



SITE STRUCTURES
A Division of Kosnik Engineering, PC

Fortress Puyallup Storm Water Detention Vault

City of Puyallup, Washington

Structural Calculations



Project No. S-24-007

First Issue 02-08-2024

***Fortress Puyallup
Storm Water Detention Vault***

Project No. S-24-007

STRUCTURAL CALCULATIONS INDEX

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Fortress Puyallup
Storm Water Detention Vault

SHEET 1
7-8-24
0.29-007

DESIGN CRITERIA

Code: 2018 IBC

Permitting: City of Puyallup, Washington

Soil Cover: 1.5ft min to 3.3ft max

Lid Loading: 150 psf uniform live load
HS20 truck wheel loading
Fire truck wheel load GVW=75,000lbs
Fire truck outrigger load 45,000lbs over 18" sq pad.

Uniform live load, HS20 and fire truck wheel and fire truck outrigger load to be applied independently and in combination with the soil cover dead load.

At Grade Grate: Same as lid loading excluding outrigger load.

Foundation Design:

Foundation design is based on the following values provided by Terra Associates, Inc. in their geotechnical report dated 01-12-2022, revised 06-23-2023 and e-mail correspondence of 02-07-2024

Allowable Bearing Pressure: 2,500 psf

Lateral Earth Pressures on Vault Walls (level backfill condition):

At Rest: 55 pcf EFD drained
90pcf EFD saturated

Seismic Addition: E = 8H uniform horz. pressure

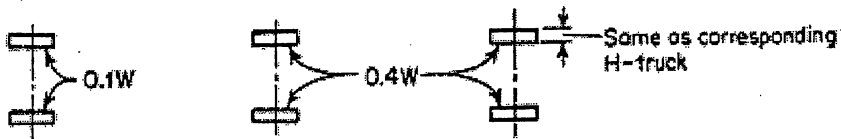
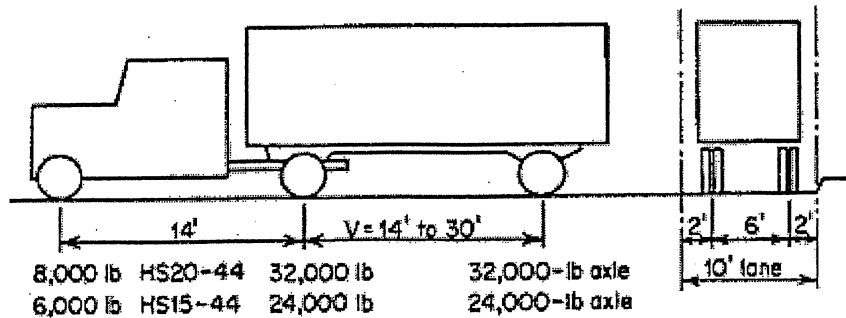
Saturated Soil Density: 125 pcf
High ground water elevation 53.00

Material Requirements:

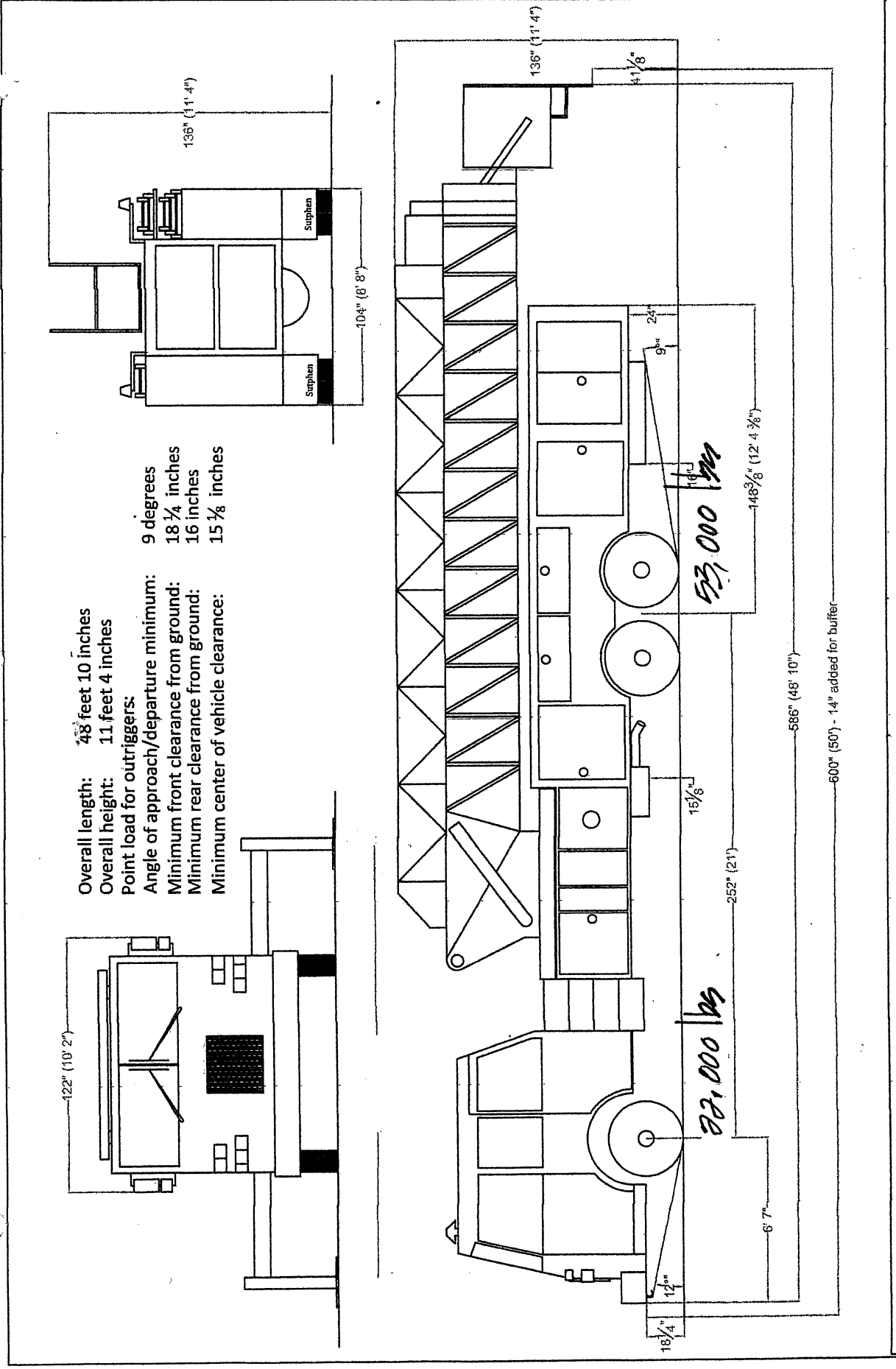
Rebar: Grade 60
Concrete: f'c= 4000 psi walls, footings and grade slab
f'c=3000 psi HC plank void fill & joint grout
Lid: Precast prestressed Hollow Core Plank 12-1/2" thick.

		HS20-44 72,000LBS	HS25-44 90,000LBS
FRONT AXEL:		8,000LBS	10,000LBS
REAR AXEL #1:		32,000LBS	40,000LBS
REAR AXEL #2:		32,000LBS	40,000LBS

*Sim to FIRE
Truck for
LID REVIEW*



W = combined weight of first two axles
 V = variable, use spacing which produces maximum stress
 For design of slabs, centerline of wheel to be 1 ft from curb



Overall length: 48 feet 10 inches
 Overall height: 11 feet 4 inches
 Point load for outriggers: 9 degrees
 Angle of approach/departure minimum: 18 1/4 inches
 Minimum front clearance from ground: 16 inches
 Minimum rear clearance from ground: 15 1/8 inches
 Minimum center of vehicle clearance: 15 1/8 inches

527,000 lbs

573,000 lbs

SHEET 4
2.8-24
G.24-007

4.5 Foundations

In our opinion, following the completion of a successful preload program, the building may be supported on conventional spread footing foundations bearing on a minimum of 2 feet of structural fill placed and compacted as recommended in Section 4.2 of this report. Foundations exposed to the weather should bear at a minimum depth of one and one-half feet below adjacent grades for frost protection.

We recommend designing foundations for a net allowable bearing capacity of 2,500 pounds per square foot (psf). For short-term loads, such as wind and seismic, a one-third increase in this allowable capacity can be used. With the expected building loads and this bearing stress applied, in general, total and differential settlements should not exceed 0.5 inches for perimeter foundations and 1 inch for interior column supports.

For designing foundations to resist lateral loads, a base friction coefficient of 0.35 can be used. Passive earth pressures acting on the sides of the footings can also be considered. We recommend calculating this lateral resistance using an equivalent fluid weight of 300 pounds per cubic foot (pcf). We do not recommend including the upper 12 inches of soil in this computation because it can be affected by weather or disturbed by future grading activity. This value assumes the foundation will be constructed neat against competent native soil or backfilled with structural fill, as described in Section 4.2 of this report. The values recommended include a safety factor of 1.5.

4.6 Lateral Earth Pressures for Retaining Walls

The magnitude of earth pressure development on below-grade walls, such as basement or retaining walls, will partly depend upon the quality of the wall backfill. We recommend placing and compacting wall backfill as structural fill as described in Section 4.2 of this report. To guard against hydrostatic pressure development, drainage must be installed behind the wall. A typical wall drainage detail is shown on Figure 4.

With wall backfill placed and compacted as recommended and drainage properly installed, unrestrained walls can be designed for an active earth pressure equivalent to a fluid weighing 35 pcf. For restrained walls, an additional uniform lateral pressure of 100 psf should be included. For evaluating the walls under seismic loading, a uniform earth pressure equivalent to $8H$ psf, where H is the height of the retained earth in feet, can be used. These values assume a horizontal backfill condition and that no other surcharge loading, such as traffic, sloping embankments, or adjacent buildings, will act on the wall. If such conditions exist, then the imposed loading must be included in the wall design.

Friction at the base of the wall foundation and passive earth pressure will provide resistance to these lateral loads. Values for these parameters are provided in Section 4.5.

SHEET 5
2.8.24
G.2A-007

Dan Kosnik

From: Carolyn Decker <CDecker@terra-associates.com>
Sent: Wednesday, February 07, 2024 8:04 AM
To: Dan Kosnik
Subject: RE: Fortress Puyallup - Storm Vault BCE #22085

Dan,

You can use 55 and 90 for the at rest pressures. No need to add the 100 psf.

Carolyn S. Decker, P.E.
President

TERRA ASSOCIATES, INC.
12220 113th Avenue NE, Suite 130
Kirkland, Washington 98034
Office - 425-821-7777, Ext 103
Fax - 425-821-4334
Cell - 206-255-4988
cdecker@terra-associates.com
www.terra-associates.com

From: Dan Kosnik <Dan@kosnik.com>
Sent: Wednesday, February 7, 2024 6:19 AM
To: Carolyn Decker <CDecker@terra-associates.com>
Subject: RE: Fortress Puyallup - Storm Vault BCE #22085

Carolyn,

Do I add the 100psf uniform horz pressure to the 90pcf EFD or as an alternate can I use 55pcfEFD for the drained at rest earth pressure – see attachment?

