more care is required. Adequate restraint is necessary at all stages of construction.

Complete stability is not achieved until all bracing and decking is completely installed and properly fastened.

Installation bracing and procedures, as well as the safety of the workers, are the responsibility of the installer.

For more information, see RedBuilt's *Open-Web Truss Installation Guide* (available online at redbuilt.com).

Typical Application

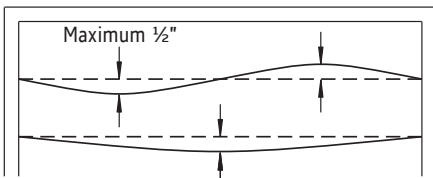


General Notes

- Bottom chord restraints are 1x4 (minimum) nailers and are attached to the top of the bottom chord with two 8d (2½") nails for double chord trusses only. Materials are to be provided by the installer.
- Bridging, when specified, may be used instead of bottom chord restraint.

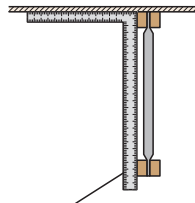
Permitted Installation Tolerances

Truss Chord Alignment Tolerance



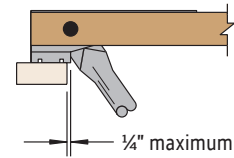
To provide proper performance, trusses should not vary more than $\frac{1}{2}$ " from a straight line

Vertical Alignment Tolerance



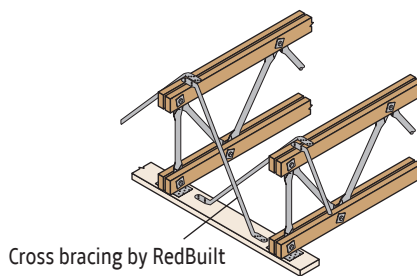
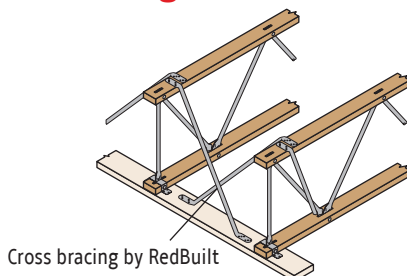
Bottom chord of truss should not be out of square with deck by more than $\frac{1}{4}$:12 of truss depth. Example: $\frac{1}{2}$ " for a 24" depth truss.

Overhang Tolerance at Bearing (Red-S™ bearing shown)



(1) $\frac{1}{2}$ " maximum overhang for Red-M™ series trusses with Z-Clip or P-Clip bearing hardware

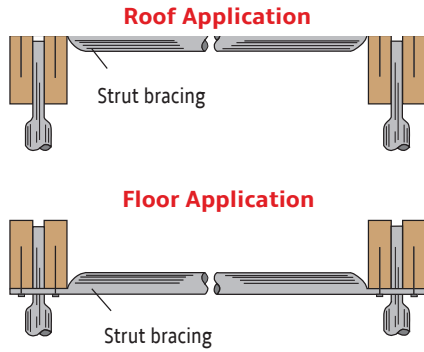
Cross Bracing



Cross bracing is provided for all open-web trusses at bottom chord bearing conditions. Install cross bracing as each truss is set. Maximum lateral load is 500 lbs per truss.

Strut Bracing

Installation bracing is required for all open-web truss applications. RedBuilt's recommended method for bracing is to use the strut bracing supplied by RedBuilt. Strut bracing rows should be spaced equally, per the on-center spacing noted in the **Required Spacing** table below. On roof systems, strut bracing is attached to the top of upper chord members. On floor systems it is attached to the bottom of the upper chord members to avoid interference with the direct attachment of sheathing. See detail below.



Maximum Number of Erected Trusses Before Sheathing is Required

Truss Series	Span				
	< 30'	< 40'	< 50'	< 60'	< 70'
Red-L™	40	27	21	17	14
Red-W™	40	27	21	17	14
Red-S™	29	20	15	12	10
Red-M™	20	14	11	8	7
Red-H™	14	9	7	6	5

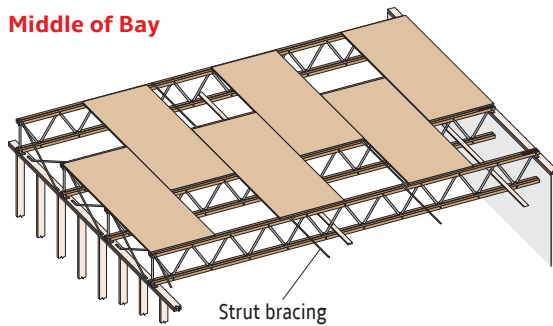
• Per bay of trusses.

Required Spacing

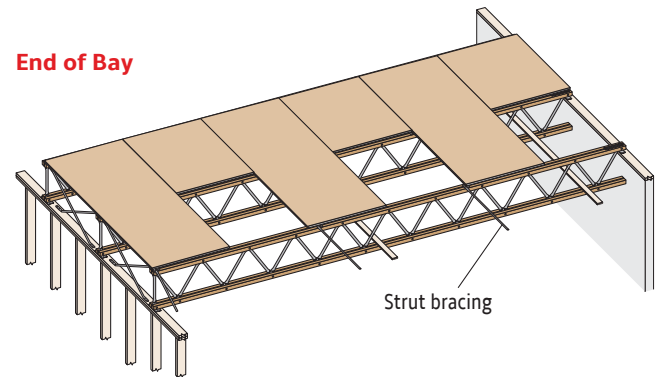
Truss Series	Strut Bracing Row Spacing
Red-S™	10' o.c.
Red-L™, Red-M™, and Red-H™	12' o.c.
Red-W™	14' o.c.

