



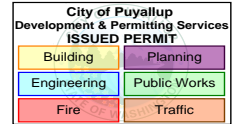
SFA Design Group, LLC

STRUCTURAL | GEOTECHNICAL | SPECIAL INSPECTIONS

Portland, OR | Seattle, WA

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PRCTI20242007



These calculations must be on site and made available by the Permittee for all inspections.

STRUCTURAL CALCULATIONS

Don's Drive-In Repair

925 S Meridian, Puyallup, WA 98371



EXPIRES: 12/24/24

LIMITATIONS

ENGINEER WAS RETAINED IN A LIMITED CAPACITY FOR THIS PROJECT. DESIGN IS BASED UPON INFORMATION PROVIDED BY THE CLIENT WHO IS SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR ACCURACY OF SAME. NO RESPONSIBILITY AND/OR LIABILITY IS ASSUMED BY, OR IS TO BE ASSIGNED TO THE ENGINEER FOR ITEMS BEYOND THAT SHOWN ON THESE SHEETS.

Project No. 24-007

May 20, 2024



PROJECT NO. 24-007	SHEET NO.
PROJECT Don's Drive-In Repair	DATE 5/20/2024
SUBJECT Table of Contents	BY CVG

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PROJECT NO. 24-007	SHEET NO.
PROJECT Don's Drive-In Repair	DATE 4/17/2024
SUBJECT Design Criteria	BY CVG

Structural Narrative

The existing structure is a one-story restaurant. The gravity system consists of 2x10 wood joists and sistered 2x12 wood beams over wood columns, and 4x8x16 unreinforced CMU block walls. The foundation system consists of slab on grade and continuous footing is assumed at the perimeter of the structure. The lateral system consists of wood roof diaphragm (in the form of diagonal decking) over unreinforced CMU shearwalls. A car collided with the north facing wall, and damaged 11'-9" length of wall. Scope of work consists of replacing damaged wall to pre-damaged condition (per WSEBC section 405.2.1), and support of new hood, make-up air unit and exhaust fan.

General

Building Department	City of Puyallup
Building Code	2021 IBC
Risk Category	II
Project Site Latitude/Longitude	47.18330/-122.29320

Dead Loads

(E) Roof Dead Load

Roofing	4.0 psf
Diagonal Decking	2.0 psf
Loose Insulation	1.0 psf
2x10 at 16" oc	2.5 psf
Electrical and Mechanical	1.0 psf
5/8" Gyp Ceiling	2.7 psf
Miscellaneous	1.8 psf
Total	15.0 psf

Live Loads

Roof Snow Load	25 psf
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Deflections

Total Load Deflection Limit	L/240
Live Load Deflection Limit	L/360



PROJECT NO. 24-007	SHEET NO.
DATE 4/17/2024	BY CVG

PROJECT
Don's Drive-In Repair

SUBJECT
Design Criteria

Wind Loads

Wind Speed (3-Second Gust)	97.0 mph
Exposure	B
Elevation	44 ft
Topography Factor (K_{zt})	1.0 (Flat)

Seismic Loads

Seismic Design Category	D
Site Soil Classification	D
Seismic Importance Factor	1.0
Response Modification Coefficient	1.5
Basic Seismic Force Resisting System	Ordinary plain masonry shearwalls
Mapped MCE Spectral Response Acceleration (Short Periods, S_s)	126.900%
Mapped MCE Spectral Response Acceleration (1 Second, S_1)	43.700%
Design Spectral Response Acceleration (Short Periods, S_{DS})	101.500%
Seismic Response Coefficient, C_s	0.677
Design Base Shear	30320 lbs
Analysis Procedure Used	Equivalent Lateral Force
Special Seismic Ordinances/Notes:	None

Soil Parameters

Allowable Soil Bearing Pressure	1500 psf
1/3 Increase for Wind/Earthquake forces?	Yes
Minimum Frost Depth	12 in
Coefficient of Friction	0.30

Additional Ordinances/Notes: None



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STRUCTURAL | CIVIL | LAND USE PLANNING

PROJECT NO. 72-001	SHEET NO.
DATE 4/10/21	BY CW6

PROJECT
PAI'S DRIVE - W

SUBJECT
BUILDING EVALUATION

DAMAGED WALL LENGTH:

$L_{\text{WALL LOSS}} = 11'-9"$ DUE TO CAR COLLISION
TO NORTH-FACING WALL

PRE-DAMAGED WALL LENGTH:

$L_{\text{NORTH}} = 27'-8"$

$L_{\text{SOUTH}} = 27'-9"$
54'-9"

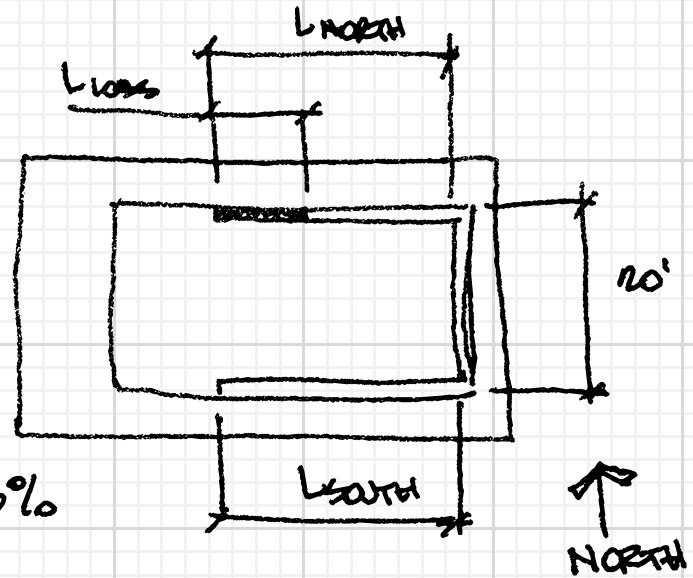
LATERAL CAPACITY:

$$\frac{11.75}{54.75} = 21.5\% < 33\%$$

\therefore NOT A "SUBSTANTIAL

STRUCTURAL DAMAGE" AS
DEFINED IN WASHINGTON STATE
EXISTING BUILDING CODE

\therefore DAMAGED WALL CAN BE RESTORED TO
PRE-DAMAGED CONDITION PER
WASHINGTON STATE EXISTING
BUILDING CODE SECTION 405.2.1



Project File: Dons Drivein calcs.ec6

(c) ENERCALC INC 1983-2023

DESCRIPTION: (E) Roof Joist with Mech Unit Loads

CODE REFERENCES

Calculations per NDS 2018, IBC 2018, CBC 2019, ASCE 7-16

Load Combination Set : ASCE 7-16

Material Properties

Analysis Method : Allowable Stress Design

Load Combination : ASCE 7-16

Wood Species : iLevel Truss Joist

Wood Grade : MicroLam LVL 2.0 E

Beam Bracing : Beam is Fully Braced against lateral-torsional buckling

Fb + 2,600.0 psi

Fb - 2,600.0 psi

Fc - Prll 2,510.0 psi

Fc - Perp 750.0 psi

Fv 285.0 psi

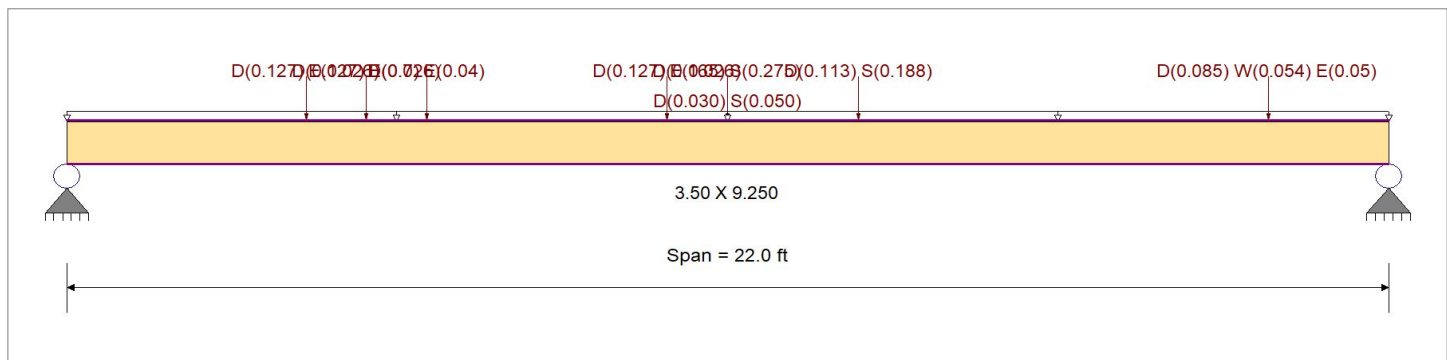
Ft 1,555.0 psi

E : Modulus of Elasticity

Ebend- xx 2,000.0ksi

Eminbend - xx 1,016.54ksi

Density 42.010pcf



Applied Loads

Service loads entered. Load Factors will be applied for calculations.

Beam self weight calculated and added to loading

Loads on all spans...

Uniform Load on ALL spans : $D = 0.0150$, $S = 0.0250$ ksf, Tributary Width = 2.0 ft

Point Load : $D = 0.70$, $E = 0.040 \text{ k @ } 6.0 \text{ ft}$, (MUA load)

Point Load : $D = 0.1270$, $E = 0.0260$ k @ 4.0 ft, (hood)

Point Load : $D = 0.1270$, $E = 0.0260$ k @ 5.0 ft, (hood)

Point Load : $D = 0.1270$, $E = 0.0260$ k @ 10.0 ft, (hood)

Point Load : D = 0.1650, S = 0.2750 k @ 11.0 ft, (roof beam reaction at opening)

Point Load : $D = 0.1130$, $S = 0.1880$ k @ 13.170 ft, (roof beam reaction at opening)

Point Load : D = 0.0850, W = 0.0540, E = 0.050 k @ 20.0 ft, (1/2 hood)

DESIGN SUMMARY

Design OK

Maximum Bending Stress Ratio		=	0.974 : 1	Maximum Shear Stress Ratio		=	0.290 : 1
Section used for this span		=	3.50 X 9.250	Section used for this span		=	3.50 X 9.250
fb: Actual		=	3,017.78psi	fv: Actual		=	94.90 psi
F'b		=	3,097.74psi	F'v		=	327.75 psi
Load Combination			+D+S	Load Combination			+D+S
Location of maximum on span		=	11.000ft	Location of maximum on span		=	0.000 ft
Span # where maximum occurs		=	Span # 1	Span # where maximum occurs		=	Span # 1
Maximum Deflection							
Max Downward Transient Deflection		0.952 in	Ratio =	277	>=240	Span: 1 : S Only	
Max Upward Transient Deflection		-0.083 in	Ratio =	3186	>=240	Span: 1 : E Only * -1.0	
Max Downward Total Deflection		1.361 in	Ratio =	194	>=180	Span: 1 : D Only	
Max Upward Total Deflection		0 in	Ratio =	0	<180	n/a	

Vertical Reactions

Support notation : Far left is #1

Values in KIPS

Load Combination	Support 1	Support 2
Max Upward from all Load Conditions	1.350	0.962
Max Upward from Load Cases	1.350	0.962
D Only	1.350	0.962
S Only	0.763	0.800
W Only	0.005	0.049
E Only	0.089	0.079

Wood Beam

Project File: Dons Drivein calcs.ec6

LIC# : KW-06015057, Build:20.23.08.30

SFA ENGINEERING LLC

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DESCRIPTION: (E) Cant Roof Joist with Mech Unit Loads

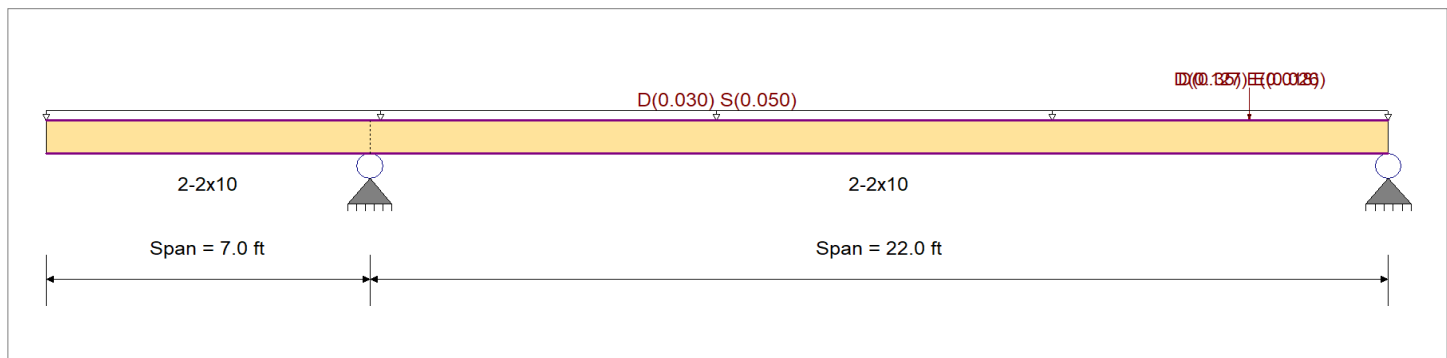
CODE REFERENCES

Calculations per NDS 2018, IBC 2018, CBC 2019, ASCE 7-16

Load Combination Set : ASCE 7-16

Material Properties

Analysis Method :	Allowable Stress Design	Fb +	1,200.0 psi	<i>E : Modulus of Elasticity</i>	
Load Combination :	ASCE 7-16	Fb -	1,200.0 psi	Ebend- xx	1,800.0ksi
		Fc - Prll	1,550.0 psi	Eminbend - xx	660.0ksi
Wood Species :	Douglas Fir-Larch	Fc - Perp	625.0 psi		
Wood Grade :	No.1 & Better	Fv	180.0 psi		
		Ft	800.0 psi	Density	31.210pcf
Beam Bracing :	Beam is Fully Braced against lateral-torsional buckling			Repetitive Member Stress Increase	



Applied Loads

Service loads entered. Load Factors will be applied for calculations.

Beam self weight calculated and added to loading

Loads on all spans...

Uniform Load on ALL spans : D = 0.0150, S = 0.0250 ksf, Tributary Width = 2.0 ft

Load for Span Number 2

Point Load : D = 0.1270, E = 0.0260 k @ 19.0 ft, (hood)

Point Load : D = 0.350, E = 0.0180 k @ 19.0 ft, (50% of MUA load)

DESIGN SUMMARY

Design OK

Maximum Bending Stress Ratio	=	0.806 : 1	Maximum Shear Stress Ratio	=	0.313 : 1
Section used for this span		2-2x10	Section used for this span		2-2x10
fb: Actual	=	1,406.97psi	fv: Actual	=	64.81 psi
F'b	=	1,745.70psi	F'v	=	207.00 psi
Load Combination		+D+S	Load Combination		+D+S
Location of maximum on span	=	12.905ft	Location of maximum on span	=	21.263 ft
Span # where maximum occurs	=	Span # 2	Span # where maximum occurs	=	Span # 2
Maximum Deflection					
Max Downward Transient Deflection	0.565 in	Ratio = 466 >=360	Span: 2 : S Only		
Max Upward Transient Deflection	-0.375 in	Ratio = 446 >=360	Span: 2 : E Only * -1.0		
Max Downward Total Deflection	0.617 in	Ratio = 428 >=240	Span: 2 : D Only		
Max Upward Total Deflection	-0.445 in	Ratio = 376 >=240	Span: 1 : D Only		

Vertical Reactions

Support notation : Far left is #1

Values in KIPS

Load Combination	Support 1	Support 2	Support 3
Max Upward from all Load Conditions		0.956	0.768
Max Upward from Load Cases		0.956	0.768
D Only		0.753	0.768
S Only		0.956	0.494
E Only		0.006	0.038

Wood Beam

Project File: Dons Drivein calcs.ec6

LIC#: KW-06015057, Build:20.23.08.30

SFA ENGINEERING LLC

(c) ENERCALC INC 1983-2023

DESCRIPTION: (E) Dropped Beam with Mech Units

CODE REFERENCES

Calculations per NDS 2018, IBC 2018, CBC 2019, ASCE 7-16

Load Combination Set : ASCE 7-16

Material Properties

Analysis Method : Allowable Stress Design
 Load Combination : ASCE 7-16

Wood Species : Douglas Fir-Larch
 Wood Grade : No.1 & Better

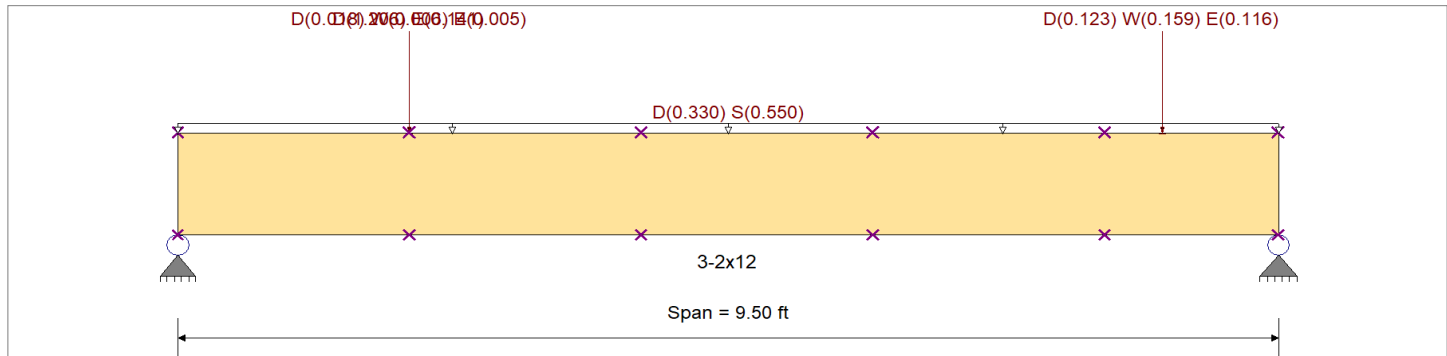
Beam Bracing : Beam bracing is defined as a set spacing over all spans

Fb +	1,200.0 psi	E : Modulus of Elasticity	
Fb -	1,200.0 psi	Ebend- xx	1,800.0ksi
Fc - Prll	1,550.0 psi	Eminbend - xx	660.0ksi
Fc - Perp	625.0 psi		
Fv	180.0 psi		
Ft	800.0 psi	Density	31.210pcf

Unbraced Lengths

First Brace starts at 2.0 ft from Left-Most support

Regular spacing of lateral supports on length of beam = 2.0 ft



Applied Loads

Service loads entered. Load Factors will be applied for calculations.

