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Bradley Heights SS, LLC 1816C – 11th Avenue Seattle, Washington 98122

PRRWF20250216

Attn: Mr. Jorden Mellergaard (509) 899-0326 jorden@timberlanepartners.com City of Puyallup Building REVIEWED FOR COMPLIANCE SKinnear 02/21/2025 9:21:56 AM



Calculations required to be provided by the Permittee on site for all Inspections

Retaining Wall Design Letter Proposed Redi-Rock Walls Bradley Heights 202 – 27th Avenue East Puyallup, Washington PN: 0419036006 Doc: Timberlane.BradleyHeights.RW.rev02

INTRODUCTION

We are pleased to present this *Retaining Wall Design Letter* for the proposed Redi-Rock retaining walls to be constructed as part of the Bradley Heights development in Puyallup, Washington. The new retaining walls will provide grade separation between the site and the adjacent parcels to the south. We understand the proposed walls will utilize Redi-Rock blocks, constructed in a gravity configuration.

Grading, wall elevations, and wall location information was given in the retaining wall plan sheets G-1, G-8, and G-12 to G-14 prepared by Azure Green Consultants dated March 13, 2025. Soil and design parameters used for the retaining wall designs were based on our previously prepared *Geotechnical Engineering Report* dated February 10, 2022 for the site.

PURPOSE & SCOPE

The purpose of our services was to prepare a retaining wall design for the proposed project. Specifically, our scope of services for this project included the following:

- 1. Reviewing available geologic data for the site vicinity;
- 2. Performing two retaining wall designs using the Redi-Rock proprietary software; and,
- 3. Providing this written *Retaining Wall Design Letter* summarizing our retaining wall calculation, our geotechnical recommendations and design criteria, along with the supporting data.

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on our understanding of the project, it is our opinion that the use of a Redi-Rock gravity retaining wall is feasible from a geotechnical standpoint. A total of three different Redi-Rock gravity retaining walls are proposed in the project. The walls are shown and labeled on Site Plan, Figure 1. The design calculations contained in this letter provide verification of the maximum considered configurations of total wall height and surcharges. Proposed Redi-rock walls with lower maximum heights should follow the same block schedule and meet the proposed design height by

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removing blocks from the bottom course. Pertinent conclusions and recommendations are provided below.

Retaining Wall Design Inputs

The Redi-Rock concrete block walls should be constructed per the manufacturer's specifications, recommendations contained in our *Geotechnical Engineering Report*, and the recommendations contained herein. The Redi-Rock wall system can be designed both as a gravity wall (without geosynthetic reinforcement) or as a reinforced earth fill wall. For this project, we understand the walls will be designed as gravity walls to be placed in front of cuts. We designed the wall sections using the proprietary Redi-Rock Wall Professional program (which uses GEO5 2024 software) and American Association of State and Highway Transportation Officials (AASHTO) Allowable Strength Design (ASD) methods. Global stability analyses were not performed as part of our scope of work.

Block Information

Redi-Rock gravity blocks are cast with knobs on the top of each block that establish the setback for the row of blocks above. The standard Redi-Rock setback is 1.625 inches per block, or approximately a 5-degree batter. The standard Redi-Rock setback blocks were used in our design. The Redi-Rock blocks measure 18 inches tall by approximately 46 inches wide and vary in depth.

Wall Design Assumptions

We assumed the walls would be placed in front of a temporary cut slope in the native soils and be backfilled with the excavated soils compacted to at least 95 percent of the maximum dry density (MDD) as determined by ASTM D1557. Our wall designs assume drained conditions with level foreslopes, and 3H:1V (horizontal:vertical) backslopes. Because of site constraints for Wall B (Permit Number PRWWF20252017), slopes behind the wall will be 2H:1V rather than 3H:1V. Calculations indicate Wall B fails in sliding during the maximum considered seismic event. The design earthquake loading for this retaining wall was therefore reduced to half of the PGA_M of the 975-year return period earthquake (5% in 50 years), determined by the Unified Hazard Tool. This value is a horizontal seismic acceleration coefficient of 0.255g. This earthquake is considered the Design Basis Earthquake per the WSDOT Geotechnical Design Manual and is appropriate for the design of retaining walls. It should be understood that Wall B may fail during the maximum considered event. Calculations for the remaining retaining walls include the original horizontal seismic acceleration coefficient of 0.3g based on half of the mapped PGA_M for the 2475 year return period earthquake as stated in our February 2022 report. Passive pressures were not accounted for in our retaining wall design, but we recommend a minimum embedment depth of at least 6 inches for erosion protection.

We used the soil properties in Table 1, below, based on our experience with the soils at the site and typical values per the 2021 WSDOT *Geotechnical Design Manual*, Chapter 5. If the proposed conditions are modified or are not correct, we should be notified and allowed to review our calculations prior to construction of the proposed wall.



Soil Type	Soil Description	Unit Weight (pcf)	Cohesion (psf)	Phi (degrees)
SM	Retained Soil (Recessional Outwash)	130	0	34
GW-GM	Crushed Surfacing Top Course (CSTC, Leveling Pad)	130	0	40
GP	Structural Fill	130	0	36

TABLE 1: SOIL PROPERTIES FOR WALL DESIGN

Wall Bearing Surfaces

We assumed that the walls will be founded on a leveling pad of crushed rock supported on suitable native soils. The compacted leveling pad of crushed rock should have a minimum thickness of 6 inches, that extends a minimum of 6-inches in all directions from the base blocks.

Gravity Retaining Wall Design

Table 2, below, describes block dimensions and configuration for the gravity wall sections. Details for each wall are included as Figures 2a to 2c. Calculations for the wall sections described are provided in Appendix A. Standard details from the manufacturer are included in Appendix B.

Section	# Rows of Blocks	Row No. (Bottom up)	Block Size (Inches)	Setback (Inches)	Total Wall Height (feet)	Surcharges	
Wall A1 ²	6	1-2 3-4 5 6	60 41 28 28T ¹	1.625 1.625 1.625 1.625	9.0	Seismic, 3H:1V backslope	
Wall A2 ³	6	1-2 3-4 5 6	60 41 28 28T ¹	1.625 1.625 1.625 1.625	9.0	Seismic, 3H:1V backslope	
Wall B ⁴	5	1 2-3 4 5	60 41 28 28T ¹	1.625 1.625 1.625 1.625	7.5	Seismic, 2H:1V backslope	
¹ = 28-inch-wide top block ² = Permit Number: PRRWF20250214 ³ = Permit Number: PRWWF20250216							

TABLE 2: **REDI ROCK GRAVITY WALL CONFIGURATION**

⁴ = Permit Number: PRWWF20250217

Wall Drainage

Drainage behind all walls should be constructed in accordance with the "Wall Drainage" section of our previously prepared Geotechnical Engineering Report dated February 10, 2022. The wall



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drainage will be integrated with a weep hole system, allowing water to flow through the face of the retaining wall, that eventually sheet flows into a catch basin. Drainage weeps should be constructed in accordance with the manufacturer's details, included in Appendix B.

Structural Fill

All fill associated with the proposed walls should be placed as structural fill in accordance with the "**Structural Fill**" section of our previously prepared *Geotechnical Engineering Report* dated February 10, 2022.

Temporary Excavations

Temporary excavations should be constructed in accordance with the "**Temporary Excavations**" section of our previously prepared *Geotechnical Engineering Report* dated February 10, 2022. The soils in the area of these walls likely consists of glacial till, which would be classified as a Type A soil. For temporary excavations of less than 20 feet in depth, the side slopes in Type A soils should be sloped at a maximum inclination of ³/₄H:1V or flatter from the toe to top of the slope. Based on our conversations with the project Civil Engineer, and our review of the project plans, a 1H:1V temporary cut slope was assumed. We also understand that the walls have been pushed further away from the property line so that the temporary excavations do not extend onto the neighboring properties.

