Tyler Riggs

Senior Operations Manager
RedDot Corporation
Tukwila, WA 98188

Re: Facility Relocation Sprinkler Evaluation<br>Puyallup Corporate Park<br>2504 East Main<br>Puyallup, WA 98372

The scope of this project was for Veltre Engineering to evaluate as a tenant improvement the ability of the existing sprinkler system at RedDot Corporation's new facility to provide an acceptable discharge to protect their current operations. The evaluation includes the impact of the new racking system on the sprinkler performance. The existing facility at 495 Andover Parks East, Tukwila, WA was visited on November 15, 2022, to identify activities, storage arrangements, and commodity classifications. Additionally, the new facility at 2504 East Main Avenue, Puyallup, WA was visited to verify that the primary components of the system that will impact the hydraulic capacity (pump data and size of mains and branch lines) was installed in accordance with the as-built drawings dated 2/9/2022. This evaluation assumes the installation has been accepted by the authority having jurisdiction (AHJ) for Puyallup as a warehouse to be leased based on the design criteria stated in the as-built drawings. The criteria applied in this evaluation is the Washington Building Code (2018 IBC and IFC with WA amendments) and NFPA 13: Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems, 2016 edition.

## Existing Tukwila Facility

The existing facility is a nonseparated mixed occupancy consisting of:

- Business Group B
- Factory Group F-1
- Storage Group S-1

The evaluation focused on the Storage and Factory uses since they are in the same open area. The Factory use consists of the fabrication of metal components and the assembly and testing of mobile HVAC units. The fabrication involves hydraulic presses reported to use standard combustible hydraulic fluid. The assembly is performed at workstations with 6 ft high shelf assemblies with containers of exposed unexpanded Group A plastic. The testing is conducted within compartments that are sprinklered. There are no flammable or combustible liquids. There is a small quantity of compressed gas cylinders of nitrogen and nitrogen/hydrogen (5\%) that are not part of this evaluation. The sprinkler hazard classifications for the Factory use are:

- Ordinary Hazard Group 1 (typical activities)
- Ordinary Hazard Group 2 (plastic stockpiles up to 8 ft )
- Extra Hazard Group 1 (hydraulic use area)

The Storage arrangement consists of a small amount of shelf storage up to 6 ft high (see picture 1 ), solid pile up to 12 ft , small amount of single row racks, and mostly double row racks. The overwhelming majority of the assemblies are palletized, open racks (aka flues between the pallet loads). Some of the transverse and longitudinal flues are obstructed (see picture 2). Some of the racks have tiers of open wire mesh/decking storing individual boxes. These are solidly stacked between rack uprights with no flues (See pictures 3 and 4). Many of the racks have well maintained flues (see picture 5). There are some open top containers located at the bottom of the rack (see pictures 3 and 6).

On the racks, the overwhelming majority commodity classification is cartoned unexpanded Group A plastics. There is a very limited exposed, unexpanded Group A plastic. There is also a segregated small portion that is cartoned expanded Group A plastic (gaskets). Many of the cartons are encapsulated (see pictures 7 and 8 ).

In the solid pile area, there are a variety of separate commodities consisting of:

- Wood pallets, up to 8 ft (see picture 9 )
- Wood open shipping frames, up to 8 ft
- (Shipping containers) exposed unexpanded Group A plastic, up to 11 ft (see pictures 10 and 11)
- (Bags of $A B S$ resin beads) exposed unexpanded Group A plastic, small bags up to 12 ft and large $4^{\prime} \times 4^{\prime} \times 4^{\prime}$ bags up to 9 ft (see pictures 12 and 13)
- (Rolls of bubble wrap) exposed expanded Group A plastic, up to 8 ft

In shipping, expanded foam (dunnage) is used in packing the product. It constitutes no more than $25 \%$ of the load volume. This is classified as cartoned unexpanded since it is less than $40 \%$ of the volume (see NFPA 13, paragraph 5.6.4.1.1.1(1)).

## New Puyallup Facility

The new facility has a floor plan of $199,225 \mathrm{sf}$, a maximum ceiling height of $38^{\prime} 4^{\prime \prime}$, and a ceiling slope less than 2 in 12. The ceiling consists of plywood with $2 \times 6$ joists on 2 ft center classified as combustible obstructed combustion (see picture 14). The wood joists are supported by 2 ft and 3 ft metal trusses with steel columns (without fireproofing) throughout the floor area (see picture 15). The same occupancies groups and functions will apply.

