



Drainage Report

For the Dos Lagos Lot 'D'
Parcel Number: 0419102107 & 0419106026
303 39th Ave SE
Puyallup, Washington

For

Dos Lagos Asset, LLC
810 E. Pico Blvd, Unit B24
Los Angeles, CA. 90021

By

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May 2021
Revised August 2023
Revised March 2024
Job No: 12896

I hereby state that this Preliminary Drainage Report for the Dos Lagos Lot 'D' Project has been prepared by me or under my supervision and meets the standard of care and expertise which is usual and customary in this community for professional engineers. I understand the City of Puyallup does not and will not assume liability for the sufficiency, suitability, or performance of drainage facilities prepared by me.


3/18/2024



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Section 1 – Proposed Project Overview

Project Name: Dos Lagos Lot ‘D’ Project

Permit Type: Multi-Family Residential

Permit No: P21-0100

Site Address: 303 39th Ave SE, Puyallup, WA 98374

Parcel Numbers: 0419102107 & 0419106026

Legal Descriptions:

PARCEL #: 0419102107 & 0419106026

Lot 1 and Tract A of City of Puyallup Short Plat No. P-18-0173, recorded under Recording No. 201912305003, in Pierce County, Washington.

Zoning: Urban Center Mixed-use Zone (UCX)

Mixed-use Design Review Overlay Zone (MX-DRO)

The project proposes to construct a 46-unit apartment complex with associated parking located on the east property, parcel 0419106026 (1.307 acres) with additional parking located on the west property, parcel 0419102107 (1.039 acres). Both parcels are located at the corner of 3rd Street SE and 39th Ave SE in Puyallup, Washington, 98374. Figure 1 illustrates the site parcel location within the local vicinity. Associated right-of-way (ROW) improvements will be constructed, including sidewalk and street trees. Access to the project site will be from public roads 3rd Street SE and 39th Ave SE. The project is connected to a predevelopment (No. P-20-0088) and requires a completed SEPA checklist.

Stormwater runoff in the existing condition partially infiltrates, while the remainder sheet flows to one of the two drainage basins onsite (Threshold Discharge Areas, TDA) in the existing and developed condition: Black Swamp Basin and Willows Pond Basin. Stormwater runoff quality and quantity impacts from the proposed hard surfaces will be mitigated using porous pavement and a stormwater detention vault.

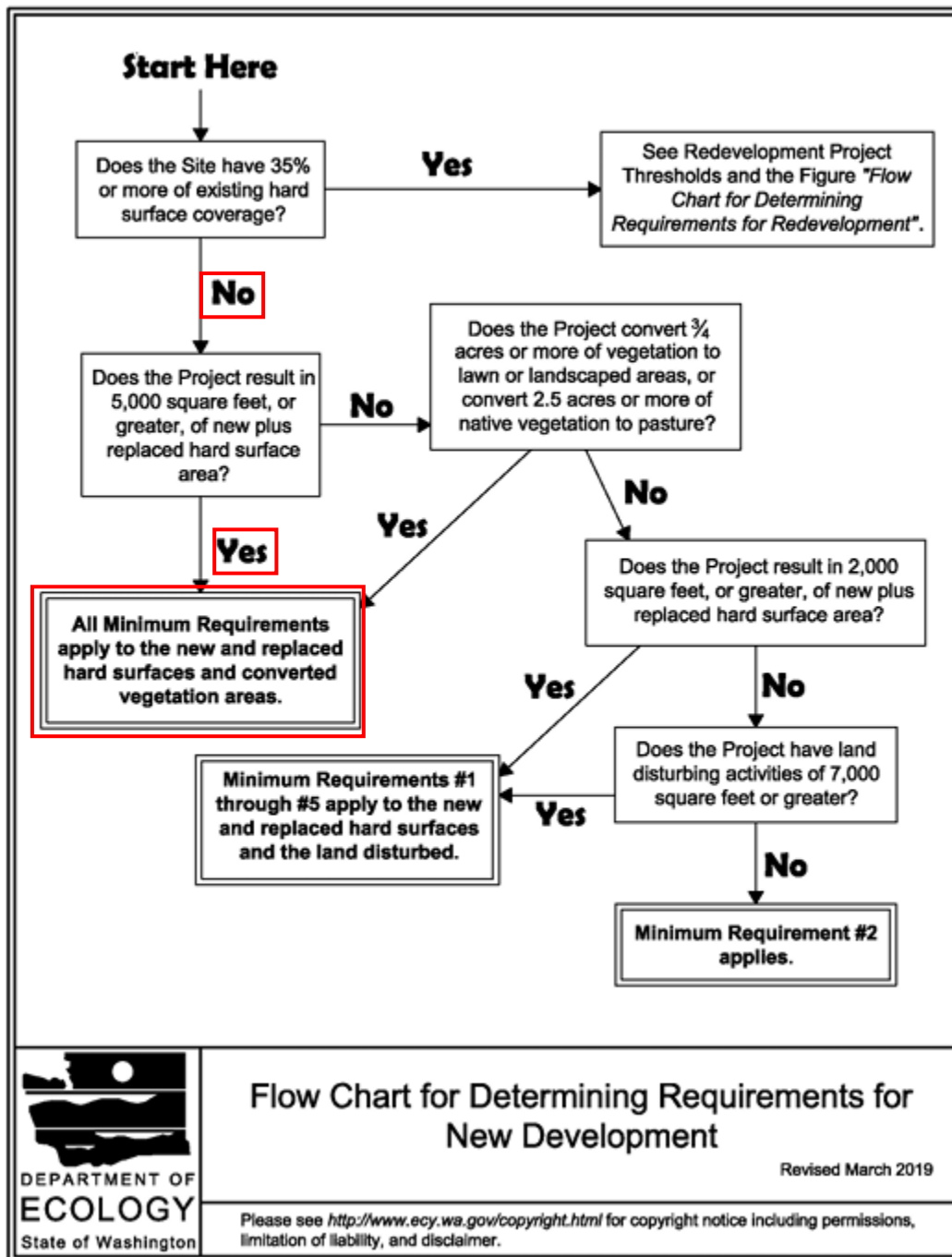
The proposed apartment building will be served by city sewer.

Figure 1: Site Vicinity Map

Minimum Requirements

The project shall comply with the requirements of the 2019 Stormwater Management Manual for Western Washington referred to hereon as ‘The Manual’, with amendments from City of Puyallup Municipal Code (PMC), Section 21.10. Less than 35% of the site consists of existing impervious coverage, and since more than 5,000 sq. ft. of new impervious surfaces are proposed to be added, minimum requirements 1 through 9 apply. The Washington State Department of Ecology (DOE) flow chart, “Figure I-2.4.1 – Flow Chart for Determining Requirements for New Development,” is found in Figure 2 on the following page.

Figure 2: Flow Chart for Determining Requirements for New Development

Figure I-3.1: Flow Chart for Determining Requirements for New Development

- Minimum Requirement #1: Preparation of Stormwater Site Plans
 - In accordance with Volume 1, Chapter 2, Sections 2.4.1 & 2.5.1 of the Manual, a Stormwater Site Plan is required. This plan will include this Drainage Report, a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP), an Operation and Maintenance Manual, and the Site Development Drawings.
- Minimum Requirement #2: Construction Stormwater Pollution Prevention (SWPP)
 - In accordance with Volume 1, Chapter 2, Section 2.5.2, Construction Stormwater Pollution Prevention is required for all projects which replace or add more than 2,000 sq. ft. of impervious surfaces or disturb more than 7,000 sq. ft. of land. A Construction Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) is prepared and included as part of the project stormwater site plans with a narrative report included as part of this Drainage Report (See SWPPP in Appendix). The following thirteen (13) elements will be addressed in the SWPP plans and in the narrative report:
 - Element 1: Preserve Vegetation/Mark Clearing Limits
 - Element 2: Establish Construction Access
 - Element 3: Control Flow Rates
 - Element 4: Install Sediment Controls
 - Element 5: Stabilize Soils
 - Element 6: Protect Slopes
 - Element 7: Protect Drain Inlets
 - Element 8: Stabilize Channels and Outlets
 - Element 9: Control Pollutants
 - Element 10: Control De-Watering
 - Element 11: Maintain BMPs
 - Element 12: Manage the Project
 - Element 13: Protect Low Impact Development BMPs
- Minimum Requirement #3: Source Control of Pollution
 - The project is a multi-family residential site that will be impacted by vehicular and foot traffic. A significant portion of the impervious surface will be the apartment building roof, which is a non-pollution generating impervious surface (non-PGIS).
- Minimum Requirement #4: Preservation of Natural Drainage Systems and Outfalls
 - Under existing conditions, the stormwater runoff from the western parcel infiltrates on site or sheet flows north and east into the adjacent protected wetland (see Drainage in Section 2, below). The project proposes to manage stormwater through porous pavement and a concrete detention vault. (see Minimum Requirement #5 and Minimum Requirement #7, below). Likewise, stormwater runoff from the eastern parcel generally infiltrates however there is an existing man-made drainage collection system that allows stormwater to flow south and west toward the Black Swamp basin drains to the south and west. In the

At time of civil, verify "eastern" vs "western".

At time of civil, verify "western" vs "eastern".

developed condition the project proposed porous pavement to manage stormwater.

- East Willows Pond Basin: For the eastern portion of the site, the most accurate natural outfall on the project site is the adjoining wetland to the north and east of the parcel. This is due to the north-northeasterly sheet flow that occurs in the predeveloped condition.
- West Black Swamp Basin: For the western portion of the site, there is an existing inlet that collects surface water and conveys it through piping to the west. Eventually the piping discharges into a conveyance ditch to the west of the site, which eventually discharges to the Black Swamp Pothole. The City of Puyallup has requested that any stormwater discharge from the western portion of the project site shall comply with Pierce County Pothole Standards.

■ **Minimum Requirement #5: On-Site Stormwater Management**

- Over 5,000 sq ft of new and replaced hard surfaces will be created, triggering On-Site Stormwater Management requirements. In accordance with Section 1.2.5.5 of the Manual, projects are required to employ On-site Stormwater Management BMPs to infiltrate, disperse, and retain stormwater runoff on-site to the extent feasible without causing flooding or erosion impacts. This project triggers Minimum Requirements #1-9, and therefore must meet the requirements in Table I-2.5.1. The project chooses to utilize List #2. For each surface, the feasibility of the BMP must be evaluated in the order listed. The first BMP deemed feasible for each surface must be used.

- Lawn and Landscaped Areas

- All lawn and landscaped areas shall be amended per the requirements of BMP T5.13

CONDITION: At time of civil, need to address why bioretention is not feasible for roofs.

- Roofs

- Full Dispersion or Downspout Full Infiltration: Infiltration is deemed to be feasible for the proposed parking areas however due to limited soil depths, roof infiltration is NOT feasible.

CONDITION: At time of civil, revise feasibility statement since it implies that permeable pavement(s) would be infeasible also. Also, see City Stds 210.1(2).

- Bioretention: This BMP is not applicable as an earlier BMP on the list has already been selected.

- Downspout Dispersion: This BMP is not feasible due to limited space.

- Perforated Stub-Out Connections: This BMP is not feasible due to shallow infiltrative soil depths to restrictive soils.

PER PRIOR COMMENT: To ensure viability of the proposed storm design and prior to Landuse Approval, provide elevation of the restrictive layer for permeable pavement... either the wet-season high groundwater elevation measured between Dec 1 and Apr 1, or other restrictive soil layer, and include the investigation in the geotech section. (Note: Min. 1ft for separation; min 1.5ft for treatment). [Storm Report-Lot D; Pg 8 of 105]

Other Hard Surfaces

- Full Dispersion: This BMP is infeasible because there is insufficient space on-site to sufficiently establish the required dispersion flow path area.

- Permeable Pavement: This BMP is deemed to be feasible. Parking lot areas and sidewalk areas will be constructed using permeable pavement to the greatest extent possible.

- Bioretention: This BMP is not applicable as an earlier BMP on the list has already been selected.
- Sheet Flow Dispersion or Concentrated Flow Dispersion: This BMP is not applicable as an earlier BMP on the list has already been selected.
- Minimum Requirement #6: Runoff Treatment
 - The project results in more than 5,000 sq. ft. of Pollution-Generating Impervious Surfaces (PGIS) and less than three-quarters (3/4) of an acre of Pollution-Generating Pervious Surfaces (PGPS), therefore quality mitigation is required. The project will utilize porous pavement to achieve quality runoff treatment.
- Minimum Requirement #7: Flow Control
 - Each Threshold Discharge Area (TDA) within the project must be reviewed to determine if Flow Control is required. Three thresholds are presented below. Responses are provided in bold for both the Willows Pond Basin and Black Swamp Basin. If any of the below thresholds are exceeded, Flow Control is required.
 - TDAs that have a total of 10,000 square feet or more of effective impervious surfaces: **The portion of the project site located within the Black Swamp Basin does not exceed 10,000 SF of effective impervious surfaces. However, the portions of the project located within the East Willows Pond Basin does exceed the 10,000 SF of effective impervious surfacing. Where stormwater from impervious surfaces is infiltrated, these areas are considered *ineffective* and thus do not pertain to this threshold.**
 - TDAs that convert $\frac{3}{4}$ acres or more of native vegetation, pasture, scrub/shrub, or unmaintained non-native vegetation to lawn or landscape, or convert 2.5 acres or more of native vegetation to pasture, and from which there is a surface discharge in a natural or man-made conveyance system from the TDA: **There is less than $\frac{3}{4}$ acres of lawn or landscaping proposed in each basin in the developed condition. Additionally, it is not proposed to convert any area to pasture as part of this development. Therefore, this threshold is not exceeded.**
 - TDAs that through a combination of effective hard surfaces and converted vegetation areas cause a 0.15 cubic feet per second (cfs) or greater increase in the 100-year flow frequency as estimated using an approved continuous simulation model and 15-minute time steps. **For the purposes of this calculation, the developed runoff is typically compared to the pre-project (existing) runoff. However, in order to be more conservative and add an extra factor of safety, the developed condition was compared to historical runoff for this project. Analysis of each basin per the requirements of this threshold are presented below:**

CONDITION: At time of civil application, provide certification that the soil treatment layer below the permeable pavement reservoir course is a minimum 18 inches per Ecology SSC-6.

- **Willows Pond Basin:** The 100-year historical runoff from the project is 0.105 cfs. The 100-year developed runoff from the project is 0.09697 cfs. The project results in a decrease of 0.00803 cfs, which is less than the 0.15 cfs increase threshold. The project does not exceed this threshold. Calculations are provided within Appendix A of this report.
 - **Black Swamp Basin:** The 100-year historical runoff from the project is 0.06625 cfs. The 100-year developed runoff from the project is 0.07149 cfs. The project results in an increase of 0.00524 cfs, which is less than the 0.15 cfs increase threshold. The project does not exceed this threshold. Calculations are provided within Appendix A of this report.
 - None of the above thresholds are exceeded by the Black Swamp Basin therefore Flow Control standard do not apply to that basin. The Willows Pond Basin exceeds one of the thresholds therefore Flow Control standards do apply to the Willows Pond Basin. However, the Flow Control standards have been met by both developed basins.
- Minimum Requirement #8: Wetlands Protection

In the existing condition, runoff and subsurface flows from the project site discharge to the wetland north of the project site. This will be maintained to the maximum extent possible in the developed condition. Per an e-mail provided by Mark Higginson on November 13, 2023, the Willows Pond is categorized as Category III, with a Habitat Score of 4 per a 3rd party consultant (refer to Appendix E). Therefore, for this submittal we have prepared it in accordance with Method 2: Site Discharge Modeling was implemented per Volume I, Appendix C of the manual.

Two criteria must be met in order to comply with Method 2:

- For Criteria 1, the total volume of water into a wetland on a daily basis should not be more than 20% higher or lower than the pre-project volumes.
- For Criteria 2, the total volume of water into a wetland on a monthly basis should not be more than 15% higher or lower than the pre-project volumes.

The previously mentioned criteria require the developed and existing basins contributing to the wetland to be compared to confirm that the wetland hydroperiod may be maintained. It should be noted that all contributing offsite areas, beyond the proposed project site and existing pond, were modelled as forested. The area of the project site was modelled as existing conditions as these areas are clearly ascertained. The reason for this deviation from the standard methodology is multi-pronged:

- 1) It is assumed that all offsite areas already developed or to be developed in the future have or will follow the requirements of the manual and

stormwater runoff will not exceed the typical runoff of a forested condition.

- 2) This approach is more conservative and therefore will meet unknowns of the over 200 acres of area that contain differing soils with many varied runoff considerations.
- 3) This approach is more defined than attempting to estimate all existing pervious and impervious areas and the varied methods of dispersion/infiltration and mitigation that has or will occur.

Please refer to Appendices A and E for stormwater calculations and further information; however, the project, under developed conditions, meets the Criteria stated above with no days or months out of compliance.

- Minimum Requirement #9: Operations and Maintenance
 - To ensure that stormwater control facilities are adequately maintained and operated properly, an Operation and Maintenance Manual is prepared and will be included at time of full submittal.

Section 2 – Existing Conditions Summary

Topography

Topographically, the majority of the site is generally level. The portions of the parcel that abut the public roadways are somewhat inclined from roadway to parcel, about 2 to 3 feet vertically. These features currently allow most stormwater to either infiltrate onsite, or flow into the adjacent wetland, north and east of the site.

Much of the parcel is characterized by a surficial layer of fill, including some debris, to an approximate depth of 3 feet.

Ground Cover

As stated above in ‘Topography’, a significant portion of the site is made up of fill. The site is covered by grass and blackberries, with deciduous trees and typical northwest understory along the western, northern, and eastern property lines, and a few mature conifers dispersed.

Drainage

Due to the site fill materials, which extend to depths of approximately three (3) feet on the central and eastern portion of the property (see Dos Lagos Geotechnical Report) a composite infiltration rate of 2.33 in/hr was supplied. This infiltration rate was further reduced by correction factors as determined by Ecology Section V-5.4:

$$K_{\text{satDesign}} = K_{\text{satInitial}} \times CF_V \times CF_T \times CF_M = \mathbf{0.52 \text{ in/hr.}}$$

Where:

$$K_{\text{satInitial}} = 2.33 \text{ in/hr.}$$

$$CF_V = 0.5 \text{ (per Geologist's analysis of site variability \& number of locations tested)}$$

$$CF_T = 0.5 \text{ (per small-scale PIT method)}$$

$$CF_M = 0.9 \text{ (per DOE standard factor)}$$

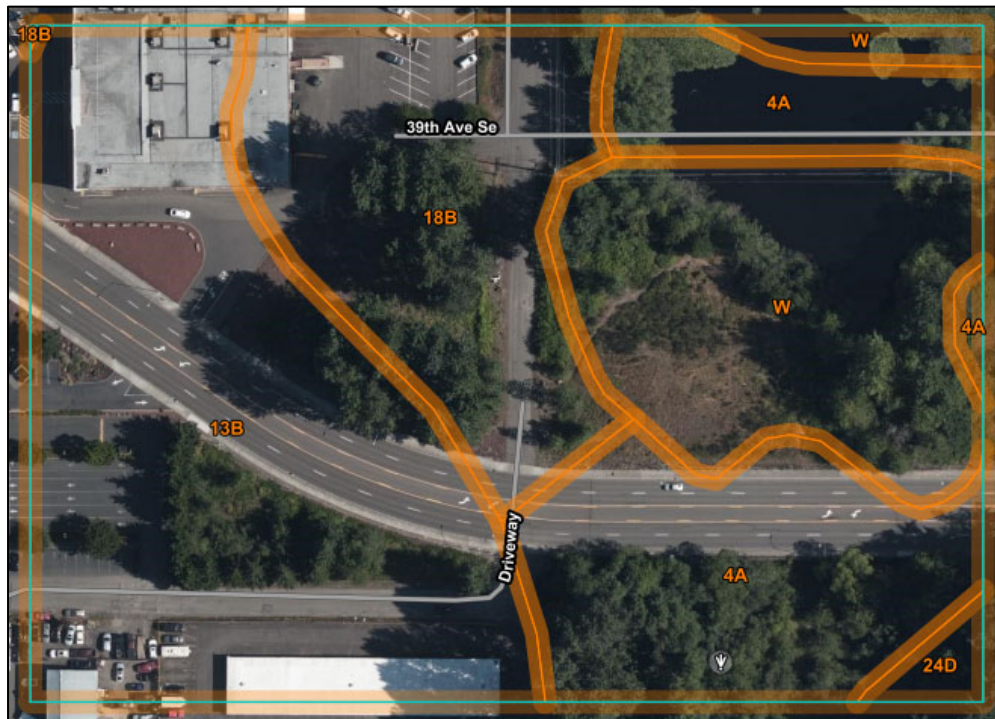
Runoff for the Willows Pond Basin generally sheet flows north and east across the site, either infiltrating on-site or sheet flowing into the existing adjacent wetland. While stormwater in the western part of the project site (Black Swamp Basin) generally infiltrates or is collected by an existing main made storm drainage system and is conveyed south west.

The site is in the aquifer recharge area.

Soils

Soil mapping was conducted using the United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS, The Survey) website. The site position within the NRCS soil map is illustrated in Figure 3 below. The soil map for all properties can also be found in the geotechnical report, along with soil descriptions and soil logs, in Appendix D.

Figure 3: Site Position in NRCS soil mapping (excerpt)



Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
4A	Bellingham silty clay loam	2.2	22.4%
13B	Everett very gravelly sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes	3.6	37.0%
18B	Indianola loamy sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	1.9	19.3%
24D	Neilton gravelly loamy sand, 8 to 25 percent slopes	0.1	1.1%
W	Water	2.0	20.2%
Totals for Area of Interest		9.7	100.0%

Section 3 – Off-Site Analysis Report

Upstream Analysis

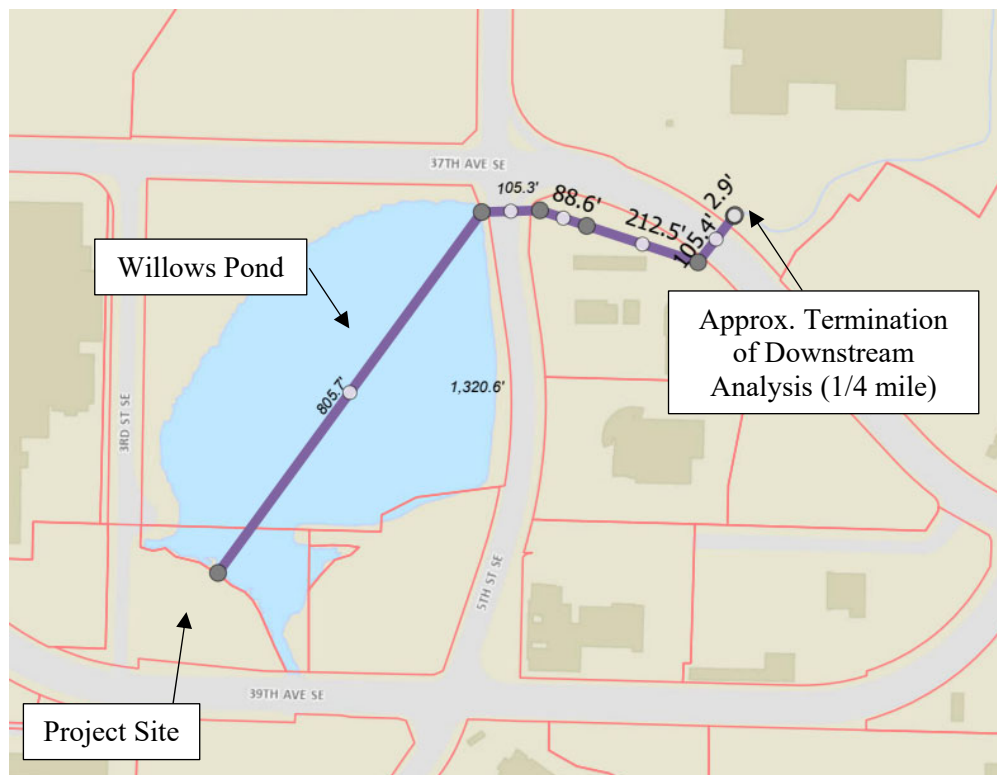
Stormwater originates on the property itself as precipitation. The site is situated such that it does not receive stormwater run on from any upstream properties.