Additional Services and Construction Observation

We recommend GeoResources be retained to observe the geotechnical aspects of construction, particularly the wall subgrade, fill placement and compaction, and drainage activities, including the wall drainage course. This observation would allow us to verify the subsurface conditions as they are exposed during construction and to determine that work is accomplished in accordance with recommendations.

LIMITATIONS

We have prepared this *Retaining Wall Design Letter* for Bradley Heights SS, LLC, Timberlane Partners and other members of the design team for use in evaluating a portion of this project. Subsurface conditions described herein were based on our previous subsurface explorations at the site.

The analyses, conclusions, and recommendations contained in this report are based on site conditions as they presently exist. We did not perform additional subsurface explorations for this project. If actual conditions differ from those observed previously for the site are observed or appear to be present during construction, we should be advised at once so that we can review these conditions and reconsider our recommendations, where necessary. If there is a substantial lapse of time between submission of our report and the start of work at the site, or if conditions have changed because of natural forces or construction operations at or near the site, it is recommended that this report be reviewed to determine the applicability of the conclusions and recommendations.

This report may be made available to regulatory agencies or others, but this report and conclusions should not be construed as a warranty of subsurface conditions. Subsurface conditions can vary over short distances and can change with time. The scope of our services did not include geotechnical investigation, environmental assessment or evaluation regarding the presence or



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absence of wetlands or hazardous or toxic materials in the soil, surface water, groundwater, or air at the subject site other than those activities described in this report.

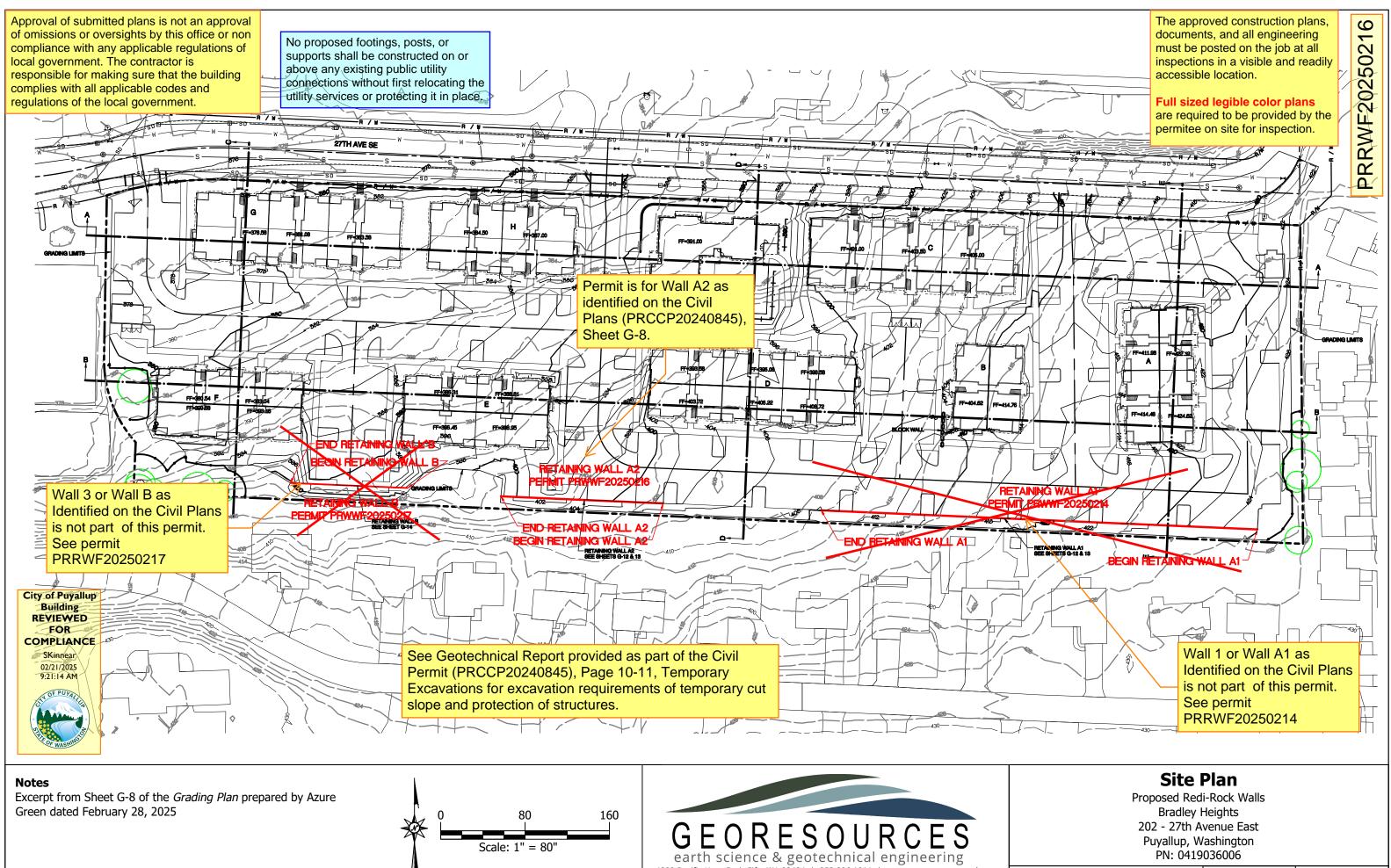
Within the limitations of scope, schedule and budget, our services have been executed in accordance with generally accepted practices in this area at the time.

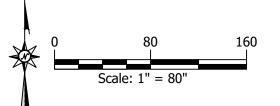
We have appreciated the opportunity to be of service to you on this project. If you have any questions or comments, please do not hesitate to call at your earliest cor M u/1**1**24 Respectfull GeoResources, LLC (1-19.24 Fring Geologis 3237 5. 4.25 ed Geg Seth Taylor Mattos Seth Mattos, LEG Andrew Schnitger, PE **Project Engineer** Associate

AES:STM/aes

DocID: Timberlane.BradleyHeights.RW.rev01 Attachments: Figure 1: Site Plan Figure 2a-2c: Redi-Rock Wall Details Appendix A: Redi-Rock Retaining Wall Calculations Appendix B: Block Manufacturer Standard Details