Starting Bracing—No Laterally Braced End Wall or Beam

Middle of Bay



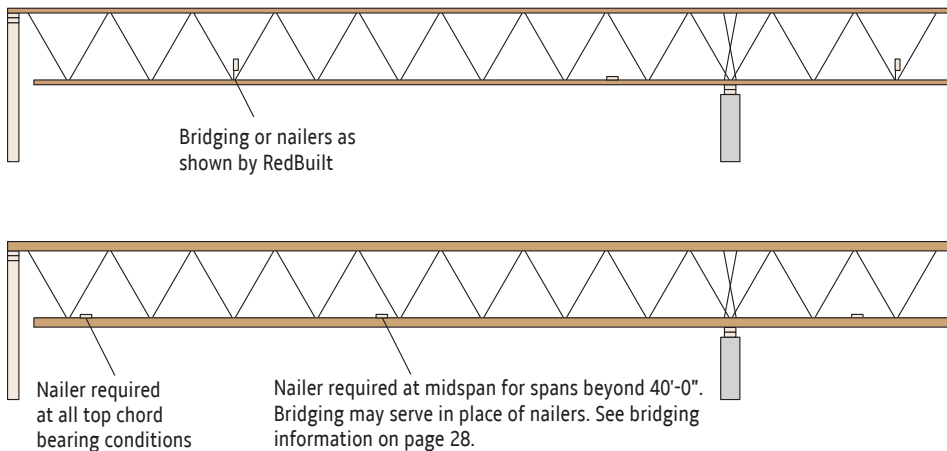
End of Bay



General Notes

- Installation bracing is required, strut bracing is supplied by RedBuilt. See spacing and sheathing requirements above.
- Sheath and nail per project architect, engineer, or local building code. See page 36 for allowable nailing into truss chords.

Bottom Chord Restraint for Red-S™, Red-M™, and Red-H™ Trusses



Attach 1x4 minimum nailer to top of bottom chord with two 8d (2½") nails in each chord member

General Notes

- Bottom chord restraint is required to stabilize the bottom chord and is typically provided by the installer.
- Bracing may be required at cantilevers as determined by RedBuilt.

LONG SPAN INSTALLATION

Long Spans (Over 70 Feet)

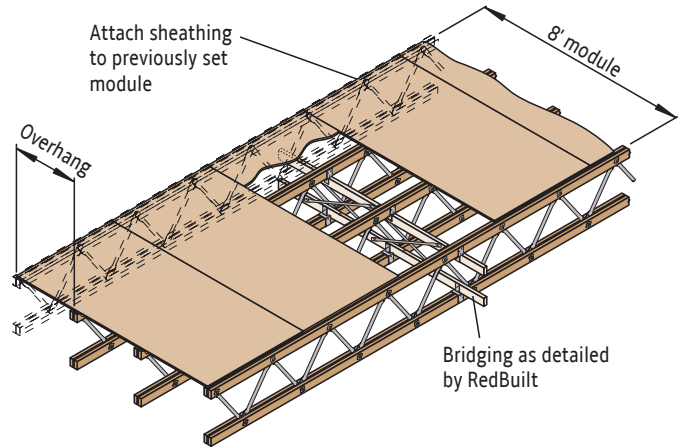
RedBuilt™ open-web trusses with spans over 70 feet are available only if all of the following additional requirements are satisfied. Review each of these requirements with your RedBuilt representative prior to sizing and detailing our products in any application involving spans beyond 70 feet.

1. There must be a responsible architect and/or engineer of record throughout the design and construction period of the project.
2. The responsible architect or engineer must include the following statement in the job specifications:
"The trusses shall be installed in rigid modules at least 8 feet in width, accurately assembled in a jig with final sheathing permanently and totally attached while on the ground. Specified bridging shall be installed in each module as detailed."
3. Only structural panel sheathing will be permitted.
4. The purchaser-contractor must sign an addendum to our standard purchase agreement that contains the above requirements.
5. Prior to execution of the purchase agreement, the specifications and details of the job must be submitted to and reviewed by RedBuilt engineering along with a description of the installation procedures proposed to be used. Review will be solely with respect to the above requirements.

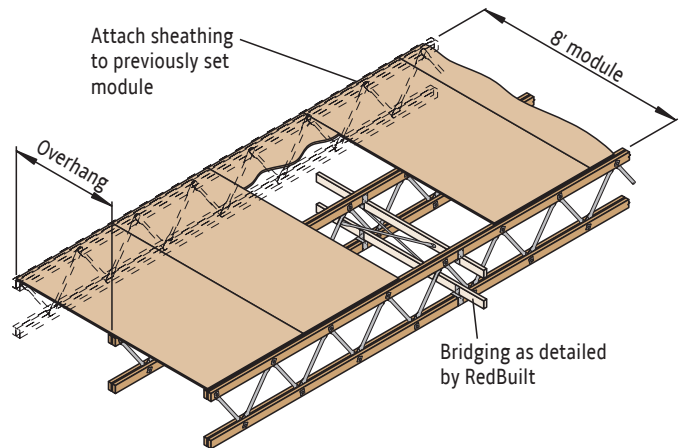
The sketches shown at right show possible rigid modules that would satisfy the condition specified in requirement 2 above.

Modules with Sheathing Overhang

Trusses at 32" On-center

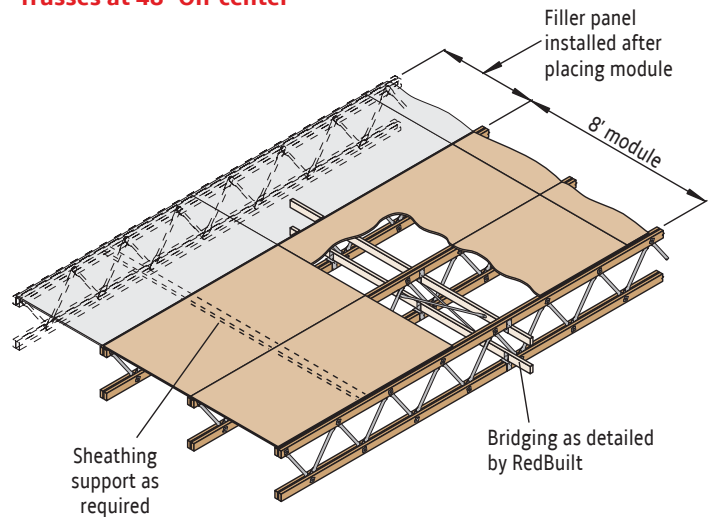


Trusses at 48" On-center



Module with Sheathing Filler Panel

Trusses at 48" On-center



Installation Info.