Downstream Analysis

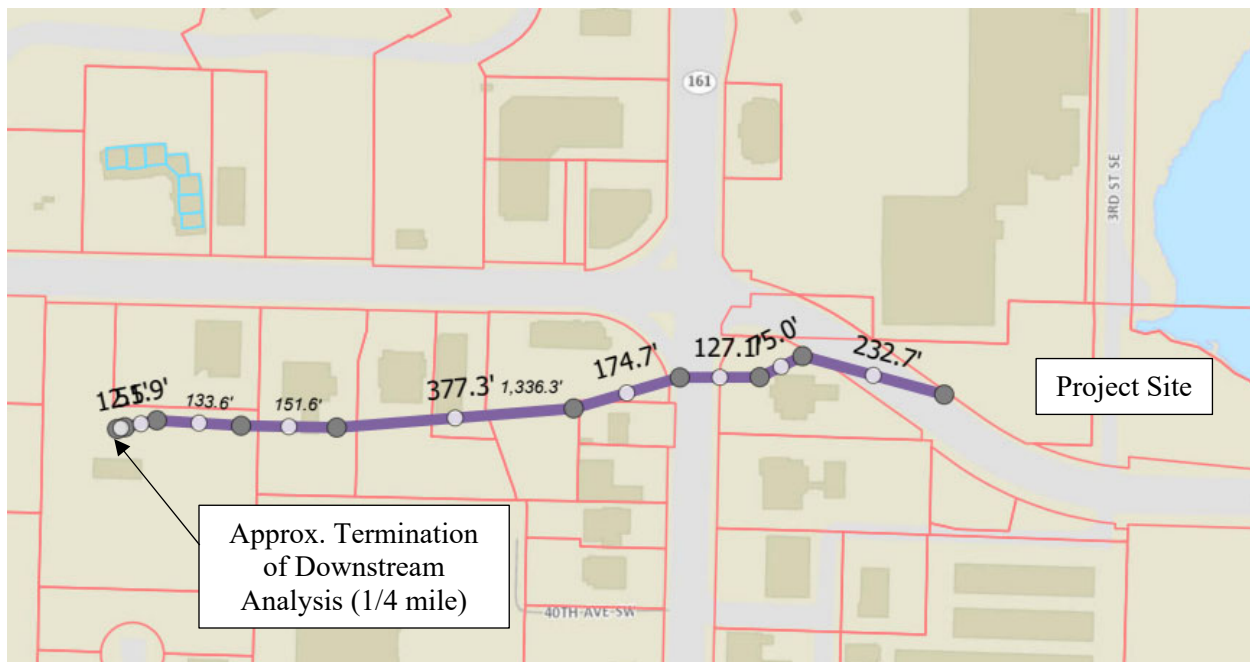
A downstream (offsite) analysis has been completed by LS&E for this project. Offsite analysis study area definition maps are shown below. As there are two basins present as part of this project, two downstream analyses were completed.

- East Willows Pond Basin: The study area for this project extends approximately ¼ mile to a portion of the unnamed stream that is released from Willow's Pond, just north of its crossing under 37th Ave SE. This stream eventually drains into Bradley Lake, then downstream for an unspecified distance (see Figure 4).

Figure 4: Willows Pond Basin Downstream Analysis Map



- West Black Swamp Basin: For the western portion of the site, there is an existing inlet that collects surface water and conveys it through piping to the west. Eventually the piping discharges into a conveyance ditch to the west of the site, which eventually discharges to the Pierce County Black Swamp Pothole.

Figure 5: Black Swamp Basin Downstream Analysis Map

No adverse impacts to downstream waters are anticipated as stormwater runoff from new hard surfaces will first be infiltrated through porous pavement before routing to the appropriate basin. These facilities have been sized using the MGSFlood continuous runoff model program.

Section 4 – Flow Control and Water Quality Facility Analysis and Design

Part A – Existing Site Hydrology

This project site is located in northwestern Pierce County at 303 39th Ave SE in the City of Puyallup in an area of existing commercial development. The area of the project is comprised of approximately 2.30 acres, with 1.274 acres of that existing within the parcel to the west of 3rd St SE. These parcels are bordered by commercial businesses and Willow's Pond to the north, multiple commercial developments to the west, a portion of Willow's Pond and associated wetland to the east, and 39th Ave SE to the South. Access to the project site will be a new driveway, located at the existing entrance to 3rd Street SE.

Existing topography is variable across the site. West of the roadway, the topography is fairly level. This area of the project site is collected by an existing inlet on Parcel 0419102107 and piped west as part of the Black Swamp Basin. East of the roadway the topography mostly slopes in the east-southeast, with more pronounced slopes found near the perimeter. Northeast of parcel 0419106026 consists of wetland and water. The existing ground cover for the majority of the site consists of grasses, mature deciduous trees, a few conifers, and typical northwest understory. Current stormwater runoff from the project site primarily sheet flows toward the adjacent wetland.

Multiple stormwater calculations are required in order to fully analyze stormwater runoff for the site. The first set of stormwater calculations require the developed condition to be compared to the historical on-site conditions in order to confirm that the Flow Control standard is met (per MR#7). A separate calculation was run for each of the two basins. The below table presents the reviewer with the historic areas:

Predeveloped Historic Threshold Discharge Areas Drainage Basin Land Use Breakdown

<u>Actual Surface Description</u>	<u>Area</u>	<u>Surface Modeled As</u>
West Black Swamp Basin - On-Site	34,962 SF (0.803 AC)	Type C Forest
East Willows Pond Basin - On-Site	55,492 SF (1.274 AC)	Type C Forest
East Willows Pond Basin - Frontage	6,508 SF (0.149 AC)	Type C Forest
<u>Total Basin Area</u>	<u>100,412 (2.305 AC)</u>	

The second stormwater calculation requires the developed and existing basins contributing to the Wetland to be compared in order to confirm that the wetland hydroperiod may be maintained (see MR#8). It should be noted that while areas are presented for both basins in the below table, only the east Willows Pond portion of the site is considered as tributary to the wetland and therefore considered as part of the calculation. It is assumed that all offsite areas already developed (or to be developed in the future) will follow the requirements of the manual and stormwater runoff will not exceed the typical runoff of a forest condition. The below table presents the reviewer with the predeveloped existing areas:

East Willows Pond - Predeveloped Existing Threshold Discharge Areas Drainage Basin Land Use Breakdown

<u>Actual Surface Description</u>	<u>Area</u>	<u>Surface Modeled As</u>
<u>Project Areas</u>		
Onsite Ex. Pavement - Impervious	5,062 SF (0.116 AC)	Roads
Onsite Pasture	39,107 SF (0.898 AC)	Type C Pasture
Onsite Till Forest	11,323 SF (0.260 AC)	Type C Forest
Offsite Ex. Sidewalk - Impervious	2,228 SF (0.051 AC)	Sidewalk
Offsite Lawn/LS – Pasture	4,280 SF (0.098 AC)	Pasture
<u>Non-Project Basin Areas</u>		
Type A/B Forest	5,947,944 SF (136.546 AC)	Type A/B Forest
Type C Forest	2,375,747 SF (54.540 AC)	Type C Forest
Pond	455,855 SF (10.465 AC)	Pond
<u>Total Area</u>	<u>8,841,546 SF (202.974 AC)</u>	

West Black Swamp Predeveloped Existing Threshold Discharge Areas Drainage Basin Land Use Breakdown

Actual Surface Description	Area	Surface Modeled As
Pasture	34,962 SF (0.803 AC)	Type C Pasture
Total Area	34,962 (0.803 AC)	

Part B – Developed Site Hydrology

As noted previously, multiple stormwater calculations are required in order to fully analyze stormwater runoff for the site. The first set of stormwater calculation requires the developed condition to be compared to the historical project conditions in order to confirm that the Flow Control Standard is met (see MR#7). The below table presents the reviewer with the developed project areas:

CONDITION: At time of civil clarify whether there is offsite "inflow" onto the project from this area and design accordingly. See Ecology III-2.4 Inflow.

Post Developed Threshold Discharge Areas Drainage Basin Land Use Breakdown

Actual Surface Description	Area (SF)	Surface Modeled As
<u>West Black Swamp Basin</u>		
Pervious Paving	18,492 SF (0.425 AC)	Porous Pavement
Curb – Run-on to Pervious	582 SF (0.013 AC)	Impervious=>Porous Paving
Landscape	15,713 SF (0.361 AC)	Type C Pasture
Pervious Sidewalk	175 SF (0.003 AC)	Porous Pavement

It should be noted that the existing pavement, landscaping, and access serving the adjacent property north and west of the project site are not within the project scope and will not be altered. Due to this, these areas serving the adjacent site were not considered as part of the stormwater calculations.

CONDITION: At time of civil application, provide additional commentary regarding Ecology's run-on limitations, bullet-points 1 and 2 on Page 748, Chapter 5, Volume 5.

East Willows Pond Basin

Onsite Pervious Paving	10,698 SF (0.246 AC)	Porous Pavement
Std. Paving – Run-on Pervious	4,027 SF (0.092 AC)	Impervious=>Porous Pav
Landscape – Run-on Pervious	2,951 SF (0.068 AC)	Type C Pasture=>Porous Pav
Curb – Run-on Impervious	785 SF (0.018 AC)	Impervious=>Porous Pav
Onsite Landscape-Bypass North	550 SF (0.013 AC)	Type C Pasture - Bypass
Onsite Landscape-Bypass South	4,398 SF (0.101 AC)	Type C Pasture - Bypass
Onsite Landscape-Bypass East	9,850 SF (0.226 AC)	Type C Pasture - Bypass
Pervious Sidewalk	3,637 SF (0.083 AC)	Porous Pavement
Onsite Roof-Apartment - Detention	18,390 SF (0.422 AC)	Roof => Detention
Onsite Roof Trash Area - Detention	206 SF (0.005 AC)	Roof => Detention
Offsite Pervious Sidewalk	2,336 SF (0.054 AC)	Porous Pavement
Sidewalk – Run-on Pervious	78 SF (0.001 AC)	Impervious=>Porous Pav

Landscape – Run-on Pervious	1,634 SF (0.038 AC)	Type C Pasture=>Porous Pav
Offsite Paving/Curb – Bypass- Imp	1,417 SF (0.032 AC)	Impervious - Bypass
Offsite Landscape - Bypass	1,043 SF (0.024 AC)	Type C Pasture - Bypass
Total Area	62,000 SF (1.423 AC)	

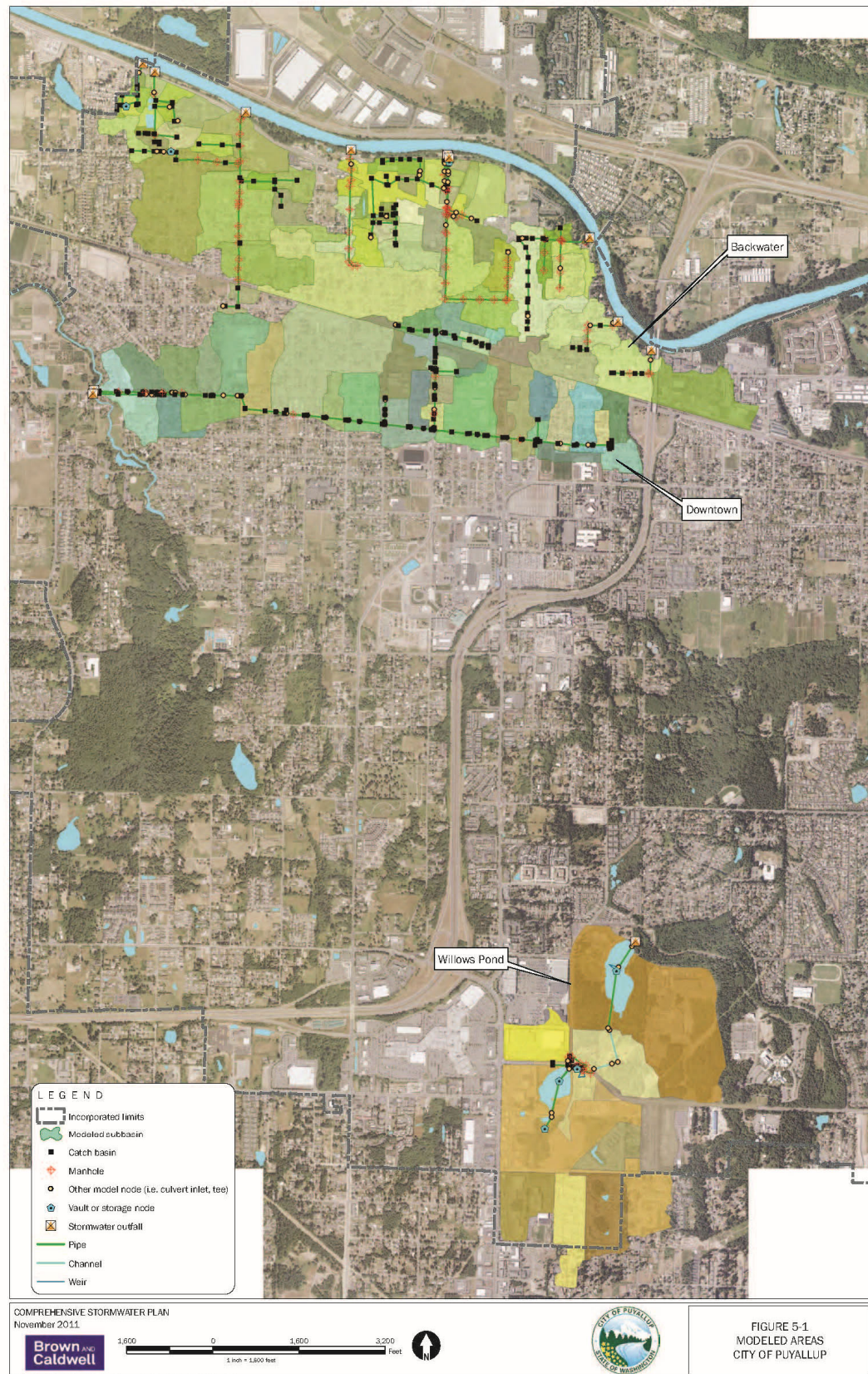
The second stormwater calculation requires the developed and existing basins contributing to the Wetland to be compared in order to confirm that the wetland hydroperiod may be maintained (see MR#8). It should be noted that while areas are presented for both basins in the below table, only the east Willows Pond portion of the site is considered as tributary to the wetland and therefore considered as part of the calculation. It is assumed that all offsite areas already developed (or to be developed in the future) will follow the requirements of the manual and stormwater runoff will not exceed the typical runoff of a forest condition. The below table presents the reviewer with the predeveloped existing areas:

The TDA and land-use breakdown is information that was determined using the March 6, 2013 City of Puyallup Comprehensive Storm Drainage Plan prepared by Brown and Caldwell. Specifically, Table 5-1 and Figure 5-1 were used to determine that of the 420 acres contributing to the Willows Pond/Bradley Lake basin area approximately 203 acres specifically contributes to the TDA that the project site is located in.

5.2.2 Hydraulics Model

The sections below summarize the work related to the SWMM hydraulics model development. Additional information is provided in Appendix C. Hydraulic models require substantial levels of information about drainage infrastructure in order to accurately simulate water levels throughout the drainage network (e.g., pipe invert elevations, diameters, ground surface elevations at manholes). Surveying to collect the requisite data is expensive. Therefore, infrastructure data collection and model construction activities were focused on the parts of the city that experience drainage problems. Separate models were developed for three known problem areas, as outlined in Appendix C, listed in Table 5-1, and shown on Figure 5-1.

Table 5-1. Models Developed			
Model name	Number of subbasins	Basin area, acres	Outfall location
Backwater	59	642	Puyallup River
Downtown	40	431	Clarks Creek
Willows Pond	16	420	Bradley Lake



The below table presents the reviewer with the predeveloped existing areas:

Developed Threshold Discharge Area Drainage Basin Land Use Breakdown for Wetland

Actual Surface Description	Area (AC)	Surface Modeled As
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Project Areas

Please refer to the previous table under Part B for an analysis of the Willows Pond project areas.

Non-Project Basin Areas

Type A/B Forest	5,947,944 SF (136.546 AC)	Type A/B Forest
Type C Forest	2,375,747 SF (54.540 AC)	Type C Forest
Pond	455,855 SF (10.465 AC)	Pond
Total Area	8,841,546 SF (202.974 AC)	

Part C – Performance Standards

This project meets the following performance standards:

- **MR6 Water Quality Standards:** The project is required to construct runoff treatment BMPs in order to treat runoff from pollution-generating surfaces. The project proposes porous pavement to treat runoff from pollution-generating surfaces. Please refer to the MR6 and Part E sections for further information regarding this standard and appendix A for calculations.
- **MR7 Flow Control Standards:** The project volunteers to meet the Flow Control Standards as part of the design. Stormwater discharges shall match developed discharge durations to pre-developed durations for the range of pre-developed discharge rates from 50% of the 2-year peak flow up to the full 50-year peak flow. The project proposes to infiltrate some impervious surfaces, where feasible, and use stormwater detention to meet this standard. Please refer to the MR7 and Part D sections for further information regarding this standard and appendix A for calculations.
- **MR8 Wetland Standards:** The project is required to maintain flows to the existing wetland to the maximum extent possible as part of the site development. This is achieved by an analysis of the wetland basin and a comparison of the existing and proposed developed flows to it. Please refer to MR8 for further information regarding this standard and appendix A for calculations. The developed project meets this requirement.

Part D – Flow Control System

Flow control is provided within projects to reduce the impacts of stormwater runoff from hard surfaces and land cover conversions. In order to meet this standard, stormwater discharges shall match developed discharge durations to pre-developed durations for the range of pre-developed discharge rates from 50% of the 2-year peak flow up to the full 50-year peak flow. In order to meet this standard, the project proposes to infiltrate a majority of the proposed impervious surfaces.

A table comparing the Willows Pond Basin's historical and developed runoff is presented below:

Years	Historical Discharge (CFS)	Developed Discharge (CFS)
2-Year	0.03191	0.02568
5-Year	0.05053	0.03820
10-Year	0.06290	0.05165
25-Year	0.08434	0.06612
50-Year	0.09516	0.08121
100-Year	0.105	0.09697

Table. Willows Pond - Comparison of Historical and Developed Runoff

A table comparing the Black Swamp Basin's historical and developed runoff is presented below:

Years	Historical Discharge (CFS)	Developed Discharge (CFS)
2-Year	0.02011	0.01119
5-Year	0.03185	0.01986
10-Year	0.03965	0.02663
25-Year	0.05316	0.04399
50-Year	0.05998	0.04893
100-Year	0.06625	0.07149

Table. Black Swamp - Comparison of Historical and Developed Runoff

Please refer to the MR7 for further information regarding this standard and appendix A for calculations.

Part E – Water Quality System

This project must address water quality as it proposes more than the 5,000 PGHS square foot threshold. The proposed porous pavement will provide water quality mitigation for the PGHS and for run-on of standard paving. Porous pavement has been sized to infiltrate 100% of the tributary areas. Water quality mitigation will occur within the soils underlying the pervious paving and storage base material. Sampling for CEC's has been completed and has been provided in the Appendix under the Title, *Cation Exchange and Organic Matter Soil Test Dos Lagos Project*.

Stormwater calculations are presented within Appendix A.

There are no special requirements for source control or oil control for this project. Per City of Puyallup – City Standard, 204.9 – Oil Control/Spill Containment, multi-family properties shall include, at a minimum, a spill control device shall be located upstream of any onsite water quality or flow control facility.

Part F – Conveyance System Design and Analysis

Conveyance system analysis to be provided in final draft.

Section 5 – Special Reports and Studies

- A geotechnical report entitled *Dos Lagos Asset, LLC Geotechnical Soil Observation Report* was completed by LS&E and a copy is submitted with this report in Appendix D.
- As provided by the City of Puyallup the *Third-Party Review of Willow Pond Multi-family Residential Puyallup WA* dated October 20, 2023, completed by Confluence Environmental Company is submitted with this report in Appendix E. The critical areas study report rated Wetland A as a Category III wetland with a habitat score of 4.
- A geotechnical report entitled *Cation Exchange and Organic Matter Soil Test Dos Lagos Project* was completed by LS&E and a copy is submitted with this report in Appendix D.

Section 6 – Other Permits

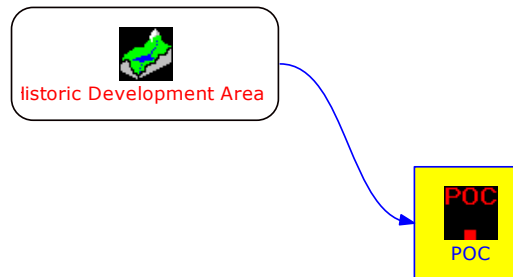
- Temporary Construction Easement (No Auditor File Number (AFN) currently available).
- A SEPA Environmental Checklist will be required.