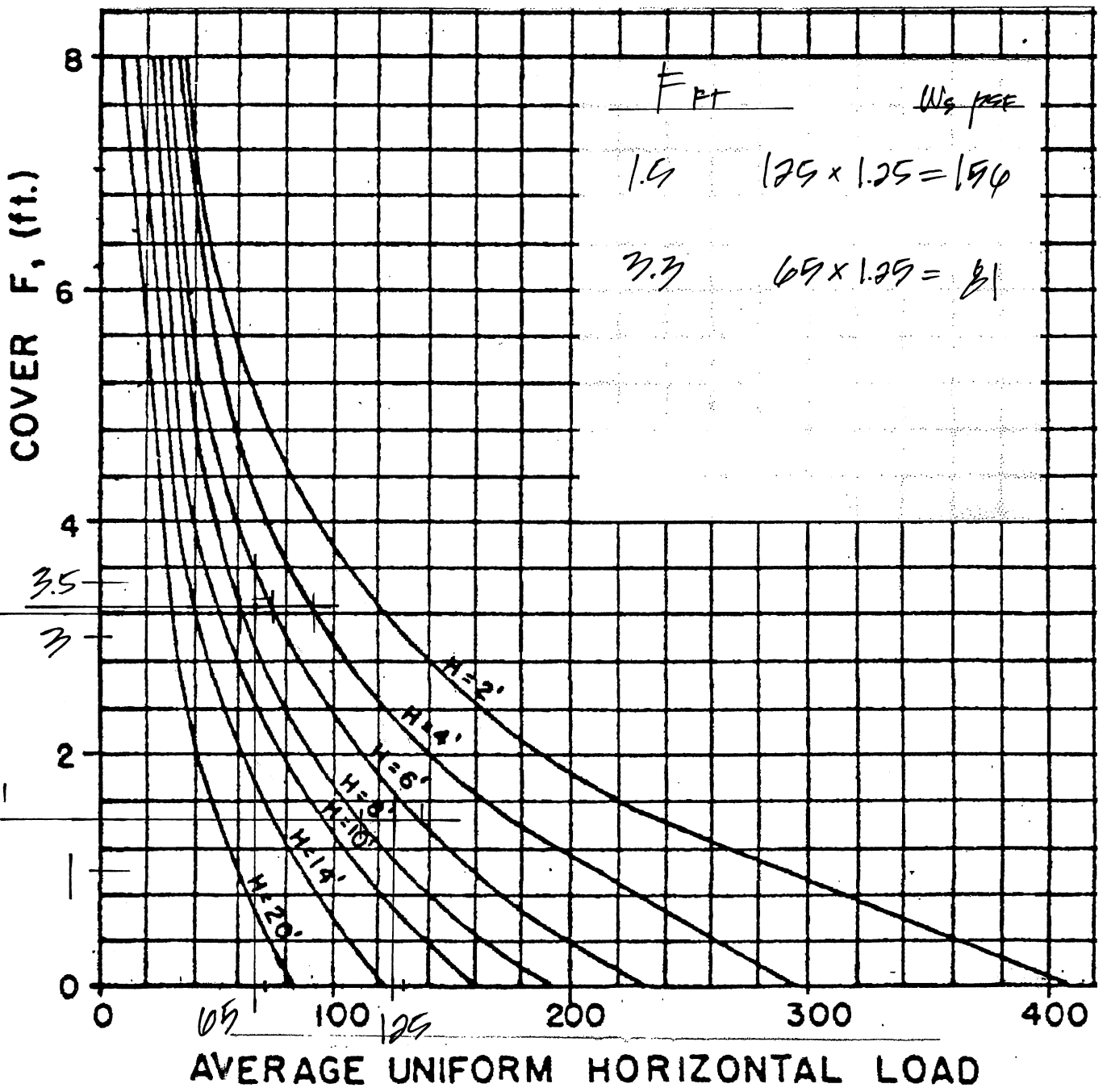
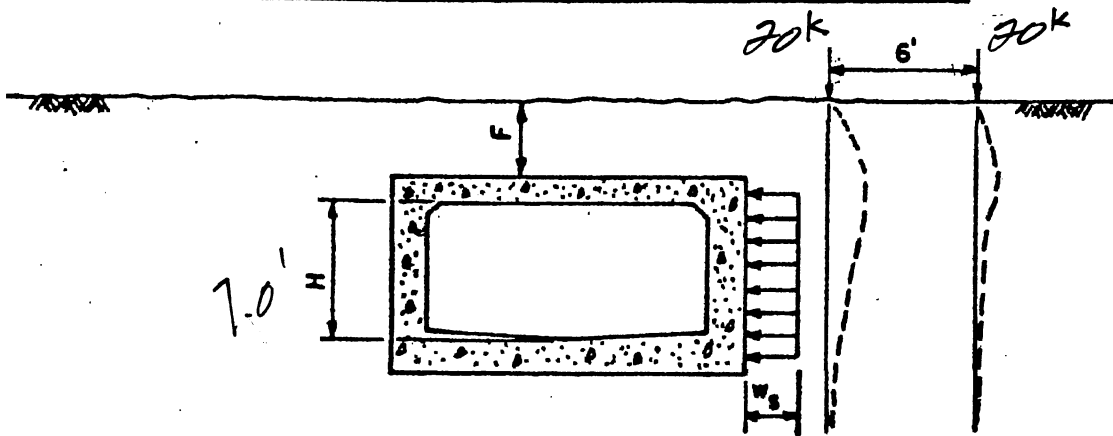
Dan Kosnik, SE
Site Structures / Kosnik Engineering, PC
10505 19TH AVE SE, Suite D | EVERETT | WA | 98208
Office: 425-357-9600 Cell: 425-210-0352

HS20-44 TRUCK LIVE LOAD ON WALLS

SHEET 0

2-08-2024

S-24-007



SITE STRUCTURES

10511 19th Ave SE, Suite C
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Project Fortress

sheet 7
date 2.2.24
prj. no. S-24-007

PRECAST HOLLOW CORE PLANK REVIEW

Lid Data

Soil Density	125 pcf
Soil Cover depth over lid	3 ft
Plank design clear span	20 ft
Design Uniform Live Load	150 psf
Design Superimposed Load	525 psf

Plank capacity based on uniform superimposed load tables

Plank span	28 ft
No of tendons	11
Allowable superimposed loads	413 psf

Allowable superimposed loads base of design span of	20.25 ft
Based on flexural capacity	790 psf
Based on shear capacity	571 psf

*ok w/ 2
END VOIDS
FILLED*

Plank capacity based on truck load charts

Plank span	20.25 ft
No of tendons	11

Allowable soil cover without knee-walls	NA ft
Allowable soil cover with knee-walls	0.5 to 5.4 ft

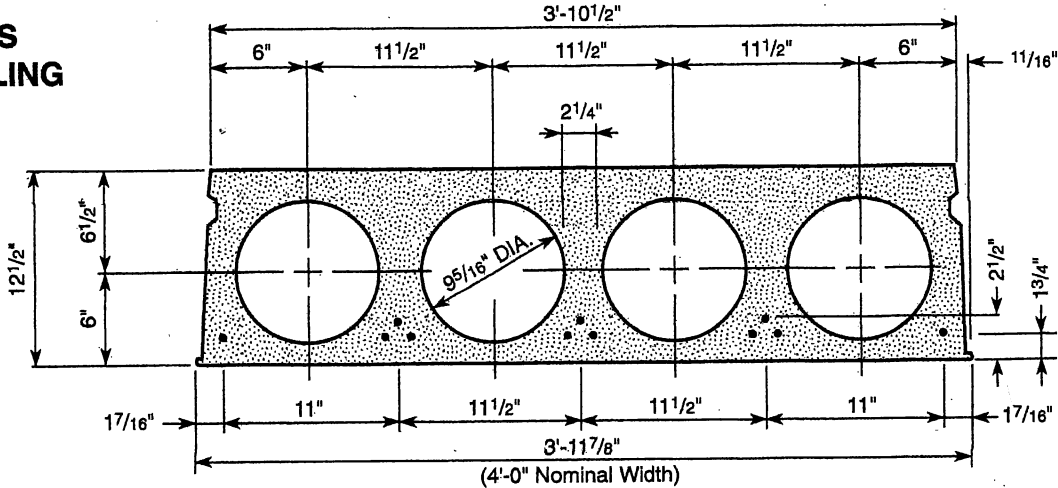
ok w/ KNEE-WALLS @ MH

CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION



12 1/2" HOLLOW CORE SLAB

DIMENSIONS FOR DETAILING



SPAN-LOAD TABLE

ALLOWABLE SUPERIMPOSED LOAD in pounds per square foot										
Effective Prestress (KIPS)	No. of 1/2" Ø STRANDS	SIMPLE SPAN in feet								
		28	32	36	40	44	48	52	56	60
70.7	3	78	44	20						
77.7	4	126	80	49	26					
101.3	5	174	117	78	50	27				
124.8	6	221	153	106	70	43	23*			
148.4	7	267	186	129	89	59	36			
172.0	8	307	216	153	108	74	49	29		
195.5	9	343	243	174	125	89	61	40	23*	
219.1	10	378 ¹	270	195	142	103	73	50	31*	
242.7	11	413 ¹	297	217	160	117	85	60	40	24*

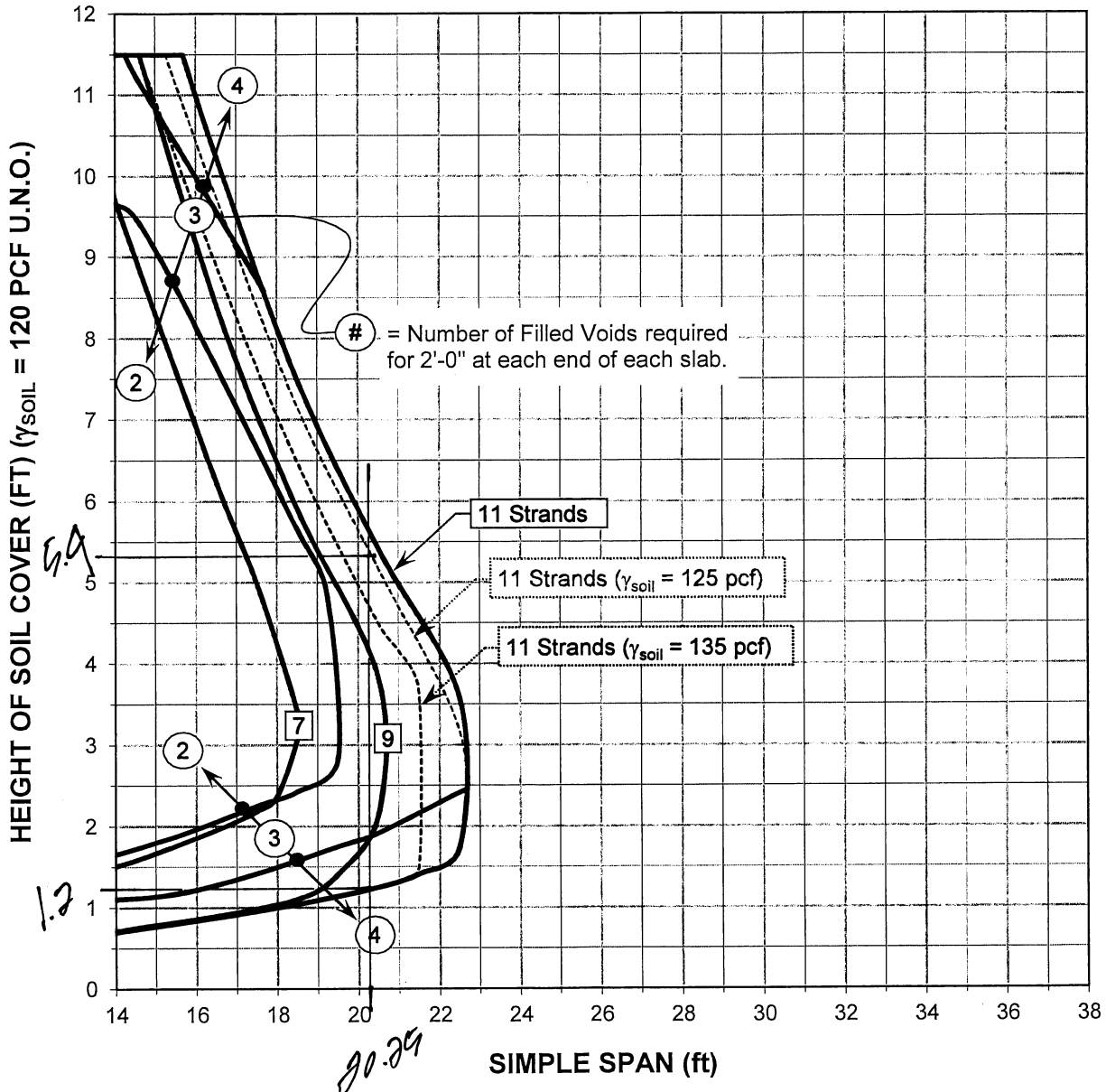
SECTION PROPERTIES (with shear keys grouted)