A cap may be required over double chord open-web trusses where high shear loads are encountered

Refer to local building codes for live load design requirements.

Composition Roofing

2-15 and 1-90 lb	1.7 psf
3-15 and 1-90 lb	2.2 psf
3-ply and gravel	5.6 psf
4-ply and gravel	6.0 psf
5-ply and gravel	6.5 psf
Insulated Roof Membrane Assembly (IRMA)	
2" thick	13.0 psf
Single-ply roofs (insulation not included)	
Ballasted system	13.0 psf
Mechanically fastened	2.0 psf
Fully adhered	2.0 psf

Douglas Fir Sheathing*

(Based on 36 pcf for plywood, 40 pcf for OSB)

½" plywood	1.5 psf
⅝" plywood	1.8 psf
¾" plywood	2.3 psf
1⅛" plywood	3.4 psf
½" OSB	1.7 psf
⅝" OSB	2.0 psf
¾" OSB	2.5 psf
⅞" OSB	2.9 psf
1⅞" OSB	3.7 psf

* For southern pine weights, increase Douglas fir weights by 10%.

Miscellaneous Roofing Materials

Corrugated galvanized steel	
16 ga.	2.9 psf
20 ga.	1.8 psf
22 ga.	1.5 psf
24 ga.	1.3 psf
Asphalt shingles	2.5 psf
Wood shingles	3.0 psf
Clay tile	9.0 to 14.0 psf
Slate (⅜" thick)	15.0 psf

Rigid Insulation (1" thick)

Hemlock	1.2 psf
Cork	0.7 psf
Gold bond	1.5 psf
Polystyrene foam	0.2 psf
Foamglass	0.8 psf
Rigid fiberglass	1.5 psf

Roll or Batt Insulation (1" thick)

Rock wool	0.2 psf
Glass wool	0.1 psf

Floors

Hardwood (nominal 1")	4.0 psf
Concrete (1" thick)	
Regular	12.0 psf
Lightweight	8.0 to 10.0 psf
Gypsum concrete (¾" thick)	6.5 psf
Sheet vinyl	0.5 psf
Carpet and pad	1.0 psf
¾" ceramic or quarry tile	10.0 psf

Ceilings

Acoustical fiber tile	1.0 psf
½" gypsum board	2.2 psf
⅝" gypsum board	2.8 psf
Plaster (1" thick)	8.0 psf
Metal suspension system (including tile)	1.8 psf

To calculate total dead load, use a minimum of 1.5 psf for "miscellaneous" with all dead loads

Weights of Douglas Fir Framing Members

Nominal Size (in.)	Joist Spacing		
	12"	16"	24"
2x4	1.4 psf	1.1 psf	0.7 psf
2x6	2.2 psf	1.7 psf	1.1 psf
2x8	2.9 psf	2.2 psf	1.5 psf
2x10	3.7 psf	2.8 psf	1.9 psf
2x12	4.4 psf	3.3 psf	2.2 psf
3x6	3.6 plf		
4x6	5.0 plf		
4x8	6.8 plf		
4x10	8.6 plf		
4x12	10.4 plf		

• For southern pine weights, increase Douglas fir weights by 10%

Weights of Sprinkler Lines

Size of Pipe	Schedule 40, Standard Pipe		Schedule 10, Thin Wall Pipe	
	Dry (plf)	Wet (plf)	Dry (plf)	Wet (plf)
1"	1.7	2.1	1.4	1.8
1¼"	2.3	3.0	1.8	2.5
1½"	2.7	3.6	2.1	3.1
2"	3.7	5.2	2.7	4.2
2½"	5.8	7.9	3.6	5.9
3"	7.6	10.8	4.3	8.0
3½"	9.2	13.5	5.0	9.8
4"	10.9	16.4	5.6	11.8
5"	14.8	23.5	7.8	17.3
6"	19.2	31.7	9.3	23.1
8"	28.6	50.8	16.9	40.1
10"	40.5	74.6		

• For additional information on sprinkler systems, see RedBuilt's *Sprinkler System Installation Guide* (available online at redbuilt.com)

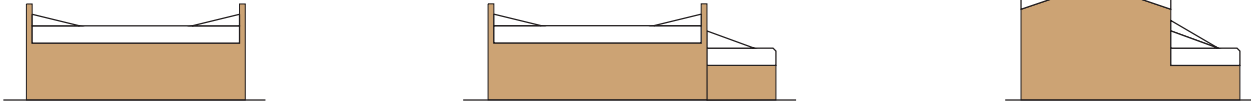
Approximate Weights of RedBuilt™ Products

	Series	PLF Weight
	Trusses	Red-L™
Red-W™		4.50-5.25
Red-S™		4.75-5.75
Red-M™		8.00-9.00
Joists	Red-H™	10.00-12.00
	Red-I45™	2.2-3.5
	Red-I65™	3.0-5.8
	Red-I90™	4.2-6.6
	Red-I90H™	4.6-7.1
	Red-I90HS™	6.0-9.1

Structural Composite Lumber	Density (pcf)
2.0E RedLam™ LVL	42

• PLF Unit Weight = (density) x (width) x (depth)

SNOWDRIFT LOADING



Wind direction, site exposure, and roof type and shape are some of the factors that can dramatically influence the accumulation of snow on a roof structure. ASCE 7 (*Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures*) and the applicable building code, as well as other local state and regional codes, provide guidelines for calculating snowdrift loadings on all types of building construction.

Drifts usually occur at locations of discontinuity in a roof, such as at parapet walls, valleys, or where a high roof meets a low roof. Closer on-center spacing or additional support may be required at these locations.

The examples above illustrate potential snowdrift conditions. The project design professional is responsible for determining any additional loads due to snow drifting.