Appendix A

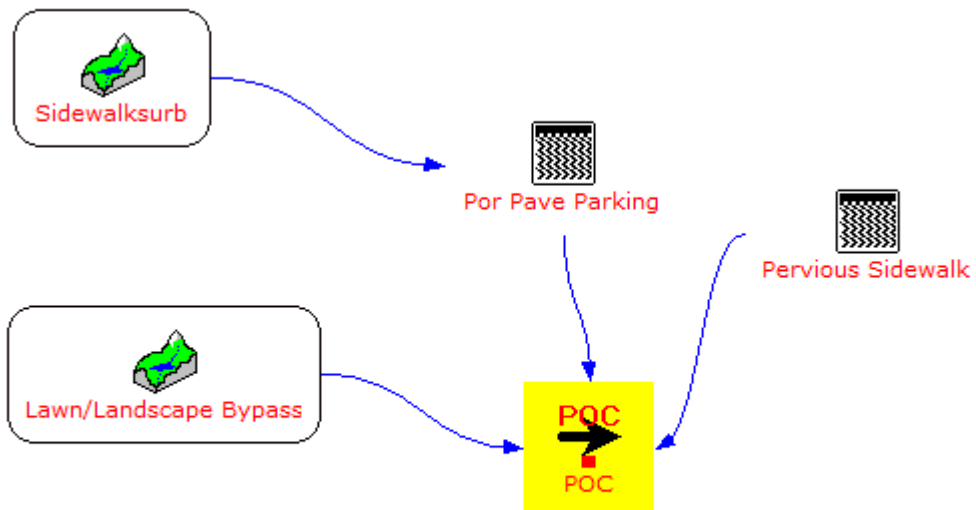
Calculations for Black Swamp and Willows Pond Basins

**DOS LAGOS – LOT D (LSE 12896)
MR7 STORMWATER CALCULATION
WEST BLACK SWAMP BASIN**

PREDEVELOPED



DEVELOPED



MGS FLOOD PROJECT REPORT

Program Version: MGSFlood 4.58
Program License Number: 201010005
Project Simulation Performed on: 02/27/2024 4:35 PM
Report Generation Date: 02/27/2024 4:40 PM

Input File Name: Lot D Black Swamp 20240227 MR7.fld
Project Name: 12896
Analysis Title: Lot D Black Swamp
Comments:

PRECIPITATION INPUT

Computational Time Step (Minutes): 15

Extended Precipitation Time Series Selected

Full Period of Record Available used for Routing

Climatic Region Number: 38
Precipitation Station : 910042 Pierce Co. East 42 in 10/01/1939-10/01/2097
Evaporation Station : 911042 Pierce Co. East 42 in

Evaporation Scale Factor : 0.750

HSPF Parameter Region Number: 1
HSPF Parameter Region Name : Ecology Default

***** Default HSPF Parameters Used (Not Modified by User) *****

***** WATERSHED DEFINITION *****

Predevelopment/Post Development Tributary Area Summary

	Predeveloped	Post Developed
Total Subbasin Area (acres)	0.803	0.374
Area of Links that Include Precip/Evap (acres)	0.000	0.429
Total (acres)	0.803	0.803

-----SCENARIO: PREDEVELOPED

Number of Subbasins: 1

----- Subbasin : Historic Development Area -----
-----Area (Acres) -----
C, Forest, Flat 0.803

Subbasin Total 0.803

-----SCENARIO: POSTDEVELOPED

Number of Subbasins: 2

----- Subbasin : Lawn/Landscape Bypass -----

	-----Area (Acres) -----
C, Pasture, Flat	0.361

Subbasin Total 0.361

----- Subbasin : Sidewalksurb -----

	-----Area (Acres) -----
SIDEWALKS/FLAT	0.013

Subbasin Total 0.013

***** LINK DATA *****

-----SCENARIO: PREDEVELOPED

Number of Links: 1

Link Name: POC

Link Type: Copy

Downstream Link: None

***** LINK DATA *****

-----SCENARIO: POSTDEVELOPED

Number of Links: 3

Link Name: POC

Link Type: Copy

Downstream Link: None

Link Name: Por Pave Parking

Link Type: Porous Pavement Structure

Downstream Link Name: POC

Pavement Length (ft)	: 308.20
Pavement Width (ft)	: 60.00
Pavement Slope (ft/ft)	: 0.000
Pavement Infiltration Rate (in/hr)	: 20.000
Number of Infiltration Cells	: 1
Trench Cell Length (ft)	: 308.20
Trench Cell Width (ft)	: 60.00
Trench Cell Depth (ft)	: 1.00
Trench Gravel Porosity (%)	: 30.00
Trench Bed Slope (ft/ft)	: 0.000
Native Soil Infiltration Rate (in/hr)	: 0.520

Link Name: Pervious Sidewalk

Link Type: Porous Pavement Structure

Downstream Link Name: POC

Pavement Length (ft)	: 35.00
Pavement Width (ft)	: 5.00
Pavement Slope (ft/ft)	: 0.000
Pavement Infiltration Rate (in/hr)	: 20.000
Number of Infiltration Cells	: 1
Trench Cell Length (ft)	: 35.00
Trench Cell Width (ft)	: 5.00
Trench Cell Depth (ft)	: 0.67
Trench Gravel Porosity (%)	: 30.00
Trench Bed Slope (ft/ft)	: 0.000
Native Soil Infiltration Rate (in/hr)	: 0.520

*******FLOOD FREQUENCY AND DURATION STATISTICS*******

-----**SCENARIO: PREDEVELOPED**

Number of Subbasins: 1

Number of Links: 1

***** **Subbasin: Historic Development Area** *****

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====

2-Year	2.011E-02
5-Year	3.185E-02
10-Year	3.965E-02
25-Year	5.316E-02
50-Year	5.998E-02
100-Year	6.625E-02
200-Year	0.106
500-Year	0.159

***** **Link: POC**

***** **Link Inflow**

Frequency Stats

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====

2-Year	2.011E-02
5-Year	3.185E-02
10-Year	3.965E-02
25-Year	5.316E-02
50-Year	5.998E-02
100-Year	6.625E-02
200-Year	0.106
500-Year	0.159

-----**SCENARIO: POSTDEVELOPED**

Number of Subbasins: 2

Number of Links: 3

******* Subbasin: Lawn/Landscape Bypass *******

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====	
2-Year	1.119E-02
5-Year	1.986E-02
10-Year	2.663E-02
25-Year	4.399E-02
50-Year	4.893E-02
100-Year	7.149E-02
200-Year	8.726E-02
500-Year	0.108

******* Subbasin: Sidewalksurb *******

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====	
2-Year	5.290E-03
5-Year	6.878E-03
10-Year	8.092E-03
25-Year	1.018E-02
50-Year	1.218E-02
100-Year	1.514E-02
200-Year	1.613E-02
500-Year	1.741E-02

******* Link: POC**

******* Link Inflow**

Frequency Stats

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====	
2-Year	1.119E-02
5-Year	1.986E-02
10-Year	2.663E-02
25-Year	4.399E-02
50-Year	4.893E-02
100-Year	7.149E-02
200-Year	8.726E-02
500-Year	0.108

***** Link: Por Pave Parking ***** Link Inflow Frequency Stats

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
 (Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
 Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====	
2-Year	5.290E-03
5-Year	6.878E-03
10-Year	8.092E-03
25-Year	1.018E-02
50-Year	1.218E-02
100-Year	1.514E-02
200-Year	1.613E-02
500-Year	1.741E-02

***** Link: Por Pave Parking ***** Link Outflow 1 Frequency Stats

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
 (Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
 Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====	
2-Year	0.000E+00
5-Year	0.000E+00
10-Year	0.000E+00
25-Year	0.000E+00
50-Year	0.000E+00
100-Year	0.000E+00
200-Year	0.000E+00
500-Year	0.000E+00

***** Link: Por Pave Parking ***** Link WSEL Stats

WSEL Frequency Data(ft)
 (Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
 Tr (yrs) WSEL Peak (ft)

=====	
1.05-Year	3.975E-02
1.11-Year	4.036E-02
1.25-Year	4.159E-02
2.00-Year	4.441E-02
3.33-Year	4.971E-02
5-Year	5.640E-02
10-Year	8.213E-02
25-Year	0.111
50-Year	0.122
100-Year	0.133

***** Link: Pervious Sidewalk ***** Link Inflow Frequency Stats

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
 (Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
 Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====	
2-Year	0.000E+00
5-Year	0.000E+00
10-Year	0.000E+00
25-Year	0.000E+00
50-Year	0.000E+00
100-Year	0.000E+00
200-Year	0.000E+00
500-Year	0.000E+00

***** Link: Pervious Sidewalk ***** Link Outflow 1 Frequency Stats

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
 (Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
 Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====	
2-Year	0.000E+00
5-Year	0.000E+00
10-Year	0.000E+00
25-Year	0.000E+00
50-Year	0.000E+00
100-Year	0.000E+00
200-Year	0.000E+00
500-Year	0.000E+00

***** Link: Pervious Sidewalk ***** Link WSEL Stats

WSEL Frequency Data(ft)
 (Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
 Tr (yrs) WSEL Peak (ft)

=====	
1.05-Year	3.921E-02
1.11-Year	3.993E-02
1.25-Year	4.087E-02
2.00-Year	4.514E-02
3.33-Year	5.254E-02
5-Year	5.763E-02
10-Year	8.150E-02
25-Year	0.111
50-Year	0.117
100-Year	0.130

*****Groundwater Recharge Summary*****

Recharge is computed as input to PerInd Groundwater Plus Infiltration in Structures

Total Predeveloped Recharge During Simulation	
Model Element	Recharge Amount (ac-ft)

Subbasin: Historic Development	152.689
Link: POC	0.000

Total:	152.689

Total Post Developed Recharge During Simulation	
Model Element	Recharge Amount (ac-ft)

Subbasin: Lawn/Landscape Bypas	63.752
Subbasin: Sidewalksurb	0.000
Link: POC	0.000
Link: Por Pave Parking	251.028
Link: Pervious Sidewalk	2.314

Total:	317.094

Total Predevelopment Recharge is Less than Post Developed

Average Recharge Per Year, (Number of Years= 158)

Predeveloped: 0.966 ac-ft/year, Post Developed: 2.007 ac-ft/year

*****Water Quality Facility Data*****

-----SCENARIO: PREDEVELOPED

Number of Links: 1

***** Link: POC

2-Year Discharge Rate : 0.020 cfs

15-Minute Timestep, Water Quality Treatment Design Discharge

On-line Design Discharge Rate (91% Exceedance): 0.02 cfs

Off-line Design Discharge Rate (91% Exceedance): 0.01 cfs

Infiltration/Filtration Statistics-----

Inflow Volume (ac-ft): 97.65

Inflow Volume Including PPT-Evap (ac-ft): 97.65

Total Runoff Infiltrated (ac-ft): 0.00, 0.00%

Total Runoff Filtered (ac-ft): 0.00, 0.00%

Primary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 97.65

Secondary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 0.00

Volume Lost to ET (ac-ft): 0.00

Percent Treated (Infiltrated+Filtered+ET)/Total Volume: 0.00%

-----SCENARIO: POSTDEVELOPED

Number of Links: 3

***** Link: POC

2-Year Discharge Rate : 0.011 cfs

15-Minute Timestep, Water Quality Treatment Design Discharge

On-line Design Discharge Rate (91% Exceedance): 0.01 cfs

Off-line Design Discharge Rate (91% Exceedance): 0.00 cfs

Infiltration/Filtration Statistics-----

Inflow Volume (ac-ft): 57.31

Inflow Volume Including PPT-Evap (ac-ft): 57.31

Total Runoff Infiltrated (ac-ft): 0.00, 0.00%

Total Runoff Filtered (ac-ft): 0.00, 0.00%

Primary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 57.31

Secondary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 0.00

Volume Lost to ET (ac-ft): 0.00

Percent Treated (Infiltrated+Filtered+ET)/Total Volume: 0.00%

***** Link: Por Pave Parking *****

15-Minute Timestep, Water Quality Treatment Design Discharge

On-line Design Discharge Rate (91% Exceedance): 0.00 cfs

Off-line Design Discharge Rate (91% Exceedance): 0.00 cfs

Infiltration/Filtration Statistics-----

Inflow Volume (ac-ft): 6.51

Inflow Volume Including PPT-Evap (ac-ft): 251.03

Total Runoff Infiltrated (ac-ft): 251.03, 100.00%

Total Runoff Filtered (ac-ft): 0.00, 0.00%

Primary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 0.00

Secondary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 0.00

Volume Lost to ET (ac-ft): 0.00

Percent Treated (Infiltrated+Filtered+ET)/Total Volume: 100.00%

***** Link: Pervious Sidewalk *****

Infiltration/Filtration Statistics-----

Inflow Volume (ac-ft): 0.00

Inflow Volume Including PPT-Evap (ac-ft): 2.31

Total Runoff Infiltrated (ac-ft): 2.31, 100.00%

Total Runoff Filtered (ac-ft): 0.00, 0.00%

Primary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 0.00

Secondary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 0.00

Volume Lost to ET (ac-ft): 0.00

Percent Treated (Infiltrated+Filtered+ET)/Total Volume: 100.00%

*******Compliance Point Results*******

Scenario Predeveloped Compliance Link: POC
Scenario Postdeveloped Compliance Link: POC

*** **Point of Compliance Flow Frequency Data** ***

Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position

Predevelopment Runoff		Postdevelopment Runoff	
Tr (Years)	Discharge (cfs)	Tr (Years)	Discharge (cfs)
2-Year	2.011E-02	2-Year	1.119E-02
5-Year	3.185E-02	5-Year	1.986E-02
10-Year	3.965E-02	10-Year	2.663E-02
25-Year	5.316E-02	25-Year	4.399E-02
50-Year	5.998E-02	50-Year	4.893E-02
100-Year	6.625E-02	100-Year	7.149E-02
200-Year	0.106	200-Year	8.726E-02
500-Year	0.159	500-Year	0.108

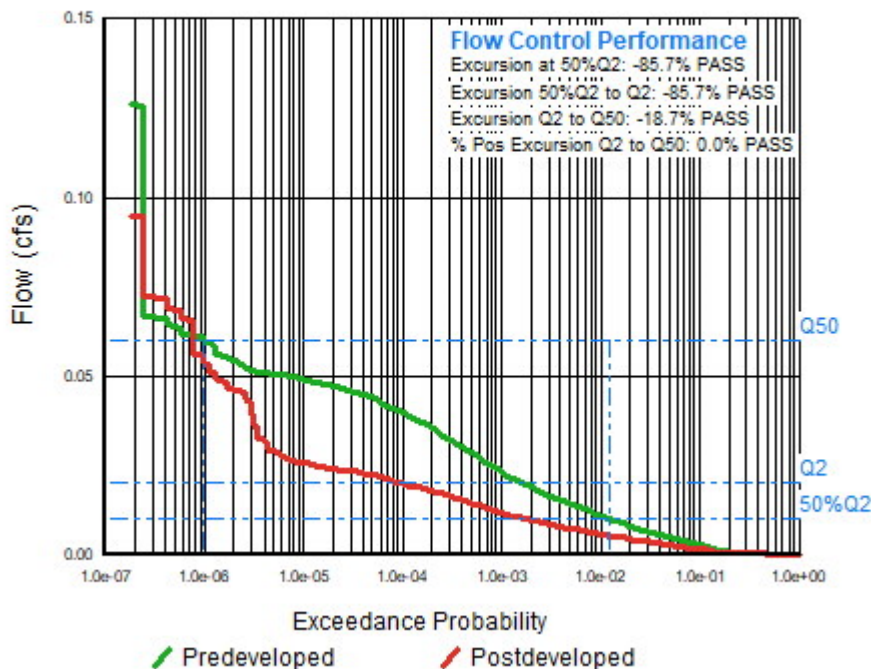
** Record too Short to Compute Peak Discharge for These Recurrence Intervals

**** **Flow Duration Performance** ****

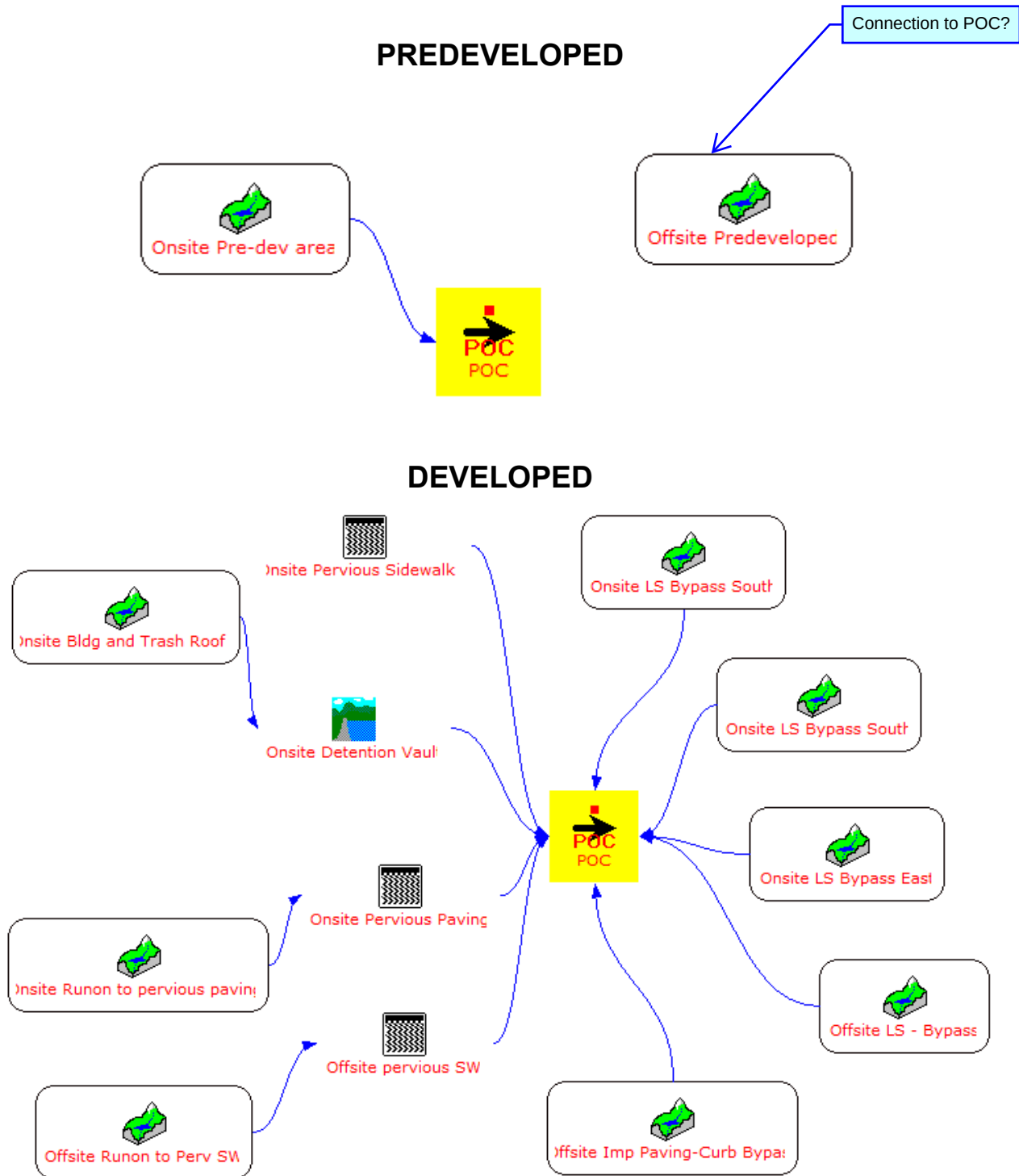
Excursion at Predeveloped 50%Q2 (Must be Less Than or Equal to 0%):	-85.7%	PASS
Maximum Excursion from 50%Q2 to Q2 (Must be Less Than or Equal to 0%):	-85.7%	PASS
Maximum Excursion from Q2 to Q50 (Must be less than 10%):	-18.7%	PASS
Percent Excursion from Q2 to Q50 (Must be less than 50%):	0.0%	PASS

MEETS ALL FLOW DURATION DESIGN CRITERIA: PASS

Flow Duration Plot



DOS LAGOS – LOT D (LSE 12896)
MR7 STORMWATER CALCULATION EAST WILLOWS POND BASIN
INCLUDING ONSITE AND OFFSITE



MGS FLOOD PROJECT REPORT

Program Version: MGSFlood 4.58
Program License Number: 201010005
Project Simulation Performed on: 02/27/2024 3:58 PM
Report Generation Date: 02/27/2024 4:20 PM

Input File Name: Lot D E Willows Pond 20240227 mr7.fld
Project Name: Dos Lagos (12896) - Lot D
Analysis Title: Lot D - East Willows Pond Basin MR7
Comments: Developed vs Historical

PRECIPITATION INPUT

Computational Time Step (Minutes): 15

Extended Precipitation Time Series Selected

Full Period of Record Available used for Routing

Climatic Region Number: 38
Precipitation Station : 910042 Pierce Co. East 42 in 10/01/1939-10/01/2097
Evaporation Station : 911042 Pierce Co. East 42 in

Evaporation Scale Factor : 0.750

HSPF Parameter Region Number: 1
HSPF Parameter Region Name : Ecology Default

***** Default HSPF Parameters Used (Not Modified by User) *****

***** WATERSHED DEFINITION *****

Predevelopment/Post Development Tributary Area Summary

	Predeveloped	Post Developed
Total Subbasin Area (acres)	1.423	1.040
Area of Links that Include Precip/Evap (acres)	0.000	0.383
Total (acres)	1.423	1.423

-----SCENARIO: PREDEVELOPED

Number of Subbasins: 2

----- Subbasin : Onsite Pre-dev area -----
-----Area (Acres) -----
C, Forest, Flat 1.274

Subbasin Total 1.274

----- Subbasin : Offsite Predeveloped -----
-----Area (Acres) -----
C, Forest, Flat 0.149

Subbasin Total 0.149

-----**SCENARIO: POSTDEVELOPED**-----
Number of Subbasins: 8

----- Subbasin : Onsite Bldg and Trash Roof -----
-----Area (Acres) -----
ROOF TOPS/FLAT 0.427

Subbasin Total 0.427

----- Subbasin : Onsite Runon to pervious paving -----
-----Area (Acres) -----
C, Pasture, Flat 0.068
SIDEWALKS/FLAT 0.018
PARKING/FLAT 0.092

Subbasin Total 0.178

----- Subbasin : Onsite LS Bypass South -----
-----Area (Acres) -----
C, Pasture, Flat 0.013

Subbasin Total 0.013

----- Subbasin : Onsite LS Bypass South -----
-----Area (Acres) -----
C, Pasture, Flat 0.101

Subbasin Total 0.101

----- Subbasin : Onsite LS Bypass East -----
-----Area (Acres) -----
C, Pasture, Flat 0.226

Subbasin Total 0.226

----- Subbasin : Offsite Runon to Perv SW -----
-----Area (Acres) -----
C, Pasture, Flat 0.038
SIDEWALKS/FLAT 0.001

Subbasin Total 0.039

DRIVEWAYS/FLAT 0.032

-----Area (Acres)-----
C, Pasture, Flat 0.024

***** LINK DATA *****

-----SCENARIO: PREDEVELOPED
Number of Links: 1

Link Name: POC
Link Type: Copy
Downstream Link: None

***** LINK DATA *****

-----SCENARIO: POSTDEVELOPED
Number of Links: 5

Link Name: Onsite Detention Vault
Link Type: Structure
Downstream Link Name: POC

Prismatic Pond Option Used	
Pond Floor Elevation (ft)	: 433.25
Riser Crest Elevation (ft)	: 437.25
Max Pond Elevation (ft)	: 437.75
Storage Depth (ft)	: 4.00
Pond Bottom Length (ft)	: 76.0
Pond Bottom Width (ft)	: 36.0
Pond Side Slopes (ft/ft)	: Z1= 0.00 Z2= 0.00 Z3= 0.00 Z4= 0.00
Bottom Area (sq-ft)	: 2736.
Area at Riser Crest El (sq-ft)	: 2,736.
(acres)	: 0.063
Volume at Riser Crest (cu-ft)	: 10,944.
(ac-ft)	: 0.251
Area at Max Elevation (sq-ft)	: 2736.
(acres)	: 0.063
Vol at Max Elevation (cu-ft)	: 12,312.
(ac-ft)	: 0.283