$A = 313 \text{ in}^2$ $Z_t = 1019 \text{ in}^3$ $Z_b = 947 \text{ in}^3$ $w = 84 \text{ psf}$
 $I = 6136 \text{ in}^4$ $Y_t = 6.02 \text{ in}$ $Y_b = 6.48 \text{ in}$

NOTES:

- The values given in this table are based on hollow core slabs without shear reinforcement. Superscripts (1, 2, etc.) following values in the table indicate the number of filled voids required at the ends of slabs to develop the allowable superimposed load. See page 2, "SHEAR" for discussion.
- Asterisk (*) following values in the table indicate that the total deflection under all loads is greater than L/360 but less than L/180.
- Interpolation between values is acceptable. Do not extrapolate values into the blank spaces of the table.
- These Span-Load Tables are intended as an aid to preliminary sizing. Sound engineering judgement is required for the application of this information to specific design cases.

45 KIP OUTRIGGER ON 18"x18" PADS @ 15'-0" O.C.



GENERAL NOTES:

- 1.) A minimum cover depth of nine inches is required.
- 2.) Simple Span is centerline of bearing to centerline of bearing.
- 3.) Knee walls are required at all manhole and vent openings.
- 4.) Interpolation between strand contours is acceptable. DO NOT extrapolate beyond the bounds of this chart.
- 5.) Soil cover is assumed to be uniform.
- 6.) Except as noted, soil cover unit weight is assumed to be 120 pcf.
- 7.) Minimum span length = 14'-0".
- 8.) The values shown on this chart are in compliance with IBC 2015 & ACI 318-14.



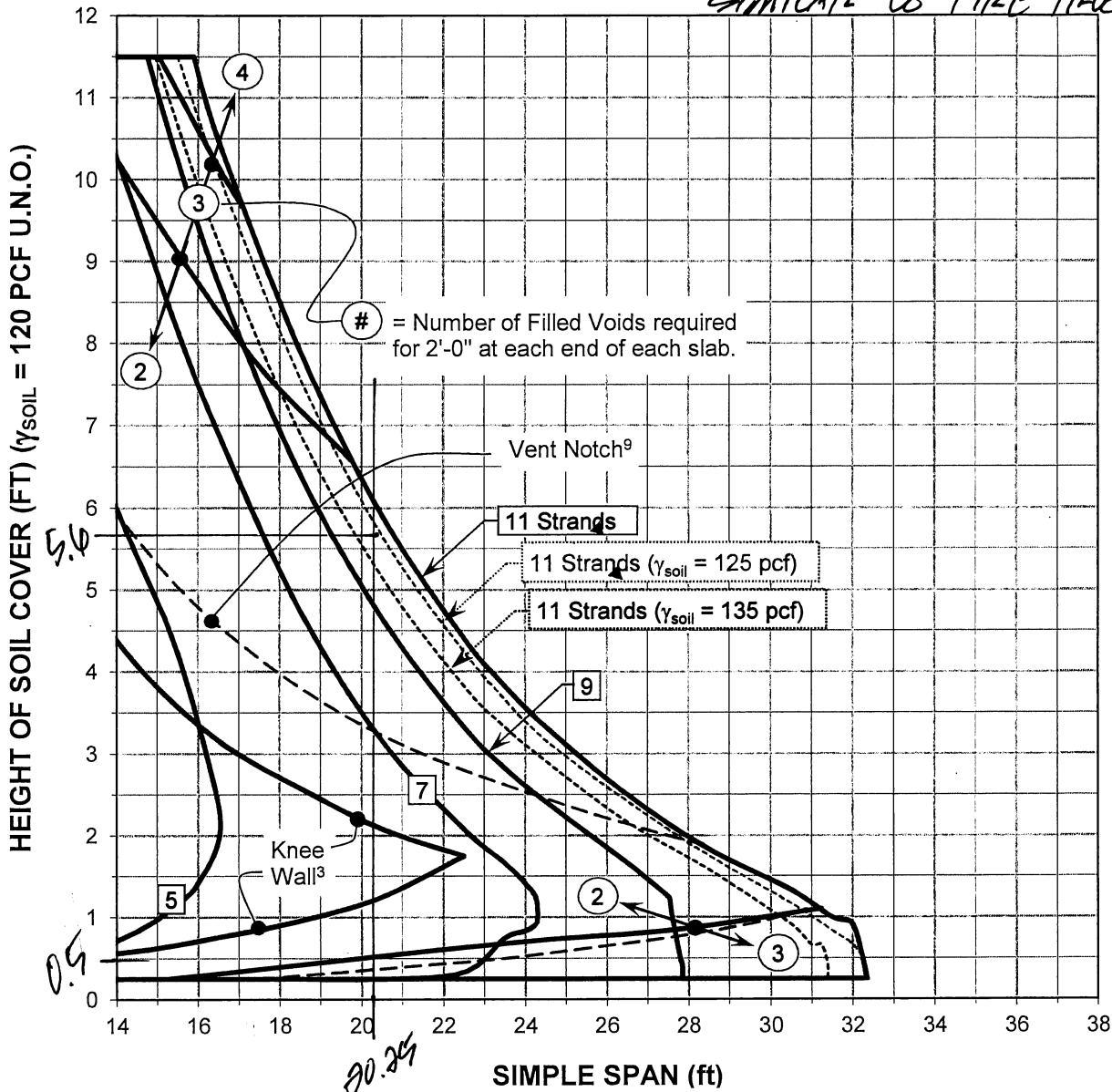
12 1/2" HOLLOW CORE SLAB

HS25-44

SIMILAR TO FIRE TRUCK

2-08-2024

S24-007



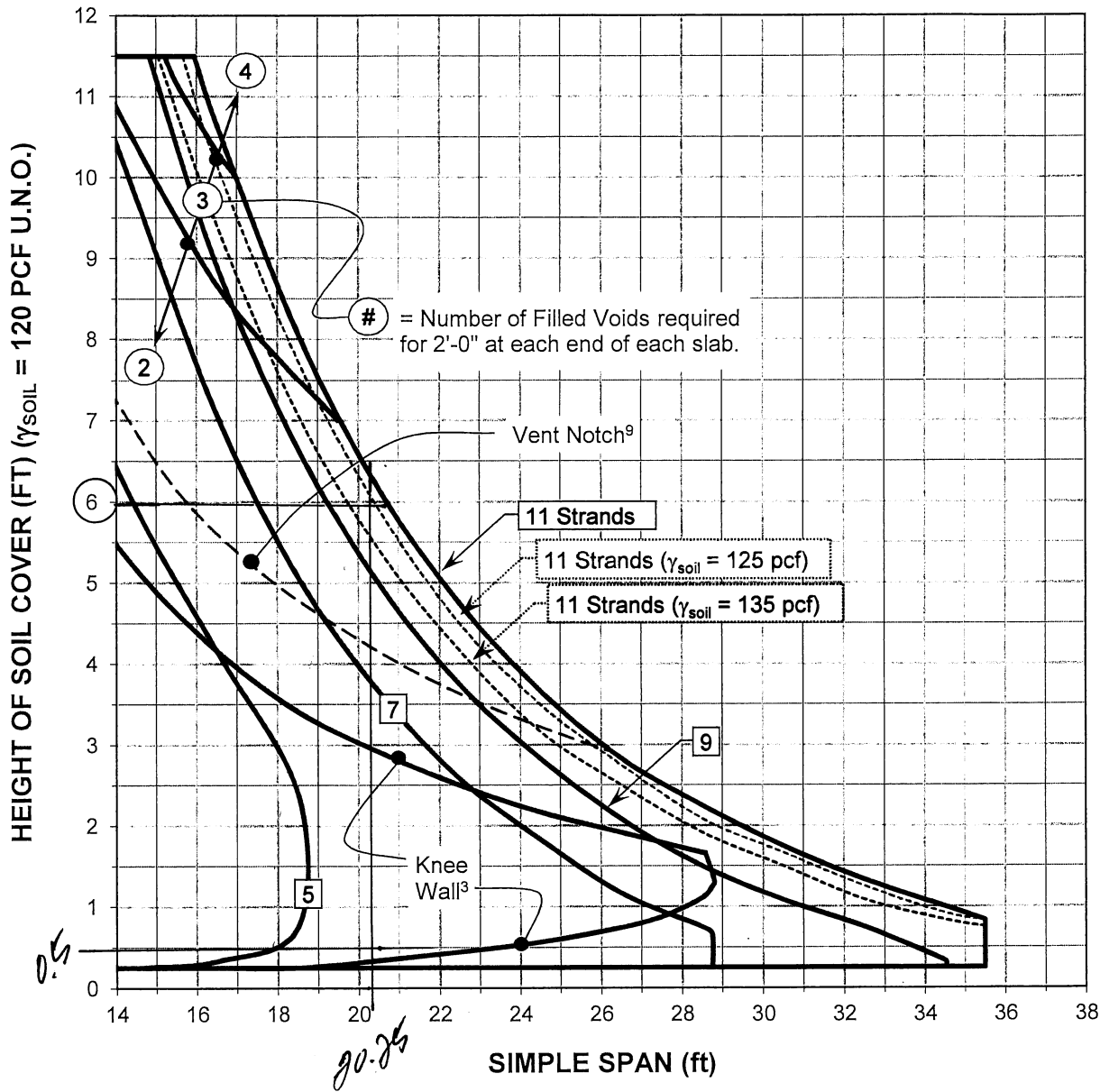
GENERAL NOTES:

- 1.) A minimum cover depth of six inches OR a three inch thick cast in place concrete topping slab is required.
- 2.) Simple Span is centerline of bearing to centerline of bearing.
- 3.) The Knee Wall envelope represents the maximum span and height of soil cover that can be supported by slabs with standard notches for manhole openings, assuming void fill concrete $f'c = 3,000 \text{ psi}$. Points falling outside this envelope require knee walls to support the slabs at manhole openings.
- 4.) Interpolation between strand contours is acceptable. DO NOT extrapolate beyond the bounds of this chart.
- 5.) Soil cover is assumed to be uniform.
- 6.) Except as noted, soil cover unit weight is assumed to be 120 pcf.
- 7.) Minimum span length = 14'-0".
- 8.) The values shown on this chart are in compliance with IBC 2015 & ACI 318-14.
- 9.) The Vent Notch envelope represents the maximum span and minimum/maximum height of soil cover that can be supported by slabs with 6 1/2" standard notches in adjacent slabs to accommodate 12" diameter vents, assuming void fill concrete $f'c = 3,000 \text{ psi}$. Refer to Detail 3 on page 13 of this brochure for vent notch details.