Beam self weight NOT internally calculated and added

Loads on all spans...

Uniform Load on ALL spans : D = 0.0150, S = 0.0250 ksf, Tributary Width = 22.0 ft

Point Load : D = 1.206, E = 0.1410 k @ 2.0 ft, (MUA and hood)

Point Load : D = 0.1230, W = 0.1590, E = 0.1160 k @ 8.50 ft, (27% HVAC unit (vert loads) & OT)

Point Load : D = 0.0180, W = 0.0060, E = 0.0050 k @ 2.0 ft, (10% condenser unit)

Sistered member is 2.0E LVL,
therefore OK by inspection

DESIGN SUMMARY

				Design N.G.			
Maximum Bending Stress Ratio		=	1.033	Maximum Shear Stress Ratio		=	0.621 : 1
Section used for this span			3-2x12	Section used for this span			3-2x12
fb: Actual		=	1,421.85psi	fv: Actual		=	128.46 psi
F'b		=	1,376.53psi	F'v		=	207.00 psi
Load Combination			+D+S	Load Combination			+D+S
Location of maximum on span		=	4.473ft	Location of maximum on span		=	0.000 ft
Span # where maximum occurs		=	Span # 1	Span # where maximum occurs		=	Span # 1
Maximum Deflection							
Max Downward Transient Deflection		0.105 in	Ratio = 1080 >=240	Span: 1 : S Only			
Max Upward Transient Deflection		-0.004 in	Ratio = 28621 >=240	Span: 1 : E Only * -1.0			
Max Downward Total Deflection		0.088 in	Ratio = 1293 >=180	Span: 1 : D Only			
Max Upward Total Deflection		0 in	Ratio = 0 <180	n/a			

Vertical Reactions

Support notation : Far left is #1

Values in KIPS

Load Combination	Support 1	Support 2
Max Upward from all Load Conditions	2.613	2.613
Max Upward from Load Cases	2.613	2.613
D Only	2.547	1.935
S Only	2.613	2.613
W Only	0.021	0.144
E Only	0.127	0.135

Wood Beam

Project File: Dons Drivein calcs.ec6

LIC#: KW-06015057, Build:20.23.08.30

SFA ENGINEERING LLC

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DESCRIPTION: (E) Roof Joist with HVAC (Supported by ((5) Joists Min)

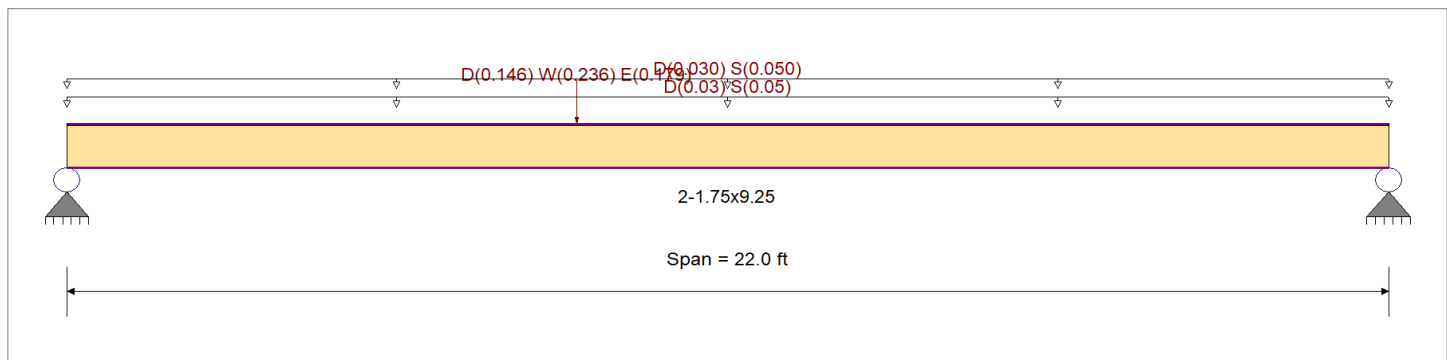
CODE REFERENCES

Calculations per NDS 2018, IBC 2018, CBC 2019, ASCE 7-16

Load Combination Set : ASCE 7-16

Material Properties

Analysis Method :	Allowable Stress Design	Fb +	2,600.0 psi	<i>E : Modulus of Elasticity</i>	
Load Combination :	ASCE 7-16	Fb -	2,600.0 psi	Ebend- xx	2,000.0ksi
		Fc - Prll	2,510.0 psi	Eminbend - xx	1,016.54ksi
Wood Species :	iLevel Truss Joist	Fc - Perp	750.0 psi		
Wood Grade :	MicroLam LVL 2.0 E	Fv	285.0 psi		
		Ft	1,555.0 psi	Density	42.010pcf
Beam Bracing :	Beam is Fully Braced against lateral-torsional buckling			Repetitive Member Stress Increase	



Applied Loads

Service loads entered. Load Factors will be applied for calculations.

Beam self weight NOT internally calculated and added

Loads on all spans...

Uniform Load on ALL spans : D = 0.0150, S = 0.0250 ksf, Tributary Width = 2.0 ft

Point Load : D = 0.1460, W = 0.2360, E = 0.1790 k @ 8.50 ft, (HVAC Unit)

Uniform Load : D = 0.0150, S = 0.0250 ksf, Tributary Width = 2.0 ft

DESIGN SUMMARY

Design N.G.

Maximum Bending Stress Ratio	=	0.769	1	Maximum Shear Stress Ratio	=	0.245	: 1
Section used for this span		2-1.75x9.25		Section used for this span		2-1.75x9.25	
fb: Actual	=	2,478.88psi		fv: Actual	=	80.34 psi	
F'b	=	3,221.65psi		F'v	=	327.75 psi	
Load Combination		+D+S		Load Combination		+D+S	
Location of maximum on span	=	10.679ft		Location of maximum on span	=	0.000 ft	
Span # where maximum occurs	=	Span # 1		Span # where maximum occurs	=	Span # 1	
Maximum Deflection							
Max Downward Transient Deflection		1.148 in	Ratio = 229 < 240	Span: 1 : S Only			
Max Upward Transient Deflection		-0.184 in	Ratio = 1434 >= 240	Span: 1 : -W			
Max Downward Total Deflection		0.802 in	Ratio = 329 >= 180	Span: 1 : D Only			
Max Upward Total Deflection		0 in	Ratio = 0 < 180	n/a			

Vertical Reactions

Support notation : Far left is #1

Values in KIPS

Load Combination	Support 1	Support 2
Max Upward from all Load Conditions	1.850	1.816
Max Upward from Load Combinations	1.850	1.816
Max Upward from Load Cases	1.100	1.100
D Only	0.750	0.716
+D+S	1.850	1.816
+D+0.750S	1.575	1.541
+D+0.60W	0.836	0.771
+D+0.450W	0.815	0.757
+D+0.750S+0.450W	1.640	1.582
+0.60D+0.60W	0.537	0.485
+D+0.70E	0.826	0.765

Wood Beam

Project File: Dons Drivein calcs.ec6

LIC# : KW-06015057, Build:20.23.08.30

SFA ENGINEERING LLC

(c) ENERCALC INC 1983-2023

DESCRIPTION: (E) Roof Joist with HVAC (Supported by ((5) Joists Min)

Vertical Reactions

Support notation : Far left is #1

Values in KIPS

Load Combination	Support 1	Support 2
+D+0.750S+0.5250E	1.632	1.578
+0.60D+0.70E	0.527	0.478
S Only	1.100	1.100
W Only	0.145	0.091
E Only	0.110	0.069

Wood Beam

Project File: Dons Drivein calcs.ec6

LIC#: KW-06015057, Build:20.23.08.30

SFA ENGINEERING LLC

(c) ENERCALC INC 1983-2023

DESCRIPTION: (E) Dropped Beam [For Load Generation Purposes Only]

CODE REFERENCES

Calculations per NDS 2018, IBC 2018, CBC 2019, ASCE 7-16

Load Combination Set : ASCE 7-16

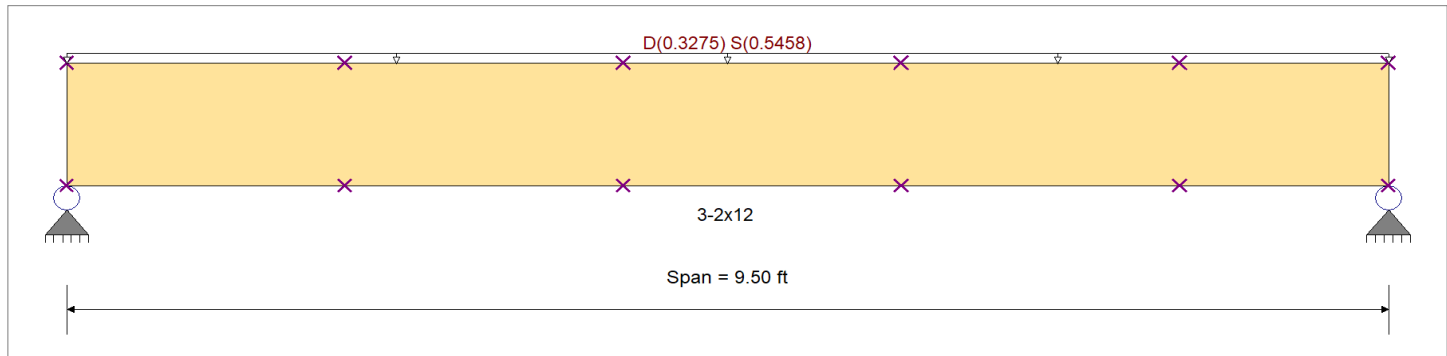
Material Properties

Analysis Method : Allowable Stress Design	Fb +	1,200.0 psi	E : Modulus of Elasticity	
Load Combination : ASCE 7-16	Fb -	1,200.0 psi	Ebend- xx	1,800.0ksi
	Fc - Prll	1,550.0 psi	Eminbend - xx	660.0ksi
Wood Species : Douglas Fir-Larch	Fc - Perp	625.0 psi		
Wood Grade : No.1 & Better	Fv	180.0 psi		
	Ft	800.0 psi	Density	31.210pcf
Beam Bracing : Beam bracing is defined as a set spacing over all spans				

Unbraced Lengths

First Brace starts at 2.0 ft from Left-Most support

Regular spacing of lateral supports on length of beam = 2.0 ft



Applied Loads

Service loads entered. Load Factors will be applied for calculations.

Beam self weight calculated and added to loading

Loads on all spans...

Uniform Load on ALL spans : D = 0.0150, S = 0.0250 ksf, Tributary Width = 21.830 ft

DESIGN SUMMARY

				Design OK			
Maximum Bending Stress Ratio	=	0.916	1	Maximum Shear Stress Ratio	=	0.483	1
Section used for this span		3-2x12		Section used for this span		3-2x12	
fb: Actual	=	1,260.98psi		fv: Actual	=	99.91 psi	
F'b	=	1,376.53psi		F'v	=	207.00 psi	
Load Combination		+D+S		Load Combination		+D+S	
Location of maximum on span	=	4.750ft		Location of maximum on span	=	8.564 ft	
Span # where maximum occurs	=	Span # 1		Span # where maximum occurs	=	Span # 1	
Maximum Deflection							
Max Downward Transient Deflection	0.105 in	Ratio =	1089 >=240	Span: 1 : S Only			
Max Upward Transient Deflection	0 in	Ratio =	0 <240	n/a			
Max Downward Total Deflection	0.065 in	Ratio =	1756 >=180	Span: 1 : D Only			
Max Upward Total Deflection	0 in	Ratio =	0 <180	n/a			

Vertical Reactions

Support notation : Far left is #1

Values in KIPS

Load Combination	Support 1	Support 2
Max Upward from all Load Conditions	4.200	4.200
Max Upward from Load Combinations	4.200	4.200
Max Upward from Load Cases	2.592	2.592
D Only	1.608	1.608
+D+S	4.200	4.200
+D+0.750S	3.552	3.552
S Only	2.592	2.592

Wood Beam

Project File: Dons Drivein calcs.ec6

LIC# : KW-06015057, Build:20.23.08.30

SFA ENGINEERING LLC

(c) ENERCALC INC 1983-2023

DESCRIPTION: (E) Dropped Beam w/ HVAC Loads

CODE REFERENCES

Calculations per NDS 2018, IBC 2018, CBC 2019, ASCE 7-16

Load Combination Set : ASCE 7-16

Material Properties

Analysis Method : Allowable Stress Design
 Load Combination : ASCE 7-16

Wood Species : Douglas Fir-Larch
 Wood Grade : No.1 & Better

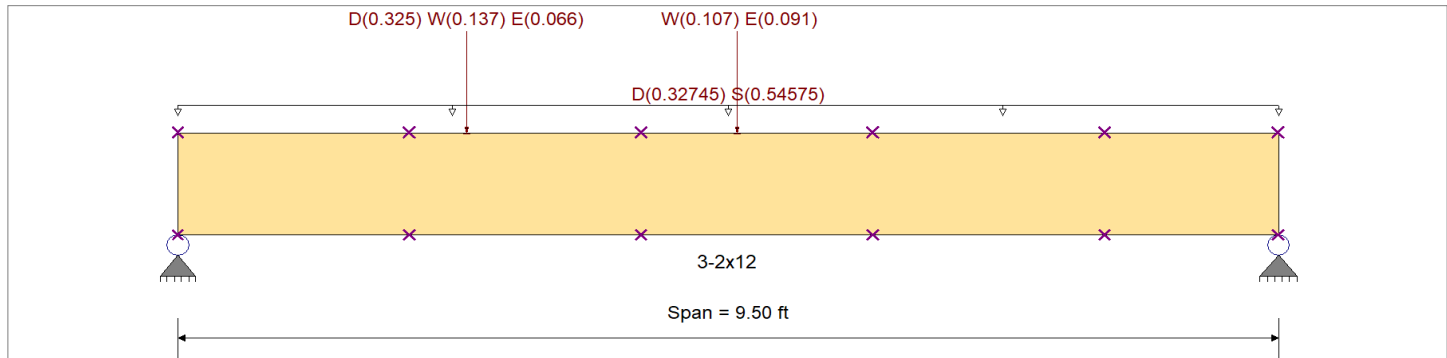
Beam Bracing : Beam bracing is defined as a set spacing over all spans

Fb +	1,200.0 psi	E : Modulus of Elasticity	
Fb -	1,200.0 psi	Ebend- xx	1,800.0ksi
Fc - Prll	1,550.0 psi	Eminbend - xx	660.0ksi
Fc - Perp	625.0 psi		
Fv	180.0 psi		
Ft	800.0 psi	Density	31.210pcf

Unbraced Lengths

First Brace starts at 2.0 ft from Left-Most support

Regular spacing of lateral supports on length of beam = 2.0 ft



Applied Loads

Service loads entered. Load Factors will be applied for calculations.