The new racking system (as shown on the Raymond West shop drawings) will consist of double wide (labelled Type A) and single wide (labelled Type A-1) (both up to 30 ft storage height), single wide (labelled Type B) up to 24 ft storage height, and double wide cantilevered (labelled Type C) up to 14 ft storage height. The cantilever racks will store only Class 1 commodities. The aisle width is approximately 11 ft .

The solid pile storage will be dispersed throughout the facility with the same storage heights as described in the existing facility.

## Automatic Sprinkler Protection

The new ceiling only (no in-rack sprinklers) sprinkler systems consist of five early suppression fast response (ESFR) sprinkler system risers on a single manifold supplied by a fire pump. The
pump/sprinkler riser room has direct access from the exterior. It is in the southeast portion of the building. The connection to the city water supply is directly north of the facility on East Main Avenue. The city water main has a $12^{\prime \prime}$ diameter. The private service main on the facility lot is a looped $12^{\prime \prime}$ diameter main with two connections to the street main. The available water supply from the as-built drawings at East Main Avenue is Static $=55$ psi and Residual $=45$ psi at 1,182 gpm.

The electric driven fire pump is on from Patterson. The pump data, as identified on the name plate (see picture 16), is: Static pressure $=116 \mathrm{psi}$, rating $=1,500 \mathrm{gpm}$ at 105 psi , and 88 psi at $2,250 \mathrm{gpm}$ ( $150 \%$ of rating).

All ESFR systems use pendent K - 16.8 sprinklers with a minimum pressure of 52 psi . The as-built drawings accurately state the system can protect:

- Palletized and solid pile storage up to 35 ft
- Class I-IV, cartoned and exposed nonexpanded Group A plastic
- Rack Storage up to 35 ft
- Class I-IV, cartoned and exposed nonexpanded Group A plastic
- Idle wood or plastic pallets up to 35 ft

It does not mention either exposed expanded or cartoned expanded Group A plastics.
Based on the hydraulic data sign, the typical system demand at the base of the riser (without hose demand is $1,459 \mathrm{gpm}$ at 115 psi (see picture 17). The associated hydraulic calculations were not available with the as-builts drawings.

## Evaluation

## Ceiling Construction

The ceiling is combustible obstructed construction. NFPA 13, 2016 edition does not allow ESFR sprinkler with this type of construction (see NFPA 13, paragraph 8.4.6.3 and Table 8.12.2.2.1). This restriction was unnecessarily conservative and was deleted in the 2019 edition (see NFPA 13, paragraph 14.2.4). Note the Table was not corrected until the 2022 edition. Veltre Engineering considers the use of ESFR sprinklers to be acceptable.

## Storage Piles

The pile sizes are required to have a maximum size of $60 \mathrm{ft} \times 60 \mathrm{ft}$ and 3,600 sf (see IFC Table 3206.2). Piles are to be separated by aisles that comply with NFPA 13 (see IFC 3206.10). The only aisle size defined by NFPA 13 is a minimum 4 ft aisle for defining separation of racks and 4 ft and 8 ft for defining discharge criteria for spray sprinklers. ESFR sprinkler criteria is not affected by aisle width. The goal of separating the pile size is to reduce the potential fire spread. Veltre Engineering considers with ESFR sprinkler protection that a 4 ft aisle is adequate for separating storage piles.

## Rack Flues

ESFR sprinkler system require the racks to qualify as an open rack. NFPA 13 and IFC paragraph 3208.2.2 defines this as individual loads within the rack covering no more than 20 sf with boundaries defined by
flues and/or aisles on all sides. NFPA 13 has some exceptions for storage heights up to 25 ft whereby longitudinal flues (those running parallel to the aisle) are not required but transverse flues (perpendicular to the aisle) must be provided at the rack upright frame members and between the load with a maximum spacing of 5 ft . IFC paragraph 3208.3 (on flues) has different criteria and supersedes NFPA 13. It also provides exceptions to IFC paragraph 3208.2.2 on the 20-sf load. IFC Table 3208.3Required Flue Spaces for Rack Storage has criteria for storage heights up to 25 ft and greater than 25 ft that is:

Single Row Rack (both up to 25 ft and greater)<br>Transverse flues: 3 in every 5 ft<br>Double Row Rack<br>Up to 25 ft<br>Transvers flues: 3 in every 10 ft<br>Longitudinal flues: not required<br>Greater than 25 ft<br>Transvers flues: 3 in every 5 ft<br>Longitudinal flues: 6 in