12½" HOLLOW CORE SLAB
HS20-44

2-06-2024
S-24-007



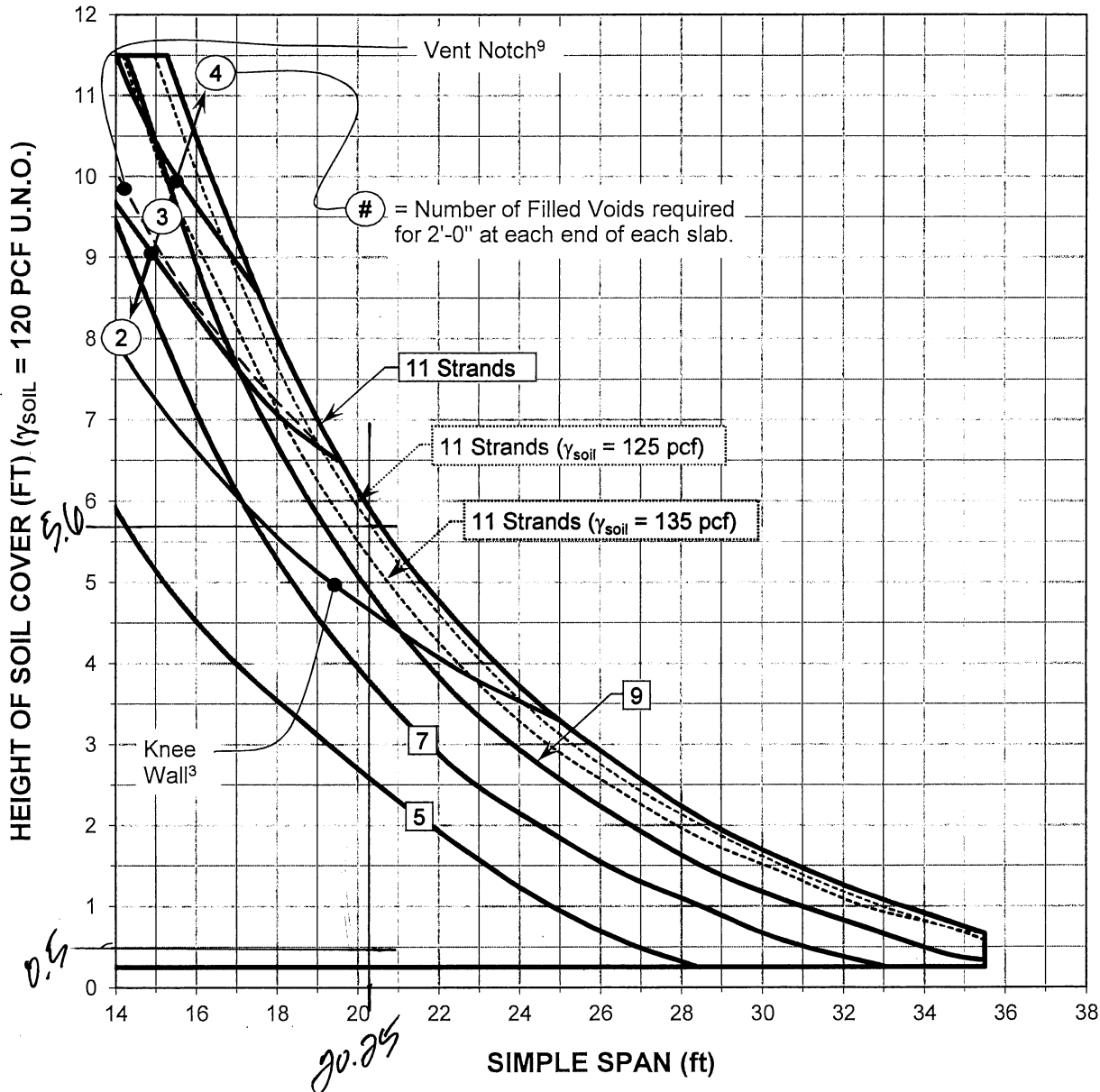
GENERAL NOTES:

- 1.) A minimum cover depth of six inches OR a three inch thick cast in place concrete topping slab is required.
- 2.) Simple Span is centerline of bearing to centerline of bearing.
- 3.) The Knee Wall envelope represents the maximum span and height of soil cover that can be supported by slabs with standard notches for manhole openings, assuming void fill concrete $f'c = 3,000$ psi. Points falling outside this envelope require knee walls to support the slabs at manhole openings.
- 4.) Interpolation between strand contours is acceptable. DO NOT extrapolate beyond the bounds of this chart.
- 5.) Soil cover is assumed to be uniform.
- 6.) Except as noted, soil cover unit weight is assumed to be 120 pcf.
- 7.) Minimum span length = 14'-0".
- 8.) The values shown on this chart are in compliance with IBC 2015 & ACI 318-14.
- 9.) The Vent Notch envelope represents the maximum span and height of soil cover that can be supported by slabs with 6½" standard notches in adjacent slabs to accommodate 12" diameter vents, assuming void fill concrete $f'c = 3,000$ psi. Refer to Detail 3 on page 13 of this brochure for vent notch details.



12 1/2" HOLLOW CORE SLAB
150 PSF

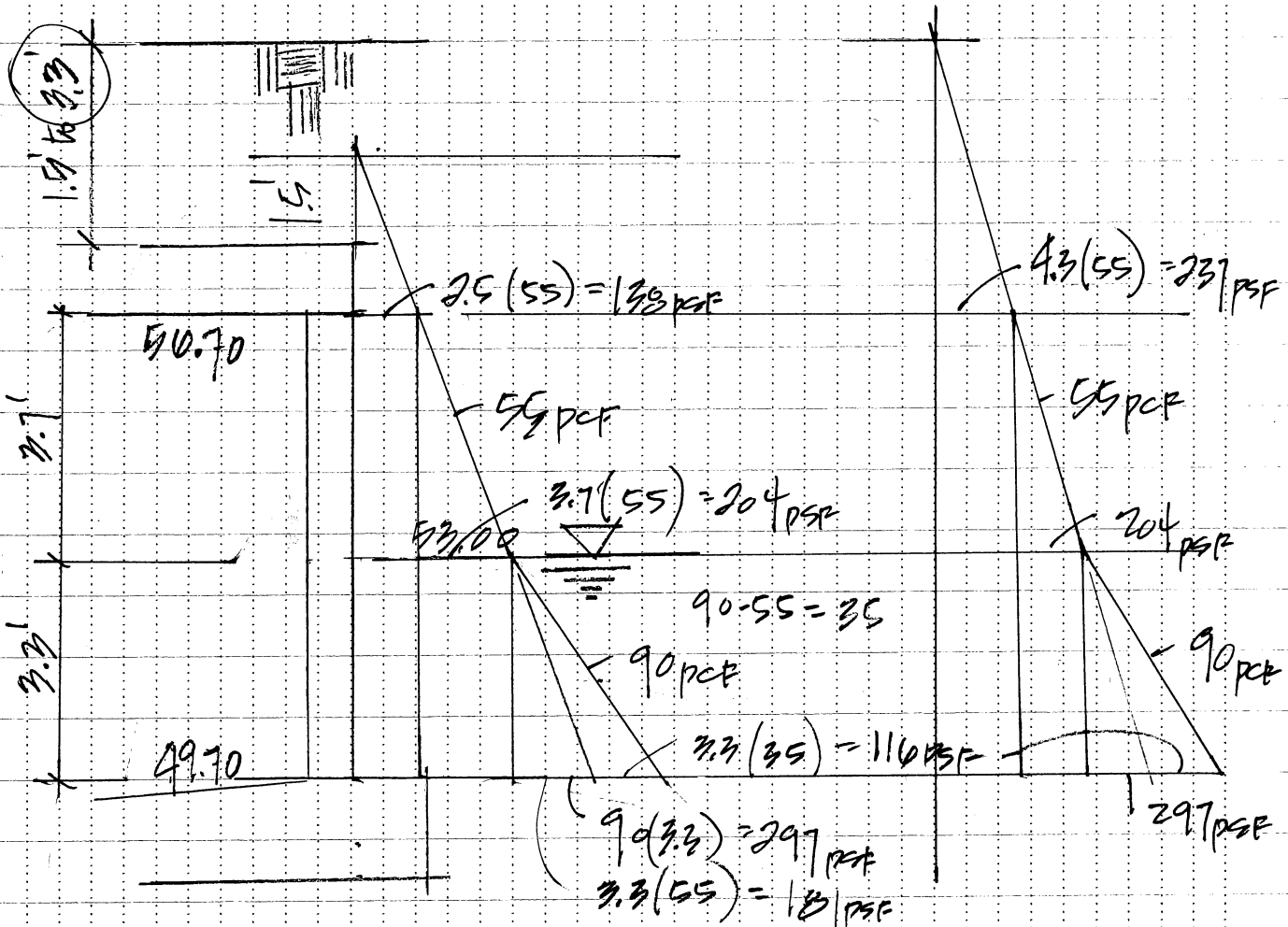
2-08-2014
S-24-007



GENERAL NOTES:

- 1.) A minimum cover depth of six inches OR a three inch thick cast in place concrete topping slab is required.
- 2.) Simple Span is centerline of bearing to centerline of bearing.
- 3.) The Knee Wall envelope represents the maximum span and height of soil cover that can be supported by slabs with standard notches for manhole openings, assuming void fill concrete $f'c = 3,000$ psi. Points falling outside this envelope require knee walls to support the slabs at manhole openings.
- 4.) Interpolation between strand contours is acceptable. DO NOT extrapolate beyond the bounds of this chart.
- 5.) Soil cover is assumed to be uniform.
- 6.) Except as noted, soil cover unit weight is assumed to be 120 pcf.
- 7.) Minimum span length = 14'-0".
- 8.) The values shown on this chart are in compliance with IBC 2015 & ACI 318-14.
- 9.) The Vent Notch envelope represents the maximum span and height of soil cover that can be supported by slabs with 6 1/2" standard notches in adjacent slabs to accommodate 12" diameter vents, assuming void fill concrete $f'c = 3,000$ psi. Refer to Detail 3 on page 13 of this brochure for vent notch details.

PERIMETER WALL REVIEW



CASE 1

CASE 2

SURCHARGE = 60 pcf

SURCHARGE = 8 pcf

MOM DUE TO SATURATED SOIL $F = 116(3.3/2) = 191 \#$

$R = 191(3.3/3) + 7 = 30 \#$

Y TO ZERO SHEAR $30 = 35(X^2/2)$ $X = 1.3'$ $EPD = 0.2 pcf$
 $M = 30(3.7 + 1.3) - 30(1.3/3) = 137 \text{ ft}\cdot\#$ 1498 pcf

EQUIN TRIANG DUEL FULL HEIGHT $137 = EPD(7)^{3/2}(0.1283)$

CASE 1

$$M_{SURCHARGE} = 156 (7)^2 \div 8 = 956 \text{ l-}\#$$

$$M_{SOIL PRESS} = 138 (7)^2 \div 8 = 849 \text{ l-}\#$$

$$+ \left[(55+7) (7)^2 \div 2 \right] 0.1283 (7) = 1364 \text{ l-}\#$$

$$M_{TOTAL} = 956 + 849 + 1364 = \underline{\underline{3169 \text{ l-}\#}}$$

CASE 2

$$M_{SURCHARGE} = 81 (7)^2 \div 8 = 496 \text{ l-}\#$$

$$M_{SOIL PRESS} = 237 (7)^2 \div 8 = 1452 \text{ l-}\#$$

$$+ 1364 \text{ l-}\#$$

*M_{SOIL PRESS}
2810 l-#*

$$M_{TOTAL} = 496 + 1452 + 1364 = \underline{\underline{3312 \text{ l-}\#}}$$

CASE 2 CONTROLS DESIGN

$$SEISMIC PRESSURE COMPONENT = 8H = 8(7) = 56 \text{ ksf}$$

SITE STRUCTURES

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 Everett, WA, (425)-357-9600