Hydraulic Conductivity (in/hr) : 0.00
Massmann Regression Used to Estimate Hydraulic Gradient
Depth to Water Table (ft) : 100.00
Bio-Fouling Potential : Low
Maintenance : Average or Better

Riser Geometry
Riser Structure Type : Circular
Riser Diameter (in) : 12.00
Common Length (ft) : 0.000
Riser Crest Elevation : 437.25 ft

Hydraulic Structure Geometry

Number of Devices: 2

---Device Number 1 ---
Device Type : Circular Orifice
Control Elevation (ft) : 433.25
Diameter (in) : 0.34
Orientation : Horizontal
Elbow : No

---Device Number 2 ---
Device Type : Circular Orifice
Control Elevation (ft) : 436.25
Diameter (in) : 0.75
Orientation : Horizontal
Elbow : Yes

Link Name: POC

Link Type: Copy
Downstream Link: None

Link Name: Onsite Pervious Sidewalk

Link Type: Porous Pavement Structure
Downstream Link Name: POC

Pavement Length (ft) : 363.70
Pavement Width (ft) : 10.00
Pavement Slope (ft/ft) : 0.000
Pavement Infiltration Rate (in/hr) : 20.000
Number of Infiltration Cells : 1
Trench Cell Length (ft) : 363.70
Trench Cell Width (ft) : 10.00
Trench Cell Depth (ft) : 0.67
Trench Gravel Porosity (%) : 30.00
Trench Bed Slope (ft/ft) : 0.000
Native Soil Infiltration Rate (in/hr) : 0.520

Link Name: Onsite Pervious Paving

Link Type: Porous Pavement Structure

Downstream Link Name: POC

Pavement Length (ft)	: 152.82
Pavement Width (ft)	: 70.00
Pavement Slope (ft/ft)	: 0.000
Pavement Infiltration Rate (in/hr)	: 20.000
Number of Infiltration Cells	: 1
Trench Cell Length (ft)	: 152.82
Trench Cell Width (ft)	: 70.00
Trench Cell Depth (ft)	: 1.00
Trench Gravel Porosity (%)	: 30.00
Trench Bed Slope (ft/ft)	: 0.000
Native Soil Infiltration Rate (in/hr)	: 0.520

Link Name: Offsite pervious SW

Link Type: Porous Pavement Structure

Downstream Link Name: POC

Pavement Length (ft)	: 292.00
Pavement Width (ft)	: 8.00
Pavement Slope (ft/ft)	: 0.000
Pavement Infiltration Rate (in/hr)	: 20.000
Number of Infiltration Cells	: 1
Trench Cell Length (ft)	: 292.00
Trench Cell Width (ft)	: 8.00
Trench Cell Depth (ft)	: 0.67
Trench Gravel Porosity (%)	: 30.00
Trench Bed Slope (ft/ft)	: 0.000
Native Soil Infiltration Rate (in/hr)	: 0.520

*******FLOOD FREQUENCY AND DURATION STATISTICS*******

-----**SCENARIO: PREDEVELOPED**

Number of Subbasins: 2

Number of Links: 1

***** **Subbasin: Onsite Pre-dev area** *****

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)

Tr (yrs)	Flood Peak (cfs)
----------	------------------

2-Year	3.191E-02
5-Year	5.053E-02
10-Year	6.290E-02
25-Year	8.434E-02
50-Year	9.516E-02
100-Year	0.105
200-Year	0.168
500-Year	0.253

***** Subbasin: Offsite Predeveloped *****

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
 (Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
 Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)
 =====
 2-Year 3.732E-03
 5-Year 5.910E-03
 10-Year 7.357E-03
 25-Year 9.863E-03
 50-Year 1.113E-02
 100-Year 1.229E-02
 200-Year 1.967E-02
 500-Year 2.958E-02

***** Link: POC

***** Link Outflow 1

Frequency Stats
 Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
 (Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
 Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)
 =====
 2-Year 3.191E-02
 5-Year 5.053E-02
 10-Year 6.290E-02
 25-Year 8.434E-02
 50-Year 9.516E-02
 100-Year 0.105
 200-Year 0.168
 500-Year 0.253

-----SCENARIO: POSTDEVELOPED

Number of Subbasins: 8

Number of Links: 5

***** Subbasin: Onsite Bldg and Trash Roof *****

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
 (Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
 Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)
 =====
 2-Year 0.174
 5-Year 0.226
 10-Year 0.266
 25-Year 0.335
 50-Year 0.400
 100-Year 0.497
 200-Year 0.530
 500-Year 0.572

***** Subbasin: Onsite Runon to pervious paving *****

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)

Tr (yrs)	Flood Peak (cfs)
=====	
2-Year	4.625E-02
5-Year	5.974E-02
10-Year	7.278E-02
25-Year	9.159E-02
50-Year	0.115
100-Year	0.137
200-Year	0.141
500-Year	0.146

***** Subbasin: Onsite LS Bypass South *****

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)

Tr (yrs)	Flood Peak (cfs)
=====	
2-Year	4.030E-04
5-Year	7.151E-04
10-Year	9.590E-04
25-Year	1.584E-03
50-Year	1.762E-03
100-Year	2.574E-03
200-Year	3.142E-03
500-Year	3.878E-03

***** Subbasin: Onsite LS Bypass South *****

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)

Tr (yrs)	Flood Peak (cfs)
=====	
2-Year	3.131E-03
5-Year	5.555E-03
10-Year	7.451E-03
25-Year	1.231E-02
50-Year	1.369E-02
100-Year	2.000E-02
200-Year	2.441E-02
500-Year	3.013E-02

***** Subbasin: Onsite LS Bypass East *****

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)

Tr (yrs)	Flood Peak (cfs)
=====	
2-Year	7.006E-03
5-Year	1.243E-02
10-Year	1.667E-02
25-Year	2.754E-02
50-Year	3.063E-02
100-Year	4.475E-02
200-Year	5.463E-02
500-Year	6.742E-02

***** Subbasin: Offsite Runon to Perv SW *****

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)

Tr (yrs)	Flood Peak (cfs)
=====	
2-Year	1.408E-03
5-Year	2.335E-03
10-Year	3.278E-03
25-Year	5.173E-03
50-Year	6.090E-03
100-Year	8.211E-03
200-Year	9.996E-03
500-Year	1.233E-02

***** Subbasin: Offsite Imp Paving-Curb Bypass *****

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)

Tr (yrs)	Flood Peak (cfs)
=====	
2-Year	1.302E-02
5-Year	1.693E-02
10-Year	1.992E-02
25-Year	2.507E-02
50-Year	2.998E-02
100-Year	3.727E-02
200-Year	3.971E-02
500-Year	4.285E-02

***** Subbasin: Offsite LS - Bypass *****

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)

Tr (yrs)	Flood Peak (cfs)
2-Year	7.440E-04
5-Year	1.320E-03
10-Year	1.771E-03
25-Year	2.924E-03
50-Year	3.253E-03
100-Year	4.752E-03
200-Year	5.801E-03
500-Year	7.160E-03

***** Link: Onsite Detention Vault

***** Link Inflow

Frequency Stats
Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)

Tr (yrs)	Flood Peak (cfs)
2-Year	0.174
5-Year	0.226
10-Year	0.266
25-Year	0.335
50-Year	0.400
100-Year	0.497
200-Year	0.530
500-Year	0.572

***** Link: Onsite Detention Vault

***** Link Outflow 1

Frequency Stats
Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)

Tr (yrs)	Flood Peak (cfs)
2-Year	4.805E-03
5-Year	1.077E-02
10-Year	1.619E-02
25-Year	1.867E-02
50-Year	2.009E-02
100-Year	2.051E-02
200-Year	2.381E-02
500-Year	2.826E-02

***** Link: Onsite Detention Vault

***** Link WSEL

Stats

WSEL Frequency Data(ft)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
Tr (yrs) WSEL Peak (ft)

=====	
1.05-Year	434.673
1.11-Year	434.828
1.25-Year	435.007
2.00-Year	435.566
3.33-Year	436.030
5-Year	436.383
10-Year	436.770
25-Year	437.023
50-Year	437.189
100-Year	437.242

***** Link: POC

***** Link Outflow 1

Frequency Stats

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====	
2-Year	2.568E-02
5-Year	3.820E-02
10-Year	5.165E-02
25-Year	6.612E-02
50-Year	8.121E-02
100-Year	9.697E-02
200-Year	0.117
500-Year	0.143

***** Link: Onsite Pervious Sidewalk ***** Link Inflow Frequency Stats

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====	
2-Year	0.000E+00
5-Year	0.000E+00
10-Year	0.000E+00
25-Year	0.000E+00
50-Year	0.000E+00
100-Year	0.000E+00
200-Year	0.000E+00
500-Year	0.000E+00

***** Link: Onsite Pervious Sidewalk ***** Link Outflow 1 Frequency Stats

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====	
2-Year	0.000E+00
5-Year	0.000E+00
10-Year	0.000E+00
25-Year	0.000E+00
50-Year	0.000E+00
100-Year	0.000E+00
200-Year	0.000E+00
500-Year	0.000E+00

***** Link: Onsite Pervious Sidewalk ***** Link WSEL Stats

WSEL Frequency Data(ft)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
Tr (yrs) WSEL Peak (ft)

=====	
1.05-Year	3.921E-02
1.11-Year	3.993E-02
1.25-Year	4.087E-02
2.00-Year	4.514E-02
3.33-Year	5.254E-02
5-Year	5.763E-02
10-Year	8.150E-02
25-Year	0.111
50-Year	0.117
100-Year	0.130

***** Link: Onsite Pervious Paving ***** Link Inflow Frequency Stats

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====	
2-Year	4.625E-02
5-Year	5.974E-02
10-Year	7.278E-02
25-Year	9.159E-02
50-Year	0.115
100-Year	0.137
200-Year	0.141
500-Year	0.146

***** Link: Onsite Pervious Paving ***** Link Outflow 1 Frequency Stats

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
 (Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
 Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====	
2-Year	0.000E+00
5-Year	0.000E+00
10-Year	0.000E+00
25-Year	0.000E+00
50-Year	0.000E+00
100-Year	0.000E+00
200-Year	0.000E+00
500-Year	0.000E+00

***** Link: Onsite Pervious Paving ***** Link WSEL Stats

WSEL Frequency Data(ft)
 (Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
 Tr (yrs) WSEL Peak (ft)

=====	
1.05-Year	5.271E-02
1.11-Year	5.387E-02
1.25-Year	5.524E-02
2.00-Year	6.037E-02
3.33-Year	6.835E-02
5-Year	8.694E-02
10-Year	0.111
25-Year	0.159
50-Year	0.184
100-Year	0.265

***** Link: Offsite pervious SW ***** Link Inflow Frequency Stats

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
 (Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
 Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====	
2-Year	1.408E-03
5-Year	2.335E-03
10-Year	3.278E-03
25-Year	5.173E-03
50-Year	6.090E-03
100-Year	8.211E-03
200-Year	9.996E-03
500-Year	1.233E-02

***** Link: Offsite pervious SW ***** Link Outflow 1 Frequency Stats

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====	
2-Year	0.000E+00
5-Year	0.000E+00
10-Year	0.000E+00
25-Year	0.000E+00
50-Year	0.000E+00
100-Year	0.000E+00
200-Year	0.000E+00
500-Year	0.000E+00

***** Link: Offsite pervious SW ***** Link WSEL Stats

WSEL Frequency Data(ft)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
Tr (yrs) WSEL Peak (ft)

=====	
1.05-Year	4.069E-02
1.11-Year	4.135E-02
1.25-Year	4.263E-02
2.00-Year	4.623E-02
3.33-Year	5.196E-02
5-Year	5.809E-02
10-Year	8.162E-02
25-Year	0.117
50-Year	0.129
100-Year	0.169

*******Groundwater Recharge Summary*******

Recharge is computed as input to Perlnd Groundwater Plus Infiltration in Structures

Total Predeveloped Recharge During Simulation	
Model Element	Recharge Amount (ac-ft)

Subbasin: Onsite Pre-dev area	242.249
Subbasin: Offsite Predeveloped	28.332
Link: POC	0.000

Total:	270.581

Total Post Developed Recharge During Simulation	
Model Element	Recharge Amount (ac-ft)

Subbasin: Onsite Bldg and Tras	0.000
Subbasin: Onsite Runon to perv	12.009
Subbasin: Onsite LS Bypass Sou	2.296
Subbasin: Onsite LS Bypass Sou	17.836
Subbasin: Onsite LS Bypass Eas	39.911
Subbasin: Offsite Runon to Per	6.711
Subbasin: Offsite Imp Paving-C	0.000
Subbasin: Offsite LS - Bypass	4.238
Link: Onsite Detention Vau	0.000

Link:	POC	0.000
Link:	Onsite Pervious Side	48.092
Link:	Onsite Pervious Pavi	207.330
Link:	Offsite pervious SW	37.422

Total: 375.845

**Total Predevelopment Recharge is Less than Post Developed
Average Recharge Per Year, (Number of Years= 158)
Predeveloped: 1.713 ac-ft/year, Post Developed: 2.379 ac-ft/year**

*******Water Quality Facility Data*******

-----**SCENARIO: PREDEVELOPED**

Number of Links: 1

***** Link: POC

2-Year Discharge Rate : 0.032 cfs

15-Minute Timestep, Water Quality Treatment Design Discharge
On-line Design Discharge Rate (91% Exceedance): 0.03 cfs
Off-line Design Discharge Rate (91% Exceedance): 0.01 cfs

Infiltration/Filtration Statistics-----
Inflow Volume (ac-ft): 154.92
Inflow Volume Including PPT-Evap (ac-ft): 154.92
Total Runoff Infiltrated (ac-ft): 0.00, 0.00%
Total Runoff Filtered (ac-ft): 0.00, 0.00%
Primary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 154.92
Secondary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 0.00
Volume Lost to ET (ac-ft): 0.00
Percent Treated (Infiltrated+Filtered+ET)/Total Volume: 0.00%

-----**SCENARIO: POSTDEVELOPED**

Number of Links: 5

***** Link: Onsite Detention Vault

Basic Wet Pond Volume (91% Exceedance): 2051. cu-ft
Computed Large Wet Pond Volume, 1.5*Basic Volume: 3076. cu-ft

2-Year Discharge Rate : 0.005 cfs

15-Minute Timestep, Water Quality Treatment Design Discharge
On-line Design Discharge Rate (91% Exceedance): 0.07 cfs
Off-line Design Discharge Rate (91% Exceedance): 0.04 cfs

Infiltration/Filtration Statistics-----

Inflow Volume (ac-ft): 213.83
Inflow Volume Including PPT-Evap (ac-ft): 213.83
Total Runoff Infiltrated (ac-ft): 0.00, 0.00%
Total Runoff Filtered (ac-ft): 0.00, 0.00%
Primary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 213.77
Secondary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 0.00
Volume Lost to ET (ac-ft): 0.00
Percent Treated (Infiltrated+Filtered+ET)/Total Volume: 0.00%

***** Link: POC

2-Year Discharge Rate : 0.026 cfs

15-Minute Timestep, Water Quality Treatment Design Discharge
On-line Design Discharge Rate (91% Exceedance): 999.00 cfs
Off-line Design Discharge Rate (91% Exceedance): 999.00 cfs

Infiltration/Filtration Statistics-----

Inflow Volume (ac-ft): 287.58
Inflow Volume Including PPT-Evap (ac-ft): 287.58
Total Runoff Infiltrated (ac-ft): 0.00, 0.00%
Total Runoff Filtered (ac-ft): 0.00, 0.00%
Primary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 287.58
Secondary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 0.00
Volume Lost to ET (ac-ft): 0.00
Percent Treated (Infiltrated+Filtered+ET)/Total Volume: 0.00%

***** Link: Onsite Pervious Sidewalk *****

Infiltration/Filtration Statistics-----

Inflow Volume (ac-ft): 0.00
Inflow Volume Including PPT-Evap (ac-ft): 48.09
Total Runoff Infiltrated (ac-ft): 48.09, 100.00%
Total Runoff Filtered (ac-ft): 0.00, 0.00%
Primary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 0.00
Secondary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 0.00
Volume Lost to ET (ac-ft): 0.00
Percent Treated (Infiltrated+Filtered+ET)/Total Volume: 100.00%

***** Link: Onsite Pervious Paving *****

15-Minute Timestep, Water Quality Treatment Design Discharge
On-line Design Discharge Rate (91% Exceedance): 0.02 cfs
Off-line Design Discharge Rate (91% Exceedance): 0.01 cfs

Infiltration/Filtration Statistics-----

Inflow Volume (ac-ft): 65.88
Inflow Volume Including PPT-Evap (ac-ft): 207.33
Total Runoff Infiltrated (ac-ft): 207.33, 100.00%
Total Runoff Filtered (ac-ft): 0.00, 0.00%
Primary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 0.00
Secondary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 0.00
Volume Lost to ET (ac-ft): 0.00
Percent Treated (Infiltrated+Filtered+ET)/Total Volume: 100.00%

***** Link: Offsite pervious SW *****

15-Minute Timestep, Water Quality Treatment Design Discharge
On-line Design Discharge Rate (91% Exceedance): 0.00 cfs
Off-line Design Discharge Rate (91% Exceedance): 0.00 cfs

Infiltration/Filtration Statistics-----

Inflow Volume (ac-ft): 6.53
Inflow Volume Including PPT-Evap (ac-ft): 37.42
Total Runoff Infiltrated (ac-ft): 37.42, 100.00%
Total Runoff Filtered (ac-ft): 0.00, 0.00%
Primary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 0.00
Secondary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 0.00
Volume Lost to ET (ac-ft): 0.00
Percent Treated (Infiltrated+Filtered+ET)/Total Volume: 100.00%

*******Compliance Point Results*******

Scenario Predeveloped Compliance Link: POC
Scenario Postdeveloped Compliance Link: POC

*** **Point of Compliance Flow Frequency Data** ***

Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position

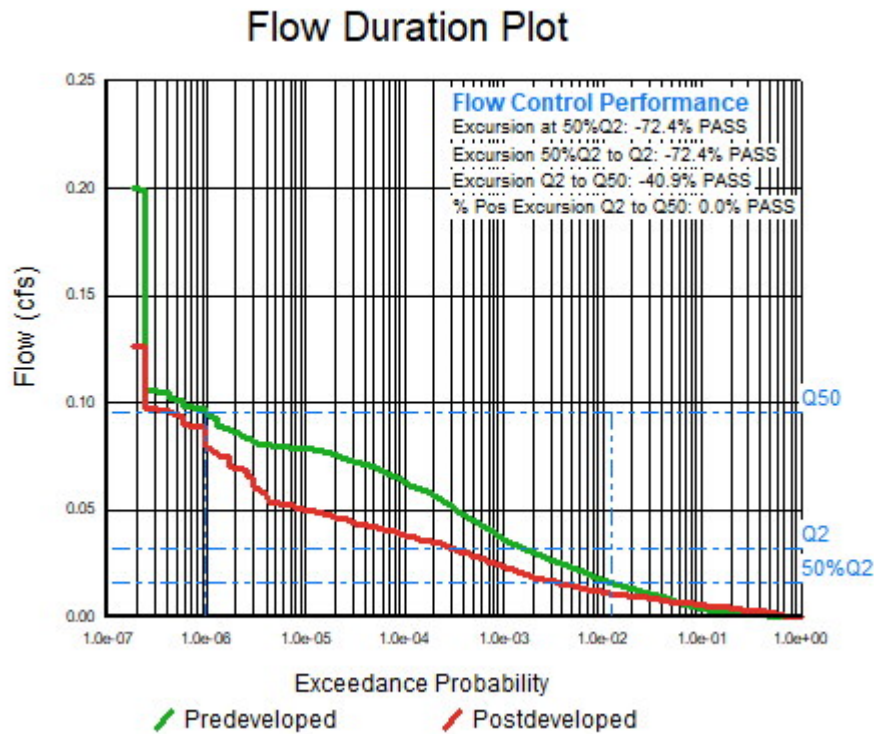
Predevelopment Runoff		Postdevelopment Runoff	
Tr (Years)	Discharge (cfs)	Tr (Years)	Discharge (cfs)
2-Year	3.191E-02	2-Year	2.568E-02
5-Year	5.053E-02	5-Year	3.820E-02
10-Year	6.290E-02	10-Year	5.165E-02
25-Year	8.434E-02	25-Year	6.612E-02
50-Year	9.516E-02	50-Year	8.121E-02
100-Year	0.105	100-Year	9.697E-02
200-Year	0.168	200-Year	0.117
500-Year	0.253	500-Year	0.143

** Record too Short to Compute Peak Discharge for These Recurrence Intervals

**** Flow Duration Performance ****

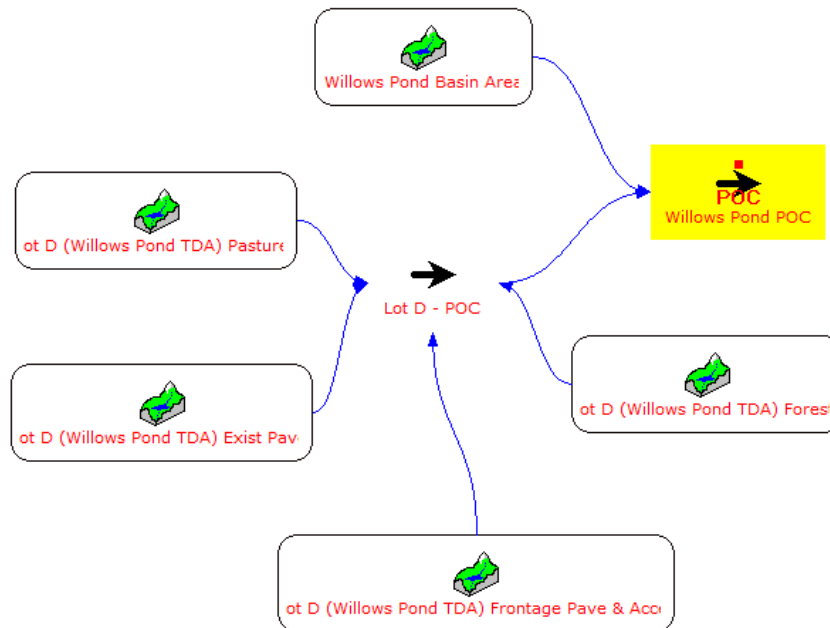
Excursion at Predeveloped 50%Q2 (Must be Less Than or Equal to 0%):	-72.4%	PASS
Maximum Excursion from 50%Q2 to Q2 (Must be Less Than or Equal to 0%):	-72.4%	PASS
Maximum Excursion from Q2 to Q50 (Must be less than 10%):	-40.9%	PASS
Percent Excursion from Q2 to Q50 (Must be less than 50%):	0.0%	PASS