Beam self weight NOT internally calculated and added

Point Load : D = 0.3250, W = 0.1370, E = 0.0660 k @ 2.50 ft

Uniform Load : D = 0.0150, S = 0.0250 ksf, Tributary Width = 21.830 ft, (existing roof)

Point Load : W = 0.1070, E = 0.0910 k @ 4.830 ft, (due to OT)

use 1.75x9.25 2.0E LVL sistered to (E) dropped beam

DESIGN SUMMARY

Maximum Bending Stress Ratio				=	0.942	1	Maximum Shear Stress Ratio				=	0.511	: 1
Section used for this span					3-2x12		Section used for this span					3-2x12	
fb: Actual				=	1,297.22psi		fv: Actual				=	105.77 psi	
F'b				=	1,376.53psi		F'v				=	207.00 psi	
Load Combination				=	+D+S		Load Combination				=	+D+S	
Location of maximum on span				=	4.646ft		Location of maximum on span				=	0.000 ft	
Span # where maximum occurs				=	Span # 1		Span # where maximum occurs				=	Span # 1	
Maximum Deflection													
Max Downward Transient Deflection				0.105 in	Ratio =	1089	>=240	Span: 1 : S Only					
Max Upward Transient Deflection				-0.007 in	Ratio =	17153	>=240	Span: 1 : -W					
Max Downward Total Deflection				0.070 in	Ratio =	1620	>=180	Span: 1 : D Only					
Max Upward Total Deflection				0 in	Ratio =	0	<180	n/a					

Vertical Reactions

Support notation : Far left is #1

Values in KIPS

Load Combination	Support 1	Support 2
Max Upward from all Load Conditions	4.387	4.233
Max Upward from Load Combinations	4.387	4.233
Max Upward from Load Cases	2.592	2.592
D Only	1.795	1.641
+D+S	4.387	4.233
+D+0.750S	3.739	3.585
S Only	2.592	2.592
W Only	0.154	0.090
E Only	0.093	0.064

comparison with existing loads, new loads are less than 5% over, therefore existing beam connections OK

Masonry Column

Project File: Dons Drivein calcs.ec6

LIC# : KW-06015057, Build:20.23.08.30

SFA ENGINEERING LLC

(c) ENERCALC INC 1983-2023

DESCRIPTION: Column Load at CMU Wall

Code References

Calculations per TMS 402-16, IBC 2018, CBC 2019, ASCE 7-16
 Load Combinations Used : ASCE 7-16

General Information

Material Properties		Column Data		Analysis Settings	
F'm	= 1,500.0 psi	Column width along X-X	= 7.625 in	Analysis Method	= Allowable Design
Fr - Rupture	= 75.0 psi	Column depth along Y-Y	= 7.625 in		
Em = f'm *	= 900.0	Longitudinal Bar Size	= # 4.0	End Fixity Condition	= Top Pinned, Bottom Pinned
Column Density	= 130.0 pcf	Bars per side at +Y & -Y	= 2	Overall Column Height	= 9.0 ft
Rebar Grade	= Grade 60	Bars per side at +X & -X	= 2	Construction Type	Solid Grouted Hollow Concrete Masor
Fy - Yield	= 60000 psi	Cover from ties	= 3.50 in	Tie Bar Size	= # 3.0
Fs - Allowable	= 32,000.0 psi	Actual Edge to Bar Center	= 4.125 in	Tie Bar Spacing	= 7.625 in
E - Rebar	= 29,000.0 ksi				

Brace condition for deflection (buckling) along columns :

X-X (width) axis : Unbraced Length for buckling ABOUT Y-Y Axis = 9.0 ft, K =

Y-Y (depth) axis : Unbraced Length for buckling ABOUT X-X Axis = 9.0 ft, K =

Applied Loads

Service loads entered. Load Factors will be applied for calculations.

Column self weight included : 472.393 lbs * Dead Load Factor

AXIAL LOADS . . .

Axial Load at 9.0 ft, Yecc = 4.0 in, D = 2.589, S = 2.613, E = 0.1110 k

BENDING LOADS . . .

DESIGN SUMMARY

Bending Check Results

PASS	Maximum Bending Stress Ratio	=	0.844 : 1
	Load Combination		+D+S
	Location of max.above base		8.940 ft
	At maximum location values are . . .		
	Axial - Applied		5.674 k
	Axial - Allowable		6.733 k
	Moment - Applied		-1.722 k-ft
	Moment - Allowable		2.014 k-ft

Maximum SERVICE Load Reactions . .

Top along X-X	0.193 k
Bottom along X-X	0.193 k

Maximum SERVICE Load Deflections . . .

Along x-x 0.041 in at 5.255 ft above base
 for load combination : +D+S

Compressive Strength 33.468 k (TMS 402-16, Sec. 9.3.4.
 $P_a = (0.25 f'm A_n + 0.65 A_{st} F_s) * [1 - (h/(140 * r))^2]$

PASS	Reinforcing Area Check	(TMS 402-16, Sec 5.3.1.3)
	As : Actual Reinforcement	0.800
	Min: 0.0025 * An	0.145
	Max: 0.04 * An	2.326

PASS Check Column Ties (TMS 402-16, Sec 5.3.1.4)

Min. Tie Dia. = 1/4", # 3 bar provided
 Max Tie Spacing = 7.63 in, Provided = 7.63 in

Dimensional Checks

Min. Side Dim. >= 8" (TMS 402-16, Sec. 5.3.1.

PASS Governing $K * L_u / \text{Dimension} \leq$ (TMS 402-16, Sec. 5.3.1.

Load Combination Results

Load Combination	Maximum Bending Stress Ratios			Maximum Axial Load		Maximum Moments	
	Stress Ratio	Status	Location	Actual	Allow	Actual	Allow
D Only	0.4169	PASS	8.940 ft	3.061 k	7.346 k	0.8572 k-ft	2.045 k-ft
+D+S	0.8438	PASS	8.940 ft	5.674 k	6.733 k	1.722 k-ft	2.014 k-ft
+D+0.750S	0.7459	PASS	8.940 ft	5.021 k	6.733 k	1.506 k-ft	2.014 k-ft
+0.60D	0.2614	PASS	0.0 ft	1.837 k	6.733 k	0.0 k-ft	2.014 k-ft
+D+0.70E	0.4276	PASS	8.940 ft	3.139 k	7.346 k	0.8829 k-ft	2.045 k-ft
+D+0.750S+0.5250E	0.7546	PASS	8.940 ft	5.079 k	6.733 k	1.525 k-ft	2.014 k-ft
+0.60D+0.70E	0.2724	PASS	0.0 ft	1.915 k	6.733 k	0.0 k-ft	2.014 k-ft

Masonry Column

Project File: Dons Drivein calcs.ec6

LIC# : KW-06015057, Build:20.23.08.30

SFA ENGINEERING LLC

(c) ENERCALC INC 1983-2023

DESCRIPTION: Column Load at CMU Wall

Maximum Reactions

Note: Only non-zero reactions are listed.

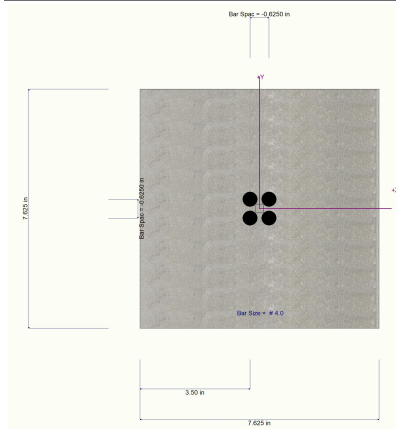
Load Combination	Y-Y Axis Reaction		Axial Reaction @ Base
	@ Base	@ Top	
D Only	-0.096 k	0.096 k	3.061 k
+D+S	-0.193 k	0.193 k	5.674 k
+D+0.750S	-0.168 k	0.168 k	5.021 k
+0.60D	-0.058 k	0.058 k	1.837 k
+D+0.70E	-0.099 k	0.099 k	3.139 k
+D+0.750S+0.5250E	-0.171 k	0.171 k	5.079 k
+0.60D+0.70E	-0.060 k	0.060 k	1.915 k
S Only	-0.097 k	0.097 k	2.613 k
E Only	-0.004 k	0.004 k	0.111 k

Maximum Deflections for Load Combinations

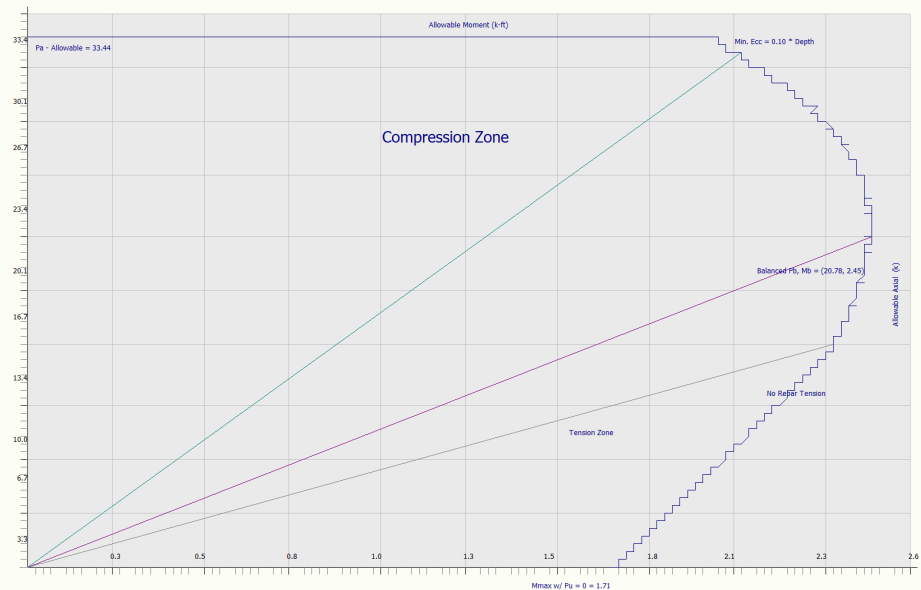
Load Combination	Max. Y-Y Deflection	Distance
D Only	0.0206 in	5.255 ft
+D+S	0.0413 in	5.255 ft
+D+0.750S	0.0361 in	5.255 ft
+0.60D	0.0123 in	5.255 ft
+D+0.70E	0.0212 in	5.255 ft
+D+0.750S+0.5250E	0.0366 in	5.255 ft
+0.60D+0.70E	0.0129 in	5.255 ft
S Only	0.0207 in	5.255 ft
E Only	0.0009 in	5.255 ft

Cross Section

Interaction Diagram



Masonry Column P-M Interaction Diagram



Wood Column

Project File: Dons Drivein calcs.ec6

LIC# : KW-06015057, Build:20.23.08.30

SFA ENGINEERING LLC

(c) ENERCALC INC 1983-2023

DESCRIPTION: (E) Column

Code References

Calculations per NDS 2018, IBC 2018, CBC 2019, ASCE 7-16
 Load Combinations Used : ASCE 7-16

General Information

Analysis Method	Allowable Stress Design			Wood Section Name	4x6		
End Fixities	Top & Bottom Pinned			Wood Grading/Manuf.	Graded Lumber		
Overall Column Height	9 ft			Wood Member Type	Sawn		
(Used for non-slender calculations)				Exact Width	3.50 in	Allow Stress Modification Factors	
Wood Species	Douglas Fir-Larch			Exact Depth	5.50 in	Cf or Cv for Bending	1.30
Wood Grade	No.1 & Better			Area	19.250 in^2	Cf or Cv for Compression	1.10
Fb +	1,200.0 psi	Fv	180.0 psi	Ix	48.526 in^4	Cf or Cv for Tension	1.30
Fb -	1,200.0 psi	Ft	800.0 psi	Iy	19.651 in^4	Cm : Wet Use Factor	1.0
Fc - Prll	1,550.0 psi	Density	31.210 pcf			Ct : Temperature Fact	1.0
Fc - Perp	625.0 psi					Cfu : Flat Use Factor	1.0
E : Modulus of Elasticity . . .	x-x Bending	y-y Bending	Axial			Kf : Built-up columns	1.0
	Basic	1,800.0	1,800.0	1,800.0 ksi		Use Cr : Repetitive ?	No
	Minimum	660.0	660.0				
Column Buckling Condition:							
ABOUT X-X Axis: Lux = 9 ft, Kx = 1.0							
ABOUT Y-Y Axis: Luy = 9 ft, Ky = 1.0							

Applied Loads

Service loads entered. Load Factors will be applied for calculations.

Column self weight included : 37.550 lbs * Dead Load Factor

AXIAL LOADS . . .

Axial Load at 9.0 ft, Yecc = 0.50 in, D = 3.730, S = 5.205, W = 0.2980, E = 0.2280 k

DESIGN SUMMARY

Bending & Shear Check Results

PASS Max. Axial+Bending Stress Ratio = **0.9848 : 1**
 Load Combination +D+S
 Governing NDS Formula Comp + Mxx, NDS Eq. 3.9-3
 Location of max.above base 8.940 ft
 At maximum location values are .
 Applied Axial 8.973 k
 Applied Mx -0.3698 k-ft
 Applied My 0.0 k-ft
 Fc : Allowable 530.43 psi

Maximum SERVICE Lateral Load Reactions . .
 Top along Y-Y 0.04137 k Bottom along Y-Y 0.04137 k
 Top along X-X 0.0 k Bottom along X-X 0.0 k

Maximum SERVICE Load Lateral Deflections . . .
 Along Y-Y -0.03860 in at 5.255 ft above base
 for load combination : +D+S
 Along X-X 0.0 in at 0.0 ft above base
 for load combination : n/a

PASS Maximum Shear Stress Ratio = **0.01557 : 1**
 Load Combination +D+S
 Location of max.above base 9.0 ft
 Applied Design Shear 4.835 psi
 Allowable Shear 207.0 psi

Other Factors used to calculate allowable stresses . . .
 Bending Compression Tension

Load Combination Results

Load Combination	C _D	C _P	Maximum Axial + Bending Stress Ratios			Maximum Shear Ratios		
			Stress Ratio	Status	Location	Stress Ratio	Status	Location
D Only	0.900	0.337	0.3786	PASS	8.940 ft	0.008306	PASS	9.0 ft
+D+S	1.150	0.271	0.9848	PASS	8.940 ft	0.01557	PASS	9.0 ft
+D+0.750S	1.150	0.271	0.7520	PASS	8.940 ft	0.01330	PASS	9.0 ft
+D+0.60W	1.600	0.199	0.3779	PASS	8.940 ft	0.004896	PASS	9.0 ft
+D+0.450W	1.600	0.199	0.3736	PASS	8.940 ft	0.004840	PASS	9.0 ft
+D+0.750S+0.450W	1.600	0.199	0.7477	PASS	8.940 ft	0.009730	PASS	9.0 ft
+0.60D+0.60W	1.600	0.199	0.2335	PASS	8.940 ft	0.003027	PASS	9.0 ft
+D+0.70E	1.600	0.199	0.3760	PASS	8.940 ft	0.004872	PASS	9.0 ft
+D+0.750S+0.5250E	1.600	0.199	0.7464	PASS	8.940 ft	0.009712	PASS	9.0 ft
+0.60D+0.70E	1.600	0.199	0.2317	PASS	8.940 ft	0.003003	PASS	9.0 ft

Wood Column

Project File: Dons Drivein calcs.ec6

LIC# : KW-06015057, Build:20.23.08.30

SFA ENGINEERING LLC

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DESCRIPTION: (E) Column

Maximum Reactions

Note: Only non-zero reactions are listed.