Project Fortress

sheet 19

date 2-06-2024

prj. no. S-24-007

Design Data

3.3' cover w/ TRAFFIC SURCHARGE

Soil Density	125 pcf	Ws1 =	236.5 psf
Soil Cover depth to the top of the wall	4.3 ft	Ws2 =	385 psf
Wall height	7 ft		
Soil Pressure EFW	55 pcf		

Surcharge Information

uniform	S1 =	0 psf (on surface of ground)	Equiv Ws =	0 psf
truck	Ws =	0 psf (on surface of wall - see design chart)		

Critical Design Surcharge pressure = 107 psf (on the surface of the wall)

Calculated Design Forces

W1= 343.5	F1 =	2405 lbs	R top =	1651 lbs
W2= 385	F2 =	1348 lbs	R bot =	2101 lbs
M1 = 2104	M total=	<u>3314 ft-lbs</u>		
M2 = 1210				

Wall Reinforcing

Wall thickness	8 inches	Comp block (a) =	0.39 inches
Clear cover	2 inches	Depth to CL bar (d) =	5.69 inches
Rebar size	5	d-a/2 =	5.49 inches
Rebar area	0.31 sq-in	ΦMn =	6501 ft-lbs
Bar spacing	14 inches ✓	Mu =	5303 ft-lbs
Rebar strength fy	60 ksi		
Conc strength f'c	4000 psi		
Load Factor	1.6		

max tension reinforcing spacing: $f_s = 27527 \text{ psi}$ *ok*

$s = 16.8 \text{ in}$
 $s = 17.4 \text{ in}$
 $s_{max} = 16.8 \text{ in - OK}$

Anchorage at Top of the Wall

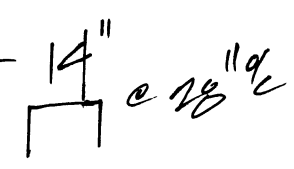
$R_u = 2642 \text{ plf}$

#5 hairpins net #5@ 15"o/c

$\Phi V_n = 6700 \text{ plf}$

#5 hairpins net #5@ 18"o/c

$\Phi V_n = 5580 \text{ plf}$

**Anchorage at Bottom of the Wall**

$R_u = 3361 \text{ plf}$

Rebar Dowel Size = 5

Dowel Area = 0.31 sq-in

Nominal Shear friction capacity of the footing to wall Dowel

8131 plf

Dowel strength $f_y = 60 \text{ ksi}$

Dowel Spacing = 14 inches

Coefficient of friction = 0.6 smooth surface

SITE STRUCTURES

Project Fortress

sheet 16

10511 19th Ave SE, Suite C

date 2-08-2024

Everett, WA, (425)-357-9600

prj. no. S-24-007

Design Data

3.3' cover w/o TRAFFIC SURCHARGE

Soil Density	125 pcf		
Soil Cover depth to the top of the wall	4.3 ft	Ws1 =	236.5 psf
Wall height	7 ft	Ws2 =	385 psf
Soil Pressure EFW	55 pcf		

Surcharge Information

uniform	S1 =	0 psf (on surface of ground)	Equiv Ws =	0 psf
truck	Ws =	0 psf (on surface of wall - see design chart)		

Critical Design Surcharge pressure = 26 psf (on the surface of the wall)

Calculated Design Forces

W1= 262.5	F1 =	1838 lbs	R top =	1368 lbs
W2= 385	F2 =	1348 lbs	R bot =	1817 lbs
M1 = 1608	M total=	2818 ft-lbs		
M2 = 1210				

Wall Reinforcing

Wall thickness	8 inches	Comp block (a) =	0.39 inches
Clear cover	2 inches	Depth to CL bar (d) =	5.69 inches
Rebar size	5	d-a/2 =	5.49 inches
Rebar area	0.31 sq-in		
Bar spacing	14 inches	ΦMn =	6501 ft-lbs
Rebar strength fy	60 ksi	Mu =	4509 ft-lbs
Conc strength f'c	4000 psi		<i>ok</i>
Load Factor	1.6		

max tension reinforcing spacing: $f_s = 23406$ psi *ok*

$s = 20.6$ in
 $s = 20.5$ in
 $s_{max} = 20.5$ in - OK

Anchorage at Top of the Wall

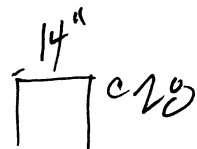
Ru = 2189 plf

#5 hairpins net #5@ 15"o/c

ΦVn = 6700plf

#5 hairpins net #5@ 18"o/c

ΦVn = 5580plf



Anchorage at Bottom of the Wall

Ru = 2907 plf

Rebar Dowel Size = 5

Dowel Area = 0.31 sq-in

Nominal Shear friction capacity of the footing to wall Dowel

8131 plf

Dowel strength fy= 60 ksi

Dowel Spacing = 14 inches

Coefficient of friction = 0.6 smooth surface

SITE STRUCTURES

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Project Fortress

sheet: 17
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Load Combination 1.2D+1.0E+1.0L+1.6H

E= 56 psf

L= 81 psf

Total= 137 psf

Wall
Height

7.00 ft

Total
Force

959 lbs

SAT SOIL - + 20
ADJ 103 psf

H= 1838 1348 3186 lbs

Total Force 4145 lbs

Factored Load 6057 lbs

Average Load Factor 1.46

SITE STRUCTURES

10511 19th Ave SE, Suite C
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Project Fortress

sheet 1/3
date 2-08-2024
prj. no. S-24-007

Design Data

3.2' COVER LOAD COMB 1.2D + 1.0E + 1.0L + 1.0H

Soil Density	125 pcf	Ws1 =	236.5 psf
Soil Cover depth to the top of the wall	4.3 ft	Ws2 =	385 psf
Wall height	7 ft		
Soil Pressure EFW	55 pcf		

Surcharge Information

uniform	S1 =	0 psf (on surface of ground)	Equiv Ws =	0 psf
truck	Ws =	0 psf (on surface of wall - see design chart)		

Critical Design Surcharge pressure = 163 psf (on the surface of the wall)

Calculated Design Forces

W1= 399.5	F1 =	2797 lbs	R top =	1847 lbs
W2= 385	F2 =	1348 lbs	R bot =	2297 lbs
M1 = 2447	M total=	3657 ft-lbs		
M2 = 1210				

Wall Reinforcing

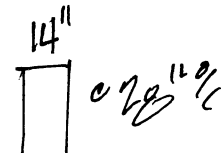
Wall thickness	8 inches	Comp block (a) =	0.39 inches
Clear cover	2 inches	Depth to CL bar (d) =	5.69 inches
Rebar size	5	d-a/2 =	5.49 inches
Rebar area	0.31 sq-in	ΦMn =	6501 ft-lbs
Bar spacing	14 inches	Mu =	5339 ft-lbs <i>ok</i>
Rebar strength fy	60 ksi		
Conc strength fc	4000 psi		
Load Factor	1.46		

max tension reinforcing spacing: $f_s = 30376$ psi *ok*

$s = 14.8$ in
 $s = 15.8$ in
 $s_{max} = 14.8$ in - OK

Anchorage at Top of the Wall

$R_u = 2697$ plf	
#5 hairpins net #5@ 15"o/c	ΦVn = 6700plf
#5 hairpins net #5@ 18"o/c	ΦVn = 5580plf



Anchorage at Bottom of the Wall

$R_u = 3353$ plf	Rebar Dowel Size =	5
	Dowel Area =	0.31 sq-in
Nominal Shear friction capacity of the footing to wall Dowel	Dowel strength fy =	60 ksi
8131 plf	Dowel Spacing =	14 inches
	Coefficient of friction =	0.6 smooth surface

CT TRENCHING AND SHORING MANUAL

4.8.3.3 Point Load OUTRIGGER LOAD REVIEW

Point loads are loads such as outrigger loads from a concrete pump or crane. A wheel load from a concrete truck may also be considered a point load when the concrete truck is adjacent an excavation and in the process of the unloading. The truck could be positioned either parallel or perpendicular to the excavation.

The general equation for determining the pressure at distance h below the ground line is:
 (See Figure 4-50)

For $m \leq 0.4$:

$$\sigma_h = 0.28 \frac{Q_p}{H^2} \frac{n^2}{(0.16 + n^2)^3} \quad \text{Eq. 4-70}$$

For $m > 0.4$

$$\sigma_h = 1.77 \frac{Q_p}{H^2} \frac{m^2 n^2}{(m^2 + n^2)^3} \quad \text{Eq. 4-71}$$

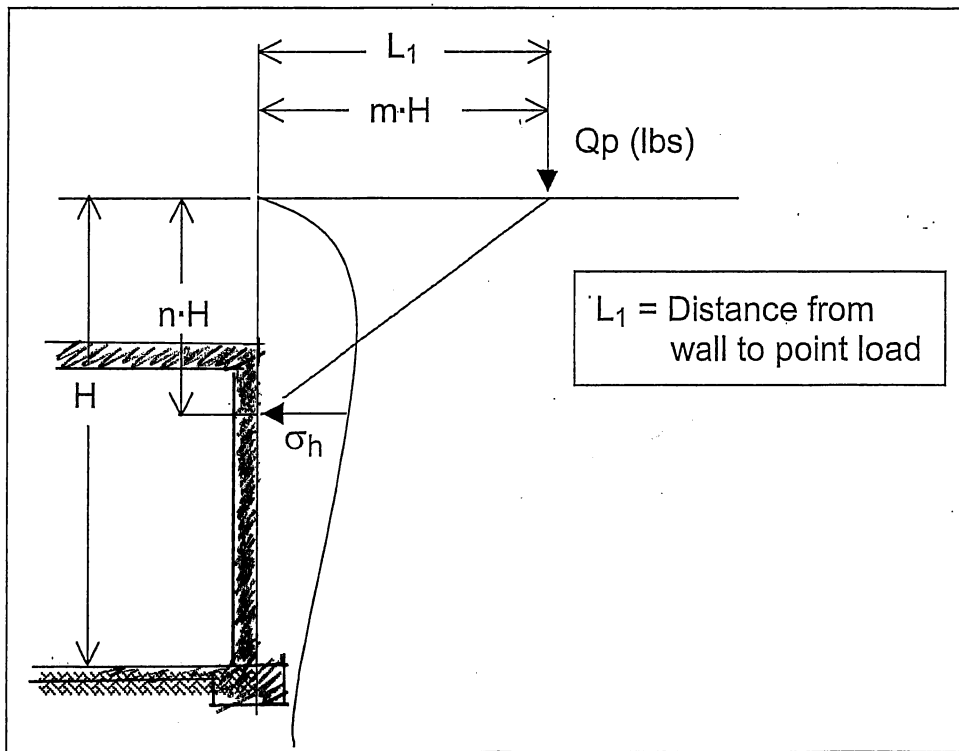


Figure 4-50. Boussinesq Type Point Load

EARTH PRESSURE THEORY AND APPLICATION

In addition, σ_h is further adjusted by the following when the point is further away from the line closest to the point load: (see Figure 4-51)