MEETS ALL FLOW DURATION DESIGN CRITERIA: PASS

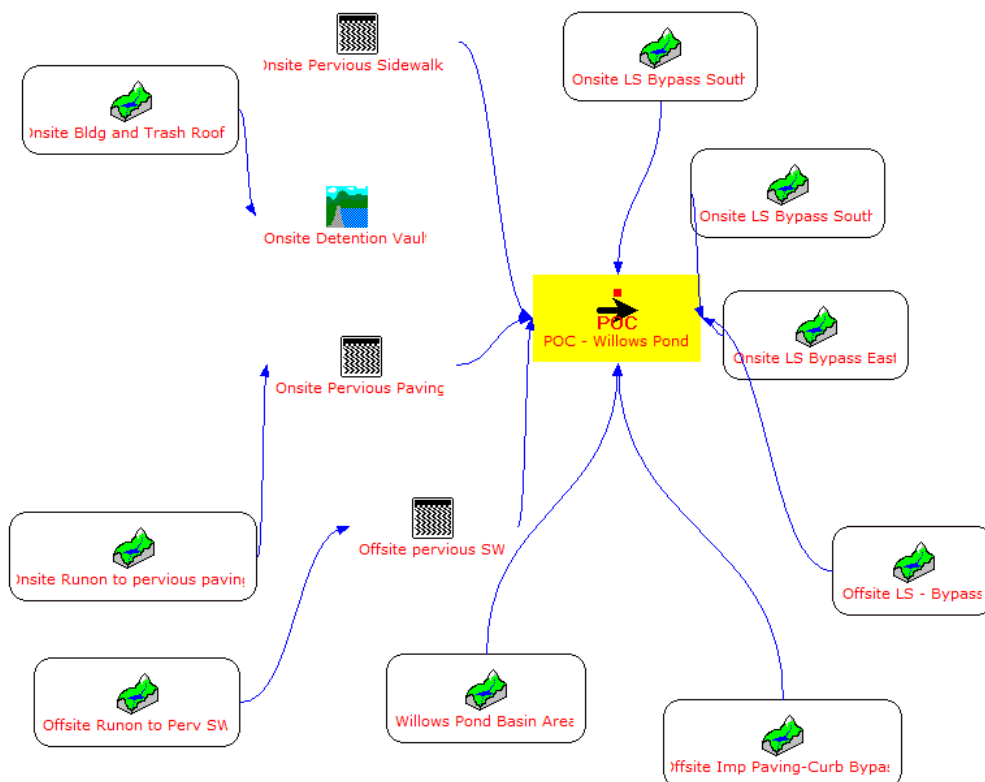


DOS LAGOS – LOT D (LSE 12896)

MR8 STORMWATER CALCULATION EAST WILLOWS POND BASIN INCLUDING ONSITE AND OFFSITE IMPROVEMENTS PREDEVELOPED



DEVELOPED



MGS FLOOD PROJECT REPORT

Program Version: MGSFlood 4.58
Program License Number: 201010005
Project Simulation Performed on: 02/27/2024 5:39 PM
Report Generation Date: 02/27/2024 5:39 PM

Input File Name: Lot D Wetland 20240227.fld
Project Name: 12896 - Dos Lagos Lot D - Willows Pond MR8
Analysis Title: Overall Developed against existing conditions
Comments: Meet MR8. Using existing conditions for the project site but assumed all existing and future sites within the basin will meet forested conditions we used this for developed and undeveloped areas

PRECIPITATION INPUT

Computational Time Step (Minutes): 15

Extended Precipitation Time Series Selected

Full Period of Record Available used for Routing

Climatic Region Number: 38
Precipitation Station : 910042 Pierce Co. East 42 in 10/01/1939-10/01/2097
Evaporation Station : 911042 Pierce Co. East 42 in

Evaporation Scale Factor : 0.750

HSPF Parameter Region Number: 1
HSPF Parameter Region Name : Ecology Default

***** Default HSPF Parameters Used (Not Modified by User) *****

***** **WATERSHED DEFINITION** *****

Predevelopment/Post Development Tributary Area Summary

	Predeveloped	Post Developed
Total Subbasin Area (acres)	202.974	202.591
Area of Links that Include Precip/Evap (acres)	0.000	0.383
Total (acres)	202.974	202.974

-----**SCENARIO: EXISTING**

Number of Subbasins: 5

----- Subbasin : Willows Pond Basin Area -----
-----Area (Acres) -----
A/B, Forest, Flat 136.546
C, Forest, Flat 54.540
POND 10.465

Subbasin Total 201.551

----- Subbasin : Lot D (Willows Pond TDA) Pasture -----
-----Area (Acres) -----
C, Pasture, Flat 0.898

Subbasin Total 0.898

----- Subbasin : Lot D (Willows Pond TDA) Exist Pave -----
-----Area (Acres) -----
ROADS/FLAT 0.116

Subbasin Total 0.116

----- Subbasin : Lot D (Willows Pond TDA) Frontage Pave & Access -----
-----Area (Acres) -----
C, Pasture, Flat 0.098
SIDEWALKS/FLAT 0.051

Subbasin Total 0.149

----- Subbasin : Lot D (Willows Pond TDA) Forest -----
-----Area (Acres) -----
C, Forest, Flat 0.260

Subbasin Total 0.260

-----**SCENARIO: DEVELOPED**
Number of Subbasins: 9

----- Subbasin : Onsite Bldg and Trash Roof -----
-----Area (Acres) -----
ROOF TOPS/FLAT 0.427

Subbasin Total 0.427

----- Subbasin : Onsite Runon to pervious paving -----
-----Area (Acres) -----
C, Pasture, Flat 0.068
SIDEWALKS/FLAT 0.018
PARKING/FLAT 0.092

Subbasin Total 0.178

----- Subbasin : Onsite LS Bypass South -----
-----Area (Acres) -----
C, Pasture, Flat 0.013

Subbasin Total 0.013

----- Subbasin : Onsite LS Bypass South -----
 -----Area (Acres) -----
 C, Pasture, Flat 0.101

 Subbasin Total 0.101

----- Subbasin : Onsite LS Bypass East -----
 -----Area (Acres) -----
 C, Pasture, Flat 0.226

 Subbasin Total 0.226

----- Subbasin : Offsite Runon to Perv SW -----
 -----Area (Acres) -----
 C, Pasture, Flat 0.038
 SIDEWALKS/FLAT 0.001

 Subbasin Total 0.039

----- Subbasin : Offsite Imp Paving-Curb Bypass -----
 -----Area (Acres) -----
 DRIVEWAYS/FLAT 0.032

 Subbasin Total 0.032

----- Subbasin : Offsite LS - Bypass -----
 -----Area (Acres) -----
 C, Pasture, Flat 0.024

 Subbasin Total 0.024

----- Subbasin : Willows Pond Basin Area -----
 -----Area (Acres) -----
 A/B, Forest, Flat 136.546
 C, Forest, Flat 54.540
 POND 10.465

 Subbasin Total 201.551

***** **LINK DATA** *****

-----SCENARIO: EXISTING
 Number of Links: 2

Link Name: Lot D - POC
 Link Type: Copy
 Downstream Link Name: Willows Pond POC

Link Name: Willows Pond POC

Link Type: Copy

Downstream Link: None

***** **LINK DATA** *****

-----SCENARIO: DEVELOPED

Number of Links: 5

Link Name: Onsite Detention Vault

Link Type: Structure

Downstream Link: None

Prismatic Pond Option Used

Pond Floor Elevation (ft)	:	433.25
Riser Crest Elevation (ft)	:	437.25
Max Pond Elevation (ft)	:	437.75
Storage Depth (ft)	:	4.00
Pond Bottom Length (ft)	:	76.0
Pond Bottom Width (ft)	:	36.0
Pond Side Slopes (ft/ft)	:	Z1= 0.00 Z2= 0.00 Z3= 0.00 Z4= 0.00
Bottom Area (sq-ft)	:	2736.
Area at Riser Crest El (sq-ft)	:	2,736.
(acres)	:	0.063
Volume at Riser Crest (cu-ft)	:	10,944.
(ac-ft)	:	0.251
Area at Max Elevation (sq-ft)	:	2736.
(acres)	:	0.063
Vol at Max Elevation (cu-ft)	:	12,312.
(ac-ft)	:	0.283

Hydraulic Conductivity (in/hr)	:	0.00
Massmann Regression Used to Estimate Hydraulic Gradient	:	
Depth to Water Table (ft)	:	100.00
Bio-Fouling Potential	:	Low
Maintenance	:	Average or Better

Riser Geometry

Riser Structure Type	:	Circular
Riser Diameter (in)	:	12.00
Common Length (ft)	:	0.000
Riser Crest Elevation	:	437.25 ft

Hydraulic Structure Geometry

Number of Devices: 2

---Device Number 1---

Device Type	:	Circular Orifice
Control Elevation (ft)	:	433.25
Diameter (in)	:	0.34
Orientation	:	Horizontal
Elbow	:	No

---Device Number 2 ---
Device Type : Circular Orifice
Control Elevation (ft) : 436.25
Diameter (in) : 0.75
Orientation : Horizontal
Elbow : Yes

Link Name: POC - Willows Pond

Link Type: Copy
Downstream Link: None

Link Name: Onsite Pervious Sidewalk

Link Type: Porous Pavement Structure
Downstream Link Name: POC - Willows Pond

Pavement Length (ft) : 363.70
Pavement Width (ft) : 10.00
Pavement Slope (ft/ft) : 0.000
Pavement Infiltration Rate (in/hr) : 20.000
Number of Infiltration Cells : 1
Trench Cell Length (ft) : 363.70
Trench Cell Width (ft) : 10.00
Trench Cell Depth (ft) : 0.67
Trench Gravel Porosity (%) : 30.00
Trench Bed Slope (ft/ft) : 0.000
Native Soil Infiltration Rate (in/hr) : 0.520

Link Name: Onsite Pervious Paving

Link Type: Porous Pavement Structure
Downstream Link Name: POC - Willows Pond

Pavement Length (ft) : 152.82
Pavement Width (ft) : 70.00
Pavement Slope (ft/ft) : 0.000
Pavement Infiltration Rate (in/hr) : 20.000
Number of Infiltration Cells : 1
Trench Cell Length (ft) : 152.82
Trench Cell Width (ft) : 70.00
Trench Cell Depth (ft) : 1.00
Trench Gravel Porosity (%) : 30.00
Trench Bed Slope (ft/ft) : 0.000
Native Soil Infiltration Rate (in/hr) : 0.520

Link Name: Offsite pervious SW

Link Type: Porous Pavement Structure

Downstream Link Name: POC - Willows Pond

Pavement Length (ft)	: 292.00
Pavement Width (ft)	: 8.00
Pavement Slope (ft/ft)	: 0.000
Pavement Infiltration Rate (in/hr)	: 20.000
Number of Infiltration Cells	: 1
Trench Cell Length (ft)	: 292.00
Trench Cell Width (ft)	: 8.00
Trench Cell Depth (ft)	: 0.67
Trench Gravel Porosity (%)	: 30.00
Trench Bed Slope (ft/ft)	: 0.000
Native Soil Infiltration Rate (in/hr)	: 0.520

*******FLOOD FREQUENCY AND DURATION STATISTICS*******

-----**SCENARIO: EXISTING**

Number of Subbasins: 5

Number of Links: 2

***** **Subbasin: Willows Pond Basin Area** *****

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====

2-Year	5.023
5-Year	6.764
10-Year	8.004
25-Year	10.649
50-Year	12.336
100-Year	13.528
200-Year	16.366
500-Year	20.176

***** **Subbasin: Lot D (Willows Pond TDA) Pasture** *****

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====

2-Year	2.784E-02
5-Year	4.939E-02
10-Year	6.625E-02
25-Year	0.109
50-Year	0.122
100-Year	0.178
200-Year	0.217
500-Year	0.268

***** Subbasin: Lot D (Willows Pond TDA) Exist Pave *****

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)

Tr (yrs)	Flood Peak (cfs)
=====	
2-Year	4.720E-02
5-Year	6.138E-02
10-Year	7.221E-02
25-Year	9.087E-02
50-Year	0.109
100-Year	0.135
200-Year	0.144
500-Year	0.155

***** Subbasin: Lot D (Willows Pond TDA) Frontage Pave & Access *****

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)

Tr (yrs)	Flood Peak (cfs)
=====	
2-Year	2.318E-02
5-Year	2.963E-02
10-Year	3.591E-02
25-Year	4.670E-02
50-Year	6.055E-02
100-Year	7.058E-02
200-Year	7.208E-02
500-Year	7.401E-02

***** Subbasin: Lot D (Willows Pond TDA) Forest *****

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)

Tr (yrs)	Flood Peak (cfs)
=====	
2-Year	6.512E-03
5-Year	1.031E-02
10-Year	1.284E-02
25-Year	1.721E-02
50-Year	1.942E-02
100-Year	2.145E-02
200-Year	3.432E-02
500-Year	5.162E-02

***** Link: Lot D - POC

***** Link Inflow

Frequency Stats

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)

(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)

Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====	
2-Year	9.555E-02
5-Year	0.131
10-Year	0.160
25-Year	0.244
50-Year	0.299
100-Year	0.334
200-Year	0.411
500-Year	0.514

***** Link: Lot D - POC

***** Link Outflow 1

Frequency Stats

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)

(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)

Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====	
2-Year	9.555E-02
5-Year	0.131
10-Year	0.160
25-Year	0.244
50-Year	0.299
100-Year	0.334
200-Year	0.411
500-Year	0.514

***** Link: Willows Pond POC

***** Link Outflow

1 Frequency Stats

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)

(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)

Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====	
2-Year	5.112
5-Year	6.880
10-Year	8.154
25-Year	10.897
50-Year	12.667
100-Year	13.778
200-Year	16.747
500-Year	20.738

-----**SCENARIO: DEVELOPED**

Number of Subbasins: 9

Number of Links: 5

******* Subbasin: Onsite Bldg and Trash Roof *******

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====	
2-Year	0.174
5-Year	0.226
10-Year	0.266
25-Year	0.335
50-Year	0.400
100-Year	0.497
200-Year	0.530
500-Year	0.572

******* Subbasin: Onsite Runon to pervious paving *******

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====	
2-Year	4.625E-02
5-Year	5.974E-02
10-Year	7.278E-02
25-Year	9.159E-02
50-Year	0.115
100-Year	0.137
200-Year	0.141
500-Year	0.146

******* Subbasin: Onsite LS Bypass South *******

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====	
2-Year	4.030E-04
5-Year	7.151E-04
10-Year	9.590E-04
25-Year	1.584E-03
50-Year	1.762E-03
100-Year	2.574E-03
200-Year	3.142E-03
500-Year	3.878E-03

***** Subbasin: Onsite LS Bypass South *****

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
 (Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
 Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====	
2-Year	3.131E-03
5-Year	5.555E-03
10-Year	7.451E-03
25-Year	1.231E-02
50-Year	1.369E-02
100-Year	2.000E-02
200-Year	2.441E-02
500-Year	3.013E-02

***** Subbasin: Onsite LS Bypass East *****

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
 (Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
 Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====	
2-Year	7.006E-03
5-Year	1.243E-02
10-Year	1.667E-02
25-Year	2.754E-02
50-Year	3.063E-02
100-Year	4.475E-02
200-Year	5.463E-02
500-Year	6.742E-02

***** Subbasin: Offsite Runon to Perv SW *****

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
 (Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
 Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====	
2-Year	1.408E-03
5-Year	2.335E-03
10-Year	3.278E-03
25-Year	5.173E-03
50-Year	6.090E-03
100-Year	8.211E-03
200-Year	9.996E-03
500-Year	1.233E-02

***** Subbasin: Offsite Imp Paving-Curb Bypass *****

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)

Tr (yrs)	Flood Peak (cfs)
=====	
2-Year	1.302E-02
5-Year	1.693E-02
10-Year	1.992E-02
25-Year	2.507E-02
50-Year	2.998E-02
100-Year	3.727E-02
200-Year	3.971E-02
500-Year	4.285E-02

***** Subbasin: Offsite LS - Bypass *****

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)

Tr (yrs)	Flood Peak (cfs)
=====	
2-Year	7.440E-04
5-Year	1.320E-03
10-Year	1.771E-03
25-Year	2.924E-03
50-Year	3.253E-03
100-Year	4.752E-03
200-Year	5.801E-03
500-Year	7.160E-03

***** Subbasin: Willows Pond Basin Area *****

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)

Tr (yrs)	Flood Peak (cfs)
=====	
2-Year	5.023
5-Year	6.764
10-Year	8.004
25-Year	10.649
50-Year	12.336
100-Year	13.528
200-Year	16.366
500-Year	20.176

***** Link: Onsite Detention Vault

***** Link Inflow

Frequency Stats

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)

(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)

Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====

2-Year	0.174
5-Year	0.226
10-Year	0.266
25-Year	0.335
50-Year	0.400
100-Year	0.497
200-Year	0.530
500-Year	0.572

***** Link: Onsite Detention Vault

***** Link Outflow 1

Frequency Stats

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)

(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)

Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====

2-Year	4.805E-03
5-Year	1.077E-02
10-Year	1.619E-02
25-Year	1.867E-02
50-Year	2.009E-02
100-Year	2.051E-02
200-Year	2.381E-02
500-Year	2.826E-02

***** Link: Onsite Detention Vault

***** Link WSEL

Stats

WSEL Frequency Data(ft)

(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)

Tr (yrs) WSEL Peak (ft)

=====

1.05-Year	434.673
1.11-Year	434.828
1.25-Year	435.007
2.00-Year	435.566
3.33-Year	436.030
5-Year	436.383
10-Year	436.770
25-Year	437.023
50-Year	437.189
100-Year	437.242

***** Link: POC - Willows Pond

***** Link Outflow 1

Frequency Stats

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)

(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)

Tr (yrs)	Flood Peak (cfs)
=====	
2-Year	5.042
5-Year	6.788
10-Year	8.042
25-Year	10.717
50-Year	12.426
100-Year	13.582
200-Year	16.466
500-Year	20.339

***** Link: Onsite Pervious Sidewalk ***** Link Inflow Frequency Stats

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)

(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)

Tr (yrs)	Flood Peak (cfs)
=====	
2-Year	0.000E+00
5-Year	0.000E+00
10-Year	0.000E+00
25-Year	0.000E+00
50-Year	0.000E+00
100-Year	0.000E+00
200-Year	0.000E+00
500-Year	0.000E+00

***** Link: Onsite Pervious Sidewalk ***** Link Outflow 1 Frequency Stats

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)

(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)

Tr (yrs)	Flood Peak (cfs)
=====	
2-Year	0.000E+00
5-Year	0.000E+00
10-Year	0.000E+00
25-Year	0.000E+00
50-Year	0.000E+00
100-Year	0.000E+00
200-Year	0.000E+00
500-Year	0.000E+00

***** Link: Onsite Pervious Sidewalk ***** Link WSEL Stats

WSEL Frequency Data(ft)
 (Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
 Tr (yrs) WSEL Peak (ft)

=====	
1.05-Year	3.921E-02
1.11-Year	3.993E-02
1.25-Year	4.087E-02
2.00-Year	4.514E-02
3.33-Year	5.254E-02
5-Year	5.763E-02
10-Year	8.150E-02
25-Year	0.111
50-Year	0.117
100-Year	0.130

***** Link: Onsite Pervious Paving ***** Link Inflow Frequency Stats

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
 (Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
 Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====	
2-Year	4.625E-02
5-Year	5.974E-02
10-Year	7.278E-02
25-Year	9.159E-02
50-Year	0.115
100-Year	0.137
200-Year	0.141
500-Year	0.146

***** Link: Onsite Pervious Paving ***** Link Outflow 1 Frequency Stats

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)
 (Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
 Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====	
2-Year	0.000E+00
5-Year	0.000E+00
10-Year	0.000E+00
25-Year	0.000E+00
50-Year	0.000E+00
100-Year	0.000E+00
200-Year	0.000E+00
500-Year	0.000E+00

***** Link: Onsite Pervious Paving ***** Link WSEL Stats

WSEL Frequency Data(ft)

(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)

Tr (yrs) WSEL Peak (ft)

=====

1.05-Year	5.271E-02
1.11-Year	5.387E-02
1.25-Year	5.524E-02
2.00-Year	6.037E-02
3.33-Year	6.835E-02
5-Year	8.694E-02
10-Year	0.111
25-Year	0.159
50-Year	0.184
100-Year	0.265

***** Link: Offsite pervious SW ***** Link Inflow Frequency Stats

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)

(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)

Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====

2-Year	1.408E-03
5-Year	2.335E-03
10-Year	3.278E-03
25-Year	5.173E-03
50-Year	6.090E-03
100-Year	8.211E-03
200-Year	9.996E-03
500-Year	1.233E-02

***** Link: Offsite pervious SW ***** Link Outflow 1 Frequency Stats

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)

(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)

Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

=====

2-Year	0.000E+00
5-Year	0.000E+00
10-Year	0.000E+00
25-Year	0.000E+00
50-Year	0.000E+00
100-Year	0.000E+00
200-Year	0.000E+00
500-Year	0.000E+00

***** Link: Offsite pervious SW ***** Link WSEL Stats
WSEL Frequency Data(ft)
(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)
Tr (yrs) WSEL Peak (ft)

=====	
1.05-Year	4.069E-02
1.11-Year	4.135E-02
1.25-Year	4.263E-02
2.00-Year	4.623E-02
3.33-Year	5.196E-02
5-Year	5.809E-02
10-Year	8.162E-02
25-Year	0.117
50-Year	0.129
100-Year	0.169

*******Groundwater Recharge Summary*******
Recharge is computed as input to Perind Groundwater Plus Infiltration in Structures

Total Predeveloped Recharge During Simulation	
Model Element	Recharge Amount (ac-ft)

Subbasin: Willows Pond Basin A	53054.960
Subbasin: Lot D (Willows Pond	158.584
Subbasin: Lot D (Willows Pond	0.000
Subbasin: Lot D (Willows Pond	17.307
Subbasin: Lot D (Willows Pond	49.438
Link: Lot D - POC	0.000
Link: Willows Pond POC	0.000

Total:	53280.290

Total Post Developed Recharge During Simulation	
Model Element	Recharge Amount (ac-ft)

Subbasin: Onsite Bldg and Tras	0.000
Subbasin: Onsite Runon to perv	12.009
Subbasin: Onsite LS Bypass Sou	2.296
Subbasin: Onsite LS Bypass Sou	17.836
Subbasin: Onsite LS Bypass Eas	39.911
Subbasin: Offsite Runon to Per	6.711
Subbasin: Offsite Imp Paving-C	0.000
Subbasin: Offsite LS - Bypass	4.238
Subbasin: Willows Pond Basin A	53054.960
Link: Onsite Detention Vau	0.000
Link: POC - Willows Pond	0.000
Link: Onsite Pervious Side	48.092
Link: Onsite Pervious Pavi	207.330
Link: Offsite pervious SW	37.422

Total:	53430.800

Total Predevelopment Recharge is Less than Post Developed
Average Recharge Per Year, (Number of Years= 158)
Predeveloped: 337.217 ac-ft/year, Post Developed: 338.170 ac-ft/year