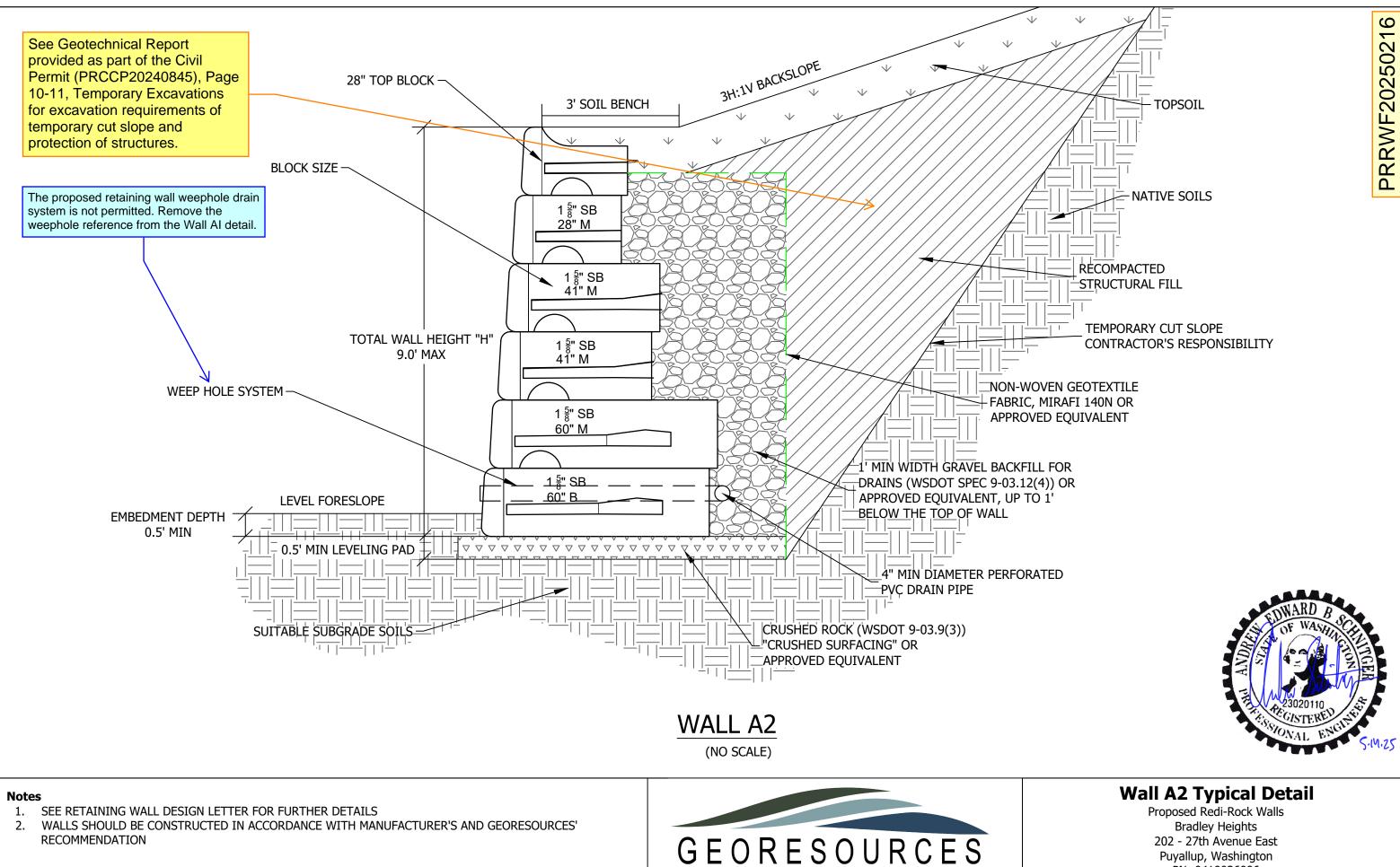








ID: Timberlane.BradleyHeights.F	May 2025	Figure 1



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Wall A2 Typical Detail						
Proposed Redi-Rock Walls						
Bradley Heights						
202 - 27th Avenue East						
Puyallup, Washington						
PN: 0419036006						
cID: Timberlane.BradleyHeights.F	May 2025	Figure 2b				

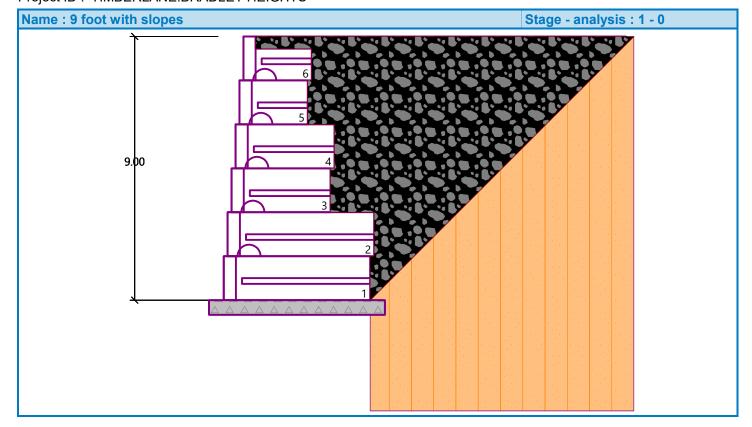
Appendix A

Redi-Rock Retaining Wall Calculations

Analysis of Redi Rock wall

Input data (Stage of construction 1)

Project :9 FOOT WALL LEVEL BACKSLOPECustomer :BRADLEY HEIGHTS SS,LLCAuthor :AESDate :11/12/2024Project ID :TIMBERLANE.BRADLEY HEIGHTS



Settings

(input for current task)

Wall analysis

Verification methodology :Safety factors (ASD)Active earth pressure calculation :CoulombPassive earth pressure calculation :Mazindrani (Rankine)Earthquake analysis :Mononobe-OkabeShape of earth wedge :Calculate as skewAllowable eccentricity :0.333Internal stability :Standard - straight slip surfaceReduction coeff. of contact first block - base :1.00

Safety factors						
Permanent design situation						
Safety factor for overturning : $SF_o = 1.50$ [-]						
Safety factor for sliding resistance : $SF_s = 1.50$ [-]						

Safety factors								
Permanent design situation								
Safety factor for bearing capacity : $SF_b = 2.00 [-]$								
Safety factor for sliding along geo-reinforcement :	SF _{sr} =	1.50 [-]						
Safety factor for geo-reinforcement strength :	SF _{st} =	1.50 [–]						
Safety factor for pull out resistance of geo-reinf. :	SF _{po} =	1.50 [-]						
Safety factor for connection strength :	SF _{con} =	1.50 [–]						
Safety	factors							
Seismic des	ign situation							
Safety factor for overturning :	SF _o =	1.12 [–]						
Safety factor for sliding resistance :	SF _s =	1.12 [–]						
Safety factor for bearing capacity :	SF _b =	1.50 [–]						
Safety factor for sliding along geo-reinforcement :	SF _{sr} =	1.12 [–]						
Safety factor for geo-reinforcement strength :	SF _{st} =	1.12 [-]						
Safety factor for pull out resistance of geo-reinf. :	SF _{po} =	1.12 [-]						
Safety factor for connection strength :	SF _{con} =	1.12 [-]						

Blocks

No. Dese	Description	Block height	Block width	Unit weight
	Description	h [in] w [in]	γ [pcf]	
1	Block 28	18.00	28.00	120.00
2	Block 41	18.00	40.50	120.00
3	Block 60	18.00	60.00	130.00
4	Top block 28	18.00	28.00	120.00

No.	Description	Shear bearing capacity of joint	Max. shear strength	Block friction	
		F _{min} [lbf/ft]	F _{max} [lbf/ft]	f [°]	
1	Block 28	6061.00	11276.00	44.00	
2	Block 41	6061.00	11276.00	44.00	
3	Block 60	6061.00	11276.00	44.00	
4	Top block 28	6061.00	11276.00	44.00	

Setbacks

No.	Setback s [in]			
1	0.000			
2	0.033			
3	0.135			
4	0.781			
5	1.385			

Geometry

No. group	Description	Count	Setback s [in]
1	Block 60	2	0.13
2	Block 41	2	0.13
3	Block 28	1	0.13
4	Top block 28	1	-

Base

Geometry

Upper setback	a ₁	=	0.50	ft
Lower setback	a ₂	=	0.50	ft
Height	h	=	0.50	ft
Width	b	=	6.00	ft

Material

Soil creating foundation - CSTC **Basic soil parameters**

No.	Name	Pattern	Φ _{ef} [°]	c _{ef} [psf]	γ [pcf]	Y _{su} [pcf]	δ [°]
1	Retained Soils		34.00	0.0	130.00	67.50	22.78
2	сятс		40.00	0.0	130.00	67.50	26.80
3	Structural Fill		36.00	0.0	130.00	67.50	24.12

All soils are considered as cohesionless for at rest pressure analysis. **Soil parameters**

