

December 2024 Freeman Road Logistics



# Critical Areas Report

Prepared for Vector Development Company

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## **Prepared for**

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Project Number: 212141-02.01

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### **ABBREVIATIONS**

2010 Regional Supplement Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation

Manual: Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

BFE base flood elevation

BMP best management practice

CAR Critical Areas Report

CY cubic yard DP data plot

EC Employment Center zoning designation
Ecology Washington State Department of Ecology

ESA Endangered Species Act

FAC facultative

FACU facultative upland facultative wetland

FEMA Federal Emergency Management Agency

FMC Fife Municipal Code
FRO Freeman Road Overlay
HGM hydrogeomorphic

I-5 Interstate 5

LM/W Light Manufacturing/Warehousing zoning designation

Mitigation Bank Port Tacoma Upper Clear Creek Mitigation Bank

NAVD88 North American Vertical Datum of 1988

NMFS National Marine Fisheries Service

NRCS National Resources Conservation Service

NWI National Wetlands Inventory NWSA Northwest Seaport Alliance

OBL obligate wetland

OHWM ordinary high water mark
PEM palustrine emergent
PFO palustrine forested

PHS Priority Habitats and Species
PMC Puyallup Municipal Code

Port Port of Tacoma

Project Freeman Road Logistics project

PSS palustrine scrub-shrub

redox redoximorphic

Third-Party Review Report Third-Party Review of Critical Areas Report

Third-Party Second Review Third-Party Second Review of Critical Areas Report

Report

Third-Party Third Review Third-Party Third Review of Critical Areas Report

Report

UPL obligate upland

USACE U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
USFWS U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

Washington rating system Washington State Wetland Rating System for Western Washington:

2014 Update

WDFW Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife WSDOT Washington State Department of Transportation

## 1 Introduction

Vector Development Company is proposing construction of two new warehouse buildings as part of the Freeman Road Logistics Project (Project), east of Freeman Road East and west of the future Washington State Department of Transportation (WSDOT) State Route 167 Completion Project. The Project includes redevelopment of 15 adjacent parcels, henceforth referred to as the Main Development Area (parcels 0420174075, 0420201040, 0420201039, 0420201045, 0420201066, 0420201101, 0420205003, 0420205017, 0420201027, 0420201052, 0420201034, 0420201036, 0420201042, 0420205004, 0420205016) in Puyallup, Washington. Utilities routing to and from the Main Development Area will be routed through existing right of ways for Freeman Road East and North Levee Road East. Eight other parcels (0420201008, 0420201104, 0420201114, 0420201115, and 0420212073), as well as Freeman Road East and North Levee Road, will support the development through transportation or utility improvements, henceforth referred to as the Transportation and Utility parcels. A vicinity map is shown in Figure 1, and an aerial photograph of existing conditions at the Study Area, which includes the WSDOT-owned parcels and Transportation and Utility parcels is shown in Figure 2.

The proposed development would include two warehouses, associated utilities, vehicle and truck parking and maneuvering space, widening of access roads, stormwater management, landscaping, and improvements along Freeman Road East (Appendix A). The Project has been designed to be consistent with local regulations, including the City of Fife and City of Puyallup Shoreline Master Plans.

This *Critical Areas Report* (CAR) has been prepared by Anchor QEA scientists to support the local permitting and land use review of the Project. The CAR evaluates the presence of critical areas within the Main Development Area, Transportation and Utility parcels, and WSDOT-owned parcels and addresses potential impacts to existing critical areas and associated regulated buffers, as defined in the City of Puyallup Municipal Code (PMC) Chapter 21 (City of Puyallup 2024a). The format of this CAR has been prepared consistent with PMC 21.06. Critical areas regulated under PMC Chapter 21 include wetlands, streams, fish and wildlife habitat conservation areas, frequently flooded areas, and minor lakes.

Additionally, the CAR evaluates the presence of critical areas within the Transportation and Utility parcels and roadways and addresses potential impacts to existing critical areas and associated regulated buffers, as defined in the City of Fife Municipal Code (FMC) Chapter 17 (City of Fife 2024a). The format of this CAR has been prepared consistent with FMC 17.05. Critical Areas regulated under FMC Chapter 17 include wetlands and wildlife habitat conservation areas.

Anchor QEA scientists gathered and reviewed existing information consistent with PMC Chapter 21 and FMC Chapter 17 to identify and assess existing critical areas. To support this review, Anchor QEA

biologists performed critical areas site visits to the Study Area on April 1 and September 28, 2021; March 11, 2022; March 23, 2023; May 19, 2023; April 12, 2024; and May 17, 2024. The information provided in this CAR has been prepared by professional biologists using the best available science to provide an accurate evaluation of critical areas and potential impacts.

## 1.1 Review of Existing Information

As part of the analysis to identify critical areas, Anchor QEA biologists reviewed the following sources of information to support field observations:

- PMC (City of Puyallup 2024a)
- City of Puyallup GIS Portal Wetland and Stream Maps (City of Puyallup 2024b)
- FMC (City of Fife 2024a)
- City of Fife Wetlands Map (City of Fife 2024b)
- Pierce County PublicGIS Interactive Mapping Tool (Pierce County 2024)
- U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey (USDA 2024)
- National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) Endangered Species Act (ESA) status reviews and listing information (NMFS 2024)
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) Wetlands Mapper (USFWS 2024a)
- USFWS ESA Status Reviews and Listing Information (USFWS 2024b)
- Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW) Priority Habitats and Species (PHS)
   Maps (WDFW 2024a)
- WDFW SalmonScape Mapping System (WDFW 2024b)
- Publicly available aerial photographs
- Third-Party Review of Critical Areas Report (Third-Party Review Report), Third-Party Second Review of Critical Areas Report (Third-Party Second Review Report), and Third-Party Third Review of Critical Areas Report (Third-Party Third Review Report) produced by Confluence Environmental Group (2022, 2024a, 2024b)

## 1.2 Qualifications

This CAR was prepared following site visits conducted by Anchor QEA on the following dates:

- April 1, 2021
- September 28, 2021
- March 11, 2022
- March 23, 2023
- May 19, 2023
- April 12, 2024

May 17, 2024

Personnel who contributed to the surveys and preparation of this CAR are listed as follows:

- Laura Caron: Former Anchor QEA Natural Resource Scientist now working as a Fisheries and Wetlands Biologist at WSDOT. Responsible for 2021 and 2022 field investigations and reporting; BA Environmental Studies and Geology, University of Colorado; MNRS Natural Resource Management and Ecological Restoration, Colorado State University; Certified Wetland Delineator, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE); Certified Wetland Rater, Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology); Qualified Junior Author for Biological Assessment, WSDOT, through 2028; Qualified Biologist for Preliminary Hydraulic Stream Design and Restoration, WSDOT.
- Calvin Douglas: Former Anchor QEA Wetland Scientist, now working as a Senior Ecologist at Confluence Environmental Group. Responsible for 2021 and 2022 field investigations and reporting; BS Wildlife Biology, University of Washington; Pierce County Certified Wetland Scientist and Wildlife Biologist; Qualified Senior Writer for Biological Assessment, WSDOT, through 2024.
- Hannah Fotherby: Anchor QEA Wetland Biologist supporting 2023 and 2024 field investigation and reporting; BA Environmental Studies, University of Washington; MEH Restoration Ecology and Environmental Horticulture, University of Washington; Pierce County Certified Wetland Scientist.
- Jakob Rowny, PWS: Anchor QEA Senior Wetland Biologist and Environmental Scientist responsible for 2023 and 2024 field investigations and reporting; BS Ecology and Evolutionary Biology, University of California; MS Environmental Sciences and Engineering, University of North Carolina; Pierce County Certified Wetland Scientist; 10 years of wetland delineation, categorization, and critical area assessment and reporting experience in Washington State and Oregon.
- Josh Jensen: Anchor QEA Senior Managing Planner responsible for field oversight and code compliance; BS Economics and Environmental Studies, Western Washington University; MEM, Duke University.
- Dan Berlin, PWS: Anchor QEA Principal Scientist responsible for directing and reviewing all field work and documentation; BA Biology, Kalamazoo College; MEM Wetland Science, Duke University.

# 2 Project Purpose and Need

## 2.1 Project Purpose

The overall purpose of the Project is to provide 500,000 square feet of warehouse capacity and logistical support for receiving and distribution. The Project is intended to use existing and planned transportation infrastructure, including the WSDOT State Route 167 Completion Project, a portion of which is located just east of the Main Development Area, and includes construction of 4 miles of new highway between Meridian Avenue and Interstate 5 (I-5) and several new interchanges. The State Route 167 Completion Project will provide east-west linkages between the Port of Tacoma (Port) and manufacturing and industrial areas in Pierce County and will improve overall regional mobility by reducing congestion on surrounding local roads and highways.

The Project is also intended to use the nearby Pierce County Canyon Road Regional Connection Project that will extend Canyon Road East from Pioneer Way East to 70th Avenue East in Fife by constructing a new bridge across the Puyallup River. This Project will also improve regional mobility by providing freight haulers and other traffic faster, safer, and more direct access to State Route 167, I-5, and Port facilities.

The Project is situated in an area that was recently rezoned to support the planned receiving and distribution use by the City of Puyallup, as documented in the Freeman Road Comprehensive Plan Map Amendment, Case Number L-20-0001, and the Freeman Road Overlay (FRO), which was adopted by City of Puyallup Ordinance No 3278, passed June 27, 2023. The Freeman Road Comprehensive Plan Map Amendment and FRO annexed and provided Light Manufacturing/Warehousing (LM/W) zoning for 11 previously unincorporated parcels east of Freeman Road East and west of the WSDOT State Route 167 Completion Project. The proposed Project layout satisfies City of Puyallup requirements and achieves the applicant's purpose of providing additional warehouse capacity and logistical support in an area zoned for those uses and will be consistent with current and anticipated future land uses of the surrounding areas.

In the context of Pierce County and WSDOT projects—and the City of Puyallup's goals of bolstering a vibrant local economy by supporting land supply for business opportunities, and providing a safe, livable, and healthy community—the Project purpose provides an appropriate land use solution. The Project will create safer neighborhoods by separating truck activity away from residential uses, support the local economy by providing well-paying jobs, and protect and enhance environmental functions and values as part of the Project.

# 2.2 Project Need

The overall need of the Project is to address an existing shortage of receiving and distribution facilities east of Tacoma, which is expected to be more significant considering projected growth in

the region and associated shipping though the Port and other regional ports. The Northwest Seaport Alliance (NWSA), which includes Port shipping activities, is one of the largest marine cargo gateways in the United States. More than 3.7 million 20-foot equivalent units carrying 26.1 million metric tons of containerized cargo were handled at NWSA facilities (NWSA 2019). Shipping at the Port is anticipated to increase above pre-pandemic tonnages and will continue to be a primary driver of the regional economy (Pierce County 2023). To support this growing demand for shipping and distribution, USACE, and NWSA plan to deepen the Port's Blair Waterway, which will allow extra-large container ships access to the Port. The Port is also planning future redevelopment to support economic growth, job creation, and trade, including several cleanup projects, completion of habitat and wetland mitigation bank projects, and ongoing maintenance and improvements to stormwater systems and Port-specific infrastructure such as dock, pier, and fender system upgrades (Port 2023).

The Freeman Road Logistics Project is designed to provide needed warehouse capacity and logistical receiving and distribution support in an area that is regionally important to continued economic growth and resiliency. The rezone of the properties within the Main Development Area acknowledges the need for more warehouse and logistical projects within the City of Puyallup, as described in the City of Puyallup's Freeman Road Comprehensive Plan Map Amendment and FRO. The design elements and standards included in the Freeman Road Comprehensive Plan Map Amendment and FRO were developed through a multiyear, multi-stakeholder planning process to achieve appropriate land use zoning for the area, provide high-quality amenities, support regional transportation, water, sewer, and stormwater infrastructure, and include reasonable setbacks for the neighborhood residents to retain the aesthetic character of the area and improve the safety of residents and visitors.

While meeting the specific purpose and need of the Project by supplying improved warehousing capacity and logistical support in the area, the Project is expected to result in no net loss of ecological function to the critical areas evaluated in this report. The Project will comply with federal, state, and local regulations that require mitigation for unavoidable net adverse impacts to fish and wildlife species that rely on highly functioning shoreline, stream, and wetland areas.

# 3 Study Area Description

The Study Area of this CAR encompasses 154.33 acres and is composed of the following sections (Figure 2):

- The Main Development Area, which is made up of the 15 adjacent parcels where the Project is located and encompasses 24.04 acres
- The Transportation and Utility parcels, which are eight parcels in total, with four in the City of Puyallup and four in the City of Fife. The four parcels in the City of Puyallup are located south of the Main Development Area and include three undeveloped parcels (parcels 0420201008, 0420201114, and 0420201115) and the O'Reily-owned parcel 040212073. The four parcels in the City of Fife include the two parcels located immediately west of the Main Development Area and Freeman Road East (parcels 0420201104 and 0420174032), and the two parcels north of 48th Street East. In total, the Transportation and Utility parcels encompass 105.26 acres. This area also includes portions of 48th Street East and 78th Avenue East in the City of Fife
- The five WSDOT-owned parcels located north and east of the Main Development Area (parcels 0420201110, 0420201111, 0420174028, 0420174054, and 0420178009) that encompass 25.03 acres

The Main Development Area is currently developed for residential and agricultural uses and consists of open lawn areas, residential housing, agricultural fields, and paved and gravel roadways. Many of the residential buildings were demolished and removed prior to Anchor QEA's May 2023 site visit. An agricultural drainage ditch is located off site on WSDOT properties, adjacent to the undeveloped northeast corner of the Main Development Area. The west boundary of the Main Development Area is bounded by Freeman Road East. Photographs of the Study Area are included in Appendix B. One wetland, Wetland A, was identified off site to the south and one wetland, Wetland B, was identified on site. WSDOT and WDFW have provided a preliminary jurisdictional determination for the agricultural ditch, and WSDOT has provided boundary delineations and categorizations for wetlands located on their property off site to the north and east (Herrera 2022). Regulated buffers associated with the off-site ditch and wetland areas partially extend into the Main Development Area (per PMC 21.06). An area mapped as unverified wetland by the City of Puyallup located at Transportation and Utility parcel 0420201104 within the City of Fife was investigated by Anchor QEA biologists in May 2023 and was determined to be an upland area.

#### 3.1 Soils

Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS)-mapped soils are shown in Figure 3. The underlying soils in the Study Area consist of Sultan silt loam and Puyallup fine sandy loam, with Pilchuck fine

sand mapped at the Transportation and Utility parcels to the south (USDA 2024). The NRCS Web Soil Survey (Figure 3; USDA 2024) identifies the following soil series in the vicinity of the Study Area:

- Pilchuck fine sand: This soil is very deep, excessively drained, and formed in recent sandy and gravelly alluvium on floodplains and moderate hill slopes. Pilchuck fine sand is not listed as hydric (USDA 2024). Permeability is very fast, and it has very low water table. Typically, the surface layer to 10 inches is very dark gray fine sand and the subsurface layer to 60 inches is black and very dark gray gravelly sand.
- Puyallup fine sandy loam: This soil is very deep, well drained with high saturated hydraulic conductivity and formed in mixed recent alluvium on floodplains and low stream terraces.
   Puyallup fine sandy loam is not listed as hydric (USDA 2024). Permeability is fast and it has a low water table. Typically, the surface layer to 10 inches is dark brown fine sandy loam and the subsurface layer to 60 inches is very dark grayish brown gravelly sand.
- Sultan silt loam: This soil is very deep, moderately well drained formed in recent alluvium on floodplains. Sultan silt loam is not listed as hydric (USDA 2024). Permeability is moderately slow, and it has a moderately high water table. Typically, the surface layer to 10 inches is very dark grayish brown silt loam and the subsurface layer to 60 inches is olive gray very fine sandy loam stratified with light gray medium sand.

Table 1 summarizes the soil mapping information for the Study Area. Puyallup silt loam, Puyallup fine sandy loam, and Sultan silt loam are not classified as hydric soils. but all three include minor hydric soil inclusions.

Table 1
Soils Mapped Within the Study Area by the NRCS Web Soil Survey

Map Unit	Soil Type Name	Drainage Class	Hydrologic Soil Group <sup>1</sup>	Hydric Soil Rating <sup>2</sup>	Hydric Inclusions <sup>3</sup>	Approx. % of Study Area
29A	Pilchuck silt loam	Excessively drained	А	No	Yes	45%
31A	Puyallup fine sandy loam	Well drained	А	No	Yes	25%
42A	Sultan silt loam	Moderately well drained	C/D	No	Yes	30%

#### Notas:

<sup>1.</sup> Hydrologic soil groups are based on runoff potential according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

i. Group A soils have low runoff potential and high infiltration rates even when thoroughly wetted. They chiefly consist of deep, well- to excessively drained sands or gravels and have a high rate of water transmission.

ii. Group B soils have moderately low runoff potential when thoroughly wet, and water transmission through the soil is unimpeded.

iii. Group C soils have slow infiltration rates when thoroughly wet, caused by either an underlying layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine or fine texture.

- iv. Group D soils have a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet and include soils consisting of clays with high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a clay or claypan layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material.
- 2. Hydric soil rating indicates the components of soil map units that meet the criteria for hydric soils.
- 3. Non-hydric soils may have inclusions of hydric soil in the lower positions on the landform.

# 3.2 Hydrology

The Study Area is located within Water Resource Inventory Area 10, the Puyallup-White Watershed, in the Puyallup subbasin (Hydrologic Unit Code [HUC] 17110014); the Lower Puyallup River Watershed (HUC 1711001405); and the Puyallup River Subwatershed (HUC 171100140502; Ecology 2023). Hydrologic characteristics within the property are influenced primarily by local precipitation, surface water runoff, and a high groundwater table, the areas that drain to the Puyallup River, which originates on Mount Rainier, and Wapato Creek, which is located several thousand feet to the north.

Two streams, Stream 14 and Stream 15, were identified within an off-site WSDOT-owned portion of the Study Area. Both Streams 14 and 15 are categorized as non-fish, perennial waters in WSDOT critical areas reporting (Herrera 2022; WSDOT 2023). One wetland, Wetland A, was identified to the south of the Main Development Area at parcels 0420201008, 0420201114, and 0420201115, and has been delineated and categorized as a Category II wetland (Section 4.2.2). During the Anchor QEA March 2022 field investigation, a small, disturbed area containing ponded water approximately 3 inches deep was identified at the east side of parcel 0420174075. This area has since been delineated and categorized as a Category III wetland (Wetland B; Section 4.2.2). WDFW PHS and SalmonScape data do not identify any freshwater surface stream channels to the Puyallup River or Wapato Creek within the Study Area (WDFW 2024a, 2024b).

#### 3.3 Plant Communities

Some undisturbed native vegetation communities are located within the Study Area, but most of the vegetation is composed of open lawn areas, residential homes, grazing pastures, and paved and gravel roads, with small patches of planted native and ornamental trees and shrubs. The majority of the plantings are shrubs and ground cover species appear to receive regular maintenance. Areas of native vegetation are present within the undeveloped portions of the Transportation and Utility parcels located off site to the south and within the undeveloped portions of the WSDOT-owned parcels off site to the east of the Main Development Area. Photographs of the Study Area are included in Appendix B. Existing plant species within the Study Area are described in Section 4.4.2.

The Pierce County critical area maps (Figure 4; Pierce County 2024), USFWS NWI Wetlands Mapper (Figure 5; USFWS 2024a), and City of Puyallup wetland and stream maps (Figure 5; City of Puyallup 2024b) do not identify any freshwater wetland habitat within the Main Development Area (see

Figures 5, 6, and 7). Anchor QEA biologists did not identify any wetlands in the Main Development Area during the field investigation in October 2021. During the Anchor QEA March 2022 field investigation, Anchor QEA biologists identified and delineated Wetland B in a disturbed area at the east side of parcel 0420174075. Wetland B has since been rated as a Category III emergent, depressional wetland. Additional wetlands information is provided in Section 4.2. Buffers in association with the off-site wetlands and ditch in the WSDOT right-of-way are depicted in Figure 6.

## 4 Critical Areas Assessment

This section describes and assesses critical areas within and near the Study Area as defined per PMC Chapter 21 (City of Puyallup 2024a) and FMC Chapter 17 (City of Fife 2024a) including wetlands, streams, fish and wildlife habitat conservation areas, and frequently flooded areas.

#### 4.1 Methods

To document and describe wetlands, streams, fish and wildlife habitat conservation areas, and frequently flooded areas within the Study Area, Anchor QEA reviewed existing information (Section 1.1) and performed an aerial photograph assessment. Anchor QEA biologists performed critical areas site visits to the Study Area on April 1 and September 28, 2021; March 11, 2022; May 19, 2023; April 12, 2024; and May 17, 2024, as part of the analysis for the Project. The entire Study Area was accessible during the investigation. During the site visits, Anchor QEA biologists documented general information regarding habitats and dominant plant species and communities. Potential wetland features were evaluated according to methods presented in the *U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual* (Environmental Laboratory 1987); the *Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual*: Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region (2010 Regional Supplement; USACE 2010); and *Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States: A Guide for Identifying and Delineating Hydric Soils, Version 8.1, 2017* (USDA and NRCS 2016). Soil colors were classified by their numerical description as identified on a *Munsell Soil Color Chart* (Munsell 2000).

The ordinary high water mark (OHWM) of the streams—located off site in the WSDOT-owned portion of the Study Area to the east of the Main Development Area—was not delineated during the site visits. Additional information about the off-site streams was provided by WSDOT consultants (Herrera 2022; WSDOT 2023). All wildlife species, tracks, and other signs observed during the site visits were documented. These observations were qualitative; no quantitative wildlife surveys were performed. Photographs taken to document vegetation and habitat conditions are included in Appendix B.

This CAR evaluates terrestrial and aquatic habitats and plant communities based on physical observations. Existing information described in WDFW-documented species and priority habitats and ESA-listed species and critical habitats, within and near the Study Area, are also evaluated.

#### 4.2 Wetlands

# 4.2.1 Main Development Area

One on-site wetland (Wetland B) was identified by Anchor QEA biologists at the east side of parcel 0420174075 and within the Main Development Area during the September 2021 and March 2022 site visits and categorized following the May 2023 site visit. Wetland data sheets for two data plots

(DPs) explored during the March 2022 site visits are provided in Appendix C. At DP-13, located at the center and at the lowest elevation of Wetland B, hydric soil and wetland hydrology were identified, but the area had no vegetation. However, during Anchor QEA's May 2023 site visit, it was observed that the previously unvegetated area had been recolonized by typical pasture grasses and other locally common emergent species.

Wetland conditions in this area are not documented by the City of Puyallup sensitive areas maps (City of Puyallup 2024b), Pierce County critical area maps (Figure 4; Pierce County 2024), USFWS NWI data (Figure 5; USFWS 2024a), or WDFW PHS data (WDFW 2024a), and do not identify wetland areas within at least 1,500 feet of the Study Area, except to the south of 19th Avenue Northwest at Transportation and Utility parcels 0420201008 and 0420201114.

Wetland B was previously thought to be regulated as an artificial wetland, based on excavation conducted by the previous landowner prior to the sale in November 2021. While the excavation was intentional, the creation of wetland conditions was not intentional. Ecology has determined that Wetland B will not be treated as an artificial wetland and is therefore regulated by state and local protections. An approved jurisdictional determination request was made to USACE and their decision (USACE 2024) is that "Wetland B is not a water of the U.S. and as such, work that would occur within these areas does not require Department of the Army authorization under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act" because it has no surface water connection to other known waters of the United States, meaning no permit from USACE is required to fill Wetland B.

# 4.2.2 Transportation and Utility Parcels 0420201008, 0420201114 and 0420201115

Transportation and Utility parcels 0420201008, 0420201114, and 042021115, located south of 19th Avenue Northwest and east of Freeman Road East in the City of Puyallup contain Wetland A and associated buffers (Figures 7 and 8). These buffers do not extend onto the Main Development Area north of 19th Avenue Northwest or west of Freeman Road East, because the buffer area is interrupted by the existing 19th Avenue Northwest and Freeman Road East roadways. Regulatory buffers only occur on the same side of an existing roadway as the wetland and do not extend to the opposite side from the sensitive area.

#### 4.2.2.1 Sewer and Water Line Improvements

The Project proposes sewer and water utility lines that will be installed by connecting to and improving existing City of Puyallup public utility lines located within Freeman Road East. The utility lines will be routed south through Freeman Road East and then follow Levee Road East to the east. All sewer and water utility line construction will be located within the Freeman Road East and Levee Road East roadway prisms and within the public right-of-way. During the March 2022, May 2023, and May 2024 site investigations, Anchor QEA conducted additional wetland delineation work at Wetland A,

located east of Freeman Road East and North of Levee Road East, to confirm the utility work would not extend into the Wetland A or Wetland A buffer area. Anchor QEA Wetland A findings are recorded in 11 Wetland Determination Data Forms, and a preliminary rating is provided in Appendix C. The wetland delineation and data plot locations are depicted in Figure 7. Off-site Wetland A buffers will be avoided during construction of sewer and water utilities.

#### 4.2.2.2 Stormwater Line and Facility Construction and Improvement

The Project proposes a new stormwater discharge utility line that will be constructed along Freeman Road East and a portion of Levee Road East between the Main Development Area and an existing stormwater discharge utility line located at Levee Road East. All stormwater utility line construction will be located within the Freeman Road East and Levee Road East roadway prisms and within the public right-of-way. The stormwater utility line design plan will not extend into Wetland A or Wetland A buffer area, and no impacts are anticipated. The existing stormwater line continues east along Levee Road East before ultimately being conveyed into the Puyallup River through an existing 84-inch culvert, located approximately 3/4 of a mile from the proposed discharge connection (Barghausen 2024). The Project also proposes a new stormwater facility located directly under the new road section of Freeman Road East just north of the intersection of Freeman Road East and Levee Road East. The stormwater facility will consist of a trench of clean, drainage rock. Collected stormwater runoff will be treated by proprietary storm filters prior to infiltration. The stormwater facility design plan and will not extend into Wetland A or Wetland A buffer area, alter the Wetland A hydrology, and no impacts are anticipated (Barghausen 2024).

#### 4.2.2.3 Freeman Road, Levee Road and Intersection Improvements

The Project proposes to widen Freeman Road East onto parcel 0420201104 from two 11-foot-wide lanes to two 14-foot-wide lanes. The proposed east edge alignment of Freeman Road East will match the current location (with no impacts to parcel 0420201008), and all widening will occur on the west side of Freeman Road. The roadway widening will not impact Wetland A or the Wetland A buffer.

#### 4.2.2.4 Gas Line Construction

The Project proposes a new Puget Sound Energy gas line that will be constructed along Freeman Road East and Levee Road East between the Main Development Area, and an existing stormwater gas utility line located at Levee Road East. All gas utility line construction will be located within the Freeman Road East and Levee Road East roadway prisms and within the public right-of-way. The gas utility line design will not extend into Wetland A or Wetland A buffer area, and no impacts are anticipated.

# 4.2.3 Transportation and Utility Parcel 0420201104

During the May 2023 site investigation, the full extent of Transportation and Utility parcel 040201104 in the City of Fife was walked by Anchor QEA biologists, and wetland conditions were not observed. Vegetation at Transportation and Utility parcel 040201104 is dominated by black cottonwood (*Populus balsamifera*), common snowberry (*Symphoricarpos albus*), osoberry (*Oemleria cerasiformis*), stinging nettle (*Urtica dioica*), Himalayan blackberry (*Rubus armeniacus*), and Japanese knotweed (*Reynoutria japonica*). Although the City of Fife (2024b) maps no wetlands on this parcel, the City of Puyallup maps a small low-lying portion near the southwest corner of parcel 040201104 as an unverified wetland (City of Puyallup 2024b). Anchor QEA biologists established DP-12 at this location (Figure 7) during the growing season and determined that hydrophytic vegetation was present, but that hydric soils and wetland hydrology were absent, meaning the area is not a wetland. A Wetland Determination Data Form for this location is included in Appendix C, and Site Photography is provided in Appendix B.

# 4.2.4 Transportation and Utility Parcel 0420174032

The Third-Party Review Report (Confluence 2022) also indicates an additional off-site wetland located to the northwest of the Main Development Area on the western edge of Freeman Road East at parcel 0420174032. Because Anchor QEA did not have permission to access the property, no delineation or rating information is provided in this report. A review of historical aerial imagery and observations from Freeman Road East made during the March 2022, May 2023, and April 2024 site investigations support the likely presence of wetlands at this location. The wetlands may cover much of the central portion of the parcel, and it likely contains PM1C and PSS1C Cowardin components. Any wetland buffers associated with this wetland are interrupted by Freeman Road East, which lies between the off-site wetland and the Main Development Area, and 48th Street East which would interrupt any wetland buffer at the northern edge of the existing roadway.

# 4.2.5 WSDOT-Owned Parcels 0420178009, 0420201110, 0420201111, 0420174028, and 0420174054

WSDOT provided documentation that show four off-site wetlands, identified as Wetland 87, Wetland 89, Wetland 93, and Wetland 146/148, located to the north and east of the Main Development Area at parcels 0420178009, 0420201110, 0420201111, 0420174028, 0420174054 and within the WSDOT right-of-way (Herrera 2022; WSDOT 2023; Figure 6). Wetland 87 is located east of Main Development Area parcel 0420205016 on WSDOT-owned parcel 0420201110. Wetland 89 is located on WSDOT-owned parcel 0420201111 and is about 300 feet directly east of Main Development Area parcel 0420201027. Wetland 93 is an emergent wetland within an agricultural field located northeast of Main Development Area parcel 0420174075 and covers much of WSDOT-owned parcel 0420178009. Wetland 146/148 is located north of Main Development Area parcel 0420174075 and covers the

southern portion of WSDOT-owned parcels 0420174028 and 0420174054. Rating and buffer information for Wetlands 87, 89, 93, and 146/148 is provided in Section 5.2.3, and rating forms and figures are provided in Appendix C.

#### 4.3 Streams

No streams, drainage channels, seeps, or associated riparian habitats were observed by Anchor QEA biologists within the Main Development Area during the 2021, 2022, 2023, and 2024 site visits. Additionally, WDFW PHS data (WDFW 2024a), SalmonScape data (WDFW 2024b), and City of Puyallup sensitive areas maps (City of Puyallup 2024b) do not identify any stream channels other than the Puyallup River within 2,000 feet of the Study Area. Pierce County critical area maps (Pierce County 2024) identify Wapato Creek north of the Study Area and the Puyallup River south of the Main Development Area, but they are not located within the Study Area and will not be affected by the Project.

Two streams (Streams 14 and 15) are located adjacent to the Main Development Area within the off-site WSDOT-owned parcels 0420174028, 0420178009, 0420201110, and 0420201111. They appear to be artificially created linear features that join off site to the east of Main Development Area parcel 0420174075. The combined stream (Stream 15) drains from the southeast to the northwest, turns to the west, crosses Freeman Road East, then flows through City of Fife parcels 0420174032, 0420174031, 0420174015, and 0420174707. Anchor QEA's review of the preliminary WSDOT State Route 167 Completion Project critical area assessment indicates that Streams 14 and 15 will be regulated as Type III streams protected by 50-foot-wide buffers, per PMC Chapter 21 (City of Puyallup 2024a), which will partially project onto parcel 0420174075 and 0420205016. For the purposes of this assessment, a 50-foot-wide stream buffer has been applied to the off-site Streams 14 and 15. Preliminary mitigation planning for the WSDOT State Route 167 Completion Project provided in Appendix D indicates that the streams will be relocated further to the east within the WSDOT-owned parcels and that the riparian buffer areas will no longer project into the Main Development Area parcels (WSDOT 2023).

The City of Puyallup and Third-Party Review Reports (Confluence Environmental Group 2022, 2024a) indicated in previous comments that a potential stream or ditch was present along the west side of Freeman Road on or adjacent to parcel 0420174032. During the May 2023 and April 2024 site visits, Anchor QEA biologists inspected this area and found no evidence of an OHWM or other indicators that suggested the presence of flowing water along the west side of Freeman Road East. The area includes a narrow swale at lower elevation, but this does not necessarily qualify as a stream.

#### 4.4 Fish and Wildlife Habitat Conservation Areas

Per PMC 21.06.210 fish and wildlife habitat conservation areas are areas that serve a critical role in sustaining needed habitats and species for the functional integrity of the ecosystem, and which, if

altered, may reduce the likelihood that the species will persist over the long term. These areas may include, but are not limited to, rare or vulnerable ecological systems, communities, and habitat or habitat elements including seasonal ranges, breeding habitat, winter range, and movement corridors, and areas with high relative population density or species richness. These areas also include locally important habitats and species as determined by the City of Puyallup. These areas do not include such artificial features or constructs as irrigation delivery systems, irrigation infrastructure, irrigation canals, or drainage ditches that lie within the boundaries of and are maintained by a port district or an irrigation district, unless these features are documented as being used by salmonids for habitat.

#### 4.4.1 Streams

Streams 14 and 15 are located outside of the Main Development Area off site to the north, east, and southeast of parcel 0420174075. The preliminary WSDOT State Route 167 Completion Project critical area assessment indicates that Streams 14 and 15 are degraded ditches with poor riparian buffer conditions that convey water through off-site WSDOT-owned parcels 0420201111, 0420201110, 0420178009, and 0420174028, from the southeast to the northwest, where the combined stream then crosses Freeman Road and flows to the west through City of Fife parcels 0420174032, 0420174031, 0420174015, and 0420174707. Instream conditions in Streams 14 and 15 are poor with a lack of channel complexity and substrate dominated by mud and silt. WDFW fish passage data indicates that a culvert crossing beneath Freeman Road East about 650 feet downstream of Streams 14 and 15 prevents fish passage onto the WSDOT-owned parcels in the vicinity of the Study Area (WDFW 2021; Herrera 2022). The preliminary WSDOT State Route 167 Completion Project critical area assessment indicates that Streams 14 and 15 are Type III Streams and are protected by a standard 50-foot-wide buffer per PMC 21.06.1050. A 3,447-square-foot portion of Stream 14 and 15 buffers extends onto the Main Development Area parcel 0420174075 and 0420205016.

# 4.4.2 Vegetation

Some undisturbed native vegetation communities are located within the Study Area. Areas of native vegetation occur east and south of the Main Development Area. Native plant species observed include black cottonwood (*Populus balsamifera*), red alder (*Alnus rubra*), red osier dogwood (*Cornus sericea*), Oregon ash (*Fraxinus latifolia*), Pacific crabapple (*Malus fusca*), common snowberry (*Symphoricarpos albus*), Nootka rose (*Rosa nutkana*), salal (*Gaultheria shallon*), northern bracken fern (*Pteridium aquilinum*), and field horsetail (*Equisetum arvense*). Many invasive species or noxious weeds were also noted as present, including include English ivy (*Hedera helix*), English holly (*Ilex aquifolium*), Himalayan blackberry (*Rubus armeniacus*), evergreen blackberry (*Rubus laciniatus*), Canada thistle (*Cirsium arvense*), and reed canary grass (*Phalarais arundinacea*).

Areas located west of the fence line in the agricultural pastures included varieties of *Agrostis* and *Fescue* grasses, which appeared to be regularly mowed or were previously grazed by sheep and llamas. Photographs of vegetation in the Study Area are included in Appendix B.

### 4.4.3 Wildlife and Habitat

The majority of the Study Area includes a managed landscape with mowed grass and ornamental vegetation. Potential habitat is limited to the small patches of native vegetation along the eastern and southern property boundaries. Wildlife use of the terrestrial habitat is likely dominated by disturbance-tolerant species typical of urban areas. Habitat surrounding the Study Area includes fragmented and disturbed areas associated with residential and industrial development. Wildlife species observed during the site visits included bird species common in urban areas of Pierce County, including crows (*Corvus brachyrhynchos*), house sparrows (*Passer domesticus*), and gull species (*Larus* spp.). No amphibian, reptile, or mammal species; tracks or other signs were observed during the site visits.

The Study Area hydrology provides limited habitat for aquatic species. The habitat within Wetland B and Streams 14 and 15 located on the WSDOT-owned parcels north and east of the Main Development Area are dominated by shallow standing water with little to no noticeable flow, degraded riparian areas and do not provide habitat for salmonid species due to a downstream culvert crossing at Freeman Road East that blocks fish passage further upstream.

Streams 14 and 15 are regulated as Type III streams because they are not used by anadromous fish (no fish species have been documented in the streams; WDFW 2021; Herrera 2022; WSDOT 2023) and it is wider than 2 feet. According to PMC 21.06.1050, Type III, streams require buffers of 50 feet.

# 4.4.4 Priority Species and Habitats

The WDFW PHS data (WDFW 2024a) do not document occurrences of any terrestrial species or priority habitats in the Study Area. No fish species have been documented in off-site Streams 14 and 15 according to the WDFW PHS and SalmonScape (WDFW 2024b) websites.

## 4.4.4.1 ESA-Listed Species and Critical Habitat

The assessment for ESA-listed species and critical habitats for this Project was performed based on data provided for the Study Area. The following subsections describe ESA-listed species and critical habitats that may occur in the vicinity of the Study Area.

ESA-listed species and critical habitats under NMFS and USFWS jurisdiction in Western Washington are referenced on the agencies' websites. NMFS identifies ESA-listed species that occur or may occur within a broad geographic area, such as an evolutionarily significant unit or a distinct population

segment, rather than a project-specific location (NMFS 2024). The USFWS identifies ESA-listed species that occur or may occur within a specific location where a project is proposed (USFWS 2024b).

#### 4.4.4.2 Federally Listed Species That May Occur in the Study Area

The May 2024 status of federally listed species and critical habitats protected under the ESA that occur or may occur within the Study Area is presented in Table 2. As shown in Table 2, three ESA-listed bird species occur or may occur within the Study Area. One ESA candidate insect species is identified as potentially occurring within the Study Area. Four ESA-listed fish species are present in the nearby Puyallup River: steelhead trout (*Oncorhynchus mykiss*), Chinook salmon (*O. tshawytscha*), bull trout (*Salvelinus confluentus*), and Dolly Varden (*S. malma*). All four have designated critical habitat in the Puyallup River. However, these species do not occur or are very unlikely to occur in the Study Area based on the species' life history and habitat requirements. Fish species listed in Table 2 are located within the Puyallup River but not in off-site Streams 14 and 15. These species would not be susceptible to impacts related to construction, as no in-water work is proposed, but they are relevant considering the Project is located within the Puyallup River floodplain. No ESA-listed plant or mammal species are identified as potentially occurring within the Study Area.

Table 2
Federally Listed Species That May Occur in Study Area

Species	Status	Agency	Critical Habitat
Birds			
Marbled murrelet ( <i>Brachyramphus marmoratus</i> )	Threatened	USFWS	Designated (does not include Study Area)
Streaked horned lark ( <i>Eremophila alpestris</i> strigata)	Threatened	USFWS	Designated (does not include Study Area)
Yellow-billed cuckoo (Cocczyus americanus)	Threatened	USFWS	Designated (does not include Study Area)
Insects			
Monarch butterfly (Danaus plexippus)	Candidate	USFWS	Not designated
Fish			
Steelhead trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	Threatened	NMFS	Designated – Puyallup River
Chinook salmon ( <i>Oncorhynchus</i> tshawytscha)	Threatened	NMFS	Designated – Puyallup River
Bull trout (Salvelinus malma/S. confluentus)	Threatened	USFWS	Designated – Puyallup River
Dolly Varden (S. malma/S. confluentus)	Threatened	USFWS	Designated – Puyallup River

Marbled murrelets are more commonly associated with marine habitat instead of the freshwater habitat in the Study Area. The urbanized and industrial areas within the Study Area are unfavorable to marbled murrelets, streaked horned larks, and yellow-billed cuckoos.

# 4.5 Special Flood Hazard Areas

The Puyallup River flows approximately 1,200 feet south of the Main Development Area, south of North Levee Road East. The Study Area is located within the 100-year floodplain of the Puyallup River within Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Flood Zone AE (FEMA 1999). The base flood elevation (BFE) for the Puyallup River is 33 feet North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88); however, the levee along North Levee Road East is not officially certified, meaning the floodplain is mapped as extending onto the Study Area. Per PMC 21.07, the floodplain within the Study Area is a special flood hazard area and a habitat assessment has been prepared by a qualified professional to evaluate the effects and/or indirect effects of the proposed development (during both construction and operation) on floodplain functions. Section 6.3 of this report includes this assessment and documents that the proposed development will not result in impacts to any species listed as threatened or endangered under the ESA.

## 5 Wetland Delineation

Anchor QEA wetland scientists performed wetland delineation field work on March 11, 2022; May 19, 2023; and May 17, 2024. One wetland was delineated off site: Wetland A, a Category II emergent, scrub-shrub and forested depressional wetland located to the south of 19th Avenue Northwest, east of Freeman Road East, and north of Levee Road East. One wetland was delineated on site: Wetland B, a Category III emergent depressional wetland located on the eastern portion of parcel 0420174075. Following Anchor QEA's review of the Third-Party Review Reporting (Confluence Environmental Group 2022; 2024a) and WSDOT mitigation plans (WSDOT 2023), Anchor QEA also identified five other off-site wetlands, with four delineated on the WSDOT-owned properties to the north and east and one possible, unstudied wetland located to the west of Freeman Road East on parcel 0420174032. Figure 6 provides a preliminary depiction of the off-site wetlands and how their anticipated buffers may extend onto the Main Development Area portion of the Study Area. The possible wetlands located to the west of Freeman Road East on parcel 0420174032 and on either side of 78th Avenue East are not discussed further because they have not been delineated or categorized, and because any associated buffer is interrupted by the existing Freeman Road East, 48th Avenue East, and 78th Avenue East roadways.

The following sections describe the methodology and results of the wetland delineations. Critical areas figures are attached to this CAR, including wetland delineation results in Figures 6 and 7. Site photos are included in Appendix B, wetland determination data forms and wetland rating forms are provided in Appendix C.

# 5.1 Methodology

This section describes the methodology used to perform the wetland delineation, including a review of existing information and field investigation procedures. These methods are consistent with current federal and state agency requirements, as well as local jurisdiction requirements, for performing wetland delineations and identifying protective wetland buffer widths.

Field work was conducted according to methods presented in the *U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual* (Environmental Laboratory 1987); 2010 Regional Supplement (USACE 2010); and *Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States: A Guide for Identifying and Delineating Hydric Soils, Version 8.1, 2017* (USDA and NRCS 2016). Soil colors were classified by their numerical description as identified on a *Munsell Soil Color Chart* (Munsell 2000).

The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers defines wetlands as follows:

Those areas that are inundated or saturated by surface or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for

life in saturated soil conditions. Wetlands generally include swamps, marshes, bogs, and similar areas. (Environmental Laboratory 1987)

The method for delineating wetlands is based on the presence of three parameters: hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils, and wetland hydrology. Hydrophytic vegetation is "the macrophytic plant life that occurs in areas where the frequency and duration of inundation or soil saturation produce permanently or periodically saturated soils of sufficient duration to exert a controlling influence on the plant species present" (Environmental Laboratory 1987). Hydric soils are "formed under conditions of saturation, flooding, or ponding long enough during the growing season to develop anaerobic conditions in the upper part" (Environmental Laboratory 1987). Wetland hydrology "encompasses all hydrologic characteristics of areas that are periodically inundated or have soils saturated to the surface for a sufficient duration during the growing season" (Ecology 1997). Data collection methods for each of these parameters are described in the following subsections.

A total of 14 DPs were sampled and recorded. Vegetation, soils, and hydrology information were collected at each of the plots and recorded on field data sheets (Appendix C). Wetland boundaries were determined based upon plot data and visual observations of the wetland. The wetland location, wetland boundary, and DP locations were flagged and recorded by Anchor QEA wetland scientists using a Trimble Geo7x GPS unit.

# 5.1.1 Vegetation

Plant species occurring in each plot were recorded on field data forms, with one data form per plot. Percent cover for each plant species was estimated in the plot, and dominant plant species were identified. At each plot, trees within a 30-foot radius, shrubs and saplings within a 15-foot radius, and herb and forb species within a 5-foot radius from the center of the plot were identified and recorded. Plant indicator status was determined using the National Wetland Plant List: 2016 Wetland Ratings (Lichvar et al. 2016), and a determination was made as to whether the vegetation in the plot was hydrophytic. To meet the hydrophytic parameter, more than 50% of the dominant species, with 20% or greater cover, must have an indicator of obligate wetland (OBL), facultative wetland (FACW), or facultative (FAC). Table 3 shows the definitions for each wetland indicator status category.

Table 3
Wetland Plant Indicator Status Definitions

Indicator Status	Description
Obligate Wetland (OBL)	Plant species occur almost always in wetlands (estimated probability greater than 99%) under natural conditions.
Facultative Wetland (FACW)	Plant species usually occur in wetlands (estimated probability 67% to 99%) but are occasionally found in non-wetlands.

Indicator Status	Description
Facultative (FAC)	Plant species are equally likely to occur in wetlands or non-wetlands (estimated probability 34% to 66%).
Facultative Upland (FACU)	Plant species usually occur in non-wetlands (estimated probability 67% to 99%) but are occasionally found in wetlands.
Obligate Upland (UPL)	Plant species occur almost always in non-wetlands (estimated probability greater than 99%) under natural conditions.

Source: Reed 1988

#### 5.1.2 Soils

Soils were sampled in each plot and evaluated for hydric soil indicators. Soil pits were dug to a depth of 18 inches, unless a restrictive layer was present. Hydric soil indicators include low soil matrix chroma, gleying, and redoximorphic (redox) features. Redox features are spots of contrasting color that occur within the soil matrix (the predominant soil color). Gleyed soils are predominantly bluish, greenish, or grayish in color.

# 5.1.3 Hydrology

Wetland hydrology was evaluated at each plot to determine whether it "encompasses all hydrologic characteristics of areas that are periodically inundated or have soils saturated to the surface for a sufficient duration during the growing season" (Ecology 1997). Field observations of saturation, inundation, and other indicators of wetland hydrology, such as water-stained leaves and drainage patterns in wetlands, were recorded.

# 5.1.4 Wetland Community Types

Wetland community types are discussed according to the USFWS classification developed by Cowardin et al. (1979) for use in the NWI (Cowardin system). This system, published in 1979 by a team of USFWS scientists led by L.M. Cowardin, bases the classification of wetlands on their physical characteristics, such as the general type of vegetation in the wetland (e.g., trees, shrubs, grass) and how much, and where, water is present in the wetland. The Cowardin system provides a classification for every known wetland type that occurs throughout the United States, and under this system a wetland can be classified as having one or more wetland community types. The community types found during this investigation included the following:

- **Palustrine emergent (PEM):** These wetlands have erect, rooted, herbaceous vegetation present for most of the growing season in most years.
- **Palustrine scrub-shrub (PSS):** These wetlands have 30% cover of woody vegetation that is less than 20 feet high.
- **Palustrine forested (PFO):** These wetlands have at least 30% cover of woody vegetation that is at least 20 feet high.

# 5.1.5 Wetland Ratings

Wetland ratings were determined using the most current version of the *Washington State Wetland Rating System for Western Washington: 2014 Update* (Washington rating system; Hruby 2014) and according to the City of Puyallup wetland rating criteria, as defined in the PMC. The Washington rating system was updated by Ecology as of January 1, 2015.

The system developed by Ecology is used to differentiate wetlands based on their sensitivity to disturbance, their significance in the watershed, their rarity, our ability to replace them, and the beneficial functions they provide to society. The Washington rating system requires the user to collect specific information about the wetland in a step-by-step process. Three major functions are analyzed: water quality improvement, hydrologic functions, and wildlife habitat. Ratings are based on a point system, where points are given if a wetland meets specific criteria related to the wetland's potential and opportunity to provide certain benefits.

Per the Washington rating system, wetlands are categorized according to the following criteria and associated point system where points are awarded to three functional value categories (water quality improvement, hydrologic functions, and habitat):

- **Category I wetlands** (23 or more points) represent a unique or rare wetland type, are more sensitive to disturbance, or are relatively undisturbed and contain ecological attributes that are impossible to replace within a human lifetime.
- **Category II wetlands** (20 to 22 points) are difficult, though not impossible, to replace and provide high levels of some functions.
- Category III wetlands (16 to 19 points) have moderate levels of functions. They have been disturbed in some ways and are often less diverse or more isolated from other natural resources in the landscape than Category II wetlands.
- **Category IV wetlands** (less than 16 points) have the lowest levels of functions and are often heavily disturbed.

PMC classifies wetlands into four categories (categories I, II, III, and IV) based on the Washington rating system.

#### 5.1.6 Wetlands Function Assessment

The functions of wetlands were rated according to the Washington rating system. Using this system, wetlands were rated based on points awarded to three categories of functions: water quality, hydrologic functions, and wildlife habitat. Detailed scoring, based on Washington wetland rating forms, is provided in Appendix C.

# 5.1.7 State Hydrogeomorphic Classification System

Scientists have come to understand that wetlands can perform functions in different ways. The way a wetland functions depends to a large degree on hydrologic and geomorphic conditions. To recognize these differences among wetlands, a way to group or classify them has been developed. This classification system, called the hydrogeomorphic (HGM) classification, groups wetlands into categories based on the geomorphic and hydrologic characteristics that control many functions.

The Washington rating system incorporates the HGM classification as part of the questionnaire for characterizing a wetland's functions. The Washington rating system uses only the highest grouping in the HGM classification: wetland class. Wetland classes are based on geomorphic settings, such as riverine, slope, lake fringe, or depressional. A classification key is provided within the rating form to help identify which of the following HGM classifications apply to the wetland: riverine, depressional, slope, lake fringe, tidal fringe, or flats.

#### 5.2 Results

Anchor QEA wetland scientists delineated one wetland (Wetland A; off site) and one wetland (Wetland B; on site) within the Study Area (Figure 7). These wetlands are summarized in Tables 4 and 5 and described in more detail in the following subsections. Site photographs showing these features are included in Appendix B. Wetland determination data forms and wetland rating forms are provided in Appendix C.

Table 4
Wetlands Delineated by Anchor QEA Within the Study Area

				Total Wetland Area	
Wetland	Cowardin Class <sup>1</sup>	HGM Class	Category	Square Feet	Acres
А	PEM1C, PSS1C PFO1C	Depressional	II	468,674	10.76
В	PEM1C	Depressional	III	1,218	0.03

Note:

For the Washington rating system, a low, moderate, or high rating is based on three functions: improving water quality, hydrologic, and habitat. Within each of these three functions are three subfunction categories: site potential, landscape potential, and value. Each of these subfunction categories is rated as low, moderate, or high. Wetland functions and scores for Wetland A and Wetland B using the Washington rating system are shown in Table 5. The Washington wetland rating forms are provided in Appendix C.

<sup>1.</sup> PEM1C: palustrine, emergent, persistent, seasonally flooded; PSS1: palustrine, scrub-shrub, persistent, seasonally flooded: PFO1C: palustrine, forested, persistent, seasonally flooded

Table 5
Summary of Scores for Wetland Functions and Values

Wetland and Function	Improving Water Quality	Hydrologic	Habitat	Total Functions Score <sup>1</sup>	Washington State Rating	Puyallup Rating		
	Off-Site Wetland A							
Site Potential	Moderate	High	Moderate					
Landscape Potential	Moderate	High	Low					
Value	High	High	High					
Score Based on Rating <sup>1</sup>	7	9	6	22	П	II		
		On-	Site Wetland B					
Site Potential	Moderate	Moderate	Low					
Landscape Potential	Moderate	Moderate	Low					
Value	High	High	High					
Score Based on Rating <sup>1</sup>	7	7	5	19	III	III		

Notes:

Potential total score per function is 9, for a potential total score of 27.

The following sections describe the wetlands identified during Anchor QEA's field investigations and wetland delineation. The wetland is classified and rated according to the Cowardin system and the Washington rating system.

#### 5.2.1 Wetland A

Wetland A is 10.76 acres (468,674 square feet) with PEM, PSS, and PFO vegetation classes and has a depressional HGM classification. The approximate wetland position is mapped on Pierce County's PublicGIS wetland inventory (Figure 4; Pierce County 2024). In March 2022, Anchor QEA biologists provided an additional delineation along the northern and eastern boundaries of Wetland A. In May 2023 and May 2024, Anchor QEA biologists provided additional delineations along the western and southern boundaries and the current extent was confirmed (Figure 7).

### 5.2.1.1 Vegetation

Wetland A is dominated by forest vegetation species such as black cottonwood (*Populus trichocarpa*; FAC), red alder (*Alnus rubra*; FAC), Oregon ash (*Fraxinus latifolia*; FACW), and red osier dogwood (*cornus sericea*; FACW), interspersed with a few patches of Himalayan blackberry (*Rubus armeniacus*; FAC). Other species found along the edge of the wetland include Sitka spruce (*Picea sitchensis*; FAC), osoberry (*Oemleria cerasiformis*; FACU), snowberry (*Symphoricarpos albus*; FACU), red current (*Ribes* 

sanguineum; FACU), salmonberry (*Rubus spectabilis*; FAC), and common ivy (*Hedera helix*; FACU). Wetland A Cowardin vegetation classes are presented in Appendix C.

Overall, the vegetation in Wetland A meets the dominance test for hydrophytic vegetation indicator and satisfies the hydrophytic vegetation criteria of the 2010 Regional Supplement (USACE 2010).

#### 5.2.1.2 Soils

Soils in Wetland A are mapped as Pilchuck fine sand, a soil type that is classified as hydric. The soils observed in Wetland A were generally dark at the surface, with a depleted matrix below and redoximorphic features increasing with depth. Upon inspection, the predominant textures were confirmed to be silt loam and sandy loam.

Overall, soil samples met the Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) hydric soil indicator, satisfying the hydric soil criteria of the 2010 Regional Supplement.

#### 5.2.1.3 Hydrology

Wetland hydrology was confirmed in Wetland A at two data points by surface water (A1), high water table (A2), saturation (A3), inundation visible on aerial imagery (B7), sparsely vegetated concave surface (B8), and water-stained leaves (B9). The primary water regimes of Wetland A were determined to be permanently flooded, seasonally flooded, and saturated.

#### 5.2.1.4 Boundary Determination

The wetland and upland boundaries of Wetland A were determined by an abrupt change in topography and the presence of hydric soils, wetland hydrology, and hydrophytic vegetation. To confirm the current Wetland A extent, Anchor QEA biologists delineated the northern and eastern wetland boundaries in March 2022 and the southern and western boundaries of Wetland A were delineated in May 2023 and May 2024.

#### 5.2.1.5 Wetland Functions Scores and Rating

Wetland A is rated as a Category II wetland, with a score of seven for water quality functions, a score of nine for hydrologic functions, and a score of six for habitat functions. The ratings are discussed in more detail in the following sections, and the wetland rating form for Wetland A is provided in Appendix C.

#### *5.2.1.5.1 Water Quality Functions*

Wetland A has moderate function for improving water quality site potential, moderate function for landscape potential components, and high function for the value component based on the Washington rating system. Contributing factors to this functional rating include that the wetland is in a depression with no surface water leaving it (no outlet), persistent ungrazed plants covering more

than 50% of the wetland, the absence of septic systems within 250 feet, and the presence of a 303(d)-listed aquatic resource within the subbasin.

#### 5.2.1.5.2 Hydrologic Functions

Wetland A has high hydrologic functions for site potential, landscape potential, and value based on the Washington rating system. Factors that contribute to this functional rating include marks of ponding greater than 3 feet deep, intensive land uses within the subbasin, stormwater discharging directly into the wetland, and surface flooding problems in a subbasin immediately downgradient from the wetland.

#### 5.2.1.5.3 Habitat Functions

Wetland A has moderate, low, and high habitat functions for site potential, landscape potential, and value, respectively, based on the Washington rating system. Factors that contribute to this functional rating include: the presence of three Cowardin plant classes and three hydroperiods; large, downed woody debris; standing snags; stable steep banks of fine material; thin-stemmed persistent plants for amphibian habitat; adjacent high land use intensity; and the lack of nearby undisturbed habitat.

#### 5.2.2 Wetland B

Wetland B is 0.03 acre (1,218 square feet) with PEM vegetation and has a depressional HGM classification (Figure 7). The approximate wetland position is not mapped on Pierce County's PublicGIS wetland inventory (Pierce County 2024) or on the USFWS NWI (Figure 5; USFWS 2024a). In May 2023 Anchor QEA biologists provided an additional delineation and confirmed the current wetland extent.

#### 5.2.2.1 Vegetation

Wetland B is dominated by emergent vegetation species including pasture grasses (*Agrostis and Fescue species*; assumed FAC).

Overall, the vegetation in Wetland A meets the dominance test hydrophytic vegetation indicator and satisfies the hydrophytic vegetation criteria of the 2010 Regional Supplement (USACE 2010).

#### 5.2.2.2 Soils

Soils in Wetland B are mapped as Sultan silt loam, a soil type that is not classified as hydric. The soils observed in Wetland B were found to have a depleted matrix below and redoximorphic features increasing with depth. Upon inspection, the predominant textures were confirmed to be silt loam.

Overall, soil samples met the depleted matrix (F3) hydric soil indicator, satisfying the hydric soil criteria of the 2010 Regional Supplement.

#### 5.2.2.3 Hydrology

Wetland hydrology was confirmed in Wetland B at one data point by surface water (A1), and saturation (A3). The primary water regimes of Wetland B were determined to be seasonally flooded, and saturated. Wetland B shares no permanent or continuous connection to other surface water features.

#### 5.2.2.4 Boundary Determination

The wetland and upland boundaries of Wetland B were determined the presence of hydric soils, wetland hydrology, and hydrophytic vegetation.

#### 5.2.2.5 Wetland Functions Scores and Rating

Wetland B is rated as a Category III wetland, with a score of seven for water quality functions, a score of seven for hydrologic functions, and a score of five for habitat functions. The ratings are discussed in more detail in the following sections, and the wetland rating form for Wetland B is provided in Appendix C.

#### 5.2.2.5.1 Water Quality Functions

Wetland B has moderate, moderate, and high water quality functions based on the Washington rating system for site potential, landscape potential, and value, respectively. Contributing factors to this functional rating the wetland's position within a depression with no surface water leaving it (no outlet), persistent ungrazed plants covering more than 50% of the wetland, the absence of septic systems within 150 feet, and the presence of a 303(d)-listed aquatic resources within the subbasin.

#### 5.2.2.5.2 Hydrologic Functions

Wetland B has moderate, moderate, and high hydrologic functions based on the Washington rating system for site potential, landscape potential, and value, respectively. Factors that contribute to this functional rating include marks of ponding less than 6 inches deep, the relatively small size of the contributing basin, a lack of stormwater discharging directly into the wetland, and surface flooding problems in a subbasin immediately downgradient from the wetland.

#### 5.2.2.5.3 Habitat Functions

Wetland B has low, low, and high habitat functions based on the Washington rating system for site potential, landscape potential, and value, respectively. Factors that contribute to this functional rating include: the presence of a single Cowardin plant classes and two hydroperiods; the absence of downed woody debris, standing snags, stable steep banks of fine material and thin-stemmed persistent plants for amphibian habitat; low richness of plant species and interspersion of habitat, adjacent high land use intensity; and the lack of nearby undisturbed habitat.

#### 5.2.3 WSDOT-Owned Parcel Wetlands

Four wetlands, identified as Wetland 87, Wetland 89, Wetland 93, and Wetland 146/148 (Figure 6), were delineated by WSDOT consultants on the WSDOT-owned parcels (Herrera 2022; WSDOT 2023). Wetland 87 is located southwest of the confluence of Stream 14 and Stream 15 at the northeast portion of parcel 0420201110. WSDOT consultants assigned Wetland 87 a Category III rating with a habitat score of six points. Wetland 89, located directly north of 19th Avenue Northwest, was assigned a Category II rating by WSDOT consultants with a habitat score of five points. Wetland 93 is located north of Stream 14 and east of Stream 15 and covers much of parcel 0420178009. WSDOT consultants assigned Wetland 93 a Category III rating with a habitat score of four points. Wetland 146/148 is located south of Stream 15 at the southern portion of parcels 0420174028 and 0420174054. WSDOT consultants assigned Wetland 146/148 a Category III rating with a habitat score of four points. Table 6 provides a summary of the off-site WSDOT wetland information.

Table 6
Off-Site WSDOT Wetlands

				Total Wetland Area	
Wetland	Cowardin Class <sup>1</sup>	HGM Class	Category	<b>Square Feet</b>	Acres
WL87	PSS, PFO	Depressional	III	2,745	0.63
WL89	PSS	Depressional	II	5,645	0.13
WL93	PEM	Depressional	III	293,494	6.74
WL146/148	PEM, PSS	Depressional	III	22,128	0.53

Note:

For the Washington rating system, a low, moderate, or high rating is based on three functions: improving water quality, hydrologic, and habitat. Within each of these three functions are three subfunction categories: site potential, landscape potential, and value. Each of these subfunction categories is rated as low, moderate, or high. Wetland functions and scores for Wetlands 87, 89, 93, and 146/148 using the Washington rating system are shown in Table 7. The Washington wetland rating forms provided by WSDOT consultants are included in Appendix C.

**Table 7 Summary of Scores for WSDOT Wetland Functions and Values** 

Wetland and Function	Improving Water Quality	Hydrologic	Habitat	Total Functions Score <sup>1</sup>	Washington State Rating	Puyallup Rating		
	Wetland 87							
Site Potential	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate					

<sup>1.</sup> PEM: palustrine, emergent wetland; PSS: palustrine, scrub-shrub wetland; PFO: palustrine, forested wetland.

Wetland and Function	Improving Water Quality	Hydrologic	Habitat	Total Functions Score <sup>1</sup>	Washington State Rating	Puyallup Rating	
Landscape Potential	Moderate	Moderate	Low				
Value	High	Moderate	High				
Score Based on Rating <sup>1</sup>	7	7	6	19	III	III	
		,	Wetland 89				
Site Potential	Moderate	Moderate	Low				
Landscape Potential	High	High	Low				
Value	High	Moderate	High				
Score Based on Rating <sup>1</sup>	8	7	5	20	II	II	
			Wetland 93				
Site Potential	Low	Moderate	Low				
Landscape Potential	High	High	Low				
Value	High	Moderate	Moderate				
Score Based on Rating <sup>1</sup>	7	7	4	18	III	III	
	Wetland 146/148						
Site Potential	Moderate	Low	Low				
Landscape Potential	High	High	Low				
Value	High	Moderate	Moderate				
Score Based on Rating <sup>1</sup>	8	6	4	18	III	III	

Note:

Potential total score per function is 9, for a potential total score of 27.

## 5.3 Puyallup Wetland Buffer Guidance

Required wetland buffers have been identified according to the current PMC. PMC 21.06.930 identifies minimum protective buffer widths for wetlands based on the Ecology habitat rating score, per the Washington rating system, level of function for habitat and water quality improvement, and land use intensity.

Per PMC 21.06.930 2 (C), the minimum proposed buffer width for a Category II wetland with a high land use intensity on the upland side of the buffer, low level for habitat function (less than six points) and high level of function for water quality improvement (eight to nine points) is 100 feet, measured

from the wetland boundary as delineated in the field. Therefore, the proposed buffer width for Wetland 89 is 100 feet. The Wetland 89 buffer does not project onto the Main Development Area (Figure 6).

Per PMC 21.06.930 2 (C), the minimum proposed buffer width for a Category II wetland with a moderate habitat score of six to seven points and high land use intensity on the upland side of the buffer is 150 feet. Therefore, the proposed buffer width for Wetland A is 150 feet. However, any Wetland A buffer that may project onto the Main Development Area is interrupted by an existing roadway (19th Avenue Northwest) that lies between Wetland A and the Main Development Area. The Wetland 93 buffer partially projects onto the Main Development Area and is not interrupted by a roadway or other existing development (Figure 6).

Per PMC 21.06.930 2 (D), the minimum proposed buffer width for a Category III wetland with a habitat score of less than six points and high land use intensity on the upland side of the buffer is 80 feet, measured from the wetland boundary as delineated in the field. Therefore, the proposed buffer width for Wetland B, Wetland 93, and Wetland 146/148 is 80 feet.

Per PMC 21.06.930 2 (D), the minimum proposed buffer width for a Category III wetland with a moderate habitat score of six to seven points, and high land use intensity on the upland side of the buffer is 150 feet. Therefore, the proposed buffer width for Wetland 87 is 150 feet. The Wetland 87 buffer partially projects onto the Main Development Area and is not interrupted by a roadway or other existing development (Figure 6).

Table 8 provides a summary of wetland functional ratings and proposed wetland buffer widths.