Load Combination	X-X Axis Reaction		k	Y-Y Axis Reaction		Axial Reaction	My - End Moments		k-ft	Mx - End Moments	
	@ Base	@ Top		@ Base	@ Top	@ Base	@ Base	@ Top		@ Base	@ Top
D Only				-0.017	0.017	3.768					
+D+S				-0.041	0.041	8.973					
+D+0.750S				-0.035	0.035	7.671					
+D+0.60W				-0.018	0.018	3.946					
+D+0.450W				-0.018	0.018	3.902					
+D+0.750S+0.450W				-0.036	0.036	7.805					
+0.60D+0.60W				-0.011	0.011	2.439					
+D+0.70E				-0.018	0.018	3.927					
+D+0.750S+0.5250E				-0.036	0.036	7.791					
+0.60D+0.70E				-0.011	0.011	2.420					
S Only				-0.024	0.024	5.205					
W Only				-0.001	0.001	0.298					
E Only				-0.001	0.001	0.228					

Maximum Deflections for Load Combinations

Load Combination	Max. X-X Deflection		Distance	Max. Y-Y Deflection		Distance
D Only	0.0000 in	0.000ft		-0.016 in	5.255 ft	
+D+S	0.0000 in	0.000ft		-0.039 in	5.255 ft	
+D+0.750S	0.0000 in	0.000ft		-0.033 in	5.255 ft	
+D+0.60W	0.0000 in	0.000ft		-0.017 in	5.255 ft	
+D+0.450W	0.0000 in	0.000ft		-0.017 in	5.255 ft	
+D+0.750S+0.450W	0.0000 in	0.000ft		-0.034 in	5.255 ft	
+0.60D+0.60W	0.0000 in	0.000ft		-0.010 in	5.255 ft	
+D+0.70E	0.0000 in	0.000ft		-0.017 in	5.255 ft	
+D+0.750S+0.5250E	0.0000 in	0.000ft		-0.033 in	5.255 ft	
+0.60D+0.70E	0.0000 in	0.000ft		-0.010 in	5.255 ft	
S Only	0.0000 in	0.000ft		-0.022 in	5.255 ft	
W Only	0.0000 in	0.000ft		-0.001 in	5.255 ft	
E Only	0.0000 in	0.000ft		-0.001 in	5.255 ft	

Sketches



General Footing

Project File: Dons Drivein calcs.ec6

LIC# : KW-06015057, Build:20.23.08.30

SFA ENGINEERING LLC

(c) ENERCALC INC 1983-2023

DESCRIPTION: (E) Footing Check

Code References

Calculations per ACI 318-14, IBC 2018, CBC 2019, ASCE 7-16

Load Combinations Used : ASCE 7-16

General Information

Material Properties

f'c : Concrete 28 day strength	=	2.50 ksi
fy : Rebar Yield	=	60.0 ksi
Ec : Concrete Elastic Modulus	=	3,122.0 ksi
Concrete Density	=	145.0 pcf
φ Values Flexure	=	0.90
Shear	=	0.750

Analysis Settings

Min Steel % Bending Reinf.	=	
Min Allow % Temp Reinf.	=	0.00180
Min. Overturning Safety Factor	=	1.0 : 1
Min. Sliding Safety Factor	=	1.0 : 1
Add Ftg Wt for Soil Pressure	:	Yes
Use ftg wt for stability, moments & shears	:	Yes
Add Pedestal Wt for Soil Pressure	:	No
Use Pedestal wt for stability, mom & shear	:	No

Soil Design Values

Allowable Soil Bearing	=	1.50 ksf
Soil Density	=	110.0 pcf
Increase Bearing By Footing Weight	=	No
Soil Passive Resistance (for Sliding)	=	250.0 pcf
Soil/Concrete Friction Coeff.	=	0.30

Increases based on footing Depth

Footing base depth below soil surface	=	ft
Allow press. increase per foot of depth when footing base is below	=	ksf
	=	ft

Increases based on footing plan dimension

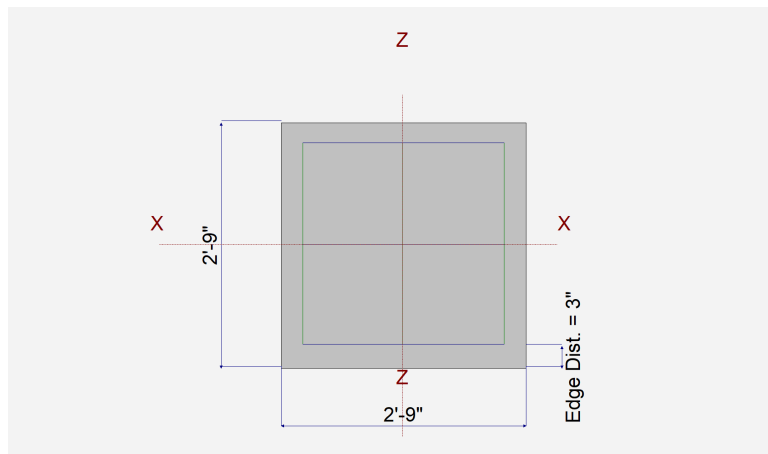
Allowable pressure increase per foot of depth when max. length or width is greater than	=	ksf
	=	ft

Dimensions

Width parallel to X-X Axis	=	2.750 ft
Length parallel to Z-Z Axis	=	2.750 ft
Footing Thickness	=	8.0 in

Pedestal dimensions...

px : parallel to X-X Axis	=	in
pz : parallel to Z-Z Axis	=	in
Height	=	in
Rebar Centerline to Edge of Concrete... at Bottom of footing	=	3.0 in



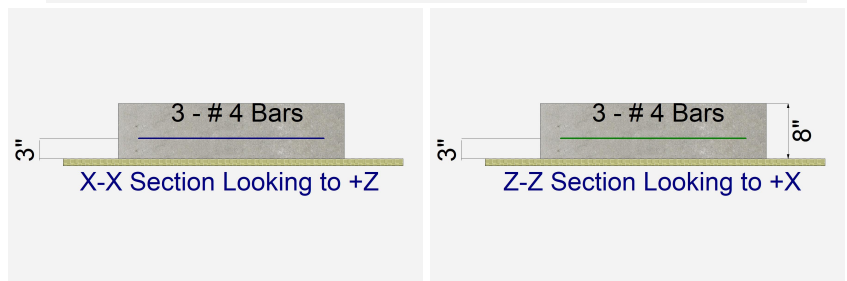
Reinforcing

Bars parallel to X-X Axis	=	3.0
Number of Bars	=	# 4
Reinforcing Bar Size	=	# 4

Bars parallel to Z-Z Axis	=	3.0
Number of Bars	=	# 4
Reinforcing Bar Size	=	# 4

Bandwidth Distribution Check (ACI 15.4.4.2)

Direction Requiring Closer Separation	=	n/a
# Bars required within zone	=	n/a
# Bars required on each side of zone	=	n/a



Applied Loads

	D	Lr	L	S	W	E	H
P : Column Load	=	3.730		5.205	0.2980	0.2280	k
OB : Overburden	=						ksf
M-xx	=						k-ft
M-zz	=						k-ft
V-x	=						k
V-z	=						k

General Footing

Project File: Dons Drivein calcs.ec6

LIC# : KW-06015057, Build:20.23.08.30

SFA ENGINEERING LLC

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DESCRIPTION: (E) Footing Check

DESIGN SUMMARY

Design OK

	Min. Ratio	Item	Applied	Capacity	Governing Load Combination
PASS	0.8520	Soil Bearing	1.278 ksf	1.50 ksf	+D+S about Z-Z axis
PASS	n/a	Overturning - X-X	0.0 k-ft	0.0 k-ft	No Overturning
PASS	n/a	Overturning - Z-Z	0.0 k-ft	0.0 k-ft	No Overturning
PASS	n/a	Sliding - X-X	0.0 k	0.0 k	No Sliding
PASS	n/a	Sliding - Z-Z	0.0 k	0.0 k	No Sliding
PASS	n/a	Uplift	0.0 k	0.0 k	No Uplift
PASS	0.3477	Z Flexure (+X)	1.619 k-ft/ft	4.657 k-ft/ft	+1.20D+1.60S+0.50W
PASS	0.3477	Z Flexure (-X)	1.619 k-ft/ft	4.657 k-ft/ft	+1.20D+1.60S+0.50W
PASS	0.3477	X Flexure (+Z)	1.619 k-ft/ft	4.657 k-ft/ft	+1.20D+1.60S+0.50W
PASS	0.3477	X Flexure (-Z)	1.619 k-ft/ft	4.657 k-ft/ft	+1.20D+1.60S+0.50W
PASS	0.3663	1-way Shear (+X)	27.476 psi	75.0 psi	+1.20D+1.60S+0.50W
PASS	0.3663	1-way Shear (-X)	27.476 psi	75.0 psi	+1.20D+1.60S+0.50W
PASS	0.3663	1-way Shear (+Z)	27.476 psi	75.0 psi	+1.20D+1.60S+0.50W
PASS	0.3663	1-way Shear (-Z)	27.476 psi	75.0 psi	+1.20D+1.60S+0.50W
PASS	0.8414	2-way Punching	126.214 psi	150.0 psi	+1.20D+1.60S+0.50W

Detailed Results

Soil Bearing

Rotation Axis & Load Combination...	Gross Allowable	Xecc		Zecc		Actual Soil Bearing Stress @ Location				Actual / Allow Ratio
			(in)		(in)	Bottom, -Z	Top, +Z	Left, -X	Right, +X	
X-X, D Only	1.50	n/a	0.0	0.5899	0.5899	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.393
X-X, +D+S	1.50	n/a	0.0	1.278	1.278	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.852
X-X, +D+0.750S	1.50	n/a	0.0	1.106	1.106	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.737
X-X, +D+0.60W	1.50	n/a	0.0	0.6135	0.6135	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.409
X-X, +D+0.450W	1.50	n/a	0.0	0.6076	0.6076	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.405
X-X, +D+0.750S+0.450W	1.50	n/a	0.0	1.124	1.124	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.749
X-X, +0.60D+0.60W	1.50	n/a	0.0	0.3776	0.3776	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.252
X-X, +D+0.70E	1.50	n/a	0.0	0.6110	0.6110	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.407
X-X, +D+0.750S+0.5250E	1.50	n/a	0.0	1.122	1.122	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.748
X-X, +0.60D+0.70E	1.50	n/a	0.0	0.3750	0.3750	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.250
Z-Z, D Only	1.50	0.0	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.5899	0.5899	0.5899	0.5899	0.393
Z-Z, +D+S	1.50	0.0	n/a	n/a	n/a	1.278	1.278	1.278	1.278	0.852
Z-Z, +D+0.750S	1.50	0.0	n/a	n/a	n/a	1.106	1.106	1.106	1.106	0.737
Z-Z, +D+0.60W	1.50	0.0	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.6135	0.6135	0.6135	0.6135	0.409
Z-Z, +D+0.450W	1.50	0.0	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.6076	0.6076	0.6076	0.6076	0.405
Z-Z, +D+0.750S+0.450W	1.50	0.0	n/a	n/a	n/a	1.124	1.124	1.124	1.124	0.749
Z-Z, +0.60D+0.60W	1.50	0.0	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.3776	0.3776	0.3776	0.3776	0.252
Z-Z, +D+0.70E	1.50	0.0	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.6110	0.6110	0.6110	0.6110	0.407
Z-Z, +D+0.750S+0.5250E	1.50	0.0	n/a	n/a	n/a	1.122	1.122	1.122	1.122	0.748
Z-Z, +0.60D+0.70E	1.50	0.0	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.3750	0.3750	0.3750	0.3750	0.250

Seismic Design

ASCE 7-16 Chapters 11 & 12

Job Number: 24-007

Soil Site Class = D (Default)		Tab. 20.3-1, (Default = D)
Response Spectral Acc. (0.2 sec) $S_s = 126.90\%g$	= 1.269g	Figs. 22-1, 22-3, 22-5, 22-6
Response Spectral Acc. (1.0 sec) $S_1 = 43.70\%g$	= 0.437g	Figs. 22-2, 22-4, 22-5, 22-6
Site Coefficient F_a	= 1.200	Tab. 11.4-1
Site Coefficient F_v	= 1.863	Tab. 11.4-2
Max Considered Earthquake Acc. $S_{MS} = F_a \cdot S_s$	= 1.523g	Eq. (11.4-1)
Max Considered Earthquake Acc. $S_{M1} = F_v \cdot S_1$	= 0.814g	Eq. (11.4-2)
@ 5% Damped Design $S_{DS} = 2/3(S_{MS})$	= 1.015g	Eq. (11.4-3)
$S_{D1} = 2/3(S_{M1})$	= 0.543g	Eq. (11.4-4)
Risk Category = II, Standard		Tab. 1.5-1
Flexible Diaphragm		§12.3.1
Seismic Design Category for 0.1 sec	D	Tab. 11.6-1
Seismic Design Category for 1.0 sec	D	Tab. 11.6-2
$S_1 < 0.75g$	N/A	§11.6
Since $T_a < .8T_s$ (see below), SDC = D		Exception of §11.6 does not apply

§12.8 Equivalent Lateral Force Procedure

A. BEARING WALL SYSTEMS

Tab. 12.2-1

Seismic Force Resisting System (E-W) 11. Ordinary plain masonry shear walls

A. BEARING WALL SYSTEMS

Tab. 12.2-1

Seismic Force Resisting System (N-S) 11. Ordinary plain masonry shear walls

$C_t = 0.02$	$x = 0.75$	Tab. 12.8-2
Structural height $h_n = 11.0$ ft	Structural Height Limit = NP	Tab. 12.2-1
$C_u = 1.400$	for S_{D1} of 0.543g	Tab. 12.8-1
Approx Fundamental period, $T_a = C_t(h_n)^x$	= 0.121	Eq. (12.8-7)
$T_L = 6$ sec		Figs. 22-14 through 22-17
Calculated T shall not exceed $\leq C_u T_a$	= 0.169	§12.8.2
Use T = 0.12 sec		Exception of §11.6 does not apply
$T_s = (S_{D1}/S_{DS})$	= 0.535	§12.8.1.3
Is structure Regular & ≤ 5 stories?	No	
Is structure light-framed 1-2 family dwelling?	No	

	E-W
Response Modification Coefficient $R =$	1.5
Over Strength Factor $\Omega_o =$	2
Deflection Amplification Factor $C_d =$	1.25
Importance Factor $I_e =$	1.00
Seismic Base Shear $V = C_s W$	
$C_s = \frac{S_{DS}}{R/I_e}$	= 0.677
Max $C_s = \frac{S_{D1}}{(R/I_e)T}$	N/A
or $C_s = \frac{S_{D1}T_L}{T^2(R/I_e)}$	N/A
Min $C_s = 0.5S_1I_e/R$	N/A
or $C_s = 0.044S_{DS}I_e$	= 0.045
Use $C_s =$	0.677
Design base shear $V =$	0.677 W

	N-S
Response Modification Coefficient $R =$	1.5
Over Strength Factor $\Omega_o =$	2
Deflection Amplification Factor $C_d =$	1.25
Importance Factor $I_e =$	1.00
Seismic Base Shear $V = C_s W$	
$C_s = \frac{S_{DS}}{R/I_e}$	= 0.677
Max $C_s = \frac{S_{D1}}{(R/I_e)T}$	N/A
or $C_s = \frac{S_{D1}T_L}{T^2(R/I_e)}$	N/A
Min $C_s = 0.5S_1I_e/R$	N/A
or $C_s = 0.044S_{DS}I_e$	= 0.045
Use $C_s =$	0.677
Design base shear $V =$	0.677 W

Tab. 12.2-1

(foot note g)

Tab. 11.5-2

For $T \leq 1.5T_s$ Eq. (12.8-2) & §11.4.8

For $1.5T_s < T \leq T_L$ Eq. (12.8-3) & §11.4.8

For $T > T_L$ Eq. (12.8-4) & §11.4.8

For $S_1 \geq 0.6g$ Eq. (12.8-6)

For $S_1 < 0.6g$ Eq. (12.8-5)

Seismic Weight Calculations

Job Number: 24-007

Roof Diaphragm:

Flat Roof Snow Load (P_f):	25	psf	
Roof Dead Load:	15	psf	(28.2 psf average)
Roof Deck Dead Load:	0	psf	(13.2 psf average)
Roof Diaphragm Area:	1586.0611	sq. ft.	
Roof Deck Diaphragm Area:	0	sq. ft.	→ 23.8 kips
Average Height of Roof Diaphragm:	11	ft	
Depth of Roof over Wall at Perimeter:	1	ft	(Story Height = 11.0')

Wall Weights Below:

Wall Height:	7	ft	
Parapet Height:	2	ft	
Parapet Wall Lengths:	166	lf	
Exterior Storefront Wall Lengths:	53.25	lf	
Exist Exterior Wall Lengths:	50.49	lf	
New CMU Wall Lengths:	23.75	lf	
Parapet Wall Weight:	10	psf	
Exterior Storefront Wall Weight:	10	psf	
Exist Exterior Wall Weight:	51	psf	
New CMU Wall Weight:	82	psf	
			→ 21.0 kips

$w_R =$ 44.8 kips

Total Area = 1586 sq. ft. (28.2 psf average)

1st Floor:

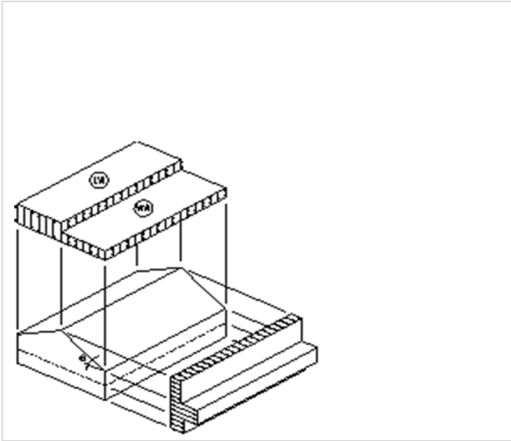
Base Elevation of Structure	0	ft	$w_T =$ 62.5 kips
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Wind Design