*******Water Quality Facility Data*******

-----**SCENARIO: EXISTING**

Number of Links: 2

***** Link: Lot D - POC

2-Year Discharge Rate : 0.096 cfs

15-Minute Timestep, Water Quality Treatment Design Discharge

On-line Design Discharge Rate (91% Exceedance): 0.04 cfs

Off-line Design Discharge Rate (91% Exceedance): 0.02 cfs

Infiltration/Filtration Statistics-----

Inflow Volume (ac-ft): 273.37

Inflow Volume Including PPT-Evap (ac-ft): 273.37

Total Runoff Infiltrated (ac-ft): 0.00, 0.00%

Total Runoff Filtered (ac-ft): 0.00, 0.00%

Primary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 273.37

Secondary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 0.00

Volume Lost to ET (ac-ft): 0.00

Percent Treated (Infiltrated+Filtered+ET)/Total Volume: 0.00%

***** Link: Willows Pond POC

2-Year Discharge Rate : 5.112 cfs

15-Minute Timestep, Water Quality Treatment Design Discharge

On-line Design Discharge Rate (91% Exceedance): 1.99 cfs

Off-line Design Discharge Rate (91% Exceedance): 1.11 cfs

Infiltration/Filtration Statistics-----

Inflow Volume (ac-ft): 12184.87

Inflow Volume Including PPT-Evap (ac-ft): 12184.87

Total Runoff Infiltrated (ac-ft): 0.00, 0.00%

Total Runoff Filtered (ac-ft): 0.00, 0.00%

Primary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 12184.87

Secondary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 0.00

Volume Lost to ET (ac-ft): 0.00

Percent Treated (Infiltrated+Filtered+ET)/Total Volume: 0.00%

-----**SCENARIO: DEVELOPED**

Number of Links: 5

***** Link: Onsite Detention Vault

Basic Wet Pond Volume (91% Exceedance): 2051. cu-ft

Computed Large Wet Pond Volume, 1.5*Basic Volume: 3076. cu-ft

2-Year Discharge Rate : 0.005 cfs

15-Minute Timestep, Water Quality Treatment Design Discharge
On-line Design Discharge Rate (91% Exceedance): 0.07 cfs
Off-line Design Discharge Rate (91% Exceedance): 0.04 cfs

Infiltration/Filtration Statistics-----

Inflow Volume (ac-ft): 213.83
Inflow Volume Including PPT-Evap (ac-ft): 213.83
Total Runoff Infiltrated (ac-ft): 0.00, 0.00%
Total Runoff Filtered (ac-ft): 0.00, 0.00%
Primary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 213.77
Secondary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 0.00
Volume Lost to ET (ac-ft): 0.00
Percent Treated (Infiltrated+Filtered+ET)/Total Volume: 0.00%

***** Link: POC - Willows Pond

2-Year Discharge Rate : 5.042 cfs

15-Minute Timestep, Water Quality Treatment Design Discharge
On-line Design Discharge Rate (91% Exceedance): 1.96 cfs
Off-line Design Discharge Rate (91% Exceedance): 1.10 cfs

Infiltration/Filtration Statistics-----

Inflow Volume (ac-ft): 11985.32
Inflow Volume Including PPT-Evap (ac-ft): 11985.32
Total Runoff Infiltrated (ac-ft): 0.00, 0.00%
Total Runoff Filtered (ac-ft): 0.00, 0.00%
Primary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 11985.32
Secondary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 0.00
Volume Lost to ET (ac-ft): 0.00
Percent Treated (Infiltrated+Filtered+ET)/Total Volume: 0.00%

***** Link: Onsite Pervious Sidewalk *****

Infiltration/Filtration Statistics-----

Inflow Volume (ac-ft): 0.00
Inflow Volume Including PPT-Evap (ac-ft): 48.09
Total Runoff Infiltrated (ac-ft): 48.09, 100.00%
Total Runoff Filtered (ac-ft): 0.00, 0.00%
Primary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 0.00
Secondary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 0.00
Volume Lost to ET (ac-ft): 0.00
Percent Treated (Infiltrated+Filtered+ET)/Total Volume: 100.00%

***** Link: Onsite Pervious Paving *****

15-Minute Timestep, Water Quality Treatment Design Discharge
On-line Design Discharge Rate (91% Exceedance): 0.02 cfs
Off-line Design Discharge Rate (91% Exceedance): 0.01 cfs

Infiltration/Filtration Statistics-----

Inflow Volume (ac-ft): 65.88
 Inflow Volume Including PPT-Evap (ac-ft): 207.33
 Total Runoff Infiltrated (ac-ft): 207.33, 100.00%
 Total Runoff Filtered (ac-ft): 0.00, 0.00%
 Primary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 0.00
 Secondary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 0.00
 Volume Lost to ET (ac-ft): 0.00
 Percent Treated (Infiltrated+Filtered+ET)/Total Volume: 100.00%

***** Link: Offsite pervious SW *****

15-Minute Timestep, Water Quality Treatment Design Discharge
 On-line Design Discharge Rate (91% Exceedance): 0.00 cfs
 Off-line Design Discharge Rate (91% Exceedance): 0.00 cfs

Infiltration/Filtration Statistics-----

Inflow Volume (ac-ft): 6.53
 Inflow Volume Including PPT-Evap (ac-ft): 37.42
 Total Runoff Infiltrated (ac-ft): 37.42, 100.00%
 Total Runoff Filtered (ac-ft): 0.00, 0.00%
 Primary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 0.00
 Secondary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 0.00
 Volume Lost to ET (ac-ft): 0.00
 Percent Treated (Infiltrated+Filtered+ET)/Total Volume: 100.00%

*******Compliance Point Results*******

Scenario Existing Compliance Link: Willows Pond POC
 Scenario Developed Compliance Link: POC - Willows Pond

*** **Point of Compliance Flow Frequency Data** ***

Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position

Predevelopment Runoff		Postdevelopment Runoff	
Tr (Years)	Discharge (cfs)	Tr (Years)	Discharge (cfs)
2-Year	5.112	2-Year	5.042
5-Year	6.880	5-Year	6.788
10-Year	8.154	10-Year	8.042
25-Year	10.897	25-Year	10.717
50-Year	12.667	50-Year	12.426
100-Year	13.778	100-Year	13.582
200-Year	16.747	200-Year	16.466
500-Year	20.738	500-Year	20.339

** Record too Short to Compute Peak Discharge for These Recurrence Intervals

*******Wetland Hydrologic Loading Analysis Results*******

Predeveloped Wetland Location: Willows Pond POC, Inflow
 Postdeveloped Wetland Location: Willow Pond - POC, Outflow

Days out of Compliance: 0
Months out of Compliance: 0

*****Mean Daily Wetland Inflow (cfs)*****

Must be within 20% for each Day

Month	Predeveloped	Postdeveloped	Percent Difference
Oct-01	3.525E-02	3.462E-02	-1.78%
Oct-02	2.799E-02	2.748E-02	-1.83%
Oct-03	3.845E-02	3.777E-02	-1.75%
Oct-04	4.525E-02	4.445E-02	-1.76%
Oct-05	3.385E-02	3.324E-02	-1.78%
Oct-06	7.015E-02	6.892E-02	-1.75%
Oct-07	5.224E-02	5.132E-02	-1.76%
Oct-08	4.936E-02	4.847E-02	-1.80%
Oct-09	6.139E-02	6.028E-02	-1.82%
Oct-10	5.405E-02	5.305E-02	-1.85%
Oct-11	4.593E-02	4.505E-02	-1.91%
Oct-12	4.864E-02	4.774E-02	-1.83%
Oct-13	4.768E-02	4.680E-02	-1.85%
Oct-14	5.181E-02	5.088E-02	-1.80%
Oct-15	3.799E-02	3.730E-02	-1.82%
Oct-16	3.316E-02	3.255E-02	-1.83%
Oct-17	6.074E-02	5.961E-02	-1.85%
Oct-18	6.010E-02	5.893E-02	-1.94%
Oct-19	6.376E-02	6.250E-02	-1.97%
Oct-20	7.951E-02	7.804E-02	-1.86%
Oct-21	7.679E-02	7.538E-02	-1.83%
Oct-22	7.750E-02	7.608E-02	-1.83%
Oct-23	8.144E-02	7.991E-02	-1.88%
Oct-24	7.228E-02	7.089E-02	-1.93%
Oct-25	7.484E-02	7.343E-02	-1.88%
Oct-26	8.386E-02	8.228E-02	-1.88%
Oct-27	1.015E-01	9.960E-02	-1.89%
Oct-28	9.060E-02	8.886E-02	-1.92%
Oct-29	9.822E-02	9.636E-02	-1.89%
Oct-30	8.496E-02	8.332E-02	-1.93%
Oct-31	1.154E-01	1.133E-01	-1.84%
Nov-01	9.281E-02	9.104E-02	-1.91%
Nov-02	7.895E-02	7.740E-02	-1.96%
Nov-03	1.142E-01	1.120E-01	-1.92%
Nov-04	1.150E-01	1.127E-01	-1.96%
Nov-05	8.312E-02	8.146E-02	-1.99%
Nov-06	8.568E-02	8.403E-02	-1.93%
Nov-07	9.827E-02	9.639E-02	-1.91%
Nov-08	8.789E-02	8.618E-02	-1.95%
Nov-09	1.175E-01	1.152E-01	-1.89%
Nov-10	1.327E-01	1.303E-01	-1.87%
Nov-11	1.486E-01	1.459E-01	-1.86%
Nov-12	1.217E-01	1.194E-01	-1.89%
Nov-13	1.424E-01	1.398E-01	-1.85%
Nov-14	1.292E-01	1.267E-01	-1.91%
Nov-15	1.340E-01	1.315E-01	-1.87%
Nov-16	1.596E-01	1.567E-01	-1.82%
Nov-17	1.675E-01	1.645E-01	-1.82%

Nov-18	1.464E-01	1.437E-01	-1.84%
Nov-19	1.981E-01	1.946E-01	-1.81%
Nov-20	1.708E-01	1.676E-01	-1.85%
Nov-21	1.707E-01	1.676E-01	-1.84%
Nov-22	1.494E-01	1.466E-01	-1.85%
Nov-23	2.172E-01	2.133E-01	-1.78%
Nov-24	2.482E-01	2.438E-01	-1.77%
Nov-25	2.464E-01	2.420E-01	-1.77%
Nov-26	2.147E-01	2.109E-01	-1.77%
Nov-27	2.243E-01	2.204E-01	-1.76%
Nov-28	1.689E-01	1.659E-01	-1.77%
Nov-29	1.929E-01	1.895E-01	-1.75%
Nov-30	2.089E-01	2.053E-01	-1.75%
Dec-01	1.904E-01	1.871E-01	-1.76%
Dec-02	2.077E-01	2.040E-01	-1.76%
Dec-03	2.267E-01	2.227E-01	-1.75%
Dec-04	2.461E-01	2.418E-01	-1.73%
Dec-05	2.261E-01	2.222E-01	-1.73%
Dec-06	2.169E-01	2.131E-01	-1.74%
Dec-07	1.983E-01	1.949E-01	-1.74%
Dec-08	1.878E-01	1.846E-01	-1.72%
Dec-09	1.714E-01	1.684E-01	-1.72%
Dec-10	1.995E-01	1.960E-01	-1.73%
Dec-11	1.941E-01	1.908E-01	-1.73%
Dec-12	1.907E-01	1.874E-01	-1.72%
Dec-13	1.836E-01	1.804E-01	-1.71%
Dec-14	1.857E-01	1.825E-01	-1.71%
Dec-15	2.178E-01	2.141E-01	-1.69%
Dec-16	1.922E-01	1.890E-01	-1.70%
Dec-17	1.976E-01	1.943E-01	-1.71%
Dec-18	1.781E-01	1.751E-01	-1.71%
Dec-19	1.805E-01	1.774E-01	-1.72%
Dec-20	2.131E-01	2.094E-01	-1.72%
Dec-21	2.236E-01	2.198E-01	-1.72%
Dec-22	1.942E-01	1.909E-01	-1.71%
Dec-23	1.864E-01	1.832E-01	-1.70%
Dec-24	1.764E-01	1.734E-01	-1.70%
Dec-25	1.701E-01	1.673E-01	-1.69%
Dec-26	2.180E-01	2.143E-01	-1.68%
Dec-27	2.175E-01	2.139E-01	-1.67%
Dec-28	1.753E-01	1.723E-01	-1.67%
Dec-29	2.168E-01	2.131E-01	-1.67%
Dec-30	2.079E-01	2.044E-01	-1.68%
Dec-31	1.664E-01	1.636E-01	-1.67%
Jan-01	1.834E-01	1.803E-01	-1.67%
Jan-02	2.170E-01	2.134E-01	-1.67%
Jan-03	1.942E-01	1.909E-01	-1.67%
Jan-04	2.027E-01	1.993E-01	-1.67%
Jan-05	1.840E-01	1.809E-01	-1.67%
Jan-06	1.890E-01	1.859E-01	-1.67%
Jan-07	1.952E-01	1.920E-01	-1.67%
Jan-08	1.753E-01	1.723E-01	-1.68%
Jan-09	1.905E-01	1.874E-01	-1.67%
Jan-10	2.047E-01	2.013E-01	-1.67%
Jan-11	1.756E-01	1.727E-01	-1.68%
Jan-12	1.904E-01	1.872E-01	-1.68%

Jan-13	2.046E-01	2.012E-01	-1.67%
Jan-14	2.490E-01	2.448E-01	-1.67%
Jan-15	2.568E-01	2.526E-01	-1.65%
Jan-16	2.289E-01	2.251E-01	-1.65%
Jan-17	2.153E-01	2.117E-01	-1.66%
Jan-18	2.330E-01	2.292E-01	-1.65%
Jan-19	2.456E-01	2.415E-01	-1.64%
Jan-20	2.340E-01	2.301E-01	-1.63%
Jan-21	1.941E-01	1.909E-01	-1.63%
Jan-22	1.830E-01	1.800E-01	-1.65%
Jan-23	2.198E-01	2.162E-01	-1.65%
Jan-24	2.190E-01	2.154E-01	-1.65%
Jan-25	1.966E-01	1.933E-01	-1.65%
Jan-26	1.802E-01	1.772E-01	-1.66%
Jan-27	2.152E-01	2.116E-01	-1.64%
Jan-28	1.827E-01	1.797E-01	-1.64%
Jan-29	1.750E-01	1.721E-01	-1.64%
Jan-30	1.724E-01	1.696E-01	-1.64%
Jan-31	2.143E-01	2.108E-01	-1.64%
Feb-01	2.126E-01	2.091E-01	-1.64%
Feb-02	2.141E-01	2.106E-01	-1.64%
Feb-03	1.883E-01	1.852E-01	-1.63%
Feb-04	1.807E-01	1.777E-01	-1.64%
Feb-05	1.712E-01	1.684E-01	-1.65%
Feb-06	2.192E-01	2.157E-01	-1.64%
Feb-07	2.072E-01	2.038E-01	-1.63%
Feb-08	2.267E-01	2.230E-01	-1.63%
Feb-09	2.117E-01	2.082E-01	-1.63%
Feb-10	2.013E-01	1.980E-01	-1.63%
Feb-11	1.810E-01	1.780E-01	-1.64%
Feb-12	2.210E-01	2.174E-01	-1.64%
Feb-13	2.335E-01	2.297E-01	-1.64%
Feb-14	2.104E-01	2.070E-01	-1.64%
Feb-15	2.254E-01	2.217E-01	-1.63%
Feb-16	2.571E-01	2.529E-01	-1.63%
Feb-17	3.004E-01	2.955E-01	-1.62%
Feb-18	2.850E-01	2.804E-01	-1.62%
Feb-19	2.947E-01	2.899E-01	-1.61%
Feb-20	2.418E-01	2.379E-01	-1.60%
Feb-21	2.136E-01	2.102E-01	-1.61%
Feb-22	1.857E-01	1.827E-01	-1.62%
Feb-23	1.708E-01	1.680E-01	-1.63%
Feb-24	2.097E-01	2.063E-01	-1.63%
Feb-25	2.198E-01	2.162E-01	-1.63%
Feb-26	2.152E-01	2.117E-01	-1.62%
Feb-27	2.279E-01	2.242E-01	-1.61%
Feb-28	2.292E-01	2.255E-01	-1.62%
Mar-01	2.104E-01	2.070E-01	-1.62%
Mar-02	1.894E-01	1.864E-01	-1.63%
Mar-03	2.157E-01	2.122E-01	-1.64%
Mar-04	2.114E-01	2.080E-01	-1.62%
Mar-05	2.135E-01	2.101E-01	-1.62%
Mar-06	1.522E-01	1.497E-01	-1.62%
Mar-07	1.593E-01	1.567E-01	-1.62%
Mar-08	1.758E-01	1.729E-01	-1.63%
Mar-09	2.215E-01	2.178E-01	-1.63%

Mar-10	2.038E-01	2.005E-01	-1.62%
Mar-11	1.868E-01	1.838E-01	-1.62%
Mar-12	2.147E-01	2.112E-01	-1.62%
Mar-13	1.864E-01	1.834E-01	-1.62%
Mar-14	1.917E-01	1.886E-01	-1.62%
Mar-15	1.867E-01	1.837E-01	-1.62%
Mar-16	1.590E-01	1.565E-01	-1.62%
Mar-17	1.727E-01	1.699E-01	-1.62%
Mar-18	1.688E-01	1.660E-01	-1.62%
Mar-19	1.643E-01	1.617E-01	-1.62%
Mar-20	1.580E-01	1.554E-01	-1.62%
Mar-21	1.454E-01	1.430E-01	-1.62%
Mar-22	1.911E-01	1.880E-01	-1.62%
Mar-23	1.948E-01	1.916E-01	-1.63%
Mar-24	1.839E-01	1.809E-01	-1.62%
Mar-25	1.758E-01	1.730E-01	-1.62%
Mar-26	1.794E-01	1.765E-01	-1.62%
Mar-27	1.592E-01	1.566E-01	-1.62%
Mar-28	1.585E-01	1.560E-01	-1.62%
Mar-29	1.902E-01	1.871E-01	-1.62%
Mar-30	1.989E-01	1.957E-01	-1.61%
Mar-31	1.908E-01	1.877E-01	-1.61%
Apr-01	1.582E-01	1.556E-01	-1.61%
Apr-02	1.296E-01	1.275E-01	-1.62%
Apr-03	1.121E-01	1.103E-01	-1.62%
Apr-04	1.371E-01	1.349E-01	-1.62%
Apr-05	1.616E-01	1.590E-01	-1.61%
Apr-06	1.456E-01	1.433E-01	-1.61%
Apr-07	1.207E-01	1.188E-01	-1.61%
Apr-08	1.501E-01	1.477E-01	-1.62%
Apr-09	1.627E-01	1.600E-01	-1.61%
Apr-10	1.399E-01	1.376E-01	-1.61%
Apr-11	1.492E-01	1.468E-01	-1.62%
Apr-12	1.402E-01	1.379E-01	-1.62%
Apr-13	1.110E-01	1.092E-01	-1.62%
Apr-14	1.007E-01	9.902E-02	-1.63%
Apr-15	8.185E-02	8.052E-02	-1.63%
Apr-16	9.342E-02	9.188E-02	-1.64%
Apr-17	1.055E-01	1.038E-01	-1.62%
Apr-18	7.529E-02	7.407E-02	-1.63%
Apr-19	1.160E-01	1.141E-01	-1.64%
Apr-20	1.291E-01	1.270E-01	-1.62%
Apr-21	9.389E-02	9.236E-02	-1.63%
Apr-22	1.056E-01	1.038E-01	-1.63%
Apr-23	1.412E-01	1.389E-01	-1.62%
Apr-24	1.136E-01	1.118E-01	-1.63%
Apr-25	8.731E-02	8.589E-02	-1.63%
Apr-26	7.162E-02	7.044E-02	-1.65%
Apr-27	9.248E-02	9.094E-02	-1.67%
Apr-28	8.747E-02	8.602E-02	-1.66%
Apr-29	8.571E-02	8.431E-02	-1.63%
Apr-30	9.310E-02	9.157E-02	-1.64%
May-01	1.114E-01	1.096E-01	-1.64%
May-02	1.012E-01	9.954E-02	-1.64%
May-03	1.063E-01	1.045E-01	-1.64%
May-04	7.919E-02	7.790E-02	-1.62%

May-05	9.971E-02	9.808E-02	-1.63%
May-06	8.636E-02	8.494E-02	-1.65%
May-07	6.769E-02	6.657E-02	-1.66%
May-08	6.438E-02	6.331E-02	-1.66%
May-09	4.746E-02	4.668E-02	-1.66%
May-10	4.163E-02	4.094E-02	-1.66%
May-11	5.406E-02	5.317E-02	-1.64%
May-12	5.375E-02	5.287E-02	-1.64%
May-13	5.619E-02	5.526E-02	-1.65%
May-14	5.345E-02	5.255E-02	-1.68%
May-15	4.775E-02	4.694E-02	-1.69%
May-16	5.351E-02	5.261E-02	-1.69%
May-17	6.156E-02	6.051E-02	-1.71%
May-18	4.218E-02	4.145E-02	-1.72%
May-19	4.917E-02	4.834E-02	-1.69%
May-20	4.392E-02	4.317E-02	-1.70%
May-21	4.351E-02	4.278E-02	-1.68%
May-22	5.330E-02	5.241E-02	-1.66%
May-23	4.952E-02	4.871E-02	-1.65%
May-24	4.284E-02	4.213E-02	-1.66%
May-25	4.740E-02	4.661E-02	-1.66%
May-26	5.837E-02	5.739E-02	-1.68%
May-27	4.743E-02	4.661E-02	-1.74%
May-28	4.610E-02	4.532E-02	-1.71%
May-29	4.308E-02	4.235E-02	-1.70%
May-30	4.248E-02	4.174E-02	-1.72%
May-31	5.742E-02	5.641E-02	-1.77%
Jun-01	4.591E-02	4.510E-02	-1.77%
Jun-02	3.763E-02	3.698E-02	-1.74%
Jun-03	4.151E-02	4.080E-02	-1.72%
Jun-04	5.289E-02	5.198E-02	-1.71%
Jun-05	3.827E-02	3.763E-02	-1.68%
Jun-06	5.405E-02	5.313E-02	-1.70%
Jun-07	4.214E-02	4.140E-02	-1.75%
Jun-08	3.243E-02	3.186E-02	-1.79%
Jun-09	4.450E-02	4.371E-02	-1.76%
Jun-10	5.513E-02	5.417E-02	-1.73%
Jun-11	3.777E-02	3.710E-02	-1.76%
Jun-12	3.225E-02	3.168E-02	-1.75%
Jun-13	3.371E-02	3.312E-02	-1.74%
Jun-14	3.664E-02	3.600E-02	-1.74%
Jun-15	2.539E-02	2.493E-02	-1.80%
Jun-16	3.460E-02	3.400E-02	-1.72%
Jun-17	3.093E-02	3.039E-02	-1.74%
Jun-18	2.729E-02	2.681E-02	-1.74%
Jun-19	2.006E-02	1.971E-02	-1.75%
Jun-20	2.638E-02	2.593E-02	-1.71%
Jun-21	2.223E-02	2.184E-02	-1.72%
Jun-22	2.217E-02	2.179E-02	-1.71%
Jun-23	2.440E-02	2.399E-02	-1.70%
Jun-24	4.102E-02	4.032E-02	-1.73%
Jun-25	2.453E-02	2.409E-02	-1.81%
Jun-26	2.240E-02	2.200E-02	-1.79%
Jun-27	1.827E-02	1.794E-02	-1.80%
Jun-28	2.787E-02	2.738E-02	-1.73%
Jun-29	3.835E-02	3.767E-02	-1.75%