Retained Soils

Retained Solis	
Unit weight :	γ = 130.0 pcf
Stress-state :	effective
Angle of internal friction :	φ_{ef} = 34.00 °
Cohesion of soil :	c _{ef} = 0.0 psf
Angle of friction strucsoil :	δ = 22.78 °
Saturated unit weight :	γ_{sat} = 130.0 pcf
CSTC	
Unit weight :	$\gamma = 130.0 \text{pcf}$
Stress-state :	effective
Angle of internal friction :	$\varphi_{\rm ef}$ = 40.00 °
Cohesion of soil :	c _{ef} = 0.0 psf
Angle of friction strucsoil :	δ = 26.80 °
Saturated unit weight :	γ_{sat} = 130.0 pcf
Structural Fill	
Unit weight :	y = 130.0 pcf
Stress-state :	effective
Angle of internal friction :	φ_{ef} = 36.00 °
Cohesion of soil :	c _{ef} = 0.0 psf

Angle of friction strucsoil :	δ =	24.12 °
Saturated unit weight :	γ _{sat} =	130.0 pcf

Backfill

Assigned soil : Structural Fill Slope = 45.00 ° Geological profile and assigned soils

No.	Thickness of layer t [ft]	Depth z [ft]	Assigned soil	Pattern
1	-	∞ 00.0	Retained Soils	

Terrain profile

Terrain behind the structure is flat. Water influence

Ground water table is located below the structure. **Resistance on front face of the structure**

Resistance on front face of the structure is not considered. **Settings of the stage of construction**

Design situation : permanent Reduction of soil/soil friction angle : do not reduce Verification No. 1 (Stage of construction 1)

Forces acting on construction

Name	F _{hor}	App.Pt.	F _{vert}	App.Pt.	Design
	[lbf/ft]	z [ft]	[lbf/ft]	x [ft]	coefficient
Weight - wall	0.0	-3.72	4303.1	2.77	1.000
Weight - earth wedge	0.0	-0.80	29.3	5.68	1.000
Weight - earth wedge	0.0	-4.40	260.5	4.68	1.000
Weight - earth wedge	0.0	-7.00	89.3	3.72	1.000
Weight - earth wedge	0.0	-9.29	98.1	2.50	1.000
Active pressure	1384.0	-3.22	1806.3	5.16	1.000

Verification of complete wall

Check for overturning stability

Resisting moment $M_{res} = 23187.5$ lbfft/ft Overturning moment $M_{ovr} = 4456.9$ lbfft/ft

Safety factor = 5.20 > 1.50 Wall for overturning is SATISFACTORY

Check for slip

Resisting horizontal force $H_{res} = 4442.69$ lbf/ft Active horizontal force $H_{act} = 1384.03$ lbf/ft

Safety factor = 3.21 > 1.50 Wall for slip is SATISFACTORY

Overall check - WALL is SATISFACTORY Dimensioning No. 1 (Stage of construction 1)

Forces acting on construction

Name	F _{hor}	App.Pt.	F _{vert}	App.Pt.	Design
	[lbf/ft]	z [ft]	[lbf/ft]	x [ft]	coefficient
Weight - wall	0.0	-3.56	3913.1	2.24	1.000
Weight - earth wedge	0.0	-3.90	260.5	4.18	1.000
Weight - earth wedge	0.0	-6.50	89.3	3.22	1.000
Weight - earth wedge	0.0	-8.79	98.1	2.00	1.000
Active pressure	1185.6	-3.18	1316.5	4.40	1.000

Verification of most stressed block No. 1

Check for overturning stability

Resisting moment $M_{res} = 16150.0$ lbfft/ft Overturning moment $M_{ovr} = 3775.0$ lbfft/ft

Safety factor = 4.28 > 1.50 Joint for overturning stability is SATISFACTORY

Check for slip

Resisting horizontal force $H_{res} = 4763.90$ lbf/ft Active horizontal force $H_{act} = 1185.59$ lbf/ft

Safety factor = 4.02 > 1.50 Joint for verification is SATISFACTORY

Bearing capacity of foundation soil (Stage of construction 1)

Design load acting at the center of footing bottom

No.	Moment	Norm. force	Shear Force	Eccentricity	Stress
	[lbfft/ft]	[lbf/ft]	[lbf/ft]	[–]	[psf]
1	1029.1	6586.56	1384.03	0.026	1158.1

Service load acting at the center of footing bottom

No.	Moment	Norm. force	Shear Force
	[lbfft/ft]	[lbf/ft]	[lbf/ft]
1	1029.1	6586.56	1384.03

Verification of foundation soil

Stress in the footing bottom : rectangle

Eccentricity verification

Max. eccentricity of normal force e = 0.026Maximum allowable eccentricity $e_{alw} = 0.333$

Eccentricity of the normal force is SATISFACTORY

Verification of bearing capacity

Max. stress at footing bottom σ = 1158.1 psf Allowable bearing capacity of foundation soil R_d = 6000.0 psf

Safety factor = 5.18 > 2.00

Bearing capacity of foundation soil is SATISFACTORY

Overall verification - bearing capacity of found. soil is SATISFACTORY Input data (Stage of construction 2)

Geological profile and assigned soils

No.	Thickness of layer t [ft]	Depth z [ft]	Assigned soil	Pattern
1	-	0.00 ∞	Retained Soils	

Terrain profile

Terrain behind the structure is flat. Water influence

Ground water table is located below the structure. **Resistance on front face of the structure**

Resistance on front face of the structure is not considered. **Earthquake**

Factor of horizontal acceleration $K_h = 0.3000$ Factor of vertical acceleration $K_v = 0.0000$

Water below the GWT is restricted. Settings of the stage of construction

Design situation : seismic Reduction of soil/soil friction angle : do not reduce Verification No. 1 (Stage of construction 2)

Forces acting on construction

Name	F _{hor}	App.Pt.	F _{vert}	App.Pt.	Design
	[lbf/ft]	z [ft]	[lbf/ft]	x [ft]	coefficient
Weight - wall	0.0	-3.72	4303.1	2.77	1.000
Earthq constr.	1292.3	-3.79	0.0	2.75	1.000
Weight - earth wedge	0.0	-0.80	29.3	5.68	1.000
Earthquake - soil wedge	8.8	-0.80	0.0	5.68	1.000
Weight - earth wedge	0.0	-4.40	260.5	4.68	1.000
Earthquake - soil wedge	78.1	-4.40	0.0	4.68	1.000
Weight - earth wedge	0.0	-7.00	89.3	3.72	1.000
Earthquake - soil wedge	26.8	-7.00	0.0	3.72	1.000
Weight - earth wedge	0.0	-9.29	98.1	2.50	1.000
Earthquake - soil wedge	29.4	-9.29	0.0	2.50	1.000
Active pressure	1384.0	-3.22	1806.3	5.16	1.000
Earthq act.pressure	1604.8	-6.33	2448.9	4.32	1.000

Verification of complete wall

Check for overturning stability

Resisting moment $M_{res} = 33759.8$ lbfft/ft Overturning moment $M_{ovr} = 20336.4$ lbfft/ft

Safety factor = 1.66 > 1.12

[[]Redi-Rock - Redi-Rock Wall + (32 bit) | version 5.2024.123.0 | Copyright © 2024 Fine spol. s r.o. All Rights Reserved | www.finesoftware.eu] [Redi-Rock International | (231) 237 - 9500 ext 3010| engineering@redi-rock.com| www.redi-rock.com]

Wall for overturning is SATISFACTORY

Check for slip

Resisting horizontal force $H_{res} = 6094.52$ lbf/ft Active horizontal force $H_{act} = 4424.28$ lbf/ft

Safety factor = 1.38 > 1.12 Wall for slip is SATISFACTORY

Overall check - WALL is SATISFACTORY Dimensioning No. 1 (Stage of construction 2)