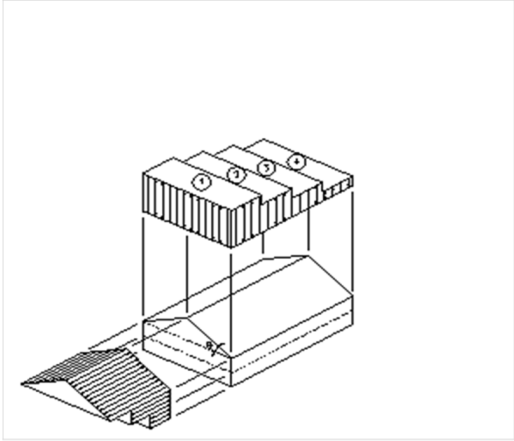
Job Number: 24-007

ASCE 7-16 Directional Procedure Loading - Case 1

Wind Direction \perp to Ridge (N-S)



Wind Direction Parallel to Ridge (E-W)



Wind Direction \perp to Ridge (N-S)

Vertical Wall Projected Area at Roof:	307 sq ft x 16.00 psf	= 4.92 kips	Roof Shear:	4.92 kips
Vertical Wall Projected Area at 1st Floor:	201 sq ft x 16.00 psf	= 3.22 kips	1st Floor Shear:	3.22 kips
Total Surface Area:	508 sq ft		Total Base Shear:	8.13 kips

Wind Direction Parallel to Ridge (E-W)

Vertical Wall Projected Area at Roof:	150 sq ft x 16.00 psf	= 2.39 kips	Roof Shear:	2.39 kips
Vertical Wall Projected Area at 1st Floor:	90 sq ft x 16.00 psf	= 1.44 kips	1st Floor Shear:	1.44 kips
Total Surface Area:	240 sq ft		Total Base Shear:	3.83 kips

Rho Factor Calculations

ASCE 7-16 Section 12.3.4

Building Regular in plan? **No**
 Total Seismic Base shear $V = 21.2 \text{ k}$
 Seismic Design Category: **D**

Job Number: **24-007**

EAST-WEST DIRECTION	NORTH-SOUTH DIRECTION																																																																																								
Story 1 $h_{\text{story}} = 11.0'$ $V_{\text{story}} = 21.2 \text{ k}$ (100% of base shear) Story Strength = 23750.0 k Max Wall Strength = 0.0 k Reduction in strength from removal of strongest wall with $h/l > 1$: $1 - (23750.0 - 0.0) / 23750.0 = 0\% < 33\%$, Condition (a) OK	Story 1 $h_{\text{story}} = 11.0'$ $V_{\text{story}} = 21.2 \text{ k}$ (100% of base shear) Story Strength = 23.0 k Max Wall Strength = 0.0 k Reduction in strength from removal of strongest wall with $h/l > 1$: $1 - (23.0 - 0.0) / 23.0 = 0\% < 33\%$, Condition (a) OK																																																																																								
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Rho = 1.0 (Enter below) EAST-WEST DIRECTION: ρ = 1.0	Rho = 1.0 (Enter below) NORTH-SOUTH DIRECTION: ρ = 1.0																																																																																								

Lateral Load Calculations

ASCE 7-16 §12.8 Equivalent Lateral Force Procedure

			<u>E-W</u>	<u>N-S</u>
		$C_s =$	0.677	0.677
Total Diaphragm Shear Force:		$V = C_s \times W =$	30.32 kips	30.32 kips
Vertical Distribution:	C_{vx}		F_x	F_x
Roof Diaphragm Shear Force:	1.000	$\times 30.32 \text{ kips} =$	30.32 kips	30.32 kips
Total Diaphragm Shear Force:	1.000		30.32 kips	30.32 kips

Diaphragm Design Forces:

ASCE 7-16 §12.10.1.1

Coef. Limits

$< 0.4_{SDS} I_e = 0.406$

$> 0.2_{SDS} I_e = 0.203$

	w_i , kips	Σw_i , kips	F_i , kips	ΣF_i , kips	F_{px} Coef.	Use F_{px}	F_{px}
Roof E-W	44.80	44.80	30.32	30.32	0.677 →	0.406	18.2 kips
Roof N-S			30.32	30.32	0.677 →	0.406	18.2 kips

ASCE 7-16 ASD Load Combinations: Basic - §2.4.1 & §2.4.5

Lateral Comparison (East-West): (Rho = 1.0)

Roof Design Shear 21.23 kips > 1.44 kips
EQ Controls for East-West Direction

Lateral Comparison (North-South): (Rho = 1.0)

Roof Design Shear 21.23 kips > 2.95 kips
EQ Controls for North-South Direction

Lateral Load Calculations

ASCE 7-16 §12.3.1.1

Job Number: 24-007

Roof Diaphragm E-W

Flexible Diaphragm Analysis:

	V_e	=	21226 lbs	(Seismic Shear)	V_w	=	1437 lbs	(Wind Shear)
	A_e	=	1586 sq ft	(Total Diaphragm Area)	A_w	=	150 sq ft	(Total Wind Pressure Area)
	e	=	13.38 psf	(Seismic Area Load)	p	=	9.60 psf	(Wind Pressure)

EQ:	d	=	53.0 '	53.0 '	53.0 '
	ω_e	=	709 plf	709 plf	709 plf

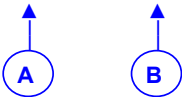
Wind:	h	=	2.5 '	6.5 '	2.5 '
	ω_w	=	24 plf	62 plf	24 plf



w	=	4.8 '	20.0 '	4.8 '
-----	---	-------	--------	-------

Resisting Lines:

Gridlines:



A_E	=	786 sq ft	786 sq ft
A_W	=	77 sq ft	77 sq ft

Total SW Length: 23.8 '

EQ:	10519 lbs	10519 lbs
Wind:	740 lbs	740 lbs

Total EQ Rxn:	10519 lbs	10519 lbs
Total Wind Rxn:	740 lbs	740 lbs

Check sum of forces:	EQ:	21038 lbs	OK	Wind:	1480 lbs	OK
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Drag/Collector Load Calculations

ASCE 7-16 §12.10.2

Job Number: 24-007

Roof Diaphragm E-W

EQ Controls - Design for Overstrength per 12.10.2.1

Line A

$$V_{\text{diaph}} = 21037.6 \text{ \#}$$

$$V_{\text{total}} = 21037.6 \text{ \#}$$

$$e = 26.87 \text{ psf}$$

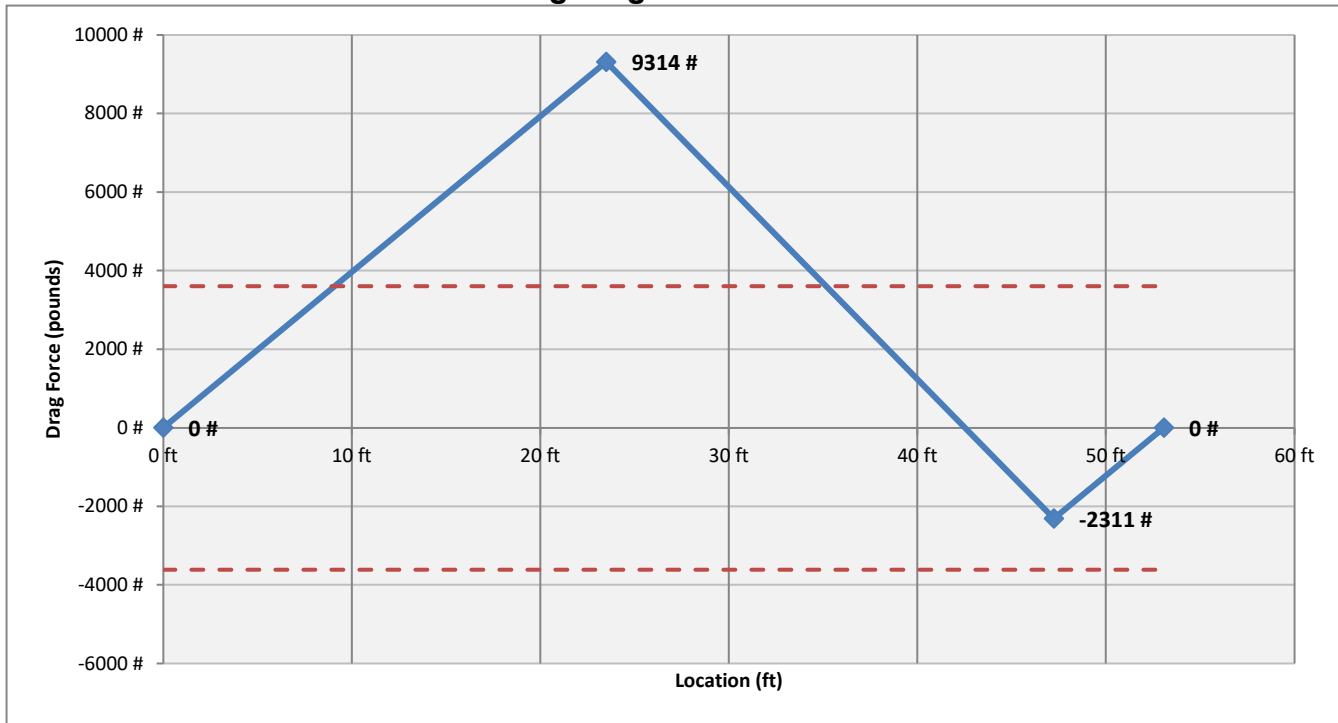
53.1 ft Total Diaphragm length

783 ft² Total Diaphragm area

23.8 ft Total Wall Below length

Location	x	SW loc	w _{diaph}	Frmg dir.	Drag load	V _{diaph}	V _{wall below}	V _{wall above}	V _{total}	A _{diaph}	Diaph Callout
x ₀	0.0'	0.0'									
x ₁	23.5'	23.5'	none	14.8'	perp.	9314 #	396.3 plf	0.0 plf	396.3 plf	347 ft ²	F3
x ₂	23.8'	47.3'	below	14.8'	perp.	-2311 #	396.3 plf	-885.8 plf	-489.5 plf	350 ft ²	F3
x ₃	5.8'	53.1'	none	14.8'	perp.	0 #	396.3 plf	0.0 plf	396.3 plf	86 ft ²	F3

Drag Diagram - Line A



Wood Column

Project File: Dons Drivein calcs.ec6

LIC# : KW-06015057, Build:20.23.08.30

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DESCRIPTION: Rim Drag Beam

Code References

Calculations per NDS 2018, IBC 2018, CBC 2019, ASCE 7-16
 Load Combinations Used : ASCE 7-16

General Information

Analysis Method	Allowable Stress Design			Wood Section Name	2-2x10	
End Fixities	Top & Bottom Pinned			Wood Grading/Manuf.	Graded Lumber	
Overall Column Height	16.75 ft			Wood Member Type	Sawn	
(Used for non-slender calculations)						
Wood Species	Douglas Fir-Larch			Exact Width	3.0 in	Allow Stress Modification Factors
Wood Grade	No.1			Exact Depth	9.250 in	
Fb +	1,000.0 psi	Fv	180.0 psi	Area	27.750 in^2	Cf or Cv for Bending 1.10
Fb -	1,000.0 psi	Ft	675.0 psi	Ix	197.863 in^4	Cf or Cv for Compression 1.0
Fc - Prll	1,500.0 psi	Density	31.210 pcf	Iy	20.813 in^4	Cf or Cv for Tension 1.10
Fc - Perp	625.0 psi					Cm : Wet Use Factor 1.0
						Ct : Temperature Fact 1.0
E : Modulus of Elasticity . . .	x-x Bending	y-y Bending	Axial			Cfu : Flat Use Factor 1.0
	Basic	1,700.0	1,700.0	1,700.0 ksi		Kf : Built-up columns 1.0
	Minimum	620.0	620.0			Use Cr : Repetitive ? No
Column Buckling Condition:						
ABOUT X-X Axis: Lux = 16.75 ft, Kx = 1.0						
ABOUT Y-Y Axis: Luy = 2.0 ft, Ky = 1.0						

Applied Loads

Service loads entered. Load Factors will be applied for calculations.

Column self weight included : 100.742 lbs * Dead Load Factor

AXIAL LOADS . . .

Axial Load at 16.750 ft, Xecc = 0.250 in, Yecc = 0.50 in, E = 13.306 k

DESIGN SUMMARY

Bending & Shear Check Results

PASS Max. Axial+Bending Stress Ratio = **0.3558 : 1**
 Load Combination +D+0.70E
 Governing NDS Formula Comp Only, f_c/F_c'
 Location of max.above base 0.0 ft
 At maximum location values are .
 Applied Axial 9.415 k
 Applied Mx 0.0 k-ft
 Applied My 0.0 k-ft
 Fc : Allowable 953.59 psi

Maximum SERVICE Lateral Load Reactions . .

Top along Y-Y	0.03310 k	Bottom along Y-Y	0.03310 k
Top along X-X	0.01655 k	Bottom along X-X	0.01655 k

Maximum SERVICE Load Lateral Deflections . . .

Along Y-Y	-0.05171 in	at	9.780 ft	above base
for load combination : E Only				
Along X-X	-0.2458 in	at	9.780 ft	above base
for load combination : E Only				

Other Factors used to calculate allowable stresses . . .

Bending Compression Tension

PASS Maximum Shear Stress Ratio = **0.004349 : 1**
 Load Combination +D+0.70E
 Location of max.above base 16.750 ft
 Applied Design Shear 1.879 psi
 Allowable Shear 288.0 psi

Load Combination Results

Load Combination	C _D	C _P	Maximum Axial + Bending Stress Ratios			Maximum Shear Ratios		
			Stress Ratio	Status	Location	Stress Ratio	Status	Location
D Only	0.900	0.609	0.004413	PASS	0.0 ft	0.0	PASS	16.750 ft
+0.60D	1.600	0.397	0.002284	PASS	0.0 ft	0.0	PASS	16.750 ft
+D+0.70E	1.600	0.397	0.3558	PASS	0.0 ft	0.004349	PASS	16.750 ft
+D+0.5250E	1.600	0.397	0.2678	PASS	0.0 ft	0.003261	PASS	16.750 ft
+0.60D+0.70E	1.600	0.397	0.3543	PASS	0.0 ft	0.004349	PASS	16.750 ft

Maximum Reactions

Note: Only non-zero reactions are listed.

Load Combination	X-X Axis Reaction		Y-Y Axis Reaction		Axial Reaction	My - End Moments		Mx - End Moments	
	@ Base	@ Top	@ Base	@ Top		@ Base	@ Top	@ Base	@ Top
D Only					0.101				
+0.60D					0.060				

Wood Column

Project File: Dons Drivein calcs.ec6

LIC# : KW-06015057, Build:20.23.08.30

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DESCRIPTION: Rim Drag Beam

Maximum Reactions

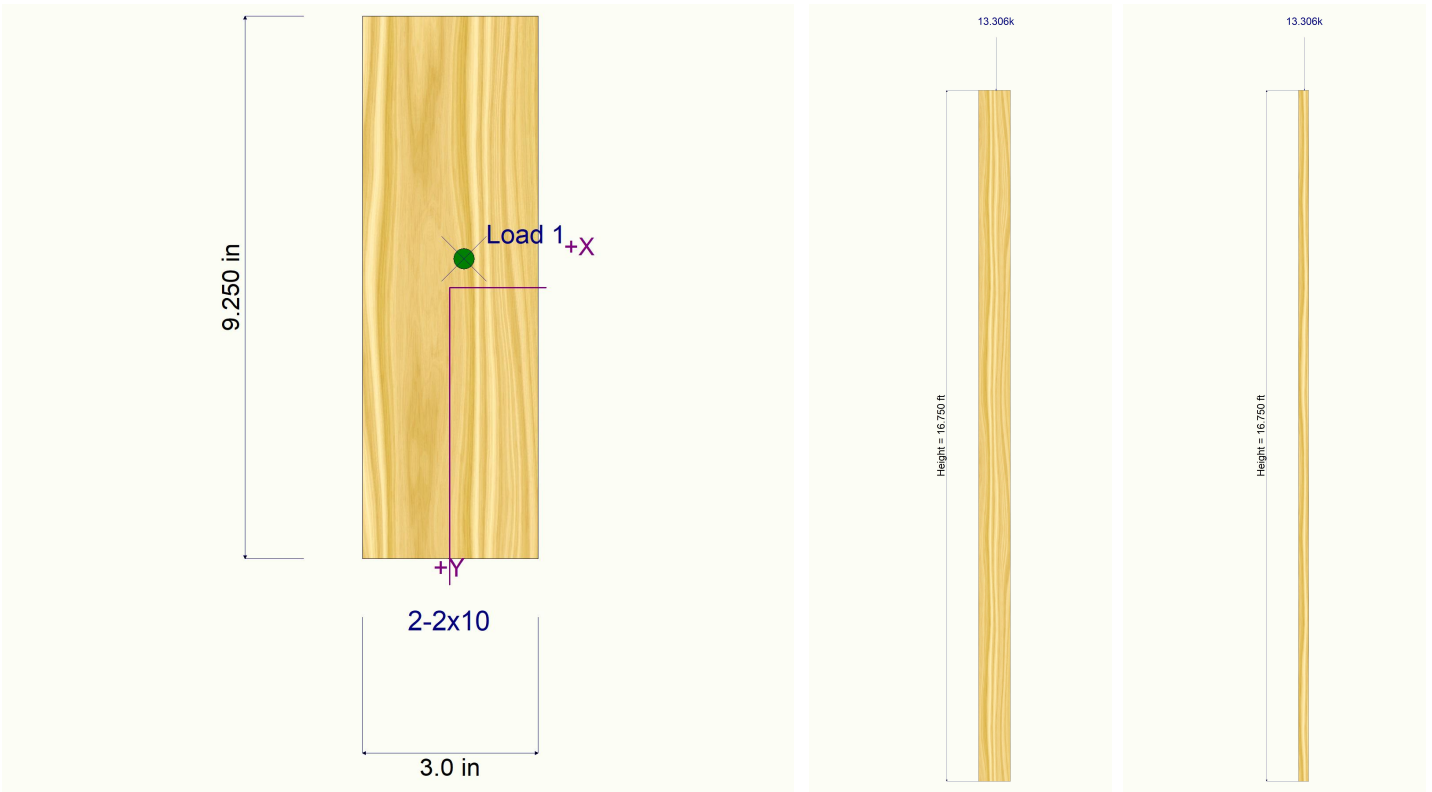
Note: Only non-zero reactions are listed.