TECHNICAL SUPPORT AND ANALYSIS

Technical Support Organization and Functions

RedBuilt has four strategically located Design Centers staffed by professional engineers and designers. Their role is to provide technical support and service to our RedBuilt representatives, the professional design community, and the manufacturing plants. Design Center personnel have access to extensive test data, production standards, building code product acceptance criteria, and the most current computer design software.

The Design Centers work closely with our RedBuilt representatives and can provide the following services:

- Review and analysis of potential applications submitted by our RedBuilt representatives
- Drawings showing placement, bearing conditions, dimensions, and installation suggestions
- Custom design of the product
- Assistance in resolving field problems should they arise

This design guide contains technical data and design information frequently required by the design professional when using our products. Because of the variety of possible conditions, the design professional is strongly encouraged to request support from RedBuilt Design Centers through one of our representatives.

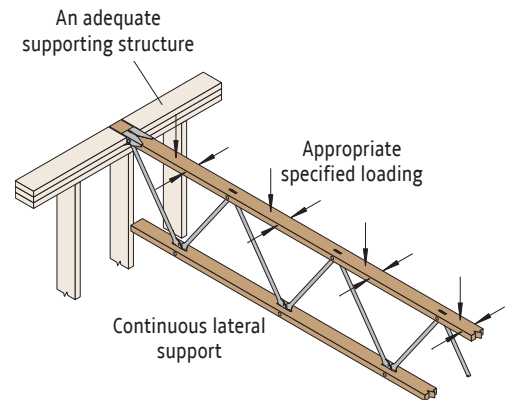
Product Application Assumptions

Our warranty is subject to an adequate supporting structure for our products. The design of the entire structure is not the role of RedBuilt, nor can we assume accountability for the full function of the roof or floor system. We can only be responsible for the internal design integrity of our own products, which are structural components of roof and floor systems that are necessarily designed by others.

Our warranty is also subject to continuous lateral support to the compression chord of our products unless specific design provisions account for other lateral support conditions. Continuous lateral support is provided by 8d (2½") nails at 24" on-center (minimum) for Red-L™ and Red-W™ trusses; and by 8d (2½") nails at 12" on-center (minimum), staggered, to each of the double chord members for Red-S™, Red-M™, and Red-H™ trusses; all connected to an adequate diaphragm or total lateral strength system.

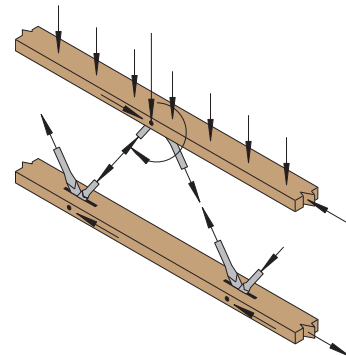
The magnitude, direction, and location of all design loads are as specified by the building designer. The review of this loading by our personnel is only for purposes of designing our product.

Other application assumptions are referenced on the terms and conditions of our purchase agreement contract.



Analysis Procedure

RedBuilt™ open-web trusses are analyzed as pin-connected trusses with continuity in the top chord member, which receives the superimposed loading. Allowable truss-member forces are designated in the product acceptance criteria or derived from material stresses therein. Chord members are analyzed considering both net section at panel points and gross sections between the panels. Allowable web member forces consider gross and net sections, pin bearing and buckling. Pin-connection details consider allowable bearing in the wood for both parallel and perpendicular-to-grain direction. Reaction detail analysis includes allowable bearing, induced moments where applicable, and detail stresses. Stress and deflection are calculated by the displacement method. All of the above is substantiated through continual testing.



RedBuilt Recommended Deflection Criteria

Full-scale tests have shown repeatedly that RedBuilt™ products have deflection characteristics that are consistently predictable by calculation, with minimal set after load withdrawal.

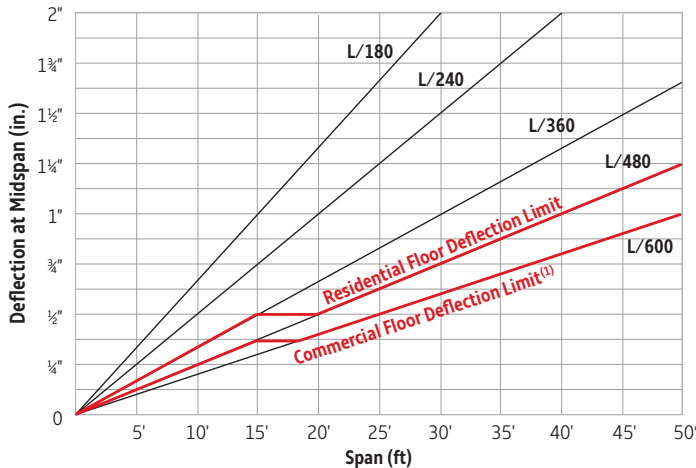
The graph below shows that RedBuilt's recommended deflection limit for residential and commercial floors is more restrictive than the minimum required by typical building codes. The floor load tables shown on pages 6–11 were developed based on the **Commercial Floor Deflection Limit** shown in the graph below.

Floors:

- Maximum deflection at live load limited as indicated below
- Movable partition loads need not be considered

Roofs:

- Sloped Roofs—¼" to 12" per foot, maximum deflection L/180 at total load
- Plaster Ceilings—Also check L/360 at live load



(1) For live load applications greater than 50 psf, check the L/600 deflection limit using a 50 psf live load, and check the code-prescribed deflection limit using the full live load.

Deflection criteria will vary by application. In a roof system, excessive deflection would be unsightly and could cause ceiling cracks and/or drainage problems. Floor systems, however, have entirely different—and usually much more restrictive—deflection requirements due to an occupant's perception of floor performance and feel.

The fundamental frequency of a floor system can be a good predictor of performance. Contact RedBuilt to discuss floor system performance for applications that are sensitive to vibration.

Deflection Calculations

Deflections for open-web trusses can be closely approximated by standard beam formulas, assuming that the chord members act as the resistance to deflection with the modulus of elasticity (E) of the chords adjusted to allow for the deflection of the webs. Thus, the product of the moment of inertia (I) and the effective modulus of elasticity (E) is as shown in the **Truss Rigidity Properties** table below.