Table 8
Proposed Wetland Buffer Widths

Wetland	Improving Water Quality	Habitat	Category	Buffer Width (feet)
On-Site Wetlands				
Wetland B	7	5	III	80
Off-Site Wetlands				
Wetland A	6	4	II	150
WL87	7	6	III	150
WL89	8	5	II	100
WL93	7	4	III	80
WL146/148	8	4	III	80

## 6 Critical Areas Impact Assessment

This section provides a summary of potential impacts to wetlands and to fish and wildlife habitat conservation areas. Mitigation to address the anticipated wetland and buffer impacts will be implemented by on-site mitigation planting, and by a purchase of mitigation credits from the Port of Tacoma Upper Clear Creek Mitigation Bank (Mitigation Bank) that would generate higher-value wetlands off site but within the Mitigation Bank's service area. Table 9 provides a summary of wetland and wetland buffer impacts related to the proposed Project. Proposed wetland and wetland buffer impacts are presented in Figure 9.

Table 9
Proposed Freeman Road Logistics Project Wetland Impacts

Wetland	Wetland Category <sup>1</sup>	Wetland Size (acre)	Permanent Direct (acre)	Permanent Indirect (acre)	On-site Buffer (acre)
Wetland A	II	10.76	0	0	0
Wetland B	III	0.03	0.03	0	0
WL87	III	0.63	0	0.01	0.02
WL89	II	0.13	0	0	0
WL93	III	6.74	0	0.	0
WL146/148	III	0.53	0	0.45	0.97
Total	NA	18.82	0.03	0.46	0.99

Notes:

1. Source: Hruby 2014

Proposed Project construction activities will not occur within streams or within the approximately 3,447 square feet of the Stream 14 and 15 fish and wildlife habitat conservation buffer areas that projects onto the Main Development Area (Appendix A; Figures 8 and 9).

Indirect impacts are adverse effects on wetlands that occur outside the footprint of direct impacts caused by the placement of dredged or fill material (Ecology et al. 2021). The extent of indirect wetland impact to off-site Wetlands 87 and 146/148 was determined by calculating the areas of the wetlands that are superimposed by the recommended buffers needed to protect those wetland functions, as measured from the outward edge of the development. While the proposed development proposes no impacts resulting from the actual placement of fill material directly into the off-site wetlands, portions of buffers for Wetland 87 and 146/148 would be developed and that would reduce the width of the buffers below local critical area requirements for wetland protection. However, Wetlands 87 and 146/148 will be directly and permanently impacted by construction of the State Route 167 Completion Project, which will be mitigated as part of that project. Therefore, only

mitigation for direct on-site buffer impacts caused by the Freeman Road Logistics Project is proposed as part of this Project (Section 6.1.5).

Buffer averaging is proposed for Wetland 87 buffer that extends into the Main Development Area development footprint. Proposed project construction activities will unavoidably impact approximately 0.02 acre of Wetland 87 buffer area that projects onto Main Development Area parcel 0420205016. The Wetland 87 buffer will be averaged by expanding a 0.03-acre area that is contiguous with and outside of the combined Wetland 93 and Wetland 146/148 buffer area. This expanded buffer area will be enhanced to improve buffer function, as described in Sections 8.4.2.2 and shown in Figure 9.

The Project will not have measurable short-term or long-term impacts on wildlife species. Noise associated with construction activities could result in avoidance behavior by some wildlife species if they are present. However, the Main Development Area is an agricultural and residential area that experiences ongoing human disturbance. Noise levels associate d with operation of the Project after construction are expected to be consistent with current ambient noise levels.

#### 6.1 On-Site and Off-Site Wetland Impacts

#### 6.1.1 On-Site Wetland B Impacts

The Project proposes the total fill (1,218 square feet) of on-site Wetland B, which offers poor water quality, hydrologic, and habitat functions. No practicable alternatives exist that could avoid filling the wetland due to the size, shape, location, and extent of the wetland and the required warehouse and parking capacity, building code requirements, zoning, and other factors supporting the Project purpose and need (Section 2). A detailed description of Project screening criteria and avoidance and minimization measures are provided in Section 7. The Project proposes to provide compensatory mitigation for impacts to Wetland B through purchase of wetland mitigation credits from the Mitigation Bank, which is in the same subbasin as the Main Development Area and proposed impact, pending Port review.

## 6.1.2 Off-Site Wetland A

The proposed water, sewer, and stormwater line improvements and the Puget Sound Energy gas line work will entirely avoid Wetland A and Wetland A buffer impacts The design has been modified to avoid any temporary or permanent impacts to the Wetland A buffer (Appendix A).

# 6.1.3 Off-Site Freeman Road East Widening Adjacent to Parcels 0420201104 and 0420201008

Road-widening is expected at the intersection of Freeman Road East and North Levee Road East. The Project proposes to widen Freeman Road west of parcel 0420201008 along parcel 0420201104 from

two 11-foot-wide lanes to two 14-foot-wide lanes. The proposed east edge alignment of Freeman Road will match the current location and fall outside of the 150-foot buffer associated with Wetland A. The roadway improvements will not impact Wetland A or Wetland A buffer. Current design plans (Appendix A) depict a centered road crown, which will result in a minor increase in impervious surfaces (3 feet additional width, 2,100 square feet in area) that will generate runoff directed toward parcel 0420201008. However, the proposed increased flow volumes will be collected and treated by a stormwater detention facility and no stormwater will enter directly into Wetland A or its buffer. These flows are not expected to appreciably alter surface and groundwater hydrology in or around Wetland A (Barghausen 2024).

During the May 2023 site visit, no other wetlands or wetland buffers were present within the road-widening area on parcel 0420201008. Similarly, no wetlands or wetland buffers were identified on parcel 0420201104 to the west of Freeman Road East. Therefore, no critical area impacts will occur because of road-widening. A portion of the road-widening area is within the shoreline zone of the Puyallup River. During Project permitting, two memoranda will be prepared that describe how the proposed work is consistent with shoreline regulations, one for the City of Puyallup and one for the City of Fife.

#### 6.1.4 Off-Site Road-Widening Adjacent to Parcel 0420174032

Widening and improvement of off-site segments of Freeman Road East are anticipated to be required by the City of Puyallup and City of Fife north of 48th Street East, where road-widening may impact a swale along Tribal trust land at parcel 0420174032. This area was assessed during the May 2023 and April 2024 field investigations. No OHWM was observed within the ditch, and this swale area is not a regulated stream.

## 6.1.5 Off-Site Wetland 87 and Wetland 146/148 Buffer Impacts

In total, approximately 43,035 square feet (0.99 acres) of off-site Wetland 87 and Wetland 146/148 extend onto Main Development Area parcels 0420205016 and 0420174075 and are proposed to be impacted by the Project (Figure 9). The combined area of the buffers has been used to determine the total area of unavoidable on-site buffer impacts that will require compensatory mitigation. Buffer impacts for multiple critical areas within the same location are not double counted (Figure 8).

The consideration of Project impacts to on-site portions of off-site wetland buffers is complicated by the planning for the future use of the WSDOT-owned properties as part of the State Route 167 Completion Project and the mitigation for that project's impacts to wetlands and streams occurring on the WSDOT-owned parcels. Preliminary State Route 167 Completion Project designs indicate that Wetlands 87, 93, and 146/148 and Streams 14 and 15 and all associated buffers will be impacted by State Route 167 construction. The proposed State Route 167 Completion Project mitigation for those unavoidable impacts will be extensive and is planned to include the total regrading of the WSDOT

parcels adjoining to the Main Development Area, including Wetlands 87, 93, and 146/148, relocation of Streams 14 and 15, and wetland re-establishment, rehabilitation, and enhancement to compensate for direct and indirect wetland and wetland buffer impacts within the WSDOT-owned parcels (Appendix D).

Because the Freeman Road Logistics Project will occur prior to the State Route 167 Completion Project, wetland buffer impacts within the Main Development Area parcels are proposed to be mitigated by the Freeman Road Logistics Project. However, because the State Route 167 Completion Project will result in significant permanent, direct disturbance and wetland mitigation within Wetlands 87, 93, and 146/148 and within Streams 14 and 15, no mitigation for indirect wetland impacts caused by the Freeman Road Logistics Project is proposed. It is important to note that the future WSDOT mitigation will be provided with buffers that will be fully located within the WSDOT properties and that these buffers will not extend onto the Main Development Area. The proposed credit purchase from the Mitigation Bank and on-site mitigation planting will sufficiently compensate for the on-site buffers impact that will occur in the short-term prior to the direct, permanent critical area impacts proposed to result from the State Route 167 Completion Project.

#### 6.1.6 Off-Site Wetland 89 Impact

No impact to Wetland 89 or associated wetland buffers are proposed as part of the Freeman Road Logistics Project.

## 6.1.7 Off-Site Parcels Considered During Design Analysis

According to the Third-Party Second Review Report and Third-Party Third Review Report (Confluence Environmental Group 2024a, 2024b), a wetland located on parcel 0420174707 has been identified in association with a Tribal mitigation project. An earlier project design included utility routing within the existing 78th Avenue East roadway envelope in the vicinity of the wetland and associated buffer. The current project design no longer includes utility or other work along 78th Avenue East, and potential impacts to the Tribal mitigation project have been entirely avoided.

#### 6.2 On-Site Stream Buffer

Off-site Streams 14 and 15 are regulated as Type III streams and protected by 50-foot buffers, per PMC Chapter 21 (City of Puyallup 2024a), which will partially project onto parcels 0420174075 and 0420205016. A 50-foot buffer projected onto the Main Development Area results in an approximately 3,447-square-foot buffer area, with 2,544 square feet on parcel 0420174075 and 933 square feet on parcel 0420205016. The current Project design (Appendix A) fully avoids impacts to the Stream 14 and Stream 15 buffer areas.

#### 6.3 Special Flood Hazard Areas Habitat Assessment

The Main Development Area is located within the 100-year floodplain of the Puyallup River and within a Pierce County designated special flood hazard area. As discussed in Section 3.2, the Puyallup River flows approximately 1,200 feet south of the Main Development Area, south of Levee Road East. The proposed Project includes construction activities within the 100-year floodplain (Appendix A). The Project will be constructed within the footprint of current low-density residential lots and agricultural fields that experience ongoing human use and disturbance from automobiles, livestock, and agricultural activities.

The BFE varies across the Main Development Area between 32 and 33.7 feet NAVD88, and the two warehouse buildings will be elevated so that the finished floor is elevated approximately 1 foot above the BFE. This will place all electrical and other equipment at least 1 foot above the BFE as well. These design features will avoid or minimize potential impacts to the floodplain, reduce the potential for inundation during flood events, and meet Cities of Puyallup and Fife requirements. The orientation of the proposed warehouses will be situated in line with one another (the northern warehouse will be within the hydraulic shadow of the southern building to align with anticipated flood flows through the property when they occur). This design is intended to minimize potential impacts on floodwater velocity.

To construct the proposed structures, a net cut of material will be achieved within the floodplain through proposed final grades and by the use of compensatory storage west of the northern building (Building A). The proposed grading will result in an increase of local floodwater storage volume. Material removed from the floodplain will be located within the same floodplain cross section and perpendicular to the flow. These mitigation measures are anticipated to result in zero net fill and will not cause any rise to the BFE within the floodplain, consistent with PMC 21.07.

The federal habitat assessment guidelines require an analysis of other potential impacts to the floodplain environment. The following includes an analysis of habitat assessment elements per the minimum habitat assessment standards:

- Project and action area description, maps, and site plans have been provided. See Preliminary Plan Set in Appendix A.
- **Methods of work are described.** See Preliminary Plan Set in Appendix A.
- Projects in the Protected Area are designed to inherently avoid detrimental impacts
  without mitigation. The Project is located within the footprint of residential and agricultural
  fields that experience ongoing human use and disturbance. The Project is designed to avoid
  or minimize potential detrimental impacts through the orientation of the buildings relative to
  flood flows, stormwater facilities, and removal of soils from other properties within the
  floodplain.

- **Direct and indirect impacts.** Direct impacts include minor impacts to the floodplain from construction as described in this CAR. Long-term impacts include the presence of structures within the floodplain in an area previously used for residences and agriculture. The long-term environmental benefits from the Project, including improved water quality from runoff, are anticipated to offset any potential short-term impacts from construction and operation of the facility. Indirect impacts from the Project may include improved downstream water quality in the Puyallup River and reductions in nutrient loads to the Puyallup River from runoff and during flood events.
- Interrelated and interdependent activities. All development impacts associated with this
  Project are described in this CAR. No other projects are known that would result in
  interrelated and interdependent activities.
- **Cumulative impacts.** Cumulative impacts are those that could result in the combination of effects from individual Project actions occurring over time. If left unmitigated, the cumulative or incremental effects of these actions have the potential to result in significant environmental impacts. The Project is located within an area characterized by residences, agricultural fields and associated structures, and industrial buildings, such as warehouses. At the time of publication, there are no nearby projects that are anticipated to contribute to cumulative impacts. However, it is anticipated that future projects in the area would be required to conduct a separate, Project-specific environmental review, as appropriate. It is anticipated that mitigation measures implemented for each project would decrease the potential for cumulative adverse effects on the environment.

#### Other habitat assessment elements include the following:

- Water quantity and quality. As described previously, the Project is anticipated to result in a net improvement to water quality from runoff and during flood events due to the construction of stormwater facilities. During construction, stormwater control measures will be implemented to avoid or minimize potential short-term construction impacts on water quality to be shown in a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan and Temporary Erosion and Soil Control Plan. A Stormwater Site Plan will also be prepared, describing the stormwater control best management practices (BMPs) incorporated into the Project to meet the requirements of the Cities of Puyallup and Fife stormwater regulations. The Project will have no impact on water quantity.
- Flood velocities and volumes. As described previously, the Project has been designed to accommodate flood velocities through orientation of the structures (with the north warehouse designed to be within the hydraulic shadow of south warehouse) and to align them with floodwaters. The Project will not create any rapid water runoff conditions and therefore will not impact flood flows downstream. The Project will have a negligible impact on flood volumes.

- Flood storage capacity. Earthwork cuts and fills will be balanced at the site to the
  extent possible. The construction of improvements at the proposed stormwater facilities
  will provide no net loss to flood storage capacity.
- Riparian vegetation. The Project is located over 1,200 feet from the Puyallup River and associated riparian buffers. No riparian vegetation will be impacted by the Project.
- Measures to preserve habitat forming processes. No in-water work is proposed, and no impacts to habitat forming processes will occur from the Project; therefore, no measures to preserve habitat forming processes are proposed.
- Refuge from higher velocity floodwaters is provided. The presence of the structures
  within the floodplain may provide limited refuge from higher velocity floodwaters. No
  additional measures are proposed.
- Spawning substrate is provided or protected. No in-water work or work in the
  vicinity of salmonid spawning habitat is proposed, and no impacts to spawning
  substrate will occur from the Project; therefore, no spawning substrate needs to be
  provided by the Project.
- No adverse effects from habitat isolation, bank armoring, channel straightening, construction effects (transport of sediment from the work area, noise, etc.), or direct effects. No habitat isolation, bank armoring, or channel straightening is proposed as part of the Project. To avoid or minimize potential construction effects from the Project, stormwater control measures will be implemented to avoid or minimize potential construction impacts on water quality and will be shown in the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan and Temporary Erosion and Soil Control Plan. As described above, a Stormwater Site Plan will also be prepared describing the stormwater control BMPs incorporated into the Project to meet the requirements of the Cites of Puyallup and Fife stormwater regulations. Overall, the long-term environmental benefits from the Project, including improved water quality from runoff, are anticipated to offset any potential short-term impacts from construction and operation of the facility.

For the reasons stated above, the proposed Project may affect, but is not likely to adversely affect, listed fish NMFS species, as evaluated per the NMFS Biological Opinion for the National Flood Insurance Program (NMFS 2008), or listed USFWS species.

## 7 Site Selection Screening and Alternatives Analysis

#### 7.1 Site Selection Screening Criteria

To meet the Project purpose and need described in Section 2), site selection criteria were developed to evaluate potential alternatives. The primary criterion is a site large enough to accommodate the stated purpose and need for development of a 505,000-square-foot commercial warehouse with employee parking, truck loading bays, truck parking and area for truck maneuvering within proximity to the Port and transportation infrastructure linkages. This area was selected in accordance with market demand for this product (i.e., very large commercial warehouse vacancy is low) and Pierce County's Comprehensive Plan.

In order to accommodate such a development, the property must be between 20 and 30 acres to accommodate the 505,000-square-foot warehouse building capacity and car and trailer parking to meet local codes for setbacks, off-street parking, landscaping and screening, truck movements, fire access, and trailer parking, and it must be zoned LM/W. Other site requirements include the presence of well-developed infrastructure (e.g., road network, utility systems) and a highly qualified regional labor pool to support the land use. The site must also be within 5 miles of the Port and I-5 to support efficient movement of goods with easy access via State Route 167 Completion Project or the Canyon Road Regional Connection Project. This parameter is important due to the nature of the Project. Logistics centers are intended to efficiently receive and distribute goods, and the Project location will support the applicant's intention to minimize or avoid issues with traffic concurrency and impacts to local road conditions from the added truck traffic. In addition, the site should make efficient use of lands designated for LM/W development within the City of Puyallup Freeman Road Comprehensive Plan Map Amendment and FRO, maximize the use of existing infrastructure, and provide jobs in the growing Cities of Puyallup and Fife and greater Pierce County area.

The Project's need to impact wetlands and critical area buffers is related to the location of wetlands and critical area buffers on the Main Development Area, as well as requirements for warehouse capacity, existing roads, access roads, and other infrastructure improvements required to support the proposed Project. Placement of material into wetlands and critical area buffers is unavoidable to facilitate the expansion and improvement of existing roadways and sidewalks; installation of stormwater, sewer and water utilities; and construction of the warehouses and associated parking and vehicle movement areas, including emergency vehicle ingress and egress.

Three sets of screening criteria were selected to evaluate potential alternatives to the proposed Project:

- 1. Whether or not the alternative would meet the stated Project purpose and need
- The extent to which the alternative would avoid and minimize impacts to regulated wetlands and other waters

3. The extent to which the alternative is practicable for use for typical warehouse and/or distribution users

Each criterion is further described in the following sections.

#### 7.2 Achievement of Project Purpose and Need

Alternatives were analyzed based on their ability to achieve the stated purpose and need for development of 500,000-square-foot warehouse capacity with employee parking, truck loading bays, and truck parking within 5 miles of the Port and I-5.

In order to achieve this purpose and need, alternative sites must meet the following screening criteria:

- Be zoned for LM/W use, or Employment Center (EC), which is the equivalent zoning designation in use by Pierce County.
- Be within 5 miles of the Port and I-5 with easy access via State Route 167 Completion Project or the Canyon Road Regional Connection Project.
- Be located in an area with a well-developed utility infrastructure, or where necessary improvements could be reasonably afforded.
- Be located in an area that can provide a highly qualified regional labor pool.
- Be able to maximize the use of lands zoned as LM/W of EC.
- Address the regional shortage of 500,000-square-foot warehouse capacity.
- Support traded-sector investments that create high-wage jobs and tax base in the City of Pullup or another portion of Pierce County.

## 7.3 Avoidance and Minimization of Impacts

Alternatives were also analyzed based on the capacity for a viable site design to avoid and minimize impacts to any wetlands that specifically provide high ecological and societal functions. Wetlands with any of the following characteristics were considered priorities for avoidance and impact minimization:

- Wetland areas with a "high" potential and associated "high" value scores, as determined from the Washington State Wetlands Rating System – Western Washington: 2014 Update (Hruby 2014)
- Palustrine forested or scrub-shrub wetlands; mitigation for these wetlands entails a higher temporal loss of functions and values than occurs for emergent wetlands
- Riverine or slope wetlands, which are more difficult to replace in-kind than depressional wetlands
- Wetlands connected to streams or other waterways that provide habitat to native fish,
   ESA-listed fish, or other ESA species

- Wetlands containing special characteristics (Hruby 2014)
- Wetlands characterized by predominately native vegetation species
- Wetlands designated as locally "significant" in Pierce County code or plans
- Wetlands that provide connectivity between, or provide buffer functions to, other valuable upland or wetland habitats, either on or off site
- Any wetlands of high conservation value (WDNR 2024)
- Any designated Priority Habitat Area (WDFW 2024a)

Agriculturally degraded or artificially created wetlands were considered more easily replaced through mitigation with no issues associated with temporal loss. In situations where the quality or origin of a wetland or other water was unknown, avoidance and minimization were kept as the higher priority.

#### 7.4 Practicability

Alternatives were analyzed based on their practicability for use by typical warehouse and logistical users. Factors considered in assessing practicability to the end user included the following general and site-specific criteria.

## 7.4.1 General Practicability Criteria:

- Short timeline to facility construction, with sites available for construction within 12 months being most practicable
- Readily available for warehouse development (e.g., not earmarked or restricted by designated use/zoning)
- Geometry of building shapes (i.e., rectangular, irregular, square): rectangular building shapes generally preferred for efficient interior layout
- Topography of the site (e.g., flat, rolling, sloped) and presence of natural resource constraints (e.g., wetlands or streams): flat sites without wetlands or stream constraints are generally preferred due to a limited ability to incorporate changes in finished floor elevations in warehouse facilities

## 7.4.2 Site-Specific Practicability Criteria

- Percent building coverage of site: building coverage of between 30% and 50% is targeted for warehouse/distribution facilities depending on the size of the lot
- Ratio of parking spaces to site size and resultant number of parking spaces: minimum
  "market" parking requirements of 1.0 employee parking space per 3,000 square feet of
  building and an equal number of truck parking stalls as truck bays are desired by
  warehouse/distribution facilities

 Capacity of site to support loading, service, and storage requirements of typical warehouse/distribution facility users: warehouse/distribution typically requires access by large trucks

#### 7.5 Alternatives Analysis

Four potential alternatives were identified for the proposed warehouse and logistics development including a "no action" option. Each of these alternatives is discussed in the following sections.

#### 7.5.1 Alternative 1: No Action

Under this alternative, the proposed Main Development Area would not be developed for warehouse and logistical uses and would continue to exist as vacant and disused grassy lots. The Project purpose and need would not be achieved with this alternative.

#### 7.5.2 Alternative 2: Off-Site Alternatives

Under this alternative, a different site or sites would be used for the proposed Project. Potential alternative sites were evaluated through an informal parcel analysis completed by Vector Development Company using the purpose and need criteria provided in Section 2 of this CAR. Parcels were also reviewed to select potential sites that were not encumbered or characterized by any of the following:

- Ownership by a city or county division unless known to be surplus and for sale
- Ownership by a land trust or private club/organization with a mission to protect or preserve the land as open space or for public or private recreation
- Special tax status granted by enrollment in a state authorized program for open space, agriculture, or timber land

No qualifying parcels that were for sale or may potentially be for sale were identified that met the listed criteria and the purpose and need criteria.

#### 7.5.3 Alternative 3: North-South Building Layout No 1

Alternative 3 is an on-site design that involves developing the proposed Freeman Road Logistics Main Development Area using a north-south building layout. Under this alternative, the build-out design would be adjusted so that the footprint of the northern building and associated paved parking areas would be decreased to avoid all impacts to on-site Wetland B and Wetland B buffers. The footprint would also be reduced to avoid impacts to buffers from off-site Streams 14 and 15 and Wetland 93.

Reducing the footprint to avoid impacts to buffers from off-site Streams 14 and 15 and from off-site Wetlands 87, 93 and 146/148 is feasible. However, total elimination of impacts to Wetland B and its

buffer and the off-site critical area buffers would require reducing the size of the north building footprint by approximately 119,955 square feet in order to retain required Freeman Road East improvements and buffer setbacks under the FRO, achieve necessary truck parking and maneuvering space, and provide required emergency vehicle ingress and egress. Alternative 3 consists of a north building footprint of approximately 119,955 square feet and a south building footprint of approximately 256,102 square feet, resulting in a total Project warehouse capacity of an approximate 376,057-square-foot warehouse capacity, which is well below the minimum 500,000-square-foot warehouse capacity threshold required to meet the applicant's purpose and need.

#### 7.5.4 Alternative 4: North-South Building Layout No 2

Alternative 4 is an on-site design that involves developing the proposed Freeman Road Logistics Main Development Area using a north-south building layout and total fill of Wetland B, buffer width averaging for the on-site portion of Wetland 87 buffer, and partial development of the on-site portion of Wetland 146/148 buffer. The on-site portion of Stream 14 and 15 buffer areas is fully avoided. Under this alternative, the build-out design of the northern building would use the Main Development Area while retaining required Freeman Road East improvements and buffer setbacks under the FRO, achieving necessary truck parking and maneuvering space, and providing required emergency ingress and egress.

Alternative 4 would consist of a north building footprint of approximately 234,901 square feet and a south building footprint of approximately 256,102 square feet, resulting in a total Project warehouse capacity of 505,436 square feet, which is above the minimum 500,000-square-foot warehouse capacity threshold required to meet the applicant's purpose and need. Additionally, the Alternative 4 layout would meet the Project purpose by making efficient use of lands designated for LM/W uses, maximizing the use of existing infrastructure, providing additional transportation and other infrastructure improvements, and providing high-wage jobs in the growing City of Puyallup and Pierce County areas within 5 miles of the Port and I-5. The north-south building layout is expected to address important market demand for very large commercial warehouses and would provide one parking space for every 3,000 square feet of building, providing the parking space ratio needed for warehouse/distribution facilities of this kind.

Alternative 4 would directly impact 1,218 square feet of Wetland B, a Category III depressional wetland that contains highly degraded PEM habitat. Additionally, Alternative 4 would directly impact 42,067 square feet of Wetland 146/148 buffer and 968 square feet of Wetland 87 buffer and fully avoid impacts to the Streams 14 and 15 buffers occurring on site (Appendix A; Figure 8 and 9). The Wetland 146/148 buffer impacts (42,067 square feet) will be mitigated by purchase of credits from the Mitigation Bank. Wetland 87 buffer impacted by construction (968 square feet) would be averaged by increasing the buffer area by 968 square feet of currently degraded buffer area contiguous with the Wetland 93 and Wetland 146/148 buffer areas The current condition of Wetland B

and the on-site portions of the wetland buffers is poor, with low native species diversity and low to moderate functions and values. Off-site wetlands and streams will also be relocated as part of the State Route 167 Completion Project occurring on WSDOT-owned parcels. Functions of on-site wetlands and buffers would be offset by on-site buffer mitigation enhancement and purchase of mitigation credits at the Mitigation Bank. This alternative would achieve a net benefit of wetland function by generating much higher-value wetlands at the Mitigation Bank Site and for remaining on-site buffers.

#### 7.6 Site Selection Screening and Alternatives Analysis Conclusions

Based on the alternatives analysis, Alternative 4, the north-south building layout, with on-site buffer enhancement and purchase of off-site compensatory wetland mitigation credits from the Mitigation Bank, would best meet the Project purpose and need. It would meet the minimum of 500,000 square feet of warehouse capacity within 5 miles of the Port and I-5 via State Route 167. Alternative 3 would not achieve a minimum 500,0000-square-foot warehouse capacity, would not maximize the appropriately zoned use of the property. Alternative 4 would achieve a net improvement in habitat quality through wetland buffer enhancement and the purchase of 0.079 wetland credit at the Mitigation Bank Site by generating higher-value wetlands off-site but within the Mitigation Bank's service area.

## 8 Avoidance, Minimization, and Mitigation Measures

The results of the critical area assessment identified on-site Wetland B (Category III), five off-site wetlands (Wetland A [Category II], Wetland 87 [Category III], Wetland 89 [Category II], Wetland 93 [Category III], and Wetland 146/148 [Category III]), and two off-site streams (Streams 14 and 15) within the Study Area. The Project has been designed to avoid and minimize impacts to critical areas and their buffers to the maximum extent possible while also satisfying design criteria for the development and City of Puyallup and City of Fife building and zoning requirements. The Project includes unavoidable fill impacts to on-site Wetland B (1,218 square feet), buffer width averaging for on-site Wetland 87 buffer, and to on-site portions of off-site Wetland 146/148 buffer (42,067 square feet), which provide poor water quality and hydrologic and habitat functions. The Project proposes to offset the wetland fill and buffer impacts with on-site buffer enhancement and by purchasing wetland credits from the nearby Mitigation Bank that would generate higher-value wetlands off site but within the Mitigation Bank's service area.

#### 8.1 Mitigation Sequencing

The proposed Project requires the necessary and unavoidable fill of on-site Wetland B, located centrally on parcel 0420174075, and the on-site portions of critical area buffers located on parcels 042174075 and 0420205016. Per PMC 21.06.610, projects should first attempt to avoid impacts all together by not taking certain actions. If actions cannot be eliminated, impacts should be minimized by restraining the magnitude of an action, using different technology, or taking steps to reduce impacts. For impacts that cannot be avoided or minimized, compensation or rectification for the impact should be provided by replacing, enhancing, or providing substitute resources or environments, followed by monitoring and reduction of the impact over time. Mitigation sequencing, outlined under PMC 21.06.210(84), for impacts to critical areas, is as follows:

- 1. Avoiding an impact altogether by not taking a certain action or parts of actions
- 2. Minimizing impacts by limiting the degree or magnitude of an action and its implementation
- 3. Rectifying impacts by repairing, rehabilitating, or restoring the affected environment
- 4. Reducing or eliminating an impact over time by preservation and maintenance operations during the life of the action
- 5. Compensating for an impact by replacing or providing substitute resources or environments
- 6. Monitoring the mitigation and taking remedial action when necessary

As discussed in Section 7, no practicable alternatives could avoid on-site Wetland B and the on-site portions of the off-site critical area buffer impacts and still fulfill the Project purpose and need due to the size, shape, location, and extent of the wetland and the required warehouse and parking capacity, building code requirements, zoning, and other factors. Project avoidance, minimization, and mitigation measures included site selection screening criteria (Section 7.1), alternatives analysis

(Section 7.5), and avoidance and design and construction measures (Sections 8.2 and 8.3, respectively). The Project proposes to provide compensatory mitigation for all impacts to Wetland B and to the on-site potions of off-site critical area buffers by purchase of wetland mitigation credits from the nearby Mitigation Bank and on-site mitigation plantings.

#### 8.2 Avoidance and Minimization Measures

#### 8.2.1 Design Measures

The Project includes unavoidable permanent adverse impacts to all of Wetland B located on parcel 0420174075, unavoidable partial impacts to the on-site portions of off-site Wetland 146/148 buffers, and buffer width averaging for the on-site portion of Wetland 87 buffer located on parcels 0420174075 and 0420205016 within the Main Development Area. The Project has been designed to first avoid and then minimize and offset impacts to both on-site and off-site critical areas and critical area buffers to the extent practicable while also satisfying the City of Puyallup and City of Fife building and zoning code requirements and fulfilling the criteria of the Project's stated purpose and need.

An earlier project design included parking space and associated impervious areas that overlapped with the Stream 14/15 buffers that extend onto the southeast corner of Main Development Area parcel 0420174075 and the northeast corner of Main Development Area parcel 0420205016. The current design has been reconfigured to avoid any impact to the Stream 14/15 buffer areas (Appendix A). Additionally, the current design plan has minimized impacts to Wetland 87 and Wetland 146/148 buffers that project on site to the maximum practicable extent possible while still meeting PMC parking space and emergency access requirements. Unavoidable wetland buffer impacts will be mitigated by purchase of wetland mitigation credits from the nearby Mitigation Bank and on-site buffer enhancement. Further discussion of avoidance and minimization is included in Section 7.

#### 8.2.2 Construction Measures and Best Management Practices

Other measures to avoid and minimize impacts include the implementation of the following BMPs during construction:

- All work will be performed according to the requirements and conditions of the Project permits.
- Impacts to off-site wetlands, off-site streams, and on-site stream and wetland buffers will be minimized during construction through the use of temporary erosion and sediment control BMPs. The contractor will prepare and implement a Temporary Erosion and Sediment Control Plan and a Spill Prevention, Control, and Countermeasures Plan.

- All wash water and concrete-laden water associated with construction will be treated to meet State of Washington surface water quality standards (Chapter 173-201A Washington Administrative Code) prior to discharge into surface waterbodies. Concrete-laden water may also be removed from the site.
- All concrete will be poured in dry conditions, or within confined areas not connected to surface waters, and shall be sufficiently cured prior to contact with surface waters.
- Excess or waste materials will not be disposed of or abandoned within the wetland boundary or waterward of the OHWM or allowed to enter waters of the State.
- No petroleum products, chemicals, or other toxic or deleterious materials will be allowed to enter the wetland or surface waters.
- The contractor will be required to properly maintain construction equipment and vehicles to
  prevent them from leaking fuel or lubricants; if there is evidence of leakage, the further use of
  such equipment will be suspended until the deficiency has been corrected.
- The Project will be constructed consistent with the stormwater management design criteria
  outlined in the Ecology Stormwater Management Manual for Western Washington (2019) and
  the Pierce County Stormwater Management and Site Development Manual (2021) to reduce
  and control surface runoff.

#### 8.3 General Goals of Compensatory Mitigation

The general goals of the critical area and critical area buffer compensatory mitigation include the following:

- Ensure no net loss of critical areas and their buffers as a result of the Project.
- Provide on-site buffer enhancement to compensate for critical area buffer impacts.
- Offset direct critical area and critical area buffer impacts through the purchase of mitigation bank credits.

#### 8.4 Compensatory Mitigation

## 8.4.1 Wetlands and Critical Area Buffers

Under PMC and state and federal regulations, mitigation is required for unavoidable permanent impacts to 1,218 square feet (0.03 acre) of Category III wetlands, and 42,067 square feet (0.97 acre) of total combined unavoidable permanent impacts to the on-site portion of off-site critical area buffers (Figure 9). The mitigation will also include averaging of a 968-square-foot (0.02-acre) portion of the Wetland 87 buffer that extends onto the Main Development Area.

The project proposes on-site buffer enhancement by planting native vegetation on approximately 0.59 acre of the on-site buffer area. An additional 0.03 acre of the buffer area will be expanded by buffer averaging and will be enhanced by planting native vegetation. On-site mitigation for all

adverse unavoidable impacts is not possible because of City of Puyallup design, building, and zoning code requirements and the criteria of the Project's stated purpose and need. Direct impacts to Wetland B (0.03 acre) and on-site critical area Wetland 146/148 buffer impacts not compensated on-site by enhancement (0.38 acre) will be offset through the purchase of mitigation credits from the Mitigation Bank with a service area that includes the Project location. The mitigation purchase will satisfy the no net loss provision required by federal and state executive orders for the protection of wetlands (Presidential Executive Order 11990 and Washington State Executive Order 90-04) and will also fulfill PMC mitigation requirements. Table 10 provides a summary of on-site and off-site mitigation actions provided by the project to adequately compensate for all unavoidable critical area impacts.

Table 10
Summary of Anticipated of Critical Area Impacts and Mitigation Actions

Resource	Impact Area (acres)	Mitigations Type (acres)	Mitigation Ratio	Mitigation Area/Credits
Direct Impacts	•		<u>'</u>	
Wetland B	0.03	Mitigation Bank Credit Purchase	1:1	0.03
Indirect Impacts				
Wetland 146/148	0.45	NA <sup>1</sup>	NA <sup>1</sup>	NA <sup>1</sup>
Wetland 87	0.01	NA <sup>1</sup>	NA <sup>1</sup>	NA <sup>1</sup>
Buffer Impacts;				
Matter of 146 /140	0.07	On-site Enhancement (0.59)	1:1	0.59
Wetland 146/148	0.97	Mitigation Bank Credit Purchase (0.38)	0.2:1	0.076
Wetland 87	0.02	Buffer Averaging (0.03) <sup>2</sup>	1:1	0.03

#### Note:

The Project proposes to purchase mitigation credits from the Mitigation Bank, which is a bank in Pierce County approved by the Interagency Review Team to sell credits for wetland and other critical area impacts. Wetland B and the Wetland 87 and Wetland 146/148 buffers that extend onto the Main Development Area are currently degraded and have been highly impacted by previous land use at the site. The existing buffer area provides low water quality, hydrology, and habitat functions to off-site wetlands due to compacted soils, the presence of invasive species, and lack of canopy layer and shading. On-site buffer enhancement will improve wetland buffer functions and values through native plant installation (0.59 acre). The remainder of Wetland 146/148 buffer impacts will be mitigated through the purchase of credits from the Mitigation Bank. The goal of the Mitigation Bank

<sup>1.</sup> Because future WSDOT mitigation areas resulting from the WSDOT State Route 167 Completion Project will be provided with protective buffers located fully within the WSDOT parcels, the Project does not propose additional mitigation for indirect impacts to Wetland 87 and 146/148.

<sup>2.</sup> Buffer areas "averaged in" will also be enhanced by native planting.

is to protect, re-establish, and rehabilitate high-quality riverine Category I wetland habitat and create a mosaic of forested, scrub-shrub, emergent and riverine wetland conditions and buffers in the same watershed. Compensation at the Mitigation Bank and the on-site buffer enhancement area will be preserved in perpetuity.

Guidance from Ecology and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Ecology and USACE 2013) was used to determine the number of bank credits that need to be purchased using the ratios in Table 11. Mitigation bank credit ratios are consistent with the Mitigation Bank Instrument (Port 2023). Direct wetland impacts are required to be mitigated at a 1:1 ratio. Critical area buffer impacts are mitigated on a case-by-case basis per local jurisdictions under the Mitigation Bank Instrument (Port 2023). A ratio of 0.2:1 is consistent with the instrument and is proposed because the existing on-site critical area buffer is highly degraded agricultural and residential land and has poor hydrologic, water quality, and habitat functions. Additionally, the buffers that extend on site are off-site wetlands that will soon be impacted by the State Route 167 Completion Project occurring on WSDOT-owned parcels (Wetlands 87, 93, and 146/148), which will be completely regraded with new protective buffers that will be located entirely within the WSDOT-owned properties and will not extend onto the Main Development Area. Similarly, no mitigation is proposed for indirect impacts to off-site wetlands because of the regrading plan associated with the State Route 167 Completion Project.

Table 11
Proposed Mitigation Debit Ratios in Use at Mitigation Bank

Resource Impact	Bank Credits : Impact Acreage	
Wetland, Category III	1:1	
Critical Area Buffers	0.2:1	

Source: Ecology and USACE 2013

The Project proposes purchase of 0.079 credit as detailed in Table 12. Credits will be purchased following approval of the mitigation plan, as presented in this CAR, by the City of Puyallup and Ecology.

Table 12
Scenario 2 (0.2:1 Ratio): Critical Area Impacts and Proposed Credit Purchase

Critical Area Impact	Bank Credits : Impact Acreage	Impact Acreage	Proposed Credit Purchase
Weland B, Category III direct impacts	1:1	0.03	0.03 credit
Wetland 87, Category III indirect impacts	1:1	0.01	0 credits <sup>1</sup>

Critical Area Impact	Bank Credits : Impact Acreage	Impact Acreage	Proposed Credit Purchase
Wetland 146/148, Category III indirect impacts	1:1	0.45	0 credits <sup>1</sup>
Critical Area Buffers	0.2:1	0.38	0.076 credits
		<b>Total Credit Purchase</b>	0.079 credits

#### Note:

Vector will enter into a credit purchase agreement with the Port of Tacoma and provide proof of sale documentation to the City of Puyallup and to Ecology.

#### 8.4.2 Functional Benefits of the Mitigation

#### 8.4.2.1 Mitigation for Permanent Wetland Impacts

Compensatory mitigation for permanent direct impacts to Wetland B (0.03 acre) will be achieved by purchase of credits from the Mitigation Bank prior to construction activities. The credit purchase is intended to address the specific loss of wetland and wetland buffer functions at the impact site and replace these functions at a nearby Mitigation Bank, which is located within the same basin of the proposed impacts. The Project is located approximately 5 miles to the east of the Mitigation Bank and is within the Mitigation Bank service area. This Mitigation Bank encompasses approximately 28.64 acres located at 3714 and 4014 Gay Road East, Tacoma, Washington 98443, 36 portions of Pierce County parcels 0320141001 and 0320141086 in Sections 13 and 14 of 37 Township 20 North, Range 3 East, Willamette Meridian. The bank has been constructed and is successfully re-establishing, rehabilitating, and enhancing wetland functions across the site (Mitigation Bank 2020).

The proposed credit purchase is intended to further improve the ecological functions within the Puyallup River watershed and support the following ecological goals of the Mitigation Bank:

- Restore ecological processes and structures including, stream, wetland, and floodplain connections.
- Realign stream channels, re-establish floodplain connectivity, and rehabilitate riverine wetlands and off-channel ponds.
- Establish diverse hydrogeomorphic conditions and vegetation zones, including emergent, scrub-shrub, and forested wetlands.
- Re-establish and rehabilitate wetland habitat to pre-impact conditions to the maximum extent possible.
- Maximize wetland area and functions.

<sup>1.</sup> Because future WSDOT mitigation areas resulting from the WSDOT State Route 167 Completion Project will be provided with protective buffers located fully within the WSDOT parcels, the Project does not propose additional mitigation for indirect impacts to off-site Wetlands 87 and 146/148.

- Establish multiple native wetland plant communities and functional native vegetated upland habitat.
- Protect existing upland forested areas to the extent possible and provide additional forested upland area.
- Restore fish and wildlife habitat, structure, and function.
- Manage invasive and non-native species.

#### 8.4.2.2 Mitigation for Buffer Impacts

Compensatory mitigation for permanent impacts to Wetland 146/148 buffer (0.97 acre) will be achieved by on-site buffer enhancement following construction activities by restoring approximately 0.59 acre of currently degraded Wetland 93 and Wetland 146/148 buffer areas. This buffer enhancement will include a layer of planting soil and mulch placed in the restored buffer area along with installation of native trees, shrubs, and groundcover species. Compensatory mitigation for the remaining 0.38 acre of Wetland 146/148 buffer impacts will be provided by purchasing credits from the Mitigation Bank. Section 8.4.2.1 describes the functional lift provided by the Mitigation Bank.

On-site buffer enhancement of an expanded buffer area will be provided for the reduced portion of Wetland 87 buffer (0.02 acre). Buffer enhancement will be achieved by restoring currently degraded buffer area contiguous with the Wetland 93 and Wetland 146/148 buffer areas. This buffer expansion will restore 0.03 acre and include a layer of planting soil and mulch placed in the restored buffer area along with installation of native trees, shrubs, and groundcover species which will significantly improve habitat conditions currently existing within the existing buffer area.

PMC 21.06.930 allows for buffer averaging if following criteria are met:

- The total area contained in the buffer area after averaging is no less than that which would be contained within the standard buffer;
- The buffer averaging does not reduce the functions or values of the wetland
- The portion of the buffer subject to buffer averaging is less than 20% of the total buffer length on a project site; provided, that:
  - The director may waive the 20% limitation when there are specific topographic conditions adjacent to the wetland that render portions of the buffer nonessential or ineffective in protecting wetland functions, and
  - The director finds that the averaging occurs parallel to the existing wetland boundary;
- The wetland contains variations in sensitivity due to existing physical characteristics or the character of the buffer varies in slope, soils, or vegetation;
- The buffer width for Category I and II wetlands is not reduced by more than 25% of the standard width; and
- The buffer width of a Category III or IV wetland with moderate habitat functions (six to seven points for habitat) may be reduced by no more than 33% of the standard buffer width. The

- buffer width of a Category III or IV wetland with low habitat functions (less than six points for habitat) may be reduced to 35 feet.
- In any case where a reduced buffer width is applied consistent with the subsections above, the buffer shall be composed of a dense native plant community; if the buffer area contains over 20% coverage by invasive plant species, the applicant shall provide a vegetation management plan to remove those invasive plants, supplement the buffer area with native trees and shrubs and monitor the buffer area for a period of no less than three years to ensure eradication of invasive plants and establishment of new native plants from the buffer area. The enhanced functions must be documented to the satisfaction of the director through a functions and values analysis prepared by a qualified professional.

The proposed buffer averaging meets all the required criteria. The total area contained in the buffer area after averaging will be greater than that which would be contained in the standard buffer (net increase of 0.01 acre). The buffer averaging will increase the functions and values of the wetland by providing increased plant species diversity and a more complex assemblage of habitat features for use by wildlife adjacent to the off-site wetlands. The portion of the buffer averaging is greater than 20% of the total buffer length on the project site; however, the location averaging will occur parallel to the existing Wetland 87 boundary and may be waived. The character of the Wetland 87 buffer varies in vegetation and will be improved by installing native plants. Wetland 87 is a Category III wetland with a habitat score of 6 and will not be reduced by more than 33% of the standard buffer width (the reduced buffer width is 137 feet, which is a reduction of about 9% of the 150-foot-wide standard buffer width). All buffer areas will be planted with a dense native plant community. Invasive species coverage in the buffer area is currently less than 20%, but the replanted buffer area will be monitored for three years to ensure eradication of invasive species and verify the establishment of the new native plantings.

## 9 Proposed On-Site Mitigation Planting Plan

#### 9.1 General Description of On-Site Mitigation Planting

The on-site mitigation planting plan addresses the specific loss of wetland buffer functions at the impact site and replaces these functions within the Project area. The general mitigation plan is to enhance currently degraded wetland buffer areas by providing dense native plant to restore and improve species diversity and habitat functions. This will mitigate for unavoidable impacts to wetland buffers due to the extent practicable while also satisfying the City of Puyallup and City of Fife building and zoning code requirements and fulfilling the criteria of the Project's stated purpose and need.

On-site wetland buffer mitigation activities will consist of buffer enhancement, including clearing to prepare the site and remove any invasive plant species, placing a layer of panting soil (952 cubic yards [CY]) and mulch 238 CY) in the in the buffer area to be enhanced, and planting approximately 62 trees, 278 shrubs, and approximately 1,564 ground cover plants. Native plant species to be installed within the created wetland and wetland buffer are listed in the planning schedule in Appendix E. Once completed, a temporary irrigation system will be installed within the restored wetland buffer. Additionally, fencing will be installed around the perimeter of the wetland buffer to protect the restoration area.

#### 9.2 Soil Preparation

The on-site wetland buffer mitigation area will be cleared to the final grade of the proposed mitigation site. The contractor will amend the existing native soils to establish suitable soil conditions to support on-site native plantings.

## 9.3 Vegetation

Plantings within the on-site wetland buffer mitigation area will be installed to establish a mix of emergent, scrub-shrub, and forest upland communities. The goal of the planting plan is to mimic natural conditions. Plantings will be installed in clusters and grouped and spaced to replicate a natural pattern of plant dispersal and enhance habitat for a variety of wildlife.

Existing vegetation in the wetland buffer mitigation area will be removed, including invasive species such as Himalayan blackberry and reed canary grass prior to the installation of the plantings.

Following construction, invasive species will be controlled in accordance with the monitoring program. Mitigation site management activities are described in Section 9.9.

#### 9.4 Construction and Planting Schedules

Construction plans for the mitigation are included in Appendix A as follows:

- Sheet 1 of 5: Clearing Plan
- Sheet 2 of 5: Soil Preparation
- Sheet 3 of 5: Planting Plan (1 of 2)
- Sheet 4 of 5: Planting Plan (2 of 2)
- Sheet 5 of 5: Planting Schedule and Details

#### 9.5 General Mitigation Goals

The goals for the on-site wetland buffer mitigation include the following:

- Establish native tree, shrub, and/or groundcover vegetation communities in the wetland buffer areas
- Control invasive species.

#### 9.6 Objectives and Standards of Success for Wetland Mitigation

**Objective 1**: Plant communities will be restored by installing native trees, shrubs, and emergent species.

- **Performance Standard 1:** Average survival of planted trees will be at least 90% at the end of Year 1, at least 80% at the end of Year 2, and 70% by the end of Year 3.
- Performance Standard 3: Invasive, non-native trees and shrubs are maintained at levels below
   15% total cover within planted wetland buffer areas in all years.

## 9.7 Monitoring Plan

To ensure success of the mitigation plan, monitoring will be completed to determine the success of the wetland mitigation. Monitoring will occur for a minimum of 3 years following completion of construction. An as-built report will be completed after plant installation and submitted to the City of Bonney Lake for use as a reference document during the monitoring period.

Monitoring of the planted wetland and buffer areas will occur near the end of the peak growing season in summer or early fall in each of the monitoring years after installation. Monitoring reports will be submitted to the City of Puyallup each monitoring year. Data on the number and species of plants (as a measure of diversity), survival rates, canopy (aerial percentage) cover, stem density, and plant heights will be measured and recorded during each monitoring period. Permanent sample plots and photo stations will also be established at control points to document existing conditions during each monitoring period.

Plant community success within the planting area will be evaluated during the monitoring periods. In an effort to assess plant diversity, the assessment will include installed plant survival and vegetation percent cover.

Invasive trees and shrubs will be removed where present in the wetland and wetland buffers. Following planting, all enhanced buffer areas will have less than 15% total cover of invasive trees and shrubs each monitoring year.

#### 9.8 Contingency Plan

If the mitigation and restoration areas fail to meet their performance standards, a contingency plan(s) will be developed. Contingency plans may include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Plant substitutions of type, species, size, quantity, and/or location
- Additional plant installation to address survival or cover problems
- Weeding and additional plant installation to address invasive weed cover
- Regrading or modifications to hydrologic sources to address problems with wetland hydrology
- Erosion control
- If purple loosestrife or knotweeds (Japanese, giant, Himalayan, or related hybrid) are identified on site, weed control will be immediately implemented
- Providing fencing or plant guards around plants to prevent animal damage
- Providing fencing to prevent vandalism or other damage caused by humans
- Hand watering, irrigation, or other watering methods may be employed if planted species within the mitigation or restoration sites appear to be dying from drought, especially in the upland buffers

A contingency plan will be implemented on an as-needed basis. Contingency plans will be developed for review and approval by regulatory agencies as appropriate. In addition, implemented contingency plans will be described in the year-end monitoring report.

## 9.9 Mitigation Site Management

The mitigation area will be actively managed for a minimum of 3 years following completion of construction. This will include at least one management or maintenance visit per year for a minimum of 3 years following implementation of the mitigation plan. Site management visits will occur during the growing season in May through July. The following tasks will be completed during these visits:

• During Years 1, 2, and 3, the planting area will be weeded by hand to remove any new shoots of non-native and/or invasive vegetation within a 2-foot radius of each installed plant.

- During Year 1, installed plantings in the wetland buffer area must receive a minimum of one inch of water each week from June to September from the temporary irrigation system or natural rainfall.
- During the Year 2 management visit, tree stakes shall be removed.
- Additional management visits may also be required to respond to other monitoring recommendations.

Following completion of the prescribed monitoring and site management periods, the mitigation sites will be protected from development or other alteration in perpetuity.

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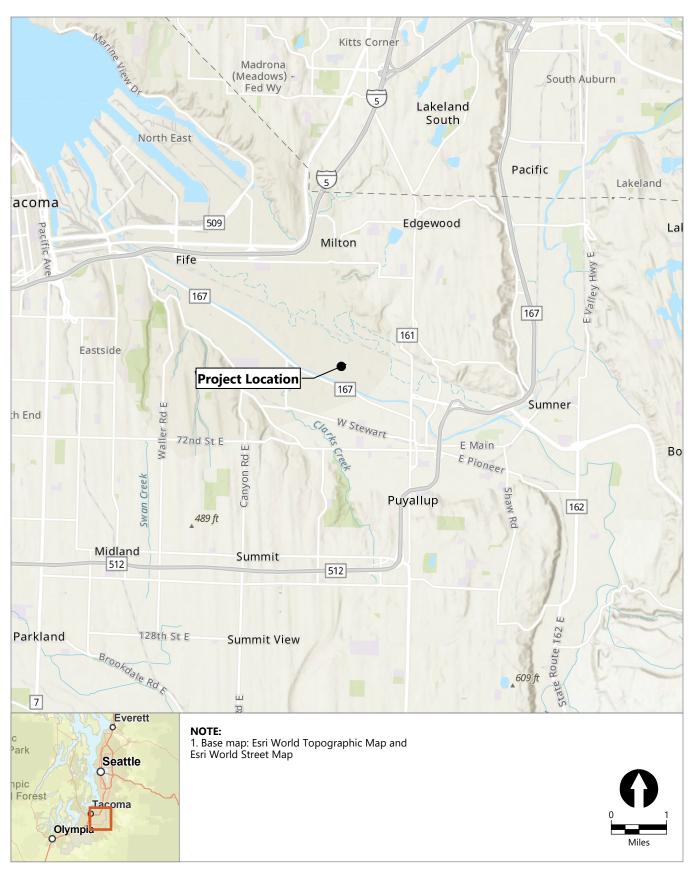
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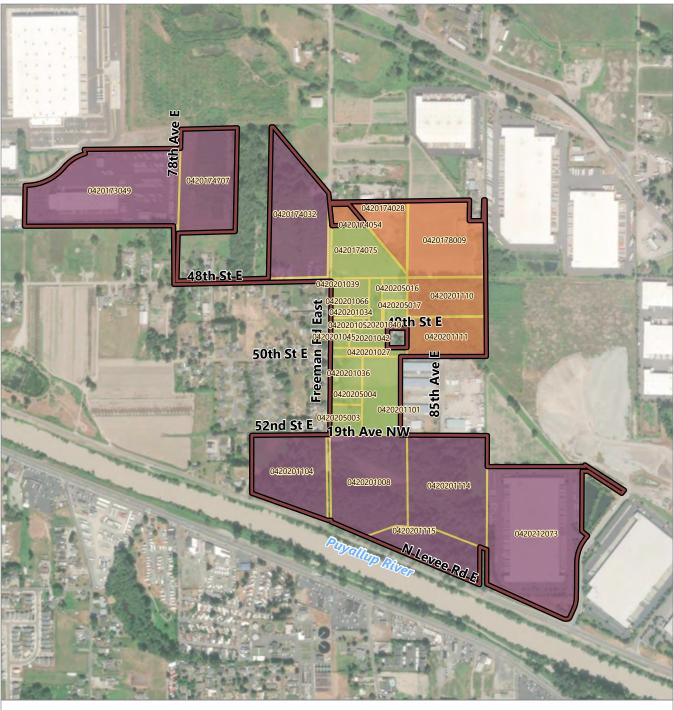
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## **Figures**



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#### LEGEND:

Study Area

#### **Tax Parcel Ownership**

- Main Development Area
- Other Parcels for Transportation and Utility Improvements

WSDOT

#### **SOURCES:**

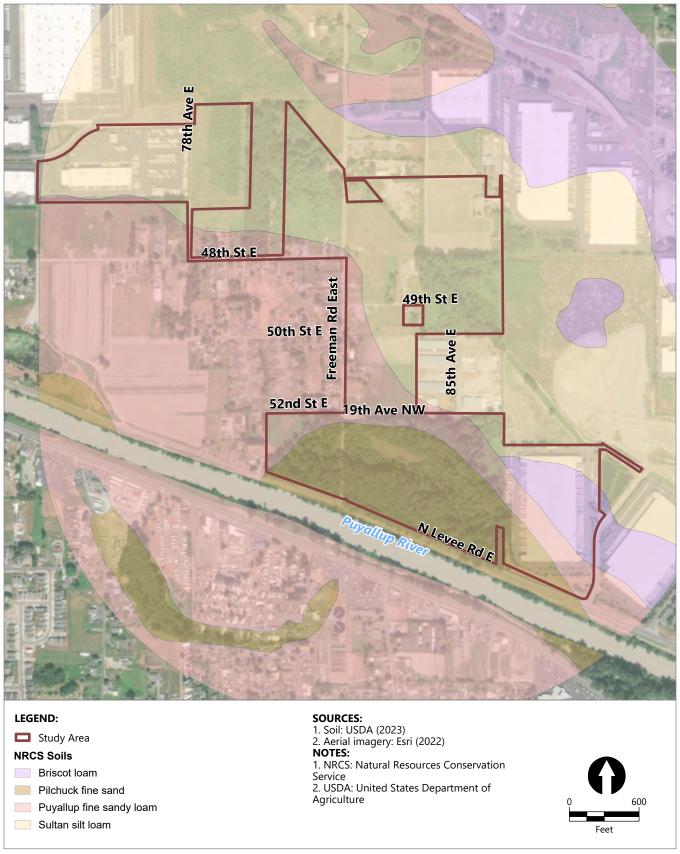
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1. USDA: United States Department of Agriculture

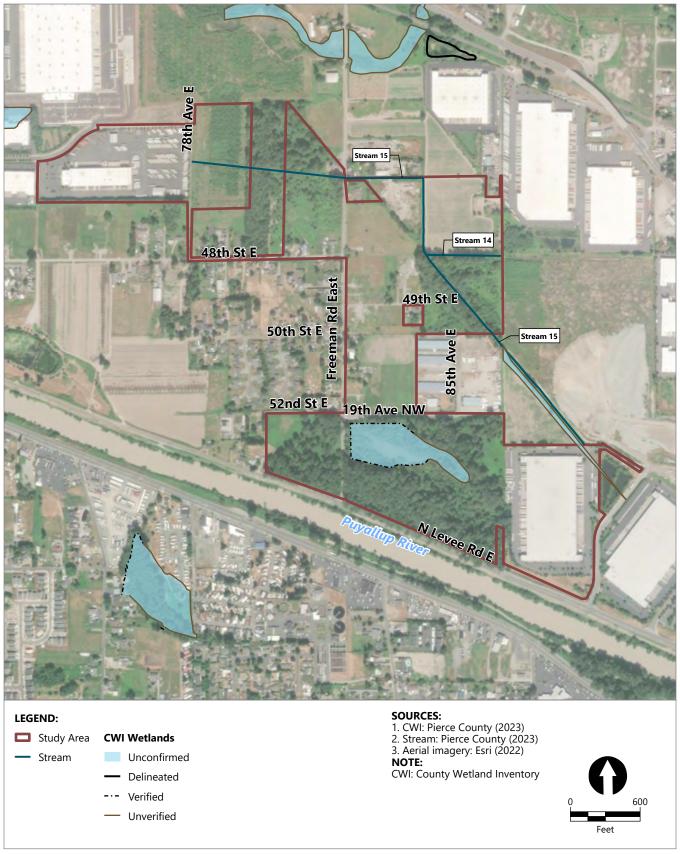


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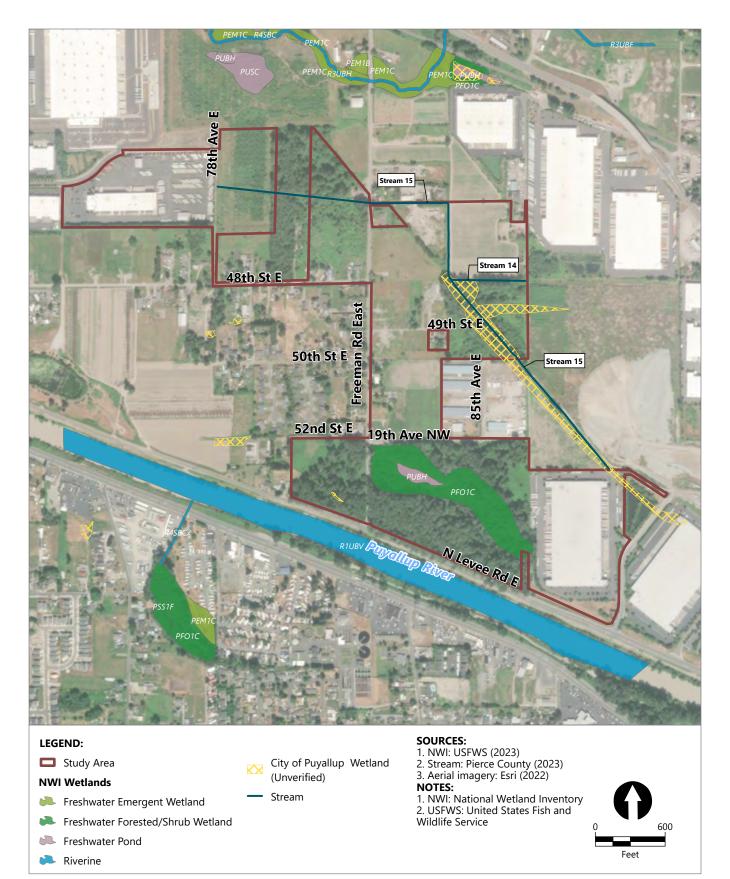