Load Combination	X-X Axis Reaction		k	Y-Y Axis Reaction		Axial Reaction	My - End Moments		k-ft	Mx - End Moments	
	@ Base	@ Top		@ Base	@ Top	@ Base	@ Base	@ Top		@ Base	@ Top
+D+0.70E	-0.012	0.012		-0.023	0.023	9.415					
+D+0.5250E	-0.009	0.009		-0.017	0.017	7.086					
+0.60D+0.70E	-0.012	0.012		-0.023	0.023	9.375					
E Only	-0.017	0.017		-0.033	0.033	13.306					

Maximum Deflections for Load Combinations

Load Combination	Max. X-X Deflection	Distance	Max. Y-Y Deflection	Distance
D Only	0.0000 in	0.000ft	0.000 in	0.000 ft
+0.60D	0.0000 in	0.000ft	0.000 in	0.000 ft
+D+0.70E	-0.1720 in	9.780ft	-0.036 in	9.780 ft
+D+0.5250E	-0.1290 in	9.780ft	-0.027 in	9.780 ft
+0.60D+0.70E	-0.1720 in	9.780ft	-0.036 in	9.780 ft
E Only	-0.2458 in	9.780ft	-0.052 in	9.780 ft

Sketches





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Project No. 24-007	Sheet No.
Project Don's Drive-In	Date 3/2024
Subject Special Reinforce Masonry Shearwall Design	By CVG

Stevens Court TI Special Reinforced Masonry Shearwall Design - Strength Design (TMS402-16)

Wall Length (lw)	23.75	feet	R =	5	>= 1.5
Wall Thickness (t)	7.625	inches	rebar Fy =	60	ksi
Wall Story Height (hw)	9	feet	Clay/CMU?	CMU	
Wall Total Height (hw)	9	feet	t _{wall} equiv =	7.625	inches
CMU f'm	1500	psi	Em =	1350000	psi
Applied Axial (Pu)	3.3	kips	Running Bond?	Y	
Applied Shear (Vu)	11	kips	Fu =	90	ksi
Applied Moment (Mu Above)	0	kip-ft (Upper story)			
Total Moment (Mu Total)	95	kip-ft			
As Vert Reinforcing	0.31 in ²	(0.13 in ² min)	[7.3.2.6c]		
Spacing	24 in	(36" max)	[7.3.2.6a]		
As Horiz Reinforcing	0.31 in ²	(0.07 in ² min)	[7.3.2.6c]		
Spacing	32 in	(36" max)	[7.3.2.6b]		

$$Mu/(Vu \cdot dv) = 0.6416 < 1.0 \text{ Shear Dominated}$$

Shear

TMS 402 9.3.4.1.2

$$\phi = 0.8 \quad [9.1.4.5]$$

$$\gamma = 0.75 \quad [9.3.4.1.2]$$

$$V_m = [4 - 1.75 (Mu / Vu \cdot dv)] \times A_n \times f'_m \cdot 0.5 + 0.25 P_u$$

$$V_m = 281 \text{ kips} \quad [\text{Eq 9-20}]$$

$$V_s = 0.5 \times (A_v / s) \times f_y \times dv$$

$$V_s = 83 \text{ kips} \quad [\text{Eq 9-21}]$$

$$V_n = n(A_{nv} \times \sqrt{f'_m}) \quad [n=6 \text{ when } Mu/(Vu \cdot dv) \leq 0.25 \text{ and } 4 \text{ when } Mu/(Vu \cdot dv) > 1.0]$$

$$V_n = 417 \text{ kips}$$

$$\Phi \gamma V_n = 218 \text{ kips}$$

OK

Flexure & Axial Loads

TMS 402 9.3.6.3, 9.3.4.1.1

$$\phi = 0.6 \quad [9.1.4.4]$$

$$N.A. \text{ Depth } c = 24.6 \text{ inches}$$

$$a = c \beta_1 = 19.66 \text{ inches}$$

$$\text{Req. Axial Capacity } P_n = 5.6 \text{ kips}$$

$$\text{Req. Moment Capacity } M_n = 158 \text{ kip-ft}$$

$$C_c \text{ (Concrete Stress Block)} = 191 \text{ kips}$$

$$\text{Total Compressive Force (C)} = 214.1 \text{ kips}$$

$$\text{Total Tensile Force (T)} = 208.5 \text{ kips}$$

$$\text{Axial Capacity } P_n \text{ (C-T)} = 5.6 \text{ kips}$$

$$\text{Moment Capacity } \Phi M_n = 1696 \text{ kip-ft}$$

$$h = 108 \text{ inches}$$

$$r = 2.201148 \text{ inches}$$

$$h/r = 49 < 99$$

$$\Phi P_n = 1106 \text{ kips} \quad \text{OK}$$

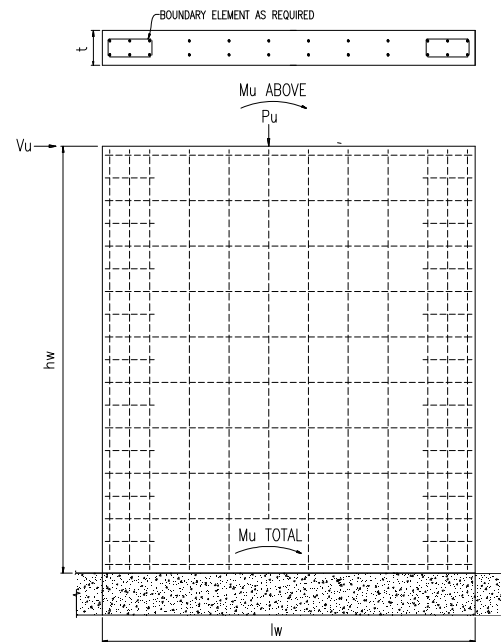
OK

OK

$$\alpha = 1.5$$

$$\text{max tensile strain } (\alpha \epsilon_y) = 0.0031$$

$$\epsilon_{mu} = 0.0025$$





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Project No. 24-007	Sheet No.
Project Don's Drive-In	Date 3/2024
Subject Special Reinforce Masonry Shearwall Design	By CVG

Special Reinforced Masonry Shearwall Design - Strength Design (TMS402-16) - Continued

Boundary Zone Requirements *TMS 402 9.3.6.6.1*

$$\begin{aligned} P_u / (A_g f'_m) &= 0.001 \\ M_u / (V_u d) &= 0.64 \\ V_u / (A_n \times \sqrt{f'_m}) &= 0.00 \end{aligned} \quad \text{Special boundary elements not required}$$

Shear Friction Requirements *TMS 402 9.3.6.5*

$$\begin{aligned} \phi &= 0.8 \\ \mu &= 1 \\ A_{sp} &= 0.31 \text{ in}^2 \\ \text{Spacing} &= 24 \text{ in} \\ \text{Shear Friction Cap } \phi V_{nf} &= 146 \text{ kips} \end{aligned} \quad \text{OK}$$

Wall Deflection *TMS 402 9.3.5.4*

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Modulus of rupture } f_r &= 100 \text{ psi (per Table 9.1.9.2)} \\ n &= 0.0215 \\ I_{cr} &= 34530839.82 \text{ inches} \\ M_{cr} &= 5188479.66 \text{ lb-in} \\ \text{Wall defl } \delta_u &= 0.00519 \text{ inches} \\ C_d &= 4 \\ I_e &= 1.0 \\ C_d \delta_u / I_e &= 0.02 \text{ inches} \\ \Delta a &= 1.08 \text{ inches} \end{aligned} \quad \text{OK}$$



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PROJECT NO. 24-001	SHEET NO.
PROJECT DAYS DRIVE-IN	DATE 3/20/24
SUBJECT ROOF TO CMU SUB CONNECTIONS	BY CUB

DRAW TO CMU WALL

$$P_{\text{DRAW}} = 9314 \# < \phi (1000) (1.2) = 10080 \#$$

$\therefore (6) \# 8 \phi \text{ TB}$

ROOF DECKING TO BLOCKING

$$V = \frac{9314 \#}{13.75} = 300 (1.5' \text{ oc}) = 580 \text{ LBS}$$

\therefore ABS AT 18" oc TO ROOF DECKING

BLOCKING TO SILL IR

⊗ SAME AS ABOVE

SILL IR ANCHOR BOLTS

$$V_{AB} = \frac{9314}{13.75} \left(\frac{32 \text{ oc}}{12} \right) = 1046 \#$$

PER THIS 402, SECTION 8.1.3.3.2:

$$B_{vb} = 1.25 A_v \sqrt{f'_m} = 1.25 (44.1 \text{ in}^2) \sqrt{1500} = 1495 \#$$

$$B_{vc} = 580 \sqrt{f'_m A_v} = 580 \sqrt{1500 (.3)} = 2693 \#$$

$$B_{vpy} = 2.5 A_{pt} \sqrt{f'_m} = 2.5 (117.2 \text{ in}^2) \sqrt{1500} = 11348 \#$$

$$B_{vs} = 0.30 A_v f_y = 0.30 (.3) (30 \text{ ksi}) = 4018 \#$$

$$\therefore V_{AB} < B_{vb} \text{ ok}$$

$\therefore 5/8" \phi \times 8' \text{ AB AT } 32 \text{ oc}$



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PROJECT NO. 1A-001	SHEET NO.
PROJECT DAVIS DRIVE - 1H	DATE 5/10/24
SUBJECT WALL ANCHORS	BY CWG

$$F_p = 0.4 S_{ps} k_a I_e W_p \quad [\text{ASCE 7-16 EQ 12.11-1}]$$

$$= 0.4(1.05)(1.45)(1.0) W_p$$

$$= 0.59 W_p \quad \leftarrow \text{GOVERNS}$$

$$F_{pmin} = 0.2 k_a I_e W_p$$

$$= 0.1(1.45)(1.0) W_p$$

$$= 0.15 W_p$$

TEX ANCHORS AT 4' OC:

$$F_p = 0.59 \left[(24 \text{ PSF}) \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) (4' \text{ TRIO}) + 15 (4' \text{ TRIO}) (4') \right]$$

$$= 819 \# \times 0.7$$

$$= 573 \# < 1845 \#$$

$$T_{\text{EXT}} = 573 \# < 1815 (.83) = 1515 \# \quad \checkmark$$

\therefore **1" TOP 2 W/ 1/2" ϕ \times 4 1/2"**
END THRU ROD W/
SIDE SET-XP

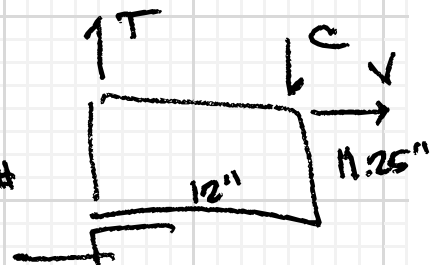
BLOCKING:

$$T = C = \frac{573 (11.25)}{12' \text{ MIN}} = 531 \#$$

\therefore **(2) 1/4" ϕ \times 3"**
SXS

$$V = 573 \# < 1800 (1.0) = 1800 \#$$

\therefore **(1) 1/4" ϕ \times 3"**
SXS



CONT TO DECK: $F_p = 573 < 1000 \# \therefore$ **ABS EA PLY**

GRAP: $T = 573 \therefore$ **CS10**

Shearwall Footing Calculations

24-007

Overall Max Brg Pressure (Int): 0 psf

Overall Max Brg Pressure (Ext): 1121 psf

Foundation E-W

Overall Max Avg ω (Int): 0 plf

Overall Max Avg ω (Ext): 1054 plf

SW Footing Description										Additional Dead Loads					SW Footing Calculations				
Shear Wall	Ftg Type	Ftg extension	W _{ftg}	h _{ftg}	W _{stem}	h _{stem}	Ftg bury	L _{SW ftg}	Pt Ld	Unfrm Ld	M _{OT}	P _{DL}	Avg ω	e	ker _m	Min Brg Pressure	Max Brg Pressure	FOS _{Sliding}	FOS _{OT}
(IF) A - 1	Exterior	0.0 ft	1.33 ft	10.0 in	8.0 in	14.0 in	18.0 in	23.75 ft			41023 ft-lbs	25040 lbs	1054 plf	2.34 ft	3.96 ft	465 psf	1121 psf	2.38	7.25



PROJECT NO. 24-007	SHEET NO.
PROJECT Don's Drive In Range Hood Support	DATE 4/17/2024
SUBJECT Hood Design Criteria	BY CVG

Seismic Loads

Project Site (Latitude, Longitude)	47.1833023, -122.2932043
Importance Factor (I_p)	1.0 [ASCE 7-16 Section 13.1.3]
Spectral Acceleration (Short Period) (S_{ps})	101.5%

Hood Information

Range Hood Weight (W_p)	506 lbs
Range Hood Width	30.0 in
Range Hood Length	12.0 ft
Range Hood Height	2.0 ft
Number of Connections (n)	8
Secondary Hood Weight (W_p)	88 lbs
Secondary Hood Width	20.0 in
Secondary Hood Length	12.0 ft
Secondary Hood Height	1.0 ft
Number of Connections (n_2)	8

Existing Building Information

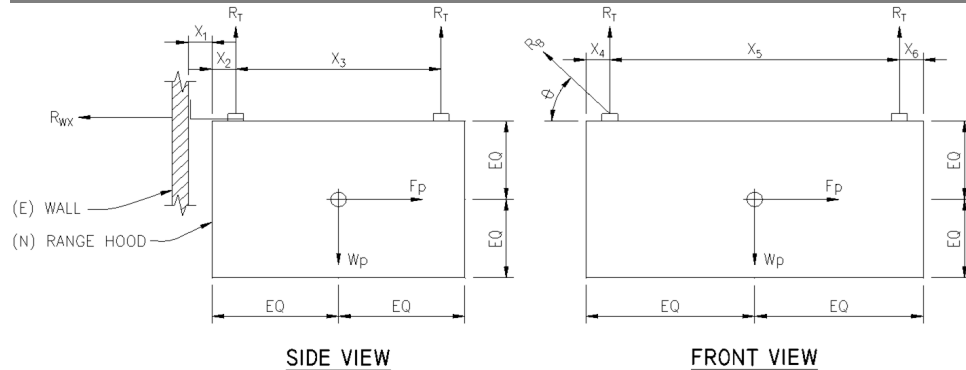
Type of Wall Framing	Wood Studs
Type of Roof Framing	Solid-Sawn Lumber Joists
Spacing Between Roof Framing	1.3 ft
Roof Framing Direction Relative to Wall	Perpendicular

Variables

Amplification Factor (a_p) (Mechanical Components constructed of sheet metal framing) =	2.5	[ASCE 7-16 Table 13.6-1]
Response Modification Factor (R_p) (Mechanical Components constructed of sheet metal framing) =	6	[ASCE 7-16 Table 13.6-1]
Z/h (Conservative) =	1	[ASCE 7-16 Eq. (13.3-1)]
Braced Angle (θ) =	45 Degrees	
Redundancy Factor (ρ) =	1	[ASCE 7-16 13.3.1.1]
Steel Tensile Yielding ASD Factor of Safety ($\Omega_{t(y)}$) =	1.67	[AISC 15 Eq. (D2-1)]
Steel Tensile Rupture ASD Factor of Safety ($\Omega_{t(r)}$) =	2	[AISC 15 Eq. (D2-2)]
A36 Threaded Rod Yield Stress (F_y) =	36 ksi	[AISC 15 Table 2-6]
A36 Threaded Rod Tensile Strength (F_u) =	58 ksi	[AISC 15 Table 2-6]
Shear Lag Factor (U) =	1	[AISC 15 Table D3.1]
Overstrength Factor (Ω) =	2.5	[ASCE 7-16 Table 13.6-1]