Jun-30	1.484E-02	1.456E-02	-1.89%
Jul-01	2.468E-02	2.424E-02	-1.78%
Jul-02	1.463E-02	1.437E-02	-1.80%
Jul-03	2.073E-02	2.036E-02	-1.76%
Jul-04	1.341E-02	1.317E-02	-1.78%
Jul-05	3.161E-02	3.107E-02	-1.72%
Jul-06	7.735E-03	7.589E-03	-1.89%
Jul-07	1.107E-02	1.087E-02	-1.76%
Jul-08	2.891E-02	2.842E-02	-1.69%
Jul-09	2.186E-02	2.149E-02	-1.69%
Jul-10	2.034E-02	2.000E-02	-1.68%
Jul-11	1.592E-02	1.565E-02	-1.70%
Jul-12	1.789E-02	1.757E-02	-1.78%
Jul-13	9.168E-03	8.991E-03	-1.93%
Jul-14	1.039E-02	1.020E-02	-1.82%
Jul-15	1.082E-02	1.063E-02	-1.78%
Jul-16	2.026E-02	1.991E-02	-1.70%
Jul-17	1.509E-02	1.483E-02	-1.72%
Jul-18	1.049E-02	1.031E-02	-1.73%
Jul-19	1.151E-02	1.131E-02	-1.72%
Jul-20	7.511E-03	7.382E-03	-1.72%
Jul-21	1.054E-02	1.035E-02	-1.80%
Jul-22	3.875E-03	3.801E-03	-1.92%
Jul-23	1.466E-03	1.436E-03	-2.02%
Jul-24	2.571E-03	2.526E-03	-1.78%
Jul-25	6.609E-03	6.498E-03	-1.69%
Jul-26	1.601E-02	1.574E-02	-1.68%
Jul-27	8.317E-03	8.177E-03	-1.69%
Jul-28	5.682E-03	5.585E-03	-1.70%
Jul-29	2.695E-03	2.649E-03	-1.70%
Jul-30	2.546E-03	2.502E-03	-1.69%
Jul-31	1.972E-03	1.938E-03	-1.69%
Aug-01	3.090E-03	3.038E-03	-1.69%
Aug-02	1.070E-02	1.052E-02	-1.68%
Aug-03	8.761E-03	8.609E-03	-1.73%
Aug-04	9.865E-03	9.697E-03	-1.70%
Aug-05	4.105E-03	4.034E-03	-1.73%
Aug-06	1.057E-02	1.039E-02	-1.68%
Aug-07	1.651E-02	1.624E-02	-1.68%
Aug-08	4.817E-03	4.735E-03	-1.70%
Aug-09	5.931E-03	5.831E-03	-1.69%
Aug-10	3.048E-03	2.997E-03	-1.69%
Aug-11	4.746E-03	4.666E-03	-1.68%
Aug-12	1.109E-02	1.091E-02	-1.68%
Aug-13	8.010E-03	7.876E-03	-1.68%
Aug-14	1.603E-02	1.576E-02	-1.68%
Aug-15	1.773E-02	1.743E-02	-1.68%
Aug-16	1.447E-02	1.423E-02	-1.68%
Aug-17	1.203E-02	1.182E-02	-1.68%
Aug-18	1.367E-02	1.344E-02	-1.68%
Aug-19	1.492E-02	1.467E-02	-1.70%
Aug-20	9.744E-03	9.577E-03	-1.71%
Aug-21	1.396E-02	1.373E-02	-1.69%
Aug-22	1.074E-02	1.056E-02	-1.69%
Aug-23	2.686E-02	2.641E-02	-1.68%
Aug-24	2.158E-02	2.121E-02	-1.70%

Aug-25	1.950E-02	1.916E-02	-1.71%
Aug-26	1.924E-02	1.891E-02	-1.72%
Aug-27	2.466E-02	2.424E-02	-1.71%
Aug-28	2.242E-02	2.204E-02	-1.71%
Aug-29	2.564E-02	2.520E-02	-1.72%
Aug-30	2.340E-02	2.296E-02	-1.88%
Aug-31	1.683E-02	1.652E-02	-1.86%
Sep-01	3.693E-02	3.628E-02	-1.74%
Sep-02	2.622E-02	2.576E-02	-1.74%
Sep-03	2.104E-02	2.067E-02	-1.75%
Sep-04	2.284E-02	2.244E-02	-1.73%
Sep-05	2.178E-02	2.140E-02	-1.71%
Sep-06	2.022E-02	1.987E-02	-1.72%
Sep-07	1.113E-02	1.094E-02	-1.73%
Sep-08	1.947E-02	1.914E-02	-1.70%
Sep-09	2.741E-02	2.694E-02	-1.73%
Sep-10	2.728E-02	2.681E-02	-1.75%
Sep-11	1.699E-02	1.669E-02	-1.76%
Sep-12	8.476E-03	8.325E-03	-1.78%
Sep-13	2.534E-02	2.492E-02	-1.69%
Sep-14	3.410E-02	3.352E-02	-1.68%
Sep-15	3.690E-02	3.628E-02	-1.68%
Sep-16	3.259E-02	3.204E-02	-1.68%
Sep-17	4.327E-02	4.253E-02	-1.70%
Sep-18	2.947E-02	2.896E-02	-1.73%
Sep-19	3.973E-02	3.905E-02	-1.71%
Sep-20	3.267E-02	3.210E-02	-1.74%
Sep-21	2.356E-02	2.315E-02	-1.75%
Sep-22	3.593E-02	3.531E-02	-1.74%
Sep-23	3.840E-02	3.773E-02	-1.77%
Sep-24	3.211E-02	3.155E-02	-1.75%
Sep-25	1.958E-02	1.923E-02	-1.75%
Sep-26	3.746E-02	3.682E-02	-1.71%
Sep-27	2.950E-02	2.900E-02	-1.71%
Sep-28	3.740E-02	3.674E-02	-1.76%
Sep-29	2.105E-02	2.068E-02	-1.79%
Sep-30	3.460E-02	3.399E-02	-1.76%

*****Mean Monthly Wetland Inflow (cfs) *****

Must be within 15% for each Month

Month	Predeveloped	Postdeveloped	Percent Difference
Oct	6.303E-02	6.186E-02	-1.86%
Nov	1.521E-01	1.494E-01	-1.83%
Dec	1.985E-01	1.951E-01	-1.71%
Jan	2.039E-01	2.005E-01	-1.66%
Feb	2.198E-01	2.162E-01	-1.63%
Mar	1.841E-01	1.811E-01	-1.62%
Apr	1.163E-01	1.145E-01	-1.63%
May	5.972E-02	5.873E-02	-1.67%
Jun	3.350E-02	3.292E-02	-1.74%
Jul	1.246E-02	1.224E-02	-1.74%
Aug	1.370E-02	1.346E-02	-1.71%
Sep	2.810E-02	2.762E-02	-1.73%

Appendix B

Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP)

***SWPPP to be included in formal report**

Appendix C

Schedule of Structures

***To be included in formal report**

Appendix D

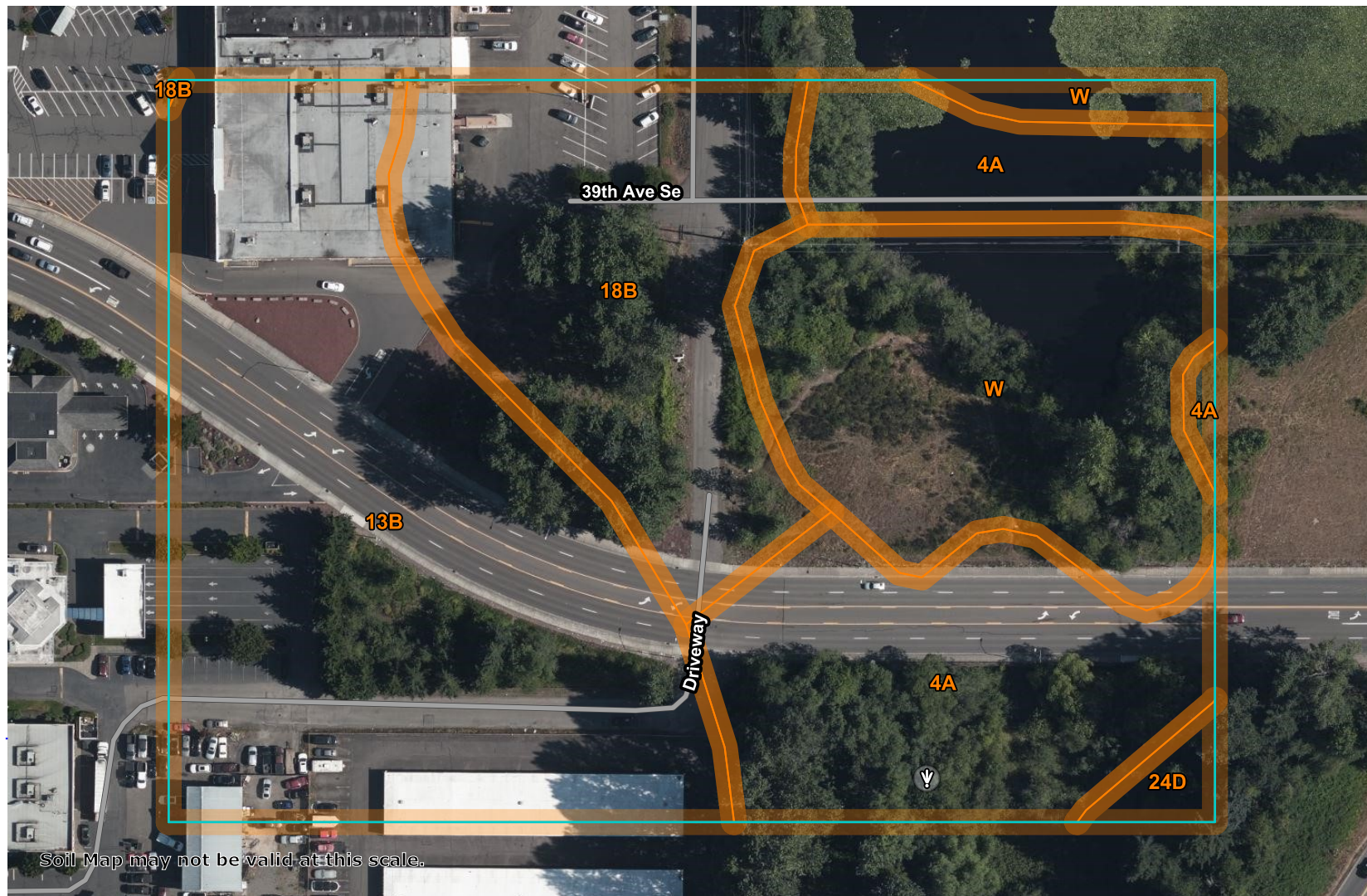
Soils (NRCS) Data & Geotechnical Evaluation and CEC and Organic Soil Test Report

122° 17' 32" W

122° 17' 18" W

47° 9' 18" N

47° 9' 18" N



47° 9' 12" N

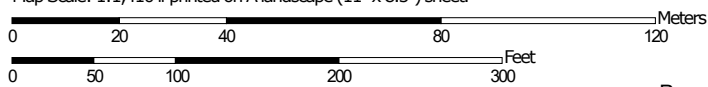
47° 9' 12" N

122° 17' 32" W

122° 17' 18" W



Map Scale: 1:1,410 if printed on A landscape (11" x 8.5") sheet.



Map projection: Web Mercator Corner coordinates: WGS84



MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

 Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

 Soil Map Unit Polygons

 Soil Map Unit Lines

 Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features



Blowout



Borrow Pit



Clay Spot



Closed Depression



Gravel Pit



Gravelly Spot



Landfill



Lava Flow



Marsh or swamp



Mine or Quarry



Miscellaneous Water



Perennial Water



Rock Outcrop



Saline Spot



Sandy Spot



Severely Eroded Spot



Sinkhole



Slide or Slip



Sodic Spot



Spoil Area



Stony Spot



Very Stony Spot



Wet Spot



Other



Special Line Features

Water Features



Streams and Canals

Transportation



Rails



Interstate Highways



US Routes



Major Roads



Local Roads

Background



Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Pierce County Area, Washington

Survey Area Data: Version 16, Jun 4, 2020

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jul 29, 2018—Jul 22, 2019

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

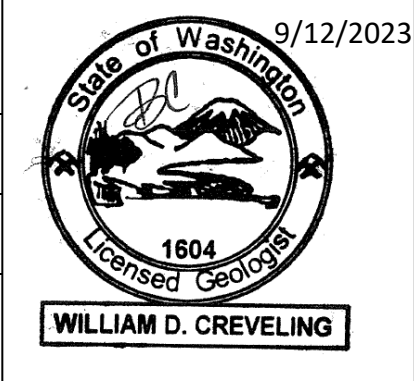
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
4A	Bellingham silty clay loam	2.2	22.4%
13B	Everett very gravelly sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes	3.6	37.0%
18B	Indianola loamy sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	1.9	19.3%
24D	Neilton gravelly loamy sand, 8 to 25 percent slopes	0.1	1.1%
W	Water	2.0	20.2%
Totals for Area of Interest		9.7	100.0%



LEROY SURVEYORS & ENGINEERS, INC.

Surveying • Engineering • Geology • Septic Design • GPS • GIS Mapping

Field Report

Project Name Cation Exchange and Organic Matter Soil Test Dos Lagos Project		Job # 12896	Inspection Report #1
Parcel No.s 041910-2107, 6026, 6028, and 6030		Date September 12, 2023	Page 1 of 3
County Pierce	Permit # -	Arrival Time / Date 10:00 am / August 7, 2023	
Client Dos Lagos Asset, LLC	LS&E Project Manager Damon DeRosa, P.E.		
Contractor Moynan Excavating Northwest Agricultural Consultants	LS&E Field Inspector Bill Creveling, L.G.		
Weather Dry			
Type of Work Performed Soil Sampling and Testing – CEC + Organic Matter			
Equipment Used Excavator, Sample Collection Containers			

Project Description

A Licensed Geologist from Leroy Surveyors and Engineers, Inc. collected soil samples in multiple representative areas on the above-mentioned project and commissioned the testing of the samples by an accredited soil laboratory (Northwest Agricultural Consultants). The purpose of the sampling and testing is to verify that an important treatment capability exists within the soil horizons just below the stormwater basal application surface. Specifically, the sample horizons spanned the zone of vertical separation under the proposed permeable pavement and its reservoir elevation.

We submitted the samples for testing of Cation Exchange Capacity (CEC) and Organic Matter content. The CEC test was performed by the lab according to the EPA Method 9081, and the Organic matter test was performed per the ASTM D2974 Method.

Cation exchange capacity (CEC) is a measure of the total negative charges (in milliequivalents) within the soil that adsorb plant nutrient cations such as calcium (Ca^{2+}), magnesium (Mg^{2+}) and potassium (K^{+}). The higher the CEC, the higher the capacity to hold cations. A milliequivalent is the number of ions which total a specific quantity of electrical charges. As such, the CEC is a property of a soil that describes its capacity to supply nutrient cations to the soil solution for plant uptake (University of Georgia Extension).

The determination of organic percentage per the ASTM D2974 test method can be used to determine the moisture content, ash content, and percent organic matter in soil. Figure 1 illustrates the test locations over the four parcels.

Figure 1: CEC and Organic Soil Sampling Locations (●) and Associated Parcel Numbers



Findings

Table 1 illustrates the results of the CEC and Organic Percentage testing for the 8 sample locations by Northwest Agricultural Consultants.

Table 1: CEC and Organic Percentage – Northwest Agricultural Consultants (8/19/2023)

Sample ID	Organic Matter	Cation Exchange Capacity
A	1.70%	6.5 meq/100g
B	1.47%	5.1 meq/100g
C	3.24%	10.2 meq/100g
D	3.09%	11.8 meq/100g
E	4.08%	11.0 meq/100g
F	1.52%	6.0 meq/100g
G	3.36%	8.1 meq/100g
H	1.71%	9.0 meq/100g
Method	ASTM D2974	EPA 9081

Conclusion

Permeable Pavement

The soil horizon below the proposed permeable pavement system is ideal for infiltration (see earlier infiltration testing reports) and treatment of pavement runoff. Per the sample results, the soil contains favorable CEC (5.1 to 11.8 mEq/100g) and Organic Percentage (1.47 to 4.08 Percent).

Closure

The information gathered for this report is standard practice and relevant for this type of project. The conclusions and recommendations presented in this letter are based on our observations, interpretations, and assumptions regarding shallow subsurface conditions. However, if any variations in the site conditions are discovered later, please contact our office to review and if necessary, modify this report accordingly. We appreciate the opportunity to be of service on this project. If you have any questions regarding this letter or any aspects of the project, please feel free to contact our office.



LEROY SURVEYORS & ENGINEERS, INC.

Surveying • Engineering • Geology • Septic Design • GPS • GIS Mapping

Dos Lagos Asset, LLC
810 E. Pico Blvd, Unit B24
Los Angeles, CA. 90021
213-614-8887

June 9, 2022

Supplemental Geotechnical Report

Lot C, D & E

Small Scale Pit Infiltration Test – Permeable Pavement Feasibility

**Parcel No.s 0419102118, 0419106024,
0419106025, 0419106026, 0419106028,
0419106030**

Site Address – 405 39th Ave SE

LS&E Job No. 12896

**Tests Performed: 4/4/2022, 4/7/2022,
4/14/22, 4/15/2022, 4/21/22**

Project Description

In support of a redesign to the preliminary stormwater design plans first provided to the City of Puyallup, this document will serve to outline the feasibility for permeable pavements within the project area. The previous updated geotechnical site investigation, dated 4/23/2021, confirmed highly modified subsurface characteristics within the proposed infiltrative horizon for all sites, or lots, related to the Dos Lagos multi-family housing project. Initially, the variability of the in-situ soils created concern regarding site-wide infiltration feasibility.

The land area which comprises the Lots within this project (C, D, and E – hereinafter referred to as “the site”) was originally owned by the City of Puyallup. The purpose of this supplemental report is to provide the results of infiltration PIT testing, and an overview of the soil makeup through the site. It is understood that City conducted a filling operation of the Site around 1990. The fill appears to be derived of native soils from the region that were imported to this site via dump trucks and graded into the terrain we see today. Soil descriptions show a relative consistency in the texture or type of soil (discussed in the original report). The City sold the property to OSLIC Holdings, LLC in 2020. OSLIC’s intended purpose for the purchase is for development purposes.

However, infiltration testing better illustrates the variable permeability of soils throughout the site based on minor differences of each dump truck load of soil. Through this report, we will provide our recommendation for a composite infiltration rate, which is weighted toward the lower rates among the group of tests. This is appropriate given that the soil permeability is variable in short distances vertically and laterally throughout the Site. A permeable pavement section spans a large, three-dimensional infiltration surface. This aggregate reservoir will provide contact with a large variable rate infiltrative surface. A composite rate, weighted toward the lower average is appropriate in our opinion.

Stormwater Options

It is understood that meeting the hydro-period for the adjacent wetland would be virtually impossible utilizing detention and subsequent dispersion, infiltration became the next best priority. Per the 2019 Stormwater Management Manual for Western Washington (SMMWW), Volume V – Chapter 5; a Small-Scale Pilot Infiltration Test is indicated for sites with less than one acre of drainage to proposed infiltration facility (see page 732).

Per the SMMWW, Volume V – Chapter 5 (BMP T5.15: Permeable Pavements); projects subject to Minimum Requirements #1 - #9 require a small-scale pilot infiltration test (PIT) to be performed for every 5,000 sq. ft. of proposed permeable pavement, but not less than 1 per site. While the intent of this requirement is understood, the cost and labor required for each PIT (>\$5,000 and nearly a full day for multiple professionals) would culminate in a great expense for our client if this requirement was held (~12 PITs conducted, or >\$60,000). In our conversations with Mark Higginson, Civil Engineer, City of Puyallup, the number of small-scale PITs conducted may be reduced from the prescriptive requirements set forth in the SMMWW as recommended by a geotechnical professional. It was agreed upon that 2 PITs per site (lot) met the intent of the code, particularly if the geotechnical professional was satisfied by the test process and utilized the lowest, or most conservative, result. Therefore, two PIT locations were chosen to best represent the site, or lot, based upon location of proposed pavement, and the presence of in-situ soils that will remain generally undisturbed through preliminary site design.

An aerial photograph of the site parcels prior to the City's fill project are shown in Figure 1 below. Figure 2 juxtaposes aerial photographs from 1990 (during the fill operation) and the contemporary setting (2020).