$$\sigma'_h = \sigma_h \cos^2[(1.1)\theta] \quad \text{Eq. 4-72}$$

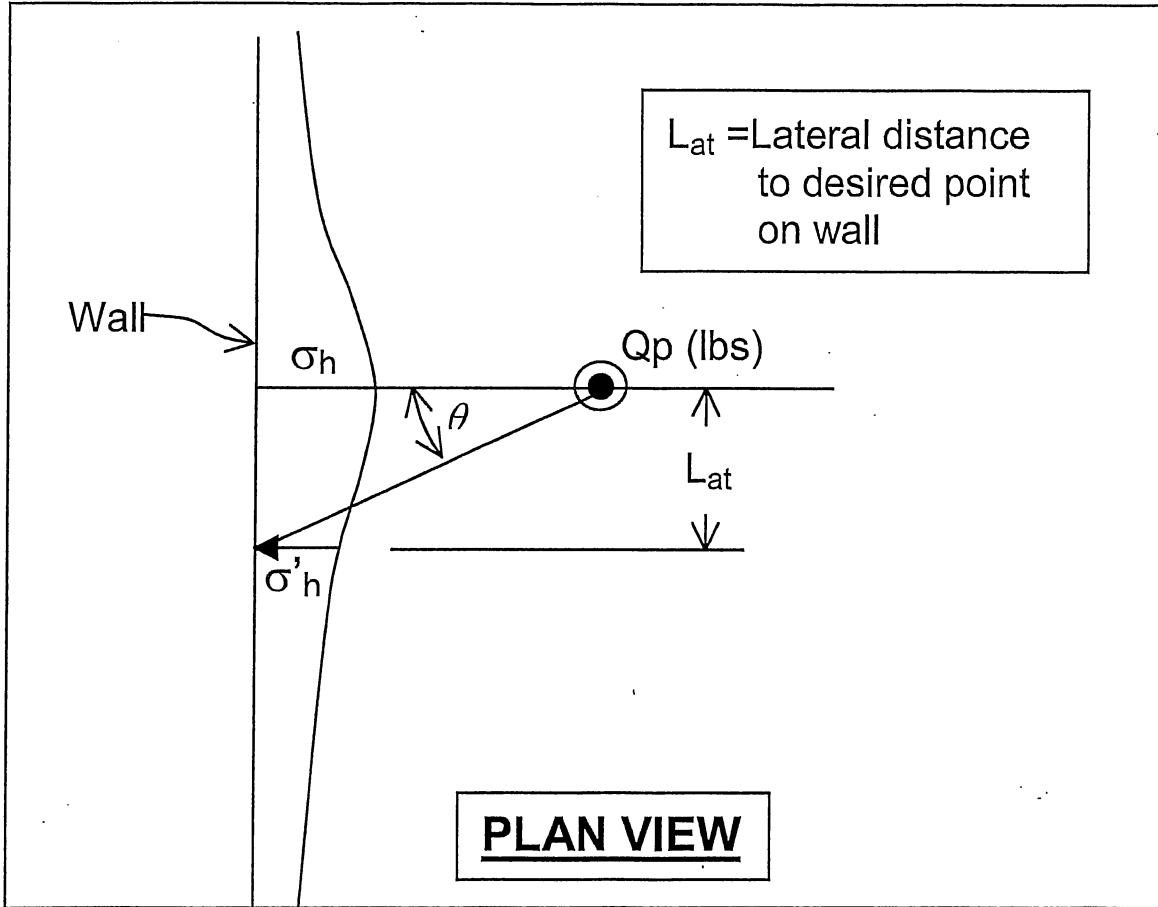


Figure 4-51. Boussinesq Type Point Load with Lateral Offset

SITE STRUCTURES

Projec Fortress

sheet 21

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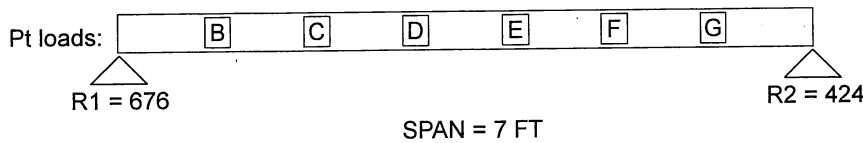
prj. no. S-24-007

Wall pressure due to outrigger point load

		d	n	$n^2/(0.16+n^2)^3$	qp	qh	avg
Vault Clear Height	7 ft	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0
Soil Cover	3.3 ft	T 4.30	0.38	5.11	505	323	414
H	11.3	5.30	0.47	4.01	396	253	324
0.40H	4.52 ft	6.30	0.56	2.98	294	188	241
		7.30	0.65	2.17	214	137	175
Point Load	45000.00 lbs	8.30	0.73	1.58	156	100	128
		9.30	0.82	1.15	114	73	93
0.28P/H2	98.676482	10.30	0.91	0.85	84	54	69
		B 11.30	1.00	0.64	63	40	52
		12.30	1.09	0.49	48	31	39
Lat	3.00 ft						
Lat/0.4H	0.664						
H angle tan inv	33.6 deg		clr hgt/7=	1.00			
cos2(1.1x0)	0.64						

Point Loads for Bm Analysis

X ft	P lbs
1.00	324
2.00	241
3.00	175
4.00	128
5.00	93
6.00	69



Loads

Point LL	Point TL	Distance
324	B = 324	1.0
241	C = 241	2.0
175	D = 175	3.0
128	E = 128	4.0
93	F = 93	5.0
69	G = 69	6.0

Data

Beam Span	7.0 ft	Reaction 1 LL	641 #	Reaction 2 LL	389 #
Beam Wt per ft	10.0 #	Reaction 1 TL	676 #	Reaction 2 TL	424 #
Bm Wt Included	70 #	Maximum V	676 #		
Max Moment	1095 #	Max V (Reduced)	N/A		
TL Max Defl	L / 240	TL Actual Defl	L / >1000		
LL Max Defl	L / 360	LL Actual Defl	L / >1000		

$$W_{eq} = \frac{1095(8)}{(7)^2} = 178 \text{ psf}$$

SITE STRUCTURES

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Design Data

3.3 FT COVER W/ OUTRIGGER LOAD

Soil Density	125 pcf	Ws1 =	236.5 psf
Soil Cover depth to the top of the wall	4.3 ft	Ws2 =	385 psf
Wall height	7 ft		
Soil Pressure EFW	55 pcf		

Surcharge Information

uniform	S1 =	0 psf (on surface of ground)	Equiv Ws =	0 psf
truck	Ws =	0 psf (on surface of wall - see design chart)		

Critical Design Surcharge pressure = 204 psf (on the surface of the wall) - *178 + 26 = 204 psf*

Calculated Design Forces

W1= 440.5	F1 =	3084 lbs	R top =	1991 lbs
W2= 385	F2 =	1348 lbs	R bot =	2440 lbs
M1 = 2698	M total=	3908 ft-lbs		
M2 = 1210				

Wall Reinforcing

Wall thickness	8 inches	Comp block (a) =	0.39 inches
Clear cover	2 inches	Depth to CL bar (d) =	5.69 inches
Rebar size	5	d-a/2 =	5.49 inches
Rebar area	0.31 sq-in		
Bar spacing	14 inches	ΦMn =	6501 ft-lbs
Rebar strength fy	60 ksi	Mu =	6253 ft-lbs
Conc strength fc	4000 psi		
Load Factor	1.6		

max tension reinforcing spacing: $f_s = 32462$ psi
PARTIAL BASE FIXITY WILL REDUCE STRESS

s = 13.5 in
s = 14.8 in
s_{max} = 13.5 in
ok w/ PARTIAL BASE FIXITY

Anchorage at Top of the Wall

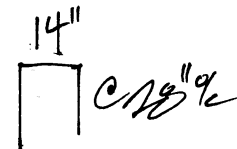
Ru = **3185** plf

#5 hairpins net #5@ 15"o/c

ΦVn = 6700plf

#5 hairpins net #5@ 18"o/c

ΦVn = 5580plf



Anchorage at Bottom of the Wall

Ru = **3904** plf

Rebar Dowel Size = 5

Dowel Area = 0.31 sq-in

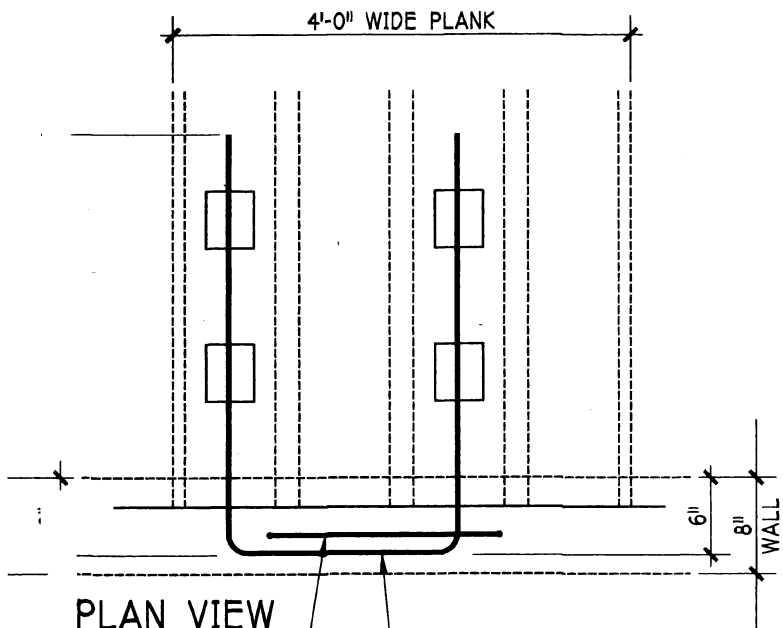
Nominal Shear friction capacity of the footing to wall Dowel **8131** plf

Dowel strength fy = 60 ksi

Dowel Spacing = 14 inches

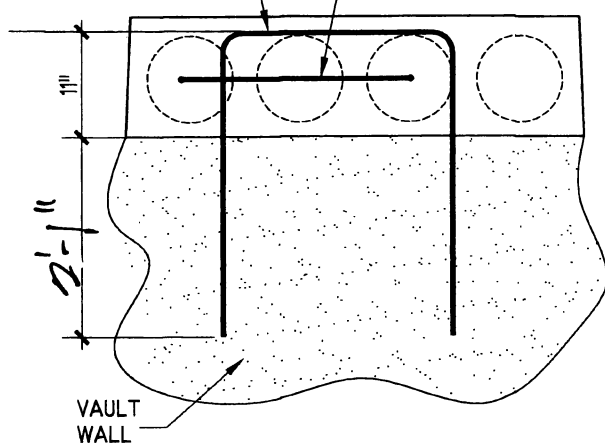
Coefficient of friction = 0.6 smooth surface

LID TO WALL CLOSURE REINF



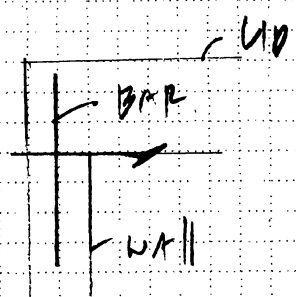
PLAN VIEW

CLOSURE TO WALL DOWELS @ EA PLANK.
 LID TO CLOSURE DOWELS @ EA PLANK.