There are two main differences on flues between NFPA 13 and IFC. One is the minimum flue size (width) with NFPA 13 requiring all to be 6 in and IFC reducing the transverse flues to 3 in . The other is the maximum spacing between transverse flues with NFPA 13 requiring them to be at the rack uprights and between the load with a maximum spacing of 5 ft . If a large load exceeds the maximum spacing, then the rack is classified as having solid shelving and in-rack sprinklers are required. IFC does not define the spacing (defaulting to NFPA 13) except for the single case of double row racks with storage up to 25 ft and when ESFR sprinklers are used. This is accomplished by a note a to IFC Table 3208.3 applicable only to double row racks. It is worth noting that single row racks present a less demanding fire scenario that single row rack, but the IFC did not apply this allowance to them. It is appropriate to extend the 10 ft spacing to single row since they are less demanding than a double row rack, but since it is not explicitly stated in the IFC, it would require the approval of the AHJ.

## Column Protection

When building columns are not provided with fireproofing and located within the footprint of racks for storage heights greater than 15 ft , they are typically required to be protected. There are a couple of exceptions to this requirement one of which is the use of ESFR sprinklers (see NFPA 13 paragraph 17.1.4.1(4)). As such, column protection is not required.

## Water Supply

The water supply identified on the as-built drawings (Static = 55 psi and Residual $=45$ psi at 1,182 gpm) were somewhat substantiated by the Puyallup Water Dept (email from Brian Johnson dated
$11 / 15 / 2022$ ). They identified that the static pressure in the area is approximately 53 psi but could not provide the residual pressure except for the fire flow (at 20 psi ) is equal to or greater than 1950 gpm which is the highest flow category. The fire flow based on the as-built water supply data is $2,522 \mathrm{gpm}$. It was also confirmed that the water supply is "pretty consistent" year-round so there is no need to apply a seasonal modifier.

## Hydraulic Calculations

There were no hydraulic calculations submitted with the as-built drawings. The hydraulic data signs indicates a typical demand at the base of the riser to be $1,459 \mathrm{gpm}$ at 115 psi. Veltre Engineering performed a supplemental hydraulic calculation and found the demand at the base of the riser to be $1,468 \mathrm{gpm}$ at 117 psi (see Appendix B).

## Adequacy of Protection

The F-1 portion of the facility can be protected with ESFR sprinklers. The 2016 edition of NFPA 13 identifies that ESFR sprinkler designed for any storage criteria can protected Light and Ordinary Hazard occupancies (see NFPA 13, paragraph 8.4.6.6). This allowance was further clarified in the 2019 edition of NFPA 13 where it includes "Any storage arrangement OH1, OH2, EH1, and EH2 design criteria". The standard Extra Hazard occupancies are not included due to the inability for ESFR sprinklers to address significantly shielded fires. The hydraulic use area does not present a shielded fire and Veltre Engineering considers the use of ESFR sprinkler for this small Extra Hazard Group 1 occupancy acceptable.

The S-1 portion of the facility for ceiling height, storage arrangements, and commodities can be protected with ESFR sprinklers except for areas with exposed and/or cartoned expanded Group A plastics. The ESFR criteria is:

Exposed Expanded Group A
Storage up to 25
ESFR K-25.2 @ 30 psi for 30 ft ceiling or 60 psi for 40 ft ceiling
Cartoned Expanded Group A
Storage up to 25
ESFR K-16.8 @ 35 psi for 30 ft ceiling or 42 psi for 32 ft ceiling
There is no criterion for exposed expanded Group A plastic using K-16.8 ESFR sprinklers. There is no criterion for cartoned expanded Group A plastic using ESFR sprinklers for 38 ft ceilings.

## Conclusion

The conclusions for the fire protection review of the ESFR sprinkler system in the new facility are:

## Ceiling Construction

No action required.

## Storage Piles

RedDot needs to implement control of pile size and maintain clear aisle space around them.

## Rack Flues

RedDot needs to implement an awareness on providing flues where shelves are hand packed with individual cartons and long loads such as $4 \times 8$ sheets of steel as well as maintaining flues for palletized loads.

## Column Protection

No action required.

## Water Supply

No action required.

## Hydraulic Calculations

No action required.

## Adequacy of Protection

F-1 portion:
No action required
S-1 portion:
The sprinkler system is not adequate for the areas storing expanded Group A plastics. RedDot needs to modify the facility or identify an alternate protection scheme for these areas.