For uniformly loaded simple spans, the mid-span deflection (in inches) becomes:

$$\Delta = \frac{22.5wL^4}{EI}$$

Where:

w = Uniform load in plf

L = Span in feet

d = The average pin-to-pin depth of the truss in inches, which is the average depth of the truss minus the following:

- Red-L™ and Red-W™ trusses..... 1.5 inches
- Red-S™ trusses..... 2.3 inches
- Red-M™ trusses..... 3.5 inches
- Red-H™ trusses..... 5.5 inches

Truss Rigidity Properties

Truss Series	EI Truss Only (Roof)	EI Nailed Floor	EI Glue-Nailed Floor
Red-L™	5.26 x 10 ⁶ d ²	5.69 x 10 ⁶ d ²	6.03 x 10 ⁶ d ²
Red-W™	6.78 x 10 ⁶ d ²	7.20 x 10 ⁶ d ²	7.54 x 10 ⁶ d ²
Red-S™	6.94 x 10 ⁶ d ²	7.41 x 10 ⁶ d ²	7.79 x 10 ⁶ d ²
Red-M™	10.06 x 10 ⁶ d ²	10.60 x 10 ⁶ d ²	11.02 x 10 ⁶ d ²
Red-H™	15.93 x 10 ⁶ d ²	16.54 x 10 ⁶ d ²	17.03 x 10 ⁶ d ²

CAMBER CRITERIA

The manufacture of RedBuilt™ open-web trusses includes the ability to provide a specified camber for appearance. Camber must be considered on an individual job basis, although certain policies derived from successful experiences are indicated. If camber is not specified in the order, our policy and considerations of other related job information will be used by our design department toward its selection.

Although excessive camber in any product may cause problems in framing, it is recommended that these policies be followed closely to avoid the serious problems caused by inadequate camber. In the case of flat roofs, the camber policy will be strictly adhered to unless it is shown that an adequate drainage system is provided to avoid ponding water and the resulting overloads.

Camber selection in structural members should include consideration for matching requirements of adjacent members of different length, as well as cantilevers meeting at a common elevation. In addition, consideration should be given to concentrated loads, non-load bearing walls, and special drainage problems. A RedBuilt representative is available to assist you in developing the camber requirements.

Recommended Camber for Floor and Roof

Loading Condition	Application	Recommended Camber	Minimum Recommended Camber
Snow Roof	Sloped Roofs (¼:12 min.)	DL Δ + ½ LL Δ	DL Δ + ¼ LL Δ
	Flat Roofs	TL	DL Δ + ½ LL Δ
Non-Snow Roof	All Roofs	1½ DL Δ	1¼ DL Δ
Floor	All Floors	1½ DL Δ	DL Δ

DL Δ = Dead load deflection

LL Δ = Live load deflection

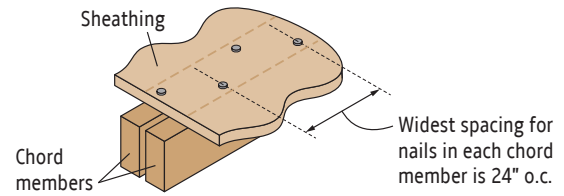
Note: Movable partition loads are not to be considered in this policy.

NAILING INFORMATION

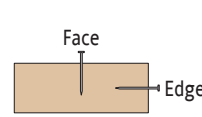
Minimum Nail Spacing

Nail Type	Nail Size	RedLam™ LVL			Sawn Lumber	
		Face	Edge		Face	Edge
			Truss Chord	Rim Board, Header, Beam		
8d ⁽¹⁾	0.113" x 2½"	2"	4"	3"	4"	2"
	0.131" x 2½"	2"	6"	3"	6"	2"
10d	0.128" x 3"	2"	6"	3"	6"	2"
	0.148" x 3"	3"	6"	4" ⁽²⁾	6"	2½"
12d	0.128" x 3½"	2"	6"	3"	6"	2"
	0.148" x 3½"	3"	6"	4" ⁽²⁾	6"	2½"
16d	0.135" x 3½"	3"	6"	4"	6"	2½"
	0.148" x 3½"	3"	6"	4" ⁽²⁾	6"	2½"
	0.162" x 3½"	4"	8"	8" ⁽³⁾	8"	4"

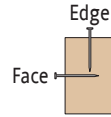
- (1) 14 gauge staples may be a direct substitute for 8d nails if a minimum penetration of 1" into the flange is maintained.
 - (2) Minimum spacing must be 5" for four rows of nails.
 - (3) Spacing may be reduced to 5" where nail penetration does not exceed 1¾".
- If more than one row of nails is used, offset rows at least ½" and stagger. Maintain ⅜" minimum edge distance.
 - Nailing pattern to be per plans and specifications, and nail spacing should comply with criteria listed on this page.
 - For member stability, nail sheathing to the full length of the member (24" on-center, maximum).



Do not use nails smaller than 8d (2½") or larger than 16d (3½")



Flatwise orientation
(typical with Red-L™ and Red-W™ trusses and plywood edge blocking)



Edgewise orientation
(typical with Red-S™, Red-M™, and Red-H™ trusses and rim board, beams, and headers)

Refer to building code for allowable shear for wood diaphragms and the nail spacing requirements shown above.

SOUND DETAILS

Fire Assembly Details

For Fire Assemblies and other construction-related fire information, please refer to resources on our website at redbuilt.com.

Sound Assemblies and Noise Measurement

The ability of a wall or floor/ceiling system to reduce airborne sound transmission is measured using ASTM E90, and reported using the ASTM E413 Sound Transmission Class (STC) rating system. The ratings listed below—originally developed by the Acoustical and Insulation Materials Association and now considered a standard throughout the industry—are a practical reference for a range of STC numbers. In general, the higher the number, the better the acoustical performance. It is important to note that this table is valid only for a given level of background noise and should be used only for generalized comparisons.

Floor/ceiling systems can also be rated for impact noise transmitted through an assembly. Ratings are determined using the ASTM E492 Impact Insulation Class (IIC) system, and like STC ratings, a high IIC rating indicates significantly reduced impact noise.