ELEVATION VIEW

BAR SPACING 12"
SHEAR FRICTION



$\mu = 0.60 \quad f_y = 60 \text{ ksi}$

BAR ϕV_n
 #5 8370 PLF
 #6 11,900 PLF

$\#5 = 0.75(0.31)60(0.60) = 8370 \text{ PLF}$
 $\#6 = 0.75(0.44)60(0.60) = 11,900 \text{ PLF}$

#5 @ 18" $\phi V_n = 5580 \text{ PLF}$
 #5 @ 15" $\phi V_n = 6700 \text{ PLF}$
 #5 @ 14" $\phi V_n = 7174 \text{ PLF}$

BARS @ 24" ϕV_n
 #5 = 4185 PLF
 #6 = 5950 PLF

SITE STRUCTURES

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Project Fortress

sheet 2A
 date 2-06-2024
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INTERIOR WALL HEADER GEOMETRY AND LOADS ANALYSIS**Header Overburden & Uniform Loads**

Lid weight	90 psf		
Soil Density	125 pcf	Load	Factors
Soil Cover depth over lid	3 ft	LL	1.6
Plank design clear span left	20 ft	DL	1.2
Plank design clear span right	20 ft		
Design Uniform Live Load	150 psf		
Lid tributary width to header	20 ft		
Uniform service load to header	12300 plf		
Uniform factored load to header	15960 plf		

Truck Wheel Loads to Header

Truck type	outrigger ✓
Axle Load	45000 lbs
Wheel Spacing	1 ft
Cover depth	3.0 ft

Axle assumed centered over & perpendicular to header

distribution width	6.50 ft	opening width	4.00 ft
distribution length	8.00 ft	length ea side of hdr	4.00 ft
uniform load @ top of plank	865 psf		
wheel load to header from left span	3115 plf		
wheel load to header from right span	3115 plf		
Total wheel load to header	6231 plf		
Factored wheel load to header	9969 plf		

Design Loads & Forces in Header

Service	18.5 klf
Factored	25.9 klf

Critical section for shear is at 0.6 feet from the face of the support

Design Vu = 36 k
 Design Mu = 52 k-ft

SITE STRUCTURES

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INTERIOR WALL HEADER DESIGN**Header Data**

Header width	8 inches	Concrete Strength	4000 psi
Header span	4.00 ft		
Header depth	24 inches	d =	21.00 inches
ln/d ratio	2.29	Deep Beam limit ln/d <	5.0
Min shear steel (Area / spacing) ratio	0.012	Min Rebar spacing	
Max spacing of shear steel	4.8 inches	# 3 @	9.17
		# 4 @	16.67
Min horiz steel (Area / spacing) ratio	0.02	# 4 @	10.00
Max spacing of horizontal steel	8 inches	# 5 @	15.50

Review shear capacity of header

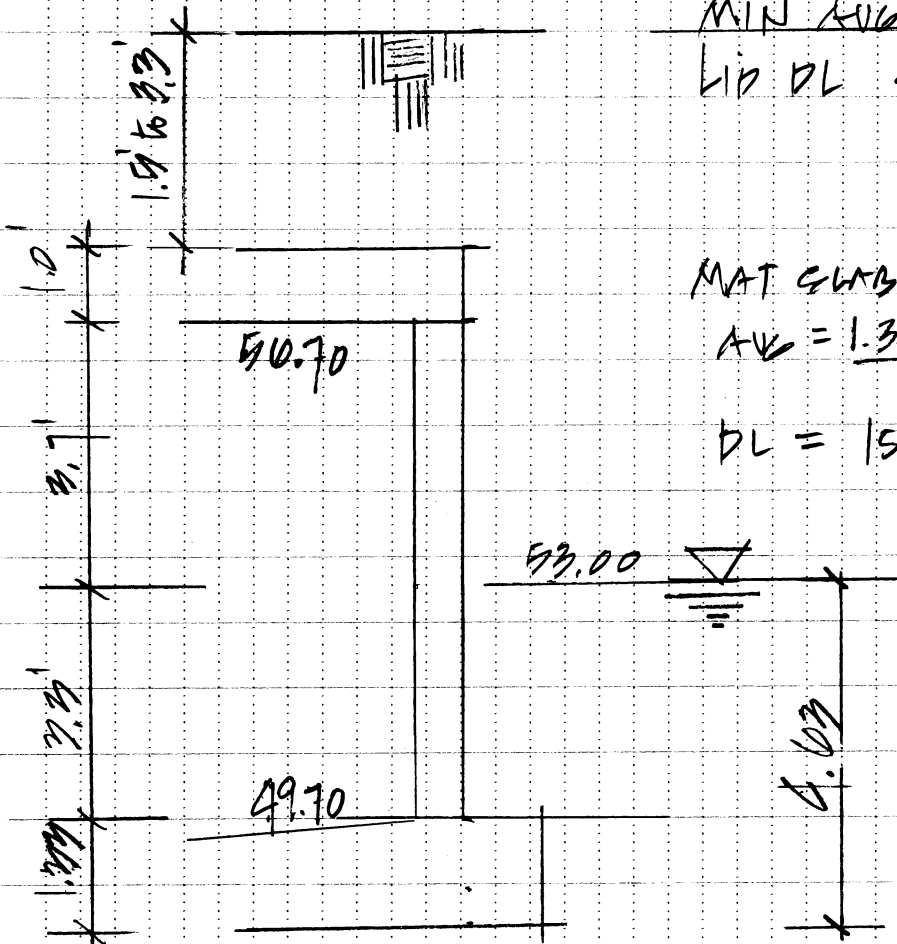
Reinforcing yield strength	60 ksi	#4 @ 6" / 2	
Shear reinforcing area spacing	0.20 sq in / 6 in	Horz reinf area	0.31 sq in
		Horz reinf spacing	12 in
Reinf shear capacity ΦV_s	34 k	Conc shear capacity ΦV_c	18 k
Total Shear Capacity	52 k <i>ok</i>	Factored shear V_u	36 k
Max ΦV_n @ ln/d < 2	72 k		
Max ΦV_n @ 2 < ln/d < 5	8496 k		

Review flexural capacity of header

min A_s based on 200 bwd/fy	0.56 sq inches	
min A_s based on eq 10-3	0.53 sq inches	
A_s reqd based on bending model	0.61 sq inches	
A_s reqd based on tie - strut model		
assume V_u is focused @ the center of the header		
then T_u =	41.49 k	
A_s reqd =	0.77 sq inches	

(2) #10 $A_s = 0.88 \text{ in}^2$

BUOYANCY REVIEW



MIN AVG COVER 1.7'

$$\begin{aligned} \text{LID DL SOIL } 125 (1.7) &= 213 \\ \text{LID } 90 &= \frac{90}{303} \end{aligned}$$

MAT SLAB DL

$$\text{AVG} = \frac{1.33 + 0.83}{2} = 1.08'$$

$$\text{DL} = 155 (1.08) = \frac{167}{470 \text{ PSF}}$$

H₂O BUOYANCY FORCE

$$\begin{aligned} F_B &= 62.4 (4.63) \\ &= 289 \text{ PSF} \end{aligned}$$

$$F_G = \frac{470}{289} = \underline{1.63 \text{ OK}}$$

GRADE SLAB MAT REVIEW

$$F_B = 289 \text{ PSF} - \text{EMBOYANCY ON BOT OF SLABS}$$

$$\text{MAT SLAB DL} = 167 \text{ PSF}$$

$$W_u = 1.4(289) - 1.0(167) = 238 \text{ PSF}$$

20' CELL WIDTH

$$\text{SIMPLE SPAN MOM} = 238(20)^2 / 8 = 11,900 \text{ l-}\# / \text{l}$$

0 SPAN CONT

$$-M_u = 0.106 W L^2 \text{ @ 1st INTERIOR SUPPORT}$$

$$+M_u = 0.078 W L^2 \text{ @ END BAY}$$

MAT T

$$\text{BOT @ WALLS} \quad -M_u = 0.106(238)400 = 10,090 \text{ l-}\# / \text{l} \quad 16''$$

$$\text{TOP @ MIDSPAN} \quad +M_u = 0.078(238)400 = 7,430 \text{ l-}\# / \text{l} \quad 10''$$

$$\text{TRY } \#4 @ 15'' + \#4 @ 30'' \text{ ADDED} = \#4 @ 10'' \text{ NET}$$

LONGITUDINAL REINF

$$A_s \text{ MIN} = 0.0018(16)12 = 0.340 \text{ in}^2 / \text{FT}$$

$$0.0018(10)12 = 0.216 \text{ in}^2 / \text{FT}$$

$$\#6 \text{ BOT} + \#4 \text{ TOP @ } 16'' \text{ @ } A_s = 0.38 \text{ in}^2 / \text{FT}$$

BOT @ WALLS

#4 @ 10" $A_s = 0.240$
#5 @ 15" $A_s = 0.248$

10" SLAB 3" CLR #4 @ 10" @

$a = 0.35$ $d - a/2 = 12.58"$ $d = 12.75"$

$\phi M_n = 13,335$ 1-#1 } $10,090$ 1-#1 1.32
2-SPAN } $11,900$ 1-#1 1.12

TOP @ MIDSPAN

10" SLAB 2" CLR #4 @ 10" @

$a = 0.35$ $d - a/2 = 7.58"$ $d = 7.75"$

$\phi M_n = 8,033$ 1-#1 } $7,430$ 1-#1 1.08

$A_s \text{ min} - 10" \text{ SLAB } A_{s \text{ min}} = 0.0033(12.75)12 = 0.50$

$10" \text{ SLAB } A_{s \text{ min}} = 0.0033(7.75)12 = 0.30$

$A_s \text{ REQD}$

$10" \text{ SLAB } = 10090(12) \div 54000(12.58) = 0.18 \times 1.3 = 0.23$

$10" \text{ SLAB } = 7430(12) \div 54000(7.75) = 0.21 \times 1.3 = 0.28$

$1.3 \times A_s \text{ REQD}$

go to 14" @ spacing w/ ADDED 0.28" @

SITE STRUCTURES

Project Fortress

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Design Data : Wall Foundation Design

Allowable Bearing Pressure	2500 psf	Per. wall Cell Width	20 ft
Rebar strength $f_y =$	60 ksi	Int. wall Cell Width left	20 ft
Concrete strength =	4000 psi	Int. wall Cell Width right	20 ft
Soil Desity	125 pcf	Plank weight	90 psf
Soil Cover over the lid	3 ft	Wall Height	7 ft
		Wall Thickness	8 inches
		Interior Wall Thick	10 inches

Perimeter Wall Footing Design

		<u>L.F</u>	<u>Wu</u>
Design live load	1889 plf	1.6	3022.4 plf
Soil Cover dead load	4000 plf	1.2	4800 plf
Plank dead load	960 plf	1.2	1152 plf
Wall dead load	700 plf	1.2	840 plf
<u>total dead load</u>	<u>5660 plf</u>		<u>6792 plf</u>

Total live + dead Load 7549 plf 9814 plf

Required Ftg Width 3.02 ft
 Selected Ftg Width 3.167 ft Selected Ftg Thickness 16 in

F30 x 16 — EXTEND 15" BEYOND EXT FACE OF WALL

$Q_u = 3099$ psf $M_u = 2422$ ft-lbs at face of wall
 $V_u = 3874$ plf at face of wall
 $\phi V_n = 16128$ plf at face of wall
 $A_s \text{ reqd} = 0.04$ sq-in/ft
 $A_{smin} = 0.50$ sq-in/ft
 $1.33 \times A_s \text{ reqd} = 0.06$ sq-in/ft

Interior Wall Footing Design

		<u>L.F</u>	<u>Wu</u>
Design live load	3000 plf	1.6	4800 plf
Soil Cover dead load	7500 plf	1.2	9000 plf
Plank dead load	1800 plf	1.2	2160 plf
Wall dead load	875 plf	1.2	1050 plf
<u>total dead load</u>	<u>10175 plf</u>		<u>12210 plf</u>

Total live + dead Load 13175 plf 17010 plf

Required Ftg Width 5.27 ft
 Selected Ftg Width 5.33 ft Selected Ftg Thickness 16 in

$Q_u = 3191$ psf $M_u = 8675$ ft-lbs at face of wall
 $V_u = 7441$ plf at face of wall
 $\phi V_n = 16128$ plf at face of wall
 $A_s \text{ reqd} = 0.16$ sq-in/ft
 $A_{smin} = 0.50$ sq-in/ft
 $1.33 \times A_s \text{ reqd} = 0.21$ sq-in/ft

use #4 @ c $A_s = 0.2106 \text{ in}^2$

SITE STRUCTURES
 10511 19th Ave SE, Suite C
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Project Fortress

sheet 70
 date 2-06-2024
 prj. no. S-24-007

Design Data : Wall Foundation Loads Analysis

Soil Desity	125 pcf	Per. wall Cell Width	20 ft
Soil Cover over the lid	3 ft	Int. wall Cell Width left	20 ft
Plank weight	90 psf	Int. wall Cell Width right	20 ft
Uniform Live Load	150 psf	Front Axle Load	10000 lbs
Truck Rating	HS25-44	Rear Axle #1 Load	40000 lbs
Wall Height	7 ft	Rear Axle #2 Load	40000 lbs
		Total vehicle wt	90000 lbs