The options to correct this deficiency, after segregating the expanded Group A plastics into separate areas, are one of the following:

- Reduce storage height to no more than 5 ft .
- Reduce the ceiling height to no more than 32 ft for that area (such as a canopy), storage no more than 25 ft , and install ESFR K-16.8 sprinklers at 42 psi . Have either a draft curtain at the outer edge or a row of sprinklers between the face of the storage rack and the outer edge.
- Retain ESFR sprinklers at the ceiling but apply the Alternate Approach in NFPA 13: section 17.1.2.9 whereby in-rack sprinklers combined with horizontal barriers are installed within the racks
- Investigate if these products can be stored within a CARDEX protected per FM Data Sheet 8-34 instead of Data Sheet 8-9


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Picture 1 - Shelf Storage


Picture 2 - Flue in Rack


Picture 3 - No Flues with Box Loads


Picture 4 - Flue with Pallet Load


Picture 5 - Maintained Flues


Picture 6 - Open Top Container


Picture 7 - Encapsulated Load


Picture 8 - Encapsulated in Rack


Picture 9 - Pallets Stored Inside


Picture 10 - Shipping Container in Rack


Picture 11 - Shipping Containers


Picture 12 - Resin Beads, Small Bags


Picture 13 - Resin Beads, Large Bags


Picture 14 - Combustible Obstructed Ceiling


Picture 15 - Columns


Picture 16 - Pump Data Plate


Picture 17 - Hydraulic Data Sign

Appendix B - Hydraulic Calculation


# Hydraulic Calculations by HydraCALC 

```
VELTRE ENGINEERING
300 DESCHUTES WAY SW
SUITE 210
TUMWATER, WA, 98512
```

```
Job Name : PUYALLUP LOGISTICS CENTER
Drawing
Location
Remote Area
Contract
Data File : R21-FP PUYALLUP LOGISTICS CENTER-UPDATED Area 1.WXF
```



| VELTRE ENGINEERING PUYALLUP LOGISTICS CENTER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Page Date |  | 2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fitting Legend |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Abbrev. Name | 1/2 | $3 / 4$ | 1 | $11 / 4$ | $11 / 2$ | 2 | $21 / 2$ | 3 | $311 / 2$ | 4 | 5 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 | 24 |
| B NFPA 13 Butterfly Valve | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 7 | 10 | 0 | 12 | 9 | 10 | 12 | 19 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| E NFPA 13 90' Standard Elbow | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 18 | 22 | 27 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 | 61 |
| T NFPA 13 90' Flow thru Tee | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 15 | 17 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 50 | 60 | 71 | 81 | 91 | 101 | 121 |

Units Summary

| Diameter Units | Inches |
| :--- | :--- |
| Length Units | Feet |
| Flow Units | US Gallons per Minute |
| Pressure Units | Pounds per Square Inch |

Note: Fitting Legend provides equivalent pipe lengths for fittings types of various diameters. Equivalent lengths shown are standard for actual diameters of Sched 40 pipe and CFactors of 120 except as noted with *. The fittings marked with a * show equivalent lengths values supplied by manufacturers based on specific pipe diameters and CFactors and they require no adjustment. All values for fittings not marked with a * will be adjusted in the calculation for CFactors of other than 120 and diameters other than Sched 40 per NFPA.

Flow Summary - NFPA

| VELTRE ENGINEERING PUYALLUP LOGISTICS CENTER |  |  |  |  |  | Page <br> Date <br> Required Pressure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | SUPP | ALYSIS |  |  |
| Node at Source | Static Pressure | Residual Pressure | Flow | Available Pressure | Total Demand |  |
| PO | See Inf 55.0 | ation on Pu | 1182.0 | 120.213 29.32 | $\begin{aligned} & 1467.96 \\ & 1967.96 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 118.367 \\ 29.32 \end{gathered}$ |