Forces acting on construction

Name	F _{hor}	App.Pt.	F _{vert}	App.Pt.	Design
	[lbf/ft]	z [ft]	[lbf/ft]	x [ft]	coefficient
Weight - wall	0.0	-2.61	1963.1	1.66	1.000
Earthq constr.	616.6	-2.58	0.0	1.65	1.000
Weight - earth wedge	0.0	-3.50	89.3	2.95	1.000
Earthquake - soil wedge	26.8	-3.50	0.0	2.95	1.000
Weight - earth wedge	0.0	-5.79	98.1	1.73	1.000
Earthquake - soil wedge	29.4	-5.79	0.0	1.73	1.000
Active pressure	500.7	-2.10	383.7	3.24	1.000
Earthq act.pressure	599.2	-4.07	752.8	2.97	1.000

Verification of most stressed block No. 3

Check for overturning stability

Resisting moment $M_{res} = 7164.0$ lbft/ft Overturning moment $M_{ovr} = 5346.7$ lbft/ft

Safety factor = 1.34 > 1.12 Joint for overturning stability is SATISFACTORY

Check for slip

Resisting horizontal force $H_{res} = 9235.23$ lbf/ft Active horizontal force $H_{act} = 1772.82$ lbf/ft

Safety factor = 5.21 > 1.12 Joint for verification is SATISFACTORY

Bearing capacity of foundation soil (Stage of construction 2)

Design	load acting at the ce	nter of footing botton			
No.	Moment	Norm. force	Shear Force	Eccentricity	Stress
NO.	[lbfft/ft]	[lbf/ft]	[lbf/ft]	[-]	[psf]
1	13683.2	9035.49	4424.28	0.252	3041.0
Service	e load acting at the ce	enter of footing bottor	n		
No.	Moment	Norm. force	Shear Force		
NO.	[lbfft/ft]	[lbf/ft]	[lbf/ft]		
1	13683.2	9035.49	4424.28		

Verification of foundation soil

Stress in the footing bottom : rectangle

Eccentricity verification

Max. eccentricity of normal force e = 0.252Maximum allowable eccentricity $e_{alw} = 0.333$

Eccentricity of the normal force is SATISFACTORY

Verification of bearing capacity

Max. stress at footing bottom σ = 3041.0 psf Allowable bearing capacity of foundation soil R_d = 9000.0 psf

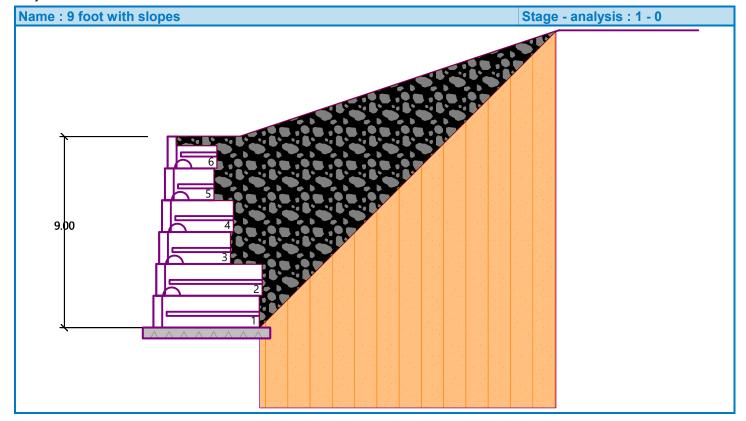
Safety factor = 2.96 > 1.50 Bearing capacity of foundation soil is SATISFACTORY

Overall verification - bearing capacity of found. soil is SATISFACTORY

Analysis of Redi Rock wall

Input data (Stage of construction 1)

Project :9 FOOT WALL WITH SLOPESCustomer :BRADLEY HEIGHTS SS,LLCAuthor :AESDate :11/12/2024Project ID :TIMBERLANE.BRADLEY HEIGHTS



Settings

(input for current task)

Wall analysis

Verification methodology :Safety factors (ASD)Active earth pressure calculation :CoulombPassive earth pressure calculation :Mazindrani (Rankine)Earthquake analysis :Mononobe-OkabeShape of earth wedge :Calculate as skewAllowable eccentricity :0.333Internal stability :Standard - straight slip surfaceReduction coeff. of contact first block - base :1.00

Safety factors				
Permanent desig	In situation			
Safety factor for overturning :	SF _o =	1.50 [–]		
Safety factor for sliding resistance :	SF _s =	1.50 [–]		

Safety factors							
Permanent design situation							
Safety factor for bearing capacity :	2.00 [-]						
Safety factor for sliding along geo-reinforcement :	SF _{sr} =	1.50 [–]					
Safety factor for geo-reinforcement strength :	SF _{st} =	1.50 [–]					
Safety factor for pull out resistance of geo-reinf. :	SF _{po} =	1.50 [–]					
Safety factor for connection strength :	SF _{con} =	1.50 [–]					
Safety factors							
Seismic desi	gn situation						
Safety factor for overturning :	SF _o =	1.12 [–]					
Safety factor for sliding resistance :	SF _s =	1.12 [–]					
Safety factor for bearing capacity :	SF _b =	1.50 [–]					
Safety factor for sliding along geo-reinforcement :	SF _{sr} =	1.12 [–]					
Safety factor for geo-reinforcement strength :	SF _{st} =	1.12 [–]					
Safety factor for pull out resistance of geo-reinf. :	SF _{po} =	1.12 [–]					
Safety factor for connection strength :	SF _{con} =	1.12 [–]					

Blocks

No.	Description	Block height h [in]	Block width w [in]	Unit weight γ [pcf]
1	Block 28	18.00	28.00	120.00
2	Block 41	18.00	40.50	120.00
3	Block 60	18.00	60.00	130.00
4	Top block 28	18.00	28.00	120.00

No.	Description	Shear bearing capacity of joint	Max. shear strength	Block friction	
		F _{min} [lbf/ft]	F _{max} [lbf/ft]	f [°]	
1	Block 28	6061.00	11276.00	44.00	
2	Block 41	6061.00	11276.00	44.00	
3	Block 60	6061.00	11276.00	44.00	
4	Top block 28	6061.00	11276.00	44.00	

Setbacks

No.	Setback s [in]		
1	0.000		
2	0.033		
3	0.135		
4	0.781		
5	1.385		

Geometry

No. group	Description	Count	Setback s [in]
1	Block 60	2	0.13
2	Block 41	2	0.13
3	Block 28	1	0.13
4	Top block 28	1	-

Base

Geometry

Upper setback	a ₁	=	0.50 f	ft
Lower setback	a ₂	=	0.50 f	ft
Height	h	=	0.50 f	ft
Width	b	=	6.00 f	ft

Material

Soil creating foundation - CSTC **Basic soil parameters**

No.	Name	Pattern	Φ _{ef} [°]	c _{ef} [psf]	γ [pcf]	Y _{su} [pcf]	δ [°]
1	Retained Soils		34.00	0.0	130.00	67.50	22.78
2	сятс		40.00	0.0	130.00	67.50	26.80
3	Structural Fill		36.00	0.0	130.00	67.50	24.12

All soils are considered as cohesionless for at rest pressure analysis. **Soil parameters**

Retained Soils

Relaineu Sons	
Unit weight :	γ = 130.0 pcf
Stress-state :	effective
Angle of internal friction :	$\varphi_{ef} = 34.00^{\circ}$
Cohesion of soil :	c _{ef} = 0.0 psf
Angle of friction strucsoil :	δ = 22.78 °
Saturated unit weight :	γ_{sat} = 130.0 pcf
CSTC	
Unit weight :	$\gamma = 130.0 \text{pcf}$
Stress-state :	effective
Angle of internal friction :	$\varphi_{\rm ef}$ = 40.00 °
Cohesion of soil :	c _{ef} = 0.0 psf
Angle of friction strucsoil :	δ = 26.80 °
Saturated unit weight :	γ_{sat} = 130.0 pcf
Structural Fill	
Unit weight :	y = 130.0 pcf
Stress-state :	effective
Angle of internal friction :	φ _{ef} = 36.00 °
Cohesion of soil :	$c_{ef} = 0.0 \text{ psf}$