Truck Wheel Load Distribution to Perimeter Wall Foundation

Truck Perpendicular to the perimeter wall w/ rear axle #2 directly over wall & distance to axle #1 = 14ft

total truck load to wall = 52000 lbs
 distribution width = 28 ft Load @ base of wall = **1857 plf**

Truck Parallel to the perimeter wall w/ one wheel over wall & 2nd wheel on plank (incl axle 1&2 only)

total truck load to wall = 68000 lbs
 calc distribution width = 36 ft Load @ base of wall = **1889 plf - controls**

Truck Wheel Load Distribution to Interior Wall Foundation

Truck Perpendicular to the int. wall w/ rear axle #2 centered over the wall & dist between axles = 14ft

total truck load to wall = 52000 lbs
 distribution width = 28 ft Load @ base of wall = **1857 plf**

Truck Perpendicular to the interior wall w/ rear axle #2 directly over wall & distance to axle #1 = 14ft

total truck load to wall = 52000 lbs left plank Load @ base of wall = **1857 plf**
 total truck load to wall = 52000 lbs right plank Load @ base of wall = **1857 plf**
 distribution width = 28 ft

Truck Parallel to the interior wall w/ one wheel over wall & 2nd wheel on plank (incl axle 1&2 only)

total truck load to wall = 68000 lbs left plank Load @ base of wall = **1889 plf**
 total truck load to wall = 68000 lbs right plank Load @ base of wall = **1889 plf**
 distribution width = 36 ft

Truck Parallel to the interior wall w/ the truck centered over the wall (incl axle 1&2 only)

total truck load to wall = 68000 lbs
 distribution width = 36 ft Load @ base of wall = **1889 plf**

Uniform Live Load distribution to Wall Footings

Perimeter Wall **1500 plf**
 Interior Wall **3000 plf - controls**

SITE STRUCTURES

Project Fortress

sheet: 21

10511 19th Ave SE, Suite C

date: 2-08-2024

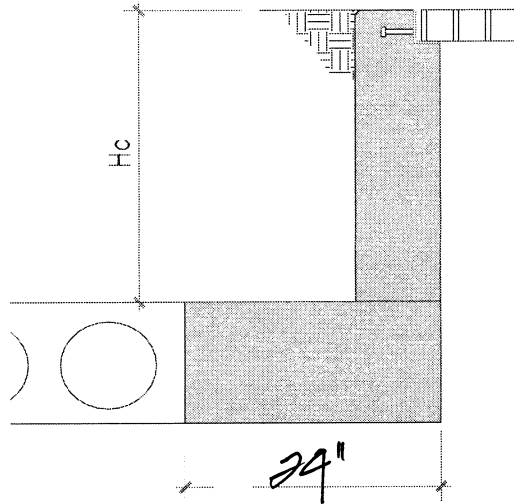
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prj. no. S-24-007

Beam Design Below Grated Opening

Design Data

Height of Curb:	3 ft
Curb Thickness:	8 in
Soil Density:	125 pcf
Beam Width:	24 in
Beam Span:	5 ft
Truck Rear Axle Load:	40 k



Calculated Design Forces

Soil Weight =	500 plf
Curb Weight =	300 plf
Self Weight =	313 plf
Wheel Load =	20000 lb

Load Factor: DL 1.2
LL 1.6

Wu = 1335 plf
Pu = 32000 lb

Design for Flexure

Reinf Size	6	(5) #6 T & B
# of Top & Bot Reinf	5	
Area of Steel	2.21 sq-in	
Depth to Reinf (d)	10.13 in	
Comp Block (a)	2.17 in	
d - a/2	9.04 in	

$\Phi M_n = 89879$ ft-lbs *OK* $M_u = 44172$ ft-lbs

Design for Shear

Tie Reinf Size	4	✓
Area of Steel	0.20	
Depth to Reinf (d)	10.50	
Max Spacing	5.25 in	
Reinf Spacing	5 in	✓

$\Phi V_c = 11732$ lbs

$\Phi V_s = 42057$ lbs

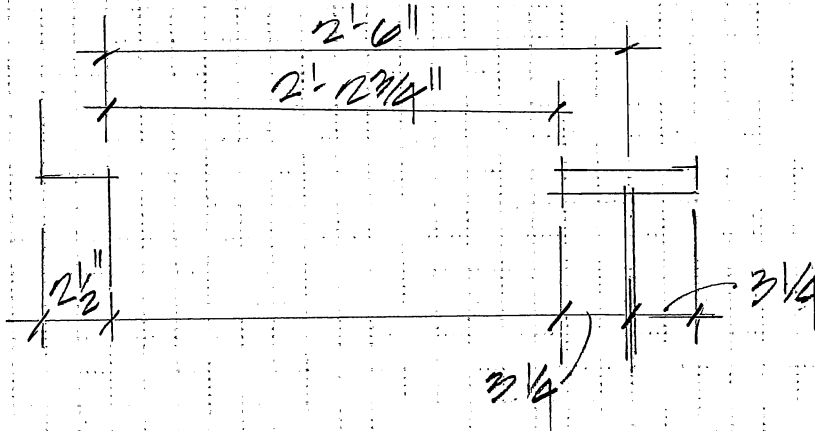
$\Phi V_c + \Phi V_s = 53789$ lbs *OK* $V_u = 35338$ lbs

GRATING H925 LOADING

H925 40,000 lb AXLE LOAD

H920 32,000 lb AXLE LOAD

GRATING CLEAR SPAN



H920 EQUIV SPAN

$$\frac{P_{H920}(L_{H920})}{4} = \frac{P_{H925}(L_{H925})}{4}$$

$$L_{H920} = \frac{P_{H925}(L_{H925})}{P_{H920}}$$

correct $3 \times 3/4$ BRG BARS

H-20 SPAN CAP = 3.1 FT

SEE CHART ON FOLLOWING SHEET.

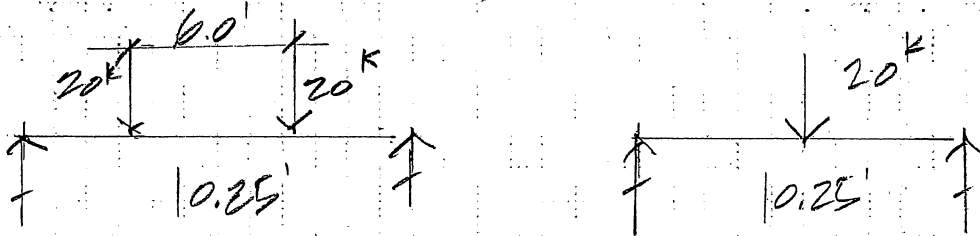
$$= \frac{40}{32} (2.25) = 2.8 \text{ FT}$$

LOAD TABLE: TYPE W-19-4

BEARING BAR SIZE	WEIGHT LBS. PER SQ. FT.	H-20 TRUCK	H-15 TRUCK	H-10 TRUCK
1 x 1/4	10.1	1'-1"	0'-10"	0'-8"
1 x 5/16	12.3	1'-1"	0'-11"	0'-9"
1 x 3/8	14.6	1'-2"	1'-0"	0'-10"
1-1/4 x 1/4	12.3	1'-2"	1'-0"	0'-10"
1-1/4 x 5/16	15.1	1'-3"	1'-1"	0'-11"
1-1/4 x 3/8	17.9	1'-5"	1'-2"	1'-0"
1-1/2 x 1/4	14.6	1'-4"	1'-2"	1'-0"
1-1/2 x 5/16	18.0	1'-6"	1'-4"	1'-2"
1-1/2 x 3/8	21.3	1'-8"	1'-6"	1'-4"
1-3/4 x 1/4	16.9	1'-7"	1'-5"	1'-3"
1-3/4 x 5/16	20.8	1'-9"	1'-7"	1'-5"
1-3/4 x 3/8	24.7	1'-11"	1'-9"	1'-8"
2 x 1/4	19.1	1'-10"	1'-8"	1'-6"
2 x 5/16	23.6	2'-1"	1'-11"	1'-9"
2 x 3/8	28.2	2'-4"	2'-2"	2'-1"
2-1/4 x 1/4	21.4	2'-1"	1'-11"	1'-9"
2-1/4 x 5/16	26.5	2'-5"	2'-3"	2'-2"
2-1/4 x 3/8	31.5	2'-8"	2'-7"	2'-6"
2-1/2 x 1/4	23.7	2'-4"	2'-3"	2'-1"
2-1/2 x 5/16	29.3	2'-9"	2'-7"	2'-7"
2-1/2 x 3/8	34.9	3'-2"	3'-0"	3'-0"
3 x 1/4	28.2	3'-1"	2'-11"	2'-11"
3 x 5/16	35.1	3'-7"	3'-6"	3'-6"
3 x 3/8	41.8	4'-2"	4'-1"	4'-2"
3-1/2 x 1/4	32.8	3'-10"	3'-9"	3'-9"
3-1/2 x 5/16	40.7	4'-8"	4'-7"	4'-8"
3-1/2 x 3/8	48.6	5'-0"	5'-0"	5'-1"
4 x 1/4	37.3	4'-10"	4'-9"	4'-8"
4 x 5/16	46.4	5'-5"	5'-5"	5'-6"
4 x 3/8	55.4	5'-9"	5'-9"	5'-10"
5 x 1/4	46.4	6'-3"	6'-3"	6'-5"
5 x 3/8	68.9	7'-1"	7'-2"	7'-4"
5 x 1/2	91.3	7'-10"	7'-11"	8'-1"
6 x 1/4	55.6	7'-6"	7'-6"	7'-8"
6 x 3/8	82.5	8'-6"	8'-7"	8'-9"
6 x 1/2	109.3	9'-5"	9'-6"	9'-8"
7 x 1/4	64.6	8'-8"	8'-9"	8'-11"
7 x 3/8	96.0	9'-11"	10'-0"	10'-3"
7 x 1/2	127.3	10'-11"	11'-1"	11'-3"

BEAM C GRATING

HS 25 LOAD = 40^k AXLE LOAD



$$M_1 = 20 (2.125) = 42.5 \text{ k-ft}$$

$$M_2 = 20 (10.25) + 42.5 = 51.3 \text{ k-ft}$$

Select W8x23 $M_{allow} = 60.75 \text{ k-ft}$ - see MOM CHART

$$bf = 6.5'' \quad 3'' \text{ BRG} \quad A = 3.0 (6.5) = 19.5 \text{ in}^2$$

$$R_{max} = 20 + 20 (4/10.25) = 28 \text{ k}$$

$$f_{brc} = 28/19.5 = 1.43 \text{ ksi}$$

GO TO 4" MIN BRG $A = 26 \text{ in}^2$

$$f_{brg} = 28/26 = 1.0 \text{ ksi}$$

USE GALV. ANGLE BRG GRAT 4.4 x 3/8 x 8" $A = 32 \text{ in}^2$

$$f_{brg} = 28/32 = 0.875 \text{ ksi}$$

$$F_p = 0.35 (3.0 \text{ ksi}) = 1.05 \text{ ksi}$$

4" BRG is OK.

OR 3/4 x 3/4 x 1/2 x 9" $A = 32 \text{ in}^2$

ALLOWABLE MOMENTS IN BEAMS ($C_b=1, F_y=50$ ksi)