Figure 1: Satellite View of Site (GIS) July 1990

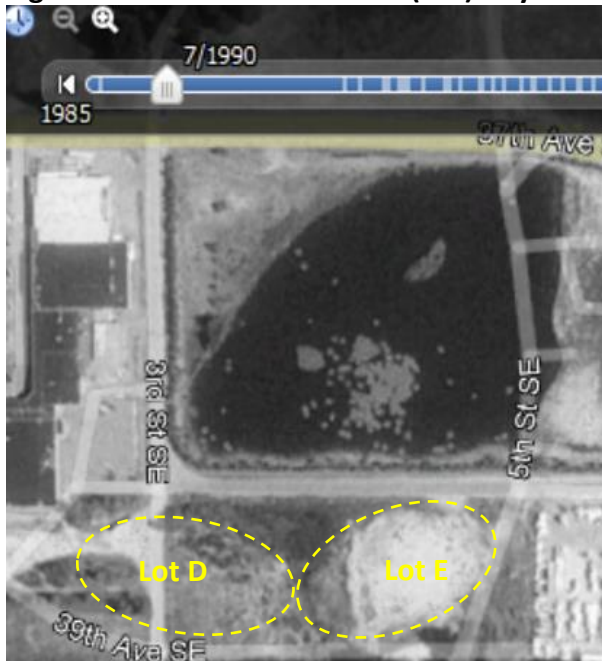
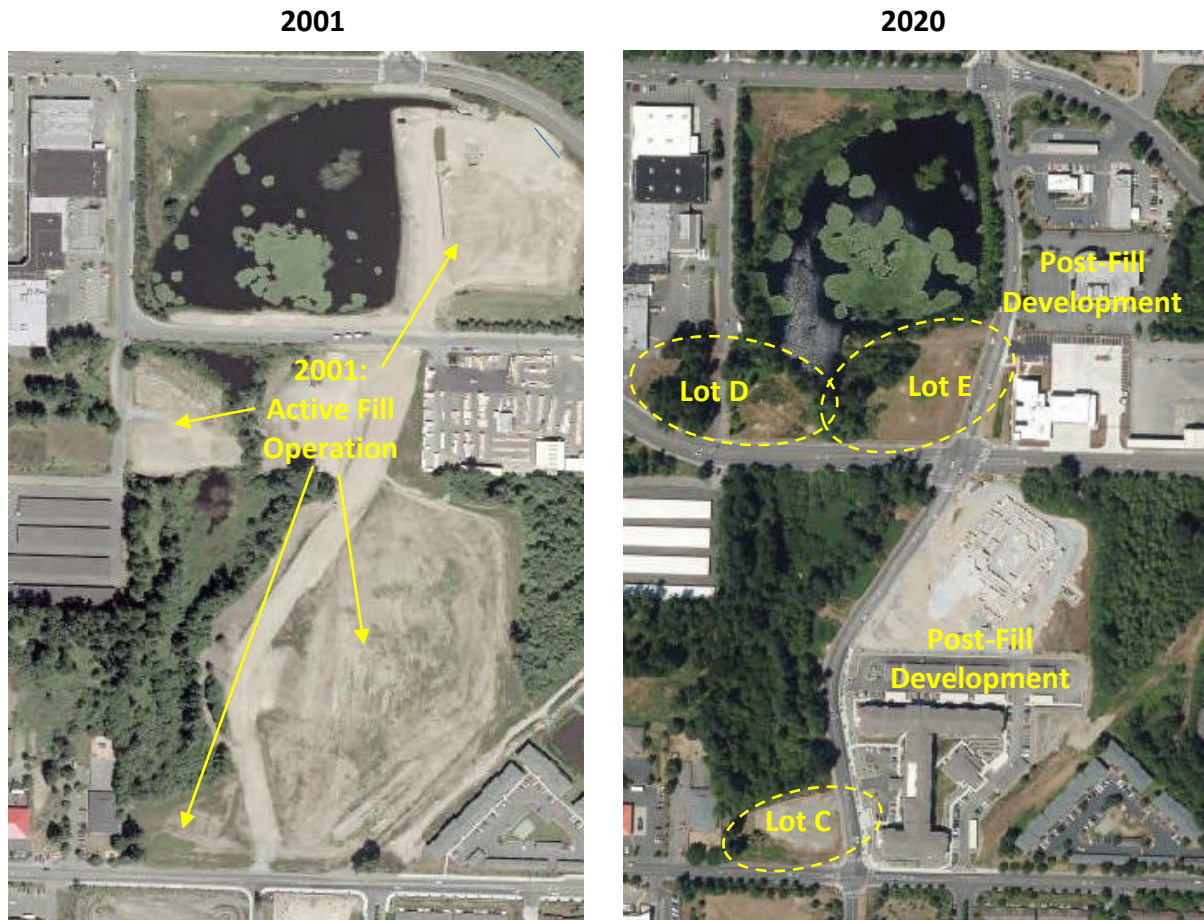


Figure 2: Satellite View of Site (GIS)



Methodology

A Licensed Geologist and representative from our firm oversaw the preparation of site and conducted the tests. Excavations measuring 4x4ft i.e., 16 ft² were advanced approximately 23 and 22 inches below present grade. Excavated PIT-1 and 2 for Lot C, PIT-3 and 4 for Lot D, PIT-5 and 6 for Lot E respectively. The spoils were set back from the excavation.

- Vertical measuring stake marked in half inch increments was installed.
- A PVC pipe with bell-shaped base and small perforations within the test PIT was used to dissipate water energy and thus limit movement and deposition of silts.
- A large water tank was mobilized with a section of hose that reached the PIT.
- Pre-soaked the PIT by maintaining a standing water head between 6 to 12 inches for 6 hours.
- At the end of soaking period, water was added to the extent to maintain level at 12 inches for 1 hour.
- Volume of water consumed to maintain the level at the same point each time was recorded every 15 minutes. The volume and instantaneous flow rate were determined.
- At 1 hour, water was stopped and the drop rate per inches was recorded every hour until the PIT emptied.

- Finally, a test PIT adjacent to the PIT was excavated to determine if water was mounding laterally. This step is intended for the sites with restrictive layers. The practice of adjacent excavation satisfies the requirement to over-excavate the test PIT to examine the groundwater mounding.

Figure 3: Lot-C Infiltration Test PIT (●) and Adjacent observation PIT (▲) Locations



Figure 4: Lot-D Infiltration Test PIT (●) and Adjacent observation PIT (▲) Locations



Figure 5: Lot-E Infiltration Test PIT (●) and Adjacent observation PIT (▲) Locations



Table 1 illustrates instantaneous flow rate in gal/min to maintain a constant water level in test PITs.

Test PIT Number	Average Cumulative Volume (gallons @ 15min)	Average Instantaneous Flow Rate (gal/min)
1	26.60	1.76
2	1.3	0.08
3	5.05	0.33
4	35	2.33
5	7.43	0.49
6	No presoak success	No presoak success

Lot-C

- In PIT 1, water level of 8.5” was maintained during the presoak.
- In PIT 2, water level of 12” maintained, during the presoak.

Lot-D

- In PIT 3, we maintained PIT level between 6” and 12”.
- In PIT 4, permeability was rapid. Water level was maintained at 1/2” - 1” during presoak, consuming a flow rate of 140gal/hr.

Lot-E

- In PIT 5, water level of 8.5” was maintained during the presoak.
- In PIT 6, no presoak success, hence the drop in water depth after 1.5hr was 0”.

After presoak tests completed, the application of water to the PITs was discontinued and drop in inches/hour was recorded until the PIT emptied. Table 2 illustrates the results.

Table 2: Drain Rate (Infiltration Rate)

Test PIT #	Drain Inches/Hour Until Empty	Average Rate Using All Tests: Inches/Hour Until Empty
1	7.87	6.93
2	0.50	
3	1.68	
4	*30	
5	1.58	
6	*Zero infiltration	

*Values exist significantly outside of the grouping of infiltration rates.

In-Situ Infiltration Rate Determination

As discussed at the beginning of this report, infiltration testing best illustrates the variable permeability of soils throughout the site based on minor differences of each dump truck load of soil. Based on the testing, we can provide a recommendation for a composite infiltration rate, which is weighted toward the five lower rates among the group of tests. This is appropriate given that the soil permeability is variable in short distances vertically and laterally throughout the Site. It is understood that the high rate will still exist in variable locations, although we are not recommending the rate within the averaging in order to assume even more safety factor. It should be understood, the permeable pavement section will span a large, three-dimensional infiltration surface. This aggregate reservoir will provide contact with the entire variable rate infiltrative surface. A composite rate, weighted toward the lower average is appropriate in our opinion.

Average Rate <i>Minus</i> Highest Value, Using Lowest Five Values: Inches/Hour
2.33

Figures 6 through 10 provide sampling of the PIT Test photographs.

Figure 6: Infiltration Test in Progress PIT 1, Lot C



Figure 7: Infiltration Test in Progress PIT TEST 2, Lot C



Figure 8: Infiltration Test in Progress PIT 3, Lot D



Figure 9: Infiltration Test in Progress PIT 5, Lot E



Figure 10: Infiltration Test in Progress PIT 6, Lot E



Recommendations

Construction Timing: It is ideal to begin the project in the drier months and complete at least the reservoir course for the permeable roadway prior to the rainy season. Preparing and working a soil surface during inclement weather can compress, laminate, or otherwise deform the soil structure such that the expected infiltration capability is altered. In our opinion, the soil structure can be maintained if this recommendation is followed. If circumstances require the project to overlap into the rainy season, it can only be done with close oversight and monitoring of the project by LS&E.

Geotechnical Oversight: The Geotechnical consultant should be contacted for a pre-construction meeting, and for the inspection and evaluation of infiltration surface and building foundation surfaces. We recommend obtaining our observation at the first point of excavation to determine soil moisture conditions.

A representative from LS&E should be present for a second site visit at the completion of excavation surfaces to observe overall subsurface conditions. If, any soft, liquifiable, organic, or structurally unsuitable soils are found, we will mark those areas for removal of poor material and replacement with clean fractured structural fill.

Permeable Pavement Surface Preparation: Unlike traditional road bases, permeable infiltrative surfaces are not to be compacted. Compaction would damage the permeability.

The unifying coefficient of friction of the reservoir rock and permeable pavement will allow uniform compaction whereby the individual reservoir rocks embed into the soil surface and become compacted uniformly and retain permeability. It is the broad support of the 'raft' that will allow the soil infiltrative surface to retain permeability.

Furthermore, geotextile fabrics have been shown to crust and collect fine silts in a two dimensional plain thus clogging the pores and restricting the permeability. Whereas the native soils allow the silts to settle into the pore structure while keeping the pore throat quality intact. We do not recommend geotextile.

Building foundation: Unlike the infiltrative surface for permeable pavement, the building foundation surfaces should be inspected for poor, liquifiable, organic, or otherwise unsuitable soils (and replaced with structural fill); and compacted to a non-yielding condition.

Since this site was filled in 2,001, the expected foundation bearing surfaces at depth have been preloaded for 20 years. We expect bearing capacity to be well established. In our opinion, bearing capacity will meet or exceed 2,000 PSF (based on the latest soil textures we observed during the PIT testing process and per the International Building Code's Table 1806.2 'Presumptive Load-Bearing Values'). See Figure 11 below.

Our geotechnical staff can be available to make foundation soil observations and hand-T-probe tests when appropriate.

Figure 11: 2018 International Building Code (IBC) - Excerpt

TABLE 1806.2 PRESUMPTIVE LOAD-BEARING VALUES				
CLASS OF MATERIALS	VERTICAL FOUNDATION PRESSURE (psf)	LATERAL BEARING PRESSURE (psf/ft below natural grade)	LATERAL SLIDING RESISTANCE	
			Coefficient of friction ^a	Cohesion (psf) ^b
1. Crystalline bedrock	12,000	1,200	0.70	—
2. Sedimentary and foliated rock	4,000	400	0.35	—
3. Sandy gravel and gravel (GW and GP)	3,000	200	0.35	—
4. Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel and clayey gravel (SW, SP, SM, SC, GM and GC)	2,000	150	0.25	—
5. Clay, sandy clay, silty clay, clayey silt, silt and sandy silt (CL, ML, MH and CH)	1,500	100	—	130

Recommended Additional Services

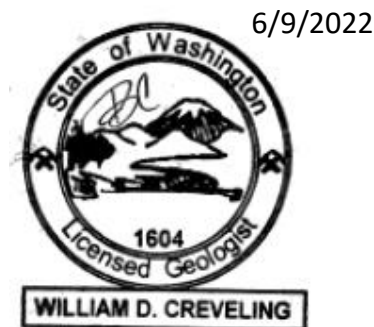
Please feel free to contact LS&E for consultation as needed during site development. A pre-construction meeting may be beneficial. Preparation of a letter summarizing all review comments (if required by Pierce County) may be necessary. LS&E is available to check all completed subgrades for footings before concrete is poured to verify their bearing capacity, as well as inspect all trenches prior to backfill. LS&E is available to oversee and inspect compaction of all fills and backfill material. Preparation of a post-construction letter summarizing all field observations, inspections, and test results (if required by Pierce County) can be provided by LS&E in the future.

Closure

The information gathered for this report is standard practice and relevant for this type of project. The number and distribution of sampling locations is typical and reliable for obtaining an accurate understanding of the site of this size. The conclusions and recommendations presented in this letter are based on our observations, interpretations, and assumptions regarding shallow subsurface conditions. However, if any variations in the site conditions are discovered later, please contact our office to review and if necessary, modify this report accordingly. We appreciate the opportunity to be of service on this project. If you have any questions regarding this letter or any aspects of the project, please feel free to contact our office.

Respectfully submitted,

LeRoy Surveyors & Engineers, Inc.



Bill Creveling, L.G.
Principal Geologist



Damon DeRosa, P.E.
Principal Engineer



Ahtisham Ullah, E.I.T.

Appendix E

Third-Party Review of “Willow Pond Multi-Family Residential Puyallup, WA”

Steve Nelson

From: Mark Higginson <MHigginson@PuyallupWA.gov>
Sent: Monday, November 13, 2023 10:47 AM
To: Steve Nelson
Cc: Damon DeRosa; Bill Creveling; Joshua Thompson; Ken Cook; Chris Beale; Anthony Hulse
Subject: Dos Lagos-Willows Pond Wetland Analysis
Attachments: 23--11-08 FINAL WillowsPond-3rdPartyReviewLetter (Confluence).pdf

Steve,

The city just received a 3rd party consultant confirmation for Willows Pond which categorizes the wetland as **Category III**, with a **Habitat Score of 4**. This means that the MR8 analysis can use Method 2 (versus my prior review comment concerning Method 1). The Planning Dept is checking whether the pond supports "rare, endangered, threatened, or sensitive species; or a breeding population of any native amphibian" which would determine whether the hydroperiod is required...although you have already completed the analysis.

Please disregard my most recent review comments associated with MR8 Method 1.

Hope this helps,

Mark Higginson

Sr Civil Engineer | City of Puyallup | 333 S Meridian | Puyallup, WA 98371

Tel: (253) 841-5559 | Fax:(253) 840-6678 | mhigginson@puyallupwa.gov

Did you know that you can easily submit for a permit online? Introducing CityView, our new online permitting system.

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October 20, 2023

Ms. Nabila Comstock, Assistant Planner
City of Puyallup Planning Services
333 South Meridian
Puyallup, WA 98371

Re: Third-Party Review of “Willow Pond Multi-family Residential Puyallup, WA”

Dear Nabila,

This letter summarizes findings and recommendations from Confluence Environmental Company (Confluence) biologists’ third-party review of the Willow Pond Multi-family Residential Puyallup, WA: Critical Areas Report and Mitigation Plan (the critical areas study report). The critical areas study report was prepared June 23, 2023, by Land Services Northwest for Dylan and Cedar Hueber to satisfy the critical areas review process required by the City of Puyallup Municipal Code (PMC) 21.06 Critical Areas (Land Services Northwest 2023). This letter report was prepared to summarize our review of the critical areas study report.

COMPLETENESS REVIEW

Confluence found that the critical areas study report was incomplete according to the regulations outlined in PMC 21.06 Critical Areas. The critical areas study report is missing the following information:

- Qualifications of the person(s) preparing the report.
- Clear and concise goals and objectives that the proposed compensation action(s) shall achieve.
- Performance standards for Years 4 and 5.
- A description of how the compensation area(s) will be evaluated to determine if the performance standards are being met.

TECHNICAL REVIEW

The critical areas study report identified 1 wetland, Wetland A. Wetland A is located in the central portion of the site and continues off-site to the south. Confluence only evaluated the wetland flagging and test plots located on-site.

The critical areas study report rated Wetland A as a Category III wetland with a habitat score of 4. According to PMC 21.06.930 and 21.06.840, Category III wetlands with a habitat score of 4 near high intensity land use projects have an 80-foot buffer with a 10-foot buffer building setback. The critical areas study report found this buffer can be reduced to a 60-foot buffer using the impact reducing measures found in PMC 21.06.930.

Confluence conducted site visits on July 31 and September 28, 2023, to evaluate the locations of the boundaries of Wetland A as they were described in the critical areas study report.

Wetlands

Confluence initially conducted a site visit at the property on July 31, 2023, but was not able to confirm the wetland boundary or test plot locations due to missing flags onsite. Additionally, the wetland rating form was not included in the report. Confluence contacted the City of Puyallup and requested that Land Services Northwest revisit the property to rehang flagging for boundaries and test plots and provide the wetland rating form. Land Services Northwest notified the City of Puyallup on September 12, 2023, that they had completed reflagging, and they provided a new version of the critical areas study report with the wetland rating form included.

On September 27, 2023, Confluence revisited the site to confirm the wetland boundary and test plot locations. During the site visit, Confluence used a visual assessment to verify soil, vegetation, and hydrology conditions in the vicinity of wetland boundary flags at Wetland A and test plots TP-3, TP-4, and TP-5. Confluence could not find TP-2, and because TP-1 was located within a homeless encampment, Confluence did not enter the area. Though we were not able to assess test plots TP-1 and TP-2, we observed a topographic break and change in wetland vegetation to upland vegetation along the delineated wetland boundary. Therefore, we concluded that the wetland boundary was accurately delineated.

Confluence found that the Wetland Data Forms in Appendix I were incomplete. Specifically, the wetland data form for TP-4 did not identify which hydric soil indicator was applicable and also did not have the matrix and redox features percentages recorded. Additionally, the latitude and longitude, National Wetland Inventory (NWI) classification, and local relief and landform information were also missing. This incomplete form does not alter the findings of the report or our conclusion that the wetland boundary was accurately delineated.

Wetland Rating

Confluence reviewed the wetland rating form provide by Land Services Northwest on September 12, 2023. We concur with Land Services Northwest's rating of Wetland A as a Category III.

Confluence identified 1 section of the wetland rating form for which we reached a conclusion different from that of Land Services Northwest; however, this difference does not change the wetland score or rating or the report's conclusions. For Section D 1.3 Characteristics and distribution of persistent plants, Land Services Northwest marked "Wetland has persistent, ungrazed, plants >1/2 of area." Confluence observed that >1/2 of Wetland A's area is aquatic bed habitat. According to the Washington Department of Ecology (Ecology) manual (Hruby 2014), only areas with emergent, shrub, or forested Cowardin classifications are to be used to answer the question. Therefore, aquatic bed habitat should not be included in the determination. The shrub and forested portion of the wetland is greater than 10% of the wetland area; therefore, this section should have been scored 1. The critical areas study report also mentioned the "wetland has been recently mowed so less than 95% of the wetland is ungrazed"; however, the mowed areas of the property are outside of the Wetland A boundary.

Streams

Confluence confirmed no streams are located on-site. Confluence did not observe the culvert identified in the critical areas study report from the corner of 37th Avenue Southeast and 5th Street Southeast but saw the presence of drainage features along the eastern side of 5th Street Southeast where the report indicated the outlet was.

Mitigation Plan

Confluence concurs with the impact analysis and concept of the mitigation plan. However, several elements are missing from the mitigation plan (see Completeness Review section, above). Land Services Northwest should review PMC 21.06 and the City of Puyallup mitigation plan checklist to make sure all elements of the mitigation plan are included.

SUMMARY

In summary, Confluence agrees with the conclusions of the 2023 Land Services Report: Wetland A is a category III wetland that has an associated buffer of 80 feet. We also concur that the proposed mitigation meets the mitigation sequencing and impact analysis required in PMC 21.06. However, the report should be updated to include missing information.

If you have any comments or questions, please feel free to contact me.

Respectfully yours,



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ATTACHMENTS

City of Puyallup Mitigation Plan Checklist

REFERENCES

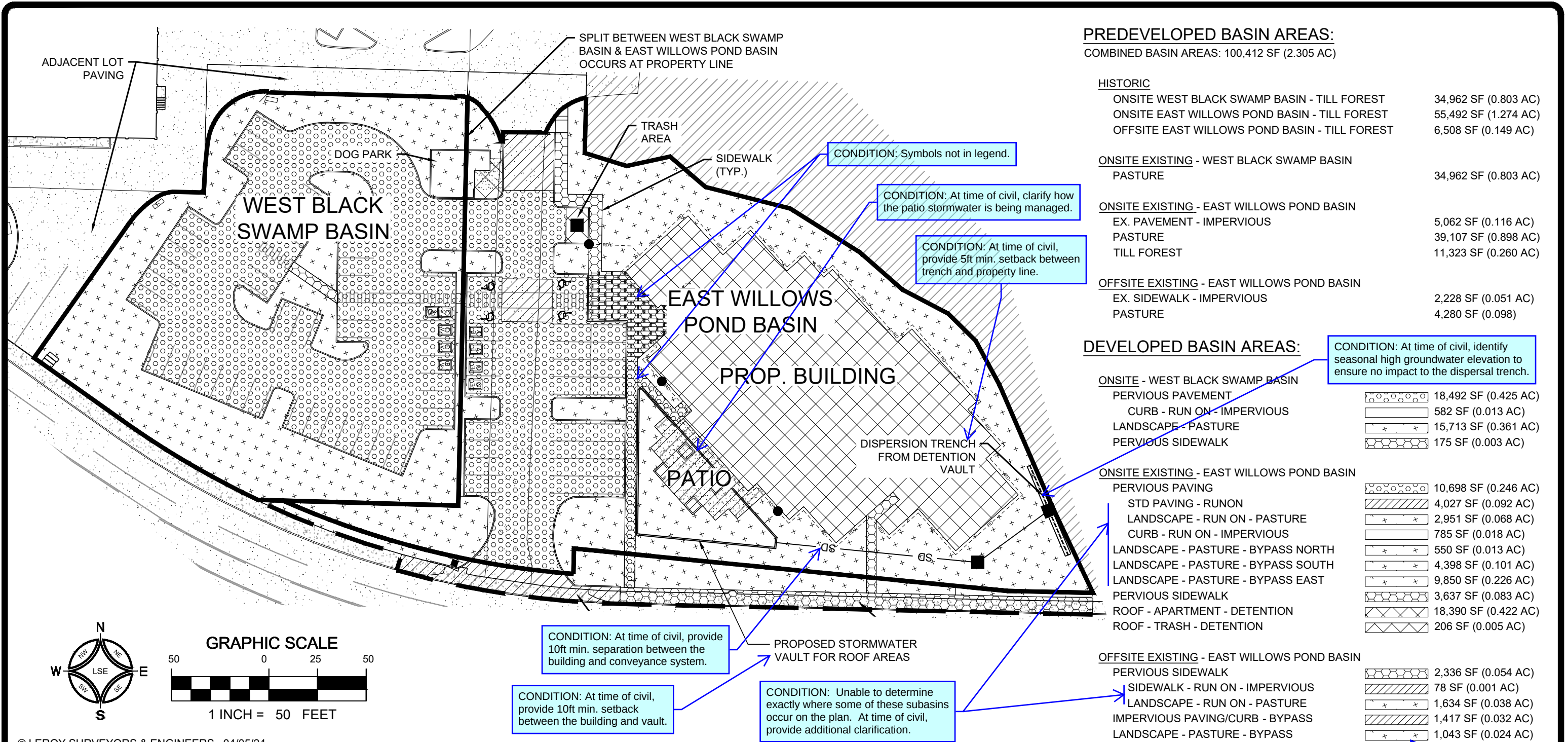
Hruby, T. 2014. Washington State Wetland Rating System for Western Washington: 2014 Update. (Publication #14-06-029). Olympia, WA: Washington Department of Ecology.

Land Services Northwest. 2023. Willow Pond Multi-family Residential Puyallup, WA: Critical areas report and mitigation plan. Prepared for Dylan and Cedar Huber, Puyallup, Washington, by Land Services Northwest, Olympia, Washington.

Appendix F

Basin Maps

K:\Jobs\12896\AutoCAD\dwg\01_Engineering\12896- Onsite Stormwater Basin Maps 20240404.dwg LAST EDITED: 04/05/24 9:54AM BY: snelson



PRE AND POST DEVELOPED BASIN MAP - LOT D

LEROY
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CLIENT: DOS LAGOS ASSET, LLC		ENGINEER: STEVE T. NELSON, P.E.	
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ADDRESS: 810 E. PICO BLD, UNIT B24		SUBDIVISION:	
LOS ANGELES, CA 90021		LOT NO.	DRAWN: STN
PARCEL NO. 0419106026 AND 0419102107		DATE: 4-5-24	JOB NO. 12896

SHEET

CONDITION: At time of civil, please provide color coordination of legend and plan for clarity where the subasins are delineated.