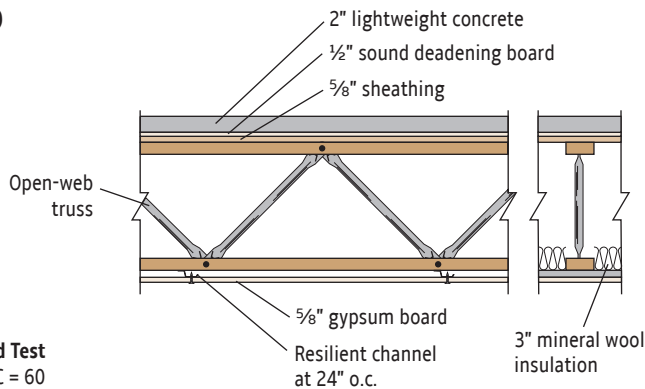
STC Ratings

- 25 Normal speech can be understood quite clearly
- 30 Loud speech can be understood fairly well
- 35 Loud speech audible but not intelligible
- 42 Loud speech audible as a murmur
- 45 Must strain to hear loud speech
- 48 Some loud speech barely audible
- 50 Loud speech not audible

Testing

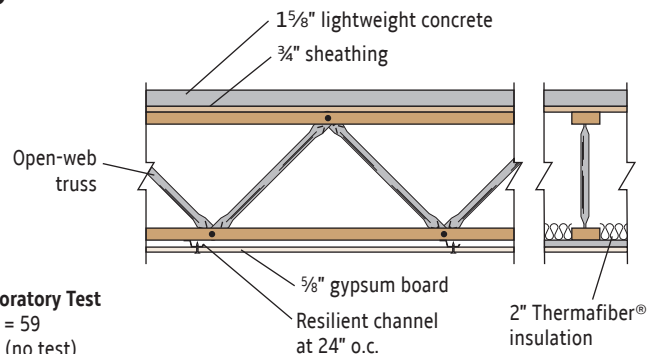
The acoustical assemblies provided below and on page 37 have been tested and rated by recognized acoustical laboratories, and the ratings shown are well within the acceptable range for multi-family buildings. However, in order to achieve these ratings, precautions should be taken to prevent flanking noise and sound leaks, and to ensure that actual construction conforms to the assembly shown.

79



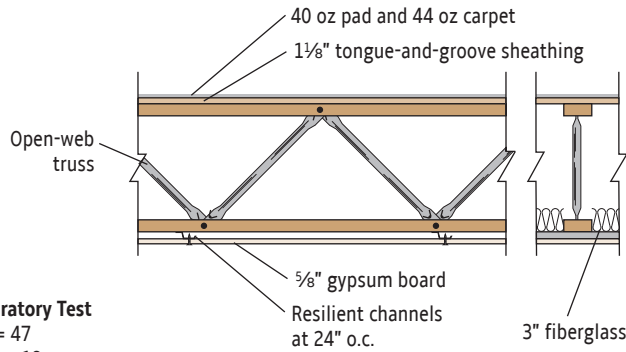
Field Test
FSTC = 60
WCR-Thunderbird

80



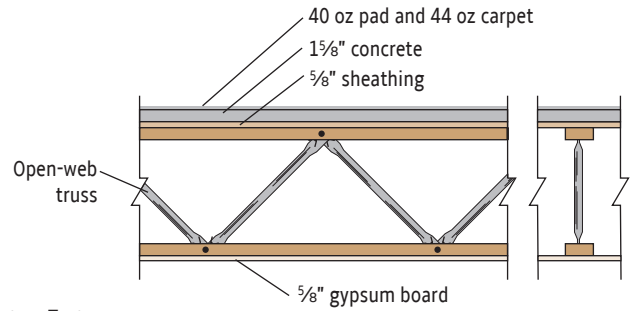
Laboratory Test
STC = 59
INR (no test)
RAL No. TL 70-37

81



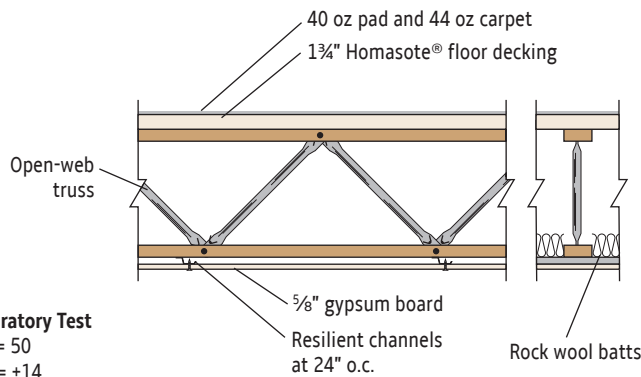
Laboratory Test
STC = 47
INR = +18
KAL 224-35-65

82



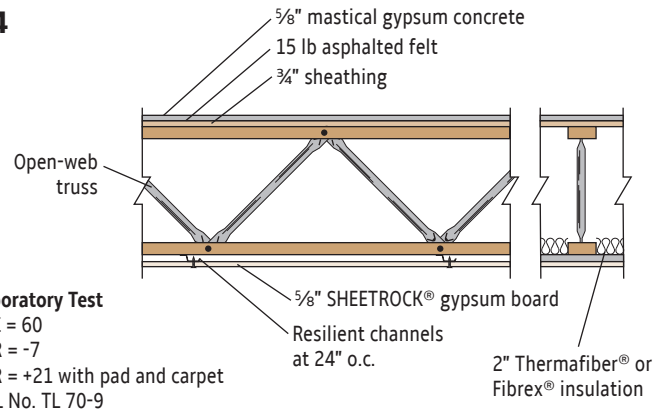
Laboratory Test
STC = 46
INR = +11
KAL 224-38-65