Angle of friction strucsoil :	δ =	24.12 °
Saturated unit weight :	γ _{sat} =	130.0 pcf

Backfill

Assigned soil : Structural Fill Slope = 45.00 ° Geological profile and assigned soils

No.	Thickness of layer t [ft]	Depth z [ft]	Assigned soil	Pattern
1	-	∞ 00.0	Retained Soils	

Terrain profile

No.	Coordinates	Depth
NO.	x [ft]	z [ft]
1	0.00	0.00
2	3.00	0.00
3	18.00	-5.00
4	19.00	-5.00

Origin [0,0] is located in upper right edge of construction. Positive coordinate +z has downward direction. Water influence

Ground water table is located below the structure. **Resistance on front face of the structure**

Resistance on front face of the structure is not considered. **Settings of the stage of construction**

Design situation : permanent Reduction of soil/soil friction angle : do not reduce Verification No. 1 (Stage of construction 1)

Forces acting on construction

Name	F _{hor}	App.Pt.	F _{vert}	App.Pt.	Design
	[lbf/ft]	z [ft]	[lbf/ft]	x [ft]	coefficient
Weight - wall	0.0	-3.72	4303.1	2.77	1.000
Weight - earth wedge	0.0	-0.87	36.3	5.68	1.000
Weight - earth wedge	0.0	-5.36	447.2	4.41	1.000
Weight - earth wedge	0.0	-9.29	98.1	2.50	1.000
Active pressure	1747.2	-3.16	2116.7	5.25	1.000

Verification of complete wall

Check for overturning stability

Resisting moment $M_{res} = 25440.1$ lbfft/ft Overturning moment $M_{ovr} = 5527.2$ lbfft/ft

Safety factor = 4.60 > 1.50 Wall for overturning is SATISFACTORY

Check for slip

Resisting horizontal force $H_{res} = 4722.50$ lbf/ft Active horizontal force $H_{act} = 1747.21$ lbf/ft

Safety factor = 2.70 > 1.50 Wall for slip is SATISFACTORY

Overall check - WALL is SATISFACTORY Dimensioning No. 1 (Stage of construction 1)

Forces acting on construction

Name	F _{hor}	App.Pt.	F _{vert}	App.Pt.	Design
	[lbf/ft]	z [ft]	[lbf/ft]	x [ft]	coefficient
Weight - wall	0.0	-3.56	3913.1	2.24	1.000
Weight - earth wedge	0.0	-4.86	447.2	3.91	1.000
Weight - earth wedge	0.0	-8.79	98.1	2.00	1.000
Active pressure	1448.6	-3.20	1487.1	4.49	1.000

Verification of most stressed block No. 1

Check for overturning stability

Resisting moment $M_{res} = 17405.8$ lbfft/ft Overturning moment $M_{ovr} = 4629.2$ lbfft/ft

Safety factor = 3.76 > 1.50 Joint for overturning stability is SATISFACTORY

Check for slip

Resisting horizontal force H_{res} = 4988.86 lbf/ft Active horizontal force H_{act} = 1448.65 lbf/ft

Safety factor = 3.44 > 1.50 Joint for verification is SATISFACTORY

Bearing capacity of foundation soil (Stage of construction 1)

Design load acting at the center of footing bottom

No	Moment	Norm. force	Shear Force	Eccentricity	Stress
No.	[lbfft/ft]	[lbf/ft]	[lbf/ft]	[-]	[psf]
1	1091.2	7001.39	1747.21	0.026	1230.8

Service load acting at the center of footing bottom

No.	Moment	Norm. force	Shear Force	
NO.	[lbfft/ft]	[lbf/ft]	[lbf/ft]	
1	1091.2	7001.39	1747.21	

Verification of foundation soil

Stress in the footing bottom : rectangle

Eccentricity verification

Max. eccentricity of normal force e = 0.026Maximum allowable eccentricity $e_{alw} = 0.333$

Eccentricity of the normal force is SATISFACTORY

Verification of bearing capacity

Max. stress at footing bottom σ = 1230.8 psf Allowable bearing capacity of foundation soil R_d = 6000.0 psf

Safety factor = 4.87 > 2.00 Bearing capacity of foundation soil is SATISFACTORY

Overall verification - bearing capacity of found. soil is SATISFACTORY Input data (Stage of construction 2)

Geological profile and assigned soils

N	lo.	Thickness of layer t [ft]	Depth z [ft]	Assigned soil	Pattern
	1	-	∞ 00.0	Retained Soils	

Terrain profile

No.	Coordinates x [ft]	Depth z [ft]
1	0.00	0.00
2	3.00	0.00
3	18.00	-5.00
4	19.00	-5.00

Origin [0,0] is located in upper right edge of construction. Positive coordinate +z has downward direction. Water influence

Ground water table is located below the structure.

Resistance on front face of the structure

Resistance on front face of the structure is not considered. **Earthquake**

Water below the GWT is restricted. Settings of the stage of construction

Design situation : seismic Reduction of soil/soil friction angle : do not reduce Verification No. 1 (Stage of construction 2)

Forces acting on construction

Name	F _{hor}	App.Pt.	F _{vert}	App.Pt.	Design
	[lbf/ft]	z [ft]	[lbf/ft]	x [ft]	coefficient
Weight - wall	0.0	-3.72	4303.1	2.77	1.000
Earthq constr.	1292.3	-3.79	0.0	2.75	1.000
Weight - earth wedge	0.0	-0.87	36.3	5.68	1.000
Earthquake - soil wedge	10.9	-0.87	0.0	5.68	1.000
Weight - earth wedge	0.0	-5.36	447.2	4.41	1.000
Earthquake - soil wedge	134.2	-5.36	0.0	4.41	1.000

Name	F _{hor} [lbf/ft]	App.Pt. z [ft]	F _{vert} [lbf/ft]	App.Pt. x [ft]	Design coefficient
Weight - earth wedge	0.0	-9.29	98.1	2.50	1.000
Earthquake - soil wedge	29.4	-9.29	0.0	2.50	1.000
Active pressure	1747.2	-3.16	2116.7	5.25	1.000
Earthq act.pressure	3931.0	-6.48	5998.3	4.32	1.000

Verification of complete wall

Check for overturning stability

Resisting moment $M_{res} = 51342.4$ lbfft/ft Overturning moment $M_{ovr} = 36907.9$ lbfft/ft

Safety factor = 1.39 > 1.12 Wall for overturning is SATISFACTORY

Check for slip

Resisting horizontal force $H_{res} = 8768.40$ lbf/ft Active horizontal force $H_{act} = 7144.94$ lbf/ft

Safety factor = 1.23 > 1.12 Wall for slip is SATISFACTORY

Overall check - WALL is SATISFACTORY Dimensioning No. 1 (Stage of construction 2)

Forces acting on construction

Name	F _{hor}	App.Pt.	F _{vert}	App.Pt.	Design
	[lbf/ft]	z [ft]	[lbf/ft]	x [ft]	coefficient
Weight - wall	0.0	-3.56	3913.1	2.24	1.000
Earthq constr.	1179.7	-3.63	0.0	2.23	1.000
Weight - earth wedge	0.0	-4.86	447.2	3.91	1.000
Earthquake - soil wedge	134.2	-4.86	0.0	3.91	1.000
Weight - earth wedge	0.0	-8.79	98.1	2.00	1.000
Earthquake - soil wedge	29.4	-8.79	0.0	2.00	1.000
Active pressure	1448.6	-3.20	1487.1	4.49	1.000
Earthq act.pressure	3446.6	-6.17	5251.5	3.76	1.000