PROJECT NO. 24-007	SHEET NO.
PROJECT Don's Drive In Range Hood Support	DATE 4/17/2024
SUBJECT Range Hood Roof Lateral Support	BY CVG

Support System


$$\begin{aligned} X_1 &= 3.0 \text{ in} & X_3 &= 26.0 \text{ in} & X_5 &= 140.0 \text{ in} \\ X_2 &= 2.0 \text{ in} & X_4 &= 2.0 \text{ in} & X_6 &= 2.0 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

Seismic Design

$$F_p = \frac{0.4 \cdot a_p \cdot S_{DS} \cdot W_p \cdot (1 + 2 \cdot Z/N)}{\frac{R_p}{I_p}} = 256.8 \text{ lbs} \quad [\text{ASCE 7-16 Eq (13.3-1)}]$$

$$\text{Max } F_p = 1.6 S_{DS} I_p W_p = 821.7 \text{ lbs} \quad [\text{ASCE 7-16 Eq (13.3-2)}]$$

$$\text{Min } F_p = 0.3 S_{DS} I_p W_p = 154.1 \text{ lbs} \quad [\text{ASCE 7-16 Eq (13.3-3)}]$$

$$\text{Use } F_p = 256.8 \text{ lbs}$$

Cable Bracing Design

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Diameter} &= 1/8 \text{ in} & \text{Prestretched Aircraft cable diameter} \\ T &= 254 \text{ Lbs}_{(ASD)} & \text{Tension per cable} = (0.7 F_{ph}) \cdot 2^{0.5} \\ T' &= 2000 \text{ Lbs}_{(ASD)} & \text{Per ASHRAE} \\ \text{DCR} &= 0.13 \end{aligned}$$

OK

Cable Connection to (N) Blocking

$$\begin{aligned} T &= 254 \text{ Lbs}_{(ASD)} \\ W \text{ actual acting} & & \text{Withdrawal force acting on Screw} &= (T) \cdot x^{0.5} \\ \text{on screw} &= 360 \text{ Lbs}_{(ASD)} \end{aligned}$$

Connection of P1000 Unistruct to (E) Roof Joist

#10x1 1/2" Wood Screws

Withdrawal:

$$\begin{aligned} W' &= W(C_D C_M C_t C_{eg} C_{tn}) & [\text{NDS 18 Table 11.3.1}] \\ G \text{ (Specific Gravity of D.F.)} &= 0.50 & (\text{Douglas Fir \#2}) \\ W &= 135 \text{ lbs/in} & [\text{NDS 18 Table 12.2B}] \\ C_D &= 1.6 & [\text{NDS 18 Table 2.3.2}] \\ C_t &= 1.0 & [\text{NDS 18 Table 11.3.4}] \\ C_{eg} = C_{tn} = C_M &= 1.0 & [\text{NDS 18 Table 11.3.3, 12.5.4, 12.5.2}] \\ T\text{-E (2/3 Screw Length)} &= 1.00 & [\text{NDS 18 Table L3}] \end{aligned}$$

$$W' = 0.216 \text{ kips} > 0.0899 \text{ kips}$$

OK

Use #10x1 1/2" Wood screws for connecting the "L" angle to (E) Roof Joist

Lateral:

$$\begin{aligned} Z' &= Z(C_D C_M C_t C_{eg} C_{tn}) & [\text{NDS 18 Table 11.3.1}] \\ G \text{ (Specific Gravity of D.F.)} &= 0.50 & (\text{Douglas Fir \#2}) \\ Z &= 116 \text{ lbs} & [\text{NDS 18 Table 12K}] \\ C_D &= 1.6 & [\text{NDS 18 Table 2.3.2}] \\ C_t &= 1.0 & [\text{NDS 18 Table 11.3.4}] \\ C_{eg} = C_{tn} = C_M &= 1.0 & [\text{NDS 18 Table 11.3.3, 12.5.4, 12.5.2}] \\ Z' &= 0.186 \text{ kips} > 0.0899 \text{ kips} \end{aligned}$$

OK

Use #10x1 1/2" Wood screws for connecting the "L" angle to (E) Roof Joist



PROJECT NO. 24-007	SHEET NO.
PROJECT Don's Drive In Range Hood Support	DATE 4/17/2024
SUBJECT Range Hood Roof Gravity Support	BY CVG

Tension in Threaded Rod

$$R_T = W_P/n = 63.3 \text{ lbs} \quad (8) \text{ connections}$$

Threaded Rod

$$d = 0.375 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Threads per inch, } n^b = 16 \quad [\text{AISC 15 Table 7-17}]$$

$$\text{Gross Area } A_g = \pi(d)^2/4 = 0.11 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\text{Net Area } A_n = 0.7854(d - 0.9743/n^b)^2 = 0.08 \text{ in}^2 \quad [\text{AISC 15 Table 7-17}]$$

$$\text{Effective Area } A_e = A_n \cdot U = 0.08 \text{ in}^2 \quad [\text{AISC 15 Eq (D3-1)}]$$

$$P_n = \text{Lesser of } \frac{F_y A_g}{\Omega_{t(y)}} \text{ or } \frac{F_u A_e}{\Omega_{t(r)}}$$

$$\frac{F_y A_g}{\Omega_{t(y)}} = 2.38 \text{ ksi} \quad [\text{AISC 15 (D2-1)}]$$

$$\frac{F_u A_e}{\Omega_{t(r)}} = 2.25 \text{ ksi} \quad \text{Use 2.25 kips} \quad [\text{AISC 15 (D2-2)}]$$

$$P_A = R_T = 63.3 \text{ lbs} < 2247.2 \text{ lbs} \quad \text{OK}$$

Use 0.375" Ø Threaded Rod

Simpson DTT1Z (Simpson C-C-2019 p. 53)

$$\text{Simpson DTT1Z Capacity} = 840.0 \text{ lbs} < 63.25 \text{ lbs} \quad \text{OK}$$

P1000 Unistrut Capacity (Unistrut Engineering Catalog No. 17 p. 25)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Length (max)} &= 24.0 \text{ in} \\ \text{Pierced Capacity Factor (Fp)} &= 0.9 \text{ in} \\ \text{Actual Capacity (Ca)} &= 1130 \text{ lbs} \\ \text{Concentrated Load Factor} &= 0.5 \\ \text{Allowable Capacity} &= 509 \text{ lbs} > 63.3 \text{ lbs} \end{aligned} \quad \begin{aligned} & \\ & \\ & \\ & \text{Unistrut Catalog No.17 pg 18} \\ & \end{aligned} \quad \text{OK}$$

Connection of P1000 Unistrut to (E) Wood

#10x1 1/2" Wood Screws

Lateral Shear:

$$Z' = Z(C_D C_M C_t C_{eg} C_{tn})(T-E) \quad [\text{NDS 18 Table 11.3.1}]$$

$$G (\text{Specific Gravity of D.F.}) = 0.50 \quad (\text{Douglas Fir \#2})$$

$$Z = 116 \text{ lbs} \quad [\text{NDS 18 Table 12L}]$$

$$C_D = 1.0 \quad [\text{NDS 18 Table 2.3.2}]$$

$$C_t = 1.0 \quad [\text{NDS 18 Table 11.3.4}]$$

$$C_{eg} = C_{tn} = C_M = 1.0 \quad [\text{NDS 18 Table 11.3.3, 12.5.4, 12.5.2}]$$

$$Z' = 0.116 \text{ kips} > 0.0316 \text{ kips} \quad \text{OK}$$

Use #10x1 1/2" Wood screws for connecting the "L" angle to (E) Roof Joist

RANGE HOOD CONNECTION TO (E)/(N) CMU WALL:

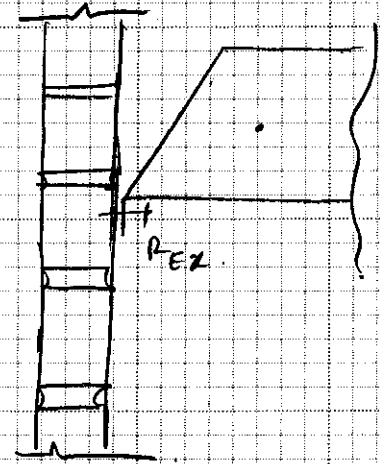
FROM PREVIOUS SHEETS:

$$F_p = 257 \text{ lbs.}$$

$$R_{Ex} = 0.7 \times 257 = 180 \text{ lbs}$$

LENGTH OF HOOD (L) = 12'

$$\frac{R_{Ex}}{L} = \frac{180}{12'} = 15 \text{ prf}$$



∴ PROVIDE SIMPSON 3/8" ϕ x 2 3/4" EMBED TITEN HD ANCHORS AT 48" OC TO (E) & (N) CMU.

PROJECT Don's Drive In Repair MAU SUBJECT Mechanical Unit Design Criteria	PROJECT NO. 24-007	SHEET NO.
		DATE 4/10/2024
		BY CG

General

Building Department	City of Puyallup
Building Code Conformance (Meets Or Exceeds Requirements)	2021 IBC

Unit Information

Unit 1 Weight	697 lbs	Unit 1 CG (x)	35.5 in
Unit 1 Length (x)	160.0 in	Unit 1 CG (y)	22.0 in
Unit 1 Width (y)	28.0 in	Unit 1 CG (z)	30.0 in
Unit 1 Height (z)	30.0 in		
Unit 1 Curb Weight	84 lbs	Unit 1 Curb CG (x)	35.5 in
Unit 1 Curb Length (x)	71.0 in	Unit 1 Curb CG (y)	10.5 in
Unit 1 Curb Width (y)	21.0 in	Unit 1 Curb CG (z)	12.0 in
Unit 1 Curb Height (z)	24.0 in		

Existing Building Information

Type of Roof Framing	Solid Sawn Joists
Roof Framing Spacing	24 in

Seismic Loads

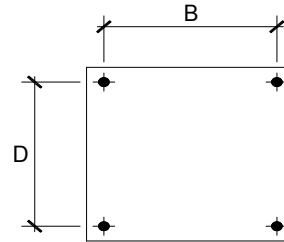
Importance Factor (I _p)	1.0	[ASCE 7-10 Section 13.1.3]
Spectral Acceleration (Short Period) (S _{ps})	101.5%	



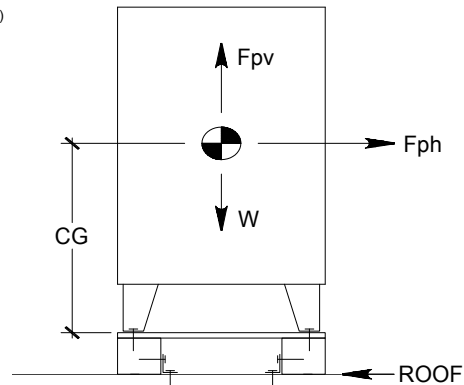
PROJECT Don's Drive In Repair MAU	DATE 4/10/2024
SUBJECT Make Up Air Unit Lateral Loads	BY CG

Seismic Loads (ASCE 7-10, Chapter 13)

$a_p =$	1.0	ASCE 7 Table 13.5-1 & Table 13.6-1
$R_p =$	2.5	ASCE 7 Table 13.5-1 & Table 13.6-1
$\Omega_o =$	2.5	ASCE 7 Table 13.5-1 & Table 13.6-1
$S_{DS} =$	1.015 g	See ATC Hazards sheet
$I_p =$	1.00	ASCE Table 11.5-1
$z/h =$	1.00	
$F_{ph} =$	0.49 W_p	$F_{ph} = \frac{0.4 S_{DS} a_p}{R_p / I_p} \left(1 + 2 \frac{z}{h} \right) W_p$
$F_{pv} =$	0.20 W_p	$F_{pv} = 0.2 \cdot S_{DS} \cdot W_p$
$W_p =$	697 Lbs	Equipment weight
$F_{ph} =$	340 Lbs (ULT)	$\Omega_o \cdot F_{ph} =$ 849 Lbs (ULT)
$F_{pv} =$	141 Lbs (ULT)	
W_p (w/ curb) =	781 Lbs	Equipment weight (w/ curb)
F_{ph} (w/ curb) =	381 Lbs (ULT)	$\Omega_o \cdot F_{ph} =$ 951 Lbs (ULT)
F_{pv} (w/ curb) =	159 Lbs (ULT)	



PLAN


Wind Loads (ASCE 7-10, Section 29.5.1)

$V =$	97 mph	Basic wind velocity
$Exp =$	B	Exposure category
$z =$	10 ft	Roof height
$L =$	160 in	Equipment length
$W =$	28 in	Equipment width
$H =$	30 in	Equipment height
$A_f =$	33 ft ²	Vertical area exposed to wind
$A_r =$	31 ft ²	Horizontal area exposed to wind
A_f (w/ curb) =	45 ft ²	Vertical area exposed to wind
A_r (w/ curb) =	31 ft ²	Horizontal area exposed to wind
$K_d =$	0.85	Table 26.6-1
$K_z =$	0.57	Table 29.3-1
$K_{zt} =$	1.00	(Flat)
$q_z =$	11.8 psf	$= 0.00256 \cdot K_z \cdot K_{zt} \cdot K_d \cdot V^2$
$G =$	0.85	Section 26.9.1, rigid
$C_f =$	1.35	Figure 29.4-1
$F_h =$	450 Lbs (ULT)	$= q_z \cdot G \cdot C_f \cdot A_f$
$F_v =$	366 Lbs (ULT)	$= q_z \cdot A_r$
F_h (w/ curb) =	610 Lbs (ULT)	$= q_z \cdot G \cdot C_f \cdot A_f$
F_v (w/ curb) =	366 Lbs (ULT)	$= q_z \cdot A_r$

Unit Data

$e =$	1.5 in	Distance from attachments to edge of unit
$L' =$	157.0 in	Distance between attachments along length
$W' =$	25.0 in	Distance between attachments along width
$H_c =$	24.0 in	Height of curb
$CG_x =$	34.0	Centroid along length (from attachments)
$CG_y =$	4.5	Centroid along width (from attachments)
$CG_z =$	30.0 in	Height to centroid (from curb)



PROJECT Don's Drive In Repair MAU	DATE 4/10/2024
SUBJECT Make Up Air Unit Lateral Loads	BY CG

Connection of Unit to Curb (ASD)

Try:	#8	Metal =	20 ga struct	(min)
n =	4	No. of screws per side (min)		
P _{x seismic} =	0	Lbs	Tension per screw (seismic loads)	$= [(0.7F_{ph} \cdot CG_z) - (0.6W_p - 0.7F_{pv}) \cdot CG_x] \div (L' \cdot n)$
P _{y seismic} =	62	Lbs	Tension per screw (seismic loads)	$= [(0.7F_{ph} \cdot CG_z) - (0.6W_p - 0.7F_{pv}) \cdot CG_y] \div (W' \cdot n)$
P _{x wind} =	11	Lbs	Tension per screw (wind loads)	$= (0.6F_h \cdot H/2 - 0.6W_p \cdot CG_x + 0.6F_v \cdot L'/2) \div (L' \cdot n)$
P _{y wind} =	49	Lbs	Tension per screw (wind loads)	$= (0.6F_h \cdot H/2 - 0.6W_p \cdot CG_y + 0.6F_v \cdot W'/2) \div (W' \cdot n)$
V =	17	Lbs	Shear per screw	$= \max[0.6F_h, 0.7F_{ph}] \div (4 \cdot n)$
P' =	72	Lbs	Screw tension capacity per SSMA allowable loads table, p.70	
V' =	164	Lbs	Screw shear capacity per SSMA allowable loads table, p.70	
DCR =	0.96	≤ 1.0 (OK)	DCR = P/P' + V/V' ≤ 1.0	

Connection of Curb to Wood Structure (ASD)