## NODE ANALYSIS

| Node Tag | Elevation | Node Type | Pressure at Node | Discharge at Node | Notes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 100 | 31.31 | 16.8 | 52.0 | 121.15 | 0.1215 | 100 |
| 101 | 31.31 | 16.8 | 52.12 | 121.28 | 0.1215 | 100 |
| 102 | 31.31 |  | 53.42 |  |  |  |
| 103 | 28.5 |  | 55.33 |  |  |  |
| 104 | 28.5 |  | 55.96 |  |  |  |
| 105 | 28.5 |  | 56.14 |  |  |  |
| 106 | 32.94 |  | 55.76 |  |  |  |
| 107 | 32.94 |  | 95.22 |  |  |  |
| 108 | 28.5 |  | 98.69 |  |  |  |
| TOR | 26.0 |  | 104.84 |  |  |  |
| BOR | 1.77 |  | 117.14 | $\longleftarrow$ Base of Riser |  |  |
| PO | 1.77 |  | 118.37 |  |  |  |
| PI | 1.77 |  | 14.67 |  |  |  |
| UG | 1.97 |  | 15.49 |  |  |  |
| U1 | -4.0 |  | 28.19 | 500.0 |  |  |
| U2 | -4.0 |  | 29.0 |  |  |  |
| U3 | -4.0 |  | 29.21 |  |  |  |
| SRS | -4.0 |  | 29.32 |  |  |  |
| 109 | 29.67 | 16.8 | 52.38 | 121.59 | 0.1215 | 100 |
| 110 | 29.67 | 16.8 | 52.5 | 121.72 | 0.1215 | 100 |
| 111 | 29.67 |  | 53.81 |  |  |  |
| 112 | 28.5 |  | 54.96 |  |  |  |
| 113 | 28.5 |  | 55.04 |  |  |  |
| 114 | 30.49 | 16.8 | 52.09 | 121.25 | 0.1215 | 100 |
| 115 | 30.49 | 16.8 | 52.2 | 121.39 | 0.1215 | 100 |
| 116 | 30.49 |  | 53.52 |  |  |  |
| 117 | 29.67 | 16.8 | 53.92 | 123.37 | 0.1215 | 100 |
| 118 | 29.67 | 16.8 | 54.22 | 123.7 | 0.1215 | 100 |
| 119 | 29.67 |  | 94.0 |  |  |  |
| 120 | 28.5 |  | 95.19 |  |  |  |
| 121 | 28.5 |  | 96.19 |  |  |  |
| 122 | 29.67 |  | 97.64 |  |  |  |
| 123 | 28.5 |  | 98.42 |  |  |  |
| 124 | 28.5 |  | 98.44 |  |  |  |
| 125 | 28.5 |  | 98.46 |  |  |  |
| 126 | 28.5 |  | 98.51 |  |  |  |
| 127 | 28.5 |  | 98.58 |  |  |  |
| 128 | 30.49 | 16.8 | 53.62 | 123.02 | 0.1215 | 100 |
| 129 | 30.49 | 16.8 | 53.91 | 123.35 | 0.1215 | 100 |
| 130 | 30.49 |  | 93.28 |  |  |  |
| 131 | 28.5 |  | 94.74 |  |  |  |

Flow Summary - NFPA

| VELTRE ENGINEERING | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Page } 4 \\ \text { PUYALLUP LOGISTICS CENTER }\end{array}$ |
| :--- | :--- |

NODE ANALYSIS (cont.)

| Node Tag | Elevation | Node Type | Pressure at Node | Discharge at Node |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 132 | 31.31 | 16.8 | 53.53 | 122.91 | 0.1215 | 100 |
| 133 | 31.31 | 16.8 | 53.81 | 123.24 | 0.1215 | 100 |
| 134 | 31.31 |  | 92.84 |  |  |  |
| 135 | 31.31 |  | 96.51 |  |  |  |
| 136 | 30.49 |  | 96.87 |  |  |  |
| 137 | 29.67 |  | 97.28 |  |  |  |
| 138 | 28.5 |  | 96.69 |  |  |  |
| 139 | 29.67 |  | 97.7 |  |  |  |
| 140 | 28.5 |  | 98.42 |  |  |  |
| 141 | 28.5 |  | 97.92 |  |  |  |
| 142 | 29.67 |  | 97.84 |  |  |  |
| 143 | 28.5 |  | 98.42 |  |  |  |
| 144 | 28.5 |  | 98.0 |  |  |  |
| 145 | 29.67 |  | 97.85 |  |  |  |
| 146 | 28.5 |  | 98.42 |  |  |  |
| 147 | 29.67 |  | 97.85 |  |  |  |
| 148 | 28.5 |  | 98.42 |  |  |  |
| U4 | -4.0 |  | 28.99 |  |  |  |
| U5 | -4.0 |  | 29.21 |  |  |  |
| 149 | 32.12 |  | 55.9 |  |  |  |
| 150 | 32.12 |  | 95.51 |  |  |  |

Final Calculations : Hazen-Williams
VELTRE ENGINEERING

| Node1 to Node2 | Elev1 Elev2 | K Fact | Qa Qt | Nom Act | Fitting or Eqiv | Len | Pipe <br> Ftngs <br> Total | CFact $\mathrm{Pf} / \mathrm{Ft}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Pt} \\ & \mathrm{Pe} \\ & \mathrm{Pf} \end{aligned}$ | ******* | Notes | ****** |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