Verification of most stressed block No. 1

Safety factor = 1.20 > 1.12 Joint for overturning stability is SATISFACTORY

Check for slip

Resisting horizontal force H_{res} = 9395.36 lbf/ft Active horizontal force H_{act} = 6238.56 lbf/ft

Safety factor = 1.51 > 1.12 Joint for verification is SATISFACTORY

Bearing capacity of foundation soil (Stage of construction 2)

Design load acting at the center of footing bottom

No	o.	Moment	Norm. force	Shear Force	Eccentricity	Stress
		[lbfft/ft]	[lbf/ft]	[lbf/ft]	[-]	[psf]
1	l	24564.6	12999.69	7144.94	0.315	5853.8

Service load acting at the center of footing bottom

No) .	Moment [lbfft/ft]	Norm. force [lbf/ft]	Shear Force [lbf/ft]		
1		24564.6	12999.69	7144.94		

Verification of foundation soil

Stress in the footing bottom : rectangle

Eccentricity verification

Max. eccentricity of normal force e = 0.315Maximum allowable eccentricity $e_{alw} = 0.333$

Eccentricity of the normal force is SATISFACTORY

Verification of bearing capacity

Max. stress at footing bottom	σ	=	5853.8	psf
Allowable bearing capacity of foundation soil	R_d	=	9000.0	psf

Safety factor = 1.54 > 1.50 Bearing capacity of foundation soil is SATISFACTORY

Overall verification - bearing capacity of found. soil is SATISFACTORY

Analysis of Redi Rock wall

Input data (Stage of construction 1)

	7.5 FOOT WALL WITH 2H:1V SLOPE
Part :	Wall B
Customer :	BRADLEY HEIGHTS SS,LLC
Author :	AES
Date :	5/14/2025
Project ID :	TIMBERLANE.BRADLEY HEIGHTS

Name : 9 foot with slopes Stage - analysis : 1 - 0

Settings

(input for current task)

Wall analysis

Verification methodology :	Safety factors (ASD)
Active earth pressure calculation :	Coulomb
Passive earth pressure calculation :	Mazindrani (Rankine)
Earthquake analysis :	Mononobe-Okabe
Shape of earth wedge :	Calculate as skew
Allowable eccentricity :	0.333
Internal stability :	Standard - straight slip surface
Reduction coeff. of contact first block - base :	1.00

Safety factors				
Permanent design situation				
Safety factor for overturning :	SF _o =	1.50 [-]		
Safety factor for sliding resistance : $SF_s = 1.50$ [-]				

[Redi-Rock - Redi-Rock Wall + (32 bit) | version 5.2024.123.0 | Copyright © 2024 Fine spol. s r.o. All Rights Reserved | www.finesoftware.eu] [Redi-Rock International | (231) 237 - 9500 ext 3010| engineering@redi-rock.com| www.redi-rock.com] 1

Safety	factors	
Permanent de	esign situation	
Safety factor for bearing capacity :	SF _b =	2.00 [-]
Safety factor for sliding along geo-reinforcement :	SF _{sr} =	1.50 [–]
Safety factor for geo-reinforcement strength :	SF _{st} =	1.50 [–]
Safety factor for pull out resistance of geo-reinf. :	SF _{po} =	1.50 [–]
Safety factor for connection strength :	SF _{con} =	1.50 [–]
Safety	factors	
Seismic des	ign situation	
Safety factor for overturning :	SF _o =	1.12 [-]
Safety factor for sliding resistance :	SF _s =	1.12 [-]
Safety factor for bearing capacity :	SF _b =	1.50 [–]
Safety factor for sliding along geo-reinforcement :	SF _{sr} =	1.12 [–]
Safety factor for geo-reinforcement strength :	SF _{st} =	1.12 [–]
Safety factor for pull out resistance of geo-reinf. :	SF _{po} =	1.12 [–]
Safety factor for connection strength :	SF _{con} =	1.12 [-]

Blocks

No.	Description	Block height h [in]	Block width w [in]	Unit weight γ [pcf]
1	Block 28	18.00	28.00	142.00
2	Block 41	18.00	40.50	142.00
3	Block 60	18.00	60.00	142.00
4	Top block 28	18.00	28.00	120.00

No.	Description	joint		Block friction
		F _{min} [lbf/ft]	F _{max} [lbf/ft]	f [°]
1	Block 28	6061.00	11276.00	44.00
2	Block 41	6061.00	11276.00	44.00
3	Block 60	6061.00	11276.00	44.00
4	Top block 28	6061.00	11276.00	44.00

Setbacks

No.	Setback s [in]	
1	0.000	
2	0.033	
3	0.135	
4	0.781	
5	1.385	

Geometry

No. group	Description	Count	Setback s [in]
1	Block 60	1	0.13
2	Block 41	2	0.13
3	Block 28	1	0.13
4	Top block 28	1	-

Base

Geometry

Upper setback	a ₁	=	0.50	ft
Lower setback	a ₂	=	0.50	ft
Height	h	=	0.50	ft
Width	b	=	6.00	ft

Material

Soil creating foundation - CSTC **Basic soil parameters**

No.	Name	Pattern	Φ _{ef} [°]	c _{ef} [psf]	γ [pcf]	Y _{su} [pcf]	δ [°]
1	Retained Soils		34.00	0.0	130.00	67.50	22.78
2	сятс		40.00	0.0	130.00	67.50	26.80
3	Structural Fill		36.00	0.0	130.00	67.50	24.12

All soils are considered as cohesionless for at rest pressure analysis. **Soil parameters**

Retained Soils

Retained Solis	
Unit weight :	γ = 130.0 pcf
Stress-state :	effective
Angle of internal friction :	φ_{ef} = 34.00 °
Cohesion of soil :	c _{ef} = 0.0 psf
Angle of friction strucsoil :	δ = 22.78 °
Saturated unit weight :	γ_{sat} = 130.0 pcf
CSTC	
Unit weight :	$\gamma = 130.0 \text{pcf}$
Stress-state :	effective
Angle of internal friction :	$\varphi_{\rm ef}$ = 40.00 °
Cohesion of soil :	c _{ef} = 0.0 psf
Angle of friction strucsoil :	δ = 26.80 °
Saturated unit weight :	γ_{sat} = 130.0 pcf
Structural Fill	
Unit weight :	y = 130.0 pcf
Stress-state :	effective
Angle of internal friction :	φ_{ef} = 36.00 °
Cohesion of soil :	c _{ef} = 0.0 psf

Angle of friction strucsoil :	δ =	24.12 °
Saturated unit weight :	γ _{sat} =	130.0 pcf

Backfill

Assigned soil : Structural Fill Slope = 45.00 ° Geological profile and assigned soils

No.	Thickness of layer t [ft]	Depth z [ft]	Assigned soil	Pattern
1	-	∞ 00.0	Retained Soils	

Terrain profile

Depth of terrain below the top of wall h = 0.40 ft.