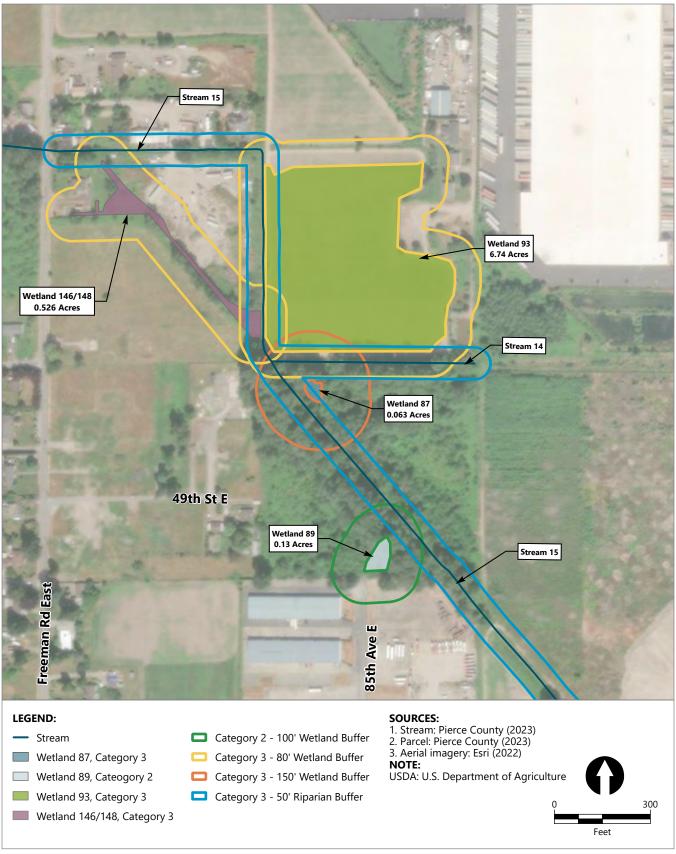
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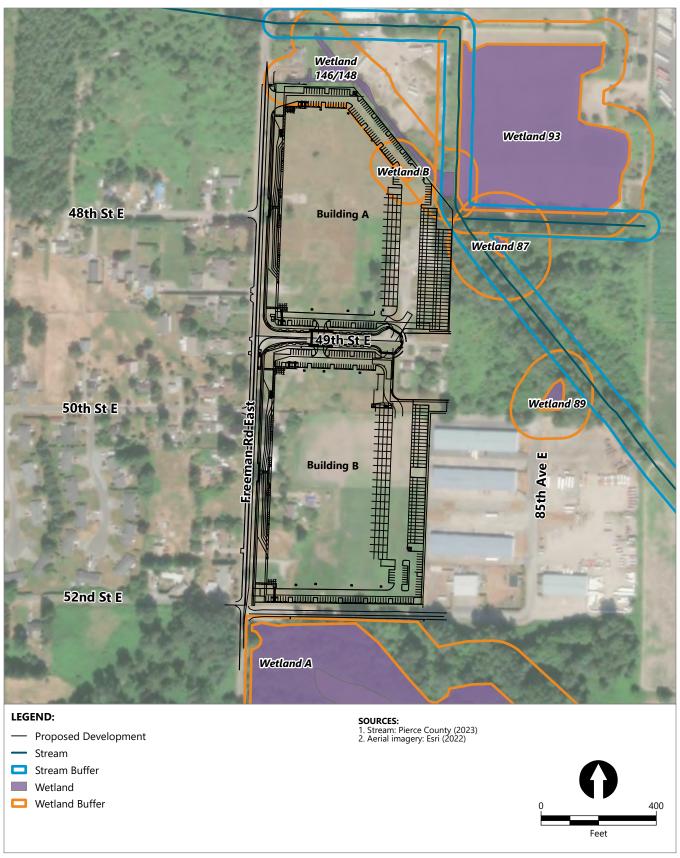
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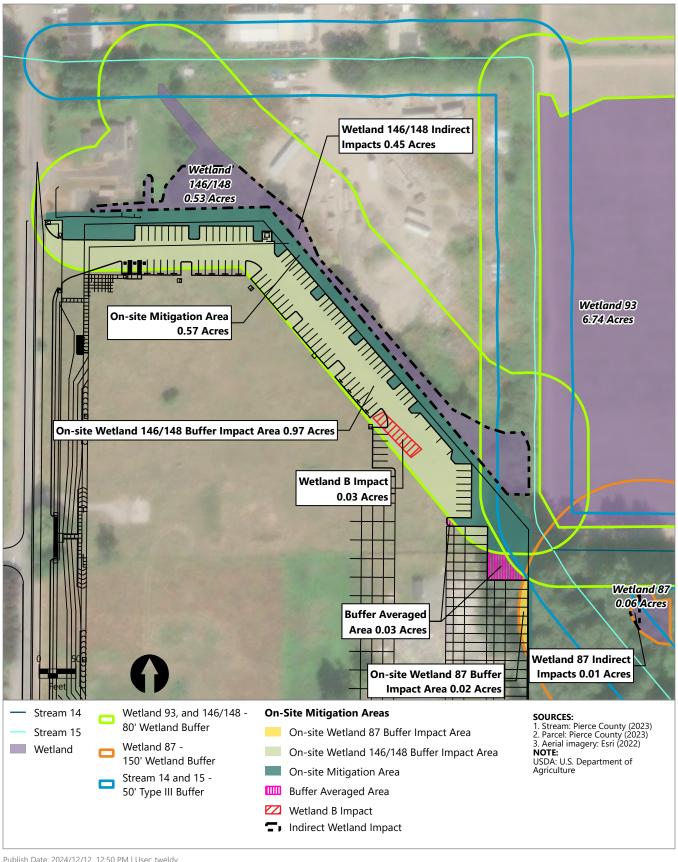
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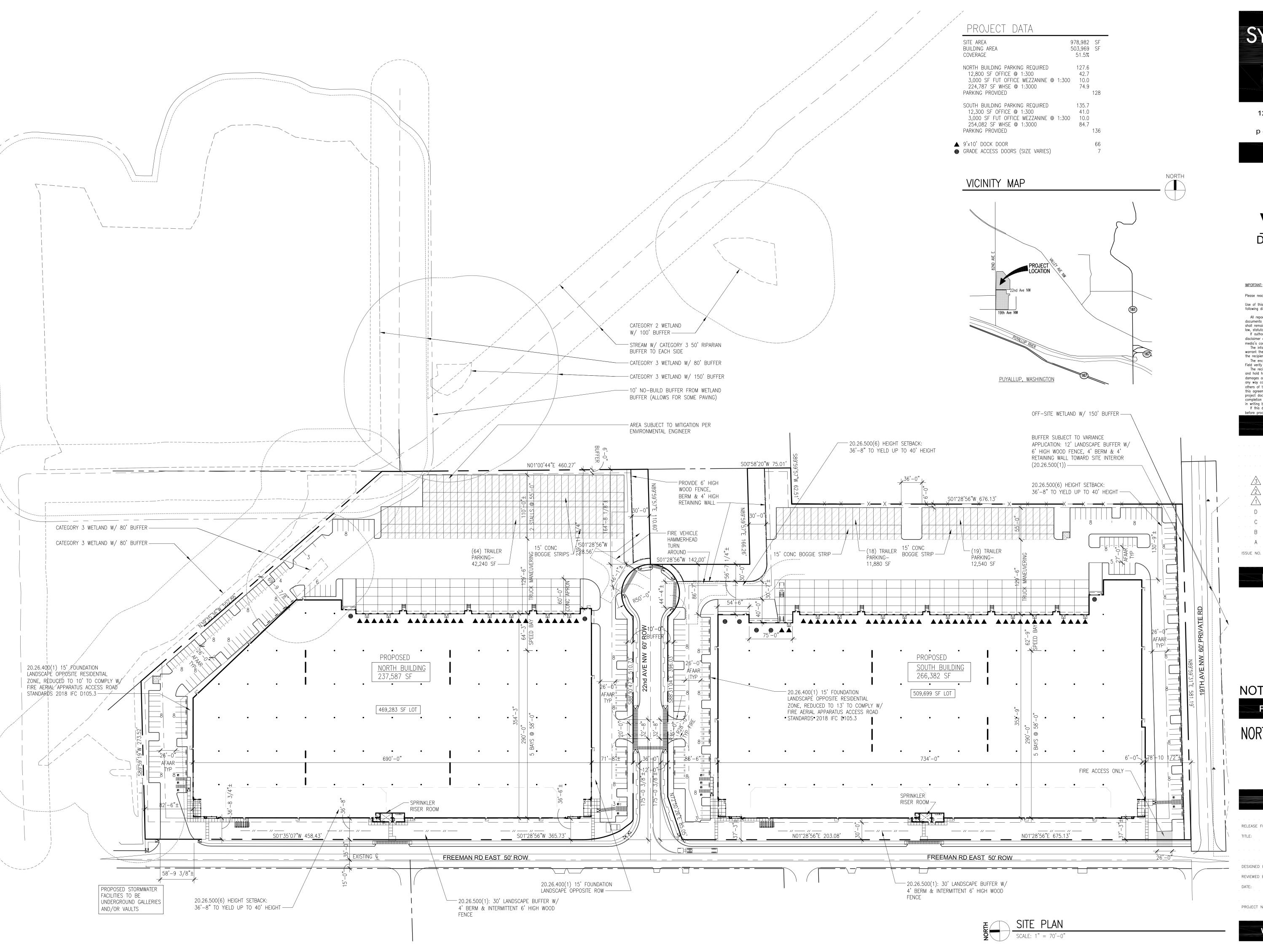


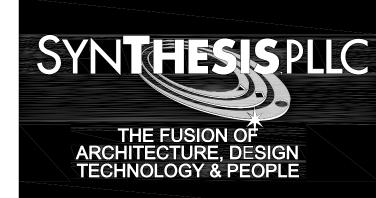


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# Appendix A Site Plan and Construction Details





12503 Bel-Red Road, Suite 100 Bellevue, WA 98005 p 425 646 1818 f 425 646 4141



11411 NE 124th Street Suite 190 Kirkland, WA 98034

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	10 14 22	SEPA RESUBMITTAL
D	11 01 21	DESIGN REVIEW APPLICA
С	09 15 21	PRELIMINARY BID
В	03 19 21	SEPA APPLICATION
Α	01 05 21	PRE-APPLICATION

PROFESSIONAL STAMP



### NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

PROJECT INFORMATION

## NORTH & SOUTH BUILDINGS

Freeman Road Logistics Puyallup, WA

#### SHEET INFORMATION

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TITLE: SITE PLAN

DESIGNED BY:

REVIEWED BY:

DRAWN BY:

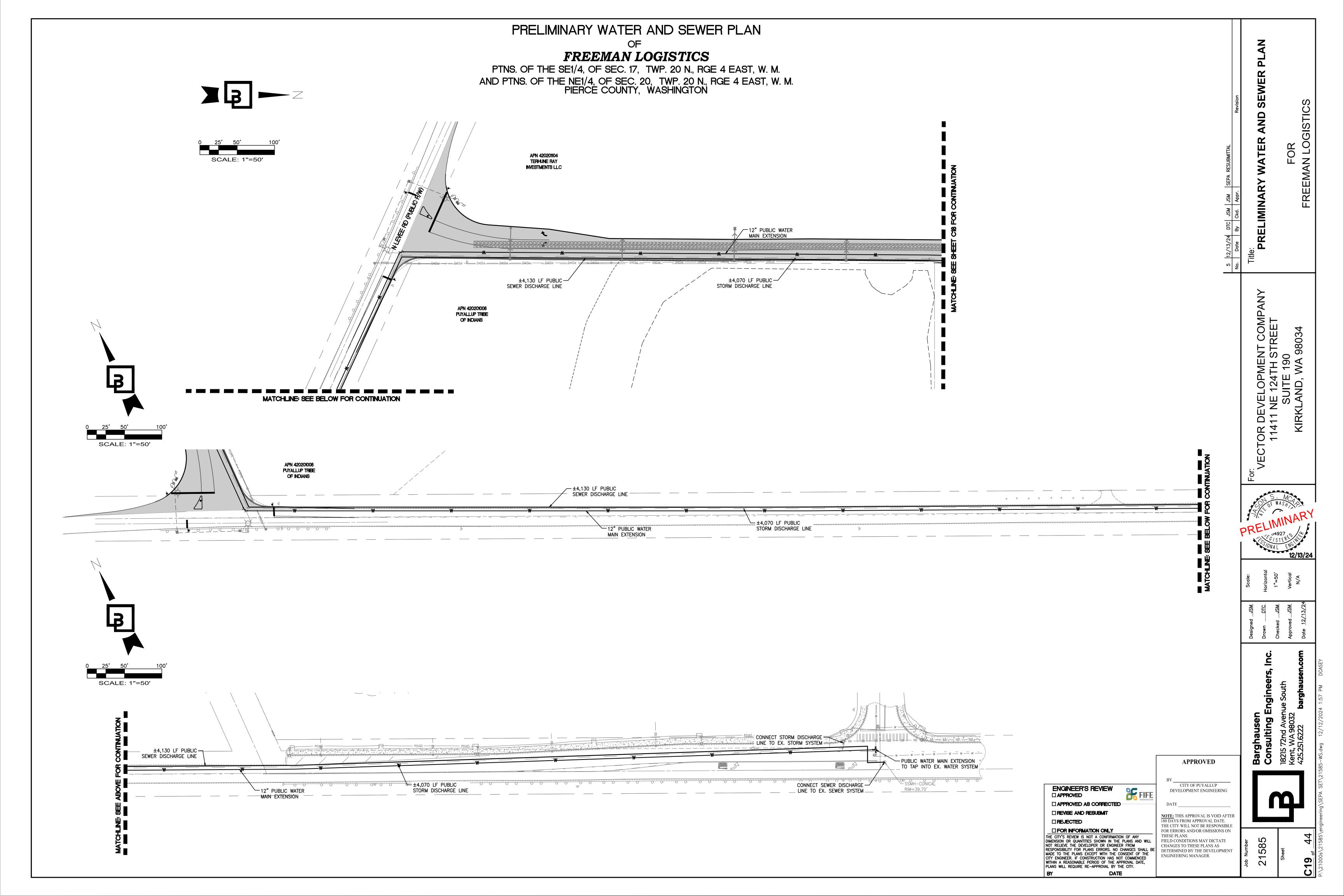
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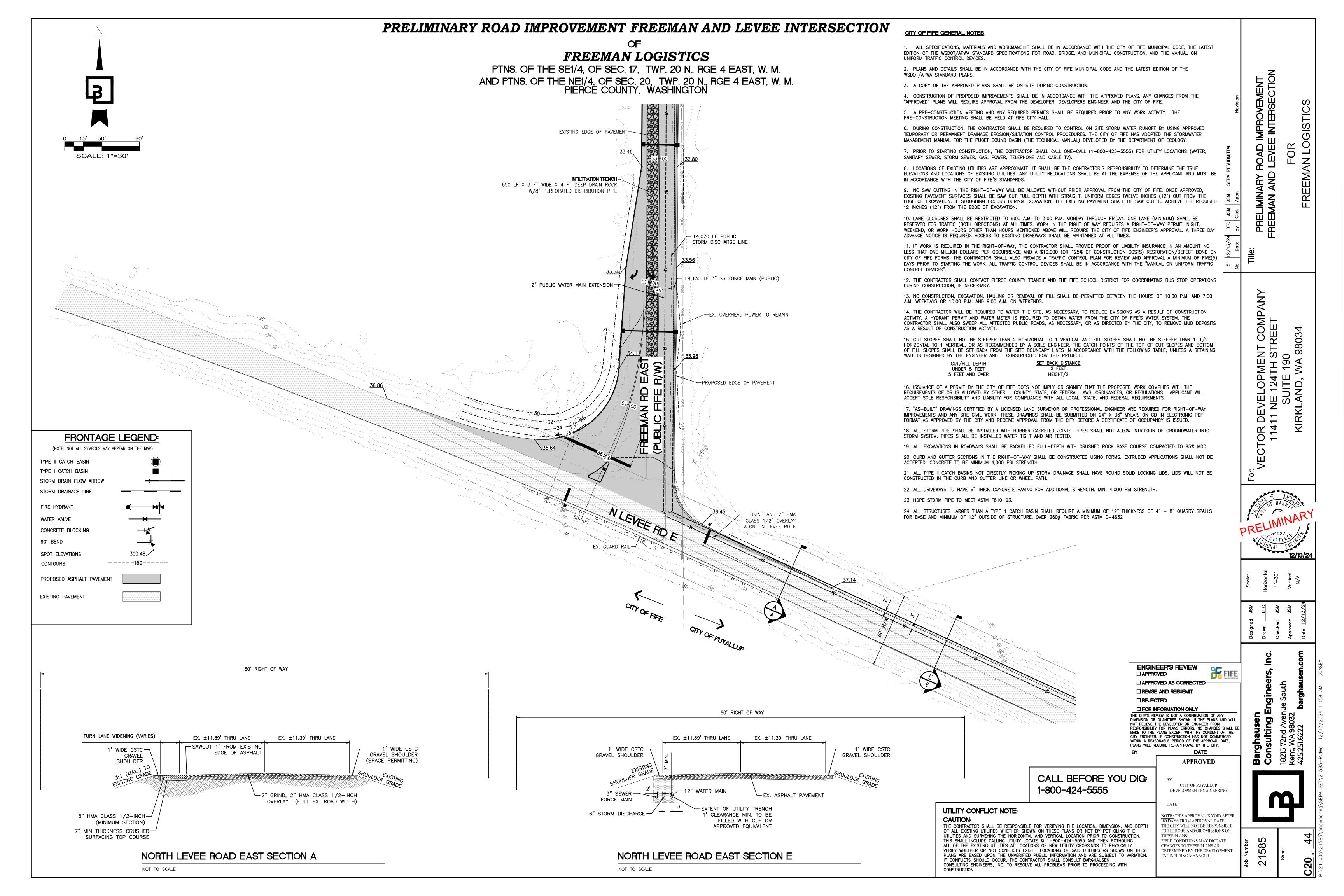
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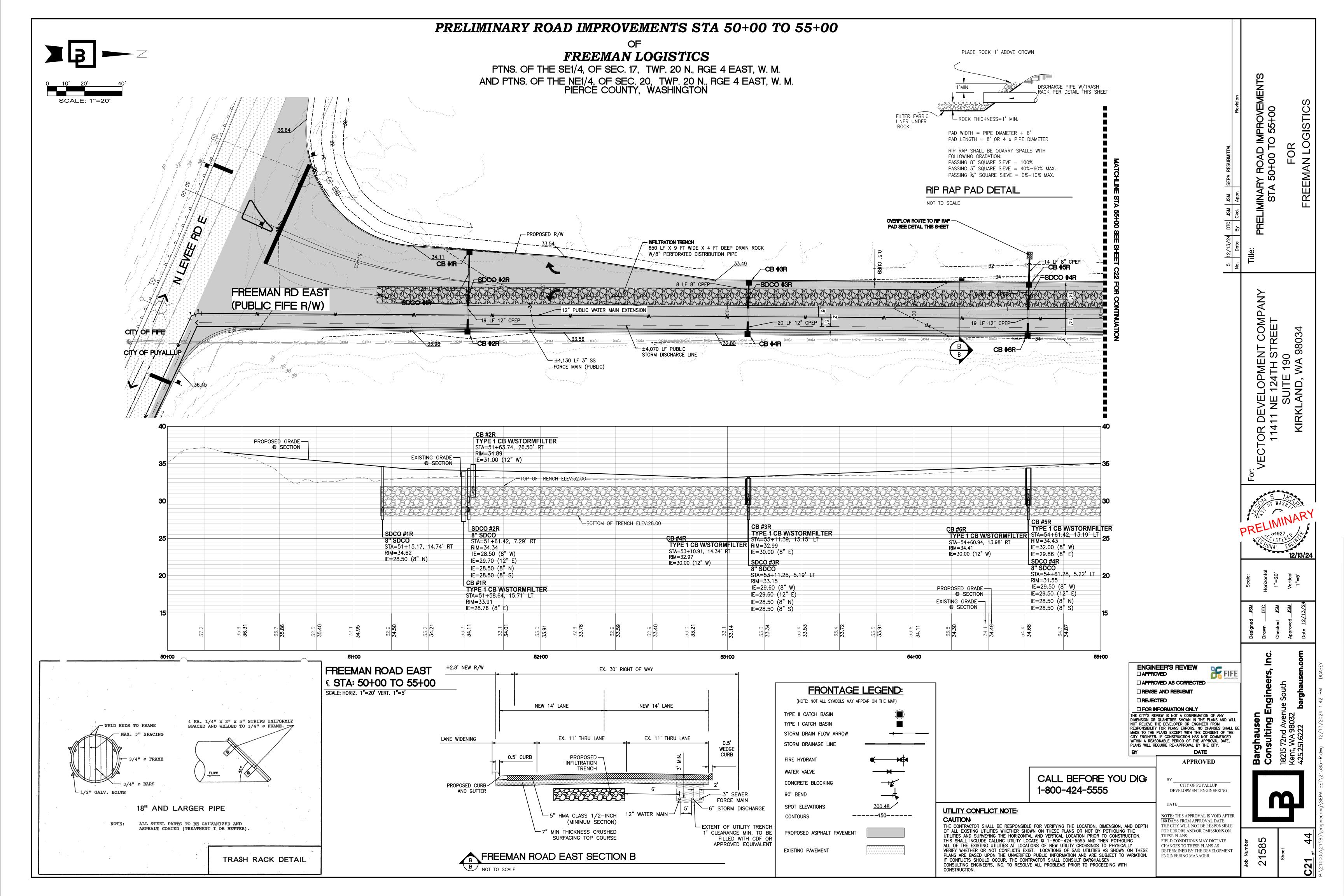
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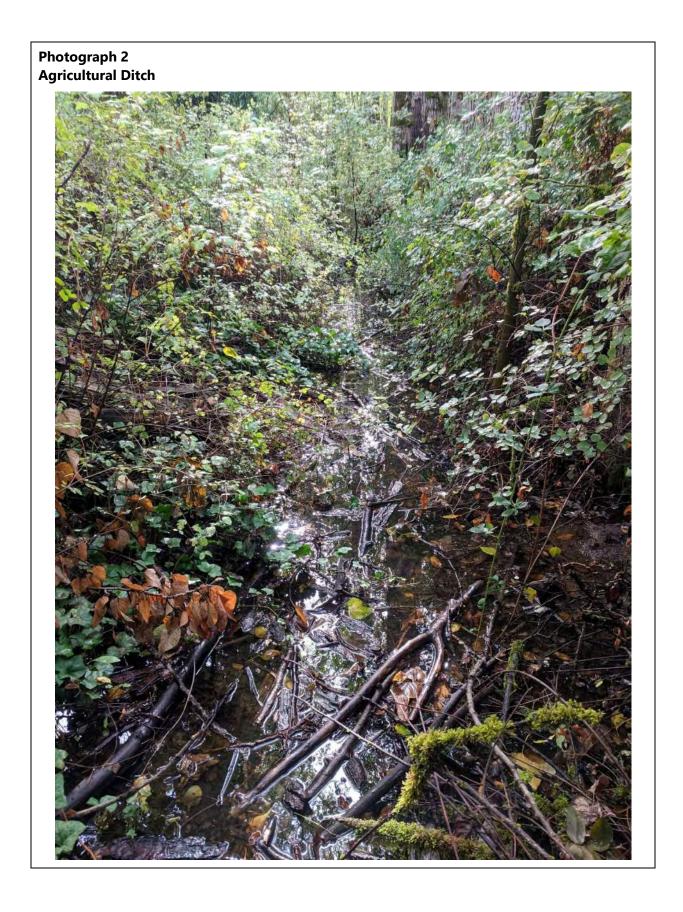


### Appendix B Study Area Photographs

## Appendix B Study Area Photographs

#### Photograph 1 Parcels 0420174075 and 0420205016





Photograph 3 Agricultural Ditch and Adjacent Agricultural Field

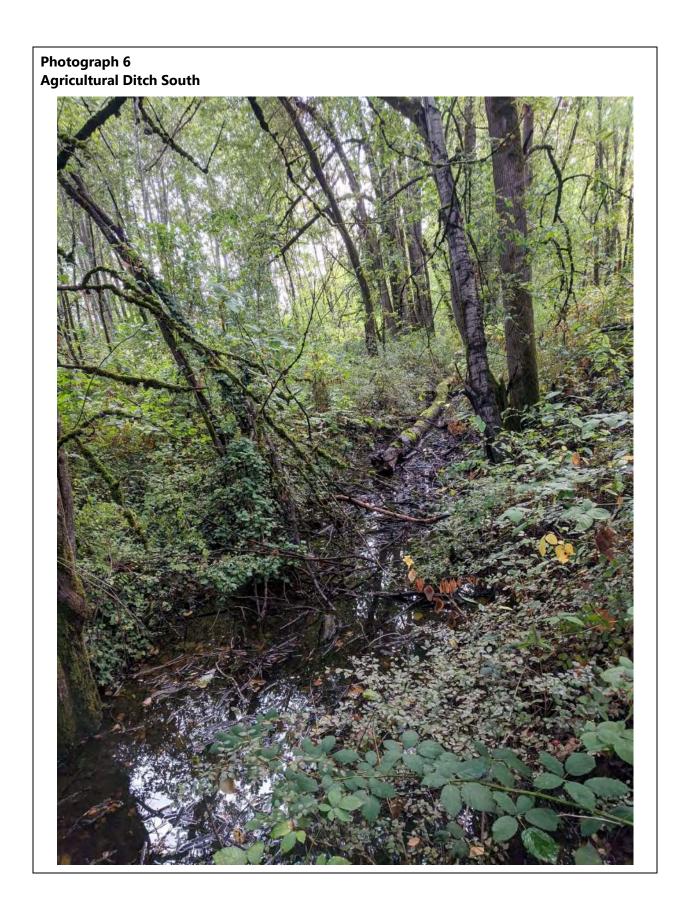


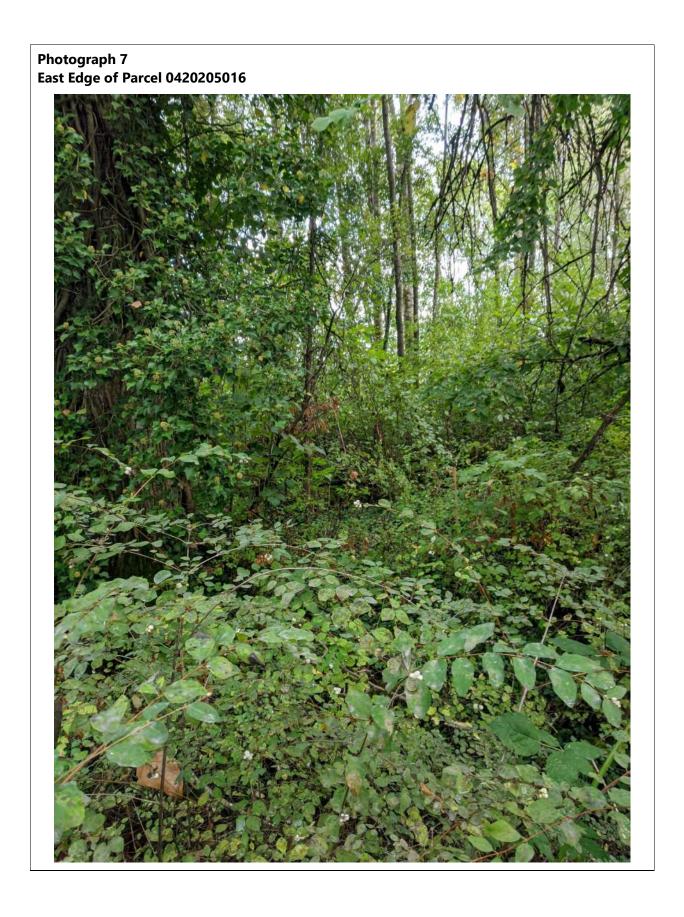
Photograph 4 Adjacent Agricultural Fields



#### Photograph 5 View of DP1





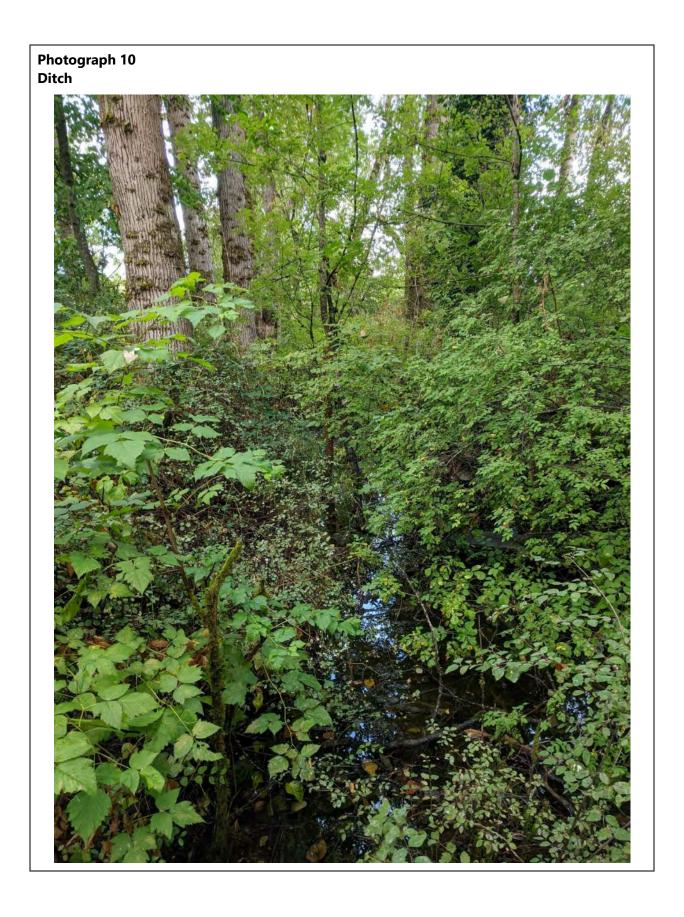


Photograph 8 Active Grazing in Parcel 0420174075



Photograph 9 Grazing in Parcel 0420174075





Photograph 11 Field Adjacent to Wetland B



Photograph 12 Landscape View near Wetland B



Photograph 13 View near Wetland B



Photograph 14 Field adjacent to Wetland B



Photograph 15 Area Near Wetland B



Photograph 16 Wetlands Mapped South of 52nd Street East



Photograph 17 Wetlands Mapped South of 52nd Street East



Photograph 18 Vegetation in Wetlands Mapped South of 52nd Street East



Photograph 19 Wetland B on Parcel 0420174075 (March 11, 2022)



Photograph 20 Wetland B on Parcel 0420174075 (March 11, 2022)



Photograph 21 Wetland B on Parcel 0420174075 (March 11, 2022)



Photograph 22 Looking down at Wetland A from the adjacent slope (May 17, 2024)





## Appendix C Wetland Forms and Figures

# Appendix C-1 Data Forms

Project/Site:	Freeman Road Logis	stics		City/County:	Puyallup/Pi	ierce Cou	nty		Samp	oling Date:	3/1	11/2022
Applicant/Owner:	Vector Development	t Company					State:	WA	- Samı	oling Point:		DP-1
Investigator(s):	C. Douglas, M. Curra	an		Section	n, Township,	Range:	S17 & 2	20 R4E T20	- N			
Landform (hillslope	e, terrace, etc.):	Forested		Local re	lief (concave	e, convex	, none):	concave			Slope:	1-5
Subregion (LRR):	Northwest Forests a	nd Coast (LRR A)	Lat:	- 47.20922528	3		Long:	-122.3177	068		Datum:	NAD83
Soil Map Unit Nam	e: Pilchuck fine	sand					NWI Cla	ssification:	PFO, P	SS, POW	•	
Are climatic / hydro	ologic conditions on the	he site typical for th	nis time of y	ear?	Yes	Х	No		(If no, e	xplain in Re	emarks)	
Are Vegetation	, Soil	, or Hydrology		significantly	disturbed?	Are "N	lormal C	ircumstand	es" Pres	ent? Yes	Х	No
	, Soil			naturally pro	oblematic?	(If nee	ded, exp	olain any ar	nswers in	Remarks.)		<u>-</u>
SUMMARY OF	FINDINGS - Att	ach site map s	showing s	ampling p	ooint locat	tions, tr	ansect	ts, impoi	tant fea	atures, e	c.	
	5		v									
Hydrophytic Vegeta Hydric Soil Presen		Yes No			ampled Area	1	Yes		No	X		
Wetland Hydrology		Yes X No		within a	Wetland?				_ '''		=	
welland Hydrology	/ Present?	res A NO										
VEGETATION	ted northern and easi	tern boundary of la	nge welland	a system to to	Jenny potem	nai bullei	шраста	Tor utility i	ine const	ruction		
			Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	Domina	nce Tes	t workshe	et:			
Tree Stratum	(Plot size:	)	% Cover	Species?	Status?	Number	of Domii	nant Speci	es			
	nifera ssp. Trichocarp		80	Yes	FAC	That Are	OBL, F	ACW, or F	AC:	1		(A)
Picea sitchensi	•		10	No	FAC	Total Nu	mber of	Dominant				(- )
3.						Species	Across A	All Strata:		2		(B)
4.						Percent	of Domir	nant Specie				` '
5.								ACW, or F		50%		(A/B)
50%=	45 20%= 18	Total Cover:	90					•				` ,
Sapling/Shrub Stra	tum (Plot size:	)			Ī	Prevale	nce Inde	x Worksh	eet:			
1. Cornus sericea			30	No	FACW	Tot	al % Cov	ver of:		Multiply b	y:	
2. Rubus armenia	cus		20	No	FAC	OBL spe	ecies	0	x1 =	0		
3. Symphoricarpo	s albus		90	Yes	FACU	FACW s	pecies	30	x2 =	60		
4. Ribes sanguine	eum		20	No	FACU	FAC spe	ecies	110	x3 =	330		
5						FACU sp	pecies	110	x4 =	440		i
50%=	80 20%= 32	_ Total Cover:	160			UPL spe	cies _	0	_x5 =	0		•
Herb Stratum	(Plot size:	)				Column	-	250	_(A)	830		(B)
1						Preval	ence Inc	lex = B/A =	·	3.3		
2		<u> </u>			-							
3						Hydroph		getation Ir				
4										ytic Vegeta	ion	
								ninance Te /alence Inc				
6 7.												
		<u>.</u>		·						on¹ (Provide s separate s		rting
9.								land Non-\		٠.	ileet)	
-	0 20%= 0	Total Cover:	0							egetation <sup>1</sup> (	Evnlain	)
Woody Vine Stratu		_ rotal cover.				1Indicato				hydrology		,
Hedera helix	(1 101 3120.		20		FACU			ss disturbe			must	
2									•			
		Total Cover:	20			Hydroph Vegetati	-					
% Bar	e Ground in Herb Str			tic Crust		Present			Yes	No	Х	
Remarks: 50% FA				-							-	
	·											

_	

Depth _	Matrix			Red									
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color	(moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>	Texture	<u> </u>		Rem	narks	
0-8	10YR 3/2	100						SiL		v/gravel			
8-18	10YR 4/2	100						SL		v/gravel			
			-					-					
-													
Type: C=Co	ncentration, D=D	epletion, RN	√=Reduc	ed Matrix,	CS=Cove	ered or Co	ated Sand	Grains. <sup>2</sup> L	ocation:	PL=Pore l	_ining, M=	Matrix.	
Hydric Soil I	ndicators: (App	icable to a	II LRRs,	unless oth	erwise r	noted.)		Indicators	for Prob	lematic H	ydric Soi	ls³:	
Histoso	I (A1)		_	Sandy R	edox (S	5)			2 cı	n Muck (A	10) ( <b>LRR</b>	B)	
Histic E	pipedon (A2)				Matrix (	,			Red	Parent M	laterial (T	F2)	
	istic (A3)		_	_ Loamy N	∕lucky Mi	ineral (F1)	(except N	ILRA 1)		•		ace (TF12	<b>'.)</b>
	en Sulfide (A4)			_ Loamy (	Sleyed M	latrix (F2)		•	Oth	er (Explair	n in Rema	ırks)	
	d Below Dark Sui				d Matrix (								
Thick D	ark Surface (A12)			_ Redox D	ark Surf	ace (F6)		<sup>3</sup> Indic	ators of h	ydrophytic	c vegetation	on and	
Sandy I	Muck Mineral (S1)		_	Depleted	d Dark Si	urface (F7	<b>'</b> )	we	tland hyd	rology mus	st be pres	ent,	
Sandy (	gleyed Matrix (S4)			_ Redox D	epressio	ons (F8)		u	nless dis	turbed or p	oroblemat	ic.	
Restrictive L	ayer (if present)	:											
Гуре:													
Depth (inche	6).							Iria Cail Dra			Yes	N	o X
arks: 2 chron	na with no redox						Hyc	dric Soil Pre	sent?				
ROLOGY	na with no redox	E.					Hyd	inic son Fre	sent?				
OROLOGY Wetland Hyd	na with no redox		: check a	II that apply	v)		Hyd	inic Son Fre		ondary Indi			
OROLOGY Wetland Hyd Primary Indic	na with no redox  Irology Indicator ators (minimum c		; check a			eaves (B9			Seco	•	icators (2	or more re	equired)
PROLOGY Wetland Hyder Primary Indice Surface	drology Indicator ators (minimum o		l; check a	Water-S	tained Le	`	) (except I		Seco Wa	ter-Staine	icators (2 d Leaves		equired)
PROLOGY Wetland Hyd Primary Indic Surface High W	Irology Indicator ators (minimum of Water (A1) ater Table (A2)		l; check a	Water-S 1, 2,	tained Le	`			Seco	ter-Stained	icators (2 d Leaves 3)	or more re (B9) ( <b>MLR</b>	equired)
Primary Indic Surface High W	Irology Indicator ators (minimum of Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3)		l; check a	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru	tained Le <b>4A and</b> 4 st (B11)	4B)	) (except I		Seco Wa	ter-Stained  4A and 4E  inage Patt	icators (2 d Leaves 3) terns (B10	or more re (B9) ( <b>MLR</b>	equired)
ROLOGY Vetland Hyd Primary Indic Surface High W X Saturati Water N	Irology Indicator ators (minimum of Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1)		l; check a	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic	tained Le  4A and 4  st (B11)  Invertebr	<b>4B</b> ) rates (B13	) (except I		Seco Wa	ter-Stained  4A and 4E  inage Patt  -Season V	icators (2 d Leaves 3) terns (B10 Vater Tab	or more re (B9) ( <b>MLR</b> 0) le (C2)	equired)
ROLOGY Vetland Hyd Primary Indic Surface High W X Saturati Water N Sedime	Irology Indicator ators (minimum of Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2)		l; check a	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydroge	tained Le  4A and 4  st (B11)  Invertebren Sulfide	<b>4B</b> ) rates (B13	) (except I	WLRA .	Secc Wa Dra Dry Sat	ter-Stained  4A and 4E inage Patt -Season V uration Vis	icators (2 d Leaves 3) terns (B10 Vater Tab sible on A	or more re (B9) ( <b>MLR</b> 0) le (C2) erial Image	equired)
ROLOGY Vetland Hyc Primary Indic Surface High W X Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De	Irology Indicator ators (minimum of Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3)		l; check a	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydroge Oxidized	tained Le  4A and 4  st (B11)  Invertebren Sulfide  Rhizosp	rates (B13 e Odor (C1 oheres alo	) (except I		Secc Wa Dra Dry Sat Geo	ter-Stained  4A and 4E  inage Patt -Season V  uration Visonorphic F	icators (2 d Leaves 3) terns (B10 Vater Tab sible on A Position (I	or more re (B9) ( <b>MLR</b> 0) le (C2) erial Image	equired)
Primary Indice Surface High W  X Saturati Water N Sedime Drift De Algal M	drology Indicator ators (minimum of Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4)		l; check a	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydroge Oxidized Presence	tained Le  4A and 4 st (B11) Invertebren Sulfide I Rhizospe of Red	rates (B13 e Odor (C1 oheres alo	) (except I	MLRA  Roots (C3)	Secco Wa Dra Dry Sat Gee	ter-Stained  4A and 4E  inage Patt  -Season V  uration Vis  omorphic F  allow Aquit	icators (2 d Leaves 3) terns (B10 Vater Tab sible on A Position (I ard (D3)	or more re (B9) ( <b>MLR</b> 0) le (C2) erial Image	equired)
PROLOGY  Wetland Hyd  Primary Indic  Surface  High W  X Saturati  Water N  Sedime  Drift De  Algal M  Iron De	Irology Indicator ators (minimum of Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5)		l; check a	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydroge Oxidized Presence Recent I	tained Le  4A and 4  st (B11) Invertebren Sulfide I Rhizospe of Red Iron Red	rates (B13 e Odor (C1 oheres alo luced Iron luction in F	e) (except I	MLRA  Roots (C3)	Secco Wa Dray Dry Sat Gee Sha	ter-Stained  4A and 4E  inage Patt -Season V  uration Vis  omorphic F  allow Aquit C-Neutral	icators (2 d Leaves 3) terns (B10 Vater Tab sible on A Position (I ard (D3) Test (D5)	or more re (B9) ( <b>MLR</b> 0) le (C2) erial Image 02)	equired) RA 1, 2, ery (C9)
PROLOGY  Wetland Hyd  Primary Indic  Surface  High W  X Saturati  Water M  Sedime  Drift De  Algal M  Iron De  Surface	Irology Indicator ators (minimum of Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) Soil Cracks (B6)	ne required		Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydroge Oxidized Presence Recent I Stunted	tained Le  4A and 4  st (B11) Invertebren Sulfider I Rhizospe of Red ron Redu or Stress	rates (B13 e Odor (C1 oheres alo luced Iron luction in F sed Plants	) (except I s) l) ing Living I (C4) Plowed Soil s (D1) (LRI	MLRA  Roots (C3)	Secco Wa Dra Dry Sat Geo Sha FAA	ter-Stained  4A and 4E  inage Patt  -Season V  uration Vis  pmorphic F  allow Aquit  C-Neutral  sed Ant M	icators (2 d Leaves 3) terns (B10 Vater Tab sible on A Position (I ard (D3) Test (D5) ounds (D	or more re (B9) ( <b>MLR</b> 0) le (C2) erial Image 02)	equired) RA 1, 2, ery (C9)
PROLOGY  Wetland Hyd  Primary Indic  Surface  High W  X Saturati  Water M  Sedime  Drift De  Algal M  Iron De  Surface  Inundat	Irology Indicator ators (minimum of Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5)	ne required	(B7)	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydroge Oxidized Presence Recent I Stunted	tained Le  4A and 4  st (B11) Invertebren Sulfider I Rhizospe of Red ron Redu or Stress	rates (B13 e Odor (C1 oheres alo luced Iron luction in F	) (except I s) l) ing Living I (C4) Plowed Soil s (D1) (LRI	MLRA  Roots (C3)	Secco Wa Dra Dry Sat Geo Sha FAA	ter-Stained  4A and 4E  inage Patt -Season V  uration Vis  omorphic F  allow Aquit C-Neutral	icators (2 d Leaves 3) terns (B10 Vater Tab sible on A Position (I ard (D3) Test (D5) ounds (D	or more re (B9) ( <b>MLR</b> 0) le (C2) erial Image 02)	equired) RA 1, 2, ery (C9)
PROLOGY  Wetland Hyd  Primary Indic  Surface  High W  X Saturati  Water M  Sedime  Drift De  Algal M  Iron De  Surface  Inundat  Sparsel	Irology Indicator ators (minimum of Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) Soil Cracks (B6) ion Visible on Aer	ne required	(B7)	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydroge Oxidized Presence Recent I Stunted	tained Le  4A and 4  st (B11) Invertebren Sulfider I Rhizospe of Red ron Redu or Stress	rates (B13 e Odor (C1 oheres alo luced Iron luction in F sed Plants	) (except I s) l) ing Living I (C4) Plowed Soil s (D1) (LRI	MLRA  Roots (C3)	Secco Wa Dra Dry Sat Geo Sha FAA	ter-Stained  4A and 4E  inage Patt  -Season V  uration Vis  pmorphic F  allow Aquit  C-Neutral  sed Ant M	icators (2 d Leaves 3) terns (B10 Vater Tab sible on A Position (I ard (D3) Test (D5) ounds (D	or more re (B9) ( <b>MLR</b> 0) le (C2) erial Image 02)	equired) RA 1, 2, ery (C9)
PROLOGY  Wetland Hyd  Primary Indic  Surface  High W  X Saturati  Water M  Sedime  Drift De  Algal M  Iron De  Surface  Inundat  Sparsel	Irology Indicator ators (minimum of Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) Soil Cracks (B6) ion Visible on Aer y Vegetated Conditations:	ne required ial Imagery cave Surface	(B7)	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydroge Oxidized Presend Recent I Stunted Other (E	tained Let 4A and 4 st (B11) Invertebre in Sulfided d Rhizospe e of Red iron Redu or Stress explain in	rates (B13 e Odor (C1 oheres alo luced Iron luction in F sed Plants Remarks	(C4) Plowed Soil (D1) (LRF	MLRA  Roots (C3)	Secco Wa Dra Dry Sat Geo Sha FAA	ter-Stained  4A and 4E  inage Patt  -Season V  uration Vis  pmorphic F  allow Aquit  C-Neutral  sed Ant M	icators (2 d Leaves 3) terns (B10 Vater Tab sible on A Position (I ard (D3) Test (D5) ounds (D	or more re (B9) ( <b>MLR</b> 0) le (C2) erial Image 02)	equired) RA 1, 2, ery (C9)
Primary Indice Surface High W X Saturati Water N Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Surface Inundat Sparsel	Irology Indicator ators (minimum of Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) Soil Cracks (B6) ion Visible on Aer y Vegetated Conditations:	ne required ial Imagery cave Surface	(B7) ee (B8)	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydroge Oxidized Presend Recent I Stunted Other (E	tained Let 4A and 4 st (B11) Invertebra in Sulfided I Rhizospa e of Red iron Redu or Stress ixplain in	rates (B13 e Odor (C1 oheres alo luced Iron luction in F sed Plants Remarks	(C4) Plowed Soil (b) (LRF	MLRA  Roots (C3)	Secco Wa Dra Dry Sat Geo Sha FAA	ter-Stained  4A and 4E  inage Patt  -Season V  uration Vis  pmorphic F  allow Aquit  C-Neutral  sed Ant M	icators (2 d Leaves 3) terns (B10 Vater Tab sible on A Position (I ard (D3) Test (D5) ounds (D	or more re (B9) ( <b>MLR</b> 0) le (C2) erial Image 02)	equired) RA 1, 2, ery (C9)
PROLOGY Wetland Hyd Primary Indic Surface High W X Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Surface Inundat	Irology Indicator ators (minimum of Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) Soil Cracks (B6) ion Visible on Aer y Vegetated Concertations:	ne required ial Imagery cave Surface	(B7) ee (B8)	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydroge Oxidized Presence Recent I Stunted Other (E	tained Let 4A and 4 st (B11) Invertebre in Sulfided Rhizospe of Red ron Redu or Stress Explain in (inches) (inches)	rates (B13 e Odor (C1 oheres alo luced Iron luction in F sed Plants Remarks	) (except I s) I) ing Living I (C4) Plowed Soil is (D1) (LRI	MLRA  Roots (C3)	Secce Wa Dra Dry Sat Geo Sha FAO Rai Fro	ter-Stained  4A and 4E  inage Patt  -Season V  uration Vis  comorphic F  allow Aquit  C-Neutral  sed Ant M  st-Heave F	icators (2 d Leaves 3) terns (B10 Vater Tab sible on A Position (I ard (D3) Test (D5) ounds (Do Hummock	or more re (B9) ( <b>MLR</b> 0) le (C2) erial Image 02)	equired) RA 1, 2, ery (C9)
Primary Indice Surface High W X Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Surface Inundat Sparsel Field Observ Surface Water table F	Irology Indicator ators (minimum of Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) Soil Cracks (B6) ion Visible on Aer y Vegetated Concertations:  Per Present?	ne required ial Imagery cave Surface 'es	(B7) ee (B8)	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydroge Oxidized Presence Recent I Stunted Other (E	tained Let 4A and 4 st (B11) Invertebre in Sulfided Rhizospe of Red ron Redu or Stress Explain in (inches) (inches)	rates (B13 e Odor (C1 oheres alo luced Iron luction in F sed Plants Remarks	) (except I s) I) ing Living I (C4) Plowed Soil is (D1) (LRI	Roots (C3)	Secce Wa Dra Dry Sat Geo Sha FAO Rai Fro	ter-Stained  4A and 4E  inage Patt  -Season V  uration Vis  comorphic F  allow Aquit  C-Neutral  sed Ant M  st-Heave F	icators (2 d Leaves 3) terns (B10 Vater Tab sible on A Position (I ard (D3) Test (D5) ounds (Do Hummock	or more re (B9) (MLR 0) le (C2) erial Image D2) 5) (LRR A) s (D7)	equired) RA 1, 2, ery (C9)
PROLOGY Wetland Hyd Primary Indic Surface High W x Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Surface Inundat Sparsel Field Observ Surface Water Water table F Saturation Pr (includes cap	Irology Indicator ators (minimum of Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) Soil Cracks (B6) ion Visible on Aer y Vegetated Concertations:  Per Present?	ial Imagery eave Surface es es es x	(B7)	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydroge Oxidized Presenc Recent I Stunted Other (E	tained Let 4A and 4 st (B11) Invertebren Sulfided Rhizospe of Red ron Red or Stress explain in (inches) (inches)	rates (B13 e Odor (C1 cheres alo luced Iron luction in F sed Plants Remarks  :	i) (except I i) ing Living I (C4) Plowed Soil is (D1) (LRI )	Wetland Hy	Secondary Secondary Saturation Share	ter-Stained  4A and 4E inage Patt -Season V uration Vis bomorphic F allow Aquit C-Neutral sed Ant M st-Heave F	icators (2 d Leaves 3) terns (B10 Vater Tab sible on A Position (I ard (D3) Test (D5) ounds (Do Hummock	or more re (B9) (MLR 0) le (C2) erial Image D2) 5) (LRR A) s (D7)	equired) RA 1, 2, ery (C9)
PROLOGY Wetland Hyd Primary Indic Surface High W X Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Surface Inundat Sparsel Field Observ Surface Water table F Saturation Pr (includes cap	Arology Indicator ators (minimum of Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) Soil Cracks (B6) ion Visible on Aer y Vegetated Conditions:  ar Present?  Present?  Present?  Soil Cracks (B6) ion Visible on Aer y Vegetated Conditions:  Present?  Present?	ial Imagery cave Surface  'es 'es d Tributary c	(B7)	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydroge Oxidized Presenc Recent I Stunted Other (E	tained Let 4A and 4 st (B11) Invertebren Sulfided Rhizospe of Red ron Red or Stress explain in (inches) (inches)	rates (B13 e Odor (C1 cheres alo luced Iron luction in F sed Plants Remarks  :	i) (except I i) ing Living I (C4) Plowed Soil is (D1) (LRI )	Wetland Hy	Secondary Secondary Saturation Share	ter-Stained  4A and 4E inage Patt -Season V uration Vis bomorphic F allow Aquit C-Neutral Sed Ant M st-Heave F	icators (2 d Leaves 3) terns (B10 Vater Tab sible on A Position (I ard (D3) Test (D5) ounds (Do Hummock	or more re (B9) (MLR 0) le (C2) erial Image D2) 5) (LRR A) s (D7)	equired) RA 1, 2, ery (C9)
PROLOGY Wetland Hyd Primary Indic Surface High W X Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Surface Inundat Sparsel Field Observ Surface Water table F Saturation Pr (includes cap	Irology Indicator ators (minimum of Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) Soil Cracks (B6) ion Visible on Aer y Vegetated Concretions:  er Present? Present?	ial Imagery cave Surface  'es 'es d Tributary c	(B7)	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydroge Oxidized Presenc Recent I Stunted Other (E	tained Let 4A and 4 st (B11) Invertebren Sulfided Rhizospe of Red ron Red or Stress explain in (inches) (inches)	rates (B13 e Odor (C1 cheres alo luced Iron luction in F sed Plants Remarks  :	i) (except I i) ing Living I (C4) Plowed Soil is (D1) (LRI )	Wetland Hy	Secondary Secondary Saturation Share	ter-Stained  4A and 4E inage Patt -Season V uration Vis bomorphic F allow Aquit C-Neutral Sed Ant M st-Heave F	icators (2 d Leaves 3) terns (B10 Vater Tab sible on A Position (I ard (D3) Test (D5) ounds (Do Hummock	or more re (B9) (MLR 0) le (C2) erial Image D2) 5) (LRR A) s (D7)	equired) RA 1, 2, ery (C9)

Project/Site:	Freeman Road Log	istics		City/County:	Puyallup/P	ierce Cou	ınty		Sam	pling Date:	3/1	1/2022
Applicant/Owner:	Vector Developmen	nt Company					State:	WA	_ Sam	pling Point:		DP-2
Investigator(s):	C. Douglas, M. Cur	ran		Section	n, Township,	, Range:	S17 & 2	20 R4E T2	0N			
Landform (hillslope	e, terrace, etc.):	Forested		Local re	lief (concave	e, convex	, none):	concave			Slope:	1-5
Subregion (LRR):	Northwest Forests	and Coast (LRR A)	Lat:	- 47.2091166			Long:	-122.3175	633		Datum:	NAD83
Soil Map Unit Nam	ne: Pilchuck fine	e sand	· ·				NWI Cla	ssification	: PFO, P	SS, POW	-	
Are climatic / hydr	ologic conditions on	the site typical for th	nis time of y	ear?	Yes	Х	No		(If no, e	explain in Re	emarks)	
Are Vegetation	, Soil	, or Hydrology		significantly	disturbed?	Are "N	Normal C	ircumstan	ces" Pres	ent? Yes	Х	No
Are Vegetation	, Soil						eded, exp	olain any a	nswers in	Remarks.)		
SUMMARY OF	FINDINGS – A	ttach site map s	howing s	sampling p	ooint loca	tions, t	ransec	ts, impo	rtant fe	atures, et	c.	
I bada a badia Mana	tation Decree	V V N-										
Hydrophytic Veget Hydric Soil Preser		Yes X No			ampled Area	a	Yes	х	No			
Wetland Hydrolog		Yes X No		within a	Wetland?		.00		_ '''		-	
welland Hydrolog	y Flesent!	res X NO										
VEGETATION		·										
			Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	Domina	nce Tes	t workshe	et:			
Tree Stratum	(Plot size	e: )	% Cover	Species?	Status?	Number	of Domi	nant Spec	ies			
-	mifera ssp. Trichocai		70	Yes	FAC	That Are	e OBL, F	ACW, or F	AC:	2		(A)
2.	mera copi meneca.	μ				Total Nu	ımber of	Dominant				(, ,)
3.								All Strata:		2		(B)
4.						Percent	of Domi	nant Spec	-	<del></del>		(-)
5.								ACW, or F		100%		(A/B)
50%=	35 20%= 14	Total Cover:	70									` ,
Sapling/Shrub Stra	atum (Plot size	e:)				Prevale	nce Inde	ex Worksl	neet:			
1. Cornus sericea			85	Yes	FACW	Tot	tal % Co	ver of:		Multiply b	oy:	
2. Rubus armenia	acus		20	No	FAC	OBL spe	ecies	0	x1 =	0		
3. Symphoricarpo	os albus		20	No	FACU	FACW s	species	85	x2 =	170		
4						FAC spe	ecies	90	_x3 =	270		
5						FACU s	pecies	20	_x4 =	80		
50%=	<u>62.5</u> 20%= <u>25</u>	Total Cover:	125			UPL spe		0	x5 =	0		
Herb Stratum	(Plot size	e:)				Column		195	_ ` <i>' -</i>	520		(B)
1						Preva	lence Ind	dex = B/A	=	2.7		
2												
3.		,				Hydrop		getation I				
4.										ytic Vegetat	ion	
· ·						<u>X</u>		ninance Te				
6 7.						<u> </u>		valence In				
										on <sup>1</sup> (Provide		rting
8 9.								tland Non-		a separate s Plants <sup>1</sup>	neet)	
	= 0 20%= 0	Total Cover:								egetation <sup>1</sup> (	Evnlain	١
Woody Vine Stratu						1Indicate				d hydrology		,
								ss disturbe			must	
2.									•			
		Total Cover:	0			Hydrop Vegetat	-					
% Ba	re Ground in Herb St			tic Crust		Present			Yes	X No		
Remarks: 100% F				-								
	3											

SOIL

<b>Profile Des</b> Depth	Matrix		Re	edox Feat	ures			
inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>	Texture	Remarks
0-4	10YR 3/1	100					SiL	
4-9	10YR 3/1	90	10YR 5/4	10		M	SL	
9-18	10YR 2/1	95	10YR 4/1	5	D	М	LS	w/gravel
Type: C=C	oncentration, D=Dep	letion, RM	=Reduced Matrix,	CS=Cov	ered or Co	ated Sand	d Grains. <sup>2</sup> Loo	cation: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
-	Indicators: (Applic	able to all			•		Indicators fo	or Problematic Hydric Soils <sup>3</sup> :
Histos	, ,			Redox (S	•		_	2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
	Epipedon (A2)			d Matrix (		, , ,		Red Parent Material (TF2)
	Histic (A3)				ineral (F1)	(except I	ILRA 1)	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
	gen Sulfide (A4)	(4.4.4)			latrix (F2)		_	Other (Explain in Remarks)
	ed Below Dark Surfa	ce (A11)		ed Matrix			31	
	Dark Surface (A12)			Dark Surf				ors of hydrophytic vegetation and
	Muck Mineral (S1)				urface (F7)	)		and hydrology must be present,
Sandy	gleyed Matrix (S4)		Redox	Depression	ons (F8)		unl	ess disturbed or problematic.
_	Layer (if present):							
Гуре:	,							
Depth (inche	es):					Hy	dric Soil Prese	ent? Yes <u>X</u> No
arks: 1 chro	ma with redox							
PROLOGY	(							
DROLOG\ Wetland Hy	/ rdrology Indicators:	, required:	check all that app	ulc)				Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
PROLOGN Wetland Hy Primary Indi	/ rdrology Indicators: cators (minimum one	required;		•	ogyoe (RQ)	(ovcont	MI PA	Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)  Water Stained Leaves (R9) (MI RA 1 2
PROLOGN Wetland Hy Primary Indi x Surfac	drology Indicators: cators (minimum one e Water (A1)	required;	x Water-	Stained L	, ,	) (except		Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2,
PROLOGY Wetland Hy Primary Indi x Surfac x High W	drology Indicators: cators (minimum one e Water (A1) Vater Table (A2)	required;	<u>x</u> Water-	Stained L	, ,	) (except	MLRA _>	Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A and 4B)
Primary Indi  x Surfac  High W x Satura	rdrology Indicators: cators (minimum one e Water (A1) vater Table (A2) tion (A3)	required;	x Water- 1, 2 Salt Cr	Stained L., <b>4A and</b> ust (B11)	4B)		MLRA	Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2,  4A and 4B)  Drainage Patterns (B10)
PROLOGY Wetland Hy Primary Indi  X Surfac  X High W X Satura  Water	rdrology Indicators: cators (minimum one e Water (A1) Vater Table (A2) tion (A3) Marks (B1)	required;	x Water- 1, 2 Salt Cr Aquatio	Stained L.  , 4A and aust (B11)  c Inverteb	<b>4B</b> ) rates (B13)	)	MLRA	Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A and 4B) Drainage Patterns (B10) Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
PROLOGY Wetland Hy Primary Indi  x Surfac  x High W x Satura  Water Sedim	rdrology Indicators: cators (minimum one e Water (A1) Vater Table (A2) tion (A3) Marks (B1) ent Deposits (B2)	required;	x Water- 1, 2 Salt Cr Aquatio Hydrog	Stained L., 4A and ust (B11) Inverteb	<b>4B</b> ) rates (B13) e Odor (C1	)	- - - -	Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A and 4B) Drainage Patterns (B10) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Netland Hy Primary Indi x Surfac x High W x Satura Water Sedim Drift D	rdrology Indicators: cators (minimum one e Water (A1) Vater Table (A2) tion (A3) Marks (B1) ent Deposits (B2) eposits (B3)	required;	x Water- 1, 2 Salt Cr Aquatic Hydrog Oxidize	Stained L., 4A and ust (B11) c Inverteb en Sulfide	4B) rates (B13) e Odor (C1) oheres alor	) ) ng Living	MLRA	Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A and 4B) Drainage Patterns (B10) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Geomorphic Position (D2)
Primary Indi  x Surfac  X High W  x Satura  Water  Sedim  Drift D  Algal N	rdrology Indicators: cators (minimum one e Water (A1) Vater Table (A2) tion (A3) Marks (B1) ent Deposits (B2) eposits (B3) Mat or Crust (B4)	required;	x Water- 1, 2 Salt Cr Aquatic Hydrog Oxidize Presen	Stained L., 4A and ust (B11) c Inverteb en Sulfide d Rhizospece of Red	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) oheres alor luced Iron	) ) ng Living (C4)		Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2,  4A and 4B)  Drainage Patterns (B10)  Dry-Season Water Table (C2)  Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)  Geomorphic Position (D2)  Shallow Aquitard (D3)
Primary Indi  x Surfac  x High W  x Satura  Water  Sedim  Drift D  Algal N	drology Indicators: cators (minimum one e Water (A1) Vater Table (A2) tion (A3) Marks (B1) ent Deposits (B2) eposits (B3) Mat or Crust (B4) eposits (B5)	required;	x Water- 1, 2 Salt Cr Aquatio Hydrog Oxidize Presen Recent	Stained L., 4A and ust (B11) converteben Sulfided Rhizospice of Red	rates (B13) e Odor (C1 bheres alou luced Iron uction in P	) ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi	Roots (C3)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A and 4B) Drainage Patterns (B10) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Geomorphic Position (D2) Shallow Aquitard (D3) FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
PROLOGY Wetland Hy Primary Indi  x Surfac x High W x Satura Water Sedim Drift D Algal M Iron De Surfac	rdrology Indicators: cators (minimum one e Water (A1) Vater Table (A2) tion (A3) Marks (B1) ent Deposits (B2) eposits (B3) Aat or Crust (B4) eposits (B5) e Soil Cracks (B6)		x Water- 1, 2 Salt Cr Aquatio Hydrog Oxidize Presen Recent Stunted	Stained L., 4A and ust (B11) c Inverteb en Sulfide ed Rhizospore of Red Iron Red d or Stress	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) oheres alor luced Iron uction in P sed Plants	) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	Roots (C3)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A and 4B) Drainage Patterns (B10) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Geomorphic Position (D2) Shallow Aquitard (D3) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
PROLOGY Wetland Hy Primary Indi x Surfac x High W x Satura Water Sedim Drift D Algal M Iron De Surfac x Inunda	drology Indicators: cators (minimum one e Water (A1) Vater Table (A2) tion (A3) Marks (B1) ent Deposits (B2) eposits (B3) Mat or Crust (B4) eposits (B5)	Imagery (	x Water- 1, 2 Salt Cr Aquation Hydrog Oxidize Presen Recent Stunted B7) Other (	Stained L., 4A and ust (B11) c Inverteb en Sulfide ed Rhizospore of Red Iron Red d or Stress	rates (B13) e Odor (C1 bheres alou luced Iron uction in P	) ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	Roots (C3)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A and 4B) Drainage Patterns (B10) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Geomorphic Position (D2) Shallow Aquitard (D3) FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
PROLOGY Wetland Hy Primary Indi  X Surface X High W X Satura Water Sedim Drift D Algal M Iron De Surface X Inunda X Sparse	rdrology Indicators: cators (minimum one e Water (A1) Vater Table (A2) tion (A3) Marks (B1) ent Deposits (B2) eposits (B3) Mat or Crust (B4) eposits (B5) e Soil Cracks (B6) tion Visible on Aerial ely Vegetated Concavery	Imagery (	x Water- 1, 2 Salt Cr Aquatic Hydrog Oxidize Presen Recent Stunted B7) Other ( (B8)	Stained L.  , 4A and ust (B11) c Inverteb en Sulfide ed Rhizosi ce of Red Iron Red d or Stres: Explain in	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) oheres alor luced Iron uction in P sed Plants I Remarks)	) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	Roots (C3)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A and 4B) Drainage Patterns (B10) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Geomorphic Position (D2) Shallow Aquitard (D3) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
PROLOGY Wetland Hy Primary Indi  x Surface x High W x Satura Water Sedim Drift D Algal M Iron Do Surface x Inunda x Sparse Field Obser Surface Wa	rational discrete research of the property of	Imagery ( ve Surface	x Water- 1, 2 Salt Cr Aquatic Hydrog Oxidize Presen Recent Stuntec B7) Other ( (B8)	Stained L.  4A and ust (B11) c Inverteb en Sulfide ed Rhizosp ce of Red Iron Red d or Stres Explain in	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) cheres alor luced Iron uction in P sed Plants Remarks)	) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	Roots (C3)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A and 4B) Drainage Patterns (B10) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Geomorphic Position (D2) Shallow Aquitard (D3) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
Primary Indi  x Surfac  x High W  x Satura  Water  Sedim  Drift D  Algal M  Iron De  Surfac  x Inunda  x Sparse  Field Obsel  Surface Wa  Nater table	rationary Indicators: cators (minimum one e Water (A1) Vater Table (A2) tion (A3) Marks (B1) ent Deposits (B2) eposits (B3) Aat or Crust (B4) eposits (B5) e Soil Cracks (B6) tion Visible on Aerial ely Vegetated Concavery	Imagery ( ve Surface	X   Water-	Stained L.  , 4A and ust (B11) c Inverteben Sulfided Rhizospece of Red Iron Red or Stress Explain in h (inches)	rates (B13) Protes (B13) Protes alor Prote	) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	Roots (C3)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2,  4A and 4B)  Drainage Patterns (B10)  Dry-Season Water Table (C2)  Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)  Geomorphic Position (D2)  Shallow Aquitard (D3)  FAC-Neutral Test (D5)  Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)  Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)
Primary Indi  x Surfac  x High W  x Satura  Water  Sedim  Drift D  Algal M  Iron De  Surfac  x Inunda  x Sparse  Field Obsel  Surface Wa  Water table  Saturation F	rationary Indicators: cators (minimum one) e Water (A1) Vater Table (A2) tion (A3) Marks (B1) ent Deposits (B2) eposits (B3) Mat or Crust (B4) eposits (B5) e Soil Cracks (B6) tion Visible on Aerial ely Vegetated Concavery reter Present? Present? Yes Present? Yes	Imagery ( ve Surface	X   Water-	Stained L.  , 4A and ust (B11) c Inverteben Sulfided Rhizospece of Red Iron Red or Stress Explain in h (inches)	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) cheres alor luced Iron uction in P sed Plants Remarks)	) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	Roots (C3)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A and 4B) Drainage Patterns (B10) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Geomorphic Position (D2) Shallow Aquitard (D3) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
Primary Indi  x Surface x High W x Satura Water Sedim Drift D Algal M Iron De Surface x Inunda x Sparse  Field Obset Surface Wa Water table Saturation F includes ca	rdrology Indicators: cators (minimum one e Water (A1) Vater Table (A2) tion (A3) Marks (B1) ent Deposits (B2) eposits (B3) Mat or Crust (B4) eposits (B5) e Soil Cracks (B6) ation Visible on Aerial ely Vegetated Concavery rvations: ter Present? Present? Yes Present? Yes pillary fringe)	Imagery ( ve Surface	X   Water-	Stained L.  , 4A and ust (B11) c Inverteb en Sulfide d Rhizosp ce of Red Iron Red d or Stress Explain in  h (inches) h (inches)	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) cheres alor luced Iron uction in P sed Plants Remarks) : 1 incl : at surfa	) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	Roots (C3)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2,  4A and 4B)  Drainage Patterns (B10)  Dry-Season Water Table (C2)  Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)  Geomorphic Position (D2)  Shallow Aquitard (D3)  FAC-Neutral Test (D5)  Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)  Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)
PROLOGY Wetland Hy Primary Indi x Surface x High W x Satura Water Sedim Drift D Algal N Iron De Surface x Inunda x Sparse Field Obser Surface Wa Water table Saturation F includes car ribe Record	rdrology Indicators: cators (minimum one e Water (A1) Vater Table (A2) tion (A3) Marks (B1) ent Deposits (B2) eposits (B3) Mat or Crust (B4) eposits (B5) e Soil Cracks (B6) tion Visible on Aerial ely Vegetated Concav rvations: ter Present? Yes Present? Yes pillary fringe) led Data (Unnamed T	Imagery ( ve Surface  x x x x x x ributary ga	x Water- 1, 2 Salt Cr Aquation Hydrog Oxidize Presen Recent Stunted Stunted (B8)  No Dept No Dept No Dept No Dept No Dept auge, monitoring v	Stained L.  , 4A and ust (B11) c Inverteb en Sulfide d Rhizosp ce of Red Iron Red d or Stress Explain in  h (inches) h (inches)	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) cheres alor luced Iron uction in P sed Plants Remarks) : 1 incl : at surfa	) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	Roots (C3)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2,  4A and 4B)  Drainage Patterns (B10)  Dry-Season Water Table (C2)  Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)  Geomorphic Position (D2)  Shallow Aquitard (D3)  FAC-Neutral Test (D5)  Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)  Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)
PROLOGY Wetland Hy Primary Indi x Surface x High W x Satura Water Sedim Drift D Algal N Iron De Surface x Inunda x Sparse Field Obser Surface Wa Water table Saturation F includes car ribe Record	rdrology Indicators: cators (minimum one e Water (A1) Vater Table (A2) tion (A3) Marks (B1) ent Deposits (B2) eposits (B3) Mat or Crust (B4) eposits (B5) e Soil Cracks (B6) ation Visible on Aerial ely Vegetated Concavery rvations: ter Present? Present? Yes Present? Yes pillary fringe)	Imagery ( ve Surface  x x x x x x ributary ga	x Water- 1, 2 Salt Cr Aquation Hydrog Oxidize Presen Recent Stunted Stunted (B8)  No Dept No Dept No Dept No Dept No Dept auge, monitoring v	Stained L.  , 4A and ust (B11) c Inverteb en Sulfide d Rhizosp ce of Red Iron Red d or Stress Explain in  h (inches) h (inches)	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) cheres alor luced Iron uction in P sed Plants Remarks) : 1 incl : at surfa	) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	Roots (C3)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2,  4A and 4B)  Drainage Patterns (B10)  Dry-Season Water Table (C2)  Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)  Geomorphic Position (D2)  Shallow Aquitard (D3)  FAC-Neutral Test (D5)  Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)  Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)
PROLOGY Wetland Hy Primary Indi x Surface x High W x Satura Water Sedim Drift D Algal N Iron De Surface x Inunda x Sparse Field Obser Surface Wa Water table Saturation F includes car ribe Record	rdrology Indicators: cators (minimum one e Water (A1) Vater Table (A2) tion (A3) Marks (B1) ent Deposits (B2) eposits (B3) Mat or Crust (B4) eposits (B5) e Soil Cracks (B6) tion Visible on Aerial ely Vegetated Concav rvations: ter Present? Yes Present? Yes pillary fringe) led Data (Unnamed T	Imagery ( ve Surface  x x x x x x ributary ga	x Water- 1, 2 Salt Cr Aquation Hydrog Oxidize Presen Recent Stunted Stunted (B8)  No Dept No Dept No Dept No Dept No Dept auge, monitoring v	Stained L.  , 4A and ust (B11) c Inverteb en Sulfide d Rhizosp ce of Red Iron Red d or Stress Explain in  h (inches) h (inches)	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) cheres alor luced Iron uction in P sed Plants Remarks) : 1 incl : at surfa	) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	Roots (C3)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2,  4A and 4B)  Drainage Patterns (B10)  Dry-Season Water Table (C2)  Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)  Geomorphic Position (D2)  Shallow Aquitard (D3)  FAC-Neutral Test (D5)  Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)  Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)