83



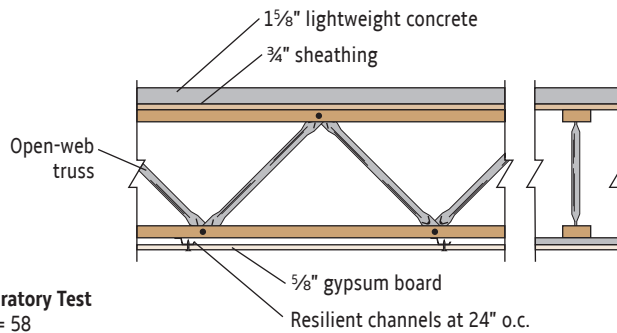
Laboratory Test
STC = 50
INR = +14
KAL 858-5-70

84



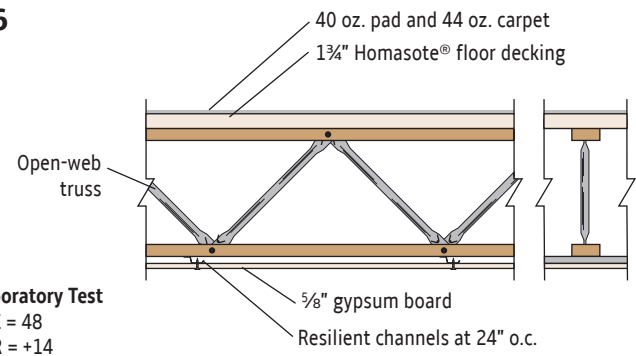
Laboratory Test
STC = 60
INR = -7
INR = +21 with pad and carpet
RAL No. TL 70-9

85



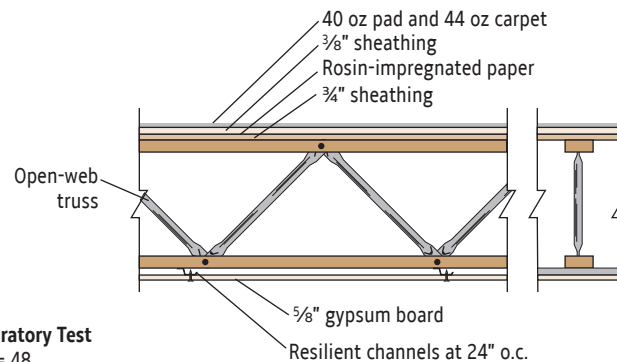
Laboratory Test
STC = 58
INR = +29 with pad and carpet
RAL No. TL 70-44

86



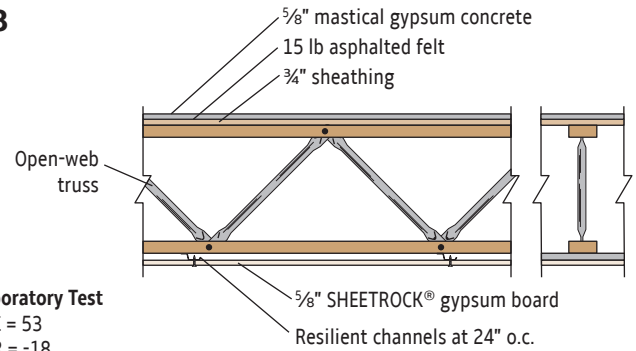
Laboratory Test
STC = 48
INR = +14
IIC = 65
KAL 858-4-70

87



Laboratory Test
STC = 48
INR = +11 with pad and carpet
RAL No. TL 70-48

88



Laboratory Test
STC = 53
INR = -18
INR = +18 with pad and carpet
RAL No. IN 70-1 & IN 70-2

Fibrex® is a registered trademark of Fibrex® Insulations Inc. SHEETROCK® is a registered trademark of USG Corporation. Homasote® is a registered trademark of Homasote Company. Thermafiber® is a registered trademark of Thermafiber, Inc.

Q1: How do I develop the most cost effective solution when using open-web trusses?

A1: The open-web truss load tables show the maximum load-carrying capacity of a given truss, but not necessarily the most cost-effective truss type or depth for the application. You can also use the **Specifying Economical Trusses** section on page 4 of this guide or you can contact your local RedBuilt representative at 1-866-859-6757 for assistance in finding the most economical solution for your application.

Q2: Can RedBuilt™ open-web trusses be used as drag struts?

A2: Yes. RedBuilt can design the chords of open-web trusses for specific axial loads. These loads must be provided by the design professional.

Q3: What is MSR lumber?

A3: Machine stress rated (MSR) lumber refers to sawn lumber that is mechanically evaluated for strength and stiffness, and then visually graded. Sawn lumber that is rated as MSR is regarded as high-quality material, and MSR is the only grade of sawn lumber used by RedBuilt in open-web truss chord components.

Q4: Are your open-web trusses covered by a warranty?

A4: Yes. RedBuilt warrants that its products will be free from manufacturing errors or defects in workmanship and material. In addition, provided that the product is correctly installed and used, the company warrants the adequacy of its design for the normal and expected life of the building. A copy of the warranty can be found on the back cover of this guide or on our website at www.RedBuilt.com.

Q5: Does RedBuilt provide any sprinkler system or fire-rated assembly details?

A5: Yes. RedBuilt provides a number of sprinkler system suspension and fire assembly details in AutoCAD® format, which can be downloaded from our website at redbuilt.com on the **AutoCAD Details** page.

Q6: What type of certification and quality assurance do open-web trusses have?

A6: RedBuilt™ open-web trusses are manufactured in accordance with rigorous standards, and they are monitored by a third-party quality control agency (PFS Corporation). These standards are modeled after ISO 9000.

Q7: How can I contact a RedBuilt representative?

A7: You can find your local RedBuilt representative by calling 1-866-859-6757 or visiting our website at redbuilt.com.

Q8: Can I modify or repair RedBuilt™ open-web trusses?

A8: On rare occasions, repairs or modifications can be made to RedBuilt™ open-web products—but only if the materials and instructions are provided by RedBuilt. Contact your local RedBuilt representative for more information or call 1-866-859-6757.

Q9: Can I treat open-web products with fire-retardant or preservative?

A9: RedBuilt does not recommend or warrant the use of field-applied treatments. The use of these products may reduce the design load-carrying capacity of the members. Instead, RedBuilt requires that dry-use conditions be maintained.