No.	Coordinates	Depth
NO.	x [ft]	z [ft]
1	0.00	0.00
2	2.00	0.00
3	17.00	-7.50
4	18.00	-7.50

Origin [0,0] is located in upper right edge of construction. Positive coordinate +z has downward direction. Water influence

Ground water table is located below the structure. **Resistance on front face of the structure**

Resistance on front face of the structure is not considered. **Settings of the stage of construction**

Design situation : permanent Reduction of soil/soil friction angle : do not reduce Verification No. 1 (Stage of construction 1)

Forces acting on construction

Name	F _{hor} [lbf/ft]	App.Pt. z [ft]	F _{vert} [lbf/ft]	App.Pt. x [ft]	Design coefficient
Weight - wall	0.0	-3.15	3717.9	2.57	1.000
Weight - earth wedge	0.0	-4.17	690.0	4.34	1.000
Active pressure	1642.8	-2.61	2089.8	5.25	1.000

Verification of complete wall

Check for overturning stability

Resisting moment $M_{res} = 23511.0$ lbfft/ft Overturning moment $M_{ovr} = 4289.2$ lbfft/ft

Safety factor = 5.48 > 1.50 Wall for overturning is SATISFACTORY

Check for slip

Resisting horizontal force H_{res} = 4382.72 lbf/ft

Active horizontal force $H_{act} = 1642.76 \text{ lbf/ft}$

Safety factor = 2.67 > 1.50 Wall for slip is SATISFACTORY

Overall check - WALL is SATISFACTORY Dimensioning No. 1 (Stage of construction 1)

Forces acting on construction

Name	F _{hor}	App.Pt.	F _{vert}	App.Pt.	Design
	[lbf/ft]	z [ft]	[lbf/ft]	x [ft]	coefficient
Weight - wall	0.0	-2.99	3327.9	2.02	1.000
Weight - earth wedge	0.0	-3.86	612.0	3.73	1.000
Active pressure	1323.3	-2.57	1464.0	4.45	1.000

Verification of most stressed block No. 1

Check for overturning stability

Resisting moment $M_{res} = 15509.3$ lbfft/ft Overturning moment $M_{ovr} = 3397.7$ lbfft/ft

Safety factor = 4.56 > 1.50 Joint for overturning stability is SATISFACTORY

Check for slip

Resisting horizontal force $H_{res} = 4534.35$ lbf/ft Active horizontal force $H_{act} = 1323.33$ lbf/ft

Safety factor = 3.43 > 1.50 Joint for verification is SATISFACTORY

Bearing capacity of foundation soil (Stage of construction 1)

Design load acting at the center of footing bottom

No.	Moment	Norm. force	Shear Force	Eccentricity	Stress
1	[lbfft/ft] 271.1	[lbf/ft] 6497.65	[lbf/ft] 1642.76	0.007	[psf] 1098.2

Service load acting at the center of footing bottom

No.	Moment [lbfft/ft]		
1	271.1	6497.65	1642.76

Verification of foundation soil

Stress in the footing bottom : rectangle

Eccentricity verification

Max. eccentricity of normal force e = 0.007Maximum allowable eccentricity $e_{alw} = 0.333$

Eccentricity of the normal force is SATISFACTORY

Verification of bearing capacity

Max. stress at footing bottom σ = 1098.2 psf Allowable bearing capacity of foundation soil R_d = 6000.0 psf

Safety factor = 5.46 > 2.00

Bearing capacity of foundation soil is SATISFACTORY

Overall verification - bearing capacity of found. soil is SATISFACTORY Input data (Stage of construction 2)

Geological profile and assigned soils

No.	Thickness of layer t [ft]	Depth z [ft]	Assigned soil	Pattern
1	-	∞ 00.0	Retained Soils	

Terrain profile

Depth of terrain below the top of wall h = 0.40 ft.

No.	Coordinates x [ft]	Depth z [ft]
1	0.00	0.00
2	2.00	0.00
3	17.00	-7.50
4	18.00	-7.50

Origin [0,0] is located in upper right edge of construction. Positive coordinate +z has downward direction. Water influence

Ground water table is located below the structure. **Resistance on front face of the structure**

Resistance on front face of the structure is not considered. **Earthquake**

Factor of horizontal acceleration $K_h = 0.2550$ Factor of vertical acceleration $K_v = 0.0000$

Water below the GWT is restricted. Settings of the stage of construction

Design situation : seismic Reduction of soil/soil friction angle : do not reduce

Verification No. 1 (Stage of construction 2)

Forces acting on construction

Name	F _{hor}	App.Pt.	F _{vert}	App.Pt.	Design
	[lbf/ft]	z [ft]	[lbf/ft]	x [ft]	coefficient
Weight - wall	0.0	-3.15	3717.9	2.57	1.000
Earthq constr.	946.9	-3.17	0.0	2.56	1.000
Weight - earth wedge	0.0	-4.17	690.0	4.34	1.000
Earthquake - soil wedge	175.9	-4.17	0.0	4.34	1.000
Active pressure	1642.8	-2.61	2089.8	5.25	1.000
Earthq act.pressure	5508.7	-5.14	7571.6	4.49	1.000

Verification of complete wall

Check for overturning stability

Resisting moment $M_{res} = 57493.3$ lbfft/ft Overturning moment $M_{ovr} = 36365.2$ lbfft/ft

Safety factor = 1.58 > 1.12 Wall for overturning is SATISFACTORY

Check for slip

Resisting horizontal force $H_{res} = 9489.82$ lbf/ft Active horizontal force $H_{act} = 8274.39$ lbf/ft

Safety factor = 1.15 > 1.12 Wall for slip is SATISFACTORY

Overall check - WALL is SATISFACTORY

Warning - allowable range of input data exceeded during earthquake analysis! The analysis is carried out with the modified value of terrain inclination β . (β =26.57°, β_{modif} =19.69°)

Dimensioning No. 1 (Stage of construction 2)

Forces acting on construction

Name	F _{hor}	App.Pt.	F _{vert}	App.Pt.	Design
	[lbf/ft]	z [ft]	[lbf/ft]	x [ft]	coefficient
Weight - wall	0.0	-2.54	2262.9	1.66	1.000
Earthq constr.	577.7	-2.58	0.0	1.65	1.000
Weight - earth wedge	0.0	-3.66	116.1	2.96	1.000
Earthquake - soil wedge	29.6	-3.66	0.0	2.96	1.000
Weight - earth wedge	0.0	-5.59	4.1	1.78	1.000
Earthquake - soil wedge	1.1	-5.59	0.0	1.78	1.000
Active pressure	670.9	-2.03	472.0	3.30	1.000
Earthq act.pressure	2433.0	-3.90	2943.4	3.09	1.000

Verification of most stressed block No. 2

Check for overturning stability

Resisting moment $M_{res} = 14754.9$ lbfft/ft Overturning moment $M_{ovr} = 12460.0$ lbfft/ft

Safety factor = 1.18 > 1.12 Joint for overturning stability is SATISFACTORY

Check for slip

Resisting horizontal force $H_{res} = 11276.00$ lbf/ft Active horizontal force $H_{act} = 3712.18$ lbf/ft

Safety factor = 3.04 > 1.12 Joint for verification is SATISFACTORY

Bearing capacity of foundation soil (Stage of construction 2)

Design load acting at the center of footing bottom

N	lo.	Moment [lbfft/ft]	Norm. force [lbf/ft]	Shear Force [lbf/ft]	Eccentricity [–]	Stress [psf]
	1	21079.7	14069.24	8274.39	0.250	4684.4

Service load acting at the center of footing bottom

	No.	Moment	Norm. force	Shear Force
	NO.	[lbfft/ft]	[lbf/ft]	[lbf/ft]
ſ	1	21079.7	14069.24	8274.39

Verification of foundation soil

Stress in the footing bottom : rectangle

Eccentricity verification

Max. eccentricity of normal force e = 0.250Maximum allowable eccentricity $e_{alw} = 0.333$

Eccentricity of the normal force is SATISFACTORY

Verification of bearing capacity

Max. stress at footing bottom $\sigma = 4684.4 \text{ psf}$ Allowable bearing capacity of foundation soil $R_d = 12000.0 \text{ psf}$

Safety factor = 2.56 > 1.50 Bearing capacity of foundation soil is SATISFACTORY

Overall verification - bearing capacity of found. soil is SATISFACTORY

Appendix B Block Manufacturer Standard Details