Project/Site:	Freeman Road Logis	stics		City/County:	Puyallup/Pi	erce Cou	ınty		Sam	pling Date:	3/1	11/2022
Applicant/Owner:	Vector Development	Company					State:	WA	_ Sam	pling Point:		DP-3
Investigator(s):	C. Douglas, M. Curra	an		Section	n, Township,	Range:	S17 & 2	20 R4E T2	- ON			
Landform (hillslope	e, terrace, etc.):	Forested		Local re	lief (concave	e, convex	, none):	concave			Slope:	1-5
Subregion (LRR):	Northwest Forests a	nd Coast (LRR A)	Lat:	- 47.20721312	2		Long:	-122.3147	837		Datum:	NAD83
Soil Map Unit Nam	ne: Pilchuck fine	sand					NWI Cla	ssification:	PFO, P	SS, POW	-	
Are climatic / hydro	ologic conditions on th	ne site typical for t	his time of y	ear?	Yes	х	No		(If no, e	explain in Re	emarks)	
Are Vegetation	, Soil	, or Hydrology		significantly	disturbed?	Are "N	lormal C	ircumstand	es" Pres	ent? Yes	Х	No
Are Vegetation	, Soil	, or Hydrology		naturally pro	oblematic?	(If nee	ded, exp	olain any ar	nswers ir	Remarks.)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
SUMMARY OF	FINDINGS - Att	ach site map	showing s	ampling p	ooint locat	tions, tı	ransect	ts, impo	rtant fe	atures, e	t <b>c</b> .	
I buda a budia Mana	ation Decree	V V N-										
Hydrophytic Veget Hydric Soil Presen		Yes X No		Is the Sa	ampled Area	1	Yes		No	Х		
•		Yes No		within a	Wetland?		103		_ '''		-	
Wetland Hydrology	y Present?	resno										
VEGETATION	ited northern and east											
			Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	Domina	nce Tes	t workshe	et:			
Tree Stratum	(Plot size:	)	% Cover	Species?	Status?	Number	of Domi	nant Speci	es			
1. Alnus rubra	(1 101 0120.		10	No	FAC	That Are	OBL, F	ACW, or F	AC:	2		(A)
	mifera ssp. Trichocarp	 na	60	Yes	FAC	Total Nu	ımber of	Dominant				(* ')
3.		<u> </u>						All Strata:		3		(B)
4.						Percent	of Domi	nant Speci				(-)
5.								ACW, or F		67%		(A/B)
	35 20%= 14	Total Cover	: 70				,	- , -	_			( ' )
Sapling/Shrub Stra		)			Ī	Prevale	nce Inde	ex Worksh	eet:			
Oemleria ceras			30	Yes	FACU	Tot	al % Cov	ver of:		Multiply b	oy:	
2. Rubus armenia	acus		70	Yes	FAC	OBL spe	ecies	0	x1 =	0		
3.						FACW s	species	0	x2 =	0		
4						FAC spe	ecies	140	x3 =	420		
5						FACU s	pecies	30	x4 =	120		
50%=	50 20%= 20	Total Cover	: 100			UPL spe	ecies	0	x5 =	0		
Herb Stratum	(Plot size:	)				Column	Totals:	170	_(A)	540		(B)
1						Preval	lence Inc	dex = B/A =		3.2		
2												
3						Hydropl		getation Ir				
4										ytic Vegeta	ion	
· ·						X		ninance Te				
6								valence Inc				
										on¹ (Provide		rting
								a in Remari dand Non-\		a separate s	ineet)	
9	0 20%= 0	Total Caver								riants 'egetation <sup>1</sup> (	Tuntain	`
Woody Vine Stratu		_ Total Cover )	:0			1 Indicate				d hydrology		)
1. Hedera helix	<u>JIII</u> (PIOUSIZE.		30		FACU			ss disturbe			must	
2					1 700			oc alotarbo	a or proc	nomatio.		
<u> </u>		Total Cover	: 30			Hydropl	-					
% Bai	re Ground in Herb Stra			tic Crust		Vegetat Present			Yes	X No	·	
Remarks: 67% FA		/0 /		01431		. 1036111	•					
Remarks. 07 /0 FA	o vegetation											

_	_	
c	n	

Depth	Matrix	•		Ne.	dox Feati	uico						
inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color	(moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>	Texture			Remar	ks
0-18	10YR 3/3	100						SiL	w	/gravel		
-								-				
Typo: C-Co	oncentration, D=I	Onlotion DA	1-Poduo	od Matrix		orod or Co		Graine 2	ocation: [	DI _Boro I	ining M-M	otriv
туре. С–СС	nicentiation, D=t	repletion, ixit	vi=i\euuc	eu ivialiix,	03-00/6	erea or co	aleu San	d Grains. L	ocation. I	L=F0le L	-II III 19, 1VI—IVI	allix.
Hydric Soil I	ndicators: (Ap	olicable to a	II LRRs,	unless oth	nerwise r	noted.)		Indicators	for Probl	ematic H	ydric Soils <sup>3</sup>	3:
Histoso					Redox (S	•			2 cm	n Muck (A	10) ( <b>LRR B</b> )	)
	pipedon (A2)				d Matrix (	•		•			aterial (TF2)	
	listic (A3)			_		ineral (F1)	(except I	MLRA 1)			Dark Surfac	
	en Sulfide (A4)			_	-	latrix (F2)	(	, .			n in Remark	,
	ed Below Dark Su	ırface (A11)			d Matrix (			•		` '		,
	ark Surface (A12				Dark Surf			<sup>3</sup> Indic	ators of hy	drophytic	vegetation	and
	Muck Mineral (S1	•		_		urface (F7	1				st be presen	
	gleyed Matrix (S4	•		_	Depressio	•			-		roblematic.	-,
Garidy §	gicycu iviairix (O-	7		_ REGOX E	Depressio	) ii3 (i 0)		u	iliess dist	arbed or p	noblematic.	
Restrictive L	_ayer (if present	 ):										
ype:												
Depth (inche	c).							dric Soil Pre	_		Yes	
	s)						Hy	unic Son Fre	sent?			No
	na with no redox						Hy	unc son Fre	sent?		.00	No
arks: 3 chron	na with no redox						Ну	unc 30n Fre	sent?			No
arks: 3 chron	na with no redox						Hy	unc 30n Pre	sent?			No
PROLOGY Wetland Hyd	na with no redox		i aback a	Il that appl	14)		Hy	unc 30m Fre		odony Indi		
PROLOGY Netland Hyd	na with no redox		; check a			noves (PO)			Seco	•	cators (2 or	more require
PROLOGY Vetland Hyc Surface Surface	drology Indicators (minimum a Water (A1)		; check a	Water-S	Stained Le	eaves (B9)			Secoi Wat	er-Stained	cators (2 or d Leaves (B:	
PROLOGY Vetland Hyd Primary Indic Surface High W	drology Indicators (minimum e Water (A1) ater Table (A2)		; check a	_ Water-S	Stained Le				Secol Wat	er-Stained	cators (2 or d Leaves (B:	more require
PROLOGY Vetland Hyo Primary Indic Surface High W Saturati	drology Indicatorators (minimum Water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3)		; check a	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru	Stained Le  4A and 4  st (B11)	<b>4B</b> )	(except		Secol Wat 4 Drai	er-Stained A and 4E nage Patt	cators (2 or d Leaves (B 3) erns (B10)	more require 9) ( <b>MLRA 1</b> , 2
ROLOGY Vetland Hyo Primary Indic Surface High W Saturati Water M	drology Indicate sators (minimum Water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1)		; check a	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic	Stained Le  4A and 4  st (B11)  Invertebre	<b>4B</b> ) rates (B13	(except		Secor Wat 4 Drai Dry-	er-Stained A and 4E nage Patt Season V	cators (2 or d Leaves (Bs s) erns (B10) Vater Table	more require 9) ( <b>MLRA 1,</b> 2
PROLOGY Wetland Hyd Surface High W Saturati Water M Sedime	drology Indicate eators (minimum e Water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1) int Deposits (B2)		; check a	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydroge	Stained Le  4A and 4  Ist (B11)  Invertebren Sulfide	<b>4B</b> ) rates (B13) e Odor (C1)	(except	MLRA	Secor Wat 4 Drai Dry- Satu	er-Stained  A and 4E  nage Patt  Season V  Iration Vis	cators (2 or d Leaves (B: 3) erns (B10) Vater Table sible on Aeria	more require 9) ( <b>MLRA 1,</b> 2 (C2) al Imagery (C
PROLOGY  Wetland Hyc Primary Indic Surface High W Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De	drology Indicate eators (minimum Water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1) ent Deposits (B2) posits (B3)		; check a	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydroge Oxidized	Stained Le  4A and 4  ast (B11)  Invertebren Sulfide  d Rhizosp	4B) rates (B13 e Odor (C1 pheres alor	(except		Secor Wat 4 Drai Dry- Satu	er-Stained  A and 4E  nage Patt  Season V  Iration Vis	cators (2 or d Leaves (Bs s) erns (B10) Vater Table	more require 9) ( <b>MLRA 1,</b> 2 (C2) al Imagery (C
PROLOGY  Wetland Hyc Primary Indic Surface High W Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De	drology Indicate eators (minimum e Water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1) int Deposits (B2)		; check a	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydroge Oxidized	Stained Le  4A and 4  ast (B11)  Invertebren Sulfide  d Rhizosp	<b>4B</b> ) rates (B13) e Odor (C1)	(except	MLRA	Secon Wat 4 Drai Dry- Satu Geo Shai	er-Stained A and 4E nage Patt Season V Iration Vis morphic F Ilow Aquit	cators (2 or d Leaves (8: 3) erns (B10) Vater Table sible on Aeria Position (D2) ard (D3)	more require 9) ( <b>MLRA 1,</b> 2 (C2) al Imagery (C
PROLOGY  Wetland Hyc  Primary Indic  Surface  High W  Saturati  Water M  Sedime  Drift De  Algal M	drology Indicate eators (minimum Water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1) ent Deposits (B2) posits (B3)		; check a	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydroge Oxidized Presence	Grained Let 4A and 4 Just (B11) Invertebren Sulfided d Rhizospece of Red	4B) rates (B13 e Odor (C1 pheres alor	(except ) ) ng Living (C4)	MLRA	Secon Wat 4 Drai Dry- Satu Geo Shai	er-Stained  A and 4E  nage Patt  Season V  Iration Vis  morphic F	cators (2 or d Leaves (8: 3) erns (B10) Vater Table sible on Aeria Position (D2) ard (D3)	more require 9) ( <b>MLRA 1,</b> 2 (C2) al Imagery (C
PROLOGY  Wetland Hyde  Primary Indice  Surface  High W  Saturati  Water N  Sedime  Drift De  Algal M  Iron De	drology Indicators (minimum e Water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1) and Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4)	one required	; check a	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydroge Oxidized Presend Recent	Stained Let  4A and 4  Invertebre  Invertebre  A Rhizosp  Ce of Red  Iron Red	rates (B13 e Odor (C1 oheres alo	(except ) ng Living (C4) owed Soi	MLRA  Roots (C3)	Secon Wat 4 Drai Dry- Satu Geo Shai	er-Stained A and 4E nage Patt Season V Iration Vis morphic F Illow Aquit	cators (2 or d Leaves (8: 3) erns (B10) Vater Table sible on Aeria Position (D2) ard (D3)	more require 9) ( <b>MLRA 1,</b> 2 (C2) al Imagery (C
PROLOGY  Wetland Hyd  Primary Indic  Surface  High W  Saturati  Water M  Sedime  Drift De  Algal M  Iron De  Surface	drology Indicators (minimum e Water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1) ent Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5)	one required		Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydroge Oxidized Presend Recent Stunted	Stained Le  4A and 4  Ist (B11)  Invertebren Sulfided  Rhizospece of Red  Iron Redu  or Stress	rates (B13 e Odor (C1 oheres alou duced Iron auction in P	(except ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	MLRA  Roots (C3)	Secol Wat 4 Drai Dry- Satu Geo Shal FAC	er-Stained A and 4E nage Patt Season V Iration Vis morphic F Ilow Aquit I-Neutral	cators (2 or d Leaves (8: 3) erns (B10) Vater Table sible on Aeria Position (D2) ard (D3) Fest (D5)	more require 9) (MLRA 1, 2 (C2) al Imagery (C
PROLOGY  Wetland Hyd  Primary Indic  Surface  High W  Saturati  Water M  Sedime  Drift De  Algal M  Iron De  Surface  Inundat	drology Indicators (minimum e Water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1) ent Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) e Soil Cracks (B6	one required  )  rial Imagery	(B7)	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydroge Oxidized Presend Recent Stunted	Stained Le  4A and 4  Ist (B11)  Invertebren Sulfided  Rhizospece of Red  Iron Redu  or Stress	rates (B13 e Odor (C1 oheres alou uced Iron uction in P sed Plants	(except ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	MLRA  Roots (C3)	Secol Wat 4 Drai Dry- Satu Geo Shal FAC	er-Stained A and 4E nage Patt Season V Iration Vis morphic F Ilow Aquit I-Neutral	cators (2 or d Leaves (8: 3) erns (B10) Vater Table sible on Aeria Position (D2) ard (D3) Fest (D5) ounds (D6)	more require 9) (MLRA 1, 2 (C2) al Imagery (C
PROLOGY  Wetland Hyde  Surface  High W  Saturati  Water M  Sedime  Drift De  Algal M  Iron De  Surface  Inundat  Sparsel	drology Indicators (minimum water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1) int Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) a Soil Cracks (B6 ion Visible on Ae by Vegetated Cor	one required  )  rial Imagery	(B7)	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydroge Oxidized Presend Recent Stunted	Stained Le  4A and 4  Ist (B11)  Invertebren Sulfided  Rhizospece of Red  Iron Redu  or Stress	rates (B13 e Odor (C1 oheres alou uced Iron uction in P sed Plants	(except ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	MLRA  Roots (C3)	Secol Wat 4 Drai Dry- Satu Geo Shal FAC	er-Stained A and 4E nage Patt Season V Iration Vis morphic F Ilow Aquit I-Neutral	cators (2 or d Leaves (8: 3) erns (B10) Vater Table sible on Aeria Position (D2) ard (D3) Fest (D5) ounds (D6)	more require 9) (MLRA 1, 2 (C2) al Imagery (C
PROLOGY  Wetland Hyd  Surface  High W  Saturati  Water M  Sedime  Drift De  Algal M  Iron De  Surface  Inundat  Sparsel	drology Indicators (minimum water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) a Soil Cracks (B6 ion Visible on Ae by Vegetated Corvations:	one required ) prial Imagery acave Surface	(B7)e (B8)	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydroge Oxidized Presend Recent Stunted Other (E	Stained Let 4A and 4 Ist (B11) Invertebren Sulfided d Rhizospe de of Red Iron Redu or Stress Explain in	rates (B13 e Odor (C1 oheres alor luced Iron luction in P sed Plants Remarks)	(except  ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	MLRA  Roots (C3)	Secol Wat 4 Drai Dry- Satu Geo Shal FAC	er-Stained A and 4E nage Patt Season V Iration Vis morphic F Ilow Aquit I-Neutral	cators (2 or d Leaves (8: 3) erns (B10) Vater Table sible on Aeria Position (D2) ard (D3) Fest (D5) ounds (D6)	more require 9) (MLRA 1, 2 (C2) al Imagery (C
PROLOGY  Netland Hyc Primary Indic Surface High W Saturati Water N Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Surface Inundat Sparsel	drology Indicators (minimum water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1) int Deposits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) a Soil Cracks (B6 ion Visible on Ae by Vegetated Corvations:	one required ) brial Imagery acave Surface Yes	(B7) e (B8)	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydroge Oxidized Presend Recent Stunted Other (E	Stained Let  4A and 4 ast (B11) Invertebren Sulfide d Rhizospece of Red Iron Redu or Stress Explain in	rates (B13 e Odor (C1 oheres alor luced Iron luction in P sed Plants Remarks)	(except  ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	MLRA  Roots (C3)	Secol Wat 4 Drai Dry- Satu Geo Shal FAC	er-Stained A and 4E nage Patt Season V Iration Vis morphic F Ilow Aquit I-Neutral	cators (2 or d Leaves (8: 3) erns (B10) Vater Table sible on Aeria Position (D2) ard (D3) Fest (D5) ounds (D6)	more require 9) (MLRA 1, 2 (C2) al Imagery (C
PROLOGY  Wetland Hyd  Primary Indic  Surface  High W  Saturati  Water M  Sedime  Drift De  Algal M  Iron De  Surface  Inundat  Sparsel	drology Indicators (minimum water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) a Soil Cracks (B6 ion Visible on Ae by Vegetated Corvations: er Present?	one required ) brial Imagery acave Surface Yes Yes	(B7) e (B8)	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydroge Oxidized Presend Recent Stunted Other (E	Stained Let  4A and 4  Intertebrate Sufficient  Sufficient  And	rates (B13 and October 1988)  e Odor (C1 otheres alon uced Iron uction in Plants Remarks)	(except  ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	MLRA  Roots (C3)  Is (C6)  R A)	Secon Wat 4 Drai Dry- Satu Geo Shal FAC Rais Fros	er-Stained A and 4E nage Patt Season V Iration Vis morphic F Illow Aquit II-Neutral T III-Heave F	cators (2 or d Leaves (8: 3) erns (B10) Vater Table sible on Aeria Position (D2) ard (D3) Fest (D5) ounds (D6) Hummocks (	more require 9) (MLRA 1, 2 (C2) al Imagery (C ) (LRR A) (D7)
PROLOGY  Wetland Hyc Primary Indic Surface High W Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Surface Inundat Sparsel  Field Observ Surface Water table F Saturation Pr	drology Indicated eators (minimum eators (mini	one required ) brial Imagery acave Surface Yes	(B7) e (B8)	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydroge Oxidized Presend Recent Stunted Other (E	Stained Let  4A and 4  Intertebrate Sufficient  Sufficient  And	rates (B13 and October 1988)  e Odor (C1 otheres alon uced Iron uction in Plants Remarks)	(except  ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	MLRA  Roots (C3)	Secon Wat 4 Drai Dry- Satu Geo Shal FAC Rais Fros	er-Stained A and 4E nage Patt Season V Iration Vis morphic F Illow Aquit II-Neutral T III-Heave F	cators (2 or d Leaves (8: 3) erns (B10) Vater Table sible on Aeria Position (D2) ard (D3) Fest (D5) ounds (D6)	more require 9) (MLRA 1, 2 (C2) al Imagery (C
PROLOGY  Wetland Hyd  Primary Indic  Surface  High W  Saturati  Water M  Sedime  Drift De  Algal M  Iron De  Surface  Inundat  Sparsel  Field Observ  Surface Water  Water table F  Saturation Princludes cap	drology Indicators (minimum water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) a Soil Cracks (B6 ion Visible on Ae by Vegetated Corvations:  er Present?  Present?  Present?  Present?	one required  Prial Imagery Icave Surface  Yes Yes Yes Yes	(B7) e (B8) No No	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydroge Oxidized Presend Recent Stunted Other (E	Stained Le  4A and 4  ast (B11) Invertebren Sulfide d Rhizospee of Red Iron Red or Stress Explain in  (inches) (inches)	rates (B13 e Odor (C1 oheres alor uced Iron uction in P sed Plants Remarks)	(except  ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	MLRA  Roots (C3)  Is (C6)  R A)  Wetland Hy	Secon Wat  4 Drai Dry- Satu Geo Shal FAC Rais Fros	er-Stained A and 4E nage Patt Season V uration Vis morphic F llow AquitNeutral T ed Ant M tHeave F	cators (2 or d Leaves (8: 3) erns (B10) Vater Table sible on Aeria Position (D2) ard (D3) Fest (D5) ounds (D6) Hummocks (	more require 9) (MLRA 1, 2 (C2) al Imagery (C ) (LRR A) (D7)
PROLOGY  Wetland Hyd  Primary Indica  High W  Saturati  Water M  Sedime  Drift De  Algal M  Iron De  Surface  Inundat  Sparsel  Field Observ  Surface Water table F  Saturation Princludes capribe Recorder	drology Indicators actors (minimum Water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) a Soil Cracks (B6 ion Visible on Acty Vegetated Corvations:  er Present?	one required  Prial Imagery Icave Surface  Yes Yes Yes Yes	(B7) e (B8) No No	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydroge Oxidized Presend Recent Stunted Other (E	Stained Le  4A and 4  ast (B11) Invertebren Sulfide d Rhizospee of Red Iron Red or Stress Explain in  (inches) (inches)	rates (B13 e Odor (C1 oheres alor uced Iron uction in P sed Plants Remarks)	(except  ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	MLRA  Roots (C3)  Is (C6)  R A)  Wetland Hy	Secon Wat  4 Drai Dry- Satu Geo Shal FAC Rais Fros	er-Stained A and 4E nage Patt Season V uration Vis morphic F llow AquitNeutral T ed Ant M tHeave F	cators (2 or d Leaves (8: 3) erns (B10) Vater Table sible on Aeria Position (D2) ard (D3) Fest (D5) ounds (D6) Hummocks (	more require 9) (MLRA 1, 2 (C2) al Imagery (C ) (LRR A) (D7)
PROLOGY  Wetland Hyd  Primary Indica  High W  Saturati  Water M  Sedime  Drift De  Algal M  Iron De  Surface  Inundat  Sparsel  Field Observ  Surface Water table F  Saturation Princludes capribe Recorder	drology Indicators (minimum water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) a Soil Cracks (B6 ion Visible on Ae by Vegetated Corvations:  er Present?  Present?  Present?  Present?	one required  Prial Imagery Icave Surface  Yes Yes Yes Yes	(B7) e (B8) No No	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydroge Oxidized Presend Recent Stunted Other (E	Stained Le  4A and 4  ast (B11) Invertebren Sulfide d Rhizospee of Red Iron Red or Stress Explain in  (inches) (inches)	rates (B13 e Odor (C1 oheres alor uced Iron uction in P sed Plants Remarks)	(except  ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	MLRA  Roots (C3)  Is (C6)  R A)  Wetland Hy	Secon Wat  4 Drai Dry- Satu Geo Shal FAC Rais Fros	er-Stained A and 4E nage Patt Season V uration Vis morphic F llow AquitNeutral T ed Ant M tHeave F	cators (2 or d Leaves (8: 3) erns (B10) Vater Table sible on Aeria Position (D2) ard (D3) Fest (D5) ounds (D6) Hummocks (	more require 9) (MLRA 1, 2 (C2) al Imagery (C ) (LRR A) (D7)
PROLOGY  Wetland Hyd  Primary Indica  High W  Saturati  Water M  Sedime  Drift De  Algal M  Iron De  Surface  Inundat  Sparsel  Field Observ  Surface Water table F  Saturation Princludes capribe Recorder	drology Indicators actors (minimum Water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) a Soil Cracks (B6 ion Visible on Acty Vegetated Corvations:  er Present?	one required  Prial Imagery Icave Surface  Yes Yes Yes Yes	(B7) e (B8) No No	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydroge Oxidized Presend Recent Stunted Other (E	Stained Le  4A and 4  ast (B11) Invertebren Sulfide d Rhizospee of Red Iron Red or Stress Explain in  (inches) (inches)	rates (B13 e Odor (C1 oheres alor uced Iron uction in P sed Plants Remarks)	(except  ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	MLRA  Roots (C3)  Is (C6)  R A)  Wetland Hy	Secon Wat  4 Drai Dry- Satu Geo Shal FAC Rais Fros	er-Stained A and 4E nage Patt Season V uration Vis morphic F llow AquitNeutral T ed Ant M tHeave F	cators (2 or d Leaves (8: 3) erns (B10) Vater Table sible on Aeria Position (D2) ard (D3) Fest (D5) ounds (D6) Hummocks (	more require 9) (MLRA 1, 2 (C2) al Imagery (C ) (LRR A) (D7)

Project/Site:	Freeman Road Log	gistics		City/County:	Puyallup/P	ierce Cou	ınty		Sam	pling Date:	3/1	1/2022
Applicant/Owner:	Vector Developmen	nt Company					State:	WA	 Sam	pling Point:		DP-4
Investigator(s):	C. Douglas, M. Cur	ran		Section	n, Township,	, Range:	S17 & 2	20 R4E T2	20N			
Landform (hillslope	e, terrace, etc.):	Forested		Local re	lief (concave	e, convex	, none):	concave			Slope:	1-5
Subregion (LRR):	Northwest Forests	and Coast (LRR A)	Lat:	- 47.20725182	2		Long:	-122.3149	9014		Datum:	NAD83
Soil Map Unit Nam	ne: Pilchuck fin	e sand	<u>-</u>				NWI Cla	ssification	: PFO, P	SS, POW	•	
Are climatic / hydr	ologic conditions on	the site typical for th	is time of y	ear?	Yes	Х	No		(If no, e	explain in Re	marks)	
	, Soil			significantly	_	Are "N				ent? Yes		
Are Vegetation	, Soil	, or Hydrology		naturally pro	oblematic?	(If nee	eded, exp	olain any a	ınswers in	Remarks.)		
SUMMARY OF	FINDINGS - A	ttach site map s	howing s	ampling p	ooint loca	tions, t	ransec	ts, impo	rtant fe	atures, et	c.	
I bada a badia Mana	tation Decree	V V N-										
Hydrophytic Veget Hydric Soil Preser		Yes X No			ampled Area	a	Yes	х	No			
Wetland Hydrolog		Yes X No		within a	Wetland?		103		_ '''		-	
welland riyulolog	y Fresent!	162 <u>Y</u> 110										
VEGETATION	ited northern and ea	sion boundary of la	igo wonana	- system to te	entity poten	niai banci	impuote	Tor dumy		indollori		
VEGETATION												
			Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	Domina	nce Tes	t workshe	eet:			
Tree Stratum	(Plot size	e: )	% Cover	Species?	Status?	Number	of Domi	nant Spec	ies			
-	riot size) mifera ssp. Trichocal		60	Yes	FAC			ACW, or F		3		(A)
2.	mera ssp. menocai	i pa		163		Total No	ımher of	Dominant	_			(^)
3.				-				All Strata:		3		(B)
4.				-								(D)
5.								nant Spec ACW, or F		100%		(A/B)
	30 20%= 12	Total Cover:	60			111017110	, ODL, 1	71011, 01 1		10070		(,,,,)
Sapling/Shrub Stra		e:)				Prevale	nce Inde	ex Worksl	heet:			
Cornus sericea			80	Yes	FACW		tal % Co			Multiply b	v:	
2. Rubus armenia			20	No	FAC	OBL spe		0	x1 =	0		
3. Rubus spectal.	oilis		30	Yes	FAC	FACW s	species	80	x2 =	160		
4.						FAC spe	ecies	110	x3 =	330		
5.						FACU s	pecies	0	x4 =	0		
50%=	65 20%= 26	Total Cover:	130			UPL spe	ecies	0	x5 =	0		
Herb Stratum	(Plot size	ə:)				Column	Totals:	190	_ (A)	490		(B)
1						Preva	lence Ind	dex = B/A	=	2.6		
2				-								
3						Hydrop	•	getation I				
4									•	ytic Vegetat	ion	
						X		ninance Te				
6.						X		valence In				
										on <sup>1</sup> (Provide		rting
										a separate s	heet)	
9	0 000/ 0	T						tland Non-				
	0 20%= 0					11				egetation <sup>1</sup> (		)
Woody Vine Stratu  1.		e:)						anc son ar ss disturbe		d hydrology lematic	must	
2.								oo alotarbe	od or proc	normano.		
		Total Cover:				Hydrop	-					
% Ba	re Ground in Herb S			tic Cruet		Vegetat Present			Voc	X No		
Remarks: 100% F		/0 C		Orust		636111	••		. 63			
Remarks. 100 % F	AC vegetation											

Depth	ription: (Describe Matrix		R	edox Feat	ures				
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>	Texture		Remarks
0-5	10YR 3/1	100	,				SiL		
5-18	10YR 4/1	85	10YR 5/4	15	D	M	SiL		
-				-			-		
		- —							
Type: C=Co	ncentration, D=Dep	letion, RM	=Reduced Matrix	, CS=Cov	ered or Co	ated San	Grains. <sup>2</sup> Lo	ocation:	PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
•	ndicators: (Applic	able to all			•		Indicators		lematic Hydric Soils <sup>3</sup> :
Histoso				Redox (S	•		-		m Muck (A10) (LRR B)
	pipedon (A2)			ed Matrix (					Parent Material (TF2)
	istic (A3)				ineral (F1)	(except I	/ILRA 1)		y Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
	en Sulfide (A4)				latrix (F2)		_	Oth	er (Explain in Remarks)
x Deplete	d Below Dark Surfa	ce (A11)	Deplet	ed Matrix	(F3)				
Thick D	ark Surface (A12)		Redox	Dark Surf	ace (F6)		<sup>3</sup> Indica	ators of h	ydrophytic vegetation and
Sandy I	Muck Mineral (S1)		Deplet	ed Dark S	urface (F7)	)	wet	land hydi	rology must be present,
Sandy o	gleyed Matrix (S4)		Redox	Depression	ons (F8)		uı	nless dist	turbed or problematic.
	, ,			•	,				•
Restrictive L	ayer (if present):								
Гуре:									
Depth (inche	s).					ш.,	dric Soil Pre	cont?	Yes X No
	J).					l i i y		Senti	
arks: 1 chron	na with redox					119		sentr	
						119		Sent?	
ROLOGY	na with redox							Sent?	
DROLOGY Wetland Hyd	na with redox	a required:	check all that an	oly)		,			undany Indicators (2 or more required)
DROLOGY Wetland Hyd Primary Indic	na with redox  Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one	e required;			(D0)			Seco	andary Indicators (2 or more required)
DROLOGY Wetland Hyd Primary Indic Surface	ra with redox  rology Indicators: ators (minimum one) Water (A1)	e required;	<u>x</u> Water	Stained L	, ,			Seco x War	ter-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2,
PROLOGY Wetland Hyd Primary Indic Surface x High W	rology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2)	required;	<u>x</u> Water	Stained L	, ,			Seco x Wa	ter-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A and 4B)
DROLOGY Wetland Hyd Primary Indic Surface	rology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2)	required;	<u>x</u> Water	Stained L	, ,			Seco x Wa	ter-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2,
Primary Indio Surface X High W X Saturati	rology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2)	e required;	x Water 1, 2 Salt C	Stained L. 2, 4A and rust (B11)	, ,	(except		Seco x Wa	ter-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A and 4B)
ProLOGY Wetland Hyd Primary Indic Surface X High W X Saturati Water M	Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3)	e required;	x Water 1, 2 Salt C	Stained L. 2, 4A and rust (B11) c Inverteb	<b>4B</b> ) rates (B13)	(except		Seco x Wa Dra Dry	ter-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A and 4B) inage Patterns (B10)
PROLOGY Wetland Hyd Primary Indic Surface X High W X Saturati Water M Sedime	Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1)	e required;	x Water 1, 2 Salt C Aquati x Hydrog	Stained L. 2, <b>4A and</b> Frust (B11) c Inverteb	<b>4B</b> ) rates (B13) e Odor (C1	(except		Seco x War Dra Dry Sati	ter-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A and 4B) inage Patterns (B10) -Season Water Table (C2)
Primary Indice Surface X High W X Saturati Water N Sedime Drift De	Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2)	e required;	x   Water   1,2     Salt C   Aquati   x   Hydrog   Oxidiz	Stained L. 2, <b>4A and</b> rust (B11) c Inverteb gen Sulfide ed Rhizosp	<b>4B</b> ) rates (B13) e Odor (C1	(except ) ) ng Living	MLRA _ - - - -	Seco x War Dra Dry Satt Geo	ter-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A and 4B) inage Patterns (B10) -Season Water Table (C2) uration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Primary Indice Surface X High W X Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De Algal M	drology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4)	e required;	X   Water   1, 2   Salt C   Aquati   X   Hydrog   Oxidiz   Preser	Stained L. 2, 4A and rust (B11) c Inverteb gen Sulfide ed Rhizospace of Red	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) pheres alor luced Iron	(except ) ) ng Living (C4)	MLRA -	Seco  x War  Dra  Dry  Satu  Gee  Sha	ter-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A and 4B) inage Patterns (B10) -Season Water Table (C2) uration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) omorphic Position (D2) allow Aquitard (D3)
Primary Indice Surface X High W X Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De	Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5)	e required;	x Water 1, 2 Salt C Aquati x Hydrog Oxidiz Preser Recen	Stained L. 2, 4A and rust (B11) c Inverteb gen Sulfide ed Rhizosp nce of Red t Iron Red	rates (B13) e Odor (C1 pheres alou luced Iron uction in P	(except ) ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi	MLRA	Seco  X Wa Dra Dry Sate Gec Sha FAC	ter-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A and 4B) inage Patterns (B10) -Season Water Table (C2) uration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) omorphic Position (D2) allow Aquitard (D3) C-Neutral Test (D5)
PROLOGY Wetland Hyd Primary Indic Surface X High W X Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Surface	Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) Soil Cracks (B6)		x Water 1, 2 Salt C Aquati x Hydrog Oxidiz Presel Recen Stunte	Stained L.  2, 4A and rust (B11) c Inverteb gen Sulfide ed Rhizosp nce of Red t Iron Red d or Stres	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) pheres alor duced Iron uction in P sed Plants	(except ) ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	MLRA	Seco  x War  Dra  Dry  Satt  Geo  Sha  FAC	ter-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A and 4B) inage Patterns (B10) -Season Water Table (C2) uration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) omorphic Position (D2) illow Aquitard (D3) C-Neutral Test (D5) sed Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
Primary Indio Surface X High W X Saturati Water N Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Surface X Inundat	Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) Soil Cracks (B6) ion Visible on Aerial	Imagery (	X   Water   1, 2     Salt C   Aquati     X   Hydrog   Oxidiz   Presel   Recen   Stunte   B7)   Other	Stained L.  2, 4A and rust (B11) c Inverteb gen Sulfide ed Rhizosp nce of Red t Iron Red d or Stres	rates (B13) e Odor (C1 pheres alou luced Iron uction in P	(except ) ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	MLRA	Seco  x War  Dra  Dry  Satt  Geo  Sha  FAC	ter-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A and 4B) inage Patterns (B10) -Season Water Table (C2) uration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) omorphic Position (D2) allow Aquitard (D3) C-Neutral Test (D5)
PROLOGY Wetland Hyd Primary Indic Surface X High W X Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Surface X Inundat	Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) Soil Cracks (B6)	Imagery (	X   Water   1, 2     Salt C   Aquati     X   Hydrog   Oxidiz   Presel   Recen   Stunte   B7)   Other	Stained L.  2, 4A and rust (B11) c Inverteb gen Sulfide ed Rhizosp nce of Red t Iron Red d or Stres	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) pheres alor duced Iron uction in P sed Plants	(except ) ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	MLRA	Seco  x War  Dra  Dry  Satt  Geo  Sha  FAC	ter-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A and 4B) inage Patterns (B10) -Season Water Table (C2) uration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) omorphic Position (D2) illow Aquitard (D3) C-Neutral Test (D5) sed Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
Primary Indio Surface X High W X Saturati Water N Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Surface X Inundat	Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) Soil Cracks (B6) ion Visible on Aerial y Vegetated Concav	Imagery (	X   Water   1, 2     Salt C   Aquati     X   Hydrog   Oxidiz   Presel   Recen   Stunte   B7)   Other	Stained L.  2, 4A and rust (B11) c Inverteb gen Sulfide ed Rhizosp nce of Red t Iron Red d or Stres	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) pheres alor duced Iron uction in P sed Plants	(except ) ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	MLRA	Seco  x War  Dra  Dry  Satt  Geo  Sha  FAC	ter-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A and 4B) inage Patterns (B10) -Season Water Table (C2) uration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) omorphic Position (D2) illow Aquitard (D3) C-Neutral Test (D5) sed Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
PROLOGY Wetland Hyd Primary Indic	Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) Soil Cracks (B6) ion Visible on Aerial y Vegetated Concav vations:	Imagery (l ve Surface	x Water 1, 2 Salt C Aquati x Hydrog Oxidiz Preser Recen Stunte B7) Other (B8)	Stained L.  2, 4A and rust (B11) c Inverteb gen Sulfide ed Rhizosp nce of Red t Iron Red d or Stress (Explain in	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) pheres alor duced Iron uction in P sed Plants i Remarks)	(except ) ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	MLRA	Seco  x War  Dra  Dry  Satt  Geo  Sha  FAC	ter-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A and 4B) inage Patterns (B10) -Season Water Table (C2) uration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) omorphic Position (D2) illow Aquitard (D3) C-Neutral Test (D5) sed Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
PROLOGY Wetland Hyde Surface X High W X Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Surface X Inundat X Sparsel Field Observ Surface Water	Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) Soil Cracks (B6) ion Visible on Aerial y Vegetated Concav vations: er Present?	Imagery (l ve Surface	X   Water   1, 2	Stained L.  2, 4A and rust (B11) c Inverteb gen Sulfide ed Rhizosp nce of Red t Iron Red d or Stress (Explain in	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) pheres alor duced Iron uction in P sed Plants i Remarks)	(except  ) ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	MLRA	Seco  x War  Dra  Dry  Satt  Geo  Sha  FAC	ter-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A and 4B) inage Patterns (B10) -Season Water Table (C2) uration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) omorphic Position (D2) illow Aquitard (D3) C-Neutral Test (D5) sed Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
Primary Indice Surface X High W X Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Surface X Inundat X Sparsel  Field Observ Surface Water table F	Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) Soil Cracks (B6) ion Visible on Aerial y Vegetated Concav vations: er Present? Yes	Imagery (l	X   Water   1, 2	Stained L.  2, 4A and arust (B11) c Inverteb gen Sulfide ed Rhizospace of Red to Iron Red dor Stress (Explain in the (inches)	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) cheres alor duced Iron uction in P sed Plants a Remarks)	(except ) ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	MLRA	Seco  x War  Dra  Dry  Satr  Geo  Sha  FAC  Rais	ter-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A and 4B) inage Patterns (B10) -Season Water Table (C2) uration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) omorphic Position (D2) fillow Aquitard (D3) C-Neutral Test (D5) sed Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) st-Heave Hummocks (D7)
Primary Indice Surface  X High W X Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Surface X Inundat X Sparsel  Field Observ Surface Water table F Saturation Pr	Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) Soil Cracks (B6) ion Visible on Aerial y Vegetated Concav vations: er Present? Yes eresent? Yes	Imagery (l	X   Water   1, 2	Stained L.  2, 4A and arust (B11) c Inverteb gen Sulfide ed Rhizospace of Red to Iron Red dor Stress (Explain in the (inches)	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) pheres alor duced Iron uction in P sed Plants i Remarks)	(except ) ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	MLRA	Seco  x War  Dra  Dry  Satr  Geo  Sha  FAC  Rais	ter-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A and 4B) inage Patterns (B10) -Season Water Table (C2) uration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) omorphic Position (D2) fillow Aquitard (D3) C-Neutral Test (D5) sed Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) st-Heave Hummocks (D7)
PROLOGY Wetland Hyd Surface X High W X Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Surface X Inundat X Sparsel Field Observ Surface Water Water table F Saturation Pr (includes cap	Arology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) Soil Cracks (B6) ion Visible on Aerial y Vegetated Concav vations: er Present? Present? Yes esent? Yes esent? Yes esent? Yes	Imagery (legendress)  Solution   Xee   Xee	X   Water	Stained L.  2, 4A and rust (B11) c Inverteb gen Sulfide ed Rhizosp nce of Red t Iron Red d or Stress (Explain in th (inches) th (inches)	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) cheres alor duced Iron uction in P sed Plants in Remarks)  :	(except  ) ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	MLRA	Seco  x War  Dra  Dry  Satt  Gec  Sha  FAC  Rais  Fros	ter-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A and 4B) inage Patterns (B10) -Season Water Table (C2) uration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) omorphic Position (D2) allow Aquitard (D3) C-Neutral Test (D5) sed Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) st-Heave Hummocks (D7)
Primary Indice Surface X High W X Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Surface X Inundat X Sparsel  Field Observ Surface Water table F Saturation Pr (includes cap	Arology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) Soil Cracks (B6) ion Visible on Aerial y Vegetated Concav vations: er Present? Yes ersent? Yes ersent? Yes ellary fringe)	Imagery (legendress)  Solution    Solution    Solution    Tributary games	X   Water	Stained L.  2, 4A and rust (B11) c Inverteb gen Sulfide ed Rhizosp nce of Red t Iron Red d or Stress (Explain in th (inches) th (inches)	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) cheres alor duced Iron uction in P sed Plants in Remarks)  :	(except  ) ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	MLRA	Seco  x War  Dra  Dry  Satt  Gec  Sha  FAC  Rais  Fros	ter-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A and 4B) inage Patterns (B10) -Season Water Table (C2) uration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) omorphic Position (D2) allow Aquitard (D3) C-Neutral Test (D5) sed Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) st-Heave Hummocks (D7)
Primary Indice Surface X High W X Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Surface X Inundat X Sparsel  Field Observ Surface Water table F Saturation Pr (includes cap	Arology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) Soil Cracks (B6) ion Visible on Aerial y Vegetated Concav vations: er Present? Present? Yes esent? Yes esent? Yes esent? Yes	Imagery (legendress)  Solution    Solution    Solution    Tributary games	X   Water	Stained L.  2, 4A and rust (B11) c Inverteb gen Sulfide ed Rhizosp nce of Red t Iron Red d or Stress (Explain in th (inches) th (inches)	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) cheres alor duced Iron uction in P sed Plants in Remarks)  :	(except  ) ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	MLRA	Seco  x War  Dra  Dry  Satt  Gec  Sha  FAC  Rais  Fros	ter-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A and 4B) inage Patterns (B10) -Season Water Table (C2) uration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) omorphic Position (D2) allow Aquitard (D3) C-Neutral Test (D5) sed Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) st-Heave Hummocks (D7)
Primary Indice Surface X High W X Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Surface X Inundat X Sparsel  Field Observ Surface Water table F Saturation Pr (includes cap	Arology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) Soil Cracks (B6) ion Visible on Aerial y Vegetated Concav vations: er Present? Yes ersent? Yes ersent? Yes ellary fringe)	Imagery (legendress)  Solution    Solution    Solution    Tributary games	X   Water	Stained L.  2, 4A and rust (B11) c Inverteb gen Sulfide ed Rhizosp nce of Red t Iron Red d or Stress (Explain in th (inches) th (inches)	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) cheres alor duced Iron uction in P sed Plants in Remarks)  :	(except  ) ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	MLRA	Seco  x War  Dra  Dry  Satt  Gec  Sha  FAC  Rais  Fros	ter-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A and 4B) inage Patterns (B10) -Season Water Table (C2) uration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) omorphic Position (D2) allow Aquitard (D3) C-Neutral Test (D5) sed Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) st-Heave Hummocks (D7)

## WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Western Mountains, Valleys and Coast Region

Project/Site:	Freeman Road Log	istics		City/County:	Puyallup/Pi	ierce Cou	inty		Sam	pling Date:	3/1	11/2022
Applicant/Owner:	Vector Developmen	nt Company					State:	WA	- Sam	pling Point:		DP-5
Investigator(s):	C. Douglas, M. Curi	ran		Section	n, Township,	Range:	S17 & 2	20 R4E T2	ON			
Landform (hillslope	e, terrace, etc.):	Forested		Local re	lief (concave	e, convex	, none):	concave			Slope:	1-5
Subregion (LRR):	Northwest Forests a	and Coast (LRR A)	Lat:	- 47.20693991	1		Long:	-122.3150	232	r	Datum:	NAD83
Soil Map Unit Nam	ne: Pilchuck fine	e sand					NWI Cla	ssification:	PFO, P	SS, POW		
Are climatic / hydro	ologic conditions on	the site typical for th	nis time of y	ear?	Yes	х	No		(If no, e	explain in Re	emarks)	)
Are Vegetation	, Soil	, or Hydrology		significantly	disturbed?	Are "N	lormal C	ircumstand	es" Pres	ent? Yes	Х	No
Are Vegetation	, Soil	, or Hydrology		naturally pro	oblematic?	(If nee	ded, exp	olain any ar	nswers in	Remarks.)		
SUMMARY OF	FINDINGS - At	tach site map s	howing s	ampling p	ooint locat	tions, tı	ansec	ts, impo	rtant fe	atures, e	t <b>c.</b>	
Hydrophytic Veget		Yes No		Is the Sa	ampled Area	1	Yes		NI-	v		
Hydric Soil Presen		Yes No		within a	Wetland?		res		_ No	Х	-	
Wetland Hydrology	y Present?	YesNo	X									
Remarks: Delinea	ted northern and eas	stern boundary of la	rge wetland	system to ic	dentify poten	tial buffer	· impacts	s for utility I	ine const	ruction		
TEGET/KITOK												
			Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	Domina	nce Tes	t workshe	et:			
Tree Stratum	(Plot size	: )	% Cover	Species?	Status?	Number	of Domi	nant Speci	es			
1. Alnus rubra	(1 101 3126	)	60	Yes	FAC			ACW, or F		2		(A)
	mifera ssp. Trichocar	na	80	Yes	FAC	Total Nu	ımher of	Dominant	_			(^)
3.	ппета зэр. тпепосаг	<u>ра</u>		163				All Strata:		5		(B)
4.		_							_			(0)
5.		_						nant Speci ACW, or F		40%		(A/B)
	70 20%= 28	Total Cover:	140			mat Are	ODL, I	AOVV, OF F	AO	4070		(7/0)
Sapling/Shrub Stra		rotar cover.			-	Prevale	nce Inde	ex Worksh	eet.			
Oemleria ceras	<u> </u>	··	50	Yes	FACU		al % Co			Multiply b	w.	
Rubus armenia			10	No	FAC	OBL spe		0	x1 =	0	<i>'</i> y.	•
3. Rubus spectab			20	No	FAC	FACW s		0	x2 =	0		•
4. Symphoricarpo		_	70	Yes	FACU	FAC spe		170	x3 =	510		
5.						FACU s		140	x4 =	560		
50%=	75 20%= 30	Total Cover:	150			UPL spe		0	x5 =	0		
Herb Stratum	(Plot size	<del></del>				Column	Totals:	310	(A)	1070		(B)
1. Polystichum m			20	Yes	FACU	Preval	ence Inc	dex = B/A =		3.5		
2.												
3.						Hydropl	hytic Ve	getation Ir	ndicators	<b>5</b> :		
4							1 - Rap	id Test for	Hydroph	ytic Vegetat	tion	
5							2 - Don	ninance Te	st is >50	%		
6							3 - Prev	valence Inc	dexis ≤3	.0 <sup>1</sup>		
7							4 - Mor	phological	Adaptatio	on <sup>1</sup> (Provide	suppo	rting
8							data	in Remarl	ks or on a	a separate s	sheet)	
9								land Non-\				
	10 20%= 4		20				Probler	natic Hydro	ophytic V	egetation <sup>1</sup> (	Explain	)
Woody Vine Stratu	<u>um</u> (Plot size	:)								hydrology	must	
1. Hedera helix			20		FACU	be prese	ent, unles	ss disturbe	d or prob	lematic.		
2						Hydropl	hytic					
		Total Cover:				Vegetat						
	re Ground in Herb St	ratum <u>80</u> % 0	Cover of Bio	tic Crust		Present	?		Yes	No	<u> </u>	
Remarks: 40% FA	C vegetation											

Sampling Point: DP-5

	Mat	IIA	Re	dox Feat	ures				
inches)	Color (mois	st) %	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>	Texture	<u> </u>	Remarks
0-18	10YR 3/3	100					L		
					·				
		<del></del>					-		
				-	· ——				
Type: C=C	Concentration, D	=Depletion, RM	=Reduced Matrix,	CS=Cov	ered or Co	ated San	d Grains. 'L	ocation: PL	=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
	I Indicators: (A	pplicable to al	LRRs, unless ot	herwise	noted.)		Indicators	for Proble	matic Hydric Soils <sup>3</sup> :
-	sol (A1)			Redox (S	•				Muck (A10) (LRR B)
	Epipedon (A2)			d Matrix (	•		-		arent Material (TF2)
	Histic (A3)				ineral (F1)	(except l	MIRA1)		Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
	gen Sulfide (A4)			-	Matrix (F2)	(CXCCPt I	<u> </u>		(Explain in Remarks)
	ted Below Dark S			d Matrix			-		(Explain in Nemarks)
	Dark Surface (A	, ,			face (F6)		3India	ators of byd	rophytic vegetation and
	•	•							
	/ Muck Mineral (S	•			Surface (F7)	)		•	ogy must be present,
Sandy	/ gleyed Matrix (S	S4)	Redox	Depression	ons (F8)		u	nless distur	bed or problematic.
Restrictive	Layer (if prese	nt):							
ype:		·· <b>·</b>							
Depth (inch						ш.,	dric Soil Pre	cont?	Yes No X
Jehm (mon	<u> </u>		<del></del>			1119	unc 30m Fre	Sent:	Yes No <u>X</u>
ROLOG									
Wetland Hy	ydrology Indica		check all that ann	lv)				Sacono	lary Indicators (2 or more required)
Vetland Hy Primary Ind	ydrology Indicatilicators (minimun		check all that app	•	eaves (PO)	(overnt	MIDA		lary Indicators (2 or more required)
Vetland Hy Primary Ind Surface	ydrology Indicat licators (minimun ce Water (A1)	n one required;	Water-S	Stained L	eaves (B9)	(except	MLRA .	Water	-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2,
Vetland Hy Primary Ind Surfac High V	ydrology Indicat licators (minimun ce Water (A1) Water Table (A2)	n one required;	Water-S	Stained L 4A and	4B)	except	MLRA .	Water	-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, and 4B)
Vetland Hy Primary Ind Surfac High V	ydrology Indicat dicators (minimun ce Water (A1) Water Table (A2) ation (A3)	n one required;	Water-{ 1, 2, Salt Cru	Stained L  4A and ust (B11)	4B)		MLRA .	Water 4A Draina	-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, and 4B) age Patterns (B10)
Vetland Hy Primary Ind Surfac High V Satura Water	ydrology Indicat dicators (minimun ce Water (A1) Water Table (A2) ation (A3) Marks (B1)	n one required;	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic	Stained L  4A and ust (B11) Inverteb	<b>4B</b> ) rates (B13)	)	MLRA .	Water 4A Draina	-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, and 4B)
Vetland Hy Primary Ind Surfac High V Satura Water	ydrology Indicat dicators (minimun ce Water (A1) Water Table (A2) ation (A3)	n one required;	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic	Stained L  4A and ust (B11) Inverteb	4B)	)	MLRA .	Water  4A  Draina  Dry-S	-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, and 4B) age Patterns (B10)
Primary Ind Surfac High V Satura Water Sedim	ydrology Indicat dicators (minimun ce Water (A1) Water Table (A2) ation (A3) Marks (B1)	n one required;	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydrog	Stained L  4A and  ust (B11)  Inverteb  en Sulfide	<b>4B</b> ) rates (B13) e Odor (C1	)	MLRA .	Water  4A  Draina  Dry-Sa  Satura	-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, and 4B) age Patterns (B10) eason Water Table (C2)
Vetland Hy Primary Ind Surfac High V Satura Water Sedim Drift D	ydrology Indicat dicators (minimun ce Water (A1) Water Table (A2) ation (A3) Marks (B1) ment Deposits (B2	n one required;	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydrog Oxidize	Stained L  4A and ust (B11) Inverteb en Sulfide d Rhizos	<b>4B</b> ) rates (B13) e Odor (C1	) ) ng Living	- - - -	Water  4A  Draina  Dry-S  Satura  Geom	-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, and 4B) age Patterns (B10) eason Water Table (C2) ation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Vetland Hy Primary Ind Surfac High V Satura Water Sedim Drift D Algal I	ydrology Indications (minimum ce Water (A1) Water Table (A2) ation (A3) Marks (B1) Marks (B2) Marks (B3)	n one required;	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydrog Oxidize Presen	Stained L  4A and  ust (B11)  Inverteb en Sulfide d Rhizos ce of Rec	4B) rates (B13) e Odor (C1 pheres alor	) ) ng Living (C4)	Roots (C3)	Water  4A  Draina  Dry-Satura  Geom  Shallo	-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, and 4B) age Patterns (B10) eason Water Table (C2) ation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) orphic Position (D2)
Wetland Hy Primary Ind Surfac High V Satura Water Sedim Drift D Algal I	ydrology Indication (Indicators (Indicator	n one required;	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydrog Oxidize Present Recent	Stained L  4A and  Ist (B11)  Inverteb  En Sulfide  Rhizos  Ce of Rec	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) pheres alor duced Iron	) ) ng Living (C4) lowed So	Roots (C3)	Water  4A  Draina  Dry-Si  Satura  Geom  Shallo  FAC-N	-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, and 4B) age Patterns (B10) eason Water Table (C2) ation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) orphic Position (D2) w Aquitard (D3) Neutral Test (D5)
Wetland Hy Primary Ind Surfac High V Satura Water Sedim Drift D Algal I Iron D Surfac	ydrology Indication (Indicators (Indicator	n one required;  2) )	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydrog Oxidize Present Recent Stunted	Stained L  4A and  Ist (B11)  Inverteb en Sulfide d Rhizos ce of Rec Iron Red or Stres	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) pheres alor duced Iron luction in P sed Plants	) ng Living (C4) lowed So (D1) ( <b>LR</b>	Roots (C3)	Water  4A  Draina  Dry-S  Satura  Geom  Shallc  FAC-N  Raise	-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, and 4B) age Patterns (B10) eason Water Table (C2) ation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) orphic Position (D2) w Aquitard (D3) leutral Test (D5) d Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
Vetland Hy Primary Ind Surfac High V Satura Water Sedim Drift D Algal I Iron D Surfac Inunda	ydrology Indication (Indicators (Indicator	n one required; 2) ) 36) Aerial Imagery (	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydrog Oxidize Present Recent Stuntec B7) Other (I	Stained L  4A and  Ist (B11)  Inverteb en Sulfide d Rhizos ce of Rec Iron Red or Stres	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) pheres alouduced Iron luction in P	) ng Living (C4) lowed So (D1) ( <b>LR</b>	Roots (C3)	Water  4A  Draina  Dry-S  Satura  Geom  Shallc  FAC-N  Raise	-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, and 4B) age Patterns (B10) eason Water Table (C2) ation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) orphic Position (D2) w Aquitard (D3) Neutral Test (D5)
Vetland Hy Primary Ind Surfac High V Satura Water Sedim Drift D Algal I Iron D Surfac Inunda	ydrology Indicatilicators (minimun ce Water (A1) Water Table (A2) ation (A3) Marks (B1) ment Deposits (B2) Deposits (B3) Mat or Crust (B4) Deposits (B5) De Soil Cracks (Bation Visible on A	n one required; 2) ) 36) Aerial Imagery (	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydrog Oxidize Present Recent Stuntec B7) Other (I	Stained L  4A and  Ist (B11)  Inverteb en Sulfide d Rhizos ce of Rec Iron Red or Stres	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) pheres alor duced Iron luction in P sed Plants	) ng Living (C4) lowed So (D1) ( <b>LR</b>	Roots (C3)	Water  4A  Draina  Dry-S  Satura  Geom  Shallc  FAC-N  Raise	-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, and 4B) age Patterns (B10) eason Water Table (C2) ation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) orphic Position (D2) w Aquitard (D3) leutral Test (D5) d Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
Wetland Hy Primary Ind Surface High V Satura Water Sedim Drift D Algal I Iron D Surface Inunda Sparse	ydrology Indication (A1) Water Table (A2) ation (A3) Marks (B1) Ment Deposits (B2) Deposits (B3) Mat or Crust (B4) Deposits (B5) De Soil Cracks (Bation Visible on Allely Vegetated Controls:	n one required;  2) ) 36) Aerial Imagery ( oncave Surface	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydrog Oxidize Present Recent Stunted B7) Other (I	Stained L 4A and ust (B11) Inverteb en Sulfide d Rhizos ce of Rec Iron Red or Stres Explain in	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) pheres alor duced Iron luction in P sed Plants in Remarks)	) ng Living (C4) lowed So (D1) (LR	Roots (C3)	Water  4A  Draina  Dry-S  Satura  Geom  Shallc  FAC-N  Raise	-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, and 4B) age Patterns (B10) eason Water Table (C2) ation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) orphic Position (D2) w Aquitard (D3) leutral Test (D5) d Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
Wetland Hy Primary Ind Surface High V Satura Water Sedim Drift D Algal I Iron D Surface Inunda Sparse	ydrology Indication (Indicators (Indicator	n one required;  2) ) Aerial Imagery ( oncave Surface	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydrog Oxidize Presenc Recent Stunted B7) Other (I	Stained L 4A and ust (B11) Inverteb en Sulfide d Rhizos ce of Rec Iron Red or Stres Explain in	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) pheres alor duced Iron luction in P sed Plants n Remarks)	) ng Living (C4) lowed So (D1) (LR	Roots (C3)	Water  4A  Draina  Dry-S  Satura  Geom  Shallc  FAC-N  Raise	-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, and 4B) age Patterns (B10) eason Water Table (C2) ation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) orphic Position (D2) w Aquitard (D3) leutral Test (D5) d Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
Wetland Hy Primary Ind Surface High V Satura Water Sedim Drift D Algal I Iron D Surface Inunda Sparse	ydrology Indication (Indicators (Indicator	n one required;  2) ) Aerial Imagery ( oncave Surface Yes Yes	Water-S   1, 2,   Salt Cru	Stained L 4A and ust (B11) Inverteb en Sulfidd d Rhizos ce of Rec Iron Red or Stres Explain in	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) pheres alor duced Iron luction in P sed Plants in Remarks)	) ng Living (C4) lowed So (D1) (LR	Roots (C3)	Water  4A  Draina  Dry-S  Satura  Geom  Shallc  FAC-N  Raise	-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, and 4B) age Patterns (B10) eason Water Table (C2) ation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) orphic Position (D2) w Aquitard (D3) leutral Test (D5) d Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) Heave Hummocks (D7)
Wetland Hy Primary Ind Surfac High V Satura Water Sedim Drift D Algal I Iron D Surfac Inunda Sparse Field Obse Surface Water table Saturation F	ydrology Indication (Indicators (Indicator	n one required;  2) ) Aerial Imagery ( oncave Surface Yes Yes	Water-S 1, 2, Salt Cru Aquatic Hydrog Oxidize Presenc Recent Stunted B7) Other (I	Stained L 4A and ust (B11) Inverteb en Sulfidd d Rhizos ce of Rec Iron Red or Stres Explain in	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) pheres alor duced Iron luction in P sed Plants in Remarks)	) ng Living (C4) lowed So (D1) (LR	Roots (C3)	Water  4A  Draina  Dry-S  Satura  Geom  Shallc  FAC-N  Raise  Frost-	-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, and 4B) age Patterns (B10) eason Water Table (C2) ation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) orphic Position (D2) w Aquitard (D3) Neutral Test (D5) d Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) Heave Hummocks (D7)
Wetland Hy Primary Ind Surfac High V Satura Water Sedim Drift D Algal I Iron D Surfac Inunda Sparse Field Obse Surface Water table Saturation F	ydrology Indication (Indicators (Indicator	n one required;  2) ) Aerial Imagery ( oncave Surface Yes Yes	Water-S   1, 2,   Salt Cru	Stained L 4A and ust (B11) Inverteb en Sulfidd d Rhizos ce of Rec Iron Red or Stres Explain in	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) pheres alor duced Iron luction in P sed Plants in Remarks)	) ng Living (C4) lowed So (D1) (LR	Roots (C3)	Water  4A  Draina  Dry-S  Satura  Geom  Shallc  FAC-N  Raise  Frost-	-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, and 4B) age Patterns (B10) eason Water Table (C2) ation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) orphic Position (D2) w Aquitard (D3) leutral Test (D5) d Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) Heave Hummocks (D7)
Wetland Hy Primary Ind Surfac High V Satura Water Sedim Drift D Algal I Iron D Surfac Inunda Sparse Field Obse Surface Wa Water table Saturation F includes ca	ydrology Indicaticators (minimun ce Water (A1) Water Table (A2) ation (A3) Marks (B1) ment Deposits (B3) Mat or Crust (B4) deposits (B5) ce Soil Cracks (B ation Visible on A ely Vegetated Co ervations: ater Present? Present? apillary fringe) ded Data (Unnan	n one required;  2) ) 36) Aerial Imagery ( oncave Surface  Yes Yes Yes	Water-S   1, 2,   Salt Cru	Stained L  4A and Just (B11) Inverteben Sulfide d Rhizospee of Rec Iron Red or Stres Explain in in (inches) in (inches)	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) pheres alor duced Iron fuction in P sed Plants in Remarks)  :	) ) ng Living (C4) lowed So (D1) (LR	Roots (C3) ils (C6) R A)  Wetland Hy	Water  4A  Draina  Dry-S  Satura  Geom  Shallo  FAC-N  Raise  Frost-	-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, and 4B) age Patterns (B10) eason Water Table (C2) ation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) orphic Position (D2) w Aquitard (D3) leutral Test (D5) d Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) Heave Hummocks (D7)
Wetland Hy Primary Ind Surfac High V Satura Water Sedim Drift D Algal I Iron D Surfac Inunda Sparse Field Obse Surface Wa Water table Saturation F includes ca	ydrology Indications (minimum ce Water (A1) Water Table (A2) ation (A3) Marks (B1) Ment Deposits (B3) Mat or Crust (B4) Deposits (B5) De Soil Cracks (B ation Visible on A ely Vegetated Co  ervations: Deposits (B5) Deposits (B7) Deposits (B7	n one required;  2) ) 36) Aerial Imagery ( oncave Surface  Yes Yes Yes	Water-S   1, 2,   Salt Cru	Stained L  4A and Just (B11) Inverteben Sulfide d Rhizospee of Rec Iron Red or Stres Explain in in (inches) in (inches)	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) pheres alor duced Iron fuction in P sed Plants in Remarks)  :	) ) ng Living (C4) lowed So (D1) (LR	Roots (C3) ils (C6) R A)  Wetland Hy	Water  4A  Draina  Dry-S  Satura  Geom  Shallo  FAC-N  Raise  Frost-	-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, and 4B) age Patterns (B10) eason Water Table (C2) ation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) orphic Position (D2) w Aquitard (D3) leutral Test (D5) d Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) Heave Hummocks (D7)
Wetland Hy Primary Ind Surfac High V Satura Water Sedim Drift D Algal I Iron D Surfac Inunda Sparse Field Obse Surface Wa Water table Saturation F includes ca	ydrology Indicaticators (minimun ce Water (A1) Water Table (A2) ation (A3) Marks (B1) ment Deposits (B3) Mat or Crust (B4) deposits (B5) ce Soil Cracks (B ation Visible on A ely Vegetated Co ervations: ater Present? Present? apillary fringe) ded Data (Unnan	n one required;  2) ) 36) Aerial Imagery ( oncave Surface  Yes Yes Yes	Water-S   1, 2,   Salt Cru	Stained L  4A and Just (B11) Inverteben Sulfide d Rhizospee of Rec Iron Red or Stres Explain in in (inches) in (inches)	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) pheres alor duced Iron fuction in P sed Plants in Remarks)  :	) ) ng Living (C4) lowed So (D1) (LR	Roots (C3) : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Water  4A  Draina  Dry-S  Satura  Geom  Shallo  FAC-N  Raise  Frost-	-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, and 4B) age Patterns (B10) eason Water Table (C2) ation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) orphic Position (D2) w Aquitard (D3) leutral Test (D5) d Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) Heave Hummocks (D7)
Petland Hy Primary Ind Surfac High V Satura Water Sedim Drift D Algal I Iron D Surfac Inunda Sparse Field Obse Surface Wa Vater table Saturation F includes ca	ydrology Indicaticators (minimun ce Water (A1) Water Table (A2) ation (A3) Marks (B1) ment Deposits (B3) Mat or Crust (B4) deposits (B5) ce Soil Cracks (B ation Visible on A ely Vegetated Co ervations: ater Present? Present? apillary fringe) ded Data (Unnan	n one required;  2) ) 36) Aerial Imagery ( oncave Surface  Yes Yes Yes	Water-S   1, 2,   Salt Cru	Stained L  4A and Just (B11) Inverteben Sulfide d Rhizospee of Rec Iron Red or Stres Explain in in (inches) in (inches)	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) pheres alor duced Iron fuction in P sed Plants in Remarks)  :	) ) ng Living (C4) lowed So (D1) (LR	Roots (C3) : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Water  4A  Draina  Dry-S  Satura  Geom  Shallo  FAC-N  Raise  Frost-	-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, and 4B) age Patterns (B10) eason Water Table (C2) ation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) orphic Position (D2) w Aquitard (D3) leutral Test (D5) d Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) Heave Hummocks (D7)
Vetland Hy Primary Ind Surface High V Satura Water Sedim Drift D Algal I Iron D Surface Inunda Sparse Surface Wa Vater table Saturation F includes ca	ydrology Indicaticators (minimun ce Water (A1) Water Table (A2) ation (A3) Marks (B1) ment Deposits (B3) Mat or Crust (B4) deposits (B5) ce Soil Cracks (B ation Visible on A ely Vegetated Co ervations: ater Present? Present? apillary fringe) ded Data (Unnan	n one required;  2) ) 36) Aerial Imagery ( oncave Surface  Yes Yes Yes	Water-S   1, 2,   Salt Cru	Stained L  4A and Just (B11) Inverteben Sulfide d Rhizospee of Rec Iron Red or Stres Explain in in (inches) in (inches)	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) pheres alor duced Iron fuction in P sed Plants in Remarks)  :	) ) ng Living (C4) lowed So (D1) (LR	Roots (C3) : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Water  4A  Draina  Dry-S  Satura  Geom  Shallo  FAC-N  Raise  Frost-	-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, and 4B) age Patterns (B10) eason Water Table (C2) ation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) orphic Position (D2) w Aquitard (D3) leutral Test (D5) d Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) Heave Hummocks (D7)

## WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Western Mountains, Valleys and Coast Region

Project/Site:	Freeman Road Log	istics		City/County:	Puyallup/Pi	ierce Cou	ınty		Sam	pling Date:	3/1	1/2022
Applicant/Owner:	Vector Developmer	nt Company					State:	WA	_ Sam	pling Point:		DP-6
Investigator(s):	C. Douglas, M. Cur	ran		Section	n, Township,	Range:	S17 & 2	20 R4E T2	0N			
Landform (hillslope	e, terrace, etc.):	Forested		Local re	elief (concave	e, convex	, none):	concave			Slope:	1-5
Subregion (LRR):	Northwest Forests	and Coast (LRR A)	Lat:	<u>-</u> 47.20715552	2		Long:	-122.3151	651		Datum:	NAD83
Soil Map Unit Nam	ne: Pilchuck fine	e sand	-				NWI Cla	ssification	: PFO, F	SS, POW	-	
Are climatic / hydro	ologic conditions on	the site typical for t	his time of y	ear?	Yes	Х	No		(If no, e	explain in Re	emarks)	
	, Soil			significantly	_	Are "N				sent? Yes		
Are Vegetation	, Soil	<del></del> -					eded, exp	olain any a	nswers ir	n Remarks.)		
SUMMARY OF	FINDINGS - At	ttach site map s	showing s	sampling p	point loca	tions, t	ransec	ts, impo	rtant fe	atures, e	t <b>c.</b>	
I buda a budia Mana		V V N-										
Hydrophytic Veget					ampled Area	a	Yes	х	No			
Hydric Soil Presen Wetland Hydrology		Yes X No		within a	a Wetland?		103		_ '''		-	
welland Hydrolog	y Fresent!	res <u> </u>										
VEGETATION	ted northern and ea				,,,		,					
TEGET/KITOK												
			Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	Domina	nce Tes	t workshe	et:			
Tree Stratum	(Plot size	e: )	% Cover	Species?	Status?	Number	of Domi	nant Spec	ies			
1. Alnus rubra	(1 101 3120	··	70	Yes	FAC	That Are	e OBL, F	ACW, or F	AC:	3		(A)
	mifera ssp. Trichocai	rpa	20	Yes	FAC	Total Nu	ımber of	Dominant				(7.1)
3.	mera copi menecal	μα						All Strata:		3		(B)
4.		_				Percent	of Domi	nant Spec	-			(-)
5.		_						ACW, or F		100%		(A/B)
	45 20%= 18	Total Cover	90				,	, -				( ' )
Sapling/Shrub Stra		<del></del>			•	Prevale	nce Inde	ex Worksl	neet:			
Cornus sericea			70	Yes	FACW	Tot	tal % Co	ver of:		Multiply b	oy:	
2. Rubus armenia	acus		20	No	FAC	OBL spe	ecies	0	x1 =	0		
3. Rubus spectab	oilis		20	No	FAC	FACW s	species	70	x2 =	140		
4. Ribes sanguine	eum		5	No	FACU	FAC spe	ecies	130	x3 =	390		
5. Symphoricarpo	os albus		5	No	FACU	FACU s	pecies	10	x4 =	40		
50%=	60 20%= 24	Total Cover	: 120			UPL spe	ecies	0	_x5 =	0		
Herb Stratum	(Plot size	e:)				Column		210	_ ` ′	570		(B)
1						Preva	lence Ind	dex = B/A	=	2.7		
2												
3						Hydrop	-	getation I				
4										ytic Vegeta	ion	
· ·						<u>X</u>		ninance Te				
6						X		valence In				
										on¹ (Provide		rting
								a in Remar tland Non-		a separate s	ineet)	
9	· <u>0 20%= 0</u>	Total Cover								riants /egetation <sup>1</sup> (	Evoloin'	١
Woody Vine Stratu		)				1Indicate				d hydrology		,
								ss disturbe			must	
2.												
		Total Cover				Hydrop	-					
% Bai	re Ground in Herb St			tic Crust		Vegetat Present			Yes	X No	•	
Remarks: 100% F.							-					
rtomanto. 100701	710 Vogotation											

Sampling Point: DP-6

Depth _	Matrix		R	edox Feat	ures				
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>	Texture		Remarks
0-4	10YR 3/1	100					SiL		
4-18	10YR 4/1	80	10YR 5/4	20		M	SiL		
		- —							
		<del></del>							
Type: C=Co	ncentration, D=Dep	letion, RM	=Reduced Matrix	, CS=Cove	ered or Co	ated Sand	Grains. <sup>2</sup> Lo	ocation: P	L=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
-	ndicators: (Applic	able to all			•		Indicators		ematic Hydric Soils <sup>3</sup> :
Histosol				Redox (S	•		=		Muck (A10) (LRR B)
	pipedon (A2)			ed Matrix (		, , ,	-		Parent Material (TF2)
	istic (A3)				ineral (F1)	(except i	WILKA 1)		Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
	en Sulfide (A4)	(\11)		-	latrix (F2)		-	Otne	r (Explain in Remarks)
	d Below Dark Surfa	ce (ATT)		ed Matrix			3 India	otoro of bu	drophytic vogetation and
	ark Surface (A12)			Dark Surf					drophytic vegetation and
	Muck Mineral (S1)				urface (F7)	)		-	blogy must be present,
Sandy g	gleyed Matrix (S4)		Redox	Depression	ons (F8)		ur	nless distu	irbed or problematic.
Restrictive L	ayer (if present):								
Туре:									
Depth (inches	e)·					Hve	dric Soil Pre	sant?	Yes X No
	o)					,		361111	
arks: 1 chrom	-								
	-							Jent:	
DROLOGY	na with redox							Sem:	
DROLOGY Wetland Hyd	na with redox	a required:	check all that an	oliv)					adany Indicators (2 or more required)
DROLOGY Wetland Hyd Primary Indic	na with redox  Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one	e required;			oovoo (PO)		MIDA	Secon	ndary Indicators (2 or more required)
DROLOGY Wetland Hyd Primary Indic x Surface	Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one	required;	x Water-	Stained L	, ,		MLRA _	Secon x Wate	er-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2,
DROLOGY Wetland Hyd Primary Indic x Surface x High Wa	Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2)	e required;	<u>x</u> Water-	Stained Lo	, ,		MLRA _	Secon x Wate	er-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, A and 4B)
DROLOGY Wetland Hyd Primary Indic x Surface x High Wa x Saturati	Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3)	e required;	x Water- 1, 2 Salt C	Stained Log. 4A and one (B11)	4B)	(except	MLRA _	Secon x Wate 4. Drain	er-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, A and 4B) nage Patterns (B10)
DROLOGY Wetland Hyd Primary Indic x Surface x High Wa x Saturati Water N	Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1)	e required;	x Water- 1, 2 Salt Ci Aquati	Stained Log. 4A and a cust (B11) controlled	<b>4B</b> ) rates (B13)	(except	MLRA _ - -	Secon x Wate 4. Drair Dry-S	er-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, A and 4B) nage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2)
DROLOGY Wetland Hyd Primary Indic x Surface x High Wa x Saturati Water M	Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2)	e required;	x Water- 1, 2 Salt Ci Aquati x Hydrog	Stained Long Stain	<b>4B</b> ) rates (B13) e Odor (C1	(except	- - - -	Secon x Wate 4. Drair Dry-S	er-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, A and 4B) hage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
DROLOGY Wetland Hyd Primary Indic x Surface x High Wa x Saturati Water M Sedimed Drift De	Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3)	e required;	X   Water-   1, 2   Salt Ci   Aquati   X   Hydrog   Oxidize	Stained Lot, 4A and a rust (B11) convertebout gen Sulfide ed Rhizosp	4B) rates (B13) e Odor (C1) oheres alor	(except ) ) ng Living	MLRA -	Secon  X Wate  4,  Drain  Dry-S  Satu  Geor	er-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, A and 4B) nage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) morphic Position (D2)
DROLOGY Wetland Hyd Primary Indic x Surface x High Wa x Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De Algal Ma	Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4)	e required;	X   Water-   1, 2   Salt Ci   Aquati   X   Hydroq   Oxidize   Preser	Stained Lot 1, 4A and 1	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) oheres alor luced Iron	(except ) ) ng Living (C4)	- - - Roots (C3) _ -	Secon  X Wate  4.  Drair  Dry-S  Satu  Geor  Shall	er-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, A and 4B) nage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) morphic Position (D2) low Aquitard (D3)
DROLOGY Wetland Hyd Primary Indic  x Surface x High Wa x Saturati Water M Sedimel Drift Del Algal Ma Iron Dep	Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5)	required;	x Water- 1, 2 Salt Ci Aquati x Hydrog Oxidize Preser Recen	Stained Long Report Stained Long Report (B11) or Invertebrate Sulfidered Rhizospace of Red to Iron Red	rates (B13) e Odor (C1 bheres alou luced Iron uction in P	(except ) ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi	Roots (C3) ls (C6)	Secon  x Wate  4,  Drair  Dry-S  Satu  Geor  Shall  FAC-	er-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, A and 4B) nage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) morphic Position (D2) low Aquitard (D3) -Neutral Test (D5)
DROLOGY Wetland Hyd Primary Indic  x Surface x High Wa x Saturati Water M Sedimel Drift Del Algal Ma Iron Dep	Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4)	required;	x Water- 1, 2 Salt Ci Aquati x Hydrog Oxidize Preser Recen	Stained Long Report Stained Long Report (B11) or Invertebrate Sulfidered Rhizospace of Red to Iron Red	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) oheres alor luced Iron	(except ) ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi	Roots (C3) ls (C6)	Secon  x Wate  4,  Drair  Dry-S  Satu  Geor  Shall  FAC-	er-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, A and 4B) nage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) morphic Position (D2) low Aquitard (D3)
DROLOGY Wetland Hyd Primary Indic  X Surface X High Wa X Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De Algal Ma Iron Dep Surface	Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5)		x Water- 1, 2 Salt Cr Aquati x Hydrog Oxidizr Preser Recen Stunte	Stained Long Stress	rates (B13) e Odor (C1 bheres alou luced Iron uction in P	(except ) ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	Roots (C3) ls (C6)	Secon  x Wate  4. Drair Dry-S Satu Geor Shall FAC Raise	er-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, A and 4B) nage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) morphic Position (D2) low Aquitard (D3) -Neutral Test (D5)
DROLOGY Wetland Hyd Primary Indic x Surface x High Wa x Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De Algal Ma Iron Dep Surface x Inundati	Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) Soil Cracks (B6)	Imagery (	x Water- 1, 2 Salt Ci Aquati x Hydrog Oxidize Preser Recen Stunte B7) Other	Stained Long Stress	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) oheres alor luced Iron uction in P sed Plants	(except  ) ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	Roots (C3) ls (C6)	Secon  x Wate  4. Drair Dry-S Satu Geor Shall FAC Raise	er-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, A and 4B) nage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) morphic Position (D2) low Aquitard (D3) -Neutral Test (D5) ed Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
DROLOGY Wetland Hyd Primary Indic x Surface x High Wa x Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De Algal Ma Iron Dep Surface x Inundati	Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) Soil Cracks (B6) ion Visible on Aerial y Vegetated Concav	Imagery (	x Water- 1, 2 Salt Ci Aquati x Hydrog Oxidize Preser Recen Stunte B7) Other	Stained Long Stress	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) oheres alor luced Iron uction in P sed Plants	(except  ) ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	Roots (C3) ls (C6)	Secon  x Wate  4. Drair Dry-S Satu Geor Shall FAC Raise	er-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, A and 4B) nage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) morphic Position (D2) low Aquitard (D3) -Neutral Test (D5) ed Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
DROLOGY Wetland Hyd Primary Indic x Surface x High Wa x Saturati Water M Sedimel Drift Del Algal Ma Iron Dep Surface x Inundati x Sparsel	Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) Soil Cracks (B6) ion Visible on Aerial y Vegetated Concav	Imagery (	x Water- 1, 2 Salt Ci Aquati x Hydrog Oxidize Preser Recen Stunte B7) Other (B8)	Stained Long Stained Long Stained Long Stained Long Stained Rhizosphore of Red to Tron Red dor Stress (Explain in	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) oheres alor luced Iron uction in P sed Plants	(except ) ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	Roots (C3) ls (C6)	Secon  x Wate  4. Drair Dry-S Satu Geor Shall FAC Raise	er-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, A and 4B) nage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) morphic Position (D2) low Aquitard (D3) -Neutral Test (D5) ed Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
DROLOGY Wetland Hyd Primary Indic x Surface x High Wa x Saturati Water M Sedimel Drift Del Algal Ma Iron Dep Surface x Inundati x Sparsel	Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) Soil Cracks (B6) ion Visible on Aerial by Vegetated Concaverations: ar Present?	Imagery ( ve Surface	x Water- 1, 2 Salt Ci Aquati x Hydrog Oxidize Preser Recen Stunte B7) Other (B8)	Stained Long Stained Long Stained Long Stained Long Stained Red St	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) oheres alor luced Iron uction in P sed Plants I Remarks)	(except  ) ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	Roots (C3) ls (C6)	Secon  x Wate  4. Drair Dry-S Satu Geor Shall FAC Raise	er-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, A and 4B) nage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) morphic Position (D2) low Aquitard (D3) -Neutral Test (D5) ed Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
DROLOGY Wetland Hyd Primary Indic x Surface x High Wa x Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De Algal Ma Iron Dep Surface x Inundati x Sparsel	Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) Soil Cracks (B6) ion Visible on Aerial by Vegetated Concav vations: ar Present? Yes	Imagery ( ve Surface	X   Water-	Stained Long And	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) cheres alor luced Iron uction in P sed Plants I Remarks)	(except ) ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	Roots (C3) ls (C6)	Secon  x Wate  4. Drair Dry-S Satu Geor Shall FAC Raise Frost	er-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, A and 4B) hage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) morphic Position (D2) low Aquitard (D3) Neutral Test (D5) ed Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) t-Heave Hummocks (D7)
Primary Indic  X Surface  X High Wa  X Saturati  Water M  Sedime  Drift De  Algal Ma  Iron Dep  Surface  X Inundati  X Sparsel	Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) Soil Cracks (B6) ion Visible on Aerial by Vegetated Concave vations: ar Present? Yes esent? Yes	Imagery ( ve Surface	X   Water-	Stained Long And	rates (B13) Protes (B13) Protes alor Prote	(except  ) ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	Roots (C3)	Secon  x Wate  4. Drair Dry-S Satu Geor Shall FAC Raise Frost	er-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, A and 4B) hage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) morphic Position (D2) low Aquitard (D3) Neutral Test (D5) ed Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) t-Heave Hummocks (D7)
Primary Indic  X Surface X High Wa X Saturati Water M Sedimen Drift Den Algal Ma Iron Den Surface X Inundati X Sparsel  Field Observ Surface Water table F Saturation Pr (includes cap	Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) Soil Cracks (B6) ion Visible on Aerial by Vegetated Concav vations: ar Present? Yes ersent? Yes ersent? Yes elsent? Yes ellary fringe)	Imagery ( ve Surface  x x x x x x ributary ga	x Water- 1, 2 Salt Ci Aquati x Hydrog Oxidize Preser Recen Stunte B7) Other (B8)  No Depri No Depri No Depri sauge, monitoring	Stained Long And Andrewst (B11) or Invertebrate of Red to Iron Red to Tron Red to Tron Stress (Explain in the (inches) or the (inches) or the (inches)	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) cheres alor luced Iron uction in P sed Plants Remarks) : 1 incl : at surfa	(except  ) ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	Roots (C3)	Secon  x Wate  4, Drair Dry-S Satu Geor Shall FAC Raiss Frost	er-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, A and 4B) hage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) morphic Position (D2) low Aquitard (D3) -Neutral Test (D5) ed Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) t-Heave Hummocks (D7)
Primary Indic  X Surface X High Wa X Saturati Water M Sedimen Drift Den Algal Ma Iron Den Surface X Inundati X Sparsel  Field Observ Surface Water table F Saturation Pr (includes cap	Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) Soil Cracks (B6) ion Visible on Aerial y Vegetated Concav rations: er Present? Yes esent? Yes esent? Yes eillary fringe)	Imagery ( ve Surface  x x x x x x ributary ga	x Water- 1, 2 Salt Ci Aquati x Hydrog Oxidize Preser Recen Stunte B7) Other (B8)  No Depri No Depri No Depri sauge, monitoring	Stained Long And Andrewst (B11) or Invertebrate of Red to Iron Red to Tron Red to Tron Stress (Explain in the (inches) or the (inches) or the (inches)	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) cheres alor luced Iron uction in P sed Plants Remarks) : 1 incl : at surfa	(except  ) ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	Roots (C3)	Secon  x Wate  4, Drair Dry-S Satu Geor Shall FAC Raiss Frost	er-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, A and 4B) hage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) morphic Position (D2) low Aquitard (D3) -Neutral Test (D5) ed Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) t-Heave Hummocks (D7)
Primary Indic  X Surface X High Wa X Saturati Water M Sedimen Drift Den Algal Ma Iron Den Surface X Inundati X Sparsel  Field Observ Surface Water table F Saturation Pr (includes cap	Irology Indicators: ators (minimum one Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) Soil Cracks (B6) ion Visible on Aerial by Vegetated Concav vations: ar Present? Yes ersent? Yes ersent? Yes elsent? Yes ellary fringe)	Imagery ( ve Surface  x x x x x x ributary ga	x Water- 1, 2 Salt Ci Aquati x Hydrog Oxidize Preser Recen Stunte B7) Other (B8)  No Depri No Depri No Depri sauge, monitoring	Stained Long And Andrewst (B11) or Invertebrate of Red to Iron Red to Tron Red to Tron Stress (Explain in the (inches) or the (inches) or the (inches)	rates (B13) e Odor (C1) cheres alor luced Iron uction in P sed Plants Remarks) : 1 incl : at surfa	(except  ) ) ng Living (C4) lowed Soi (D1) (LR	Roots (C3)	Secon  x Wate  4, Drair Dry-S Satu Geor Shall FAC Raiss Frost	er-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, A and 4B) hage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) morphic Position (D2) low Aquitard (D3) -Neutral Test (D5) ed Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) t-Heave Hummocks (D7)

## **U.S. Army Corps of Engineers**

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET – Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region See ERDC/EL TR-10-3; the proponent agency is CECW-CO-R

OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Exp: 11/30/2024 Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT: (Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)

Project/Site: Vector Freeman/5203 Freeman Rd E		City/Cour	nty: Puyallup	/Pierce		Sampling Date	e: <u>5/17</u>
Applicant/Owner: Vector/Puyallup Tribe				State:	WA	Sampling Point	t: <u>DP-7</u>
Investigator(s): Hannah Fotherby		Section, T	ownship, Ran	ige: S20, T	20N, R4E		
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): floodplain/historic river me	eander_ L	ocal relief (co	oncave, conve	ex, none): r	none	SI	ope (%): 5
Subregion (LRR): LRR A, MLRA 2 Lat: 47.20858	637		Long: -12	22.3197029		Datum	: WGS84
Soil Map Unit Name: Pilchuck fine sand					NWI classific	cation: PFO1C	•
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for t	his time of	year?	Yes X	No	(If no, expla	ain in Remarks.)	)
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologysign						Yes X I	
Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology nat			If needed, exp				
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map				-			atures, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No			Sampled Ar		<u> </u>		
Hydric Soil Present? Yes No	X		n a Wetland?		Yes	No X	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No _							
Remarks: Plot located in a flat area below the line of Symphoricarp community.		vhere the Pop	oulus balsamit	fera commur	nity transition	s to a Cornus al	lba
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plan	nts.						
	Absolute	Dominant Species?	Indicator	Dominara	o Toot week	chooti	
<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>30</u> ) <u>9</u> 1. Populus balsamifera	% Cover 60	Species? Yes	Status FAC		e Test work		
Prunus emarginata	10	No	FACU		Dominant Sp ACW, or FA		2 (A)
3.					per of Domina		(; ,
4.				Across All			3 (B)
_	70 =	Total Cover		Percent of	Dominant Sp	pecies That	
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size:15)				Are OBL, F	ACW, or FA	.C:	66.7% (A/B
1. Cornus alba	20	Yes	FACW				
2. Symphoricarpos albus	15	Yes	FACU		e Index worl		. la a la con
3 4.				OBL specie	% Cover of:	x 1 =	oly by: 0
5.				FACW spe			40
·	35 =	Total Cover		FAC specie			186
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5 )				FACU spec			100
1. Urtica dioica	2	No	FAC	UPL specie	es 0	x 5 =	0
2.				Column To	tals: 107	(A)	326 (B)
3				Prevale	nce Index =	B/A =3.6	05
4							
5					_	on Indicators:	
6.						Hydrophytic Vege	etation
7. 8.					minance Test valence Inde	_	
						daptations <sup>1</sup> (Prov	vide supporting
10.						or on a separate	
11.				5 - We	tland Non-Va	ascular Plants <sup>1</sup>	
	2 =	Total Cover		Proble	matic Hydrop	ohytic Vegetation	n <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 15 )					•	I and wetland hy	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
1			—— <b> </b>	be present,	unless distu	irbed or problem	natic.
2		Total Cover		Hydrophyt			
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 98	=	Total Cover		Vegetation Present?	Yes_	<u>X</u> No	
Remarks:							

SOIL DP-7 Sampling Point: Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) Depth Matrix Redox Features Loc<sup>2</sup> Color (moist) % Color (moist) (inches) Type **Texture** Remarks 0-6 10YR 2/1 100 Sandy sandy loam 6-18 10YR 3/1 100 loamy sand (mostly sand) Sandy <sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. <sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils<sup>3</sup>: Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR A, E) Histosol (A1) Histic Epipedon (A2) Sandy Redox (S5) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR D) Black Histic (A3) Stripped Matrix (S6) Red Parent Material (F21) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1) Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22) 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D, G) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Other (Explain in Remarks) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) <sup>3</sup>Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) wetland hydrology must be present, 2.5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S2) (LRR G) Redox Depressions (F8) unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: Depth (inches): **Hydric Soil Present?** No No redox or hydrogen sulfide smell observed. Sand composition increases with depth. **HYDROLOGY** Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2 High Water Table (A2) MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) 4A, and 4B) Saturation (A3) Salt Crust (B11) Drainage Patterns (B10) Water Marks (B1) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Sediment Deposits (B2) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) Drift Deposits (B3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Shallow Aquitard (D3) Iron Deposits (B5) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Depth (inches): Yes Water Table Present? Depth (inches): Saturation Present? Depth (inches): Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No X (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Soil plug was moist but not saturated. Geomorphic position is a flat area adjacent to a ponded depression.

#### **U.S. Army Corps of Engineers**

## WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET – Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region See ERDC/EL TR-10-3; the proponent agency is CECW-CO-R

OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Exp: 11/30/2024 Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT: (Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)

Project/Site: Vector Freeman/5203 Freeman Rd E		City/Cou	nty: Puyallu	p/Pierce	Sampling Date:	5/17/24
Applicant/Owner: Vector/Puyallup Tribe				State: WA	Sampling Point:	DP-8
Investigator(s): Hannah Fotherby		Section, T	ownship, Ra	nge: S20, T20N. R4E		
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): floodplain/historic rive	r meander	Local relief (co	oncave, conv	vex, none): none	Slop	pe (%): 1
Subregion (LRR): LRR A, MLRA 2 Lat: 47.208	861737		Long:	122.3197029	Datum:	WGS84
Soil Map Unit Name: Pilchuck fine sand				NWI classi	fication: PFO1C	
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for	or this time o	f year?	Yes X	No (If no, exp	olain in Remarks.)	
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology	significantly	disturbed? A	re "Normal (	Circumstances" present?	Yes X N	0
Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology				plain any answers in Re	<del></del>	
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site ma	ap showin	g samplin	g point lo	cations, transects,	important fea	tures, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X N	o	Is the	Sampled A	rea		
Hydric Soil Present? Yes X N	°		n a Wetland		No	
	0			-		
Remarks:						
Plot is approximately 1 foot lower in elevation than DF	P-7, and appr	oximately 15 f	eet away.			
VECETATION Has asignific names of m	Janta					
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of p	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator			
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30 )	% Cover	Species?	Status	Dominance Test wor	ksheet:	
1. Fraxinus latifolia	30	Yes	FACW	Number of Dominant	Species That	
2				Are OBL, FACW, or F	AC:	2 (A)
3.	-			Total Number of Dom	inant Species	2 (P)
4	30	=Total Cover		Across All Strata:		2 (B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15	)	-10101 00101		Percent of Dominant S Are OBL, FACW, or F	•	0.0% (A/B)
1. Cornus alba	95	Yes	FACW	, ,		``
2.				Prevalence Index wo	orksheet:	
3				Total % Cover of		
4				· -	x 1 =	
5	95	=Total Cover			x = 25 $x = 25$ $x = 3$	250 0
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5 )		-10tai 00voi			x 4 =	0
1					) x 5 =	0
2.				Column Totals: 12	25 (A)	250 (B)
3				Prevalence Index	= B/A =2.00	)
4						
5. 6.				Hydrophytic Vegetat	ion Indicators: Hydrophytic Veget	ation
7.				X 2 - Dominance Te		allon
8.				X 3 - Prevalence Inc		
9.				4 - Morphological	Adaptations <sup>1</sup> (Provi	de supporting
10				data in Remark	s or on a separate	sheet)
11				5 - Wetland Non-		
W 1 V 0 1 1 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	, —	=Total Cover		<del>-</del>	ophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup>	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 15	)			<sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric s be present, unless dis		
1 2.				•	turbed of problema	uo.
		=Total Cover		Hydrophytic Vegetation		
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 100				_	XNo	_
Remarks:						

SOIL DP-8 Sampling Point: Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) Depth Matrix Redox Features Loc<sup>2</sup> Color (moist) % Color (moist) (inches) Type Texture Remarks 0-8 10YR 2/1 100 Mucky Sand contains silt 100 8-18 10YR 2/1 Sandy <sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. <sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils<sup>3</sup>: Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR A, E) Histosol (A1) Histic Epipedon (A2) Sandy Redox (S5) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR D) Black Histic (A3) Stripped Matrix (S6) Red Parent Material (F21) X Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1) Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22) 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D, G) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Other (Explain in Remarks) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) <sup>3</sup>Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and X Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) wetland hydrology must be present, 2.5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S2) (LRR G) Redox Depressions (F8) unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: Depth (inches): **Hydric Soil Present?** Yes No Remarks: Sand composition increases with depth. Hydrogen sulfide odor. **HYDROLOGY** Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2 X High Water Table (A2) MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) 4A, and 4B) X Saturation (A3) Salt Crust (B11) Drainage Patterns (B10) Water Marks (B1) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Sediment Deposits (B2) X Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) X Geomorphic Position (D2) Drift Deposits (B3) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Shallow Aquitard (D3) Iron Deposits (B5) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) X FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) **Field Observations:** Surface Water Present? Depth (inches): Water Table Present? Depth (inches): Saturation Present? Depth (inches): Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Surface water was approximately 15 feet away from plot. Geomorphic position is a flat area within a depression.

## **U.S. Army Corps of Engineers**

# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET – Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region See ERDC/EL TR-10-3; the proponent agency is CECW-CO-R

OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Exp: 11/30/2024 Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT: (Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)

Project/Site: Vector Freeman/5203 Freeman Rd E		City/Cou	nty: Puyallup	/Pierce	Sampling Date:	5/17/24
Applicant/Owner: Vector/Puyallup Tribe				State: WA	Sampling Point:	DP-9
Investigator(s): Hannah Fotherby		Section, T	Township, Rar	nge: S20, T20N, R4E		
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): floodplain/historic river	meander	Local relief (co	oncave, conve	ex, none): convex	Slop	pe (%): 8
Subregion (LRR): LRR A, MLRA 2 Lat: 47.208	62474		Long: -12	22.3201188	Datum:	WGS84
Soil Map Unit Name: Pilchuck fine sand					fication: PFO1C	`
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical fo	or this time o	f year?	Yes X	No (If no, exp	olain in Remarks.)	
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologys		-		ircumstances" present?		0
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologyr				plain any answers in Rer		
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site ma				-		turas atc
	ip snown		g point loc	ations, transcots,		
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No			Sampled Ar			
	X X	withi	n a Wetland?	Yes	No <u>X</u>	
Remarks: Plot located on a slope, at the base of a large black co	ottonwood. F	lot is approxin	natelv 8 feet h	nigher on the slope than	DP-10.	
gg			,	g		
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of p	lants.					
-	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator			
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30 )	% Cover	Species?	Status	Dominance Test wor	ksheet:	
Populus balsamifera     Prunus amerginata	75 15	Yes	FACU FACU	Number of Dominant S	•	3 (A)
Prunus emarginata     Fraxinus latifolia	10	No No	FACW	Are OBL, FACW, or F		3 (A)
4.	10		TAOW	Total Number of Domi Across All Strata:	nant Species	4 (B)
	100	=Total Cover		Percent of Dominant S	Species That	(=/
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15 )				Are OBL, FACW, or F		5.0% (A/B)
Symphoricarpos albus	70	Yes	FACU			·
2. Physocarpus capitatus	30	Yes	FACW	Prevalence Index wo		
3.				Total % Cover of		
4					) x1=	0
5	100	=Total Cover		FACW species 4 FAC species 8		80 240
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5 )	100	= Total Cover		FACU species 8		340
1. Urtica dioica	5	Yes	FAC	· —	x 5 =	0
2.				Column Totals: 20	05 (A) (	660 (B)
3.				Prevalence Index	= B/A = 3.22	2
4						
5				Hydrophytic Vegetati		
6.					Hydrophytic Veget	ation
7. 8.				X 2 - Dominance Te		
					dex is ≤3.0 Adaptations¹(Provid	de supporting
10					s or on a separate	
11.				5 - Wetland Non-\	/ascular Plants <sup>1</sup>	
	5	=Total Cover		Problematic Hydro	ophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup>	(Explain)
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 15 )				<sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric so	oil and wetland hyd	rology must
1				be present, unless dis	turbed or problema	tic.
2		T-1-1-0		Hydrophytic		
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 95		=Total Cover		Vegetation Present? Yes	Y No	
				rieseitt: ies	No	
Remarks:						

SOIL DP-9 Sampling Point: Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) Depth Matrix Redox Features Loc<sup>2</sup> Color (moist) % Color (moist) (inches) Type **Texture** Remarks 0-10 10YR 3/2 100 Sandy sandy loam 10-18 10YR 3/2 100 Sandy loamy sand <sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. <sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils<sup>3</sup>: Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR A, E) Histosol (A1) Histic Epipedon (A2) Sandy Redox (S5) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR D) Black Histic (A3) Stripped Matrix (S6) Red Parent Material (F21) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1) Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22) 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D, G) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Other (Explain in Remarks) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) <sup>3</sup>Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) wetland hydrology must be present, 2.5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S2) (LRR G) Redox Depressions (F8) unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: Depth (inches): **Hydric Soil Present?** Yes No Х Remarks: Sand composition increases with depth. No redox observed. **HYDROLOGY** Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2 High Water Table (A2) MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) 4A, and 4B) Saturation (A3) Salt Crust (B11) Drainage Patterns (B10) Water Marks (B1) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Sediment Deposits (B2) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) Drift Deposits (B3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Shallow Aquitard (D3) Iron Deposits (B5) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) **Field Observations:** Surface Water Present? Depth (inches): Water Table Present? Depth (inches): Saturation Present? Depth (inches): Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No X (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Soil plug was very lightly moist but not saturated.

## **U.S. Army Corps of Engineers**

# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET – Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region See ERDC/EL TR-10-3; the proponent agency is CECW-CO-R

OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Exp: 11/30/2024 Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT: (Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)

Section   Sect	Project/Site: Vector Freeman/5203 Freeman Rd E	City/County: Puyallu	p/Pierce	Sampling Date:	5/17/24
Contact   Cont	Applicant/Owner: Vector/Puyallup Tribe		State: WA	Sampling Point:	DP-10
Sold Map Unit Name: Pichuck fine sand	Investigator(s): Hannah Fotherby	Section, Township, Ra	ange: <u>S20, T20N, R4E</u>		
Soil Map Unit Name: Pilchuck fine sand Are climate! hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Are legetation	Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): floodplain/historic river meande	r Local relief (concave, conv	vex, none): concave	Slope	e (%): 10
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No (If no, explain in Remarks.)  Are Vegetation	Subregion (LRR): <u>LRR A, MLRA 2</u> Lat: <u>47.20869074</u>	Long:	122.3200738	Datum:	WGS84
Are Vegetation   Soil   Or Hydrology   significantly disturbed?   Are "Normal Circumstances" present?   Yes   X   No   Normal Vegetation   Soil   Or Hydrology   naturally problematic?   (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)	Soil Map Unit Name: Pilchuck fine sand	_	NWI classif	ication: PFO1C	
Are Vegetation	Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this tin	ne of year? Yes X	No (If no, exp	lain in Remarks.)	
Are Vegetation	Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology significan	ntly disturbed? Are "Normal of	Circumstances" present?	Yes X No	
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS — Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc. Hydriophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No within a Wetland? Yes X No Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No within a Wetland? Yes X No Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No Wetland Hydrology Resent? Yes X No Wetland? Yes X No Wetland Hydrology Resent? Yes X No Wetland Hydrology Resent Hydrology Resent Plants Yes X No Wetland Hydrology Resent Hydrology Rese			cplain any answers in Ren	narks.)	
Hydric Soil Present?   Yes   X   No			cations, transects,	important featu	ures, etc.
Hydric Soil Present?   Yes   X   No	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No	Is the Sampled A	Area		
Remarks:   Protocated at the edge of the ponded area within Wetland A. At the toe of slope and within a depression.		•		No	
VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.   Tree Stratum   (Plot size: 30   )					
VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.   Absolute   Dominant   Indicator   Species?   Status					
Absolute   Species   Status   Species   S	Plot located at the edge of the ponded area within Wetland A.	At the toe of slope and within a	a depression.		
Absolute   Species   Status   Species   S	VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.				
1. Populus balsamifera 60 Yes FAC   Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 2 (A)   3.	Absolu				
2.	`		Dominance Test worl	ksheet:	
Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata:   2 (B)		Yes FAC		•	2 (Δ)
4				·	<u>2</u> (A)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum   (Plot size: 15   15   100.0% (A/B   100.0% (A/	4.			•	2 (B)
1. Comus sericea 2. 3.	60	=Total Cover	Percent of Dominant S	Species That	
2.       Total % Cover of:       Multiply by:         4.       OBL species       0 x1 = 0         5.       80 =Total Cover       FACW species       80 x2 = 160         FAC species       60 x3 = 180       FACU species       0 x4 = 0         UPL species       0 x5 = 0       0         Column Totals:       140 (A) 340 (B)       340 (B)         Prevalence Index = B/A = 2.43       2.43         4.       Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:       1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation         6.       1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation         7.       2 - Dominance Test is >50%         8.       3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹         9.       4 - Morphological Adaptations¹(Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)         11.       =Total Cover         Woody Vine Stratum       (Plot size: 15 )         1.       =Total Cover         Hydrophytic vegetation in Herb Stratum       100   Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?         8       9   Hydrophytic vegetation Present?       1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation Problematic.         10       1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:       1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation Problematic.         10       1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation Problematic.       1	Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15 )		Are OBL, FACW, or FA	AC: <u>100</u>	.0% (A/B)
Total % Cover of: Multiply by:   OBL species	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Yes FACW	Barrelon or landers	-lakasa	
4.					by:
FACW species   80   x 2 =   160   FAC species   60   x 3 =   180   FACU species   60   x 3 =   180   FACU species   0   x 4 =   0   UPL species   0   x 5 =   0   Column Totals:   140   (A)   340   (B)   Prevalence Index = B/A =   2.43	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
FACU species   0					
1. UPL species 0 x 5 = 0 Column Totals: 140 (A) 340 (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = 2.43  4. Prevalence Index = B/A = 2.43  Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation X 2 - Dominance Test is >50% X 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ 9.	80	=Total Cover	FAC species 60	) x 3 = 18	30
2.       Column Totals: 140 (A) 340 (B)         3.       Prevalence Index = B/A = 2.43         4.       Prevalence Index = B/A = 2.43         5.       Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:         6.       1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation         7.       X 2 - Dominance Test is >50%         8.       X 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹         9.       4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)         11.       5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants¹         Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)         ¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.         Woody Vine Stratum       Problematic Nydrophytic Vegetation         Yes X       No	Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5 )		·	x 4 = (	0
3.					
4.				``/	` ′
Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:   1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<del></del>	Prevalence Index =	= B/A = <u>2.43</u>	
1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation  X 2 - Dominance Test is >50%  X 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹  9.		<del></del>	Hydrophytic Vegetati	on Indicators:	
7. X 2 - Dominance Test is >50%   8. X 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹   9. 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹(Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)   10. 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants¹   Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)   1. 1 Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.   2. Hydrophytic Vegetation   Yes X No					tion
8.	7		·		
data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)  5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants  Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)  1 Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  Hydrophytic  Vegetation  Hydrophytic  Vegetation  Present? Yes X No	- '-		X 3 - Prevalence Ind	lex is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup>	
11	9.				
## Total Cover Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain)    Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.    Hydrophytic Vegetation   Hydrophytic Vegetation	10			•	heet)
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 15 )  1.	11				
1	Washi Visa Chahum (Dish sisa) 45	=Total Cover	l <del></del>		
2 =Total Cover Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No	•		•	•	
#ydrophytic Vegetation % Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 100 Present? Yes X No			,	and or problemati	<u>.                                    </u>
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 100 Present? Yes X No		=Total Cover			
Remarks:	% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 100			X No	<b>=</b> !
	Remarks:				

SOIL Sampling Point: **DP-10** Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) Depth Matrix Redox Features % Loc<sup>2</sup> (inches) Color (moist) Color (moist) Type<sup>1</sup> Remarks Texture 10YR 2/1 Mucky Sand 0-5 100 <sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. <sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils<sup>3</sup>: Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR A, E) Histosol (A1) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Histic Epipedon (A2) Sandy Redox (S5) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR D) Black Histic (A3) Stripped Matrix (S6) Red Parent Material (F21) X Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1) Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22) 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D, G) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Other (Explain in Remarks) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) <sup>3</sup>Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) X Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) wetland hydrology must be present, 2.5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S2) (LRR G) Redox Depressions (F8) unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: Depth (inches): **Hydric Soil Present?** Yes No Remarks: Could not dig deeper than 5 inches due to roots. Faint hydrogen sulfide odor. **HYDROLOGY** 

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:				
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required	; check all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)		
Surface Water (A1)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except	Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2		
X High Water Table (A2)	MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)	4A, and 4B)		
X Saturation (A3)	Salt Crust (B11)	Drainage Patterns (B10)		
Water Marks (B1)	Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)		
Sediment Deposits (B2)	X Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)		
Drift Deposits (B3)	C3) X Geomorphic Position (D2)			
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Shallow Aquitard (D3)			
Iron Deposits (B5)	X FAC-Neutral Test (D5)			
Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)	Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)		
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	Other (Explain in Remarks)	Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)		
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	<del></del>	<del></del>		
Field Observations:				
Surface Water Present? Yes	No X Depth (inches):			
Water Table Present? Yes X	No Depth (inches): 2			
Saturation Present? Yes X		etland Hydrology Present? Yes X No		
(includes capillary fringe)				
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitor	oring well, aerial photos, previous inspections),	if available:		
,				
Remarks:				
Permanent ponding is approximately 5 feet from	n this plot location. Geomorphic position is at the	he toe of slope and within a depression.		

## **U.S. Army Corps of Engineers**

# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET – Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region See ERDC/EL TR-10-3; the proponent agency is CECW-CO-R

OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Exp: 11/30/2024 Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT: (Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)

Project/Site: Vector Freeman/5203 Freeman Rd E	City/County: Puyallup	o/Pierce	Sampling Date:	5/17/24
Applicant/Owner: Vector/Puyallup Tribe		State: WA	Sampling Point:	DP-11
Investigator(s): Hannah Fotherby	Section, Township, Rai	nge: S20, T20N, R4E		
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): historic floodplain	ocal relief (concave, conv	ex, none): concave	Slope	e (%): 10
Subregion (LRR): LRR A, MLRA 2 Lat: 47.208145	Long: -1	22.319899	Datum:	WGS84
Soil Map Unit Name: Pilchuck fine sand			cation: none	•
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of	year? Yes X	No (If no, expl	ain in Remarks.)	
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology significantly d				
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology naturally prob		plain any answers in Rem	<u> </u>	
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing			,	ures, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No X	Is the Sampled A	rea		
Hydric Soil Present? Yes No X	within a Wetland		No X	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No X				
Remarks: Plot located in a low area between Wetland A and the intersection of VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.	of Levee Rd and Freeman	Rd E.		_
Absolute	Dominant Indicator			
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30 ) % Cover	Species? Status	Dominance Test work	sheet:	
1. Populus balsamifera 50	Yes FAC	Number of Dominant S	•	
2. Acer macrophyllum 30	Yes FACU	Are OBL, FACW, or FA	-	2(A)
3. Prunus emarginata 10	No FACU	Total Number of Domir Across All Strata:	•	5 (B)
90 =	Total Cover	Percent of Dominant S	pecies That	
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15 )		Are OBL, FACW, or FA		.0% (A/B
1. Symphoricarpos albus 65	Yes FACU			
2. Oemleria cerasiformis 30	Yes FACU	Prevalence Index wor		
3. Rubus armeniacus 2	No FAC	Total % Cover of:		
4		OBL species 0		0
5 97 =	 Total Cover	FACW species 0 FAC species 72		<u>0</u> 16
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5 )	- rotal Gover	FACU species 142		68
1. Urtica dioica 20	Yes FAC	UPL species 0		0
2. Polystichum munitum 5	No FACU	Column Totals: 214		84 (B)
3. Galium aparine 2	No FACU	Prevalence Index =	B/A = 3.66	
4		Hydrophytic Vogototic		
5		Hydrophytic Vegetation	Hydrophytic Vegeta	tion
7.		2 - Dominance Tes		tion
8		3 - Prevalence Inde		
9.		4 - Morphological A	Adaptations <sup>1</sup> (Provide	e supportino
10		data in Remarks	s or on a separate s	heet)
11	Total Cover	5 - Wetland Non-V	ascular Plants <sup>1</sup> phytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (	(Evolain)
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: )	Total Cover	·		
1		<sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil be present, unless distu	•	• •
2.	[	Hydrophytic		
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 73	Total Cover	Vegetation Present? Yes	No X	_
Remarks:			<del></del>	-

SOIL **DP-11** Sampling Point: Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) Depth Matrix Redox Features Loc<sup>2</sup> Color (moist) % Color (moist) Type<sup>1</sup> (inches) Texture Remarks 0-18 10YR 3/2 100 Loamy/Clayey <sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. <sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils<sup>3</sup>: Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR A, E) Histosol (A1) Histic Epipedon (A2) Sandy Redox (S5) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR D) Black Histic (A3) Stripped Matrix (S6) Red Parent Material (F21) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1) Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22) 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D, G) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Other (Explain in Remarks) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) <sup>3</sup>Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) wetland hydrology must be present, 2.5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S2) (LRR G) Redox Depressions (F8) unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: Depth (inches): **Hydric Soil Present?** Yes No Х Remarks: No redox features observed **HYDROLOGY** Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2 High Water Table (A2) MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) 4A, and 4B) Saturation (A3) Salt Crust (B11) Drainage Patterns (B10) Water Marks (B1) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Sediment Deposits (B2) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) Drift Deposits (B3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Shallow Aquitard (D3) Iron Deposits (B5) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) **Field Observations:** Surface Water Present? Depth (inches): Yes Water Table Present? Depth (inches): Saturation Present? Depth (inches): Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No X (includes capillary fringe)

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks: Soil plug was dry.

#### **U.S. Army Corps of Engineers**

## WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET – Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region See ERDC/EL TR-10-3; the proponent agency is CECW-CO-R

OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Exp: 11/30/2024 Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT: (Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)

Project/Site: Freeman Road - Parcel 0420201104		City/Cou	nty: Fife/Pier	ce	Sampling Date:	5/20/23
Applicant/Owner: Vector Development				State: WA	Sampling Point:	DP-12
Investigator(s): Hannah Fotherby and Jakob Rowny		Section, 7	Γownship, Ran	nge: S20, T20N, R04E		
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): Ditch/trench bottom		Local relief (d	concave, conv	rex, none): concave	Slo	pe (%): 0
Subregion (LRR): LRR A, MLRA 2 Lat: 47.20	85448		Long: -	122.32171		WGS84
Soil Map Unit Name: Pilchuck fine sand					cation: none	
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical fo	r this time of	year?	Yes X	No (If no, exp	ain in Remarks.)	
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology	significantly	disturbed? A	Are "Normal C	ircumstances" present?	Yes X N	lo
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology				plain any answers in Rem	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site ma			g point loc	ations, transects, i	mportant feat	tures, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No		ls the	e Sampled Ar	202		
<u> </u>	5 <u> </u>		n a Wetland?		No_X_	
	о <u>X</u>					
Remarks: Data point located in a low area in the northeast portion  VEGETATION – Use scientific names of p		el, within a sm	nall trench/ditc	ch about 3 feet deep.		
	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator			
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30 )	% Cover	Species?	Status	Dominance Test work	sheet:	
1. Populus balsamifera	75	Yes	FAC	Number of Dominant S	•	4 (4)
Acer macrophyllum     3.	15	No	FACU	Are OBL, FACW, or FA		4 (A)
4.				Total Number of Domin Across All Strata:	ant Species	7 (B)
··-	90	=Total Cover		Percent of Dominant S	nacies That	(2)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15				Are OBL, FACW, or FA		57.1% (A/B)
Symphoricarpos albus	40	Yes	FACU			
2. Corylus cornuta	30	Yes	FACU	Prevalence Index wor	ksheet:	
3. Fraxinus latifolia	30	Yes	FACW	Total % Cover of:	Multipl	y by:
4. Rubus armeniacus	15	No	FAC	OBL species 0		
5		<del></del>		FACW species 30		60
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5 )	115	=Total Cover		FAC species 109 FACU species 90		315 360
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5 )  1. Ranunculus repens	10	Yes	FAC	UPL species 0		0
Rubus ursinus	5	Yes	FACU	Column Totals: 22		735 (B)
3. Unknown grass sp.	5	Yes	FAC	Prevalence Index =		,
4.						
5				Hydrophytic Vegetation	on Indicators:	
6				1 - Rapid Test for I		ation
7				X 2 - Dominance Tes	_	
8.	·			3 - Prevalence Indo 4 - Morphological A		do ou no outina
9		-			or on a separate	
10 11				5 - Wetland Non-V	ascular Plants <sup>1</sup>	,
	20	=Total Cover		Problematic Hydro		(Explain)
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 15	)			<sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soi		,
1				be present, unless distr		
2				Hydrophytic		
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 80		=Total Cover		Vegetation Present? Yes	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Remarks:						

SOIL								S	ampling Point:	DP-12
Profile Desci	ription: (Describe t	o the depth	needed to docu	ıment the	indicato	or or co	nfirm the a	absence of indicators.	)	
Depth	Matrix			ox Feature						
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>	Tex	cture	Remarks	
0-18	10YR 3/3	100					Sa	ındy	sandy loam	
							-		Ź	
							-			
							-			
	-									
<sup>1</sup> Type: C=Co	ncentration, D=Depl	etion, RM=Re	educed Matrix, C	CS=Covere	ed or Coa	ated Sa	nd Grains.	<sup>2</sup> Location: PL=F	ore Lining, M=I	Matrix.
Hydric Soil I	ndicators: (Applica	ole to all LRI	Rs, unless othe	rwise not	ed.)			Indicators for Probl	ematic Hydric	Soils <sup>3</sup> :
Histosol (	(A1)		Sandy Gl	eyed Matri	ix (S4)			2 cm Muck (A10	) (LRR A, E)	
Histic Ep	ipedon (A2)		Sandy Re	dox (S5)				Iron-Manganese	Masses (F12)	(LRR D)
Black His	stic (A3)		Stripped I	Matrix (S6)	)			Red Parent Mate	erial (F21)	
Hydroger	n Sulfide (A4)		Loamy M	ucky Mine	ral (F1) <b>(</b>	except	MLRA 1)	Very Shallow Da	rk Surface (F22	2)
1 cm Mud	ck (A9) (LRR D, G)		Loamy GI	eyed Matr	ix (F2)			Other (Explain in	Remarks)	
Depleted	Below Dark Surface	(A11)	Depleted	Matrix (F3	3)					
Thick Da	rk Surface (A12)		Redox Da	ark Surface	e (F6)			<sup>3</sup> Indicators of hydrop	hytic vegetatior	and
	ucky Mineral (S1)			Dark Surfa	` '			wetland hydrolog		
2.5 cm M	lucky Peat or Peat (S	(S2) <b>(LRR G)</b>	Redox De	epressions	(F8)			unless disturbed	or problematic	-
Restrictive L	ayer (if observed):									
Type:	none		_							
Depth (in	ches):		_				Hydric S	oil Present?	Yes	No X
Remarks:										
No redoximor	phic features preser	t.								
HYDROLO	GV									
_	Irology Indicators:								<b>(0</b>	
-	ators (minimum of or	ne is required			(DO)	/		Secondary Indicators	-	
	Water (A1)			ained Leav	, ,	(except	i	Water-Stained L 4A, and 4B)	eaves (B9) (ML	.RA 1, 2
	ter Table (A2)			1, 2, 4A,	anu 4b)			Drainage Patteri	oo (P10)	
Saturatio Water Ma	, ,		Salt Crus	ı (DII) nvertebrate	oc (B12)			Dry-Season Wat	` ,	
	t Deposits (B2)			Sulfide O	` ,			Saturation Visible	, ,	nery (CQ)
	osits (B3)			Rhizosphe	. ,		oots (C3)	Geomorphic Pos		gory (Oo)
	t or Crust (B4)			of Reduce		-	000	Shallow Aquitaro	` ,	
Iron Depo	` '			on Reduct	`	,	s (C6)	FAC-Neutral Tes	` '	
	Soil Cracks (B6)			r Stressec			` '	Raised Ant Mou	` '	<b>A</b> )
	n Visible on Aerial Ir	nagery (B7)		plain in Re				Frost-Heave Hu		
Sparsely	Vegetated Concave	Surface (B8)	, <del></del>							
Field Observ	ations:									
Surface Wate	er Present? Ye	s	No X	Depth (ir	nches):					
Water Table I		s	No X	Depth (ir	_					
Saturation Pro	esent? Ye	s	No X	Depth (ir	nches):		Wetlan	d Hydrology Present	? Yes	No X
(includes cap	illary fringe)				_					
Describe Rec	orded Data (stream	gauge, monit	oring well, aeria	l photos, p	revious i	inspecti	ons), if ava	ilable:		
Remarks:	oist at around 10 inch	nes deen hut	no saturation or	other hyd	rology in	dicators	nrecent			
Jon lightly ITIC	not at atourid 10 ifici	ico deep but	no saturation of	Julei Hyu	i ology iff	uicaiUIS	י אובספווו.			

## WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Western Mountains, Valleys and Coast Region

Project/Site:	Freeman Road Log	gistics		City/County:	Puyallup/Pi	erce Cou	nty		Sam	pling Date:	3/1	1/2022
Applicant/Owner:	Vector Developme	nt Company	_				State:	WA	Samplii	ng Point:	DP-13	
Investigator(s):	C. Douglas, M. Cu	rran		Sectio	n, Township,	Range:	S17 R4	1E T20N				
Landform (hillslope	e, terrace, etc.):	Forested		Local re	elief (concave	e, convex	, none):	concave			Slope:	1-5
Subregion (LRR):	Northwest Forests	and Coast (LRR A)	Lat:	47.21406277	7		Long:	-122.3186	63		Datum:	NAD83
Soil Map Unit Nam	ne: Pilchuck fin	e sand					NWI Cla	ssification:	PFO, P	SS, POW		
Are climatic / hydro	ologic conditions on	the site typical for th	is time of y	ear?	Yes_	Х	No		_(If no, e	explain in R	emarks)	
Are Vegetation	, Soil	, or Hydrology		significantly	disturbed?	Are "N	lormal C	ircumstand	es" Pres	ent? Yes	s <u>x</u>	No
Are Vegetation	, Soil	, or Hydrology		naturally pro	oblematic?	(If nee	ded, exp	olain any ar	nswers in	Remarks.	)	
SUMMARY OF	FINDINGS - A	ttach site map s	howing s	ampling p	ooint locat	ions, tr	ansect	ts, impor	tant fea	atures, e	tc.	
Hydrophytic Vaget	ration Propent?	Voc. V No.										
Hydrophytic Veget Hydric Soil Presen		Yes X No	X		ampled Area	ı	Yes		No	Х		
Wetland Hydrology		Yes X No		within a	Wetland?				- ''' —		_	
Violana i iyarologi	y 1 1000m.	10010										
Remarks: Depress	sion area within gras	ss pasture, ground is	cleared of	vegetation, g	grass vegetat	tion surro	unds sta	anding wate	r			
VEGETATION												
VEGETATION					1							
			Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	Domina	nce Tes	t workshe	et:			
T Ot	(DI-+-i		% Cover	Species?	Status?	Number	of Domi	nant Speci	<b>es</b>			
Tree Stratum	(Plot Size	e:)		<u> </u>				ACW, or F		2		(A)
1. 2.						Total Nu	mher of	Dominant		2		(A)
3.		<del>.</del>						All Strata:		2		(B)
4.				-								(0)
5.								nant Specie ACW, or F		100%		(A/B)
	= 0 20%= 0	Total Cover:	0					7.011, 0				(, , , _ )
Sapling/Shrub Stra		e: )				Prevale	nce Inde	ex Worksh	eet:			
1.							al % Co			Multiply	by:	
2.						OBL spe	cies	0	x1 =	0		
3.						FACW s	pecies	0	x2 =	0		
4.						FAC spe	ecies	100	x3 =	300		
5						FACU s	oecies	0	x4 =	0		
50%=	= 0 20%= 0	Total Cover:	0			UPL spe	cies	0	x5 =	0		
Herb Stratum	(Plot size	e:)				Column		100	_(A)	300		(B)
1. Agrostis capilla	aris		30	Yes	FAC	Preval	ence Ind	dex = B/A =	·	3.0		
2. Festuca rubra			70	Yes	FAC							
3						Hydropl	-	getation Ir				
4								oid Test for			ation	
5						<u>X</u>		ninance Te				
6						X		valence Inc				
_								phological				ting
		<del></del>						a in Remarl tland Non-\		•	sneet)	
9.	= 50 20%= 20	Total Cavar	400					natic Hydro			(E.m.lain)	
Woody Vine Stratu			100			1Indicate		dric soil and		-		
		e:)						and son and ss disturbe			must	
2						<u> </u>			а с. р.с.			
		Total Cover:				Hydropl	-					
% Bai	re Ground in Herb S	tratum <b>0</b> % C		tic Crust		Vegetat Present			Yes	X No	o	
	AC vegetation, mow						-					<del></del>
Temarks. 1007017	Ao vegetation, mow	ed grass pasture										

SOIL Sampling Point: DP-13

Profile De	scription: (Des	cribe to the d	epth needed to	document	t the indica	ator or	confirm the ab	sence of indicators.)
Depth	Matr	ix	R	edox Feat	tures		_	
(inches)	Color (mois	t) %	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>	Texture	Remarks
0-18	10YR 4/3	99	10YR 5/4	1	D	М	SiL	
	'							
-	•					-	_	
-							_	
-						-	_	<u> </u>
-							_	
	-							<u> </u>
<sup>1</sup> Type: C=	Concentration, D	=Depletion, R	M=Reduced Mat	rix, CS=Co	overed or C	Coated	Sand Grains. 2	Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
Hydric So	il Indicators: (A	pplicable to a	III LRRs, unless	otherwis	e noted.)		Indicators f	for Problematic Hydric Soils <sup>3</sup> :
-	sol (A1)			Redox (S				2 cm Muck (A10) ( <b>LRR B</b> )
	Epipedon (A2)			ed Matrix			_	Red Parent Material (TF2)
	Histic (A3)					(ovco	pt MLRA 1)	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
					Matrix (F2)		PLINIERA I) _	<del></del>
	ogen Sulfide (A4)					,	_	Other (Explain in Remarks)
	eted Below Dark			ted Matrix			31	tons of building built constation and
	Dark Surface (A	•		x Dark Su	` '			tors of hydrophytic vegetation and
Sand	y Muck Mineral (	S1)	Deple	ted Dark S	Surface (F7	7)	wetla	and hydrology must be present,
Sand	y gleyed Matrix (	S4)	Redo:	x Depress	ions (F8)		uni	less disturbed or problematic.
Restrictive	e Layer (if prese	nt)·						
Type:		•						
							Judria Cail Drag	nent? Vee Ne V
Depth (inc	hes):		<del></del>				lydric Soil Pres	sent? Yes No_X_
Remarks: 3 chr								
HYDROLOG	iΥ							
Wetland F	lydrology Indica	tors:						
Primary Inc	dicators (minimur	m one required	d; check all that a	apply)				Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
Surfa	ce Water (A1)		Wate	r-Stained I	Leaves (B9	exce	ept MLRA	Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2,
High	Water Table (A2)	)		2, 4A and	I 4B)		_	4A and 4B)
x Satur	ation (A3)		Salt C	rust (B11)	)		-	Drainage Patterns (B10)
	r Marks (B1)			` '	, brates (B13	3)	· <del>-</del>	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
	nent Deposits (B	2)			de Odor (C1	•	<del>-</del>	Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
	Deposits (B3)	-)		J	`	,	ng Roots (C3)	Geomorphic Position (D2)
		`			-	-	ing 1000is (C3)_	
	Mat or Crust (B4	)			duced Iron			Shallow Aquitard (D3)
	Deposits (B5)				duction in F		` ′ —	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
	ce Soil Cracks (E	•			ssed Plants	` , '	LRR A)	Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
Inund	lation Visible on A	Aerial Imagery	(B7) Other	(Explain i	in Remarks	s)	_	Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)
Spars	sely Vegetated C	oncave Surfac	e (B8)					
Field Obs	ervations:							
Surface W	ater Present?	Yes	No <b>x</b> Dep	th (inches	):			
Water table		Yes			): 			
Saturation		Yes x			): 14 inch		Wetland Hyd	drology Present? Yes X No
	apillary fringe)	. 00 <u>x</u>		(	,. <u> </u>			
	ded Data (Unnar	ned Tributary	gauge, monitorin	g well, aer	rial photos,	previo	us inspections),	if available:
Remarks: Satur	ration at 14 inche	S						

## WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Western Mountains, Valleys and Coast Region

Project/Site:	Freeman Road Logistics		(	City/County:	Puyallup/Pi	erce Cou	nty		Samp	oling Date:	3/1	1/2022
Applicant/Owner:	Vector Development Compa	any					State:	WA	Samplin	g Point:	DP-14	
Investigator(s):	C. Douglas, M. Curran			Section	n, Township,	Range:	S17 R4	1E T20N				
Landform (hillslope	e, terrace, etc.): Forest	ed		Local re	lief (concave	e, convex	, none):	concave			Slope:	1-5
Subregion (LRR):	Northwest Forests and Coa	st (LRR A)	Lat: 4	17.21400951			Long:	-122.3185	192		Datum: _	NAD83
Soil Map Unit Nam	ne: Pilchuck fine sand						NWI Cla	ssification:	PFO, PS	SS, POW		
Are climatic / hydro	ologic conditions on the site t	ypical for this t	time of ye	ear?	Yes_	Х	No		_(If no, e	xplain in R	emarks)	
Are Vegetation	<u>x</u> , Soil <u>x</u> , or Hy					Are "N	lormal C	ircumstand	es" Prese	ent? Yes	, <u>x</u> !	No
Are Vegetation	, Soil, or Hy	drology		naturally pro	blematic?	(If nee	ded, exp	olain any ar	nswers in	Remarks.)	)	
SUMMARY OF	FINDINGS - Attach si	te map sho	wing s	ampling p	oint locat	ions, tr	ansect	ts, impor	tant fea	itures, e	tc.	
Hydrophytic Veget	ation Present? Yes	X No										
Hydric Soil Presen	·				mpled Area Wetland?	l	Yes	X	No			
Wetland Hydrology	·		-	within a	welland?						_	
Remarks: Depress	sion area within grass pasture	e, ground is cle	eared of v	egetation, g	rass vegetat	tion surro	unds sta	anding wate	r.			
VEGETATION												
						Domina	nce Tes	t workshe	et:			
		0/0	bsolute Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status?	Ni	- ( D )					
Tree Stratum	(Plot size:	)		Орсоюз:	——			nant Speci ACW, or F				
1										0	(	(A)
								Dominant All Strata:				(D)
3.										0	(	(B)
4 5.								nant Specie ACW, or F		0%		(A/B)
-	= 0 20%= 0 T	otal Cover:	0			mat Are	ODL, I	ACVV, OI I	AC	U /0		,7/0)
Sapling/Shrub Stra						Prevale	nce Inde	ex Worksh	eet:			
1.	(* 101 0.201						al % Co			Multiply	by:	
2.						OBL spe	cies	0	x1 =	0		
3.						FACW s	pecies	0	x2 =	0		
4						FAC spe	ecies	0	x3 =	0		
5						FACU s	oecies	0	_x4 =	0		
		otal Cover:	0			UPL spe		0	_x5 =	0		
Herb Stratum	(Plot size:	)				Column		0	_(A)	0	(	(B)
1.						Preval	ence Ind	dex = B/A =		0.0		
2.		<del></del>	<del></del> -									
3.			·			Hydropi	-	getation Ir			41	
4 5.		<del></del>						oid Test for ninance Te		-	llon	
6.			<del></del> .		-			valence Inc				
7												41.m.m.
					-			phological a in Remark				ung
9.					-			tland Non-\		•		
50%=	= 0 20%= 0 T	otal Cover:	0				Probler	matic Hydro	phytic Ve	egetation <sup>1</sup>	(Explain)	į.
Woody Vine Stratu		)				<sup>1</sup> Indicate	rs of hy	dric soil and	d wetland	hydrology	must	
1						be prese	nt, unle	ss disturbe	d or probl	lematic.		
2.					T	Hydropl	nytic					
	Т	otal Cover:	0			Vegetat	•					
% Baı	re Ground in Herb Stratum	100 % Cov	er of Biot	ic Crust	_	Present	?		Yes	X No	·	
Remarks: No vege	etation in standing water depr	ession within g	grass pas	ture								

SOIL

Sampling Point: DP-14

Profile Des Depth	cription: (Desc Matr		•	document Redox Feat		ator or	confirm the abs	sence of indicators.)
•					Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>	— Toyturo	Domorko
(inches)	Color (moist	·	Color (moist				<u>Texture</u> SiL	Remarks
0-8	10YR 5/2	90	10YR 5/4	10		M_		
8-18	10YR 5/1	70	7.5YR 4/4	30	D	M	_ SiL	
							_	
								_
							_	
						-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<sup>1</sup> Type: C=C	oncentration, D	=Depletion, I	RM=Reduced Ma	atrix, CS=Co	overed or 0	Coated	Sand Grains. 2	Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
-	•	pplicable to	all LRRs, unles		-		Indicators f	or Problematic Hydric Soils <sup>3</sup> :
Histos				dy Redox (S			_	2 cm Muck (A10) ( <b>LRR B</b> )
	Epipedon (A2)			ped Matrix				Red Parent Material (TF2)
	Histic (A3)						pt MLRA 1)	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
·	gen Sulfide (A4)			my Gleyed N		)		Other (Explain in Remarks)
Deplet	ed Below Dark S	Surface (A11	) <u>X</u> Dep	leted Matrix	(F3)			
Thick I	Dark Surface (A	12)	Red	ox Dark Sur	face (F6)		<sup>3</sup> Indicat	fors of hydrophytic vegetation and
Sandy	Muck Mineral (S	S1)	Dep	leted Dark S	Surface (F7	7)	wetla	and hydrology must be present,
Sandy	gleyed Matrix (S	54)	Red	ox Depressi	ions (F8)		unl	ess disturbed or problematic.
		,		•				·
Restrictive	Layer (if prese	nt):						
Type:								
Depth (inch	es):					H	lydric Soil Pres	ent? Yes X No
HYDROLOGY	1							
Wetland Hy	drology Indica	tors:						
Primary Indi	icators (minimur	n one require	ed; check all that	apply)				Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
x Surfac	e Water (A1)		Wat	er-Stained L	_eaves (B9	9) ( <b>exc</b> e	ept MLRA	Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2,
High V	Vater Table (A2)			, 2, 4A and	4B)			4A and 4B)
x Satura	tion (A3)		Salt	Crust (B11)	)			Drainage Patterns (B10)
Water	Marks (B1)		Aqu	atic Inverteb	orates (B13	3)		Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
	ent Deposits (B2	2)		rogen Sulfid	•		_	Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
	eposits (B3)	,		-	•	,	ing Roots (C3)	<del>_</del>
	Mat or Crust (B4	١		sence of Re	•	-	g (00)	Shallow Aquitard (D3)
	eposits (B5)	,		ent Iron Red			Soils (C6)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
	e Soil Cracks (B	(e)		nted or Stres			` ' _	Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
	,	•						
	tion Visible on A	_	· · · —	er (Explain i	n Remarks	5)	_	Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)
Sparse	ely Vegetated Co	oncave Surfa	ace (B8)					
Field Obse	rvations:							
Surface Wa	ter Present?	Yes x	No De	epth (inches)	): <u>3 inc</u> h	es		
Water table	Present?	Yes	No x De	epth (inches)	):			
Saturation F		Yes x		epth (inches)		ace	Wetland Hvd	Irology Present? Yes X No
	pillary fringe)			()	, . <u></u>			
-		ned Tributary	/ gauge, monitor	ing well, aer	ial photos,	previo	us inspections), i	if available:
Remarks: Standi	ng water a few i	nches deep	in depression. N	o water table	e, surface	water fl	lowed into data p	olot hole.
			·				·	

# Appendix C-2 Wetland A Rating

## **RATING SUMMARY – Western Washington**

Date of site visit: 3/11/22 and 5/30/23
ned by Ecology?_X YesNo Date of training_'07, '22, '16
Wetland has multiple HGM classes?Y XN
e required figures (figures can be combined).
based on functions $X$ or special characteristics)

## 1. Category of wetland based on FUNCTIONS

	<b>Category I</b> – Total score = 23 - 27
X	_Category II - Total score = 20 - 22
	_Category III - Total score = 16 - 19
	_Category IV - Total score = 9 - 15

FUNCTION	Improving Water Quality		Hydrologic			Habitat				
		Circle the appropriate ratings								
Site Potential	Н	M	L	Н	М	L	Н	M	L	
Landscape Potential	Н	M	L	Н	М	L	Н	М	L	
Value	Н	М	L	Н	М	L	Н	М	L	TOTAL
Score Based on Ratings		7			9			6		22

# Score for each function based on three ratings (order of ratings is not important) 9 = H, H, H 8 = H, H, M 7 = H, H, L 7 = H, M, M 6 = H, M, L 6 = M, M, M 5 = H, L, L 5 = M, M, L 4 = M, L, L 3 = L, L, L

## 2. Category based on SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS of wetland

CHARACTERISTIC	CATEGORY	
Estuarine	I	II
Wetland of High Conservation Value	I	
Bog		I
Mature Forest		I
Old Growth Forest		I
Coastal Lagoon	I	II
Interdunal	I II	III IV
None of the above		Χ

## Maps and figures required to answer questions correctly for Western Washington

**Depressional Wetlands** 

Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes	D 1.3, H 1.1, H 1.4	
Hydroperiods	D 1.4, H 1.2	
Location of outlet (can be added to map of hydroperiods)	D 1.1, D 4.1	
Boundary of area within 150 ft of the wetland (can be added to another figure)	D 2.2, D 5.2	
Map of the contributing basin	D 4.3, D 5.3	
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge - including polygons for accessible habitat and total habitat	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	D 3.1, D 3.2	
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which unit is found (from web)	D 3.3	

#### Riverine Wetlands

Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes	H 1.1, H 1.4	
Hydroperiods	H 1.2	
Ponded depressions	R 1.1	
Boundary of area within 150 ft of the wetland (can be added to another figure)	R 2.4	
Plant cover of trees, shrubs, and herbaceous plants	R 1.2, R 4.2	
Width of unit vs. width of stream (can be added to another figure)	R 4.1	
Map of the contributing basin	R 2.2, R 2.3, R 5.2	
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge - including	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	
polygons for accessible habitat and total habitat		
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	R 3.1	
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which unit is found (from web)	R 3.2, R 3.3	

Lake Fringe Wetlands

zake i i inge vvetidi i d		
Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes	L 1.1, L 4.1, H 1.1, H 1.4	
Plant cover of trees, shrubs, and herbaceous plants	L 1.2	
Boundary of area within 150 ft of the wetland (can be added to another figure)	L 2.2	
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge - including	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	
polygons for accessible habitat and total habitat		
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	L 3.1, L 3.2	
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which unit is found (from web)	L 3.3	

## Slope Wetlands

Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes	H 1.1, H 1.4	
Hydroperiods	H 1.2	
Plant cover of dense trees, shrubs, and herbaceous plants	S 1.3	
Plant cover of dense, rigid trees, shrubs, and herbaceous plants	S 4.1	
(can be added to figure above)		
Boundary of 150 ft buffer (can be added to another figure)	S 2.1, S 5.1	
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge - including	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	
polygons for accessible habitat and total habitat		
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	S 3.1, S 3.2	
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which unit is found (from web)	S 3.3	

## **HGM Classification of Wetlands in Western Washington**

For questions 1-7, the criteria described must apply to the entire unit being rated.