Final Calculations : Hazen-Williams
VELTRE ENGINEERING
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Date

| Node1 to Node2 | Elev1 Elev2 | K Fact | Qa Qt | Nom Act | Fitting or Eqiv | Len | Pipe <br> Ftngs <br> Total | CFact <br> Pf/Ft | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Pt} \\ & \mathrm{Pe} \\ & \mathrm{Pf} \end{aligned}$ | ******* | Notes | ****** |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



Final Calculations : Hazen-Williams
VELTRE ENGINEERING

| Node1 <br> to | Elev1 | K | Qa | Nom | Fitting |  | Pipe | CFact | Pt |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Node2 | Elev2 | Fact | Qt | Act | Eqiv | Len | Ftngs |  | Total | Pf/Ft | | Pe | Pf |
| :--- | :--- |



Final Calculations : Hazen-Williams
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Date

| Node1 to Node2 | Elev1 Elev2 | K Fact | Qa Qt | Nom Act | Fitting or Eqiv | Len | Pipe <br> Ftngs <br> Total | CFact Pf/Ft | Pt <br> Pe <br> Pf | ***** | Notes | ****** |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| $\begin{gathered} 133 \\ \text { to } \\ 134 \end{gathered}$ | 31.31 31.31 | 16.80 | 123.24 307.93 | 3 3.334 |  |  | 531.980 531.980 | 120 0.0734 | $\begin{gathered} 53.812 \\ 0.0 \\ 39.026 \end{gathered}$ | Vel $=11.32$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 134 | 31.31 |  | -192.55 | 3 | 2 T | 44.976 | 12.810 | 120 | 92.838 |  |
| to |  |  |  |  |  |  | 44.976 |  | 1.217 |  |
| 131 | 28.5 |  | 115.38 | 3.334 |  |  | 57.786 | 0.0119 | 0.689 | Vel $=4.24$ |
| 131 |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 0.0 \\ 115.38 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 94.744 | K Factor $=11.85$ |
| 134 | 31.31 |  | 192.55 | 3 | 3 E | 31.483 | 65.400 | 120 | 92.838 |  |
| to |  |  |  |  | T | 22.488 | 53.971 |  | 0.0 |  |
| 135 | 31.31 |  | 192.55 | 3.334 |  |  | 119.371 | 0.0308 | 3.674 | Vel $=7.08$ |
| 135 | 31.31 |  | 0.0 | 3 | T | 22.488 | 2.810 | 120 | 96.512 |  |
| to |  |  |  |  |  |  | 22.488 |  | 1.217 |  |
| 126 | 28.5 |  | 192.55 | 3.334 |  |  | 25.298 | 0.0308 | 0.778 | Vel $=7.08$ |
|  |  |  | 0.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 126 |  |  | 192.55 |  |  |  |  |  | 98.507 | K Factor $=19.40$ |
| 130 | 30.49 |  | 189.92 | 3 | 3 E | 31.483 | 65.400 | 120 | 93.285 |  |
| to |  |  |  |  | T | 22.488 | 53.971 |  | 0.0 |  |
| 136 | 30.49 |  | 189.92 | 3.334 |  |  | 119.371 | 0.0300 | 3.581 | $\mathrm{Vel}=6.98$ |
| 136 | 30.49 |  | 0.0 | 3 | T | 22.488 | 1.990 | 120 | 96.866 |  |
| to |  |  |  |  |  |  | 22.488 |  | 0.862 |  |
| 125 | 28.5 |  | 189.92 | 3.334 |  |  | 24.478 | 0.0300 | 0.735 | Vel $=6.98$ |
|  |  |  | 0.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 125 |  |  | 189.92 |  |  |  |  |  | 98.463 | K Factor $=19.14$ |
| 119 | 29.67 |  | 181.20 | 3 | 3 E | 31.483 | 65.400 | 120 | 93.996 |  |
| to |  |  |  |  | T | 22.488 | 53.971 |  | 0.0 |  |
| 137 | 29.67 |  | 181.2 | 3.334 |  |  | 119.371 | 0.0275 | 3.284 | $\mathrm{Vel}=6.66$ |
| 137 | 29.67 |  | 0.0 | 3 | T | 22.488 | 1.170 | 120 | 97.280 |  |
| to |  |  |  |  |  |  | 22.488 |  | 0.507 |  |
| 124 | 28.5 |  | 181.2 | 3.334 |  |  | 23.658 | 0.0275 | 0.650 | Vel $=6.66$ |
|  |  |  | 0.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 124 |  |  | 181.20 |  |  |  |  |  | 98.437 | K Factor $=18.26$ |
| 121 | 28.5 |  | 250.14 | 3 |  |  | 10.000 | 120 | 96.193 |  |
| to |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.0 |  |
| 138 | 28.5 |  | 250.14 | 3.334 |  |  | 10.000 | 0.0499 | 0.499 | $\mathrm{Vel}=9.19$ |
| 138 | 28.5 |  | -150.33 | 3 | 3 T | 67.464 | 66.570 | 120 | 96.692 |  |
| to |  |  |  |  | 3 E | 31.483 | 98.947 |  | -0.507 |  |
| 139 | 29.67 |  | 99.81 | 3.334 |  |  | 165.517 | 0.0091 | 1.511 | Vel $=3.67$ |
| 139 | 29.67 |  | 0.0 | 3 | T | 22.488 | 1.170 | 120 | 97.696 |  |
| to |  |  |  |  |  |  | 22.488 |  | 0.507 |  |
| 140 | 28.5 |  | 99.81 | 3.334 |  |  | 23.658 | 0.0091 | 0.216 | Vel $=3.67$ |
| 140 | 28.5 |  | 150.33 | 8 |  |  | 10.000 | 120 | 98.419 |  |
| to |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.0 |  |
| 123 | 28.5 |  | 250.14 | 8.249 |  |  | 10.000 | 0.0006 | 0.006 | $\mathrm{Vel}=1.50$ |
|  |  |  | 0.0 250.14 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 123 |  |  | 250.14 |  |  |  |  |  | 98.425 | K Factor $=25.21$ |
| 138 | 28.5 |  | 150.33 | 3 | T | 22.488 | 30.000 | 120 | 96.692 |  |
| to |  |  |  |  | E | 10.494 | 32.982 |  | 0.0 |  |
| 141 | 28.5 |  | 150.33 | 3.334 |  |  | 62.982 | 0.0195 | 1.226 | $\mathrm{Vel}=5.52$ |