Q10: Why are some RedBuilt™ open-web trusses painted red on one end?

A10: Many truss applications require the use of non-symmetrical trusses. Typically this is due to non-uniform design loading patterns. Non-symmetrical trusses are marked with red paint on one end, and the layout drawings provided by RedBuilt will specify where the red end is to be installed.

Q11: Do RedBuilt™ open-web trusses meet the requirements set forth in the U.S. Green Building Council's (USGBC) Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) standard?

A11: LEED–NC (new construction) is a commonly used building rating system designed to accelerate the development of green building practice. While products such as RedBuilt™ open-web trusses are not LEED certified on an individual basis, they may contribute to point totals for a "whole building" certification. For example, the following items may be viewed as contributors toward points in the LEED rating system:

- The **Low Emitting Materials** section (EQ 4.4) recognizes composite wood that is free from urea-formaldehyde resins. RedBuilt does not use urea-formaldehyde resins in any of its engineered lumber products. Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) are available at redbuilt.com.
- RedBuilt™ products may qualify for **Regional Materials (MR 5.1 and 5.2)** for projects located within a 500 mile radius of Portland, OR.
- Tubular steel webs and bearing clips used in RedBuilt open-web trusses may qualify for **Recycled Content (RC 4.1 and 4.2)**. For more information consult your RedBuilt technical representative.

1.0 General

1.1 Scope

This work includes the complete furnishings and installation of all RedBuilt™ open-web trusses, as shown on the drawings herein specified and necessary to complete the work.

1.2 Code Approvals

These products shall be designed and manufactured to the standards set forth in the International Code Council Report No. ESR-1774.

1.3 Related Work Specified Elsewhere

- A. Carpentry and millwork
- B. Glu-laminated members

1.4 Design

A. Products: RedBuilt™ products shall be designed to fit the dimensions and loads indicated on the plans.

B. Design Calculations: When requested, a complete set of design calculations shall be prepared by RedBuilt.

1.5 Submittals

A. Drawings: Drawings showing layout and detail necessary for determining fit and placement in the building shall be provided by RedBuilt.

B. Production: Fabrication and/or cutting shall not proceed until the architect and/or engineer have approved the submittal package.

2.0 Products

2.1 Materials

Materials shall comply with ICC-ES Report No. ESR-1774. Chord members, web members, connecting pins and bearing hardware/attachments shall be of material and size as required by design.

2.2 Fabrication

The trusses shall be manufactured by RedBuilt in a plant listed in the report referred to above and under the supervision of an approved third-party inspection agency.

2.3 Tolerances

Length, bearing-to-bearing:

For trusses up to 30 ft: $\pm 1/8"$

For trusses greater than 30 ft: $\pm 1/4"$

Depth: $\pm 1/8"$

CAMBER

Span	Individual Truss Tolerance Variation from Design	Variation Between Any Two Trusses of the Same Type
0 to 30'	$\pm 1/8"$	$1/4"$
>30' to 60'	$\pm 3/8"$	$1/4"$
>60' to 120'	$\pm 1/2"$	$1/2"$

2.4 Identification

Each of the trusses shall be identified by a stamp indicating the truss series, ICC-ES report number, manufacturer's name, plant number, date of fabrication, and the independent inspection agency's logo.

2.5 Hardware

Not applicable.

3.0 Execution

3.1 Installation

RedBuilt™ open-web trusses, if stored prior to installation, shall be stored in a vertical position and protected from the weather. They shall be handled with care so they are not damaged. The open-web trusses shall be installed in accordance with the plans and any RedBuilt drawings and installation suggestions. Temporary construction loads that cause stresses beyond design limits are not permitted. Installation bracing is required to keep trusses straight and plumb, and to ensure adequate lateral support for the individual trusses and the entire system until the sheathing material has been applied. RedBuilt's recommended method for bracing is to use the strut bracing supplied by RedBuilt.

3.2 Installation Review

Prior to enclosing the trusses, the Contractor shall give notification to the RedBuilt representative to provide an opportunity for review of the installation.

3.3 Performance Standards

Not applicable.

3.4 Fire Rating/Sound Rating

Fire and sound ratings are to be established in accordance with the assemblies detailed in ICC-ES Report No. ESR-1774, or the *Directory of Listed Products* published by Intertek Testing Services.

3.5 Warranty

The products delivered shall be free from manufacturing errors or defects in workmanship and material. The products, when correctly installed and maintained, shall be warranted to perform as designed for the normal and expected life of the building.

4.0 Alternates and/or Equals

4.1 Base Bid

Due to the customized detailing and engineering characteristics of the roof and/or floor framing assembly, it is a requirement that open-web trusses be used in the base bid.

4.2 Alternate Manufacturers

Other manufacturers' bids are to be listed in the alternate section of your proposal. All framing plans, detailing, and calculations for the alternate bids will be reviewed by the owner, architect, and engineer for structural performance, possible conflicts with related trades, and compatibility with the overall building requirements and building code.

4.3 Alternate Products

Alternate products will only be permitted if written approval and acceptance is obtained by both architect and owner at least seven days prior to the bid date. Any monetary savings that may be realized by using an alternate product shall be forwarded to the owner.

4.4 Acceptable Alternatives

At the discretion of the specifier of record, accepted alternates will be listed on the final addendum prior to the bid date.



SERVICE AND SUPPORT YOU CAN COUNT ON.

RedBuilt is committed to creating superior structural solutions. How? By offering efficient structural building products supported by a broad range of services.

- Our team of RedBuilt representatives—one of the industry's largest—isn't afraid to get its hands dirty. We can help with technical information, installation questions or code compliance.
- At RedBuilt, our goal is to help you build solid and durable structures. A limited warranty for our products is in effect for the expected life of the building.
- Call us with a problem that you believe may be caused by our products, and our representative will contact you within one business day to evaluate the problem and help solve it—**GUARANTEED**.



CONTACT US

1.866.859.6757

redbuilt.com

200 E. Mallard Drive, Boise, ID 83706

P.O. Box 60, Boise, ID 83707