Try:	#8	Metal =	20 ga struct	(min)	Wood G =	0.5	(min)
n =	4	No. of screws per side (min)					
L =	1.5	in	Length of threads into wood framing (min)				
C _D =	1.6		(Wind and Seismic)				
W' =	195	Lbs	(NDS Table 11.2A/Screw tension capacity per SSMA allowable loads table, p.70)				
Z' =	142	Lbs	(NDS Table 11K/Screw shear capacity per SSMA allowable loads table, p.70)				
P _{x seismic} =	4	Lbs (ASD)	Tension per screw (seismic loads)	$= [(0.7F_{ph} \cdot CG_z) - (0.6W_p - 0.7F_{pv}) \cdot CG_x] \div (L' \cdot n)$			
P _{y seismic} =	107	Lbs (ASD)	Tension per screw (seismic loads)	$= [(0.7F_{ph} \cdot CG_z) - (0.6W_p - 0.7F_{pv}) \cdot CG_y] \div (W' \cdot n)$			
P _{x wind} =	18	Lbs	Tension per screw (wind loads)	$= (0.6F_h \cdot H/2 - 0.6W_p \cdot CG_x + 0.6F_v \cdot L'/2) \div (L' \cdot n)$			
P _{y wind} =	17	Lbs	Tension per screw (wind loads)	$= (0.6F_h \cdot H/2 - 0.6W_p \cdot CG_y + 0.6F_v \cdot W'/2) \div (W' \cdot n)$			
V _{seismic} =	17	Lbs (ASD)	$= 0.7F_{ph} / n \cdot 4$				
V _{wind} =	27	Lbs (ASD)	$= 0.7F_h / n \cdot 4$				
α _{seismic} =	57	°	$= \tan^{-1}(P/V)$				
α _{wind} =	33	°	$= \tan^{-1}(P/V)$				
P _{α seismic} =	108	Lbs	$= (P^2 + V^2)^{1/2}$				
P _{α wind} =	32	Lbs	$= (P^2 + V^2)^{1/2}$				
Z' _{α seismic} =	176	Lbs	$Z'_\alpha = \frac{W' \cdot Z'}{W' \cdot \cos^2 \alpha + Z' \cdot \sin^2 \alpha}$				
Z' _{α wind} =	155	Lbs					
DCR =	0.61	≤ 1.0 (OK)	$= P_\alpha / Z'_\alpha$				



PROJECT
Don's Drive In Repair RTU

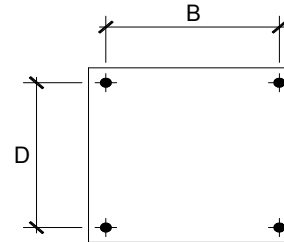
DATE
5/20/2024

SUBJECT
RTU Lateral Design

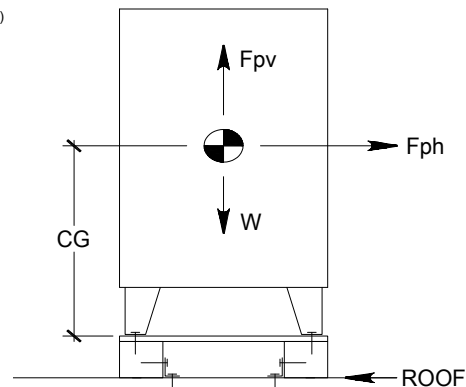
BY
CG

Seismic Loads (ASCE 7-10, Chapter 13)

$a_p =$	2.5	ASCE 7 Table 13.5-1 & Table 13.6-1
$R_p =$	6.0	ASCE 7 Table 13.5-1 & Table 13.6-1
$\Omega_o =$	2.5	ASCE 7 Table 13.5-1 & Table 13.6-1
$S_{DS} =$	1.015 g	See ATC Hazards sheet
$I_p =$	1.00	ASCE Table 11.5-1
$z/h =$	1.00	
$F_{ph} =$	0.51 W_p	$F_{ph} = \frac{0.4 S_{DS} a_p}{R_p / I_p} \left(1 + 2 \frac{z}{h}\right) W_p$
$F_{pv} =$	0.20 W_p	$F_{pv} = 0.2 \cdot S_{DS} \cdot W_p$
$W_p =$	580 Lbs	Equipment weight
$F_{ph} =$	294 Lbs (ULT)	$\Omega_o \cdot F_{ph} =$ 736 Lbs (ULT)
$F_{pv} =$	118 Lbs (ULT)	
W_p (w/ curb) =	730 Lbs	Equipment weight (w/ curb)
F_{ph} (w/ curb) =	370 Lbs (ULT)	$\Omega_o \cdot F_{ph} =$ 926 Lbs (ULT)
F_{pv} (w/ curb) =	148 Lbs (ULT)	



PLAN



Wind Loads (ASCE 7-10, Section 29.5.1)

$V =$	97 mph	Basic wind velocity
Exp =	B	Exposure category
$z =$	10 ft	Roof height
$L =$	80 in	Equipment length
$W =$	47 in	Equipment width
$H =$	42 in	Equipment height
$A_f =$	23 ft ²	Vertical area exposed to wind
$A_r =$	26 ft ²	Horizontal area exposed to wind
A_f (w/ curb) =	30 ft ²	Vertical area exposed to wind
A_r (w/ curb) =	26 ft ²	Horizontal area exposed to wind
$K_d =$	0.85	Table 26.6-1
$K_z =$	0.57	Table 29.3-1
$K_{zt} =$	1.00	(Flat)
$q_z =$	11.8 psf	$= 0.00256 \cdot K_z \cdot K_{zt} \cdot K_d \cdot V^2$
$G =$	0.85	Section 26.9.1, rigid
$C_f =$	1.45	Figure 29.4-1
$F_h =$	338 Lbs (ULT)	$= q_z \cdot G \cdot C_f \cdot A_f$
$F_v =$	307 Lbs (ULT)	$= q_z \cdot A_r$
F_h (w/ curb) =	435 Lbs (ULT)	$= q_z \cdot G \cdot C_f \cdot A_f$
F_v (w/ curb) =	307 Lbs (ULT)	$= q_z \cdot A_r$

Unit Data

$e =$	1.5 in	Distance from attachments to edge of unit
$L' =$	77.0 in	Distance between attachments along length
$W' =$	44.0 in	Distance between attachments along width
$H_c =$	12.0 in	Height of curb
$CG_x =$	38.5	Centroid along length (from attachments)
$CG_y =$	22.0	Centroid along width (from attachments)
$CG_z =$	21.0 in	Height to centroid (from curb)



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Connection of Unit to Curb (ASD)

Try:	#8	Metal =	20 ga struct	(min)
n =	2	No. of screws per side (min)		
P _{x seismic} =	0	Lbs	Tension per screw (seismic loads)	$= [(0.7F_{ph} \cdot CG_z) - (0.6W_p - 0.7F_{pv}) \cdot CG_x] \div (L' \cdot n)$
P _{y seismic} =	0	Lbs	Tension per screw (seismic loads)	$= [(0.7F_{ph} \cdot CG_z) - (0.6W_p - 0.7F_{pv}) \cdot CG_y] \div (W' \cdot n)$
P _{x wind} =	-13	Lbs	Tension per screw (wind loads)	$= (0.6F_h \cdot H/2 - 0.6W_p \cdot CG_x + 0.6F_v \cdot L'/2) \div (L' \cdot n)$
P _{y wind} =	8	Lbs	Tension per screw (wind loads)	$= (0.6F_h \cdot H/2 - 0.6W_p \cdot CG_y + 0.6F_v \cdot W'/2) \div (W' \cdot n)$
V =	26	Lbs	Shear per screw	$= \max[0.6F_h, 0.7F_{ph}] \div (4 \cdot n)$
P' =	72	Lbs	Screw tension capacity per SSMA allowable loads table, p.70	
V' =	164	Lbs	Screw shear capacity per SSMA allowable loads table, p.70	
DCR =	0.26	≤ 1.0 (OK)	DCR = P/P' + V/V' ≤ 1.0	

Connection of Curb to Wood Structure (ASD)

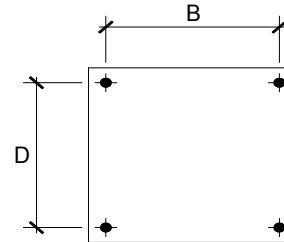
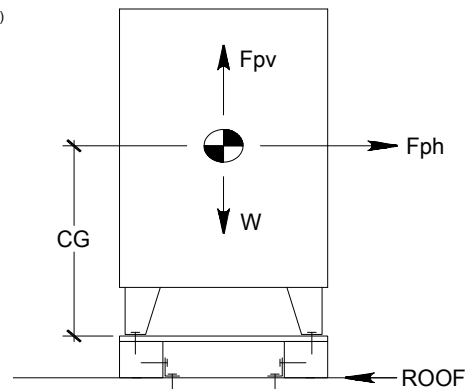
Try:	#8	Metal =	20 ga struct	(min)	Wood G =	0.5	(min)
n =	2	No. of screws per side (min)					
L =	1.5	in	Length of threads into wood framing (min)				
C _D =	1.6		(Wind and Seismic)				
W' =	195	Lbs	(NDS Table 11.2A/Screw tension capacity per SSMA allowable loads table, p.70)				
Z' =	142	Lbs	(NDS Table 11K/Screw shear capacity per SSMA allowable loads table, p.70)				
P _{x seismic} =	0	Lbs (ASD)	Tension per screw (seismic loads)	$= [(0.7F_{ph} \cdot CG_z) - (0.6W_p - 0.7F_{pv}) \cdot CG_x] \div (L' \cdot n)$			
P _{y seismic} =	28	Lbs (ASD)	Tension per screw (seismic loads)	$= [(0.7F_{ph} \cdot CG_z) - (0.6W_p - 0.7F_{pv}) \cdot CG_y] \div (W' \cdot n)$			
P _{x wind} =	-18	Lbs	Tension per screw (wind loads)	$= (0.6F_h \cdot H/2 - 0.6W_p \cdot CG_x + 0.6F_v \cdot L'/2) \div (L' \cdot n)$			
P _{y wind} =	10	Lbs	Tension per screw (wind loads)	$= (0.6F_h \cdot H/2 - 0.6W_p \cdot CG_y + 0.6F_v \cdot W'/2) \div (W' \cdot n)$			
V _{seismic} =	32	Lbs (ASD)	$= 0.7F_{ph} / n \cdot 4$				
V _{wind} =	38	Lbs (ASD)	$= 0.7F_h / n \cdot 4$				
α _{seismic} =	40	°	$= \tan^{-1}(P/V)$				
α _{wind} =	14	°	$= \tan^{-1}(P/V)$				
P _{α seismic} =	43	Lbs	$= (P^2 + V^2)^{1/2}$				
P _{α wind} =	39	Lbs	$= (P^2 + V^2)^{1/2}$				
Z' _{α seismic} =	160	Lbs					
Z' _{α wind} =	145	Lbs					
DCR =	0.27	≤ 1.0 (OK)	$= P_{\alpha}/Z'_{\alpha}$				



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Seismic Loads (ASCE 7-10, Chapter 13)

$a_p =$	1.0	ASCE 7 Table 13.5-1 & Table 13.6-1
$R_p =$	2.5	ASCE 7 Table 13.5-1 & Table 13.6-1
$\Omega_o =$	2.5	ASCE 7 Table 13.5-1 & Table 13.6-1
$S_{DS} =$	1.015 g	See ATC Hazards sheet
$I_p =$	1.00	ASCE Table 11.5-1
$z/h =$	1.00	
$F_{ph} =$	0.49 W_p	$F_{ph} = \frac{0.4 S_{DS} a_p}{R_p / I_p} \left(1 + 2 \frac{z}{h}\right) W_p$
$F_{pv} =$	0.20 W_p	$F_{pv} = 0.2 \cdot S_{DS} \cdot W_p$
$W_p =$	170 Lbs	Equipment weight
$F_{ph} =$	83 Lbs (ULT)	$\Omega_o \cdot F_{ph} =$ 207 Lbs (ULT)
$F_{pv} =$	35 Lbs (ULT)	
W_p (w/ curb) =	170 Lbs	Equipment weight (w/ curb)
F_{ph} (w/ curb) =	83 Lbs (ULT)	$\Omega_o \cdot F_{ph} =$ 207 Lbs (ULT)
F_{pv} (w/ curb) =	35 Lbs (ULT)	


PLAN

Wind Loads (ASCE 7-10, Section 29.5.1)

$V =$	97 mph	Basic wind velocity
$Exp =$	B	Exposure category
$z =$	10 ft	Roof height
$L =$	29 in	Equipment length
$W =$	25 in	Equipment width
$H =$	20 in	Equipment height
$A_f =$	4 ft ²	Vertical area exposed to wind
$A_r =$	5 ft ²	Horizontal area exposed to wind
A_f (w/ curb) =	4 ft ²	Vertical area exposed to wind
A_r (w/ curb) =	5 ft ²	Horizontal area exposed to wind
$K_d =$	0.85	Table 26.6-1
$K_z =$	0.57	Table 29.3-1
$K_{zt} =$	1.00	(Flat)
$q_z =$	11.8 psf	$= 0.00256 \cdot K_z \cdot K_{zt} \cdot K_d \cdot V^2$
$G =$	0.85	Section 26.9.1, rigid
$C_f =$	1.45	Figure 29.4-1
$F_h =$	58 Lbs (ULT)	$= q_z \cdot G \cdot C_f \cdot A_f$
$F_v =$	59 Lbs (ULT)	$= q_z \cdot A_r$
F_h (w/ curb) =	58 Lbs (ULT)	$= q_z \cdot G \cdot C_f \cdot A_f$
F_v (w/ curb) =	59 Lbs (ULT)	$= q_z \cdot A_r$

Unit Data

$e =$	1.5 in	Distance from attachments to edge of unit
$L' =$	26.0 in	Distance between attachments along length
$W' =$	22.0 in	Distance between attachments along width
$H_c =$	0.0 in	Height of curb
$CG_x =$	13.0	Centroid along length (from attachments)
$CG_y =$	11.0	Centroid along width (from attachments)
$CG_z =$	10.0 in	Height to centroid (from curb)



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Connection of Unit to Curb (ASD)

Try:	#8	Metal =	20 ga struct	(min)
n =	2	No. of screws per side (min)		
P _{x seismic} =	0	Lbs	Tension per screw (seismic loads)	$= [(0.7F_{ph} \cdot CG_z) - (0.6W_p - 0.7F_{pv}) \cdot CG_x] \div (L' \cdot n)$
P _{y seismic} =	0	Lbs	Tension per screw (seismic loads)	$= [(0.7F_{ph} \cdot CG_z) - (0.6W_p - 0.7F_{pv}) \cdot CG_y] \div (W' \cdot n)$
P _{x wind} =	-10	Lbs	Tension per screw (wind loads)	$= (0.6F_h \cdot H/2 - 0.6W_p \cdot CG_x + 0.6F_v \cdot L'/2) \div (L' \cdot n)$
P _{y wind} =	-9	Lbs	Tension per screw (wind loads)	$= (0.6F_h \cdot H/2 - 0.6W_p \cdot CG_y + 0.6F_v \cdot W'/2) \div (W' \cdot n)$
V =	7	Lbs	Shear per screw	$= \max[0.6F_h, 0.7F_{ph}] \div (4 \cdot n)$
P' =	72	Lbs	Screw tension capacity per SSMA allowable loads table, p.70	
V' =	164	Lbs	Screw shear capacity per SSMA allowable loads table, p.70	
DCR =	0.04	≤ 1.0 (OK)	DCR = P/P' + V/V' ≤ 1.0	

Connection of Curb to Wood Structure (ASD)

Try:	#8	Metal =	20 ga struct	(min)	Wood G =	0.5	(min)
n =	2	No. of screws per side (min)					
L =	1.5	in	Length of threads into wood framing (min)				
C _D =	1.6		(Wind and Seismic)				
W' =	195	Lbs	(NDS Table 11.2A/Screw tension capacity per SSMA allowable loads table, p.70)				
Z' =	142	Lbs	(NDS Table 11K/Screw shear capacity per SSMA allowable loads table, p.70)				
P _{x seismic} =	0	Lbs (ASD)	Tension per screw (seismic loads)	$= [(0.7F_{ph} \cdot CG_z) - (0.6W_p - 0.7F_{pv}) \cdot CG_x] \div (L' \cdot n)$			
P _{y seismic} =	0	Lbs (ASD)	Tension per screw (seismic loads)	$= [(0.7F_{ph} \cdot CG_z) - (0.6W_p - 0.7F_{pv}) \cdot CG_y] \div (W' \cdot n)$			
P _{x wind} =	-10	Lbs	Tension per screw (wind loads)	$= (0.6F_h \cdot H/2 - 0.6W_p \cdot CG_x + 0.6F_v \cdot L'/2) \div (L' \cdot n)$			
P _{y wind} =	-7	Lbs	Tension per screw (wind loads)	$= (0.6F_h \cdot H/2 - 0.6W_p \cdot CG_y + 0.6F_v \cdot W'/2) \div (W' \cdot n)$			
V _{seismic} =	7	Lbs (ASD)	$= 0.7F_{ph} / n \cdot 4$				
V _{wind} =	5	Lbs (ASD)	$= 0.7F_h / n \cdot 4$				
α _{seismic} =	0	°	$= \tan^{-1}(P/V)$				
α _{wind} =	-51	°	$= \tan^{-1}(P/V)$				
P _{α seismic} =	7	Lbs	$= (P^2 + V^2)^{1/2}$				
P _{α wind} =	9	Lbs	$= (P^2 + V^2)^{1/2}$				
Z' _{α seismic} =	142	Lbs	$Z'_\alpha = \frac{W' \cdot Z'}{W' \cdot \cos^2 \alpha + Z' \cdot \sin^2 \alpha}$				
Z' _{α wind} =	170	Lbs					
DCR =	0.05	≤ 1.0 (OK)	$= P_\alpha / Z'_\alpha$				