Final Calculations : Hazen-Williams
VELTRE ENGINEERING

| Node1 to Node2 | Elev1 Elev2 | K Fact | Qa Qt | Nom Act | Fitting or Eqiv | Len | Pipe <br> Ftngs <br> Total | CFact $\mathrm{Pf} / \mathrm{Ft}$ | Pt <br> Pe <br> Pf | ******* | Notes | ****** |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 141 | 28.5 |  | -96.19 | 3 | 3 T | 67.464 | 46.570 | 120 | 97.918 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| to |  |  |  |  | 3E | 31.483 | 98.947 |  | -0.507 |  |
| 142 | 29.67 |  | 54.14 | 3.334 |  |  | 145.517 | 0.0029 | 0.429 | Vel $=1.99$ |
| 142 | 29.67 |  | 0.0 | 3 | T | 22.488 | 1.170 | 120 | 97.840 |  |
| to |  |  |  |  |  |  | 22.488 |  | 0.507 |  |
| 143 | 28.5 |  | 54.14 | 3.334 |  |  | 23.658 | 0.0029 | 0.069 | Vel $=1.99$ |
| 143 | 28.5 |  | 96.19 | 8 |  |  | 10.000 | 120 | 98.416 |  |
| to |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.0 |  |
| 140 | 28.5 |  | 150.33 | 8.249 |  |  | 10.000 | 0.0003 | 0.003 | Vel $=0.90$ |
|  |  |  | 0.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 140 |  |  | 150.33 |  |  |  |  |  | 98.419 | K Factor $=15.15$ |
| 141 | 28.5 |  | 96.19 | 3 |  |  | 10.000 | 120 | 97.918 |  |
| to |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.0 |  |
| 144 | 28.5 |  | 96.19 | 3.334 |  |  | 10.000 | 0.0086 | 0.086 | Vel $=3.53$ |
| 144 | 28.5 |  | -47.34 | 3 | 3 T | 67.464 | 46.570 | 120 | 98.004 |  |
| to |  |  |  |  | 3E | 31.483 | 98.947 |  | -0.507 |  |
| 145 | 29.67 |  | 48.85 | 3.334 |  |  | 145.517 | 0.0024 | 0.354 | Vel $=1.80$ |
| 145 | 29.67 |  | 0.0 | 3 | T | 22.488 | 1.170 | 120 | 97.851 |  |
| to |  |  |  |  |  |  | 22.488 |  | 0.507 |  |
| 146 | 28.5 |  | 48.85 | 3.334 |  |  | 23.658 | 0.0024 | 0.057 | Vel $=1.80$ |
| 146 | 28.5 |  | 47.34 | 8 |  |  | 10.000 | 120 | 98.415 |  |
| to |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.0 |  |
| 143 | 28.5 |  | 96.19 | 8.249 |  |  | 10.000 | 0.0001 | 0.001 | Vel $=0.58$ |
|  |  |  | 0.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 143 |  |  | 96.19 |  |  |  |  |  | 98.416 | K Factor $=9.70$ |
| 144 | 28.5 |  | 47.34 | 3 | 3 T | 67.464 | 56.570 | 120 | 98.004 |  |
| to |  |  |  |  | 3E | 31.483 | 98.947 |  | -0.507 |  |
| 147 | 29.67 |  | 47.34 | 3.334 |  |  | 155.517 | 0.0023 | 0.357 | Vel $=1.74$ |
| 147 | 29.67 |  | 0.0 | 3 | T | 22.488 | 1.170 | 120 | 97.854 |  |
| to |  |  |  |  |  |  | 22.488 |  | 0.507 |  |
| 148 | 28.5 |  | 47.34 | 3.334 |  |  | 23.658 | 0.0023 | 0.054 | Vel $=1.74$ |
| 148 | 28.5 |  | 0.0 | 8 |  |  | 10.000 | 120 | 98.415 |  |
| to |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.0 |  |
| 146 | 28.5 |  | 47.34 | 8.249 |  |  | 10.000 | 0 | 0.0 | Vel $=0.28$ |