If the hydrologic criteria listed in each question do not apply to the entire unit being rated, you probably have a unit with multiple HGM classes. In this case, identify which hydrologic criteria in questions 1-7 apply, and go to Question 8.

1. Are the water levels in the entire unit usually controlled by tides except during floods?

NO - go to 2

YES – the wetland class is Tidal Fringe – go to 1.1

1.1 Is the salinity of the water during periods of annual low flow below 0.5 ppt (parts per thousand)?

#### NO – Saltwater Tidal Fringe (Estuarine)

**YES – Freshwater Tidal Fringe** 

If your wetland can be classified as a Freshwater Tidal Fringe use the forms for **Riverine** wetlands. If it is Saltwater Tidal Fringe, it is an **Estuarine** wetland and is not scored. This method **cannot** be used to score functions for estuarine wetlands.

2. The entire wetland unit is flat, and precipitation is the only source (>90%) of water to it. Groundwater and surface water runoff are NOT sources of water to the unit.

NO - go to 3

YES – The wetland class is Flats

If your wetland can be classified as a Flats wetland, use the form for **Depressional** wetlands.

- 3. Does the entire wetland unit **meet all** of the following criteria?
  - \_\_\_\_The vegetated part of the wetland is on the shores of a body of permanent open water (without any plants on the surface at any time of the year) at least 20 ac (8 ha) in size,
  - \_\_\_\_At least 30% of the open water area is deeper than 6.6 ft (2 m).

NO - go to 4

**YES** – The wetland class is **Lake Fringe** (Lacustrine Fringe)

- 4. Does the entire wetland unit **meet all** of the following criteria?
  - \_\_\_The wetland is on a slope (slope can be very gradual),
  - The water flows through the wetland in one direction (unidirectional) and usually comes from seeps.
    - It may flow subsurface, as sheet flow, or in a swale without distinct banks,
  - \_\_\_\_The water leaves the wetland without being impounded.

NO - go to 5

**YES** – The wetland class is **Slope** 

**NOTE**: Surface water does not pond in these type of wetlands except occasionally in very small and shallow depressions or behind hummocks (depressions are usually <3 ft diameter and less than 1 ft deep).

5.	Does the entire wetland unit <b>meet all</b> of the following criteria? The unit is in a valley, or stream channel, where it gets inundated by overbank flooding from that stream or river, The overbank flooding occurs at least once every 2 years.
	NO – go to 6  NOTE: The Riverine unit can contain depressions that are filled with water when the river is not flooding

6. Is the entire wetland unit in a topographic depression in which water ponds, or is saturated to the surface, at some time during the year? This means that any outlet, if present, is higher than the interior of the wetland.

NO - go to 7

Wetland name or number A

YES - The wetland class is Depressional

7. Is the entire wetland unit located in a very flat area with no obvious depression and no overbank flooding? The unit does not pond surface water more than a few inches. The unit seems to be maintained by high groundwater in the area. The wetland may be ditched but has no obvious natural outlet.

NO - go to 8

YES - The wetland class is Depressional

8. Your wetland unit seems to be difficult to classify and probably contains several different HGM classes. For example, seeps at the base of a slope may grade into a riverine floodplain, or a small stream within a Depressional wetland has a zone of flooding along its sides. GO BACK AND IDENTIFY WHICH OF THE HYDROLOGIC REGIMES DESCRIBED IN QUESTIONS 1-7 APPLY TO DIFFERENT AREAS IN THE UNIT (make a rough sketch to help you decide). Use the following table to identify the appropriate class to use for the rating system if you have several HGM classes present within the wetland unit being scored.

**NOTE**: Use this table only if the class that is recommended in the second column represents 10% or more of the total area of the wetland unit being rated. If the area of the HGM class listed in column 2 is less than 10% of the unit; classify the wetland using the class that represents more than 90% of the total area.

HGM classes within the wetland unit	HGM class to
being rated	use in rating
Slope + Riverine	Riverine
Slope + Depressional	Depressional
Slope + Lake Fringe	Lake Fringe
Depressional + Riverine along stream	Depressional
within boundary of depression	
Depressional + Lake Fringe	Depressional
Riverine + Lake Fringe	Riverine
Salt Water Tidal Fringe and any other	Treat as
class of freshwater wetland	ESTUARINE

If you are still unable to determine which of the above criteria apply to your wetland, or if you have **more than 2 HGM classes** within a wetland boundary, classify the wetland as Depressional for the rating.

DEPRESSIONAL AND FLATS WETLANDS	
Water Quality Functions - Indicators that the site functions to improve water quality	
D 1.0. Does the site have the potential to improve water quality?	
D 1.1. Characteristics of surface water outflows from the wetland:	3
Wetland is a depression or flat depression (QUESTION 7 on key) with no surface water leaving it (no outlet).	
<ul> <li>points = 3</li> <li>Wetland has an intermittently flowing stream or ditch, OR highly constricted permanently flowing outlet.</li> <li>points = 2</li> </ul>	
Wetland has an unconstricted, or slightly constricted, surface outlet that is permanently flowing points = 1 Wetland is a flat depression (QUESTION 7 on key), whose outlet is a permanently flowing ditch. points = 1	
D 1.2. The soil 2 in. below the surface (or duff layer) is true clay or true organic (use NRCS definitions). Yes = 4 No = 0	0
DA 2 Characteristics and distribution of granistant plants (Forescent Court should not be provided Court in decay).	0
D 1.3. <u>Characteristics and distribution of persistent plants</u> (Emergent, Scrub-shrub, and/or Forested Cowardin classes):	3
Wetland has persistent, ungrazed plants > 95% of area points = 5 Wetland has persistent, ungrazed plants > $\frac{1}{2}$ of area points = 3	
Wetland has persistent, ungrazed plants $\geq 1/10$ of area points = 1	
Wetland has persistent, ungrazed plants $\geq 710$ of area points = 1  Wetland has persistent, ungrazed plants $\leq 1/10$ of area points = 0	
	0
D 1.4. <u>Characteristics of seasonal ponding or inundation</u> :  This is the area that is ponded for at least 2 months. See description in manual.	2
Area seasonally ponded is > ½ total area of wetland points = 4	
Area seasonally ponded is ≥ ¼ total area of wetland points = 2	
Area seasonally ponded is < ¼ total area of wetland points = 0	
Total for D 1 Add the points in the boxes above	8
Rating of Site Potential If score is:12-16 = H $\times$ 6-11 = M0-5 = L Record the rating on the	
<u> </u>	, , ,
D 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the water quality function of the site?	
D 2.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? Yes = 1 No = 0	1
D 2.2. Is $> 10\%$ of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate pollutants? Yes = 1 No = 0	1
D 2.3. Are there septic systems within 250 ft of the wetland?  Yes = 1 No = 0	0
D 2.4. Are there other sources of pollutants coming into the wetland that are not listed in questions D 2.1-D 2.3?	
Source Yes = 1 No = 0	0
Total for D 2 Add the points in the boxes above	2
Rating of Landscape Potential If score is:3 or 4 = H _X _1 or 2 = M0 = L Record the rating on the	first page
D 3.0. Is the water quality improvement provided by the site valuable to society?	
D 3.1. Does the wetland discharge directly (i.e., within 1 mi) to a stream, river, lake, or marine water that is on the 303(d) list? Yes = 1 No = 0	0
D 3.2. Is the wetland in a basin or sub-basin where an aquatic resource is on the 303(d) list? Yes = 1 No = 0	1
D 3.3. Has the site been identified in a watershed or local plan as important for maintaining water quality? (Answer YES if there is a TMDL in development or in effect for the basin in which the unit is found.)  Yes = 2 No = 0	2
Total for D 3 Add the points in the boxes above	3
Rating of Value If score is: X2-4 = H1 = M0 = L Record the rating on the	

DEPRESSIONAL AND FLATS WETLANDS  Hydrologic Functions - Indicators that the site functions to reduce flooding and stream degradates.	tion
D 4.0. Does the site have the potential to reduce flooding and erosion?	
D 4.1. Characteristics of surface water outflows from the wetland:	4
Wetland is a depression or flat depression with no surface water leaving it (no outlet)  points = 4	-
Wetland has an intermittently flowing stream/ditch, OR highly constricted permanently flowing outlet points = 2	
Wetland is a flat depression (question 7 on key), whose outlet is a permanently flowing ditch points = 1	
Wetland has an unconstricted, or slightly constricted, surface outlet that is permanently flowing points = 0	
D 4.2. Depth of storage during wet periods: Estimate the height of ponding above the bottom of the outlet. For	7
wetlands with no outlet, measure from the surface of permanent water or if dry, the deepest part.	
Marks of ponding are 3 ft or more above the surface or bottom of outlet points = 7	
Marks of ponding between 2 ft to < 3 ft from surface or bottom of outlet points = 5	
Marks are at least 0.5 ft to < 2 ft from surface or bottom of outlet points = 3	
The wetland is a "headwater" wetland points = 3	
Wetland is flat but has small depressions on the surface that trap water points = 1	
Marks of ponding less than 0.5 ft (6 in) points = 0	
D 4.3. <u>Contribution of the wetland to storage in the watershed</u> : Estimate the ratio of the area of upstream basin	5
contributing surface water to the area of the wetland unit itself.	
The area of the basin is less than 10 times the area of the unit  points = 5	
The area of the basin is 10 to 100 times the area of the unit  The area of the basin is grown then 100 times the area of the unit	
The area of the basin is more than 100 times the area of the unit points = 0  Entire wetland is in the Flats class points = 5	
·	40
Total for D 4 Add the points in the boxes above	16
Rating of Site Potential If score is: $X_{12-16 = H}$ 6-11 = M0-5 = L Record the rating on the	first page
D 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support hydrologic functions of the site?	
D 5.1. Does the wetland receive stormwater discharges?  Yes = 1 No = 0	1
D 5.2. Is >10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate excess runoff?  Yes = 1 No = 0	1
D 5.3. Is more than 25% of the contributing basin of the wetland covered with intensive human land uses (residential at	
>1 residence/ac, urban, commercial, agriculture, etc.)?  Yes = 1 No = 0	1
Total for D 5 Add the points in the boxes above	3
Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: X 3 = H 1 or 2 = M 0 = L Record the rating on the	first page
D 6.0. Are the hydrologic functions provided by the site valuable to society?	-
D 6.1. Is the unit in a landscape that has flooding problems? Choose the description that best matches conditions	2
around the wetland unit being rated. Do not add points. Choose the highest score if more than one condition is	
<u>met</u> .	
The wetland captures surface water that would otherwise flow downgradient into areas where flooding has	
damaged human or natural resources (e.g., houses or salmon redds):	
• Flooding occurs in a sub-basin that is immediately downgradient of unit. points = 2	
• Surface flooding problems are in a sub-basin farther downgradient. points = 1	
• Flooding from groundwater is an issue in the sub-basin. points = 1	
The existing or potential outflow from the wetland is so constrained by human or natural conditions that the	
water stored by the wetland cannot reach areas that flood. Explain why points = 0	
There are no problems with flooding downstream of the wetland.  points = 0	
D 6.2. Has the site been identified as important for flood storage or flood conveyance in a regional flood control plan?	
Yes = 2 No = 0	2
Total for D 6 Add the points in the boxes above	4
	<u> </u>

Rating of Value If score is:  $\underline{X}_{2-4} = H$   $\underline{1} = M$   $\underline{0} = L$ 

Record the rating on the first page

#### These questions apply to wetlands of all HGM classes. **HABITAT FUNCTIONS** - Indicators that site functions to provide important habitat H 1.0. Does the site have the potential to provide habitat? H 1.1. Structure of plant community: Indicators are Cowardin classes and strata within the Forested class. Check the 2 Cowardin plant classes in the wetland. Up to 10 patches may be combined for each class to meet the threshold of ¼ ac if the unit is at least 2.5 ac, or more than 10% of the unit if it is smaller than 2.5 ac. Aquatic bed 4 structures or more: points = 4 X Emergent 3 structures: points = 2 X Scrub-shrub (areas where shrubs have > 30% cover) 2 structures: points = 1 X Forested (areas where trees have > 30% cover) 1 structure: points = 0 If the unit has a Forested class, check if: The Forested class has 3 out of 5 strata (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbaceous, moss/groundcover) that each cover 20% within the Forested polygon H 1.2. Hydroperiods 2 Check the types of water regimes (hydroperiods) present within the wetland. The water regime has to cover more than 10% of the wetland if the unit is < 2.5 ac, or ¼ ac if the unit is at least 2.5 ac to count (see text for descriptions of hydroperiods). X Permanently flooded or inundated 4 or more types present: points = 3 X Seasonally flooded or inundated 3 types present: points = 2 Occasionally flooded or inundated 2 types present: points = 1 X Saturated only 1 type present: points = 0 Permanently flowing stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland Intermittently or seasonally flowing stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland Lake Fringe wetland 2 points Freshwater tidal wetland 2 points H 1.3. Richness of plant species Count the number of plant species in the wetland that cover at least 10 ft<sup>2</sup>. Different patches of the same species can be combined to meet the size threshold and you do not have to name the species. Do not include Eurasian milfoil, reed canarygrass, purple loosestrife, Canada thistle If you counted: > 19 species points = 25 - 19 species points = 1 < 5 species points = 0H 1.4. Interspersion of habitats Decide from the diagrams below whether interspersion among Cowardin plants classes (described in H 1.1), or the classes and unvegetated areas (can include open water or mudflats) is high, moderate, low, or none. If you have four or more plant classes or three classes and open water, the rating is always high. Low = 1 point Moderate = 2 points None = 0 points All three diagrams in this row are High = 3 points

H 1.5. Special habitat features:	4
Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the number of points.	
X Large, downed, woody debris within the wetland (> 4 in. diameter and 6 ft long).	
X Standing snags (dbh > 4 in.) within the wetland	
Undercut banks are present for at least 6.6 ft (2 m) <b>and/or</b> overhanging plants extend at least 3.3 ft (1 m) over open water or a stream (or ditch) in, or contiguous with the wetland, for at least 33 ft (10 m)	
X Stable steep banks of fine material that might be used by beaver or muskrat for denning (> 30 degree slope) OR signs of recent beaver activity are present (cut shrubs or trees that have not yet weathered where wood is exposed)	
X At least ¼ ac of thin-stemmed persistent plants or woody branches are present in areas that are permanently or seasonally inundated (structures for egg-laying by amphibians)	
Invasive plants cover less than 25% of the wetland area in every stratum of plants (see H 1.1 above for the list of strata and H 1.5 in the manual for the list of aggressive plant species)	
Total for H 1 Add the points in the boxes above	11
Rating of Site Potential If score is:15-18 = H $\times$ 7-14 = M0-6 = L	the first page
	-

H 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the habitat functions of the site	?	_
H 2.1. Accessible habitat (include only habitat polygons accessible from the wetland.  **Calculate: % relatively undisturbed habitat_5_ + [(% moderate and low intensity land uses Total accessible habitat is:	)/2] <u>0</u> = <u>5</u> %	0
$> \frac{1}{3}$ (33.3%) of 1 km Polygon 20-33% of 1 km Polygon 10-19% of 1 km Polygon	points = 3 points = 2 points = 1	
< 10% of 1 km Polygon  H 2.2. Total habitat in 1 km Polygon around the wetland.	points = 0	1
Calculate: % relatively undisturbed habitat 10 + [(% moderate and low intensity land uses]  Total habitat > 50% of Polygon	$\frac{10}{10} = \frac{20}{9}$ points = 3	
Total habitat 10-50% and in 1-3 patches  Total habitat 10-50% and > 3 patches	points = 2  points = 1	
Total habitat < 10% of 1 km Polygon	points = 0	
H 2.3. Land use intensity in 1 km Polygon:  > 50% of 1 km Polygon is high intensity land use  ≤ 50% of 1 km Polygon is high intensity	points = (- 2) points = 0	-2
Total for H 2 Add the points	in the boxes above	-1

Rating of Landscape Potential If score is:  $_{4-6} = H$   $_{1-3} = M$   $_{X} < 1 = L$ 

Record the rating on the first page

H 3.0. Is the habitat provided by the site valuable to society?	
H 3.1. Does the site provide habitat for species valued in laws, regulations, or policies? <i>Choose only the highest score that applies to the wetland being rated.</i>	2
Site meets ANY of the following criteria: points = 2	
<ul> <li>— It has 3 or more Priority Habitats within 100 m (see next page)</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>It provides habitat for Threatened or Endangered species (any plant or animal on the state or federal lists)</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>It is mapped as a location for an individual WDFW Priority Species</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>It is a Wetland of High Conservation Value as determined by the Department of Natural Resources data</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>It has been categorized as an important habitat site in a local or regional comprehensive plan, in a</li> </ul>	
Shoreline Master Plan, or in a watershed plan	
Site has 1 or 2 Priority Habitats (listed on next page) within 100 m points = 1	
Site does not meet any of the criteria above points = 0	

**Rating of Value** If score is: \_\_\_2 = H \_\_\_\_1 = M \_\_\_\_0 = L

Record the rating on the first page

## **WDFW Priority Habitats**

**See complete descriptions of Priority Habitats listed by WDFW**, and the counties in which they can be found, in: Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife. 2008 (current year, as revised). Priority Habitat and Species List. 133 This list was updated for consistency with guidance from WDFW.

This question is independent of the land use between the wetland unit and the Priority Habitat. All vegetated wetlands are by definition a Priority Habitat but are not included in this list because they are addressed by this rating system.

Count how many of the following Priority Habitats are within 330 ft (100 m) of the wetland unit:

- **Aspen Stands:** Pure or mixed stands of aspen greater than 1 ac (0.4 ha).
- Biodiversity Areas and Corridors: Areas of habitat that are relatively important to various species of native fish and wildlife. This habitat automatically counts if mapped on the PHS online map within 100m of the wetland. If not mapped, a determination can be made in the field.
- **Caves:** A naturally occurring cavity, recess, void, or system of interconnected passages under the earth in soils, rock, ice, or other geological formations and is large enough to contain a human.
- **Cliffs:** Greater than 25 ft (7.6 m) high and occurring below 5000 ft elevation.
- Fresh Deepwater: Lands permanently flooded with freshwater, including environments where surface water is permanent and often deep, so that water, rather than air, is the principal medium within which the dominant organisms live. Substrate does not support emergent vegetation. Do not select if Instream habitat is also present, or if the entire Deepwater feature is included in the wetland unit being rated (such as a pond with a vegetated fringe).
- Herbaceous Balds: Variable size patches of grass and forbs on shallow soils over bedrock.
- X Instream: The combination of physical, biological, and chemical processes and conditions that interact to provide functional life history requirements for instream fish and wildlife resources. Do not select if Fresh Deepwater habitat is also present.
- **Nearshore:** Relatively undisturbed nearshore habitats. These include Coastal Nearshore, Open Coast Nearshore, and Puget Sound Nearshore.
- Old-growth/Mature forests: Old-growth west of Cascade crest Stands of at least 2 tree species, forming a multi-layered canopy with occasional small openings; with at least 8 trees/ac (20 trees/ha) > 32 in. (81 cm) diameter at breast height (dbh) or > 200 years of age. Mature forests Stands with average diameters exceeding 21 in. (53 cm) dbh; crown cover may be less than 100%; decay, decadence, numbers of snags, and quantity of large downed material is generally less than that found in old-growth; 80-200 years old west of the Cascade crest.

Wetland name or number A

- Oregon White Oak: Woodland stands of pure oak or oak/conifer associations where canopy coverage of
  the oak component is important. For single oaks or oak stands <0.4 ha in urban areas, <u>WDFW's</u>
  <u>Management Recommendations for Oregon White Oak</u><sup>134</sup> provides more detail for determining if they
  are Priority Habitats
- **Riparian:** The area adjacent to freshwater aquatic systems with flowing or standing water that contains elements of both aquatic and terrestrial ecosystems which mutually influence each other.
- X Snags and Logs: Trees are considered snags if they are dead or dying and exhibit sufficient decay characteristics to enable cavity excavation/use by wildlife. Priority snags have a diameter at breast height of > 20 in. (51 cm) in western Washington and are > 6.5 ft (2 m) in height. Priority logs are > 12 in. (30 cm) in diameter at the largest end, and > 20 ft (6 m) long.
- **Talus:** Homogenous areas of rock rubble ranging in average size 0.5 6.5 ft (0.15 2.0 m), composed of basalt, andesite, and/or sedimentary rock, including riprap slides and mine tailings. May be associated with cliffs.
- **Westside Prairies:** Herbaceous, non-forested plant communities that can either take the form of a dry prairie or a wet prairie.

## **CATEGORIZATION BASED ON SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Wetland Type		Category
Charle off man with min that more to the westerned. Civale the		
Check off any criteria that apply to the wetland. Circle the SC 1.0. Estuarine wetlands	gory when the appropriate criteria are met.	
Does the wetland meet the following criteria for	ine wetlands?	
— The dominant water regime is tidal,	me wedanus:	
— Vegetated, and		
With a salinity greater than 0.5 ppt	Yes – Go to <b>SC 1.1</b> No= Not an estuarine wetland	
SC 1.1. Is the wetland within a National Wildlife Refuge, I Preserve, State Park or Educational, Environment	Scientific Reserve designated under WAC 332-30-151?  Yes = <b>Category I</b> No – Go to <b>SC 1.2</b>	Cat. I
SC 1.2. Is the wetland unit at least 1 ac in size and meets		
— The wetland is relatively undisturbed (has no	g, ditching, filling, cultivation, grazing), and has less native species are <i>Spartina</i> , see chapter 4.8 in the	Cat. I
mowed grassland.	a 100 ft buffer of shrub, forest, or un-grazed or un-	Cat. II
<ul> <li>The wetland has at least two of the following contiguous freshwater wetlands.</li> </ul>	res: tidal channels, depressions with open water, or Yes = Category I No = Category II	
SC 2.0. Wetlands of High Conservation Value (WHC		
SC 2.1. Does the wetland overlap with any known or history		
on the WNHP <u>Data Explorer</u> ? <sup>135</sup>	Yes = Category I No – Go to SC 2.2	Cat. I
SC 2.2. Does the wetland have a rare plant species, rare e		
ecosystem that may qualify the site as a WHCV? (	t WNHP for resources to help determine the	
presence of these elements.  Yes – <u>Submit data to WA Natural Heritage Progral</u>	determination, <sup>136</sup> Go to <b>SC 2.3</b> No = <b>Not a WHCV</b>	
SC 2.3. Did WNHP review the site within 30 days and deterriteria?		
	Yes = Category I No = Not a WHCV	
SC 3.0. Bogs		
	ne criteria for soils and vegetation in bogs? Use the key	
below. If you answer YES, you will still need to ra	=	
SC 3.1. Does an area within the wetland unit have organi		
or more of the first 32 in. of the soil profile? SC 3.2. Does an area within the wetland unit have organi		
	or volcanic ash, or that are floating on top of a lake or  Yes – Go to SC 3.3 No = Not a bog	
SC 3.3. Does an area with peats or mucks have more than		
cover of plant species listed in Table 4?	Yes = Category I bog No – Go to SC 3.4	
	in the understory, you may substitute that criterion by	
	ug at least 16 in. deep. If the pH is less than 5.0 and	
the plant species in Table 4 are present, the wetla	•	Cat. I
SC 3.4. Is an area with peats or mucks forested (> 30% co	·	
	Imann spruce, or western white pine, AND any of the	
species (or combination of species) listed in Table	ovide more than 30% of the cover under the canopy?	
	Yes = <b>Category I bog</b> No = Not a bog	

<sup>135</sup> https://www.dnr.wa.gov/NHPdata

<sup>136</sup> https://www.dnr.wa.gov/Publications/amp\_nh\_sighting\_form.pdf Wetland Rating System for Western WA: 2014 Update Rating Form – Version 2, July 2023

C 4.0. Forested Wetlands	
Does the wetland have at least <u>1 contiguous acre</u> of forest that meets one of these criteria for the WA Department of Fish and Wildlife's forests as Priority Habitats? <i>If you answer YES, you will still need to rate</i>	
the wetland based on its functions.  Old growth forests (west of Cassado crest): Stands of at least two tree species, forming a multi-layered	
— Old-growth forests (west of Cascade crest): Stands of at least two tree species, forming a multi-layered canopy with occasional small openings; with at least 8 trees/ac (20 trees/ha) that are at least 200 years of	
age OR have a diameter at breast height (dbh) of 32 in. (81 cm) or more.  — Mature forests (west of the Cascade Crest): Stands where the largest trees are 80- 200 years old OR the	
species that make up the canopy have an average diameter (dbh) exceeding 21 in. (53 cm).	
Yes = Category I No = Not a forested wetland for this section	Cat. I
C 5.0. Wetlands in Coastal Lagoons	
oes the wetland meet all of the following criteria of a wetland in a coastal lagoon?	
<ul> <li>The wetland lies in a depression adjacent to marine waters that is wholly or partially separated from marine waters by sandbanks, gravel banks, shingle, or, less frequently, rocks</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>The lagoon in which the wetland is located contains ponded water that is saline or brackish (&gt; 0.5 ppt)</li> <li>during most of the year in at least a portion of the lagoon (needs to be measured near the bottom)</li> </ul>	
— The lagoon retains some of its surface water at low tide during spring tides	
Yes – Go to <b>SC 5.1</b> No = <b>Not a wetland in a coastal lagoon</b>	Cat. I
C 5.1. Does the wetland meet all of the following three conditions?	
— The wetland is relatively undisturbed (has no diking, ditching, filling, cultivation, grazing), and has less than 20% cover of aggressive, opportunistic plant species (see list of species in H 1.5 in the manual).	
— At least ¾ of the landward edge of the wetland has a 100 ft buffer of shrub, forest, or un-grazed or un-mowed grassland.	Cat. II
— The wetland is larger than $^{1}/_{10}$ ac (4350 ft <sup>2</sup> )	
Yes = Category I No = Category II	
C 6.0. Interdunal Wetlands	
Is the wetland west of the 1889 line (also called the Western Boundary of Upland Ownership or WBUO)? If you answer YES, you will still need to rate the wetland based on its habitat functions.  In practical terms that means the following geographic areas:	
— Long Beach Peninsula: Lands west of SR 103	
Grayland-Westport: Lands west of SR 105	Cat I
<ul> <li>Ocean Shores-Copalis: Lands west of SR 115 and SR 109 and Ocean Shores Blvd SW, including lands west of E. Oceans Shores Blvd SW.</li> </ul>	
Yes – Go to <b>SC 6.1</b> No = <b>Not an interdunal wetland for rating</b>	Cat. II
C 6.1. Is the wetland 1 ac or larger and scores an 8 or 9 for the habitat functions on the form (rates H,H,H or H,H,M for the three aspects of function)?  Yes = Category I  No – Go to SC 6.2	<b>.</b>
C 6.2. Is the wetland 1 ac or larger, or is it in a mosaic of wetlands that is 1 ac or larger?  Yes = Category II No – Go to SC 6.3	Cat. III
C 6.3. Is the unit between 0.1 and 1 ac, or is it in a mosaic of wetlands that is between 0.1 and 1 ac?  Yes = Category III No = Category IV	Cat. IV
Category of wetland based on Special Characteristics	

# Appendix C-3 Wetland A Figures



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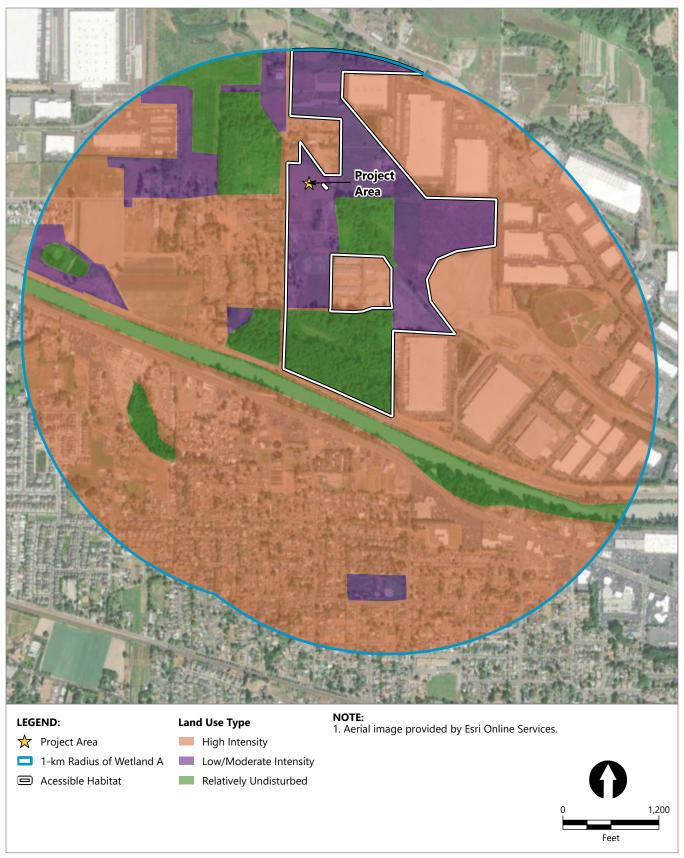
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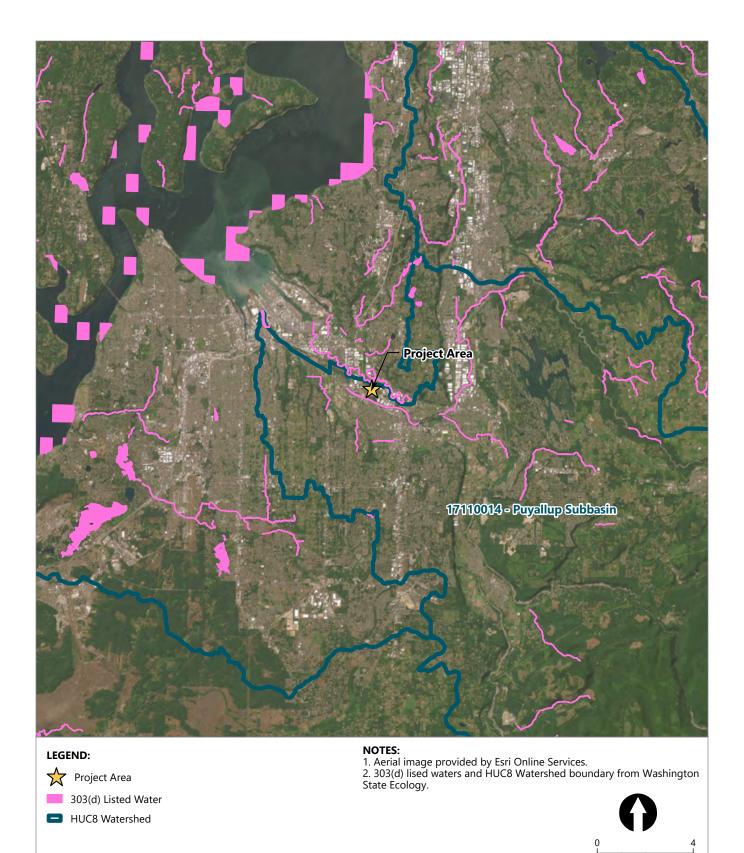
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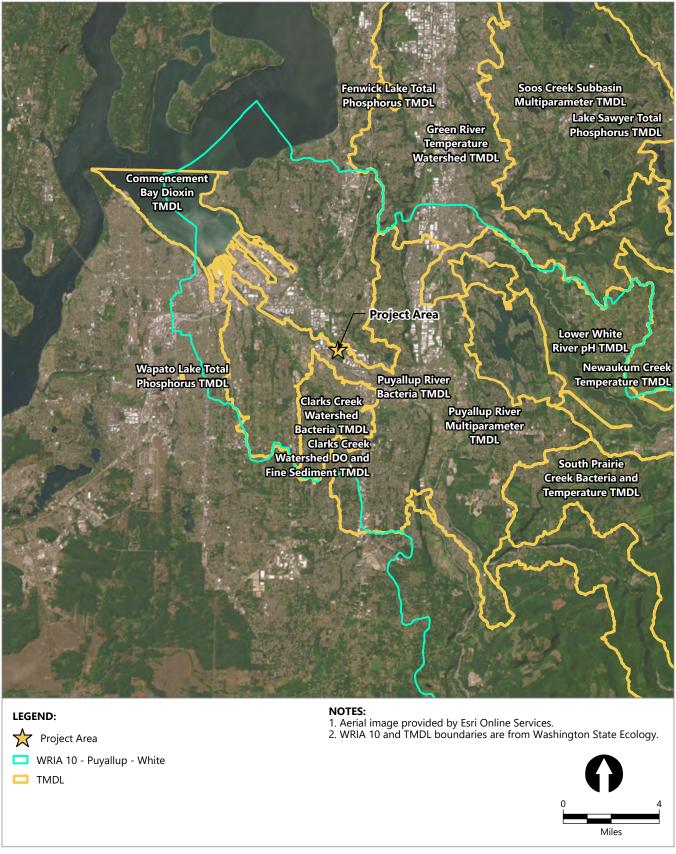




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# Appendix C-4 Wetland B Rating

## **RATING SUMMARY – Western Washington**

Name of wetland (or ID #): On-site Wetland	B Date of site visit: 5/20/23
	ained by Ecology? <u>X</u> YesNo Date of training 12/8/22
HGM Class used for rating Depressional	Wetland has multiple HGM classes?Y _XN
NOTE: Form is not complete without to Source of base aerial photo/map	he figures requested (figures can be combined). ESRI
OVERALL WETLAND CATEGORY	(based on functions X or special characteristics )

### 1. Category of wetland based on FUNCTIONS

Category I – Total score = 23 - 27

Category II – Total score = 20 - 22

X Category III – Total score = 16 - 19

Category IV – Total score = 9 - 15

FUNCTION	Improving Water Quality		Hy	ydrolo	gic	F	labit	at		
					Circle t	he ap	propri	ate r	atings	
Site Potential	Н	M	L	Н	M	L	Н	М	(L)	
Landscape Potential	Н	M	L	Н	M	L	Н	М	(L)	
Value	$\bigoplus$	М	L	H	М	L	H	М	L	TOTAL
Score Based on Ratings		7			7			5		19

### Score for each function based on three ratings (order of ratings is not *important)* 9 = H,H,H8 = H,H,M7 = H,H,L 7 = H,M,M6 = H,M,L6 = M,M,M5 = H,L,L5 = M,M,L4 = M, L, L3 = L, L, L

### 2. Category based on SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS of wetland

CHARACTERISTIC	CATEGORY	
Estuarine	I	II
Wetland of High Conservation Value	I	
Bog		I
Mature Forest		I
Old Growth Forest		I
Coastal Lagoon	I	II
Interdunal	I II	III IV
None of the above	y	ζ

# Maps and figures required to answer questions correctly for Western Washington

### **Depressional Wetlands**

Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes	D 1.3, H 1.1, H 1.4	Figure 1
Hydroperiods	D 1.4, H 1.2	Figure 2
Location of outlet (can be added to map of hydroperiods)	D 1.1, D 4.1	Figure 2
Boundary of area within 150 ft of the wetland (can be added to another figure)	D 2.2, D 5.2	Figure 1
Map of the contributing basin	D 4.3, D 5.3	Figure 3
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge - including polygons for accessible habitat and undisturbed habitat	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	Figure 4
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	D 3.1, D 3.2	Figure 5
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which unit is found (from web)	D 3.3	Figure 6

### **Riverine Wetlands**

Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes	H 1.1, H 1.4	
Hydroperiods	H 1.2	
Ponded depressions	R 1.1	
Boundary of area within 150 ft of the wetland (can be added to another figure)	R 2.4	
Plant cover of trees, shrubs, and herbaceous plants	R 1.2, R 4.2	
Width of unit vs. width of stream (can be added to another figure)	R 4.1	
Map of the contributing basin	R 2.2, R 2.3, R 5.2	
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge - including	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	
polygons for accessible habitat and undisturbed habitat		
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	R 3.1	
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which unit is found (from web)	R 3.2, R 3.3	

### Lake Fringe Wetlands

Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes	L 1.1, L 4.1, H 1.1, H 1.4	
Plant cover of trees, shrubs, and herbaceous plants	L 1.2	
Boundary of area within 150 ft of the wetland (can be added to another figure)	L 2.2	
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge - including polygons for accessible habitat and undisturbed habitat	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	L 3.1, L 3.2	
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which unit is found (from web)	L 3.3	

### Slope Wetlands

Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes	H 1.1, H 1.4	
Hydroperiods	H 1.2	
Plant cover of <b>dense</b> trees, shrubs, and herbaceous plants	S 1.3	
Plant cover of <b>dense, rigid</b> trees, shrubs, and herbaceous plants	S 4.1	
(can be added to figure above)		
Boundary of 150 ft buffer (can be added to another figure)	S 2.1, S 5.1	
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge - including	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	
polygons for accessible habitat and undisturbed habitat		
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	S 3.1, S 3.2	
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which unit is found (from web)	\$ 3.3	

## **HGM Classification of Wetlands in Western Washington**

For questions 1-7, the criteria described must apply to the entire unit being rated.

If the hydrologic criteria listed in each question do not apply to the entire unit being rated, you probably have a unit with multiple HGM classes. In this case, identify which hydrologic criteria in questions 1-7 apply, and go to Question 8.

1. Are the water levels in the entire unit usually controlled by tides except during floods?

NO – go to 2

**YES** – the wetland class is **Tidal Fringe** – go to 1.1

1.1 Is the salinity of the water during periods of annual low flow below 0.5 ppt (parts per thousand)?

### **NO - Saltwater Tidal Fringe (Estuarine)**

**YES - Freshwater Tidal Fringe** 

If your wetland can be classified as a Freshwater Tidal Fringe use the forms for **Riverine** wetlands. If it is Saltwater Tidal Fringe it is an **Estuarine** wetland and is not scored. This method **cannot** be used to score functions for estuarine wetlands.

2. The entire wetland unit is flat and precipitation is the only source (>90%) of water to it. Groundwater and surface water runoff are NOT sources of water to the unit.

NO – go to 3

YES - The wetland class is Flats

If your wetland can be classified as a Flats wetland, use the form for **Depressional** wetlands.

- 3. Does the entire wetland unit **meet all** of the following criteria?
  - \_\_The vegetated part of the wetland is on the shores of a body of permanent open water (without any plants on the surface at any time of the year) at least 20 ac (8 ha) in size;
  - \_\_At least 30% of the open water area is deeper than 6.6 ft (2 m).

NO – go to 4

**YES** – The wetland class is **Lake Fringe** (Lacustrine Fringe)

- 4. Does the entire wetland unit **meet all** of the following criteria?
  - \_\_\_The wetland is on a slope (*slope can be very gradual*),
  - \_\_\_\_The water flows through the wetland in one direction (unidirectional) and usually comes from seeps. It may flow subsurface, as sheetflow, or in a swale without distinct banks,
  - \_\_\_The water leaves the wetland **without being impounded**.

NO – go to 5

**YES** - The wetland class is **Slope** 

**NOTE**: Surface water does not pond in these type of wetlands except occasionally in very small and shallow depressions or behind hummocks (depressions are usually <3 ft diameter and less than 1 ft deep).

- 5. Does the entire wetland unit **meet all** of the following criteria?
  - The unit is in a valley, or stream channel, where it gets inundated by overbank flooding from that stream or river,
  - \_\_\_The overbank flooding occurs at least once every 2 years.

NO - go to 6

**YES** – The wetland class is **Riverine** 

**NOTE**: The Riverine unit can contain depressions that are filled with water when the river is not flooding

6. Is the entire wetland unit in a topographic depression in which water ponds, or is saturated to the surface, at some time during the year? *This means that any outlet, if present, is higher than the interior of the wetland.* 

NO – go to 7

**YES** – The wetland class is **Depressional** 

7. Is the entire wetland unit located in a very flat area with no obvious depression and no overbank flooding? The unit does not pond surface water more than a few inches. The unit seems to be maintained by high groundwater in the area. The wetland may be ditched, but has no obvious natural outlet.

NO – go to 8

**YES** - The wetland class is **Depressional** 

8. Your wetland unit seems to be difficult to classify and probably contains several different HGM classes. For example, seeps at the base of a slope may grade into a riverine floodplain, or a small stream within a Depressional wetland has a zone of flooding along its sides. GO BACK AND IDENTIFY WHICH OF THE HYDROLOGIC REGIMES DESCRIBED IN QUESTIONS 1-7 APPLY TO DIFFERENT AREAS IN THE UNIT (make a rough sketch to help you decide). Use the following table to identify the appropriate class to use for the rating system if you have several HGM classes present within the wetland unit being scored.

**NOTE**: Use this table only if the class that is recommended in the second column represents 10% or more of the total area of the wetland unit being rated. If the area of the HGM class listed in column 2 is less than 10% of the unit; classify the wetland using the class that represents more than 90% of the total area.

HGM classes within the wetland unit	HGM class to
being rated	use in rating
Slope + Riverine	Riverine
Slope + Depressional	Depressional
Slope + Lake Fringe	Lake Fringe
Depressional + Riverine along stream	Depressional
within boundary of depression	
Depressional + Lake Fringe	Depressional
Riverine + Lake Fringe	Riverine
Salt Water Tidal Fringe and any other	Treat as
class of freshwater wetland	ESTUARINE

If you are still unable to determine which of the above criteria apply to your wetland, or if you have **more than 2 HGM classes** within a wetland boundary, classify the wetland as Depressional for the rating.

#### **DEPRESSIONAL AND FLATS WETLANDS** Water Quality Functions - Indicators that the site functions to improve water quality D 1.0. Does the site have the potential to improve water quality? D 1.1. Characteristics of surface water outflows from the wetland: Wetland is a depression or flat depression (QUESTION 7 on key) with no surface water leaving it (no outlet). points = 33 Wetland has an intermittently flowing stream or ditch, OR highly constricted permanently flowing outlet. points = 2 Wetland has an unconstricted, or slightly constricted, surface outlet that is permanently flowing points = 1 Wetland is a flat depression (QUESTION 7 on key), whose outlet is a permanently flowing ditch. points = 1 D 1.2. The soil 2 in below the surface (or duff layer) is true clay or true organic (use NRCS definitions). Yes = 4 No = 0 0 D 1.3. Characteristics and distribution of persistent plants (Emergent, Scrub-shrub, and/or Forested Cowardin classes): Wetland has persistent, ungrazed, plants > 95% of area points = 5 5 Wetland has persistent, ungrazed, plants > ½ of area points = 3Wetland has persistent, ungrazed plants $> \frac{1}{10}$ of area points = 1 Wetland has persistent, ungrazed plants $<^1/_{10}$ of area points = 0D 1.4. Characteristics of seasonal ponding or inundation: This is the area that is ponded for at least 2 months. See description in manual. 2 Area seasonally ponded is > ½ total area of wetland points = 4 Area seasonally ponded is > 1/4 total area of wetland points = 2Area seasonally ponded is < 1/4 total area of wetland points = 0 10 Total for D 1 Add the points in the boxes above Rating of Site Potential If score is: 12-16 = H X 6-11 = M 0-5 = LRecord the rating on the first page D 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the water quality function of the site? D 2.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? Yes = 1 No = 00 1 D 2.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate pollutants? Yes = 1 No = 0 1 D 2.3. Are there septic systems within 250 ft of the wetland? houses are gone but septic may still be leaching Yes = 1 No = 0 D 2.4. Are there other sources of pollutants coming into the wetland that are not listed in questions D 2.1-D 2.3? 0 Source $Yes = 1 \quad No = 0$ 2 Total for D 2 Add the points in the boxes above Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: 3 or 4 = H $\times$ 1 or 2 = M0 = LRecord the rating on the first page D 3.0. Is the water quality improvement provided by the site valuable to society? D 3.1. Does the wetland discharge directly (i.e., within 1 mi) to a stream, river, lake, or marine water that is on the 0 303(d) list? $Yes = 1 \quad No = 0$ 1 D 3.2. Is the wetland in a basin or sub-basin where an aquatic resource is on the 303(d) list? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 3.3. Has the site been identified in a watershed or local plan as important for maintaining water quality (answer YES 2 if there is a TMDL for the basin in which the unit is found)? Yes = 2 No = 0 Total for D 3 Add the points in the boxes above 3 Rating of Value If score is: X 2-4 = H 1 = M 0 = L Record the rating on the first page

DEPRESSIONAL AND FLATS WETLANDS	
Hydrologic Functions - Indicators that the site functions to reduce flooding and stream degradat	ion
D 4.0. Does the site have the potential to reduce flooding and erosion?	
D 4.1. Characteristics of surface water outflows from the wetland:	
Wetland is a depression or flat depression with no surface water leaving it (no outlet)  Wetland has an intermittently flowing stream or ditch, OR highly constricted permanently flowing outletpoints = 2  Wetland is a flat depression (QUESTION 7 on key), whose outlet is a permanently flowing ditch points = 1  Wetland has an unconstricted, or slightly constricted, surface outlet that is permanently flowing points = 0	4
D 4.2. Depth of storage during wet periods: Estimate the height of ponding above the bottom of the outlet. For wetlands	
with no outlet, measure from the surface of permanent water or if dry, the deepest part.  Marks of ponding are 3 ft or more above the surface or bottom of outlet points = 7  Marks of ponding between 2 ft to < 3 ft from surface or bottom of outlet points = 5  Marks are at least 0.5 ft to < 2 ft from surface or bottom of outlet points = 3  The wetland is a "headwater" wetland points = 3  Wetland is flat but has small depressions on the surface that trap water points = 1  Marks of ponding less than 0.5 ft (6 in)	0
D 4.3. Contribution of the wetland to storage in the watershed: Estimate the ratio of the area of upstream basin	
contributing surface water to the wetland to the area of the wetland unit itself.  The area of the basin is less than 10 times the area of the unit  The area of the basin is 10 to 100 times the area of the unit  The area of the basin is more than 100 times the area of the unit  Entire wetland is in the Flats class  points = 5  points = 5  points = 5	5
Total for D 4 Add the points in the boxes above	9
Rating of Site Potential If score is:12-16 = H $\times$ 0-5 = L Record the rating on the	first page
D 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support hydrologic functions of the site?	
D 5.1. Does the wetland receive stormwater discharges? Yes = 1 No = 0	0
D 5.2. Is >10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate excess runoff? $\frac{\text{Yes} = 1}{\text{Ves}}$ No = 0	1
D 5.3. Is more than 25% of the contributing basin of the wetland covered with intensive human land uses (residential at >1 residence/ac, urban, commercial, agriculture, etc.)?  Yes = 1 No = 0	0
Total for D 5 Add the points in the boxes above	1
Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: $3 = H$ $X$ 1 or 2 = M $0 = L$ Record the rating on the	first page
D 6.0. Are the hydrologic functions provided by the site valuable to society?	
D 6.1. The unit is in a landscape that has flooding problems. Choose the description that best matches conditions around the wetland unit being rated. Do not add points. Choose the highest score if more than one condition is met.  The wetland captures surface water that would otherwise flow down-gradient into areas where flooding has damaged human or natural resources (e.g., houses or salmon redds):  • Flooding occurs in a sub-basin that is immediately down-gradient of unit.  • Surface flooding problems are in a sub-basin farther down-gradient.  Flooding from groundwater is an issue in the sub-basin.  points = 1  The existing or potential outflow from the wetland is so constrained by human or natural conditions that the water stored by the wetland cannot reach areas that flood. Explain why	2
There are no problems with flooding downstream of the wetland. points = 0	
D 6.2. Has the site been identified as important for flood storage or flood conveyance in a regional flood control plan?  Yes = 2 No = 0	0
Total for D 6 Add the points in the boxes above	2

Rating of Value If score is: X 2-4 = H 1 = M 0 = L

Record the rating on the first page

#### These questions apply to wetlands of all HGM classes. **HABITAT FUNCTIONS** - Indicators that site functions to provide important habitat H 1.0. Does the site have the potential to provide habitat? H 1.1. Structure of plant community: Indicators are Cowardin classes and strata within the Forested class. Check the Cowardin plant classes in the wetland. Up to 10 patches may be combined for each class to meet the threshold of ¼ ac or more than 10% of the unit if it is smaller than 2.5 ac. Add the number of structures checked. Aquatic bed 4 structures or more: points = 4 X Emergent 3 structures: points = 2 0 \_\_\_Scrub-shrub (areas where shrubs have > 30% cover) 2 structures: points = 1 Forested (areas where trees have > 30% cover) 1 structure: points = 0 If the unit has a Forested class, check if: The Forested class has 3 out of 5 strata (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbaceous, moss/ground-cover) that each cover 20% within the Forested polygon H 1.2. Hydroperiods Check the types of water regimes (hydroperiods) present within the wetland. The water regime has to cover more than 10% of the wetland or ¼ ac to count (see text for descriptions of hydroperiods). Permanently flooded or inundated 4 or more types present: points = 3 X Seasonally flooded or inundated 3 types present: points = 2 Occasionally flooded or inundated 2 types present: points = 1 1 X Saturated only 1 type present: points = 0 \_\_Permanently flowing stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland Seasonally flowing stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland Lake Fringe wetland 2 points Freshwater tidal wetland 2 points H 1.3. Richness of plant species Count the number of plant species in the wetland that cover at least 10 ft<sup>2</sup>. Different patches of the same species can be combined to meet the size threshold and you do not have to name the species. Do not include Eurasian milfoil, reed canarygrass, purple loosestrife, Canadian thistle n If you counted: > 19 species points = 2 Alopecurus pratensis, Ranunculus repens, 5 - 19 species points = 1 Trifolium repens, Juncus effusus points = 0< 5 species H 1.4. Interspersion of habitats Decide from the diagrams below whether interspersion among Cowardin plants classes (described in H 1.1), or the classes and unvegetated areas (can include open water or mudflats) is high, moderate, low, or none. If you have four or more plant classes or three classes and open water, the rating is always high. 0 None = 0 points Moderate = 2 points Low = 1 point All three diagrams in this row are **HIGH** = 3points

H 1.5. Special habitat features:		
Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the number	nber of points.	
Large, downed, woody debris within the wetland (> 4 in diameter and 6 ft long).		
Standing snags (dbh > 4 in) within the wetland		
Undercut banks are present for at least 6.6 ft (2 m) and/or overhanging plants extends	at least 3.3 ft (1 m)	
over a stream (or ditch) in, or contiguous with the wetland, for at least 33 ft (10 m)		
Stable steep banks of fine material that might be used by beaver or muskrat for denning		1
slope) OR signs of recent beaver activity are present (cut shrubs or trees that have not	yet weathered	
where wood is exposed)		
At least ¼ ac of thin-stemmed persistent plants or woody branches are present in areas	s that are	
permanently or seasonally inundated (structures for egg-laying by amphibians)		
Invasive plants cover less than 25% of the wetland area in every stratum of plants (see	H 1.1 for list of	
strata)		2
	n the boxes above	
Rating of Site Potential If score is:15-18 = H7-14 = M $\times$ 0-6 = L	Record the rating on	the first page
H 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the habitat functions of the site?		
H 2.1. Accessible habitat (include only habitat that directly abuts wetland unit).		
Calculate: % undisturbed habitat 6 + [(% moderate and low intensity land uses)/2	2] <u>6</u> = <u>12</u> %	
If total accessible habitat is:		
$> \frac{1}{3}$ (33.3%) of 1 km Polygon	points = 3	1
20-33% of 1 km Polygon	points = 2	
10-19% of 1 km Polygon	points = 1	
< 10% of 1 km Polygon	points = 0	
H 2.2. Undisturbed habitat in 1 km Polygon around the wetland.		
Calculate: % undisturbed habitat 18 + [(% moderate and low intensity land uses)/2	2] <u>12</u> = 30 %	
Undisturbed habitat > 50% of Polygon	points = 3	1
Undisturbed habitat 10-50% and in 1-3 patches	points = 2	
Undisturbed habitat 10-50% and > 3 patches	points = 1	
Undisturbed habitat < 10% of 1 km Polygon	points = 0	
H 2.3. Land use intensity in 1 km Polygon: If	·	
> 50% of 1 km Polygon is high intensity land use	points = (- 2)	-2
≤ 50% of 1 km Polygon is high intensity	points = 0	
	n the boxes above	0
·	Record the rating on th	ne first page
H 3.0. Is the habitat provided by the site valuable to society?		
H 3.1. Does the site provide habitat for species valued in laws, regulations, or policies? <i>Choose only</i>	y the highest score	
that applies to the wetland being rated.	mainte 2	
Site meets ANY of the following criteria:	points = 2	
It has 3 or more priority habitats within 100 m (see next page)		2
— It provides habitat for Threatened or Endangered species (any plant or animal on the st	ate or federal lists)	2
It is mapped as a location for an individual WDFW priority species  A Matter of Alice Consequentian Matter of the Property and a filling of the property	I D	
— It is a Wetland of High Conservation Value as determined by the Department of Natural		
It has been categorized as an important habitat site in a local or regional comprehensive the state of t	e pian, in a	
Shoreline Master Plan, or in a watershed plan Site has 1 or 2 priority habitats (listed on next page) within 100 m	points = 1	
	-	
Site does not meet any of the criteria above	points = 0	
Rating of Value If score is: $X_2 = H_1 = M_2 = 0 = L$	Record the rating on	the first page

Wetland Rating System for Western WA: 2014 Update Rating Form – Effective January 1, 2015

### **WDFW Priority Habitats**

<u>Priority habitats listed by WDFW</u> (see complete descriptions of WDFW priority habitats, and the counties in which they can be found, in: Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife. 2008. Priority Habitat and Species List. Olympia, Washington. 177 pp. <a href="http://wdfw.wa.gov/publications/00165/wdfw00165.pdf">http://wdfw.wa.gov/publications/00165/wdfw00165.pdf</a> or access the list from here: <a href="http://wdfw.wa.gov/conservation/phs/list/">http://wdfw.wa.gov/conservation/phs/list/</a>)

Count how many of the following priority habitats are within 330 ft (100 m) of the wetland unit: *NOTE:* This question is independent of the land use between the wetland unit and the priority habitat.

- **Aspen Stands:** Pure or mixed stands of aspen greater than 1 ac (0.4 ha).
- **Biodiversity Areas and Corridors**: Areas of habitat that are relatively important to various species of native fish and wildlife (*full descriptions in WDFW PHS report*).
- **Herbaceous Balds:** Variable size patches of grass and forbs on shallow soils over bedrock.
- Old-growth/Mature forests: Old-growth west of Cascade crest Stands of at least 2 tree species, forming a multi-layered canopy with occasional small openings; with at least 8 trees/ac (20 trees/ha) > 32 in (81 cm) dbh or > 200 years of age. Mature forests Stands with average diameters exceeding 21 in (53 cm) dbh; crown cover may be less than 100%; decay, decadence, numbers of snags, and quantity of large downed material is generally less than that found in old-growth; 80-200 years old west of the Cascade crest.
- **Oregon White Oak:** Woodland stands of pure oak or oak/conifer associations where canopy coverage of the oak component is important (*full descriptions in WDFW PHS report p. 158 see web link above*).
- **Riparian**: The area adjacent to aquatic systems with flowing water that contains elements of both aquatic and terrestrial ecosystems which mutually influence each other.
- **Westside Prairies:** Herbaceous, non-forested plant communities that can either take the form of a dry prairie or a wet prairie (*full descriptions in WDFW PHS report p. 161 see web link above*).
- Instream: The combination of physical, biological, and chemical processes and conditions that interact to provide functional life history requirements for instream fish and wildlife resources.
- **Nearshore**: Relatively undisturbed nearshore habitats. These include Coastal Nearshore, Open Coast Nearshore, and Puget Sound Nearshore. (*full descriptions of habitats and the definition of relatively undisturbed are in WDFW report see web link on previous page*).
- **Caves:** A naturally occurring cavity, recess, void, or system of interconnected passages under the earth in soils, rock, ice, or other geological formations and is large enough to contain a human.
- **Cliffs:** Greater than 25 ft (7.6 m) high and occurring below 5000 ft elevation.
- **Talus:** Homogenous areas of rock rubble ranging in average size 0.5 6.5 ft (0.15 2.0 m), composed of basalt, andesite, and/or sedimentary rock, including riprap slides and mine tailings. May be associated with cliffs.
- X Snags and Logs: Trees are considered snags if they are dead or dying and exhibit sufficient decay characteristics to enable cavity excavation/use by wildlife. Priority snags have a diameter at breast height of > 20 in (51 cm) in western Washington and are > 6.5 ft (2 m) in height. Priority logs are > 12 in (30 cm) in diameter at the largest end, and > 20 ft (6 m) long.

**Note:** All vegetated wetlands are by definition a priority habitat but are not included in this list because they are addressed elsewhere.

### **CATEGORIZATION BASED ON SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Wetland Type	Catagory
Wetland Type	Category
Check off any criteria that apply to the wetland. Circle the category when the appropriate criteria are met.	
SC 1.0. Estuarine wetlands	
Does the wetland meet the following criteria for Estuarine wetlands?	
— The dominant water regime is tidal,	
— Vegetated, and	
— With a salinity greater than 0.5 ppt Yes –Go to SC 1.1 No= Not an estuarine wetland	
SC 1.1. Is the wetland within a National Wildlife Refuge, National Park, National Estuary Reserve, Natural Area Preserve, State Park or Educational, Environmental, or Scientific Reserve designated under WAC 332-30-151.  Yes = Category I No - Go to SC 1.2	Cat. I
SC 1.2. Is the wetland unit at least 1 ac in size and meets at least two of the following three conditions?	
<ul> <li>The wetland is relatively undisturbed (has no diking, ditching, filling, cultivation, grazing, and has less than 10% cover of non-native plant species. (If non-native species are <i>Spartina</i>, see page 25)</li> <li>At least ¾ of the landward edge of the wetland has a 100 ft buffer of shrub, forest, or un-grazed or un-</li> </ul>	Cat. I
mowed grassland.	Cot II
— The wetland has at least two of the following features: tidal channels, depressions with open water, or contiguous freshwater wetlands. Yes = Category I No = Category II	Cat. II
SC 2.0. Wetlands of High Conservation Value (WHCV)	
SC 2.1. Has the WA Department of Natural Resources updated their website to include the list of Wetlands of High	
Conservation Value? Yes – Go to SC 2.2 No – Go to SC 2.3	Cat. I
SC 2.2. Is the wetland listed on the WDNR database as a Wetland of High Conservation Value?  Yes = Category I  No = Not a WHCV	
SC 2.3. Is the wetland in a Section/Township/Range that contains a Natural Heritage wetland?	
http://www1.dnr.wa.gov/nhp/refdesk/datasearch/wnhpwetlands.pdf	
Yes – Contact WNHP/WDNR and go to SC 2.4 No = Not a WHCV	
SC 2.4. Has WDNR identified the wetland within the S/T/R as a Wetland of High Conservation Value and listed it on	
their website? Yes = Category I No = Not a WHCV	
SC 3.0. Bogs	
Does the wetland (or any part of the unit) meet both the criteria for soils and vegetation in bogs? <i>Use the key</i>	/
below. If you answer YES you will still need to rate the wetland based on its functions.	
SC 3.1. Does an area within the wetland unit have organic soil horizons, either peats or mucks, that compose 16 in or more of the first 32 in of the soil profile?  Yes – Go to SC 3.2  No – Go to SC 3.2	
SC 3.2. Does an area within the wetland unit have organic soils, either peats or mucks, that are less than 16 in deep	
over bedrock, or an impermeable hardpan such as clay or volcanic ash, or that are floating on top of a lake or pond?  Yes – Go to SC 3.3  No = Is not a bog	
SC 3.3. Does an area with peats or mucks have more than 70% cover of mosses at ground level, AND at least a 30%	
cover of plant species listed in Table 4? Yes = Is a Category I bog No - Go to SC 3.4	
NOTE: If you are uncertain about the extent of mosses in the understory, you may substitute that criterion b	У
measuring the pH of the water that seeps into a hole dug at least 16 in deep. If the pH is less than 5.0 and the	
plant species in Table 4 are present, the wetland is a bog.	Cat. I
SC 3.4. Is an area with peats or mucks forested (> 30% cover) with Sitka spruce, subalpine fir, western red cedar,	
western hemlock, lodgepole pine, quaking aspen, Engelmann spruce, or western white pine, AND any of the	
species (or combination of species) listed in Table 4 provide more than 30% of the cover under the canopy?	
Yes = Is a Category I bog No = Is not a bog	

SC 4.0. Forested Wetlands	
Does the wetland have at least <u>1 contiguous acre</u> of forest that meets one of these criteria for the WA Department of Fish and Wildlife's forests as priority habitats? <i>If you answer YES you will still need to rate the wetland based on its functions.</i>	
<ul> <li>Old-growth forests (west of Cascade crest): Stands of at least two tree species, forming a multi-layered canopy with occasional small openings; with at least 8 trees/ac (20 trees/ha) that are at least 200 years of age OR have a diameter at breast height (dbh) of 32 in (81 cm) or more.</li> <li>Mature forests (west of the Cascade Crest): Stands where the largest trees are 80- 200 years old OR the species that make up the canopy have an average diameter (dbh) exceeding 21 in (53 cm).</li> </ul>	
Yes = Category I  No = Not a forested wetland for this section	Cat. I
6C 5.0. Wetlands in Coastal Lagoons	
Does the wetland meet all of the following criteria of a wetland in a coastal lagoon?  — The wetland lies in a depression adjacent to marine waters that is wholly or partially separated from marine waters by sandbanks, gravel banks, shingle, or, less frequently, rocks  — The lagoon in which the wetland is located contains ponded water that is saline or brackish (> 0.5 ppt)	
during most of the year in at least a portion of the lagoon (needs to be measured near the bottom)  Yes – Go to SC 5.1 No = Not a wetland in a coastal lagoon	Cat. I
SC 5.1. Does the wetland meet all of the following three conditions?  — The wetland is relatively undisturbed (has no diking, ditching, filling, cultivation, grazing), and has less than 20% cover of aggressive, opportunistic plant species (see list of species on p. 100).	
<ul> <li>At least ¾ of the landward edge of the wetland has a 100 ft buffer of shrub, forest, or un-grazed or unmowed grassland.</li> <li>The wetland is larger than ¹/₁₀ ac (4350 ft²)</li> </ul>	
Yes = Category I No = Category II	
Is the wetland west of the 1889 line (also called the Western Boundary of Upland Ownership or WBUO)? If you answer yes you will still need to rate the wetland based on its habitat functions.  In practical terms that means the following geographic areas:	
— Long Beach Peninsula: Lands west of SR 103	Cat I
<ul> <li>— Grayland-Westport: Lands west of SR 105</li> <li>— Ocean Shores-Copalis: Lands west of SR 115 and SR 109</li> </ul>	Cuti
Yes – Go to <b>SC 6.1</b> No = <b>not an interdunal wetland for rating</b>	
CCC1 labba wetland 1 as an larger and source on 0 an 0 for the habitat from the form / nets 1111 an 1111 M	Cat. II
6C 6.1. Is the wetland 1 ac or larger and scores an 8 or 9 for the habitat functions on the form (rates H,H,H or H,H,M for the three aspects of function)?  Yes = Category I No – Go to SC 6.2	
C 6.2. Is the wetland 1 ac or larger, or is it in a mosaic of wetlands that is 1 ac or larger?	
Yes = Category II No – Go to SC 6.3	Cat. III
SC 6.3. Is the unit between 0.1 and 1 ac, or is it in a mosaic of wetlands that is between 0.1 and 1 ac?  Yes = Category III No = Category IV	Cat. IV
Category of wetland based on Special Characteristics	

Wetland name or number  $\underline{\phantom{a}}$ 

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## Appendix C-5 Wetland B Figures



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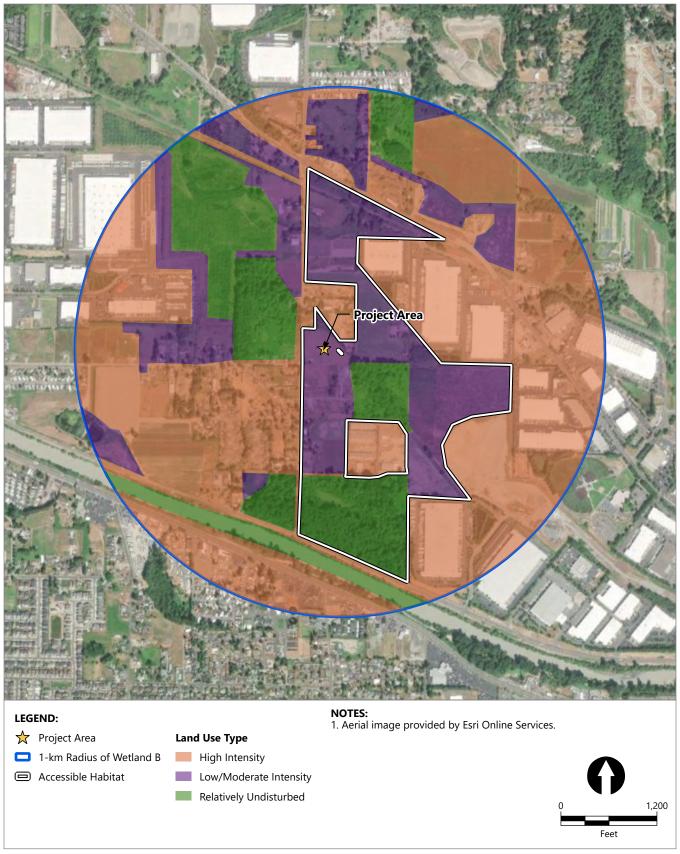
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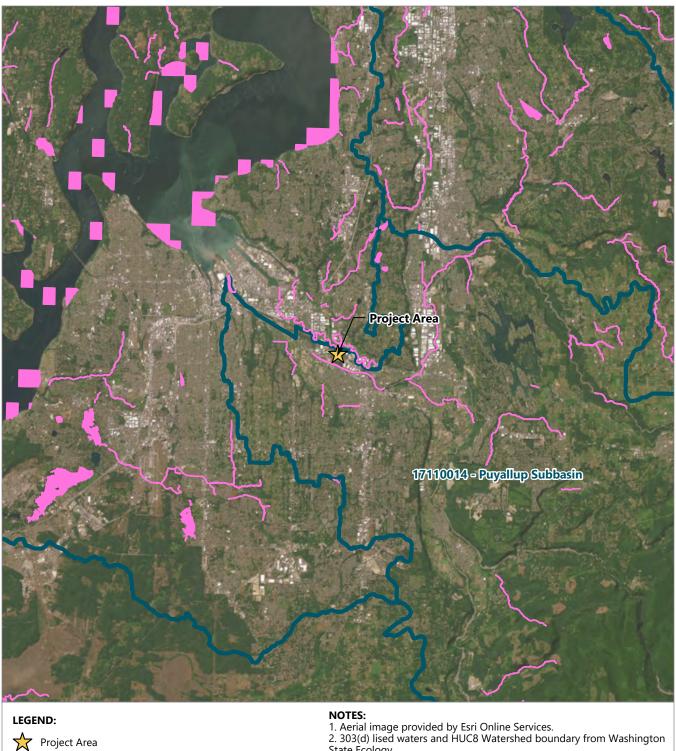
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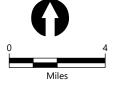






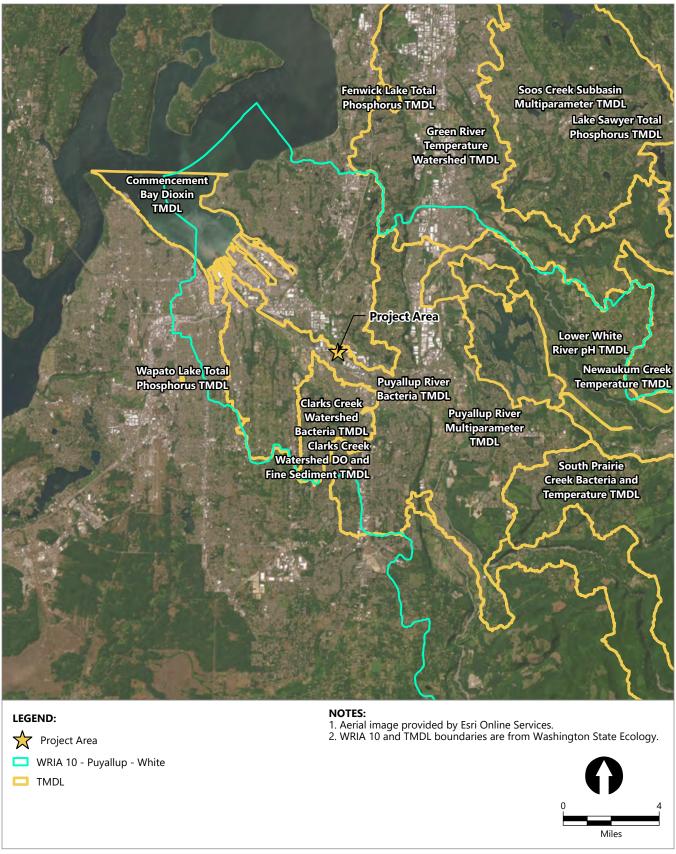
■ HUC8 Watershed

State Ecology.



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# Appendix C-6 WSDOT Ratings

## **RATING SUMMARY – Western Washington**

Name of w	vetland (or ID #):	SR 167 Com Wetland 87	npletion Project – 7	Date of s	ite visit: <u>4/8/2021</u>
Rated by	R. Baker	Tr	rained by Ecology?	⊠ Yes □ No	Date of Training Sep. 2008
HGM Class used for rating Depressional		nl Wetla	and has multipl	e HGM classes? ☐ Yes ☒ No	
Additional HGM Classes (if multiple): n/a			/a		
Sou	urce of base aeria	I photo/map	ESRI Aerial, 2020		

### **OVERALL WETLAND CATEGORY III** (based on functions ⊠ or special characteristics □)

### 1. Category of wetland based on FUNCTIONS

Category III – Total score = 16 – 19

FUNCTION	Improving Water Quality	Hydrologic	Habitat	
Enter the appropriate i	ratings			
Site Potential	М	M	M	
Landscape Potential	M	M	L	
Value	Н	М	Н	TOTAL
Score Based on	7			
Ratings				

### 2. Category based on SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS of wetland

CHARACTERISTIC	CATEGORY
Estuarine	
Wetland of High Conservation Value	
Bog	
Mature Forest	
Old Growth Forest	
Coastal Lagoon	
Interdunal	
None of the above	Х

# Score for each function based on three ratings

(order of ratings is not important)

9 = H,H,H

8 = H,H,M

7 = H,H,L

7 = H, M, M

6 = H,M,L

6 = M,M,M

5 = H,L,L

5 = M,M,L

4 = M,L,L

3 = L, L, L

### Maps and figures required to answer questions correctly for Western Washington

### **Depressional Wetlands**

Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes	D 1.3, H 1.1, H 1.4	D-23
Hydroperiods and location of outlets	D 1.4, H 1.2, D 1.1, D 4.1	D-24
Flow directions and associated features	n/a	D-24a
Boundary of area within 150 ft of the wetland (can be added to another figure)	D 2.2, D 5.2	D-24
Map of the contributing basin	D 4.3, D 5.3	D-25
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge—including	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	D-26
polygons for accessible habitat and undisturbed habitat		
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	D 3.1, D 3.2	D-5
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which unit is found (from web)	D 3.3	D-6

DEPRESSIONAL AND FLATS WETLANDS	
Water Quality Functions – Indicators that the site functions to improve water quality	
D 1.0. Does the site have the potential to improve water quality?	
D 1.1. Characteristics of surface water outflows from the wetland:	3
Wetland is a depression or flat depression (QUESTION 7 on key) with no surface water leaving it (no outlet)   points =	: 3
D 1.2. The soil 2 in below the surface (or duff layer) is true clay or true organic (use NRCS definitions).	0
D 1.3. Characteristics and distribution of persistent plants (Emergent, Scrub-shrub, and/or Forested Cowardin classes):	5
Wetland has persistent, ungrazed plants > 95% of area   points = 5	
D 1.4. <u>Characteristics of seasonal ponding or inundation</u> :	0
This is the area that is ponded for at least 2 months. See description in manual.	
Area seasonally ponded is < 1/4 total area of wetland   points = 0	<del></del>
Total for D 1 Add the points in the boxes above (F9 key)	8
<b>Rating of Site Potential</b> If score is: 6–11 = M Record the rating on the first page	
D 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the water quality function of the site?	
D 2.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges?  No = 0	0
D 2.2. Is >10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate pollutants?  Yes = 1	1
D 2.3. Are there septic systems within 250 ft of the wetland?	0
D 2.4. Are there other sources of pollutants coming into the wetland that are not listed in questions D 2.1–D 2.3?	1
Source: Homeless encampment/trash  Yes = 1	+
Total for D 2 Add the points in the boxes above	2
<b>Rating of Landscape Potential</b> If score is: 1 or 2 = M Record the rating on the first page	
D 3.0. Is the water quality improvement provided by the site valuable to society?	
D 3.1. Does the wetland discharge directly (i.e., within 1 mi) to a stream, river, lake, or marine water that is on the 303(d) li  No = 0	st? 0
D 3.2. Is the wetland in a basin or subbasin where an aquatic resource is on the 303(d) list? Yes = 1	1
D 3.3. Has the site been identified in a watershed or local plan as important for maintaining water quality	2
(answer YES if there is a TMDL for the basin in which the unit is found)?  Yes = 2	
Total for D 3 Add the points in the boxes above	3
<b>Rating of Value</b> If score is: 2–4 = H Record the rating on the first page	
COMMENTS: Area to the North of wetland (across Stream 14) is active conventional agriculture. TMDLs in place for the Pu	yallup.
Hydrologic Functions – Indicators that the site functions to reduce flooding and stream degradation	n
D 4.0. Does the site have the potential to reduce flooding and erosion?	
D 4.1. Characteristics of surface water outflows from the wetland:	4
Wetland is a depression or flat depression with no surface water leaving it (no outlet)   points = 4	
D 4.2. Depth of storage during wet periods: Estimate the height of ponding above the bottom of the outlet. For wetlands we	th 0
no outlet, measure from the surface of permanent water or if dry, the deepest part.	
Marks of ponding less than 0.5 ft (6 in)   points = 0	$-\!$
D 4.3. <u>Contribution of the wetland to storage in the watershed</u> : <i>Estimate the ratio of the area of upstream basin contribution</i>	g 3
surface water to the wetland to the area of the wetland unit itself.	
The area of the basin is 10 to 100 times the area of the unit   points = 3	<del>                                     </del>
Total for D 4 Add the points in the boxes above	7
<b>Rating of Site Potential</b> If score is: 6–11 = M Record the rating on the first page	
D 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support hydrologic functions of the site?	
D 5.1. Does the wetland receive stormwater discharges?  No = 0	0
D 5.2. Is >10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate excess runoff?  Yes = 1	1
D 5.3. Is more than 25% of the contributing basin of the wetland covered with intensive human land uses (residential at	0
>1 residence/ac, urban, commercial, agriculture, etc.)?  No = 0	1
Total for D 5 Add the points in the boxes above	1

**Rating of Landscape Potential** 

If score is: 1 or 2 = M

Record the rating on the first page

Wetland name or number: Wetland 87

			,
D 6.0. Are the hydrologic function	ons provided by the site valuable to societ	:y?	
D 6.1. The unit is in a landscape that has flooding problems. Choose the description that best matches conditions around the wetland unit being rated. Do not add points. Choose the highest score if more than one condition is met.  The wetland captures surface water that would otherwise flow down-gradient into areas where flooding has damaged human or natural resources (e.g., houses or salmon redds):  Surface flooding problems are in a subbasin farther down-gradient   points = 1  If not applicable chosen above:  Choose an item.  Explanation for 0 points (if required above):		1	
D 6.2. Has the site been identified	ed as important for flood storage or flood c	onveyance in a regional flood control plan? No = 0	0
Total for D 6		Add the points in the boxes above	1
Rating of Value	If score is: 1 = M	Record the rating on the first page	
COMMENTS: Wetland is adjace	ent to conventional ag fields and streams, b	out not connected to streams via surface flow.	

These questions apply to wetlands of all HGM classes. HABITAT FUNCTIONS – Indicators that site functions to provide important habitat H 1.0. Does the site have the potential to provide habitat? H 1.1. Structure of plant community: Indicators are Cowardin classes and strata within 2 structures | points = 1 1 the Forested class. Check the Cowardin plant classes in the wetland. Up to 10 patches may be combined for each class to meet the threshold of 1/4 ac or more than 10% of the unit if it is smaller than 2.5 ac. Add the number of structures checked. □ Aquatic bed ☐ Emergent Scrub-shrub (areas where shrubs have >30% cover) □ Forested (areas where trees have >30% cover) If the unit has a Forested class, check if: ☐ The Forested class has 3 out of 5 strata (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbaceous, moss/ground-cover) that each cover 20% within the Forested polygon H 1.2. Hydroperiods 2 types present | points = 1 1 Check the types of water regimes (hydroperiods) present within the wetland. The water regime has to cover more than 10% of the wetland or 1/4 ac to count (see text for descriptions of hydroperiods). ☐ Permanently flooded or inundated oximes Seasonally flooded or inundated ☐ Occasionally flooded or inundated ☐ Permanently flowing stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland ☐ Seasonally flowing stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland □ Lake Fringe wetland 2 points 2 points ☐ Freshwater tidal wetland H 1.3. Richness of plant species 1 Count the number of plant species in the wetland that cover at least 10 ft<sup>2</sup>. Different patches of the same species can be combined to meet the size threshold and you do not have to name the species. Do not include Eurasian milfoil, reed canarygrass, purple loosestrife, Canadian thistle. If you counted: 5–19 species | points = 1

H 1.4. Interspersion of habitats  Decide from the diagrams below whether interspersion among Cowardin plants classes (described in H 1.1), or the classes and unvegetated areas (can include open water or mudflats) is high, moderate, low, or none. If you have four or	1
more plant classes or three classes and open water, the rating is always high.  Choose an item.	
None = 0 points	
All three diagrams in this row are HIGH = 3 points	
H 1.5. Special habitat features:	3
Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the number of points.	!
☐ Large, downed, woody debris within the wetland (>4 in diameter and 6 ft long).	!
Standing snags (dbh >4 in) within the wetland	!
☐ Undercut banks are present for at least 6.6 ft (2 m) and/or overhanging plants extends at least 3.3 ft (1 m) over a	!
stream (or ditch) in, or contiguous with the wetland, for at least 33 ft (10 m)	!
☐ Stable steep banks of fine material that might be used by beaver or muskrat for denning (>30 degree slope) OR	!
signs of recent beaver activity are present (cut shrubs or trees that have not yet weathered where wood is exposed)	!
☐ At least 1/4 ac of thin-stemmed persistent plants or woody branches are present in areas that are permanently or	!
seasonally inundated (structures for egg-laying by amphibians)	!
☐ Invasive plants cover less than 25% of the wetland area in every stratum of plants (see H 1.1 for list of strata)	
Total for H 1 Add the points in the boxes above	7
Rating of Site Potential If score is: 7–14 = M Record the rating on the first page	
H 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the habitat functions of the site?	
H 2.1. Accessible habitat (include only habitat that directly abuts wetland unit).	0
Calculate: % undisturbed habitat 1.3+ [(% moderate and low intensity land uses)2.7/2] 1.4 = 2.7%	
If total accessible habitat is: <10% of 1 km Polygon   points = 0	
H 2.2. Undisturbed habitat in 1 km Polygon around the wetland.	1
Calculate: % undisturbed habitat $\underline{14.1}$ + [(% moderate and low intensity land uses)16.5/2] $\underline{8.3}$ = $\underline{22.4}$ %	
Undisturbed habitat 10–50% and >3 patches   points = 1	
H 2.3. Land use intensity in 1 km Polygon: 69.3%	-2
>50% of 1 km Polygon is high intensity land use   points = (-2)	
Total for H 2 Add the points in the boxes above	-1

**Rating of Landscape Potential** 

If score is: < 1 = L

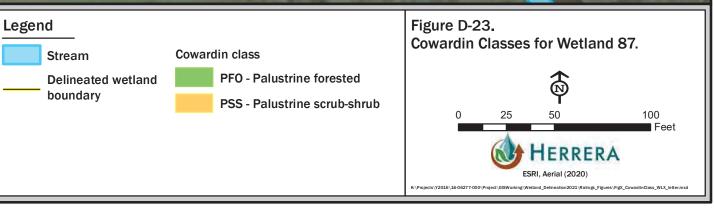
Record the rating on the first page

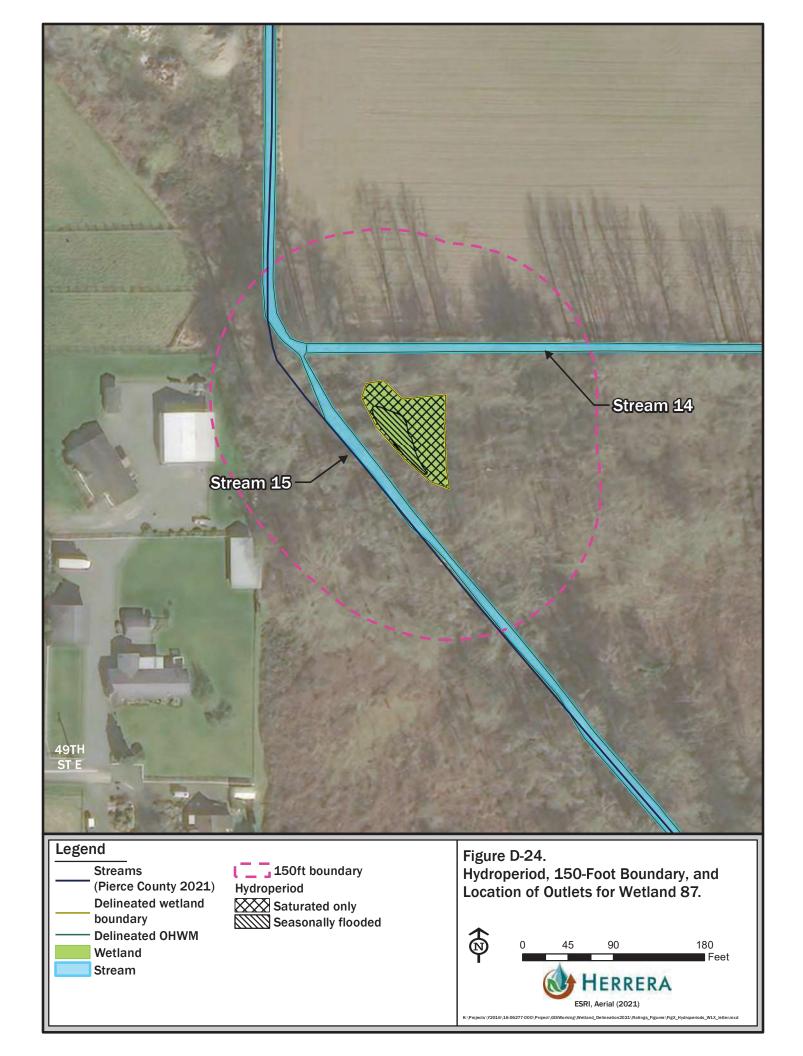
Wetland name or number: Wetland 87

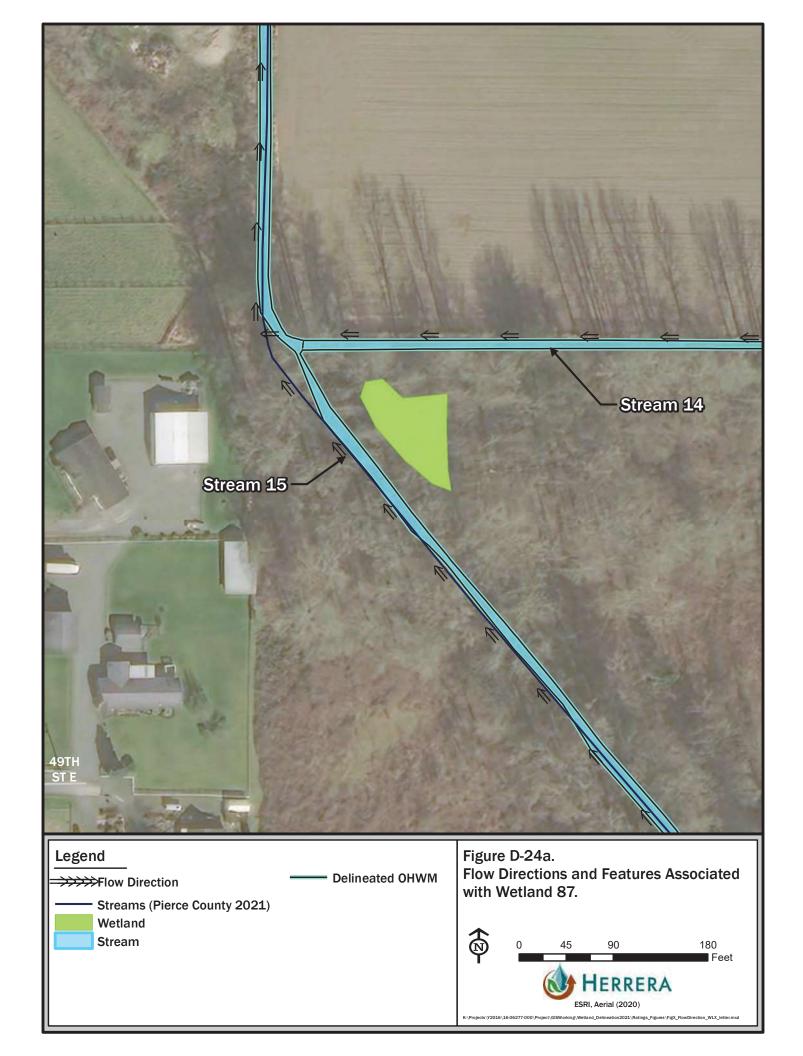
H 3.0. Is the habitat provided by the site v	aluable to society?				
H 3.1. Does the site provide habitat for speapplies to the wetland being rated.	·	s? Choose only the highest score that	2		
WDFW Priority Habitats within 100 m:					
☐ Aspen Stands	☐ Biodiversity Areas and Corridors	☐ Herbaceous Balds			
☐ Old Growth/Mature Forests	☐ Oregon White Oak	⊠ Riparian			
☐ Westside Prairies		☐ Nearshore			
☐ Caves	☐ Cliffs	☐ Talus			
can be found, see: Washington Department Washington, <a href="http://wdfw.wa.gov/p">http://wdfw.wa.gov/p</a>	( <u>Priority habitats listed by WDFW</u> : For complete descriptions of WDFW priority habitats, and the counties in which they can be found, see: Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife. 2008. Priority Habitat and Species List. Olympia, Washington, < <a href="https://wdfw.wa.gov/publications/00165/wdfw00165.pdf">https://wdfw.wa.gov/publications/00165/wdfw00165.pdf</a> , or access the list from here: < <a href="https://wdfw.wa.gov/species-habitats/at-risk/phs/list">https://wdfw.wa.gov/species-habitats/at-risk/phs/list</a> .)				
Site meets ANY of the following crite	ria:	points = 2			
☑ It has 3 or more priority habita	ts within 100 m (checked above)				
$\square$ It provides habitat for Threatened or Endangered species (any plant or animal on the state or federal lists)					
☐ It is mapped as a location for an individual WDFW priority species					
☐ It is a Wetland of High Conserv	ation Value as determined by the Depart	ment of Natural Resources			
☐ It has been categorized as an ir					
in a Shoreline Master Plan, or i	n a watershed plan				
Site has 1 or 2 priority habitats within		points = 1			
Site does not meet any of the criteria	above	points = 0			
Rating of Value	If score is: 2 = H	Record the rating on the first page			

**BASED ON:** Wetland Rating System for Western WA: 2014 Update Rating Form – Effective January 1, 2015

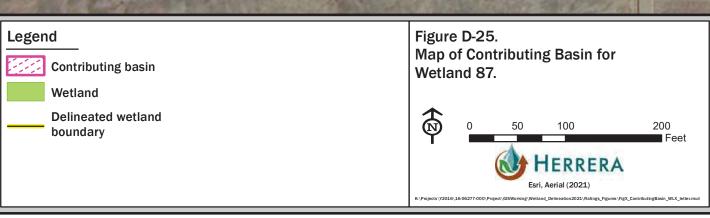


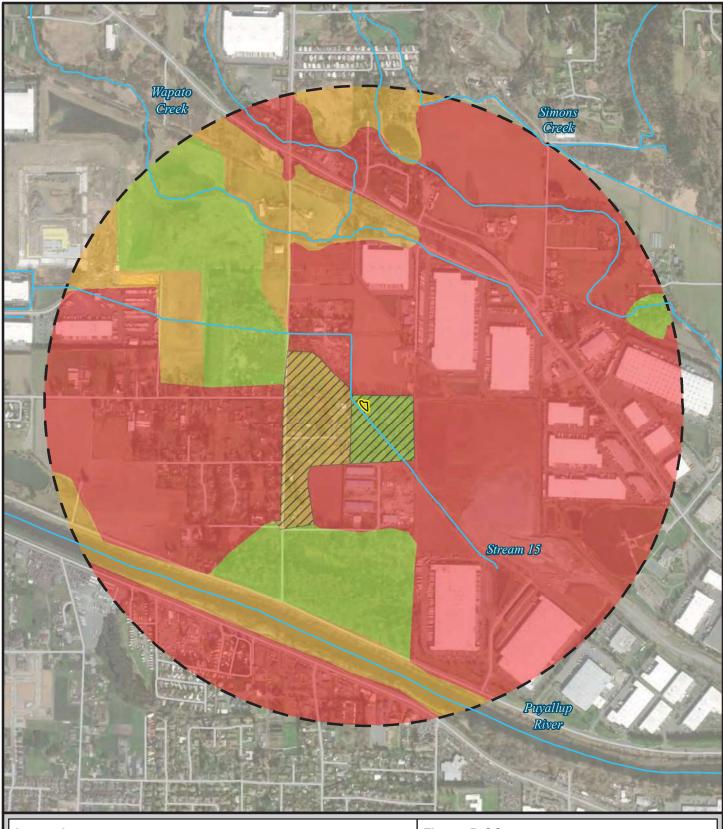


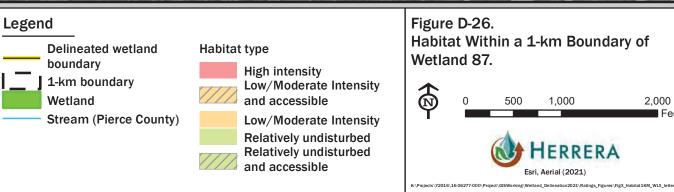












## **RATING SUMMARY – Western Washington**

Name of w	retland (or ID #):	SR 167 Co Wetland		ct –	Date of si	te visit: <u>4/8/20</u>	)21
Rated by	R. Baker		Trained by Ecolo	ogy? ⊵	 ☑ Yes □ No	Date of Training	g Sep. 2008
HGM Class used for rating Depressi		Depressio	nal V	Vetland	d has multiple	e HGM classes?	☐ Yes ⊠ No
Additional	Additional HGM Classes (if multiple): n/a						
Source of base aerial photo/n			ap ESRI Aerial, 2	2020			

### **OVERALL WETLAND CATEGORY II** (based on functions ⊠ or special characteristics □)

### 1. Category of wetland based on FUNCTIONS

Category II – Total score = 20 – 22

FUNCTION	Improving Water Quality	Hydrologic	Habitat	
Enter the appropriate re	atings			
Site Potential	М	М	L	
Landscape Potential	Н	Н	L	
Value	Н	М	Н	TOTAL
Score Based on	8	7		2
Ratings				

### 2. Category based on SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS of wetland

CHARACTERISTIC	CATEGORY
Estuarine	
Wetland of High Conservation Value	
Bog	
Mature Forest	
Old Growth Forest	
Coastal Lagoon	
Interdunal	
None of the above	Х

# Score for each function based on three ratings

(order of ratings is not important)

9 = H,H,H

8 = H,H,M

7 = H,H,L

7 = H,M,M

6 = H,M,L

6 = M,M,M

5 = H,L,L

5 = M,M,L

4 = M,L,L

3 = L, L, L

### Maps and figures required to answer questions correctly for Western Washington

### **Depressional Wetlands**

Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes	D 1.3, H 1.1, H 1.4	D-31
Hydroperiods and location of outlets	D 1.4, H 1.2, D 1.1, D 4.1	D-32
Flow directions and associated features	n/a	D-32a
Boundary of area within 150 ft of the wetland (can be added to another figure)	D 2.2, D 5.2	D-32
Map of the contributing basin	D 4.3, D 5.3	D-33
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge—including polygons for accessible habitat and undisturbed habitat	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	D-34
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	D 3.1, D 3.2	D-5
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which unit is found (from web)	D 3.3	D-6

1	DEPRESSIONAL AND FLAT	TS WETLANDS	
Water Quality Funct	ions – Indicators that the site	e functions to improve water quality	
D 1.0. Does the site have the potential	to improve water quality?		
D 1.1. Characteristics of surface water of			3
	-	th no surface water leaving it (no outlet)   points = 3	3
D 1.2. The soil 2 in below the surface (o			0
		ub-shrub, and/or Forested Cowardin classes):	3
Wetland has persistent, ungrazed		•	
D 1.4. Characteristics of seasonal pondi	ng or inundation:		0
This is the area that is ponded for at least 2 months. See description in manual.			
Area seasonally ponded is < 1/4 t	otal area of wetland   points = 0		
Total for D 1		Add the points in the boxes above (F9 key)	6
Rating of Site Potential	If score is: 6–11 = M	Record the rating on the first page	
D 2.0. Does the landscape have the po	tential to support the water quali	ty function of the site?	
D 2.1. Does the wetland unit receive sto	ormwater discharges?	Yes = 1	1
D 2.2. Is >10% of the area within 150 ft		enerate pollutants? Yes = 1	1
D 2.3. Are there septic systems within 2		No = 0	0
		are not listed in questions D 2.1–D 2.3?	1
Source: Trash/Homeless encampments		Yes = 1	
Total for D 2		Add the points in the boxes above	3
Rating of Landscape Potential	If score is: 3 or 4 = H	Record the rating on the first page	
D 3.0. Is the water quality improvemen	nt provided by the site valuable to	society?	
		iver, lake, or marine water that is on the 303(d) list	? 0
		No = 0	
D 3.2. Is the wetland in a basin or subba			1
D 3.3. Has the site been identified in a watershed or local plan as important for maintaining water quality			2
(answer YES if there is a TMDL for	r the basin in which the unit is foun	(nd)? Yes = 2	
Total for D 3		Add the points in the boxes above	3
Rating of Value	If score is: 2–4 = H	Record the rating on the first page	
COMMENTS: Wetland is upstream of t	the Puyallup River, which has set T	MDLs	
Hydrologic Functions – India	cators that the site functions	to reduce flooding and stream degradation	)
D 4.0. Does the site have the potential			
D 4.1. Characteristics of surface water of	-		4
	epression with no surface water lea	aving it (no outlet)   points = 4	
D 4.2. Depth of storage during wet peri	ods: Estimate the height of pondin	g above the bottom of the outlet. For wetlands with	0
no outlet, measure from the surfa	ace of permanent water or if dry, th	he deepest part.	
Marks of ponding less than 0.5 ft	(6 in)   points = 0		
		the ratio of the area of upstream basin contributing	5
	he area of the wetland unit itself.		
	10 times the area of the unit   poi		
Total for D 4		Add the points in the boxes above	9
Rating of Site Potential	If score is: 6–11 = M	Record the rating on the first page	
D 5.0. Does the landscape have the po	tential to support hydrologic func	tions of the site?	
D 5.1. Does the wetland receive stormy	vater discharges?	Yes = 1	1

**Rating of Landscape Potential** 

Total for D 5

If score is: 3 = H

D 5.3. Is more than 25% of the contributing basin of the wetland covered with intensive human land uses (residential at

D 5.2. Is >10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate excess runoff?

Add the points in the boxes above Record the rating on the first page

>1 residence/ac, urban, commercial, agriculture, etc.)?

1

3

Yes = 1

D 6.0. Are the hydrologic func	tions provided by the site valuable to societ	y?	
D 6.1. The unit is in a landscape that has flooding problems. Choose the description that best matches conditions around the wetland unit being rated. Do not add points. Choose the highest score if more than one condition is met.  The wetland captures surface water that would otherwise flow down-gradient into areas where flooding has damaged human or natural resources (e.g., houses or salmon redds):  Surface flooding problems are in a subbasin farther down-gradient   points = 1		1	
If not applicable chosen Choose an item. Explanation for 0 points (if red			
D 6.2. Has the site been identified as important for flood storage or flood conveyance in a regional flood control plan?  No = 0			0
Total for D 6		Add the points in the boxes above	1
Rating of Value	If score is: 1 = M	Record the rating on the first page	
COMMENTS:			

These questions apply to wetlands of all HGM	classes.	
HABITAT FUNCTIONS – Indicators that site functions to prov	ide important habitat	
H 1.0. Does the site have the potential to provide habitat?		
H 1.1. Structure of plant community: Indicators are Cowardin classes and strata within	1 structure   points = 0	0
the Forested class. Check the Cowardin plant classes in the wetland. Up to		
10 patches may be combined for each class to meet the threshold of 1/4 ac or		
more than 10% of the unit if it is smaller than 2.5 ac. Add the number of structures		
checked.		
☐ Aquatic bed		
☐ Emergent		
Scrub-shrub (areas where shrubs have >30% cover)		
☐ Forested (areas where trees have >30% cover)		
If the unit has a Forested class, check if:		
☐ The Forested class has 3 out of 5 strata (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs,		
herbaceous, moss/ground-cover) that each cover 20% within the Forested		
polygon		
H 1.2. Hydroperiods	1 type present   points = 0	0
Check the types of water regimes (hydroperiods) present within the wetland. The		
water regime has to cover more than 10% of the wetland or 1/4 ac to count (see		
text for descriptions of hydroperiods).		
☐ Permanently flooded or inundated		
☐ Seasonally flooded or inundated		
☐ Occasionally flooded or inundated		
⊠ Saturated only		
☐ Permanently flowing stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland		
☐ Seasonally flowing stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland		
☐ Lake Fringe wetland	2 points	
☐ Freshwater tidal wetland	2 points	
H 1.3. Richness of plant species		0
Count the number of plant species in the wetland that cover at least 10 ft <sup>2</sup> .		
Different patches of the same species can be combined to meet the size threshold o	and you do not have to name the	
species. Do not include Eurasian milfoil, reed canarygrass, purple loosestrife, Can	adian thistle.	
If you counted:		
<5 species   points = 0		

H 1.4. Interspersion of habitats  Decide from the diagrams below whether interspersion among Cowardin plants classes (described in H 1.1), or the classes and unvegetated areas (can include open water or mudflats) is high, moderate, low, or none. If you have four or more plant classes or three classes and open water, the rating is always high.  None   points = 0	0
None = 0 points	
All three diagrams in this row are  HIGH = 3 points	
H 1.5. Special habitat features:	0
Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the number of points.	
☐ Large, downed, woody debris within the wetland (>4 in diameter and 6 ft long).	
☐ Standing snags (dbh >4 in) within the wetland	
☐ Undercut banks are present for at least 6.6 ft (2 m) and/or overhanging plants extends at least 3.3 ft (1 m) over a	
stream (or ditch) in, or contiguous with the wetland, for at least 33 ft (10 m)	
☐ Stable steep banks of fine material that might be used by beaver or muskrat for denning (>30 degree slope) OR	
signs of recent beaver activity are present (cut shrubs or trees that have not yet weathered where wood is exposed)	
☐ At least 1/4 ac of thin-stemmed persistent plants or woody branches are present in areas that are permanently or seasonally inundated (structures for egg-laying by amphibians)	
=a (2007)	
Total for H 1 Add the points in the boxes above	0
Rating of Site Potential If score is: 0–6 = L Record the rating on the first page	
H 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the habitat functions of the site?	
H 2.1. Accessible habitat (include only habitat that directly abuts wetland unit).	0
Calculate: % undisturbed habitat $\underline{1.3}$ + [(% moderate and low intensity land uses)2.7/2] $\underline{1.4}$ = $\underline{2.7}$ %	
If total accessible habitat is: <10% of 1 km Polygon   points = 0	
H 2.2. Undisturbed habitat in 1 km Polygon around the wetland.	1
Calculate: % undisturbed habitat $\underline{11.9}$ + [(% moderate and low intensity land uses)14.1/2] $\underline{7.1}$ = $\underline{19.0}$ %	
Undisturbed habitat 10–50% and >3 patches   points = 1	
H 2.3. Land use intensity in 1 km Polygon: 73.9%	-2
>50% of 1 km Polygon is high intensity land use   points = (-2)	
Total for H 2 Add the points in the boxes above	-1

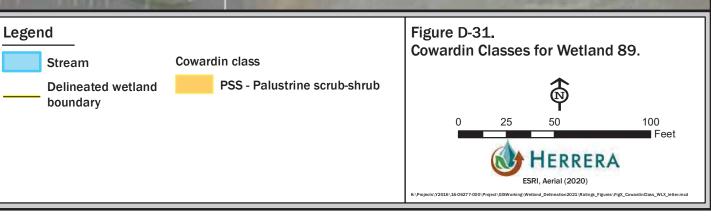
**Rating of Landscape Potential** 

If score is: < 1 = L

H 3.0. Is the habitat provided by the site va	aluable to society?		
H 3.1. Does the site provide habitat for spec applies to the wetland being rated.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	s? Choose only the highest score that	2
WDFW Priority Habitats within 100 m:			
☐ Aspen Stands	☐ Biodiversity Areas and Corridors	☐ Herbaceous Balds	
☐ Old Growth/Mature Forests	☐ Oregon White Oak	⊠ Riparian	
☐ Westside Prairies		☐ Nearshore	
☐ Caves	☐ Cliffs	☐ Talus	
can be found, see: Washington Depar	rtment of Fish and Wildlife. 2008. Priority ublications/00165/wdfw00165.pdf>, or o	* * *	
Site meets ANY of the following criter	ria:	points = 2	
☑ It has 3 or more priority habita	ts within 100 m (checked above)		
<ul> <li>It provides habitat for Threater</li> </ul>	ned or Endangered species (any plant or a	animal on the state or federal lists)	
☐ It is mapped as a location for a	n individual WDFW priority species		
☐ It is a Wetland of High Conserv	ation Value as determined by the Depart	ment of Natural Resources	
☐ It has been categorized as an ir	nportant habitat site in a local or regiona	l comprehensive plan,	
in a Shoreline Master Plan, or i	n a watershed plan		
Site has 1 or 2 priority habitats within		points = 1	
Site does not meet any of the criteria	above	points = 0	
Rating of Value	If score is: 2 = H	Record the rating on the first page	

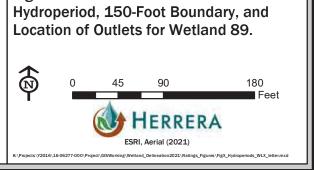
**BASED ON:** Wetland Rating System for Western WA: 2014 Update Rating Form – Effective January 1, 2015



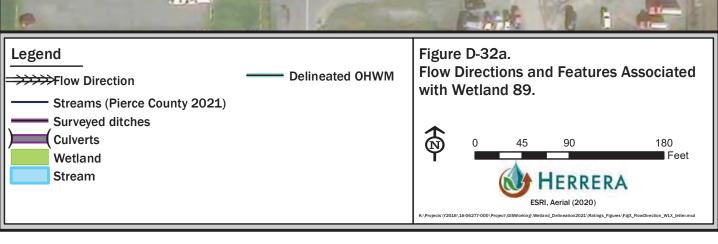














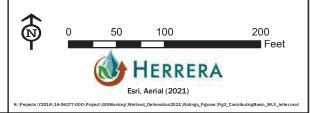


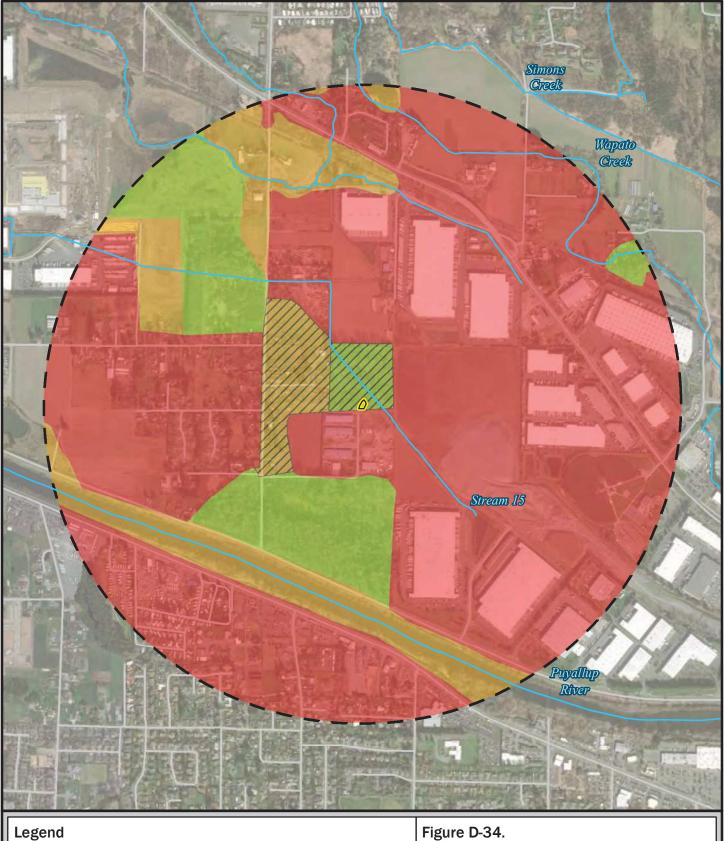
Contributing basin

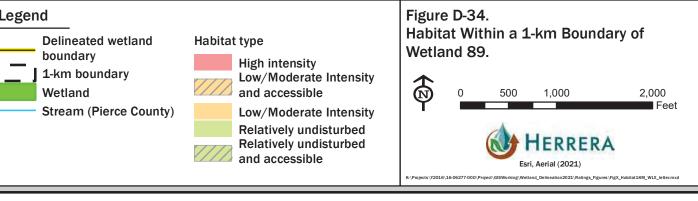
Wetland

Delineated wetland boundary

Figure D-33. Map of Contributing Basin for Wetland 89.







# **RATING SUMMARY – Western Washington**

Name o	of wetland (or ID	) #): SR 167 Con Wetland 93	mpletion Project – 3	Date of s	ite visit: <u>4/20/2</u>	021_
Rated b	y R. Baker	Tı	rained by Ecology?	⊠ Yes □ No	Date of Training	Sep. 2008
н <mark>д</mark> м с	lass used for rat	ting Depressiona	al Wetl	and has multip	le HGM classes?	☐ Yes ⊠ No
Additio	nal HGM Classe	es (if multiple): n	/a			
	Source of base a	aerial photo/map	p ESRI Aerial, 202	10		

# **OVERALL WETLAND CATEGORY III** (based on functions ⊠ or special characteristics □)

# 1. Category of wetland based on FUNCTIONS

Category III – Total score = 16 – 19

FUNCTION	Improving Water Quality	Hydrologic	Habitat	
Enter the appropriate r	atings			
Site Potential	L	М	L	
Landscape Potential	Н	Н	L	
Value	Н	M	М	TOTAL
Score Based on	7	7		8
Ratings				

# 2. Category based on SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS of wetland

CHARACTERISTIC	CATEGORY
Estuarine	
Wetland of High Conservation Value	
Bog	
Mature Forest	
Old Growth Forest	
Coastal Lagoon	
Interdunal	
None of the above	Х

# Score for each function based on three ratings

(order of ratings is not important)

- 9 = H,H,H
- 8 = H,H,M
- 7 = H,H,L
- 7 = H,M,M
- 6 = H,M,L
- 6 = M,M,M
- 5 = H,L,L
- 5 = M,M,L
- 4 = M, L, L
- 3 = L, L, L

# Maps and figures required to answer questions correctly for Western Washington

# **Depressional Wetlands**

Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes	D 1.3, H 1.1, H 1.4	D-39
Hydroperiods and location of outlets	D 1.4, H 1.2, D 1.1, D 4.1	D-40
Flow directions and associated features	n/a	D-40a
Boundary of area within 150 ft of the wetland (can be added to another figure)	D 2.2, D 5.2	D-40
Map of the contributing basin	D 4.3, D 5.3	D-41
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge—including polygons for accessible habitat and undisturbed habitat	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	D-42
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	D 3.1, D 3.2	D-5
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which unit is found (from web)	D 3.3	D-6

DEDDECCIONAL AND EL	470 14/571 44100	
DEPRESSIONAL AND FL	ATS WETLANDS	
Water Quality Functions – Indicators that the s	ite functions to improve water quality	
D 1.0. Does the site have the potential to improve water quality?		
D 1.1. Characteristics of surface water outflows from the wetland:		3
Wetland is a depression or flat depression (QUESTION 7 on key) v	with no surface water leaving it (no outlet)   points = 3	
D 1.2. The soil 2 in below the surface (or duff layer) is true clay or true of		0
D 1.3. Characteristics and distribution of persistent plants (Emergent, So		0
Wetland has persistent, ungrazed plants < 1/10 of area   points =	: 0	
D 1.4. Characteristics of seasonal ponding or inundation:		0
This is the area that is ponded for at least 2 months. See description in $r$		
Area seasonally ponded is < 1/4 total area of wetland   points = 0	)	
Total for D 1	Add the points in the boxes above (F9 key)	3
<b>Rating of Site Potential</b> If score is: 0–5 = L	Record the rating on the first page	
D 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the water qua	ality function of the site?	
D 2.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges?	Yes = 1	1
D 2.2. Is >10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that	generate pollutants? Yes = 1	1
D 2.3. Are there septic systems within 250 ft of the wetland?	Yes = 1	1
D 2.4. Are there other sources of pollutants coming into the wetland th	at are not listed in questions D 2.1–D 2.3?	1
Source: waterfowl droppings	Yes = 1	
Total for D 2	Add the points in the boxes above	4
<b>Rating of Landscape Potential</b> If score is: 3 or 4 = H	Record the rating on the first page	-
D 3.0. Is the water quality improvement provided by the site valuable	to society?	
D 3.1. Does the wetland discharge directly (i.e., within 1 mi) to a stream	n, river, lake, or marine water that is on the 303(d) list?	0
	No = 0	
D 3.2. Is the wetland in a basin or subbasin where an aquatic resource i	s on the 303(d) list? Yes = 1	1
D 3.3. Has the site been identified in a watershed or local plan as impor	tant for maintaining water quality	2
(answer YES if there is a TMDL for the basin in which the unit is fo	ound)? Yes = 2	
Total for D 3	Add the points in the boxes above	3
Rating of Value If score is: 2–4 = H	Record the rating on the first page	
COMMENTS: Wetland is adjacent to Stream 14, but does not have dire	ect connection. Pierce County indicates homes on seption	c in
area of wetland. Wetland is upstream of Puyallup, which has TN	/IDLs in place.	

<b>Hydrologic Functions</b> – Indicators that the site functions to reduce flooding and stream degradation	
D 4.0. Does the site have the potential to reduce flooding and erosion?	
D 4.1. <u>Characteristics of surface water outflows from the wetland</u> :	4
Wetland is a depression or flat depression with no surface water leaving it (no outlet)   points = 4	
D 4.2. Depth of storage during wet periods: Estimate the height of ponding above the bottom of the outlet. For wetlands with	0
no outlet, measure from the surface of permanent water or if dry, the deepest part.	
Marks of ponding less than 0.5 ft (6 in)   points = 0	
D 4.3. Contribution of the wetland to storage in the watershed: Estimate the ratio of the area of upstream basin contributing	5
surface water to the wetland to the area of the wetland unit itself.	
The area of the basin is less than 10 times the area of the unit   points = 5	
Total for D 4 Add the points in the boxes above	9

**Rating of Site Potential** If score is: 6-11 = M Record the rating on the first page

D 5.0. Does the landscape have the pe	otential to support hydrologic func	tions of the site?		
D 5.1. Does the wetland receive storm	water discharges?	•	Yes = 1	1
D 5.2. Is >10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate excess runoff? Yes = 1			1	
D 5.3. Is more than 25% of the contrib	uting basin of the wetland covered	with intensive human land uses (resident	tial at	1
>1 residence/ac, urban, comme	rcial, agriculture, etc.)?	•	Yes = 1	
Total for D 5		Add the points in the boxes	above	3
Rating of Landscape Potential	If score is: 3 = H	Record the rating on the fir	rst page	
D 6.0. Are the hydrologic functions pr	ovided by the site valuable to soci	ety?		
wetland unit being rated. Do no The wetland captures surface w human or natural resources (e.g	t add points. <u>Choose the highest sco</u> ater that would otherwise flow dov ., houses or salmon redds): n a subbasin farther down-gradient	escription that best matches conditions and ore if more than one condition is met.  Vn-gradient into areas where flooding has  points = 1		1
D 6.2. Has the site been identified as in	mportant for flood storage or flood	conveyance in a regional flood control pl	an? No = 0	0
Total for D 6		Add the points in the boxes	above	1
Rating of Value	If score is: 1 = M	Record the rating on the fir	rst page	
COMMENTS:				

These questions apply to wetlands of all HGM	classes.	
HABITAT FUNCTIONS – Indicators that site functions to prov	ide important habitat	
H 1.0. Does the site have the potential to provide habitat?		
H 1.1. Structure of plant community: Indicators are Cowardin classes and strata within the Forested class. Check the Cowardin plant classes in the wetland. Up to 10 patches may be combined for each class to meet the threshold of 1/4 ac or more than 10% of the unit if it is smaller than 2.5 ac. Add the number of structures checked.  □ Aquatic bed □ Emergent □ Scrub-shrub (areas where shrubs have >30% cover) □ Forested (areas where trees have >30% cover) If the unit has a Forested class, check if: □ The Forested class has 3 out of 5 strata (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbaceous, moss/ground-cover) that each cover 20% within the Forested polygon	1 structure   points = 0	0
H 1.2. Hydroperiods Check the types of water regimes (hydroperiods) present within the wetland. The water regime has to cover more than 10% of the wetland or 1/4 ac to count (see text for descriptions of hydroperiods).  □ Permanently flooded or inundated □ Seasonally flooded or inundated □ Occasionally flooded or inundated □ Saturated only □ Permanently flowing stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland □ Seasonally flowing stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland □ Lake Fringe wetland	2 types present   points = 1  2 points	1
☐ Freshwater tidal wetland	2 points	

H 1.3. Richness of plant species			1
Count the number of plant specie	es in the wetland that cover at I	east 10 ft <sup>2</sup> .	ĺ
Different patches of the same spe	cies can be combined to meet t	he size threshold and you do not have to name the	1
species. <b>Do not include Eurasian</b> i	milfoil, reed canarygrass, purp	le loosestrife, Canadian thistle.	
If you counted:			
5–19 species   points = 1			
H 1.4. Interspersion of habitats			0
Decide from the diagrams below	whether interspersion among (	Cowardin plants classes (described in H 1.1), or the	
classes and unvegetated areas (ca more plant classes or three classe		ats) is high, moderate, low, or none. <i>If you have four or always high.</i> None   points = 0	
None = 0 points	Low = 1 point	Moderate = 2 points	
All three diagrams in this row are		2	
HIGH = 3 points			
H 1.5. Special habitat features:			1
Check the habitat features that a	re present in the wetland. <i>The i</i>	number of checks is the number of points.	
☐ Large, downed, woody debris	within the wetland (>4 in diam	neter and 6 ft long).	
☐ Standing snags (dbh >4 in) wi	thin the wetland		
•		verhanging plants extends at least 3.3 ft (1 m) over a	
	uous with the wetland, for at le		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		aver or muskrat for denning (>30 degree slope) OR	
	•	es that have not yet weathered where wood is exposed)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		pranches are present in areas that are permanently or	1
seasonally inundated (structu	ires for egg-laying by amphibiai	ns)	
Invasive plants cover less that	n 25% of the wetland area in ev	very stratum of plants (see H 1.1 for list of strata)	
Total for H 1		Add the points in the boxes above	3
Rating of Site Potential	If score is: 0–6 = L	Record the rating on the first page	
H 2.0. Does the landscape have the pot	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
H 2.1. Accessible habitat (include only h		·	0
		ntensity land uses)2.3/2] <u>1.2</u> = <u>2.3</u> %	
If total accessible habitat is:	<10% of 1 km Polygon   points :	= 0	
H 2.2. Undisturbed habitat in 1 km Poly	_		1
		intensity land uses)18.1/2] <u>9.1</u> = <u>23.5</u> %	
Undisturbed habitat 10–50% and	>3 patches   points = 1		
H 2.3. Land use intensity in 1 km Polygo	n: 67.5%		-2
>50% of 1 km Polygon is high inte	ensity land use   points = (-2)		
Total for H 2		Add the points in the boxes above	-1

Rating of Landscape Potential

If score is: < 1 = L

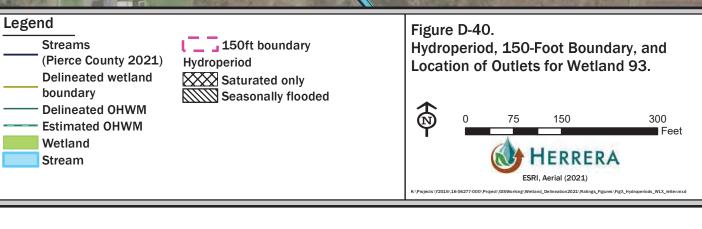
H 3.0. Is the habitat provided by the site va	luable to society?		
H 3.1. Does the site provide habitat for spec applies to the wetland being rated.	ies valued in laws, regulations, or policies	s? Choose only the highest score that	1
WDFW Priority Habitats within 100 m:			
$\square$ Aspen Stands	☐ Biodiversity Areas and Corridors	☐ Herbaceous Balds	
☐ Old Growth/Mature Forests	☐ Oregon White Oak	☑ Riparian	
☐ Westside Prairies		☐ Nearshore	
☐ Caves	☐ Cliffs	☐ Talus	
☐ Snags and Logs			
1	complete descriptions of WDFW priority ment of Fish and Wildlife. 2008. Priority	habitats, and the counties in which they	
	blications/00165/wdfw00165.pdf>, or a		
<a href="https://wdfw.wa.gov/species-habita">https://wdfw.wa.gov/species-habita</a>		seess the list from here.	
Site meets ANY of the following criter	a:	points = 2	
<ul> <li>It has 3 or more priority habitats</li> </ul>	s within 100 m (checked above)		
☐ It provides habitat for Threaten	ed or Endangered species (any plant or a	nimal on the state or federal lists)	
☐ It is mapped as a location for an	individual WDFW priority species		
☐ It is a Wetland of High Conserva	tion Value as determined by the Departr	nent of Natural Resources	
☐ It has been categorized as an im	portant habitat site in a local or regional	comprehensive plan,	
in a Shoreline Master Plan, or in	a watershed plan		
Site has 1 or 2 priority habitats within		points = 1	
Site does not meet any of the criteria	above	points = 0	

Rating of Value

If score is: 1 = M



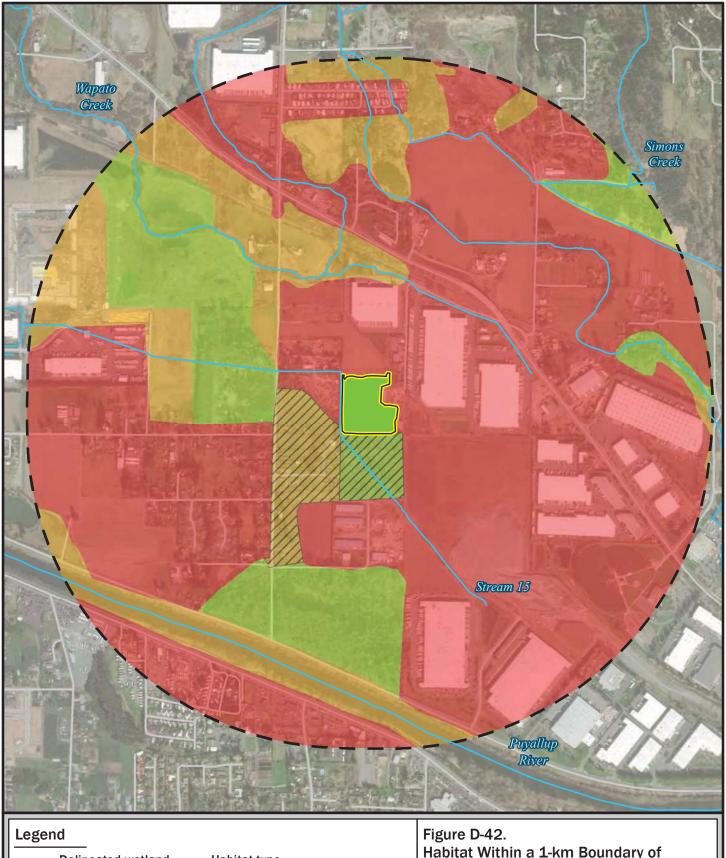


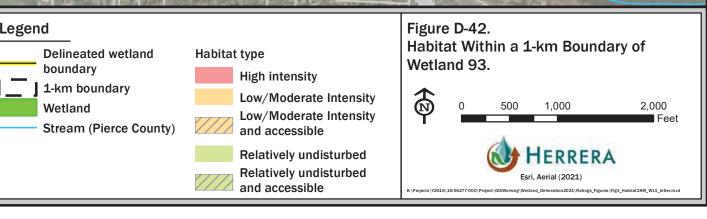






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# **RATING SUMMARY – Western Washington**

Name of wetland (or ID #):	SR 167 Completion Proje Wetland 146/148	ect – Date of site visit: 11/30/2022
Rated by J. Hearsey	Trained by Eco	logy? ⊠ Yes ☐ No Date of Training 2016
HGM Class used for rating	Depressional Depressional	Wetland has multiple HGM classes? ☐ Yes ☒ No
Additional HGM Classes (if	multiple):	
Source of base aeria	I photo/map ESRI Aerial,	2020

# **OVERALL WETLAND CATEGORY** III (based on functions ⊠ or special characteristics □)

# 1. Category of wetland based on FUNCTIONS

Category III – Total score = 16 – 19

FUNCTION	Improving Water Quality	Hydrologic	Habitat	
Enter the appropriate re	atings			
Site Potential	М	L	L	
Landscape Potential	Н	Н	L	
Value	Н	М	М	TOTAL
Score Based on Ratings	8	6	4	18

# 2. Category based on SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS of wetland

CHARACTERISTIC	CATEGORY
Estuarine	
Wetland of High Conservation Value	
Bog	
Mature Forest	
Old Growth Forest	
Coastal Lagoon	
Interdunal	
None of the above	Х

# Score for each function based on three ratings

(order of ratings is not important)

9 = H,H,H

8 = H,H,M

7 = H,H,L

7 = H,M,M

6 = H,M,L

6 = M,M,M

5 = H,L,L

5 = M,M,L

4 = M, L, L

3 = L,L,L

# Maps and figures required to answer questions correctly for Western Washington

# **Depressional Wetlands**

Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes	D 1.3, H 1.1, H 1.4	B-23
Hydroperiods	D 1.4, H 1.2	B-24
Flow directions and associated features	n/a	B-24a
Location of outlet (can be added to map of hydroperiods)	D 1.1, D 4.1	B-24
Boundary of area within 150 ft of the wetland (can be added to another figure)	D 2.2, D 5.2	B-24
Map of the contributing basin	D 4.3, D 5.3	B-25
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge—including	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	B-26
polygons for accessible habitat and undisturbed habitat		
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	D 3.1, D 3.2	B-5
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which unit is found (from web)	D 3.3	B-6

D	EPRESSIONAL AND FLATS	WETLANDS		
	ons – Indicators that the site fu		quality	
D 1.0. Does the site have the potential t	to improve water quality?	·		
D 1.1. Characteristics of surface water or	utflows from the wetland:			2
Wetland has an intermittently flow	wing stream or ditch   points = 2			
D 1.2. The soil 2 in below the surface (or	duff layer) is true clay or true organi	c (use NRCS definitions).	No = 0	0
D 1.3. Characteristics and distribution of	persistent plants (Emergent, Scrub-s	hrub, and/or Forested Coward	in classes):	5
Wetland has persistent, ungrazed	plants > 95% of area   points = 5			
D 1.4. Characteristics of seasonal pondin	ig or inundation:			0
This is the area that is ponded for at leas	st 2 months. See description in manuc	al.		
Area seasonally ponded is < 1/4 to	otal area of wetland   points = 0			
Total for D 1		Add the points in the boxes a	bove (F9 key)	7
Rating of Site Potential	If score is: 6–11 = M	Record the rating o	n the first page	
D 2.0. Does the landscape have the pote	ential to support the water quality for	unction of the site?		
D 2.1. Does the wetland unit receive stor	rmwater discharges?		Yes = 1	1
D 2.2. Is >10% of the area within 150 ft of	of the wetland in land uses that gener	rate pollutants?	Yes = 1	1
D 2.3. Are there septic systems within 25	0 ft of the wetland?		Yes = 1	1
D 2.4. Are there other sources of polluta	nts coming into the wetland that are	not listed in questions D 2.1-I	2.3?	0
Source:			No = 0	
Total for D 2		Add the points in the	e boxes above	3
Rating of Landscape Potential	If score is: 3 or 4 = H	Record the rating o	n the first page	
D 3.0. Is the water quality improvement	t provided by the site valuable to so	ciety?		
D 3.1. Does the wetland discharge direct	:ly (i.e., within 1 mi) to a stream, river	r, lake, or marine water that is	on the 303(d) list?	0
			No = 0	
D 3.2. Is the wetland in a basin or subbas	sin where an aquatic resource is on th	he 303(d) list?	Yes = 1	1
D 3.3. Has the site been identified in a w	atershed or local plan as important for	or maintaining water quality		2
(answer YES if there is a TMDL for	the basin in which the unit is found)?		Yes = 2	

**Rating of Value** If score is: 2-4 = H Record the rating on the first page

COMMENTS: D 2.2: The wetland is adjacent to industrial truck yard with road asphalt and concrete disposal, derelict equipment, and demolition material. D 2.3: Pierce County GIS data indicates homes are outside of sewer service areas. D 3.1: The wetland outlets to Stream 15 which flows for approximately 1.5 miles to Oxbow Lake and eventually the Puyallup River downstream of mapped 303(d). D 3.2 and D 3.3. The wetland is in the Puyallup River basin (HUC 12), which contains 303(d) listed waters and has TMDLs in place.