|  |  |  | 0.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 146 |  |  | 47.34 |  |  |  |  |  | 98.415 | K Factor $=4.77$ |
| U1 | -4 | H500 | 1244.56 | 12 | 3E | 126.586 | 513.610 | 140 | 28.188 |  |
| to |  |  |  |  |  |  | 126.586 |  | 0.0 |  |
| U4 | -4 |  | 1244.56 | 12.34 |  |  | 640.196 | 0.0012 | 0.798 | Vel $=3.34$ |
| U4 | -4 |  | -240.82 | 12 | 2T | 187.534 | 81.500 | 140 | 28.986 |  |
| to |  |  |  |  |  |  | 187.534 |  | 0.0 |  |
| U5 | -4 |  | 1003.74 | 12.34 |  |  | 269.034 | 0.0008 | 0.225 | Vel $=2.69$ |
| U5 | -4 |  | -19.69 | 12 |  |  | 135.360 | 140 | 29.211 |  |
| to |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.0 |  |
| SRS | -4 |  | 984.05 | 12.34 |  |  | 135.360 | 0.0008 | 0.110 | Vel $=2.64$ |
| SRS |  |  | $0.0$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | $984.05$ |  |  |  |  |  | 29.321 | K Factor $=181.73$ |

Final Calculations : Hazen-Williams
VELTRE ENGINEERIN


## Tyler Riggs

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Mr. Riggs
This is a supplemental report to Veltre Engineering's evaluation on the ability of the existing sprinkler system at RedDot Corporation's new facility to provide an acceptable discharge to protect their current operations. This report addresses issues that do not impact the ability of the sprinkler system to protect the contents, but that RedDot should address.

RedDot currently stores a significant amount of outside material close to the building (see pictures 1 and 2). These combustibles need to be adequately separated from the building (by either distance or a fire rated barrier) or the exterior wall protected (by either fire rated construction or a water spray system).

The sprinkler as-built drawings have identified that the sprinklers immediately adjacent to the ceiling unit heaters have an intermediate temperature rating (see Figure A) as required by NFPA 13, paragraph 9.4.2.5. The requirement for intermediate rated sprinklers extends 20 ft out discharge side of the unit


Figure A - Temperature Ratings Near Unit Heaters
heater in a pie shape area based on a 30-degree angle out from the corner of the unit heater. This would pick-up two to four sprinklers on the next branch line. The second branch line is note addressed on the as-builts. The installing contractor should verify the temperature rating complies with NFPA 13 and update the as-built drawings to reflect it. If sprinklers with an ordinary temperature rating have been installed on the second branch line, the heater discharge could inadvertently activate the sprinklers.


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Appendix: Pictures Existing Facility


Picture 1 - Exterior Combustibles


Picture 2 - Exterior Combustibles