Hydrologic Functions – Indicators that the site functions to reduce flooding and stream degradation	
D 4.0. Does the site have the potential to reduce flooding and erosion?	
D 4.1. <u>Characteristics of surface water outflows from the wetland</u> :	2
Wetland has an intermittently flowing stream or ditch   points = 2	
D 4.2. Depth of storage during wet periods: Estimate the height of ponding above the bottom of the outlet. For wetlands with	0
no outlet, measure from the surface of permanent water or if dry, the deepest part.	
Marks of ponding less than 0.5 ft (6 in)   points = 0	
D 4.3. Contribution of the wetland to storage in the watershed: Estimate the ratio of the area of upstream basin contributing	3
surface water to the wetland to the area of the wetland unit itself.	
The area of the basin is 10 to 100 times the area of the unit   points = 3	
Total for D 4 Add the points in the boxes above	5

**Rating of Site Potential** 

Total for D 3

If score is: 0-5 = L

Record the rating on the first page

Add the points in the boxes above

D 5.0. Does the landscape have the p	otential to support hydrologic func	tions of the site?		
D 5.1. Does the wetland receive storn	nwater discharges?		Yes = 1	1
D 5.2. Is >10% of the area within 150	ft of the wetland in land uses that ge	enerate excess runoff?	Yes = 1	1
D 5.3. Is more than 25% of the contrib	outing basin of the wetland covered	with intensive human land uses (	(residential at	1
>1 residence/ac, urban, comme	rcial, agriculture, etc.)?		Yes = 1	
Total for D 5		Add the points in th	ne boxes above	3
Rating of Landscape Potential	If score is: 3 = H	Record the rating (	on the first page	
D 6.0. Are the hydrologic functions p	rovided by the site valuable to soci	ety?		
The wetland captures surface we human or natural resources (e., Surface flooding problems are in the existing or potential outflows to red by the wetland cannot recombined in the explanation for 0 points (if required).	at add points. Choose the highest sco vater that would otherwise flow dow g., houses or salmon redds): In a subbasin farther down-gradient which we we than disso constrained each areas that flood. Explain why.   above): designed for infiltration with	ore if more than one condition is revn-gradient into areas where flood points = 1  by human or natural conditions points = 0  h no inlet or outlets	<u>met.</u> Inding has damaged to the second sec	1
D 6.2. Has the site been identified as	mportant for flood storage or flood	conveyance in a regional flood co	ontrol plan? No = 0	0
Total for D 6		Add the points in th	ne boxes above	1
Rating of Value	If score is: 1 = M	Record the rating (	on the first page	
COMMENTS:				

These questions apply to wetlands of all HGN HABITAT FUNCTIONS – Indicators that site functions to pro		
H 1.0. Does the site have the potential to provide habitat?	·	
H 1.1. Structure of plant community: Indicators are Cowardin classes and strata within the Forested class. Check the Cowardin plant classes in the wetland. Up to 10 patches may be combined for each class to meet the threshold of 1/4 ac or more than 10% of the unit if it is smaller than 2.5 ac. Add the number of structure checked.  □ Aquatic bed ☑ Emergent ☑ Scrub-shrub (areas where shrubs have >30% cover) □ Forested (areas where trees have >30% cover) If the unit has a Forested class, check if: □ The Forested class has 3 out of 5 strata (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbaceous, moss/ground-cover) that each cover 20% within the Forested polygon	2 structures   points = 1	1

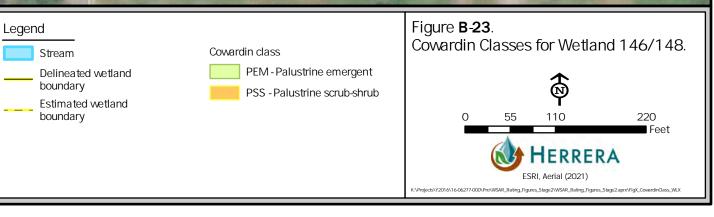
	pes present   points = 1
Check the types of water regimes (hydroperiods) present within the wetland. The	
water regime has to cover more than 10% of the wetland or 1/4 ac to count (see text for descriptions of hydroperiods).	
☐ Permanently flooded or inundated	
☐ Seasonally flooded or inundated	
☐ Occasionally flooded or inundated	
Permanently flowing stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland	
Seasonally flowing stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland	
☐ Lake Fringe wetland 2 poi	ints
☐ Freshwater tidal wetland 2 poi	ints
H 1.3. Richness of plant species	1
Count the number of plant species in the wetland that cover at least 10 ft <sup>2</sup> .	
Different patches of the same species can be combined to meet the size threshold and yo	
species. <b>Do not include Eurasian milfoil, reed canarygrass, purple loosestrife, Canadian</b> If you counted:	thistle.
5–19 species   points = 1	
H 1.4. Interspersion of habitats	1
Decide from the diagrams below whether interspersion among Cowardin plants classes (	
classes and unvegetated areas (can include open water or mudflats) is high, moderate, lo	*
more plant classes or three classes and open water, the rating is always high.	Low   points = 1
None = 0 points	ts •
All three diagrams in this row are	
All tillee diagrams in this low are	
HIGH = 3 points	
H 1.5. Special habitat features:	0
HIGH = 3 points  H 1.5. Special habitat features:  Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the number of c	
H1.5. Special habitat features:  Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the numbe	
H1.5. Special habitat features:  Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the numbe	number of points.
H1.5. Special habitat features:  Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the numbe	number of points.
H1.5. Special habitat features:  Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the numbe	number of points.  ads at least 3.3 ft (1 m) over a
H1.5. Special habitat features:  Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the numbe	number of points.  Inds at least 3.3 ft (1 m) over a lining (>30 degree slope) OR
H1.5. Special habitat features:  Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the numbe	number of points.  Inds at least 3.3 ft (1 m) over a  Ining (>30 degree slope) OR  Ithered where wood is exposed)
H1.5. Special habitat features:  Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the numbe	number of points.  Inds at least 3.3 ft (1 m) over a  Ining (>30 degree slope) OR  Ithered where wood is exposed)
H1.5. Special habitat features:  Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the numbe	number of points.  Inds at least 3.3 ft (1 m) over a solution of the solution
H1.5. Special habitat features:  Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the numbe	number of points.  Inds at least 3.3 ft (1 m) over a series of strata series of points.  Inds at least 3.3 ft (1 m) over a series of series of series of strata series of strata series of strata series of strata series of series of strata series of series of strata series of series of series of strata series of seri
HIGH = 3 points  H 1.5. Special habitat features:  Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the number of c	number of points.  Inds at least 3.3 ft (1 m) over a series of strata series of points.  Inds at least 3.3 ft (1 m) over a series of strata series of series of strata series of series of strata series of
HIGH = 3 points  H 1.5. Special habitat features:  Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the number of c	number of points.  Inds at least 3.3 ft (1 m) over a see H 1.1 for list of strata seponed in the boxes above
HIGH = 3 points  H 1.5. Special habitat features:  Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the number of c	number of points.  Inds at least 3.3 ft (1 m) over a see H 1.1 for list of strata seponed in the boxes above
HIGH = 3 points  H 1.5. Special habitat features:  Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the number of c	number of points.  Inds at least 3.3 ft (1 m) over a see H 1.1 for list of strata)  The points in the boxes above service the rating on the first page of the points in the first page of the points in the service that the rating on the first page of the points in the service that the points in the service that the rating on the first page of the points in the service that
HIGH = 3 points  H 1.5. Special habitat features: Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the number of ch	number of points.  Inds at least 3.3 ft (1 m) over a see H 1.1 for list of strata)  The points in the boxes above service the rating on the first page of the points in the first page of the points in the service that the rating on the first page of the points in the service that the points in the service that the rating on the first page of the points in the service that
HIGH = 3 points  H 1.5. Special habitat features: Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the number of ch	number of points.  Inds at least 3.3 ft (1 m) over a lining (>30 degree slope) OR thered where wood is exposed) lineareas that are permanently or linear ee H 1.1 for list of strata) linear ee points in the boxes above linear exposed in the rating on the first page   0   0   0.3 = 0.0%
HIGH = 3 points  H 1.5. Special habitat features: Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the relation of the common check is the relation of the the relation	number of points.  Inds at least 3.3 ft (1 m) over a lining (>30 degree slope) OR thered where wood is exposed) lineareas that are permanently or linear ee H 1.1 for list of strata) linear ee points in the boxes above linear exposed in the rating on the first page   0   0   0.3 = 0.0%
HIGH = 3 points  H 1.5. Special habitat features: Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the relation of the common check is the relation of the the relation	number of points.  Inds at least 3.3 ft (1 m) over a lining (>30 degree slope) OR thered where wood is exposed) areas that are permanently or lee H 1.1 for list of strata) lee points in the boxes above left the rating on the first page  [2] 0.3 = 0.0%  [2] 0.3 = 0.0%
H1.5. Special habitat features:  Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the reserve to the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the reserve to the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the reserve to the habitat features that are present in the wetland (>4 in diameter and 6 ft long).  Standing snags (dbh >4 in) within the wetland  Undercut banks are present for at least 6.6 ft (2 m) and/or overhanging plants extensive stream (or ditch) in, or contiguous with the wetland, for at least 33 ft (10 m)  Stable steep banks of fine material that might be used by beaver or muskrat for dentification of recent beaver activity are present (cut shrubs or trees that have not yet wear as a seasonally inundated (structures for egg-laying by amphibians)  Invasive plants cover less than 25% of the wetland area in every stratum of plants (so the lands for H 1 and the strain of Site Potential area in every stratum of plants (so the strain of Site Potential area in every stratum of plants (so the strain of Site Potential area in every stratum of plants (so the strain of Site Potential area in every stratum of plants (so the strain of Site Potential area in every stratum of plants (so the strain of Site Potential area in every stratum of plants (so the strain of Site Potential area in every stratum of plants (so the strain of Site Potential area in every stratum of plants (so the strain of Site Potential area in every stratum of plants (so the strain of Site Potential of Site Potential area in every stratum of plants (so the strain of Site Potential of Site Potent	number of points.  Inds at least 3.3 ft (1 m) over a lining (>30 degree slope) OR thered where wood is exposed) lineareas that are permanently or linear ee H 1.1 for list of strata) linear ee points in the boxes above linear exposed in the rating on the first page   0   0   0.3 = 0.0%

**Rating of Value** 

Total for H 2		Add the points in the boxes above	-1			
Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: < 1 = L Record the rating on the first page						
H 3.0. Is the habitat provided by the site valuable to society?						
H 3.1. Does the site provide habitat for speci applies to the wetland being rated.	es valued in laws, regulations, or policies	? Choose only the highest score that	1			
WDFW Priority Habitats within 100 m:		1				
☐ Aspen Stands	$\square$ Biodiversity Areas and Corridors	☐ Herbaceous Balds				
☐ Old Growth/Mature Forests	☐ Oregon White Oak	☑ Riparian				
☐ Westside Prairies		☐ Nearshore				
☐ Caves	☐ Cliffs	☐ Talus				
$\square$ Snags and Logs		1				
( <u>Priority habitats listed by WDFW</u> : For complete descriptions of WDFW priority habitats, and the counties in which they can be found, see: Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife. 2008. Priority Habitat and Species List. Olympia, Washington, < <a href="https://wdfw.wa.gov/publications/00165/wdfw00165.pdf">https://wdfw.wa.gov/publications/00165/wdfw00165.pdf</a> , or access the list from here: <a href="https://wdfw.wa.gov/species-habitats/at-risk/phs/list">https://wdfw.wa.gov/species-habitats/at-risk/phs/list</a> .)						
Site meets ANY of the following criteria:						
☐ It has 3 or more priority habitats within 100 m (checked above)						
☐ It provides habitat for Threatened or Endangered species (any plant or animal on the state or federal lists)						
☐ It is mapped as a location for an individual WDFW priority species						
☐ It is a Wetland of High Conservation Value as determined by the Department of Natural Resources						
☐ It has been categorized as an important habitat site in a local or regional comprehensive plan, in a Shoreline Master Plan, or in a watershed plan						
Site has 1 or 2 priority habitats within 100 m (checked above) points = 1						
Site does not meet any of the criteria above points = 0						

If score is: 1 = M







# Stream (Pierce County 2021) Delineated wetland boundary Estimated wetland boundary Delineated OHWM Estimated OHWM Estimated OHWM Estimated OHWM Stream Outlet Hydroperiod Saturated only

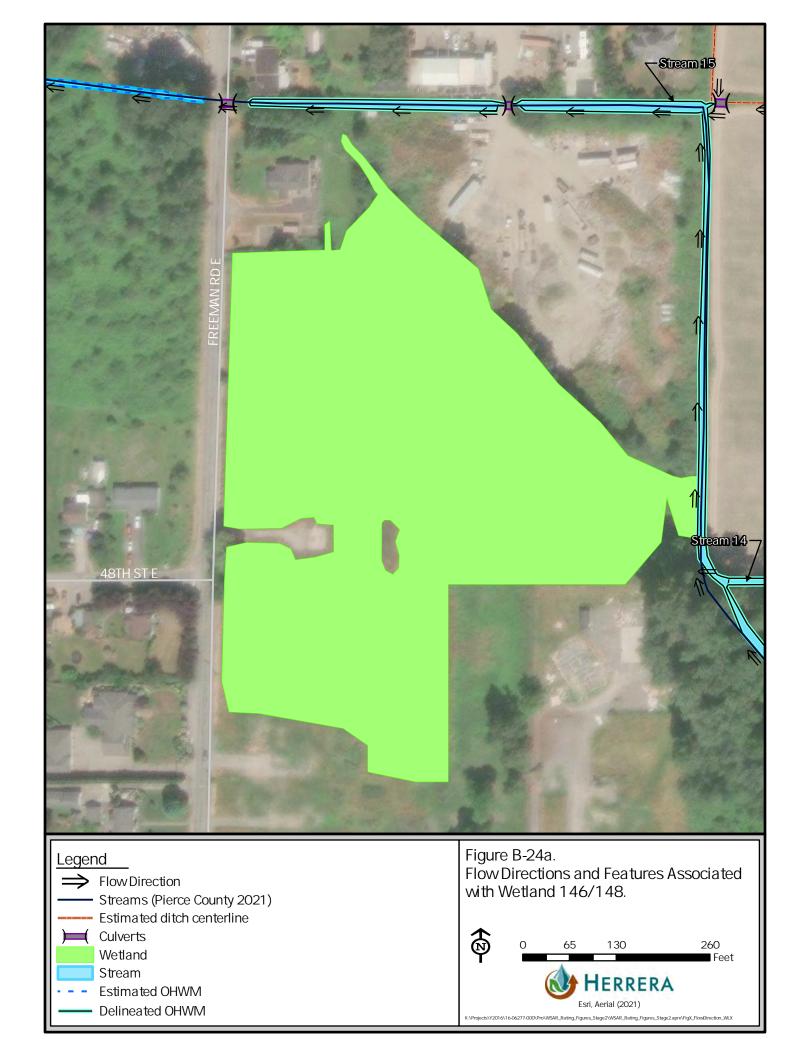


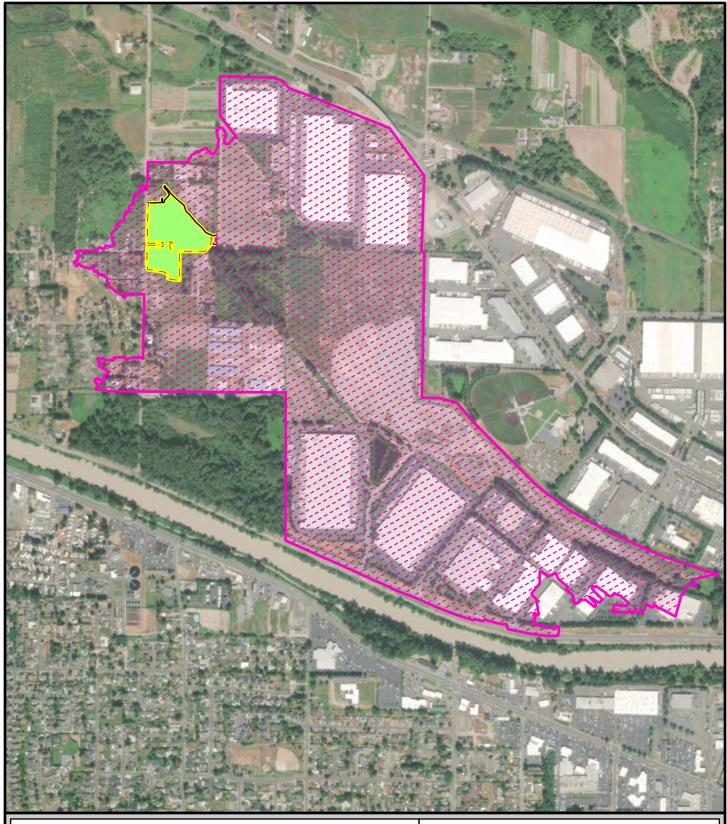
O 75 150 300 Feet

HERRERA

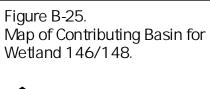
Esri, Aerial (2021)

KAProjects\/2016\16-06277-000APro\WSAR\_Rating\_Figures\_Stage2\WSAR\_Rating\_Figures\_Stage2\wSAR\_Figures\_Stage2\wSAR\_Figures\_Figures\_Stage2\wSAR\_Figures\_Figures\_Figures\_Figures\_Figures\_Figures

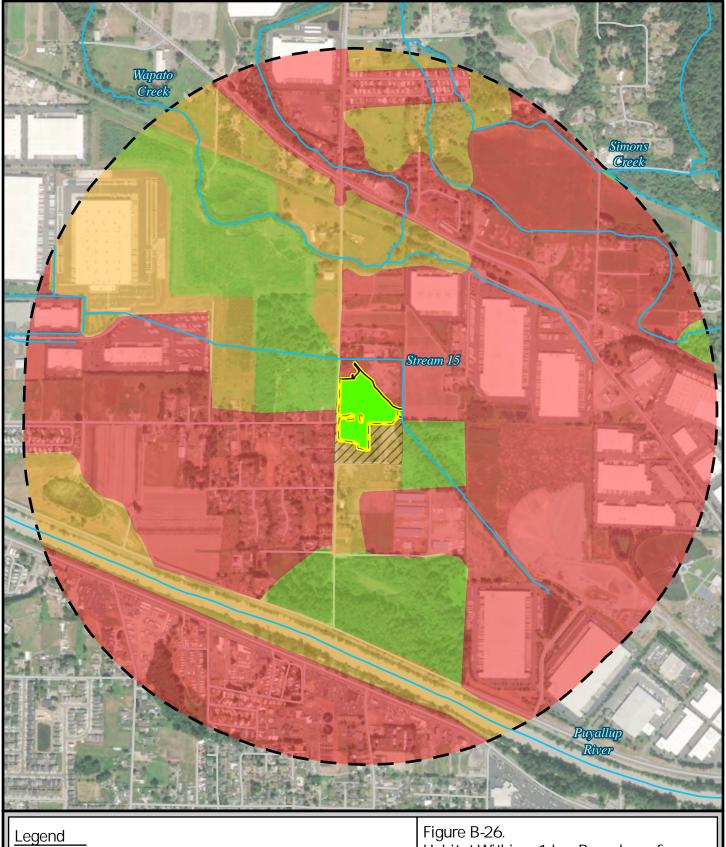


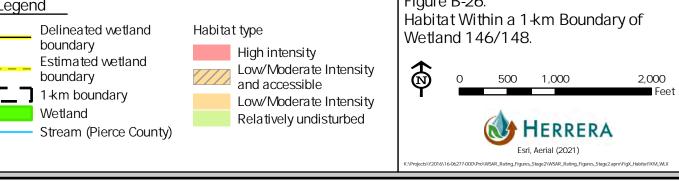




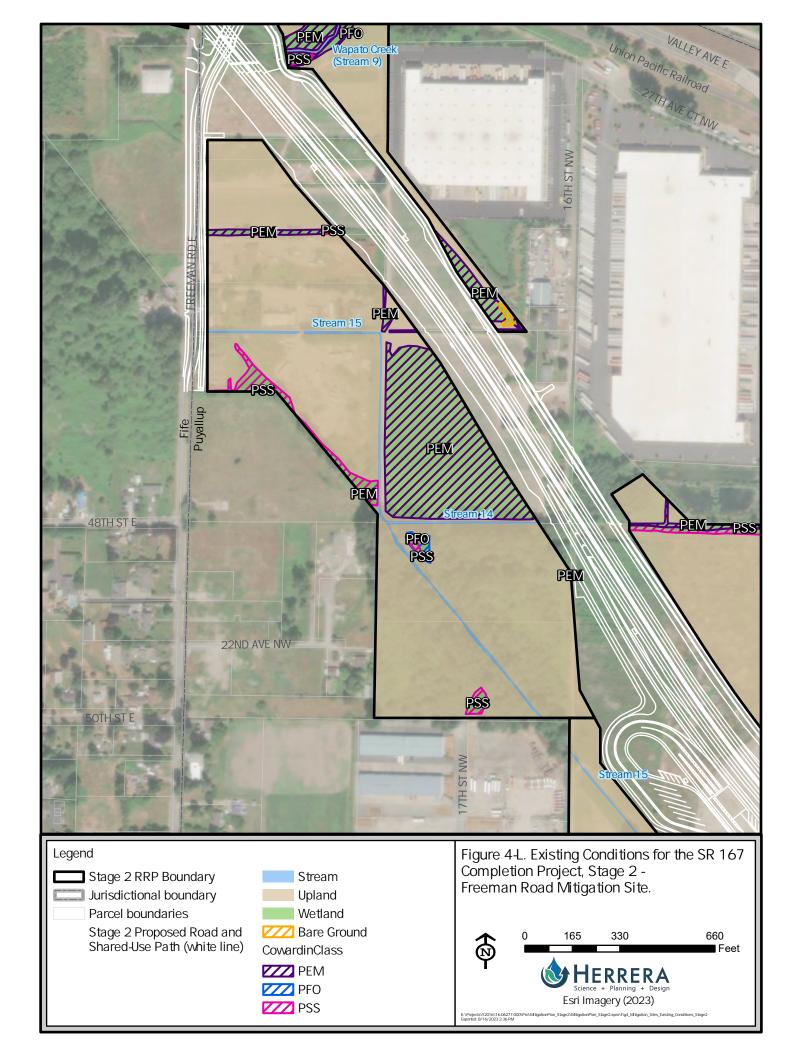






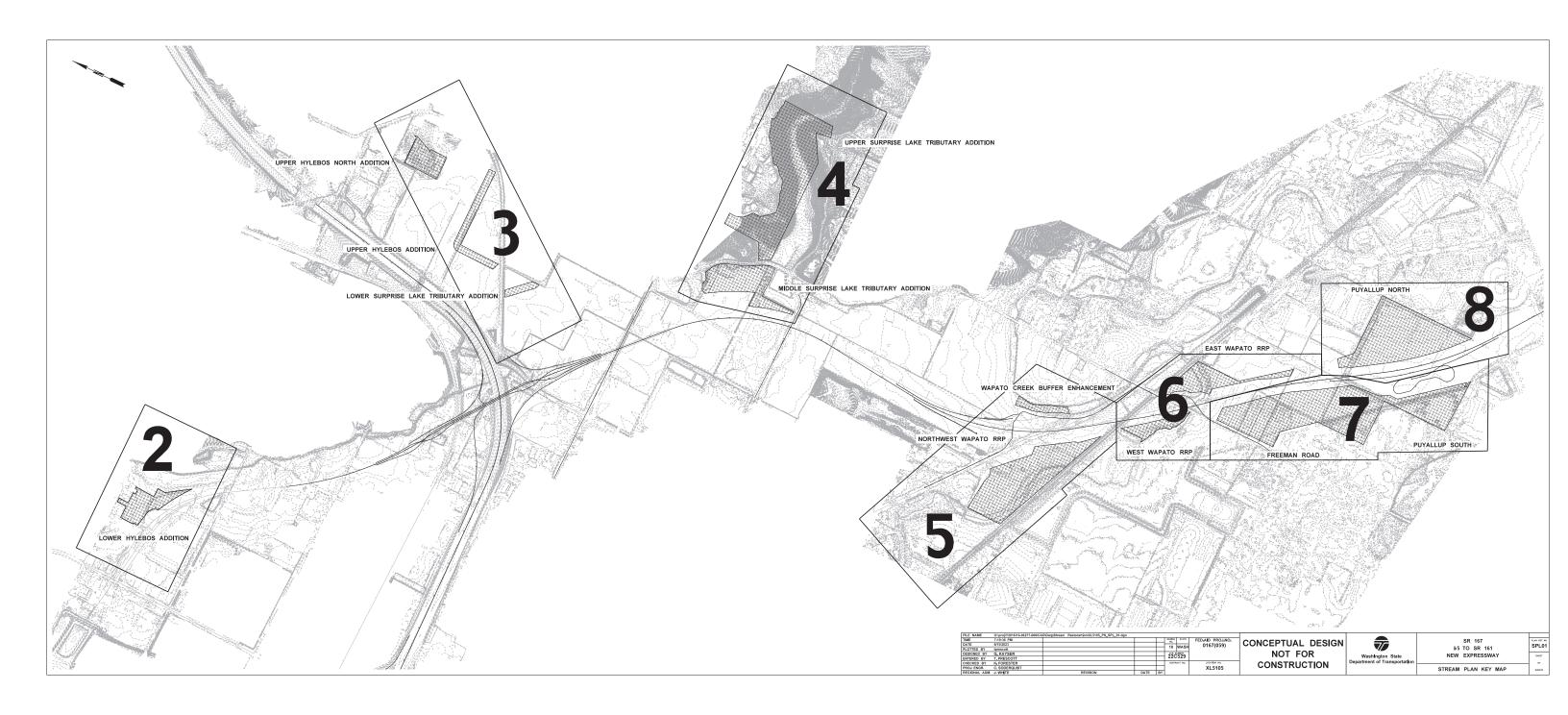


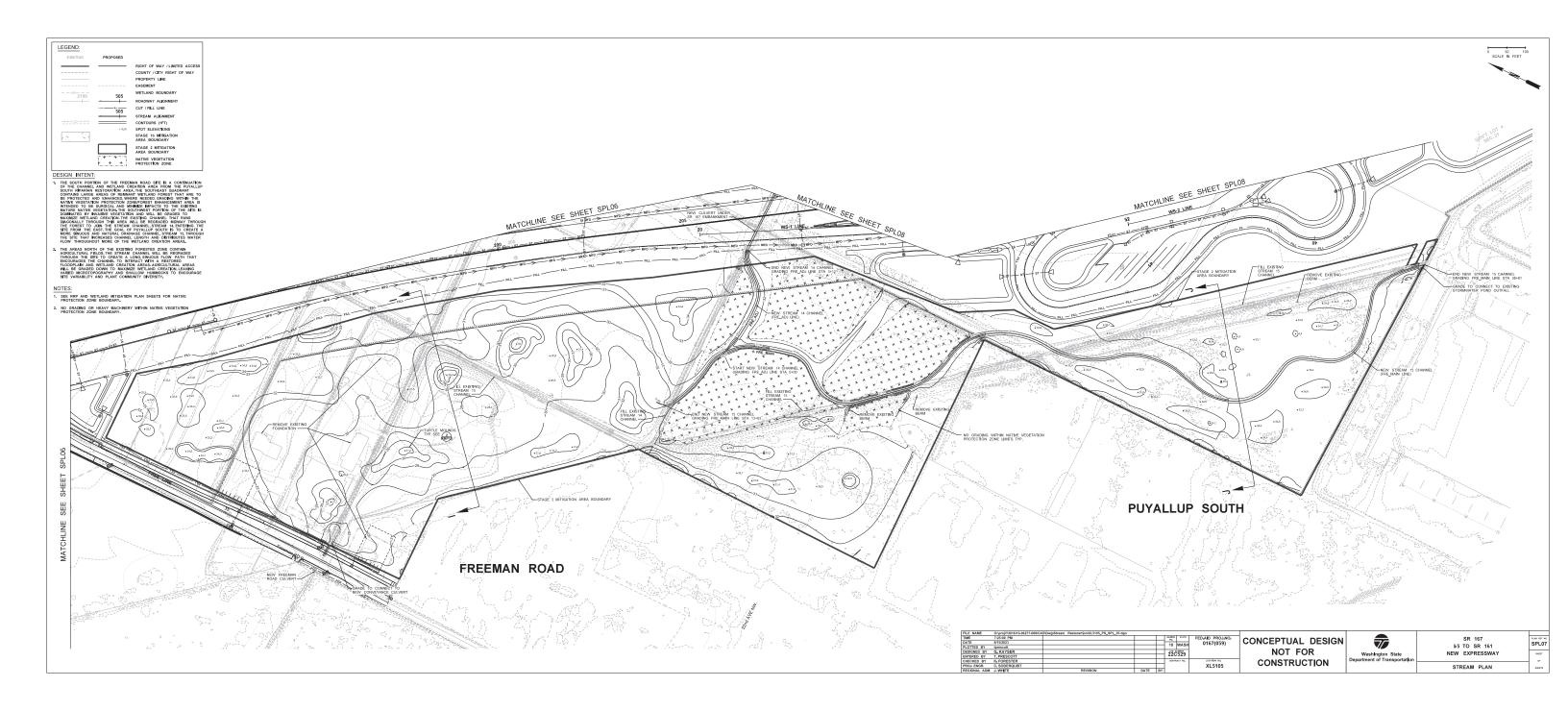
# Appendix D WSDOT State Route 167 Completion Project Mitigation Excerpts

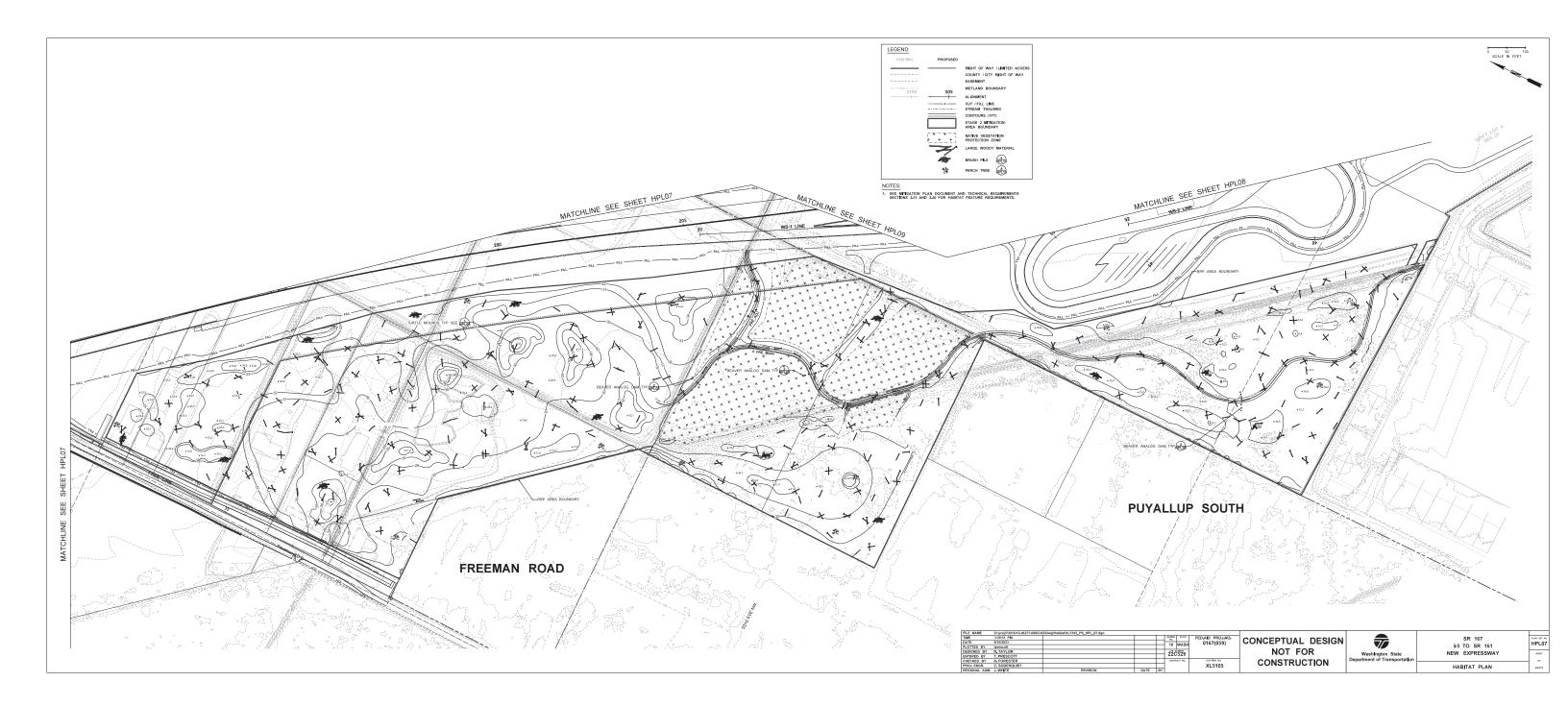














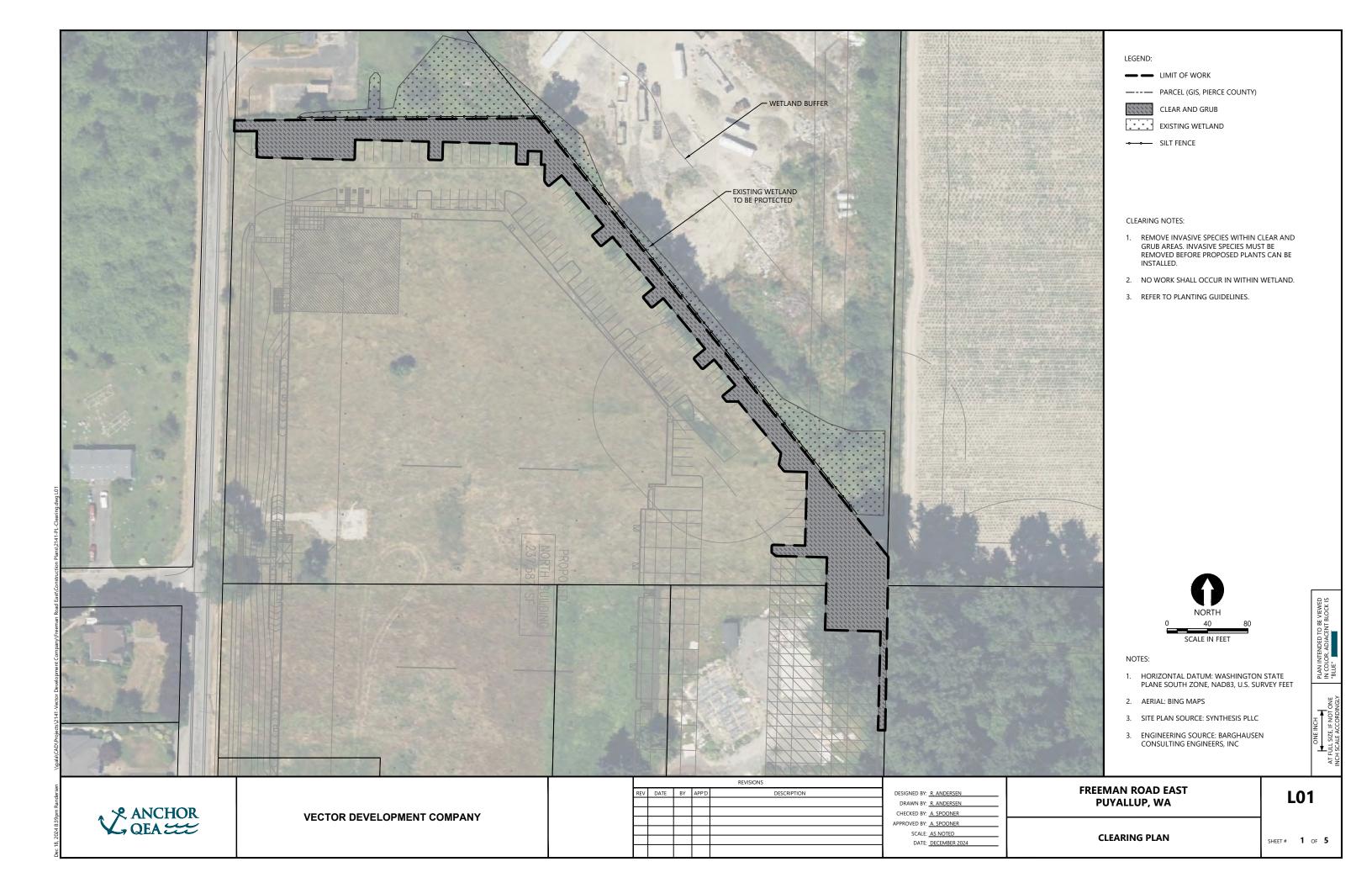


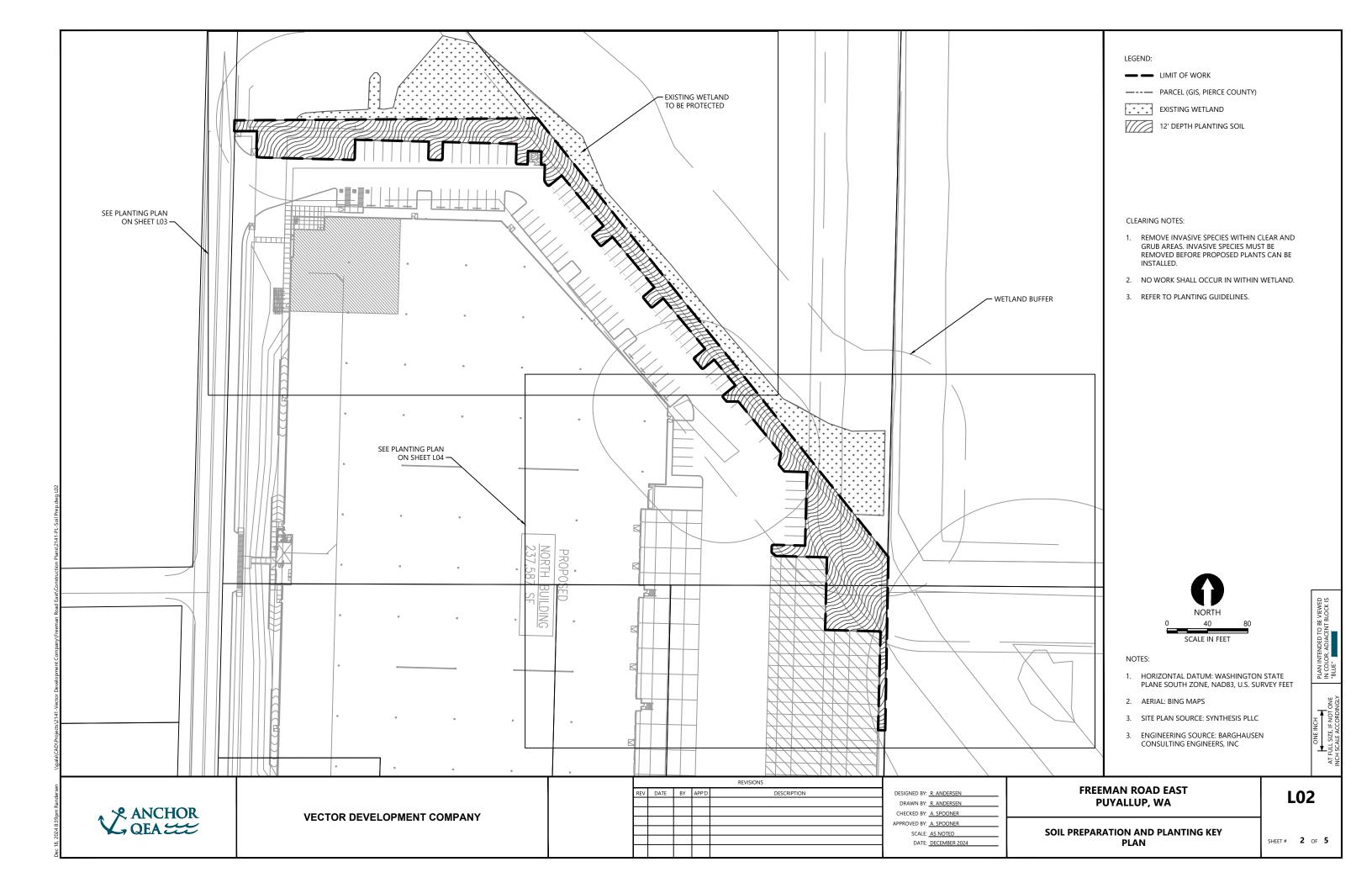
Midimation Oita				67 RRP Wetland and Stream Mitigation – Freeman Road.		
Mitigation Site	Goal	Objective	Monitoring Year	Performance Standards		
Road	14.1. Restore stream channel	14.1.1 Restore a minimum of 1,292 linear feet of stream channel	Year 10	Combined length of stream channels (as measured in the thalweg) will meet or exceed 1,292 linear feet.		
	14.2. Re-establish, rehabilitate, and enhance wetland	14.2.1 Re-establish and rehabilitate a minimum of 15.00 acres of wetland within the CGA	Years 5 and 10	The wetland area at the mitigation site will be delineated using current methods to ensure that the mitigation site contains the anticipated acreage.		
		11.27 acres wetland re- establishment				
		<ul><li> 3.61 acres wetland rehabilitation</li><li> 0.12 acre wetland enhancement</li></ul>				
		14.2.2 Establish wetland hydrology within re-established wetlands	Years 1, 3, 5, 7, 10	The soils in the wetlands will be saturated to the surface, or standing water will be present within 12 inches of the surface for at least 30 consecutive days during the growing season in years when rainfall meets or exceeds the 30-year average.		
	14.3. Improve water quality, hydrologic, and habitat functions in	14.3.1 Establish native woody vegetation in wetland	Year 1	Stem density in planted scrub shrub and forested areas will meet or exceed 1,600 stems per acre. Planting density should exceed this metric to account for die-off.		
	re-established, rehabilitated, and		Year 3	Cover of native saplings, trees, and shrubs in planted forested and scrub-shrub wetland will be at least 20 percent.		
	enhanced wetlands		Year 5	Cover of native woody vegetation in planted forested and scrub-shrub wetland will be at least 35 percent.		
			Year 7	Cover of native woody vegetation in planted forested and scrub-shrub wetland will be at least 50 percent.		
			Year 10	Cover of native woody vegetation in planted forested and scrub-shrub wetland will be at least 75 percent.		
			Year 10	A minimum of 10 species of native shrubs and trees will be present in the wetland by the end of the monitoring period.		
		14.3.2 Control invasive species	All years	Washington State-listed or county-listed Class A weeds, Japanese knotweed, and purple loosestrife observed in any area of the mitigation site must be eradicated. All occurrences shall be immediately reported to the site manager and an eradication program will be initiated within 30 days of the report.		
			Years 1 through 9	Non-designated Class B and Class C noxious weeds including reed canarygrass will not exceed 20 percent cover.		
			Year 10	Non-designated Class B and Class C noxious weeds excluding reed canarygrass will not exceed 20 percent cover. Reed canarygrass will only exist as an understory component that does not outcompete native woody vegetation.		
		14.3.3 Install fish and wildlife habitat	Year 0	Install a minimum of:		
		structures		8 perch trees		
				10 brush piles		
				• 5 nest boxes		
				2 bat boxes on an existing mature tree		
	14.4. Improve habitat functions in upland enhancement areas	14.4.1 Control invasive species	All years	Washington State-listed or county-listed Class A weeds, Japanese knotweed, and purple loosestrife observed in any area of the mitigation site must be eradicated. All occurrences shall be immediately reported to the site manager and an eradication program will be initiated within 30 days of the report.		
			Years 1 through 9	Non-designated Class B and Class C noxious weeds including reed canarygrass will not exceed 20 percent cover.		
			Year 10	Non-designated Class B and Class C noxious weeds excluding reed canarygrass will not exceed 20 percent cover. Reed canarygrass will only exist as an understory component that does not outcompete native woody vegetation.		

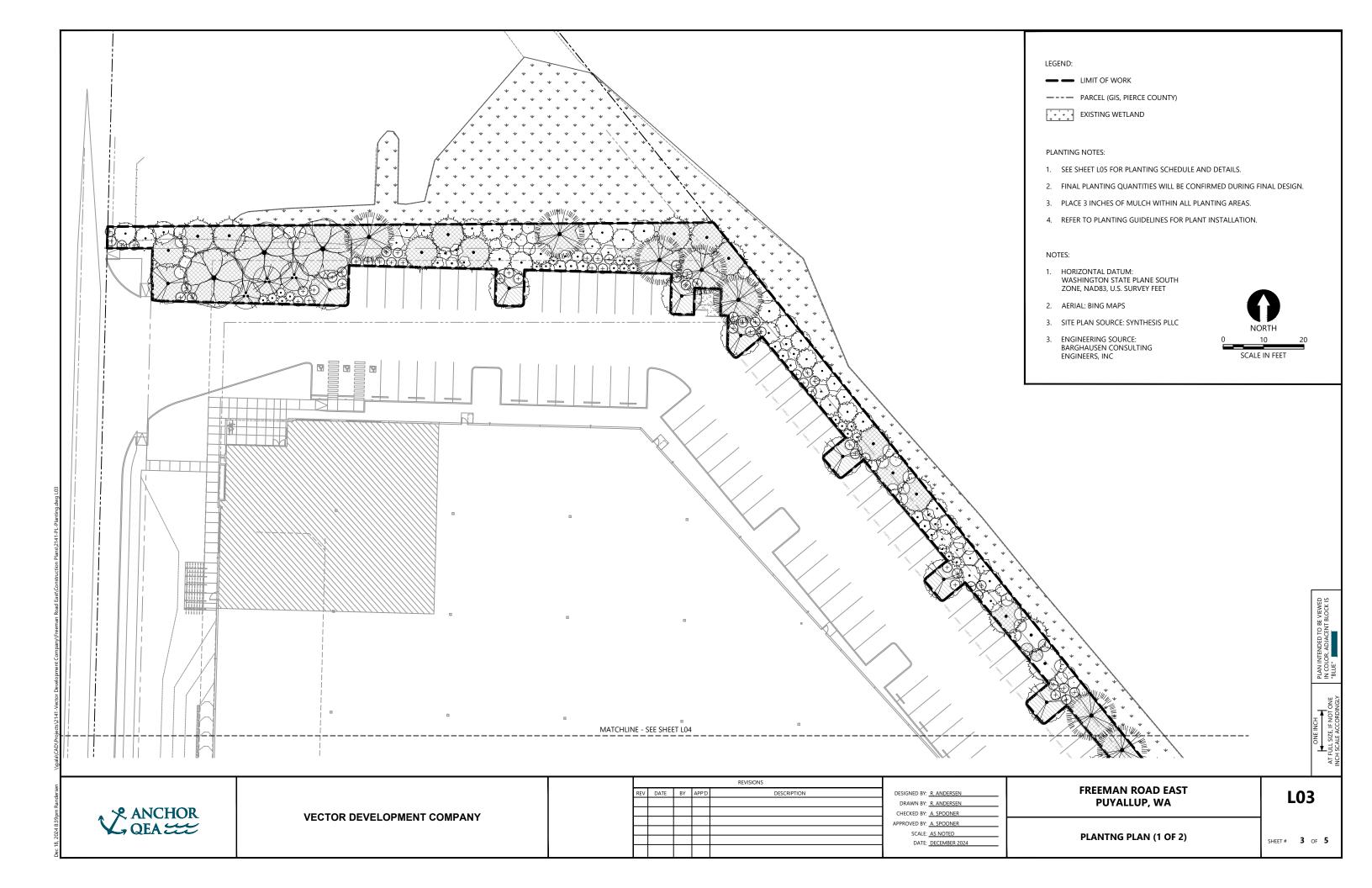


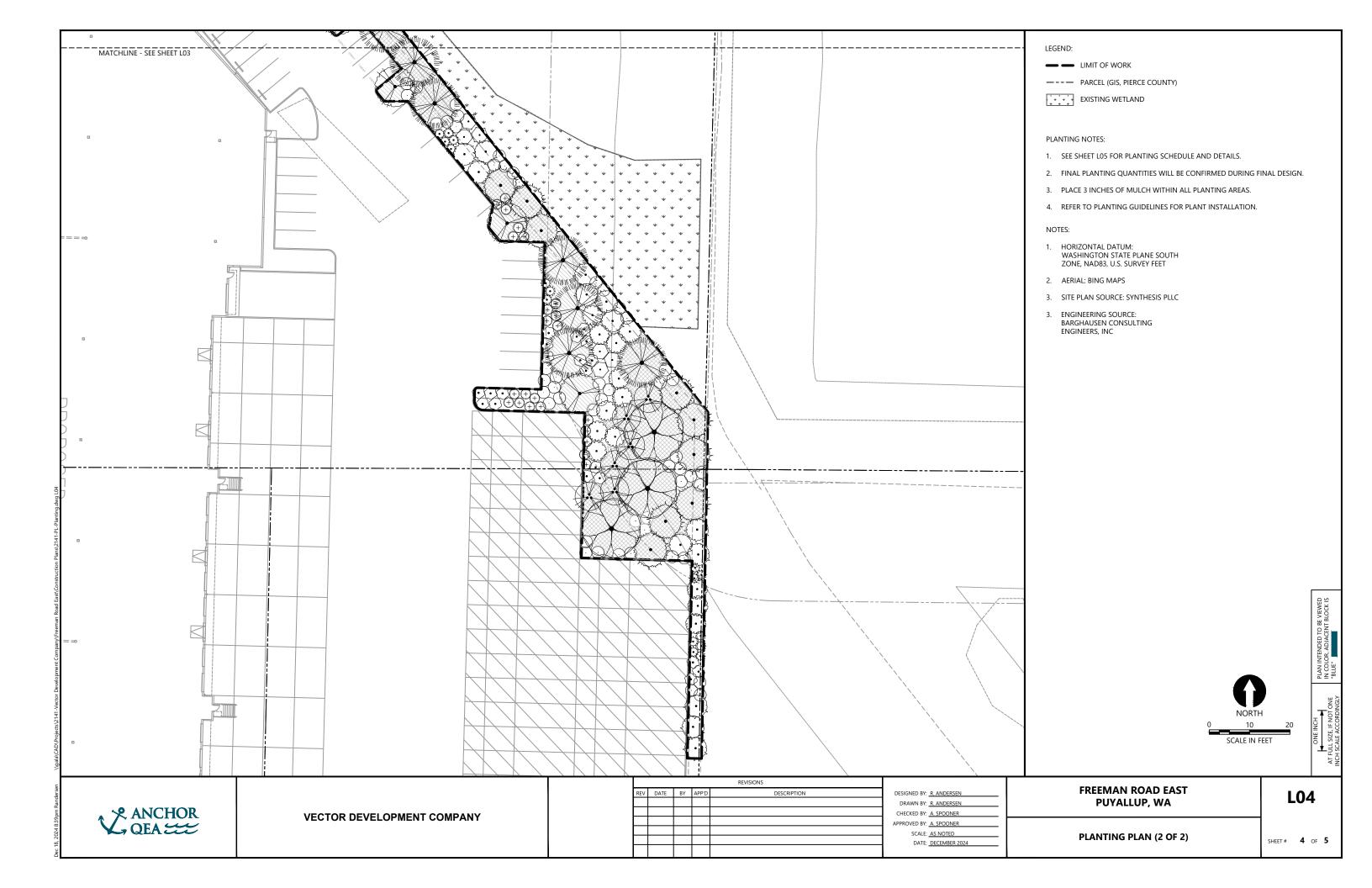
Table 56g. Objectives and Performance Standards for the SR 167 RRP Wetland and Stream Mitigation – Freeman Road.					
Mitigation Site	Goal	Objective	Monitoring Year	Performance Standards	
`	14.4 (continued) Improve habitat functions in upland areas	14.4.2 Enhance native understory vegetation	Year 0	The contractor will provide GPS locations of any underplanted areas.	
			Year 1	Planted vegetation will achieve 100 percent survival 1 year after the site is planted. If all dead woody planting replaced, the performance measure will be met.	
			Years 2 and 3	Planted vegetation will exhibit 80 percent survival within 2 to 3 years after installation.	
		14.4.3 Establish native trees and shrubs in upland	Year 1	Stem density in planted scrub shrub and forested areas will meet or exceed 1,600 stems per acre. Planting density should exceed this metric to account for die off.	
			Year 3	Cover of native saplings, trees, and shrubs in planted forested and scrub-shrub wetland will be at least 20 percent.	
			Year 5	Cover of native woody vegetation in planted forested and scrub-shrub wetland will be at least 35 percent.	
			Year 7	Cover of native woody vegetation in planted forested and scrub-shrub wetland will be at least 50 percent.	
			Year 10	Cover of native woody vegetation in planted forested and scrub-shrub wetland will be at least 75 percent.	
			Year 10	A minimum of 10 species of native shrubs and trees will be present in the wetland by the end of the monitoring period.	

# Appendix E On-Site Mitigation Design Plans



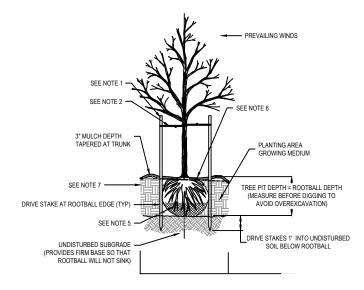






## **PLANTING SCHEDULE**

SYMBOL	BOTANICAL / COMMON NAME	SIZE	SPACING	QTY	<u>DETAIL</u>
TREES	Acer circinatum / Vine Maple	1 gal.	As shown	9	1 L05
	Cornus nuttallii / Pacific Dogwood	5 gal.	As shown	6	1 L05
	Pinus contorta / Shore Pine	2 gal	As shown	12	2 L05
- Andrew Company	Pseudotsuga menziesii / Douglas Fir	2 gal	As shown	24	2 L05
	Rhamnus purshiana / Cascara	2 gal	As shown	11	1 L05
SHRUBS	Arctostaphylos columbiana / Hairy Manzanita	1 gal.	4' o.c.	37	
Ä	Cornus sericea / Red Twig Dogwood	1 gal.	5' o.c.	40	
( · ·	Corylus cornuta / Western Hazelnut	1 gal.	8' o.c.	24	
<b>(·)</b>	Myrica californica / Pacific Wax Myrtle	1 gal.	10' o.c.	29	3 L05
$\widecheck{+}$	Rosa woodsii / Mountain Rose	1 gal.	4' o.c.	35	_
$\langle \bar{\cdot} \rangle$	Sorbus sitchensis / Western Mountain Ash	1 gal.	6' o.c.	18	
$\widecheck{\bigcirc}$	Symphoricarpos albus / Common White Snowberry	1 gal.	5' o.c.	95	
GROUND COVERS	Arctostaphylos uva-ursi / Kinnikinnick Mahonia nervosa / Oregon Grape	4" 4"	36" o.c.	284 1,280	4 L05



### NOTES:

- STAKE TREES WITH (2) 2" DIAMETER (8' LENGTH) LODGEPOLE PINE OR DOUGLAS FIR STAKES.
  CHAINLOCK TREE TIE. LOOP EACH TIE AROUND TREE LOOSELY TO PROVIDE 1" SLACK FOR DIAMETER GROWTH.
  ONE STAKE PER TREE ON WINDWARD SIDE.

- ONE 3 FARE PER TIRE ON WINDWARD SIDE.

  SECOND STAKE ON LEEWARD SIDE.

  REMOVE ALL WIRE AND STRING. REMOVE TOP 2/3 OF BURLAP.

  SHAPE SOIL TO PROVIDE 3' DIAMETER OR ROOTBALL DIAMETER, WHICHEVER IS GREATER, WATERING RING.

  ROUGHEN SIDES OF PLANTING HOLE MAXIMIZE EXCAVATED AREA WITHOUT UNDERMINING ADJACENT IMPROVEMENTS.

  MULCH AREA TO BE CLEAR OF GRASS, WEEDS, ETC. TO REDUCE COMPETITION WITH TREE ROOTS.





PREVAILING WINDS -

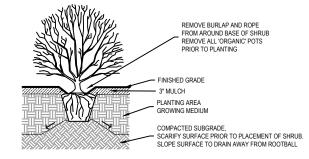
MIN 3" OF MULCH

3" MULCH WATER RING

PLASTIC LOCK-TIE OR RUBBER HOSE

REMOVE BURLAP, WIRE & STRING

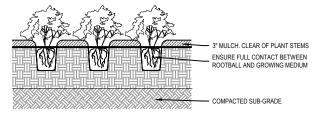
TREE TIE. SET LOOSE TO ALLOW FOR DIAMETER GROWTH 2" x 8' LENGTH LODGEPOLE PINE TREE STAKE



### NOTES:

- SHRUB TO BE PLANTED WITH ELEVATION OF TOP OF ROOTBALL OR POT LEVEL WITH FINISH GRADE OF GROWING MEDIUM.
   COMPOSTED BARK MULCH AT TO BE KEPT AT LEAST 50mm AWAY FROM STEMS OF SHRUB.
   PLANTING PIT MUST BE FREE DRAINING

3 SHRUB PLANTING



### NOTES:

- PLANT TO BE PLANTED WITH TOP OF ROOTBALL LEVEL WITH FINISH GRADE.
- PLANT TO BE LAPET AT LEAST 2" AND Y FROM STEMS.
   MULCH TO BE KEPT AT LEAST 2" AND Y FROM STEMS.
   PRUNE ANY BROKEN OR DAMAGED BRANCHES AND DOUBLE LEADERS USING APPROVED PRUNING TOOLS AND STANDARD I.S.A. PRUNING PRACTICES, SEE SPECIFICATIONS.
   A REPRESENTATIVE AREA OF EACH PLANT SPECIES IS TO BE LAID OUT AND APPROVED BY CONTRACT ADMINSTRATOR PRIOR TO PLANTING.

4 GROUNDCOVER PLANTING

**VECTOR DEVELOPMENT COMPANY** 

DESIGNED BY: R. ANDERSEN DRAWN BY: R. ANDERSEN CHECKED BY: A. SPOONER APPROVED BY: A. SPOONER SCALE: AS NOTED

DATE: DECEMBER 2024

**PLANTING SCHEDULE AND DETAILS** 

L05

PLANTING AREA GROWING MEDIUM

SET ROOT CROWN AT OR 1" ABOVE

**FREEMAN ROAD EAST** 

**PUYALLUP, WA** 

SHEET # 4 OF 5